

program : 79 : write a program of private method :

class Car:

def \_\_init\_\_(self):

self.\_\_updateSoftware()

def drive(self):

print("Driving")

def \_\_updateSoftware(self):

print("Updating Software")

redcar = Car()

redcar.drive()

# redcar.\_\_updateSoftware it will give  
error because method not call  
directly

Output :

Updating Software

Driving

Program: So write a program of Exception:

try:

x = int(input("Enter Number1 :"))

y = int(input("Enter Number2 :"))

print(x/y)

except zeroDivisionError:

print("Program successfully complete")

Finally:

print("End program")

print("End...End...End")

Output:

Enter Number1: 10

Enter Number2: 5

2.0

program successfully complete

End program

End...End...End

- Enter Number1: 10

Enter Number2: 0

End program

End...End...End

ZeroDivisionError: division by zero

program : 81 : write C program to handle  
ZeroDivisionError Example:

#An exception handling Example

try :

```
F = open("myfile", "w")
```

```
a, b = [int(x) for x in input("Enter two  
numbers: ").split()]
```

```
c = a / b
```

```
F.write("writing %d into myfile" % c)
```

```
except ZeroDivisionError:
```

```
    print("Division Error")
```

```
    F.write("Division by zero happened")
```

Finally :

```
F.close()  
print("File closed")
```

Output:

Enter two numbers: 10 5

File closed

myfile:- writing 2 into myfile

- Enter two numbers: 10 0  
File closed

Error: - - -

program: 82: write a program of to handle  
Syntax Error given by eval() function

### # Example of SyntaxError

```
try:  
    date = eval(input("Enter date :"))  
except SyntaxError:  
    print("Invalid date entered")  
else:  
    print("you entered:", date)
```

Output:

Enter date: 2020, 10, 3

You entered: (2020, 10, 3)

- Enter date: 2016, 106, 3

Invalid date entered

program: 83: Write a program of using the assert statement and catching Assertion error:

### # Handling Assertion Error

try:

```
x = int(input("Enter a number between 5  
and 10 :"))
```

```
assert x >= 5 and x <= 10
```

```
print("The number entered:", x)
```

except AssertionError:

```
print("The condition is not fulfilled")
```

Output:

```
Enter a number between 5 and 10 : 11
```

The condition is not fulfilled

```
- Enter a number between 5 and 10 : 8
```

The number entered: 8

# Searching Techniques

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program : F4 : write a program of Linear Search:

# Linear Search Example

```
def linear_search(values, search_for):
    search_at = 0
    search_res = False
    # match the value with each search element
    while search_at < len(values) and search_res is False:
        if values[search_at] == search_for:
            search_res = True
        else:
            search_at = search_at + 1
    return search_res

s = int(input("Enter element that you want to search: "))
list1 = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60]
ans = linear_search(list1, s)
if ans == True:
    print("Element Found")
else:
    print("Element not Found")
```

Output:

Enter element that you want to search: 20

Element Found

- Enter element that you want to search: 5

Element not found

program: &S: write a program of binary search:

#Iterative binary search function

#It returns index of x in given array arr if present,

#else return -1

if binary\_search(arr, x):

low = 0

high = len(arr) - 1

mid = 0

while low <= high:

mid = (high + low) // 2

#If x is greater than left half

if arr[mid] < x:

low = mid + 1

#If x is smaller, ignore right half

elif arr[mid] > x:

high = mid - 1

#means x is present at mid

else:

return mid

#If we reach here, then the element was not present

return -1

# Test array

arr = [2, 3, 4, 20, 40]  
x = 40 OR xc = 33

# Function call

result = binary\_search(arr, x)

if result != -1:

print("Element is present at index",  
 str(result))

else:

print("Element is not present in  
array")

Output:

Element is present at index 4

TF xc = 33, 50

Element is not present in array

Program : #6 : write a program of Selection Sort :

# Python program for implementation of Selection Sort

import sys

A = [50, 20, 30, 10, 40, 60]

# traverse through all array element

(for i in range(len(A))):

# Find the minimum element in remaining unsorted array

min\_idx = i

for j in range(i+1, len(A)):

if A[min\_idx] > A[j]:

min\_idx = j

# Swap the found minimum element with the first element

A[i], A[min\_idx] = A[min\_idx], A[i]

# Driver code to test above  
print("Sorted array")

FOR i in range(len(A)):

    print("%d" % A[i])

Output:

sorted array

10

20

30

40

50

60

Program : 87 : write C program OF BUBBLE SORT.

