

# Introduction to Optimization / Optimization in Applications - Assignment 02

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## Problem 1:

### 1a)

Let the number of white wine bottles be  $x_1$  and number of red wine bottles be  $x_2$ .

he can sell a bottle of red wine for \$12 while he can only sell a bottle of white wine for \$7

**Objective Function:**

$$7x_1 + 12x_2 = \text{Maximum Profit}$$

**Mathematical equations for constraints are:**

Red wine should be aged two years per bottle and white wine one year per bottle and limited to 10,000 bottle years for each batch.

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 10,000 \text{ (Constraint 1)}$$

It takes 2 gallons of grapes to make a bottle of red wine and 3 gallons of grapes to make a bottle of white wine and process a total of 18,000 gallons of grapes for each batch.

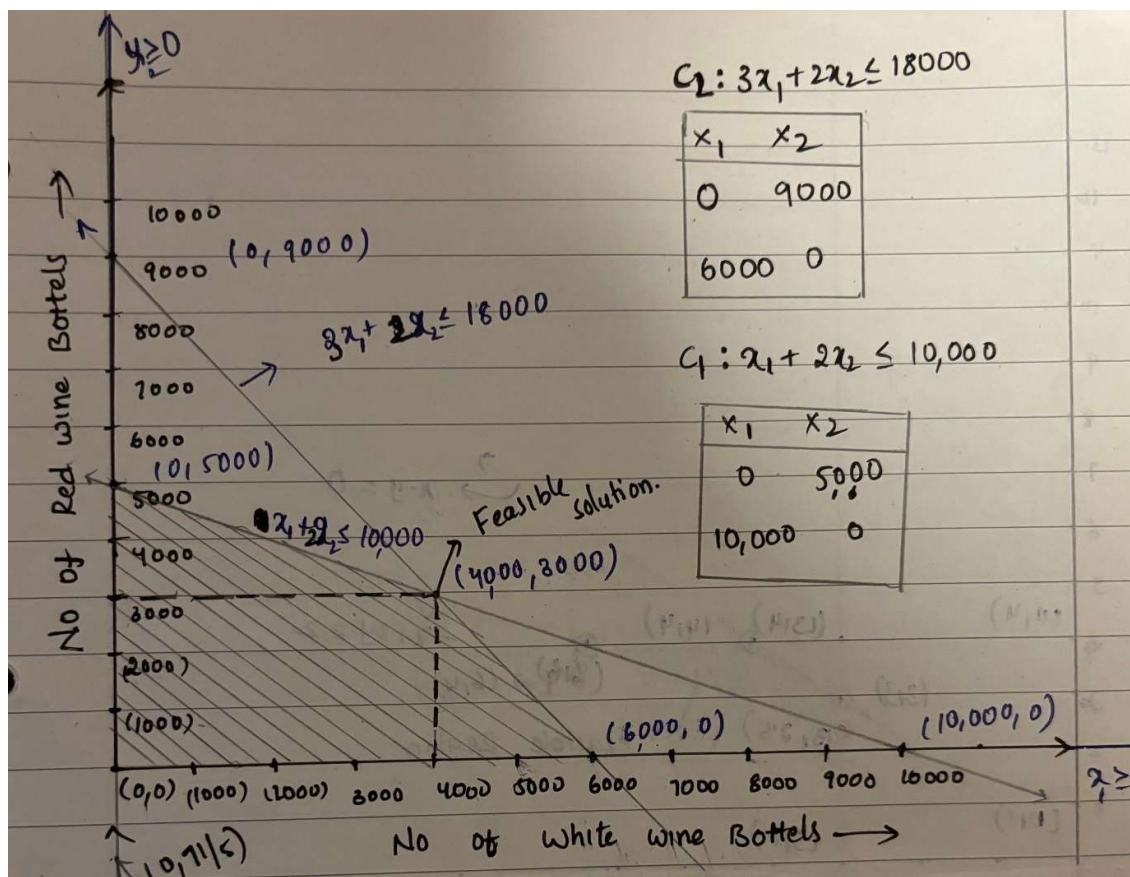
$$3x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 18,000 \text{ (Constraint 2)}$$

**Decision Variables:**

Number of wine bottles should not be non-Negative.

