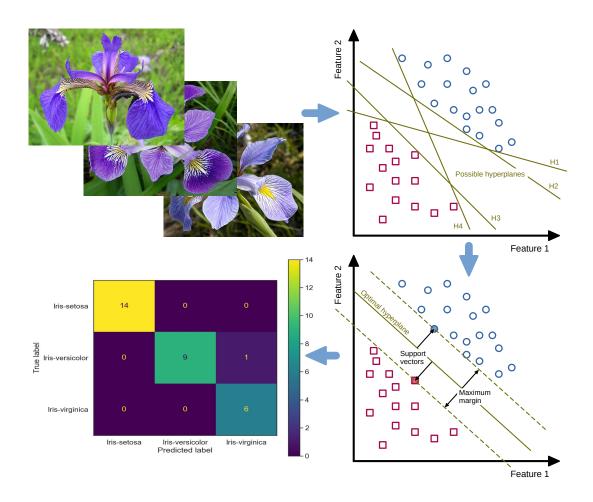
Application of the processed survey data in the analytical hierarchy process (AHP)

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This is a placeholder for the abstract that needs to be added later.



Contents

1	Introduction	2
2	Global settings and dependencies 2.1 Load package data.table	2 3 3
	2.4 Load dplyr for data manipulation	3 3 3
3	Functions for processing AHP 3.1 Set globally used input and output folders	4 4 4 4 4 5 5
4	Create data frames (tables) handling the file names of processed survey data 4.1 File table for all participants	7 7 7 7
5		8 13 18 23
6	References	28

1 Introduction

Why we use a Jupyter notebook to to publish the R program examples:

Jupyter is a new **open source** alternative to the proprietary numerical software Mathematica from Wolfram Research that is well on the way to becoming a **standard for exchanging research** results (Somers 2018; Romer 2018).

Originally Jupyter was intended as an IDE for the programming languages **Julia** and **Python**. Besides that it is also possible to install other interpreter kernels, such as the **IRkernel** for R. This can be interesting if the IDE **RStudio Desktop** is not available on the target platform used. For example, it is very difficult to install RStudio on the ARM-based embedded computer **Raspberry Pi** due to many technical dependencies. In contrast, using the R kernel in JupyterLab on the Raspberry Pi works very well and performant.

2 Global settings and dependencies

2.1 Load package data.table

The package data.table is used for reading and manipulating tables (data.table inherits from data.frame). Install and load it:

```
[33]: # install.packages("data.table")
    require(data.table)
    library(data.table)
```

2.2 Load ggplot2

The package ggplot2 is used for plotting diagrams. Install and load it:

```
[34]: # install.packages("ggplot2")
    require(ggplot2)
    library(ggplot2)
```

2.3 Load tidyr for gather() function

```
[35]: # install.packages("tidyr")
    require(tidyr)
    library(tidyr)
```

2.4 Load dplyr for data manipulation

Load necessary library dplyr for data manipulation with functions like select(), mutate() and left_join().

```
[36]: # install.packages("dplyr")
    require(dplyr)
    library(dplyr)
```

2.5 Load magick for image manipulation

The library magick is the R API to ImageMagick.

```
[37]: # install.packages('magick')
    require(magick)
    library(magick)
```

2.6 Use pipes for better coding

HINT: The pipe functionality is already available by loading the library tidyr - so you don't have to load it explicitly.

What pipes like %>% are and how to use them is described here: https://statistik-dresden.de/archives/15679.

Before using pipes in R, you have to install and load the package magrittr:

```
[38]: # install.packages("magrittr")
    require(magrittr)
    library(magrittr)
```

2.7 Load package ahpsurvey

The package ahpsurvey contains all the necessary mathematical and statistical methods to run the analytical hierarchy process (AHP).

```
[39]: # install.packages("ahpsurvey")
    require(ahpsurvey)
    library(ahpsurvey)
```

3 Functions for processing AHP

3.1 Set globally used input and output folders

```
[11]: str_input_path = "./output_data_manipulated"
str_output_path = "./output_data_AHP"
```

3.2 Function for reading in processed survey data from CSV files to data frames

Define a function for reading in a CSV file to a date frame.

```
[12]: func_readCSVdata_to_dataframe <- function(str_CSVfilename) {
    df_CSVdata <- fread(
        file = str_CSVfilename, encoding = "UTF-8",
        header = TRUE, sep = "\t", quote = "\""
    )
    return(df_CSVdata)
}</pre>
```

3.3 Function for generating a data frame with eigentrue values (weights)

```
[13]: func_genEigentrue_to_dataframe <- function(df_surveyData, vec_attributes) {
    list_mat_judgement <- df_surveyData %>%
        ahp.mat(vec_attributes, negconvert = TRUE)

    df_eigentrue <- ahp.indpref(list_mat_judgement, vec_attributes, method = "eigen")
    return(df_eigentrue)
}</pre>
```

3.4 Function for generating an array with consistency ratios

```
[14]: func_genCR_to_arr <- function(df_surveyData, vec_attributes) {
    arr_cr <- df_surveyData %>%
        ahp.mat(vec_attributes, negconvert = TRUE) %>%
        ahp.cr(vec_attributes, ri=0.58)

    return(arr_cr)
}
```