def bubble\_sort(arr):

def swap(i, j):

arr[i], arr[j] = arr[j], arr[i]

n = len(arr)

swapped = True

x = -1

while swapped:

swapped = False

x = x + 1

for i in range(1, n-x):

if arr[i-1] > arr[i]:

swap(i-1, i)

swapped = True

print(arr)

bubble\_sort([1, 2, 6, 3, 4, 5])

Output:

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]

Program: 88: write a program of Hashtables:

#declare a dictionary

dict = {'Name': 'zara', 'Age': 7, 'class':  
 'First'}

#Accessing the dictionary with its key

```
print ("dict['Name']: ", dict['Name'])  
print ("dict['Age']: ", dict['Age'])
```

Output:

dict['Name']: zara

dict['Age']: 7

# Plotting Using Python

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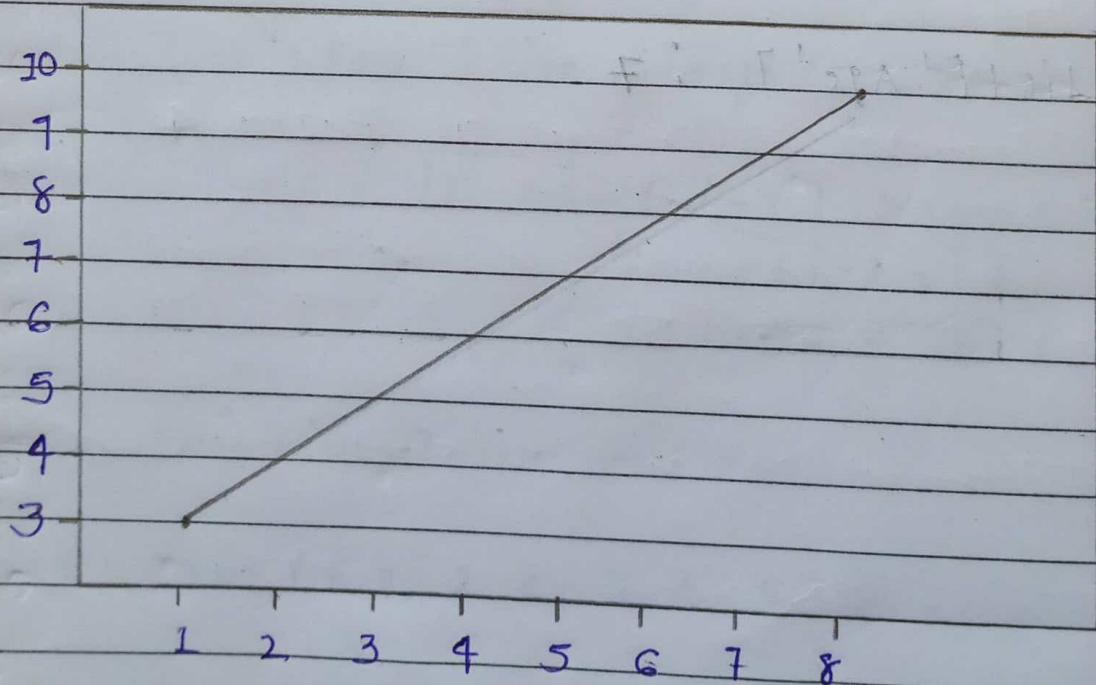
program: 89: write a program OF DRAW  
a line in diagram From (1, 3) to  
position (8, 10)

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import numpy as np
```

```
Xpoints = np.array([1, 8])  
Ypoints = np.array([3, 10])
```

```
plt.plot(Xpoints, Ypoints)  
plt.show()
```

OUTPUT:



program: 90 : Draw a line in diagram  
without array:

```
import numpy as np
```

```
import pylab as pl
```

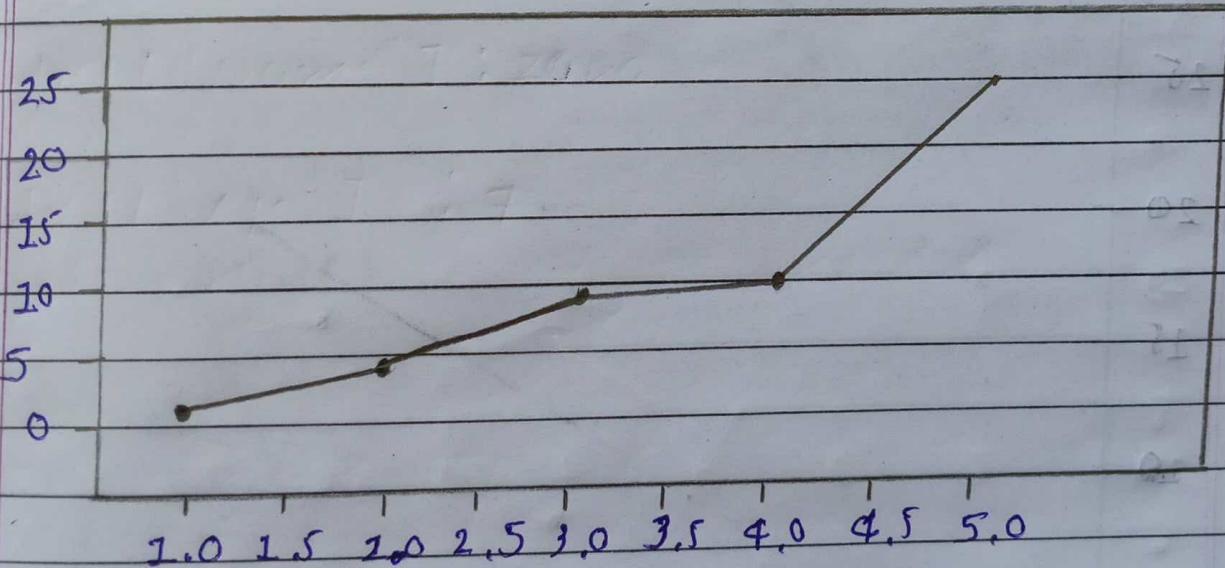
```
x = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

```
y = [1, 4, 9, 10, 25]
```

```
pl.plot(x, y)
```

```
pl.show()
```

Output:



Program: Q1: Write a program of to demostrate scatter plot:

```
import numpy as np
```

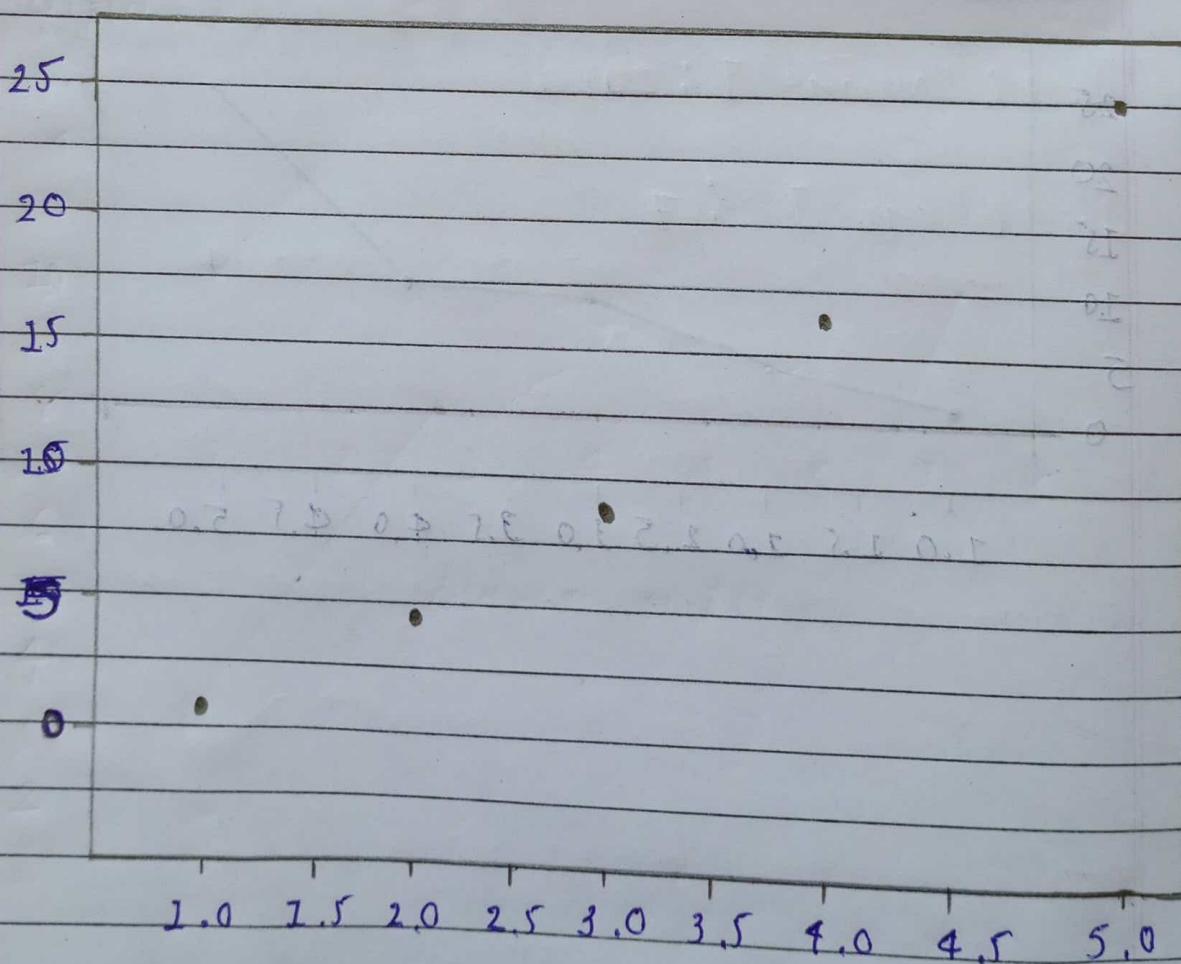
```
import pylab as pl
```

```
x = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

