# Building a Kubernetes Operator with Kubebuilder 🚀



# 1. Pre-requisites

Before we start, make sure you have the following installed:

- Go (v1.13 or higher)
- Docker (for building and pushing the operator image)
- kubectl (to interact with your cluster)
- A Kubernetes cluster (like Minikube or KIND)

## 2. Install Kubebuilder 📥



Install the latest release of kubebuilder from the official release page.

## 3. Initialize Your Operator Project 🛠

Let's start by creating a new directory for our operator and navigating into it:

```
mkdir -p /mnt/c/project/nimble-opti-adapter
cd /mnt/c/project/nimble-opti-adapter
```

Now, initialize the project:

```
kubebuilder init --domain uri-tech.github.io --repo github.com/uri-
tech/nimble-opti-adapter
```

# 4. Define Your Custom Resource (CR)

CRs are the heart of your operator. Let's define one:

```
kubebuilder create api --group=adapter --version=v1 --kind=NimbleOpti --
resource=true --controller=true
```

This will scaffold the NimbleOpti CRD and its associated controller.

# 5. Implement the Operator Logic <

Navigate to the generated controller file, likely at:

```
controllers/adapter_nimbleopti_controller.go
```

Here, implement the reconciliation logic inside the Reconcile method. This is where the magic happens!

# 6. Watch for Ingress and NimbleOpti Resources 🕵

To ensure our operator reacts to changes in Ingress and NimbleOpti resources, add watches for these types in the controller's setup.

Modify the SetupWithManager method in controllers/adapter\_nimbleopti\_controller.go to include:

```
// SetupWithManager sets up the controller with the Manager. The Manager
will set fields on the Controller
// and Start it when the Manager is Started.
func (r *NimbleOptiReconciler) SetupWithManager(mgr ctrl.Manager) error {
    klog.InfoS("debug - SetupWithManager")
    // NewControllerManagedBy returns a builder for a controller
    // managed by mgr that will be started with mgr.Start.
    b := ctrl.NewControllerManagedBy(mgr)
    // For the primary resource type that this controller watches
    b = b.For(&adapterv1.NimbleOpti{})
    // Owns specifies objects that are owned by the primary resource
    // The argument here must be a runtime object that will have its
    // Group, Version, and Kind filled in.
    b = b.0wns(&networkingv1.Ingress{})
    // WithEventFilter specifies a Predicate that will be used to filter
    // events before they are sent to event handlers.
    // The GenerationChangedPredicate filters out objects that have not
changed their .metadata.generation field.
    // b = b.WithEventFilter(predicate.GenerationChangedPredicate{})
    // Watch Ingress objects - do not need it - do it from the
IngressWatcher
    // if err := b.Watches(&networkingv1.Ingress{},
&handler.EnqueueRequestForObject{}); err != nil {
    // klog.Error(err, "unable to watch Ingress")
    // }
    // Watch for changes to Pods
    // if err := b.Watches(&source.Kind{Type: &corev1.Pod{}},
&handler.EnqueueRequestForObject{}); err != nil {
    // klog.Error(err, "unable to watch Pods")
    // }
    // Call Complete to create the NimbleOptiReconciler. This step comes
at the end
   // as it finalizes the controller's configuration.
    return b.Complete(r)
}
```