3.5 Function for generating a data frame with consistency ratios

```
[15]: func_genCR_to_dataframe <- function(df_surveyData, vec_attributes, arr_cr,u consistency_thres=0.1, str_CRlabel) {
    df_cr <- df_surveyData %>%
```

```
ahp.mat(vec_attributes, negconvert = TRUE) %>%
ahp.cr(vec_attributes, ri=0.58) %>%
data.frame() %>%
mutate(rowid = 1:length(arr_cr), arr_cr.dum = as.factor(ifelse(arr_cr <=
consistency_thres, 1, 0)))

# rename column with consistency ratios
colnames(df_cr)[1] <- str_CRlabel

return(df_cr)
}</pre>
```

3.6 Function for visualizing individual priorities and consistency ratios

```
[64]: func_visuPriosCRs <- function(df_surveyData, df_cr, arr_cr, consistency_thres=0.1,_
       ovec_attributes, df_eigentrue, vec_labels, str_image_filename) {
        df_cr_sel <- df_cr %>%
          select(arr_cr.dum, rowid)
        plot <- df_surveyData %>%
            ahp.mat(atts = vec_attributes, negconvert = TRUE) %>%
            ahp.indpref(vec_attributes, method = "eigen") %>%
            mutate(rowid = 1:nrow(df_eigentrue)) %>%
            left_join(df_cr_sel, by = 'rowid') %>%
            gather(all_of(vec_attributes), key = "var", value = "pref") %>%
            ggplot(aes(x = var, y = pref)) +
            geom_violin(alpha = 0.6, width = 0.8, color = "transparent", fill = "gray") +
            geom_jitter(alpha = 0.6, height = 0, width = 0.1, aes(color = arr_cr.dum)) +
            geom_boxplot(alpha = 0, width = 0.3, color = "#808080") +
            scale_x_discrete("Attribute", label = vec_labels) +
            scale_y_continuous("Weight (dominant eigenvalue)",
                               labels = scales::percent,
                               breaks = c(seq(0,0.7,0.1))) +
            guides(color=guide_legend(title=NULL))+
            scale_color_discrete(breaks = c(0,1),
                                 labels = c(paste("CR >", consistency_thres),
                                            paste("CR <", consistency_thres))) +</pre>
            labs(NULL, caption = paste("n =", nrow(df_surveyData), ",", "Mean CR =",
                                     round(mean(arr_cr),3))) +
            theme_minimal() +
            ggtitle("Violins displaying priorities and consistency ratios")
        # save generated ggplot graphic to a PNG image file
        ggsave(filename = str_image_filename, width = 7, height = 7, dpi = 300)
        print(plot)
      }
```

3.7 Function for generating geometric mean values from individual judgement matrices

```
ahp.cr(vec_attributes, ri=0.58) %>%
    data.frame() %>%
    mutate(rowid = 1:length(arr_cr), arr_cr.dum = as.factor(ifelse(arr_cr <=_</pre>
 ⇔consistency_thres, 1, 0)))
  # rename column with consistency ratios
  colnames(df_cr)[1] <- str_CRlabel</pre>
  # combine data frame 'df_cr' with raw survey data ('df_surveyData')
  df_cr_wRaw <- cbind(df_cr, df_surveyData)</pre>
  # remove rows, where 'arr_cr.dum' == 0 (inconsistent data)
  df_cr_wRaw_cons <- df_cr_wRaw[df_cr_wRaw$arr_cr.dum != 0, ]</pre>
  # get individual judgement matrices from last 3 columns
  list_mat_judgement <- df_cr_wRaw_cons[tail(names(df_cr_wRaw_cons), 3)] %>%
    ahp.mat(vec_atts, negconvert = TRUE)
  # get geometric mean values from judgement matrices
  list_gmean_1 <- ahp.aggpref(list_mat_judgement, vec_atts, method = "eigen",_</pre>
 →aggmethod = "geometric")
 return(list_gmean_1)
}
```

3.8 Function for normalizing the geometric mean values

```
[18]: func_norm_gmean <- function(list_gmeans) {</pre>
         # normalization so that the sum of the geometric mean values is 1 (corresponds to_{\sf U}
        →100%)
        df gmean 1 <- data.frame(list gmeans)</pre>
        # rename column with geometric mean values (raw)
        colnames(df_gmean_l)[1] <- "gmean.raw"</pre>
        gmean_sum <- 0
        for ( val in list_gmeans ) {
           gmean_sum <- gmean_sum + val</pre>
        df_gmean_l["Sum", 1] <- gmean_sum</pre>
        for (idx in 1:length(list_gmeans)) {
           gmean_norm <- list_gmeans[[idx]] / gmean_sum</pre>
           df_gmean_l[idx, "gmean.norm"] <- gmean_norm</pre>
        gmean_sum_norm <- 0</pre>
        # iterate over all rows except the last, because this is the sum itself
        for ( row in 1:(nrow(df_gmean_l)-1) ) {
           gmean_sum_norm <- gmean_sum_norm + df_gmean_l[row, 2]</pre>
        df_gmean_1["Sum", 2] <- gmean_sum_norm</pre>
        return(df_gmean_1)
```

