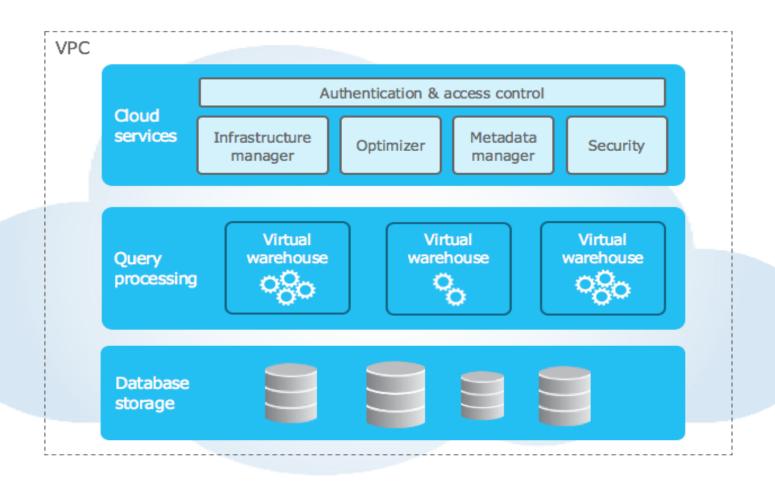
Snowflake Unique Architecture

- Let's Understand How Snowflake works, How it is different from Traditional warehouses. Snowflake is a true SaaS offering. More specifically:
- There is no hardware (virtual or physical) to select, install, configure, or manage.
- There is virtually no software to install, configure, or manage.
- Ongoing maintenance, management, upgrades, and tuning are handled by Snowflake.

If I need to explain in simple terms, then we can say:

- 1- It is combination of Shared disk + Shared nothing Architecture .
- 2- Separate the Storage and Compute activities which result we can scale up them independently.
- 3- Multi cluster Shared data Architecture.
- 4- Elastic in nature

We have three layered Architecture, Storage layer, Compute or Query Processing layer and Cloud services or (**Brain layer**). In next slide I have added few points about every layer



| Storage layer | Processing layer | Cloud Service layer |
|---|---|---|
| Underlying Cloud storage (AWS S3,GCP Bucket or Azure Blob) | Underlying cloud virtual machines(EC2,Azure VM or GCP VM) | This is known as Main or Brain layer, collection of services that coordinate activities across Snowflake. |
| We can have infinite storage. Structured and Semi structured both type. | Query execution/Compute activities in this layer. Also known as Virtual warehouse layer | Authentication & Authorization |
| Stored data will always be compressed & Encrypted | Each virtual warehouse has no impact on the performance of other virtual warehouses | Query Processing & Optimization & Data Caching |
| Only Storage bill will be generated 23\$ per TB | Scale up & Scale down whenever needed. Resize warehouse or Multi cluster warehousing | User & Session Management |
| Store data in Hybrid Columnar format. | Compute bills are generated depend on your warehouse size (credits) | Infrastructure & Warehouse management. |