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0$$

### 1b)



**Graph 1.1**

The coordinates of the corner points of the feasible solution domain:

- 1) (0,5000)
- 2) (6000,0)
- 3) (0,0)
- 4) (4000,3000) the Intersection of two Constraints C1 and C2

Points	$7x_1 + 12x_2$
(0,5000)	60000
(6000,0)	42000
(0,0)	0
(4000,3000)	64000

The maximum Profit corresponds with 4000 white wine bottles and 3000 red wine bottles which give profit of 64000 dollars.

**1c)**

Equation is successfully executed in MATLAB Using simplex Algorithm and Maximum profit of 64000 dollars is obtained at 4000 white wine and 3000 red wine bottles.

```

SimplexMethodTL_2018.m
2 % Tom Lahmer, 2018
3 % Simplex Method, 2nd phase.
4 % The following data are provided by the user:
5 % Matrix A
6 A=[1 2 1 0 ; 3 2 0 1];
7 % Vector b
8 b=[10000,18000]';
9 % Vector c
10 c = [-7; -12; -0;0];
11 % First basis, i.e. as many indices as constraints between 1 and number of design variables
12 B= [3, 4];
13
14 if length(B) ~= length(b)
15     fprintf('The basis needs to have as many entries as constraints!');
16     return;
17 end
18
19 AllIndices = 1:length(c);
20 N = setdiff(AllIndices,B); % Set of non-basis entries
21
22 NoOptSolution = true;
23 iter =0;
24
25 while NoOptSolution && iter <150
26     iter = iter+1;
27     fprintf('\nIteration %d ... ',iter);
28
29     if det(A(:,B))~=0 % check for invertability
30         GammaBN = inv(A(:,B))*A(:,N);
31         xB = inv(A(:,B))*b;
32         zetaN = c(B)'*GammaBN - c(N)';
33         costfunction = c(B)'*xB
34     else
35         fprintf('The chosen basis does not result in an admissible solution');

```

## 1.2 MATLAB Code

```

>> SimplexMethodTL_2018

Iteration 1 ...
costfunction =

    0

Iteration 2 ...
costfunction =

 -60000

Iteration 3 ...
costfunction =

 -64000

The optimal solution is
x =

    4000
    3000
         0
         0

with objective c^Tx = -64000.000000>>

```

## 1.3 MATLAB Result

## Problem 2:

### Objective Function:

Let  $x$  be the number of scarves and  $y$  be the number of hats.

$$\text{Maximum Profit} = 20x + 12y$$

### Mathematical equations for constraints are:

Scarf uses 8 ounces of yarn, and a hat uses 5 ounces and has a total of 71 ounces of yarn.

$$8x + 5y \leq 71 \text{ constraint}$$

### Decision Variables:

Sofia wants to make at least 2 scarves and 3 hats:

$$x \geq 2$$

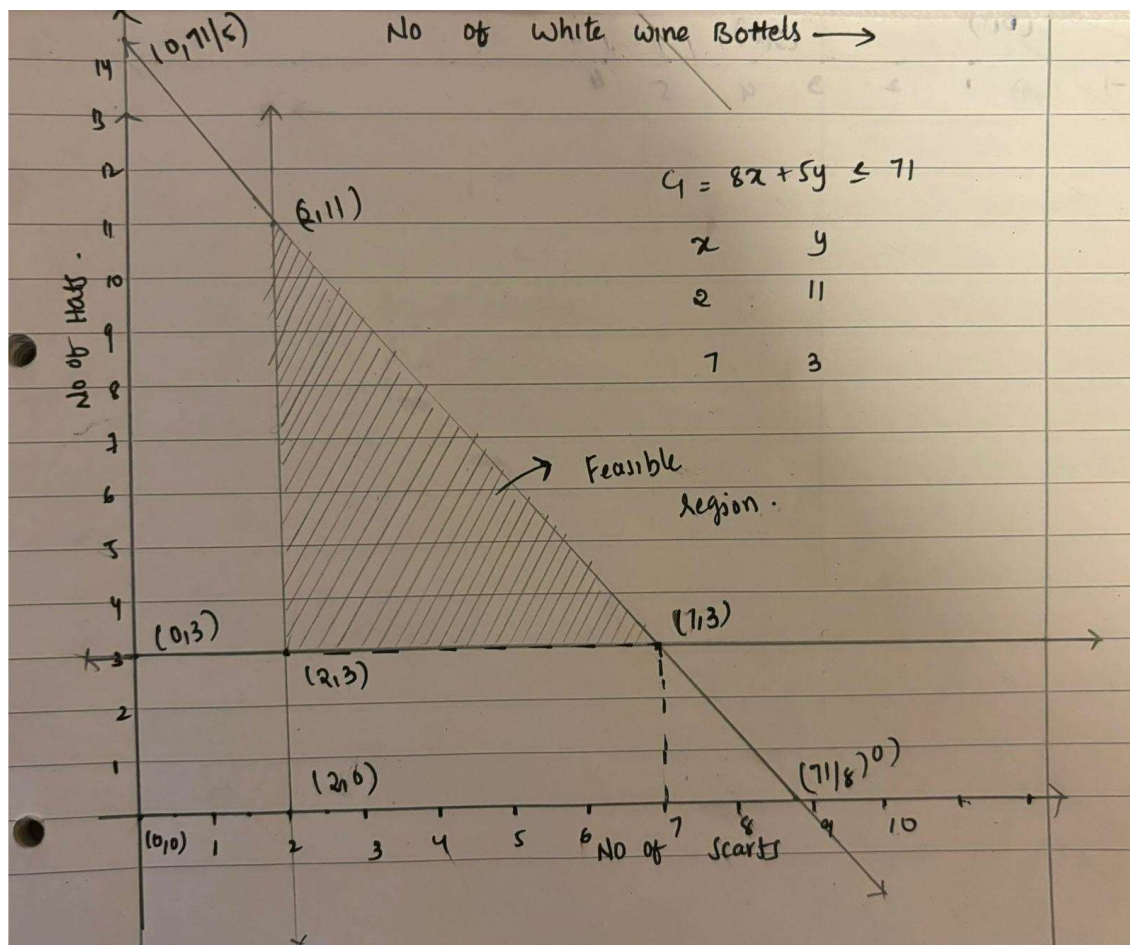
$$y \geq 3$$

The coordinates of the corner points of the feasible solution domain:

- 1) (2,11) intersection of Constraint with  $x \geq 2$
- 2) (2,3) intersection of Decision Variables
- 3) (7,3) Intersection of Constraint with  $y \geq 3$

Points	$20x + 12y$
(2,11)	172
(2,3)	76
(7,3)	176

The maximum Profit corresponds with 7 scarves and 3 hats which give profit of 176 dollars.



Graph 2.1

2b)

selling the scarves for 15 each and each hat for 10 euros which changes objective function as

$$15x + 10y = \text{Maximum Profit}$$

The coordinates of the corner points of the feasible solution domain:

- 1) (2,11) intersection of Constraint with  $x \geq 2$
- 2) (2,3) intersection of Decision Variables
- 3) (7,3) Intersection of Constraint with  $y \geq 3$

Points	$15x + 10y$
(2,11)	140
(2,3)	60
(7,3)	135

Yes, the Solution changes and maximum profit occurs at 2 scarves and 11 hats with 140 euros of maximum profit.