4 Create data frames (tables) handling the file names of processed survey data

4.1 File table for all participants

4.2 File table for city administrations

4.3 File table for non-governmental organizations

4.4 File table for practitioners and experts

```
[22]: df_csvInputFiles_PE <- data.table(
    file_idx = 1:4,
    keys = c("env", "soc", "eco", "crit"),
    filenames = c("rdata_PE_env_AHP_essbare_Stadt_2022-03-18_10-41.csv",</pre>
```

5 Exploit datasets of own survey with package ahpsurvey for each group of participants

5.1 All participants

```
[65]: row_start = 1
      row_end = 3
      str_participants_group = "all"
      df_outputTable <- data.table()</pre>
      for ( file_idx in 1:nrow(df_csvInputFiles_all) ) {
        # create data frame from current input CSV file
        str_filename <- paste(str_input_path, df_csvInputFiles_all[file_idx, filenames],__
       ⇔sep="/")
        df_processed_survey_data <- func_readCSVdata_to_dataframe(str_filename)</pre>
        # create vectors for attributes and labels from a subset of data frame_
       → 'df_attributes_labels_all'
        vec_atts <- df_attributes_labels_all[c(row_start:row_end), attr]</pre>
        vec_labels <- df_attributes_labels_all[c(row_start:row_end), labels]</pre>
        # shift row interval for next iteration
        row_start = row_start + 3
        row_end = row_end + 3
        # generate data frame with eigentrue values (weights)
        df_eigentrue_weights <- func_genEigentrue_to_dataframe(df_processed_survey_data,u
       ⇔vec_atts)
        # generate an array with consistency ratios
```

```
arr_CRs <- func_genCR_to_arr(df_processed_survey_data, vec_atts)</pre>
  # generate a extended data frame with consistency ratios
  consistency_thres = 0.1
  str_CRlabel <- paste("CR", df_csvInputFiles_all[file_idx, keys], sep="_")</pre>
 df_CRs <- func_genCR_to_dataframe(df_processed_survey_data, vec_atts, arr_CRs,_
 ⇔consistency_thres, str_CRlabel)
 str_image_filename <- paste("ahp_violin", str_participants_group,__</pre>

df_csvInputFiles_PE[file_idx, keys], sep="_")
  str_image_filename <- paste(str_image_filename, ".png", sep="")</pre>
 str_image_filename <- paste(str_output_path, str_image_filename, sep="/")</pre>
 func_visuPriosCRs(df_processed_survey_data, df_CRs, arr_CRs, consistency_thres, u
 evec_atts, df_eigentrue_weights, vec_labels, str_image_filename)
  # combine data frames of eigentrue values (weights) with consistency ratios
 df_outputTable <- cbind(df_outputTable, df_eigentrue_weights)</pre>
 df_outputTable <- cbind(df_outputTable, df_CRs[c(1, 3)])</pre>
# extend file name by path
str_CSVfilename_output <- paste("rdata", str_participants_group, "eigentrue_CRs", u
 ⇔sep="_")
str_CSVfilename_output <- paste(str_CSVfilename_output, ".csv", sep="")</pre>
str_CSVfilename_output <- paste(str_output_path, str_CSVfilename_output, sep="/")
# write data frame 'df outputTable' to CSV file
write.table(df_outputTable, file = str_CSVfilename_output,
            fileEncoding = "UTF-8", row.names = FALSE,
            col.names = TRUE, sep = "\t", quote = TRUE)
```

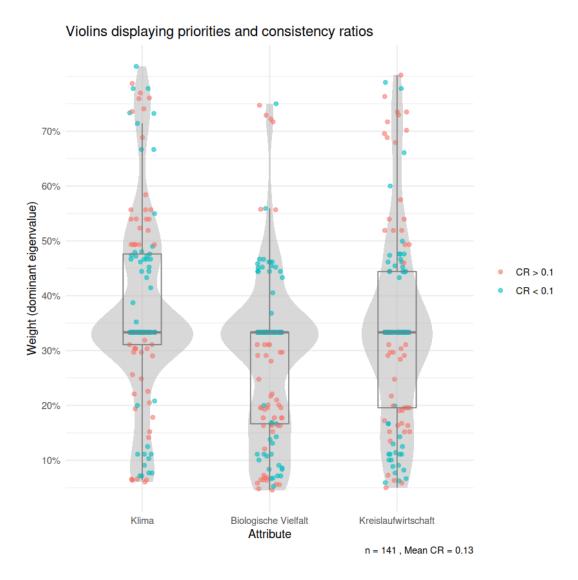


Figure 1: Violins displaying priorities and consistency ratios of all participants