## 7. Update the operator core files:

./cmd/main.go:

```
package main
import (
    "flag"
   "os"
    // Import all Kubernetes client auth plugins (e.g. Azure, GCP, OIDC,
etc.)
    // to ensure that exec-entrypoint and run can make use of them.
    "k8s.io/client-go/kubernetes"
    _ "k8s.io/client-go/plugin/pkg/client/auth"
    "k8s.io/klog/v2"
    "k8s.io/apimachinery/pkg/runtime"
    utilruntime "k8s.io/apimachinery/pkg/util/runtime"
    clientgoscheme "k8s.io/client-go/kubernetes/scheme"
    ctrl "sigs.k8s.io/controller-runtime"
    "sigs.k8s.io/controller-runtime/pkg/healthz"
    "sigs.k8s.io/controller-runtime/pkg/log/zap"
    adapterv1 "github.com/uri-tech/nimble-opti-adapter/api/v1"
    "github.com/uri-tech/nimble-opti-adapter/internal/controller"
    //+kubebuilder:scaffold:imports
)
var (
    scheme = runtime.NewScheme()
    setupLog = ctrl.Log.WithName("setup")
func init() {
   // debug
    klog.InfoS("debug - init")
    utilruntime.Must(clientgoscheme.AddToScheme(scheme))
    utilruntime.Must(adapterv1.AddToScheme(scheme))
    //+kubebuilder:scaffold:scheme
}
func main() {
    // debug
    klog.InfoS("debug - main")
    // Define command-line flags.
    var metricsAddr string
    var enableLeaderElection bool
    var probeAddr string
```

```
flag.StringVar(&metricsAddr, "metrics-bind-address", ":8080", "The
address the metric endpoint binds to.")
    flag.StringVar(&probeAddr, "health-probe-bind-address", ":8081", "The
address the probe endpoint binds to.")
    flag.BoolVar(&enableLeaderElection, "leader-elect", false,
        "Enable leader election for controller manager. "+
            "Enabling this will ensure there is only one active controller
manager.")
    opts := zap.Options{
       Development: true,
    opts.BindFlags(flag.CommandLine)
    flag.Parse()
    // Set the logger for the controller-runtime package.
    ctrl.SetLogger(zap.New(zap.UseFlagOptions(&opts)))
    // Create a new manager to provide shared dependencies and start
components.
    mgr, err := ctrl.NewManager(ctrl.GetConfigOrDie(), ctrl.Options{
        Scheme:
                                scheme,
       MetricsBindAddress:
                                metricsAddr.
                                9443,
       HealthProbeBindAddress: probeAddr,
       LeaderElection:
                              enableLeaderElection,
       LeaderElectionID: "8f24f142.uri-tech.github.io",
       // LeaderElectionReleaseOnCancel defines if the leader should step
down voluntarily
       // when the Manager ends. This requires the binary to immediately
end when the
        // Manager is stopped, otherwise, this setting is unsafe. Setting
this significantly
       // speeds up voluntary leader transitions as the new leader don't
have to wait
       // LeaseDuration time first.
       // In the default scaffold provided, the program ends immediately
after
       // the manager stops, so would be fine to enable this option.
However,
       // if you are doing or is intended to do any operation such as
perform cleanups
       // after the manager stops then its usage might be unsafe.
       // LeaderElectionReleaseOnCancel: true,
    })
    if err != nil {
       setupLog.Error(err, "unable to start manager")
       os.Exit(1)
    }
    // Initialize the Kubernetes client.
    kubernetesClient := kubernetes.NewForConfigOrDie(mgr.GetConfig())
    // Initialize the IngressWatcher.
```

```
ingressWatcher := &controller.IngressWatcher{
        Client: kubernetesClient,
    }
    // Pass the KubernetesClient and IngressWatcher to the
NimbleOptiReconciler.
    if err = (&controller.NimbleOptiReconciler{
                         mgr.GetClient(),
        Client:
        Scheme:
                         mgr.GetScheme(),
        KubernetesClient: kubernetesClient,
        IngressWatcher: ingressWatcher,
    }).SetupWithManager(mgr); err != nil {
        setupLog.Error(err, "unable to create controller", "controller",
"NimbleOpti")
        os.Exit(1)
    }
    //+kubebuilder:scaffold:builder
    // if err = (&controller.NimbleOptiReconciler{
    // Client: mgr.GetClient(),
    // Scheme: mgr.GetScheme(),
    // }).SetupWithManager(mgr); err != nil {
    // setupLog.Error(err, "unable to create controller", "controller",
"NimbleOpti")
   // os.Exit(1)
    // }
    // //+kubebuilder:scaffold:builder
    // Add a health check to the manager.
    if err := mgr.AddHealthzCheck("healthz", healthz.Ping); err != nil {
        setupLog.Error(err, "unable to set up health check")
        os.Exit(1)
    }
    // Add a readiness check to the manager.
    if err := mgr.AddReadyzCheck("readyz", healthz.Ping); err != nil {
        setupLog.Error(err, "unable to set up ready check")
        os.Exit(1)
    }
    // Start the manager and listen for the termination signal.
    setupLog.Info("starting manager")
    if err := mgr.Start(ctrl.SetupSignalHandler()); err != nil {
        setupLog.Error(err, "problem running manager")
        os.Exit(1)
    }
}
```