### Problem 3:

3a) Minimum  $Z = 2x - 5y + 20$ ,

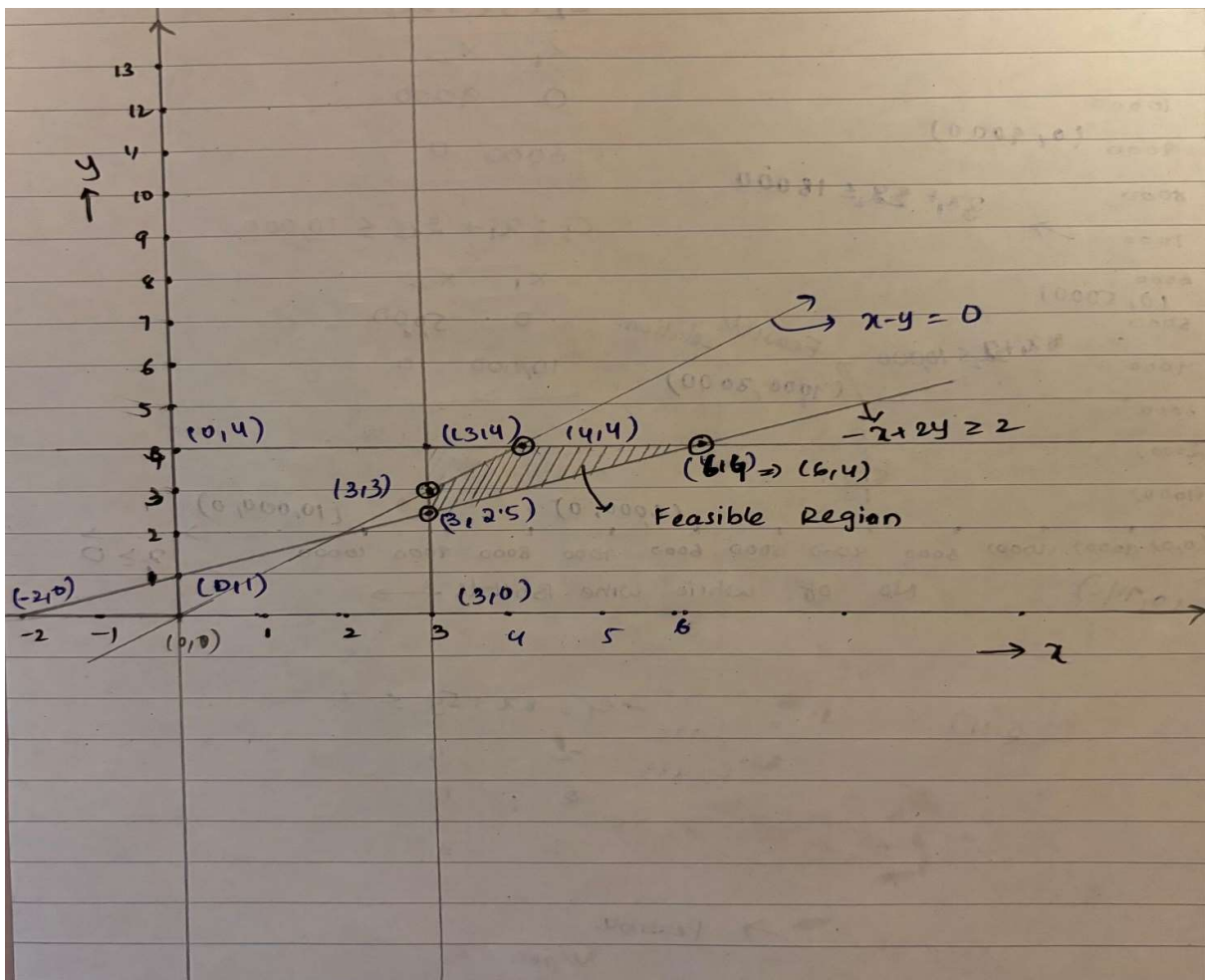
s.t  $x - y \leq 0$ .

(c1)  $-x + 2y \geq 2$ .

(c2)  $x \geq 3$ .

(c3)  $y \leq 4$ ,

(c4)  $x, y \geq 0$ .



Graph 3.1

**3b)**

The coordinates of the corner points of the feasible solution domain:

- 1) (3,3) intersection of  $x \geq 3$  and  $x-y = 0$
- 2) (3,2.5) intersection of  $x \geq 3$  and  $-x + 2y \geq 2$
- 3) (6,4) Intersection of  $y \leq 4$  and  $-x + 2y \geq 2$
- 4) (4,4) Intersection of  $y \leq 4$  and  $x-y = 0$

Points	$2x - 5y + 20$
(3,3)	11
(3,2.5)	13.5
(6,4)	12
(4,4)	8

Hence, Minimum of Z occurs at (4,4)