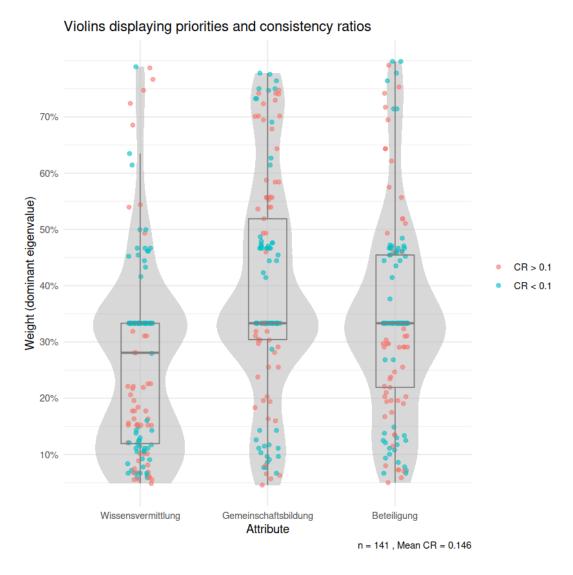


Figure 2: Violins displaying priorities and consistency ratios of all participants

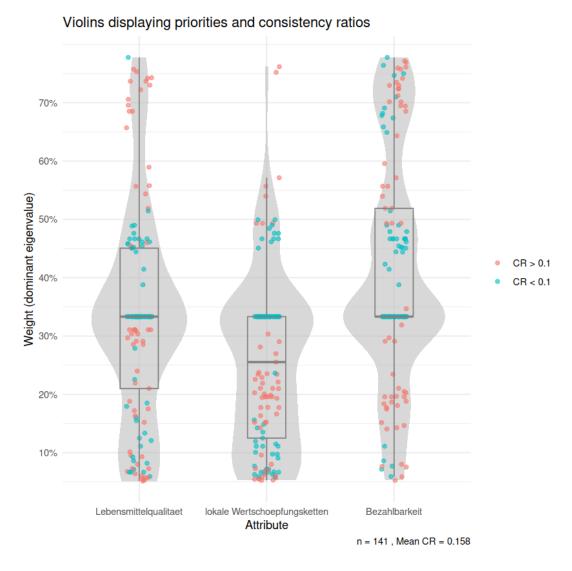


Figure 3: Violins displaying priorities and consistency ratios of all participants

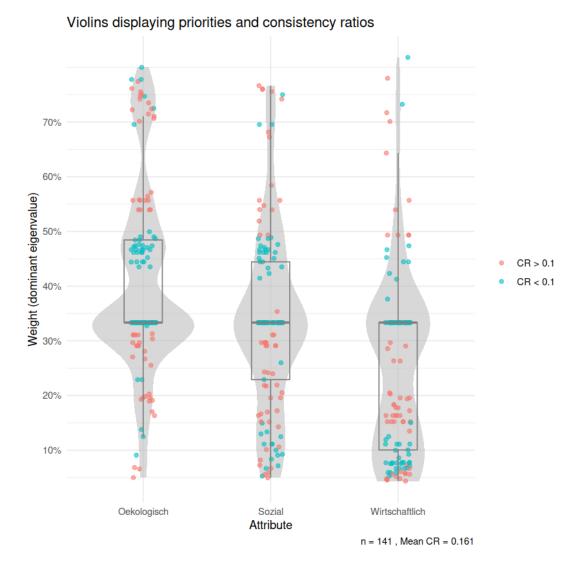


Figure 4: Violins displaying priorities and consistency ratios of all participants

```
[67]: list_gmean <- func_aggpref_gmean(df_processed_survey_data, vec_atts, arr_CRs,u consistency_thres, str_CRlabel)

df_gmean <- func_norm_gmean(list_gmean)

df_gmean
```

		gmean.raw	gmean.norm
		<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>
A data.frame: 4×2			0.4179807
		0.3023657	0.3380094
	Wirt	0.2182787	0.2440099
	Sum		1.0000000