## ./api/v1/nimbleopti\_types.go:

```
import (
    metav1 "k8s.io/apimachinery/pkg/apis/meta/v1"
)
// EDIT THIS FILE! THIS IS SCAFFOLDING FOR YOU TO OWN!
// NOTE: json tags are required. Any new fields you add must have json
tags for the fields to be serialized.
// NimbleOptiSpec defines the desired state of NimbleOpti
type NimbleOptiSpec struct {
    // TargetNamespace is the namespace where the operator should manage
certificates
    // +kubebuilder:validation:MinLength=1
    TargetNamespace string `json:"targetNamespace"`
    // CertificateRenewalThreshold is the waiting time (in days) before
the certificate expires to trigger renewal
    // +kubebuilder:validation:Minimum=1
    CertificateRenewalThreshold int `json:"certificateRenewalThreshold"`
    // AnnotationRemovalDelay is the delay (in seconds) after removing the
"nginx.ingress.kubernetes.io/backend-protocol: HTTPS" annotation before
re-adding it
    // +kubebuilder:validation:Minimum=1
    AnnotationRemovalDelay int `json:"annotationRemovalDelay"`
    // RenewalCheckInterval is the interval (in minutes) for checking
certificate renewals
    // +kubebuilder:validation:Minimum=1
    RenewalCheckInterval int `json:"renewalCheckInterval"`
}
// NimbleOptiStatus defines the observed state of NimbleOpti
type NimbleOptiStatus struct {
    // Conditions are the conditions for this resource.
    Conditions []metav1.Condition `json:"conditions,omitempty"`
    // IngressPathsForRenewal is a list of ingress paths for which
certificates need to be renewed.
    IngressPathsForRenewal []string
`json:"ingressPathsForRenewal,omitempty"`
}
//+kubebuilder:object:root=true
//+kubebuilder:subresource:status
// NimbleOpti is the Schema for the nimbleoptiadapters API
type NimbleOpti struct {
    metav1.ObjectMeta `json:"metadata,omitempty"`
          NimbleOptiSpec    `json:"spec,omitempty"`
    Status NimbleOptiStatus `json:"status,omitempty"`
```

```
//+kubebuilder:object:root=true

// NimbleOptiList contains a list of NimbleOpti
type NimbleOptiList struct {
    metav1.TypeMeta `json:",inline"`
    metav1.ListMeta `json:"metadata,omitempty"`
    Items []NimbleOpti `json:"items"`
}

func init() {
    SchemeBuilder.Register(&NimbleOpti{}, &NimbleOptiList{})
}
```

For adding control of ingress in the ServiceAcount we modify <code>./config/rbac/auth\_proxy\_role.yaml</code>:

```
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
kind: ClusterRole
metadata:
  labels:
    app.kubernetes.io/name: clusterrole
    app.kubernetes.io/instance: proxy-role
    app.kubernetes.io/component: kube-rbac-proxy
    app.kubernetes.io/created-by: nimble-opti-adapter
    app.kubernetes.io/part-of: nimble-opti-adapter
    app.kubernetes.io/managed-by: kustomize
 name: proxy-role
rules:
 - apiGroups:
      authentication.k8s.io
    resources:
     - tokenreviews
    verbs:
     - create
  - apiGroups:
      - authorization.k8s.io
    resources:

    subjectaccessreviews

    verbs:
     - create
  - apiGroups:
      networking.k8s.io
    resources:
     ingresses
    verbs:
     - get
      - list
      - watch
      - create
      - delete
      patch
      - update
```

