Importing the Dependencies

import numpy as np

import pandas as pd

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

from sklearn import svm

from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

Data Collection and Analysis

PIMA Diabetes Dataset

loading the diabetes dataset to a pandas DataFrame
diabetes_dataset = pd.read_csv('/content/diabetes.csv')

pd.read_csv?

number of rows and Columns in this dataset
diabetes_dataset.shape

→ (768, 9)

 $\# \circ getting \circ the \circ statistical \circ measures \circ of \circ the \circ data diabetes_dataset.describe()$

_										
$\overline{\Rightarrow}$		Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	${\tt DiabetesPedigreeFunction}$	Age	Outcome
	count	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000
	mean	3.845052	120.894531	69.105469	20.536458	79.799479	31.992578	0.471876	33.240885	0.348958
	std	3.369578	31.972618	19.355807	15.952218	115.244002	7.884160	0.331329	11.760232	0.476951
	min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.078000	21.000000	0.000000
	25%	1.000000	99.000000	62.000000	0.000000	0.000000	27.300000	0.243750	24.000000	0.000000
	50%	3.000000	117.000000	72.000000	23.000000	30.500000	32.000000	0.372500	29.000000	0.000000
	75%	6.000000	140.250000	80.000000	32.000000	127.250000	36.600000	0.626250	41.000000	1.000000
	max	17.000000	199.000000	122.000000	99.000000	846.000000	67.100000	2.420000	81.000000	1.000000

diabetes_dataset['Outcome'].value_counts()

____ 0

0 5001 268

Name: Outcome, dtype: int64

0 -> Non-Diabetic

1 -> Diabetic

diabetes_dataset.groupby('Outcome').mean()

_		Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	Age
	Outcome								
	0	3.298000	109.980000	68.184000	19.664000	68.792000	30.304200	0.429734	31.190000
	1	4.865672	141.257463	70.824627	22.164179	100.335821	35.142537	0.550500	37.067164

separating the data and labels

X = diabetes_dataset.drop(columns = 'Outcome', axis=1)

Y = diabetes_dataset['Outcome']

print(X)

```
₹
      Pregnancies Glucose BloodPressure ... BMI DiabetesPedigreeFunction Age
                            72 ... 33.6
            6
                 148
                                                   0.627
                  85
             1
                            66 ... 26.6
                                                   0.351
   1
   2
             8
                  183
                            64 ... 23.3
                                                   0.672
   3
                  89
                            66 ... 28.1
                                                   0.167
                 137
                            40 ... 43.1
   4
            0
                                                   2.288
                  . . .
                            ... ...
   763
            10
                 101
                            76 ... 32.9
                                                   0.171
                            70 ... 36.8
   764
             2
                 122
                                                   0.340
   765
                            72 ... 26.2
                                                   0.245
             5
                 121
   766
             1
                 126
                            60 ... 30.1
                                                   0.349
   767
             1
                  93
                            70 ... 30.4
                                                   0.315
   [768 rows x 8 columns]
print(Y)
→ 0
   1
       0
   2
       1
   3
       0
       1
   763
       0
   764
       0
   765
       0
   766
       1
   767
   Name: Outcome, Length: 768, dtype: int64
Data Standardization
scaler = StandardScaler()
scaler.fit(X)
StandardScaler(copy=True, with_mean=True, with_std=True)
standardized_data = scaler.transform(X)
print(standardized_data)
→ [[ 0.63994726 0.84832379 0.14964075 ... 0.20401277 0.46849198
     1.4259954 ]
    [-0.84488505 -1.12339636 -0.16054575 ... -0.68442195 -0.36506078
    -0.190671911
    -0.10558415]
    -0.27575966]
    1.170732151
    -0.87137393]]
X = standardized_data
Y = diabetes_dataset['Outcome']
print(X)
print(Y)
→ [[ 0.63994726 0.84832379 0.14964075 ... 0.20401277 0.46849198
     1.4259954 1
    [-0.84488505 \ -1.12339636 \ -0.16054575 \ \dots \ -0.68442195 \ -0.36506078
     -0.19067191]
    -0.10558415]
    -0.27575966]
    1.17073215]
```

-0.87137393]] 1

31

32

21

33

27

30

47

23

```
1
           0
    2
    763
    764
           0
    765
           0
    766
    767
    Name: Outcome, Length: 768, dtype: int64
Train Test Split
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X,Y, test_size = 0.2, stratify=Y, random_state=2)
print(X.shape, X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
→ (768, 8) (614, 8) (154, 8)
Training the Model
classifier = svm.SVC(kernel='linear')
#training the support vector Machine Classifier
classifier.fit(X_train, Y_train)
SVC(C=1.0, break_ties=False, cache_size=200, class_weight=None, coef0=0.0,
        decision_function_shape='ovr', degree=3, gamma='scale', kernel='linear',
        max_iter=-1, probability=False, random_state=None, shrinking=True,
        tol=0.001, verbose=False)
Model Evaluation
Accuracy Score
# accuracy score on the training data
X_train_prediction = classifier.predict(X_train)
training_data_accuracy = accuracy_score(X_train_prediction, Y_train)
print('Accuracy score of the training data : ', training_data_accuracy)
Accuracy score of the training data : 0.7866449511400652
# accuracy score on the test data
X_test_prediction = classifier.predict(X_test)
test_data_accuracy = accuracy_score(X_test_prediction, Y_test)
print('Accuracy score of the test data : ', test_data_accuracy)
Accuracy score of the test data : 0.7727272727272727
Making a Predictive System
input_data = (5,166,72,19,175,25.8,0.587,51)
# changing the input_data to numpy array
input_data_as_numpy_array = np.asarray(input_data)
# reshape the array as we are predicting for one instance
input_data_reshaped = input_data_as_numpy_array.reshape(1,-1)
# standardize the input data
std_data = scaler.transform(input_data_reshaped)
print(std_data)
prediction = classifier.predict(std_data)
print(prediction)
```

Start coding or generate with AI.