5.2 Participants of city administrations

```
[68]: row_start = 1 row_end = 3
```

```
str_participants_group = "CA"
df_outputTable <- data.table()</pre>
for ( file_idx in 1:nrow(df_csvInputFiles_CA) ) {
  # create data frame from current input CSV file
 str_filename <- paste(str_input_path, df_csvInputFiles_CA[file_idx, filenames],_u
 ⇔sep="/")
 df_processed_survey_data <- func_readCSVdata_to_dataframe(str_filename)</pre>
 # create vectors for attributes and labels from a subset of data frame_
 → 'df_attributes_labels_all'
 vec_atts <- df_attributes_labels_all[c(row_start:row_end), attr]</pre>
 vec_labels <- df_attributes_labels_all[c(row_start:row_end), labels]</pre>
 # shift row interval for next iteration
 row_start = row_start + 3
 row_end = row_end + 3
  # generate data frame with eigentrue values (weights)
 df_eigentrue_weights <- func_genEigentrue_to_dataframe(df_processed_survey_data,u
 ⇔vec_atts)
  # generate an array with consistency ratios
  arr_CRs <- func_genCR_to_arr(df_processed_survey_data, vec_atts)</pre>
  # generate a extended data frame with consistency ratios
  consistency_thres = 0.1
  str_CRlabel <- paste("CR", df_csvInputFiles_CA[file_idx, keys], sep="_")
  df_CRs <- func_genCR_to_dataframe(df_processed_survey_data, vec_atts, arr_CRs,_

¬consistency_thres, str_CRlabel)

  str_image_filename <- paste("ahp_violin", str_participants_group,_
 df_csvInputFiles_PE[file_idx, keys], sep="_")
 str image filename <- paste(str image filename, ".png", sep="")
 str_image_filename <- paste(str_output_path, str_image_filename, sep="/")</pre>
 func_visuPriosCRs(df_processed_survey_data, df_CRs, arr_CRs, consistency_thres, u

-vec_atts, df_eigentrue_weights, vec_labels, str_image_filename)

 # combine data frames of eigentrue values (weights) with consistency ratios
 df_outputTable <- cbind(df_outputTable, df_eigentrue_weights)</pre>
  # add only specific columns of 'df_CRs' (omit column 'row_id')
 df_outputTable <- cbind(df_outputTable, df_CRs[c(1, 3)])</pre>
}
# extend file name by path
str_CSVfilename_output <- paste("rdata", str_participants_group, "eigentrue_CRs", u
 ⇔sep="_")
str_CSVfilename_output <- paste(str_CSVfilename_output, ".csv", sep="")</pre>
str_CSVfilename_output <- paste(str_output_path, str_CSVfilename_output, sep="/")</pre>
# write data frame 'df_outputTable' to CSV file
write.table(df_outputTable, file = str_CSVfilename_output,
            fileEncoding = "UTF-8", row.names = FALSE,
            col.names = TRUE, sep = "\t", quote = TRUE)
```

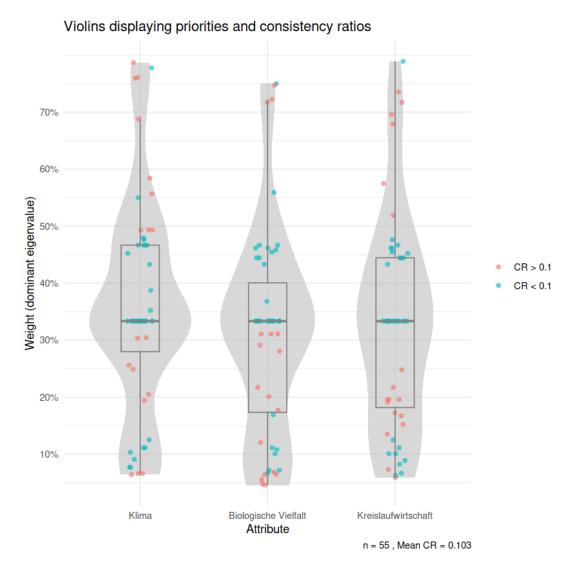


Figure 5: Violins displaying priorities and consistency ratios of participants of city administrations

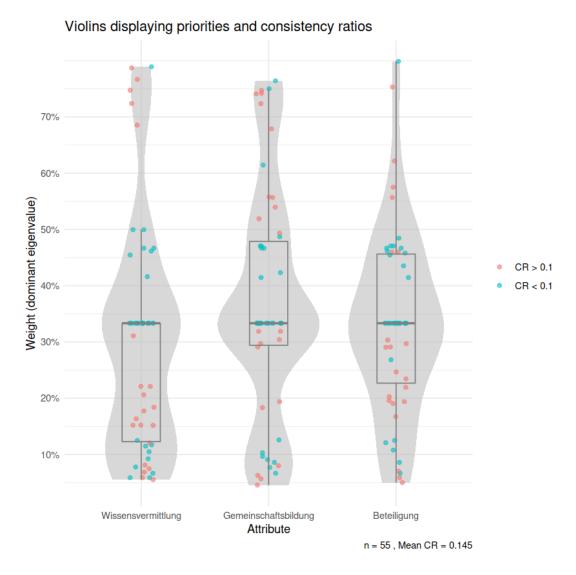


Figure 6: Violins displaying priorities and consistency ratios of participants of city administrations

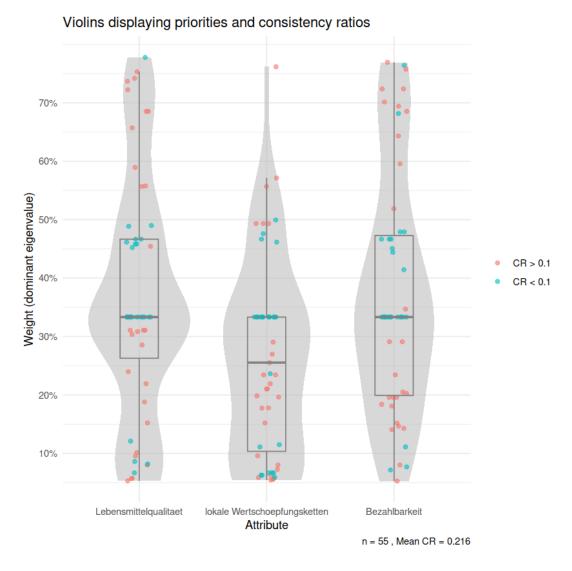


Figure 7: Violins displaying priorities and consistency ratios of participants of city administrations