## 8. Generate CRD manifests:

When you modify the API definitions, you should regenerate CRD manifests using kubebuilder or operatorsdk tools (whichever you are using)

```
make manifests
make build
```

# 9. Build and Test the Operator 🚧

If we are using the default Kubebuilder setup:

- 1. make install: This will install the CRDs into the cluster.
- 2. make run: This will run the operator outside of the cluster (for testing purposes).
- 3. make docker-build: This will build the docker image.
- 4. make docker-push: This will push the docker image to the specified registry.
- 5. make deploy: This will deploy the operator into the cluster.

First, let's build our operator's Docker image:

```
docker build -t nimbleopti/nimble-opti-adapter:latest .
docker push nimbleopti/nimble-opti-adapter:latest
```

#### Crafting a Helm Chart for the Nimble-Opti-Adapter Operator #

## 1. Pre-requisites 🗐

Ensure you've got these tools in your developer's toolbox:

- Helm 3.x installed
- kubectl (to interact with your cluster)
- Access to a Kubernetes cluster

#### 2. Initializing the Helm Chart

To create a new chart, we'll be using the helm create command:

```
cd /mnt/c/project/nimble-opti-adapter
helm create nimble-opti-adapter
```

This will generate a new directory called nimble-opti-adapter with the structure of a standard Helm chart.

#### 3. Understanding the Chart Structure M

Navigate to your nimble-opti-adapter directory, and you'll see a structure similar to:

```
nimble-opti-adapter/

— charts/ # Dependencies (other charts this chart depends on)

— templates/ # Kubernetes YAML templates with variables

— deployment.yaml

— service.yaml

— _helpers.tpl # Template helpers and definitions

— ...

— values.yaml # Default configuration values for the templates

— Chart.yaml # Information about the chart
```

#### 4. Tailoring the Chart for Our Operator 📐 🛰

- 1. **Chart.yaml** : Begin by updating the **Chart.yaml** with relevant details like the version, description, and maintainers.
- 2. **values.yaml** : This file holds the default values for your Helm chart. Update it with parameters specific to the nimble-opti-adapter operator, like image repository, tag, resources, etc.
- 3. **Templates** \( \bigcirc : In the templates / directory, customize the existing templates or add new ones. Given this is an operator, you'd likely have:
  - A Deployment for the operator
  - CustomResourceDefinitions (CRDs) the operator will manage
  - RBAC roles and role bindings
  - Any additional resources the operator might need

Remember to make use of Helm's templating functions to ensure flexibility and configurability.

#### 4. complete chart structure:

```
nimble-opti-adapter/ # Root directory of your Helm chart.
 — Chart.yaml
                              # Contains metadata about the Helm chart
like its version, description, etc.
- README.md
                              # Documentation for how to use the chart.
 — charts
                               # Directory for Helm chart dependencies
(other charts that this chart relies upon).
                               # Custom Resource Definitions (CRDs) that
├─ crds
should be installed before any other resources.
   └─ nimbleopti.yaml
                              # The CRD definition for NimbleOpti.
  - templates
                              # Kubernetes resource templates.
   — NOTES.txt
                              # Notes that will be displayed to the
```

### 5. Linting & Testing 🧪

Before deploying, it's essential to ensure your chart is free from errors:

```
helm lint nimble-opti-adapter
```

#### It should return:

```
==> Linting nimble-opti-adapter
[INF0] Chart.yaml: icon is recommended
1 chart(s) linted, 0 chart(s) failed
```

To test your Helm chart's rendering:

```
helm install nimble-opti-adapter ./nimble-opti-adapter --dry-run --debug
```

# 9. Deploying the Operator 📤

Option 1 - using helm:

install the CRDs and deploy the operator:

```
helm install nimble-opti-adapter ./nimble-opti-adapter
```