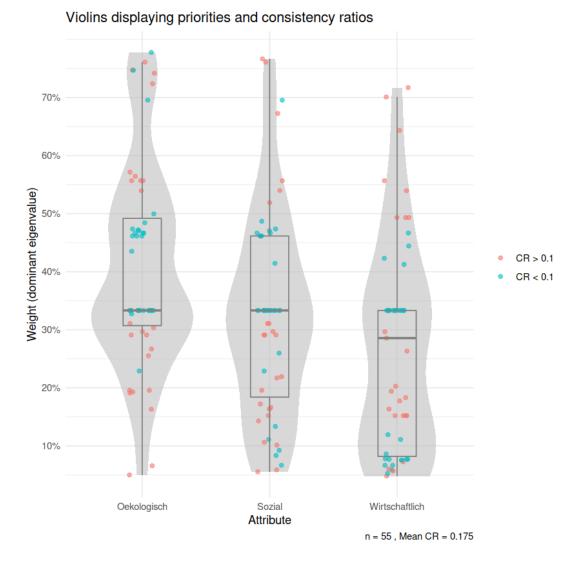


Figure 8: Violins displaying priorities and consistency ratios of participants of city administrations

5.3 Participants of non-governmental organizations

```
row_start = row_start + 3
  row_end = row_end + 3
  # generate data frame with eigentrue values (weights)
 df_eigentrue_weights <- func_genEigentrue_to_dataframe(df_processed_survey_data,u
 ⇔vec_atts)
  # generate an array with consistency ratios
  arr_CRs <- func_genCR_to_arr(df_processed_survey_data, vec_atts)</pre>
  # generate a extended data frame with consistency ratios
  consistency_thres = 0.1
  str_CRlabel <- paste("CR", df_csvInputFiles_NGO[file_idx, keys], sep="_")</pre>
 df_CRs <- func_genCR_to_dataframe(df_processed_survey_data, vec_atts, arr_CRs,_
 ⇔consistency_thres, str_CRlabel)
  str_image_filename <- paste("ahp_violin", str_participants_group,_
 df_csvInputFiles_PE[file_idx, keys], sep="_")
 str_image_filename <- paste(str_image_filename, ".png", sep="")</pre>
 str_image_filename <- paste(str_output_path, str_image_filename, sep="/")
 func_visuPriosCRs(df_processed_survey_data, df_CRs, arr_CRs, consistency_thres,_
 evec_atts, df_eigentrue_weights, vec_labels, str_image_filename)
 # combine data frames of eigentrue values (weights) with consistency ratios
 df_outputTable <- cbind(df_outputTable, df_eigentrue_weights)</pre>
  # add only specific columns of 'df_CRs' (omit column 'row_id')
 df_outputTable <- cbind(df_outputTable, df_CRs[c(1, 3)])</pre>
}
# extend file name by path
str_CSVfilename_output <- paste("rdata", str_participants_group, "eigentrue_CRs", __
 ⇔sep="_")
str_CSVfilename_output <- paste(str_CSVfilename_output, ".csv", sep="")</pre>
str_CSVfilename_output <- paste(str_output_path, str_CSVfilename_output, sep="/")
# write data frame 'df_outputTable' to CSV file
write.table(df_outputTable, file = str_CSVfilename_output,
            fileEncoding = "UTF-8", row.names = FALSE,
            col.names = TRUE, sep = "\t", quote = TRUE)
```

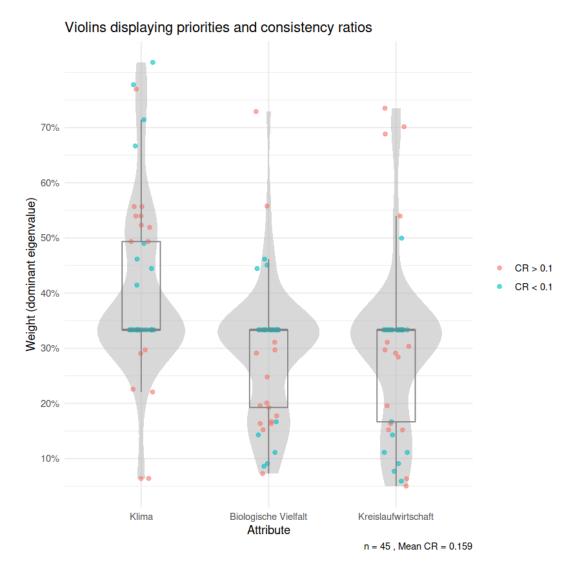


Figure 9: Violins displaying priorities and consistency ratios of participants of non-governmental organizations

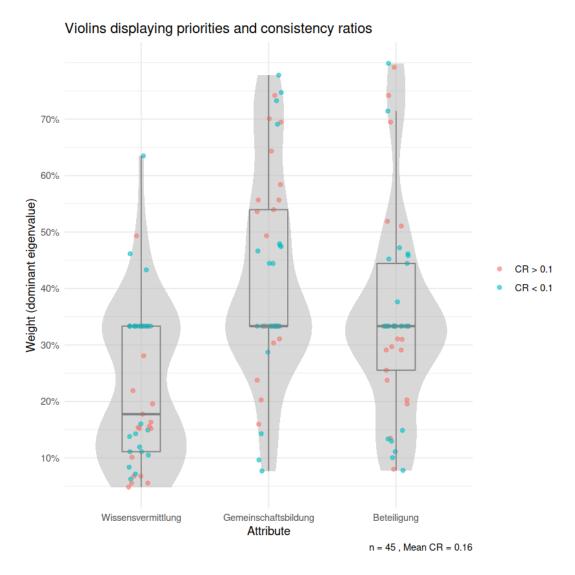


Figure 10: Violins displaying priorities and consistency ratios of participants of non-governmental organizations

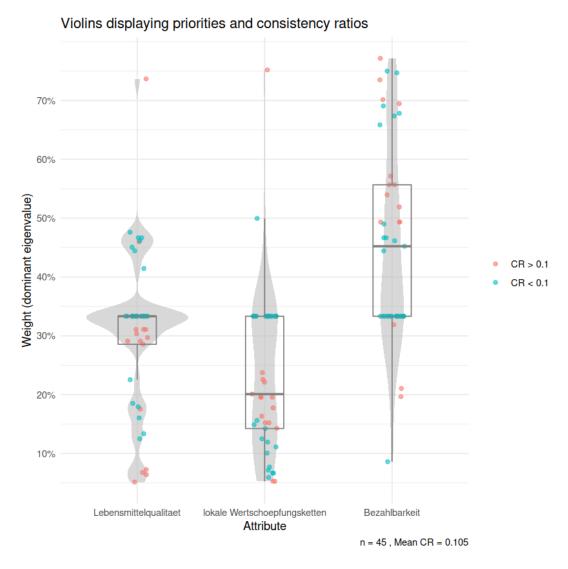


Figure 11: Violins displaying priorities and consistency ratios of participants of non-governmental organizations

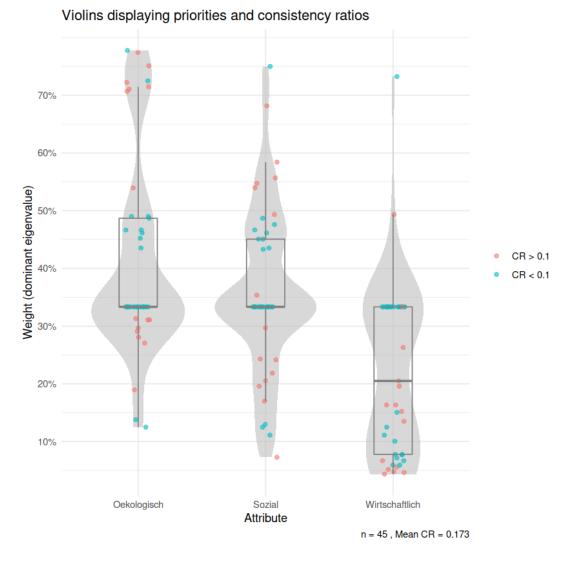


Figure 12: Violins displaying priorities and consistency ratios of participants of non-governmental organizations

5.4 Participants of practitioners and experts

```
# shift row interval for next iteration
  row_start = row_start + 3
 row_end = row_end + 3
  # generate data frame with eigentrue values (weights)
 df_eigentrue_weights <- func_genEigentrue_to_dataframe(df_processed_survey_data,__
 ⇔vec_atts)
  # generate an array with consistency ratios
  arr_CRs <- func_genCR_to_arr(df_processed_survey_data, vec_atts)</pre>
  # generate a extended data frame with consistency ratios
  consistency_thres = 0.1
  str_CRlabel <- paste("CR", df_csvInputFiles_PE[file_idx, keys], sep="_")</pre>
  df_CRs <- func_genCR_to_dataframe(df_processed_survey_data, vec_atts, arr_CRs,_
 ⇔consistency_thres, str_CRlabel)
  str_image_filename <- paste("ahp_violin", str_participants_group,_
 df_csvInputFiles_PE[file_idx, keys], sep="_")
 str_image_filename <- paste(str_image_filename, ".png", sep="")</pre>
 str_image_filename <- paste(str_output_path, str_image_filename, sep="/")</pre>
 func_visuPriosCRs(df_processed_survey_data, df_CRs, arr_CRs, consistency_thres, u
 evec_atts, df_eigentrue_weights, vec_labels, str_image_filename)
 # img <- image_graph(width = 800, height = 800, res = 24)
  # img <- image_read(str_image_filename)</pre>
  # print(img)
 # combine data frames of eigentrue values (weights) with consistency ratios
 df_outputTable <- cbind(df_outputTable, df_eigentrue_weights)</pre>
 # add only specific columns of 'df_CRs' (omit column 'row_id')
 df_outputTable <- cbind(df_outputTable, df_CRs[c(1, 3)])</pre>
# extend file name by path
str_CSVfilename_output <- paste("rdata", str_participants_group, "eigentrue_CRs", u
 ⇔sep="_")
str_CSVfilename_output <- paste(str_CSVfilename_output, ".csv", sep="")</pre>
str_CSVfilename_output <- paste(str_output_path, str_CSVfilename_output, sep="/")
# write data frame 'df_outputTable' to CSV file
write.table(df_outputTable, file = str_CSVfilename_output,
            fileEncoding = "UTF-8", row.names = FALSE,
            col.names = TRUE, sep = "\t", quote = TRUE)
```