And monitor the release:

```
helm list
```

or using this gide: install using helm

## Option 2 - directly:

Deploy the CRDs:

```
make install
```

Now, deploy the operator in your cluster:

```
make deploy IMG=nimbleopti/nimble-opti-adapter:latest
```

## 10. Using github action to auto build and push the image:

create the dir:

```
mkdir -p /mnt/c/project/nimble-opti-adapter/.github/workflows
cd /mnt/c/project/nimble-opti-adapter/.github/workflows
```

create the file NimbleOpti\_CI.yml:

```
name: NimbleOpti_CI
on:
 workflow_dispatch:
  push:
   branches:
     - "main"
    # pull_request:
    # branches: [ "main" ]
    # paths:
    # # - "controllers/**"
    # # - "Dockerfile"
    # # - "main.go"
    # - "*"
    # # Exclude README.md from triggering the workflow
    paths-ignore:
     - "README.md"
jobs:
  build:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
     name: Check the repo.
       uses: actions/checkout@v3
      - name: Login to docker hub registry.
        run: |
```

```
docker login docker.io -u ${{ secrets.DOCKER_USERNAME }} -p ${{
secrets.DOCKER PASSWORD }}
     # - name: Build and push "NimbleOpti".
      # run: |
      # IMAGE TAG=$(date +%s)
           docker build ./NimbleOpti --file ./NimbleOpti/Dockerfile --tag
nimbleopti/nimble-opti-adapter:$IMAGE TAG --tag nimbleopti/nimble-opti-
adapter: latest
            docker push nimbleopti/nimble-opti-adapter:$IMAGE TAG
            docker push nimbleopti/nimble-opti-adapter:latest
     - name: Build and push "NimbleOpti".
        run:
          IMAGE TAG=$(date +%s)
          docker run --rm --privileged tonistiigi/binfmt --install all
          docker buildx create --use
          DOCKER TARGET PLATFORM="linux/arm64,linux/amd64"
          DOCKER USERNAME="nimbleopti"
          DOCKER IMAGE NAME="nimble-opti-adapter"
          docker buildx build . --platform $DOCKER TARGET PLATFORM \
          --build-arg BUILD DATE=$(date -u +'%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%SZ') \
          --build-arg VCS_REF=$(git rev-parse --short HEAD) \
          --build-arg VERSION=0.1 \
          --tag $DOCKER_USERNAME/$DOCKER_IMAGE_NAME:$IMAGE_TAG --tag
$DOCKER_USERNAME/$DOCKER_IMAGE_NAME:latest \
         --file ./Dockerfile \
          --output type=image, push=true
```

# 11. Watch Your Operator in Action 🍿

Create instances of your NimbleOpti custom resource and watch your operator ensure the desired state!

# 12. Celebrate! 🎉

Congratulations! We just finish building a Kubernetes operator using kubebuilder! 🤴