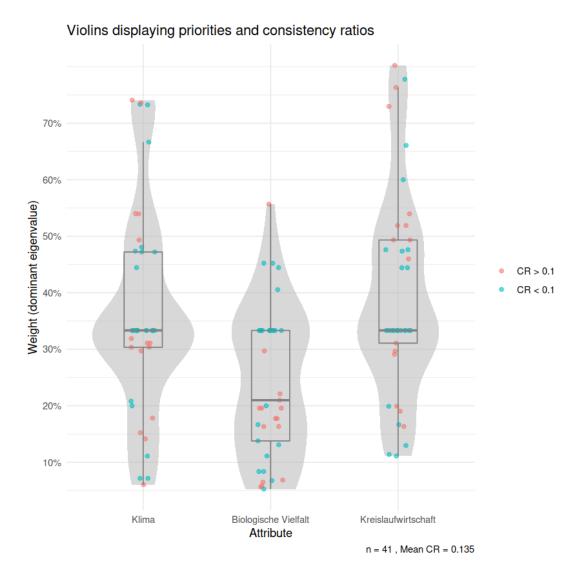


Figure 13: Violins displaying priorities and consistency ratios of participants of practitioners and experts

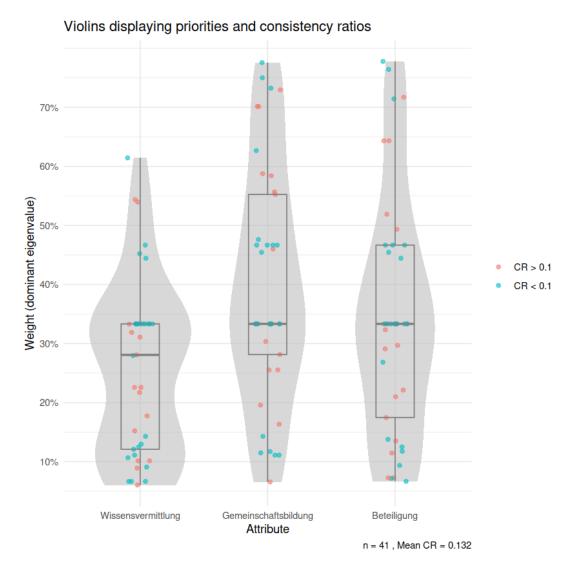


Figure 14: Violins displaying priorities and consistency ratios of participants of practitioners and experts

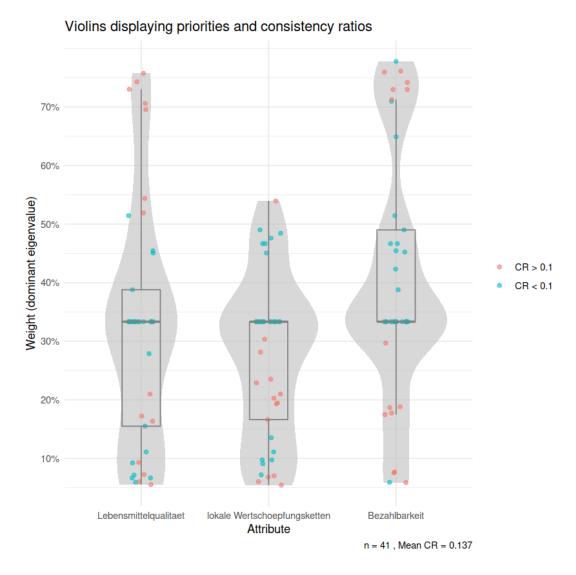


Figure 15: Violins displaying priorities and consistency ratios of participants of practitioners and experts

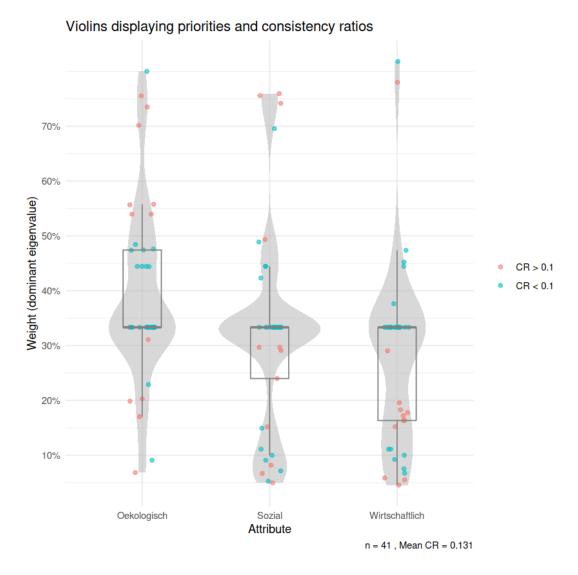


Figure 16: Violins displaying priorities and consistency ratios of participants of practitioners and experts

6 References

Online references

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