docker info:

```
nimbleopti
&mQ6S2L2Yg57<mark>$xY</mark>
```

### problem fix:

```
go clean -modcache
go mod tidy
go mod download
go get sigs.k8s.io/controller-runtime@latest
```

scrpit - create local env and install operator:

```
#!/bin/bash
set -e
DOCKER_USERNAME=${DOCKER_USERNAME:-nimbleopti}
DOCKER_IMAGE_NAME=${DOCKER_IMAGE_NAME:-${DOCKER_USERNAME}/nimble-opti-
adapter: latest}
CERT_MANAGER_VERSION=${CERT_MANAGER_VERSION:-v1.11.0}
SLEEP_TIME=${SLEEP_TIME:-1}
# echo "Login to docker..."
# echo $DOCKER_PASSWORD | docker login -u $DOCKER_USERNAME --password-
stdin
echo "Deleting Minikube..."
minikube delete
echo "Starting Minikube..."
minikube start
echo "Making manifests..."
make manifests
echo "Installing..."
make install
echo "Building Docker image..."
docker build -t $DOCKER_IMAGE_NAME .
echo "Pushing Docker image..."
docker push $DOCKER_IMAGE_NAME
echo "Deploying..."
make deploy IMG=$DOCKER_IMAGE_NAME
echo "Patching deployment..."
kubectl patch deployment nimble-opti-adapter-controller-manager -n nimble-
opti-adapter-system -p '{"spec":{"template":{"spec":{"containers":
[{"name":"kube-rbac-proxy","imagePullPolicy":"Always"},
{"name":"manager","imagePullPolicy":"Always"}]}}}'
echo "Setting Minikube context..."
kubectl config use-context minikube
echo "Adding helm repo..."
helm repo add jetstack https://charts.jetstack.io
echo "Updating helm repo..."
helm repo update
```

```
echo "Installing cert-manager..."
helm install \
    cert-manager jetstack/cert-manager \
    --namespace cert-manager \
    --create-namespace \
    --version $CERT_MANAGER_VERSION \
    --set installCRDs=true \
    --wait

echo "Enabling Minikube ingress..."
minikube addons enable ingress

echo "Starting Minikube dashboard..."
minikube dashboard --url &

# Sleep for 1 second to allow the dashboard to start
sleep $SLEEP_TIME

echo "Setup complete."
```

#### scrpit - update operator:

```
#!/bin/bash
# causes the shell to exit if any invoked command exits with a non-zero
status
set -e
DOCKER_USERNAME=${DOCKER_USERNAME:-nimbleopti}
DOCKER_IMAGE_NAME=${DOCKER_IMAGE_NAME:-${DOCKER_USERNAME}}/nimble-opti-
adapter:latest}
echo "Patching deployment..."
kubectl patch deployment nimble-opti-adapter-controller-manager -n nimble-
opti-adapter-system -p '{"spec":{"template":{"spec":{"containers":
[{"name":"kube-rbac-proxy","imagePullPolicy":"Always"},
{"name":"manager","imagePullPolicy":"Always"}]}}}'
echo "Making manifests..."
make manifests
echo "Installing..."
make install
echo "Building Docker image..."
docker build -t $DOCKER_IMAGE_NAME .
echo "Pushing Docker image..."
docker push $DOCKER_IMAGE_NAME
echo "Deploying..."
make deploy IMG=$DOCKER_IMAGE_NAME
```

```
echo "Rolling out updates..."
kubectl rollout restart deployment/nimble-opti-adapter-controller-manager
-n nimble-opti-adapter-system
kubectl rollout status deployment/nimble-opti-adapter-controller-manager -
n nimble-opti-adapter-system

echo "Patching deployment..."
kubectl patch deployment nimble-opti-adapter-controller-manager -n nimble-
opti-adapter-system -p '{"spec":{"template":{"spec":{"containers":
[{"name":"kube-rbac-proxy","imagePullPolicy":"Always"},
{"name":"manager","imagePullPolicy":"Always"}]}}}'

echo "Update complete."
```

### scrpit - testing the operator:

```
#!/bin/bash
# causes the shell to exit if any invoked command exits with a non-zero
status
set -e
echo "Applying Ingress resource..."
cat <<EOF | kubectl apply -f -
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
  name: minimal-ingress
  annotations:
    nginx.ingress.kubernetes.io/rewrite-target: /
    nimble.opti.adapter/enabled: "true"
spec:
  ingressClassName: nginx-example
  rules:
  - http:
      paths:
      - path: /testpath
        pathType: Prefix
        backend:
          service:
            name: test
            port:
              number: 80
E0F
echo "Ingress resource applied successfully."
echo "Applying NimbleOpti resource..."
```

```
cat <<EOF | kubectl apply -f -
apiVersion: adapter.uri-tech.github.io/v1
kind: NimbleOpti
metadata:
   name: example-nimbleopti
spec:
   # Add any fields defined in the NimbleOpti spec here
   # For instance:
   # someField: someValue
EOF</pre>
echo "NimbleOpti resource applied successfully."
```