```
y = [1, 4, 9, 16, 25]
```

```
pl.scatter(x, y) OR pl.plot(x, y, 'ro')
```

Output:



program: 92: write a program to changing the  
Line Color and style:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
import numpy as np
```

```
y1 = np.array([3, 8, 1, 10])
```

```
y2 = np.array([6, 2, 7, 11])
```

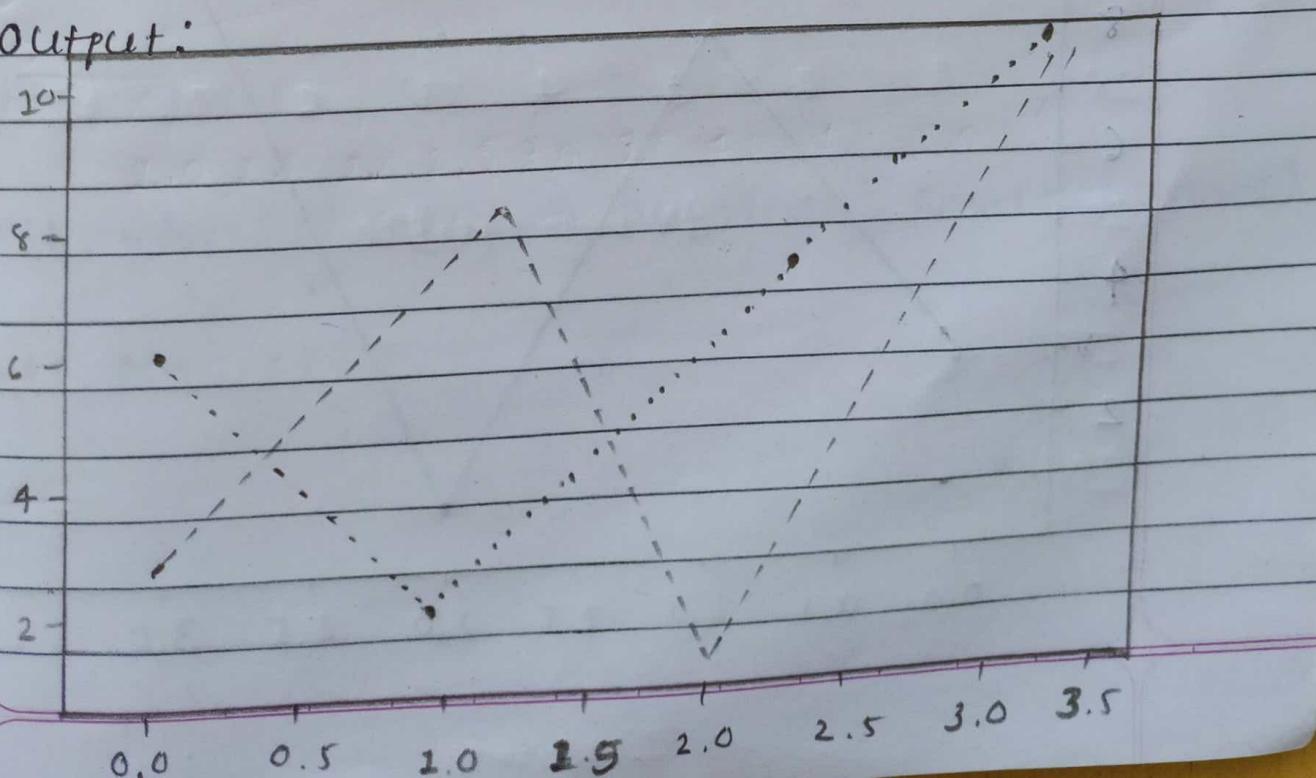
```
plt.plot(y1, color='r', linestyle='--')
```

```
plt.plot(y2, color='g', linestyle=':')
```

```
# plt.plot(y1, c='r', ls='dotted', line-  
width='5')
```

```
plt.show()
```

Output:



program : 93 : write C program to demonstrate marker:

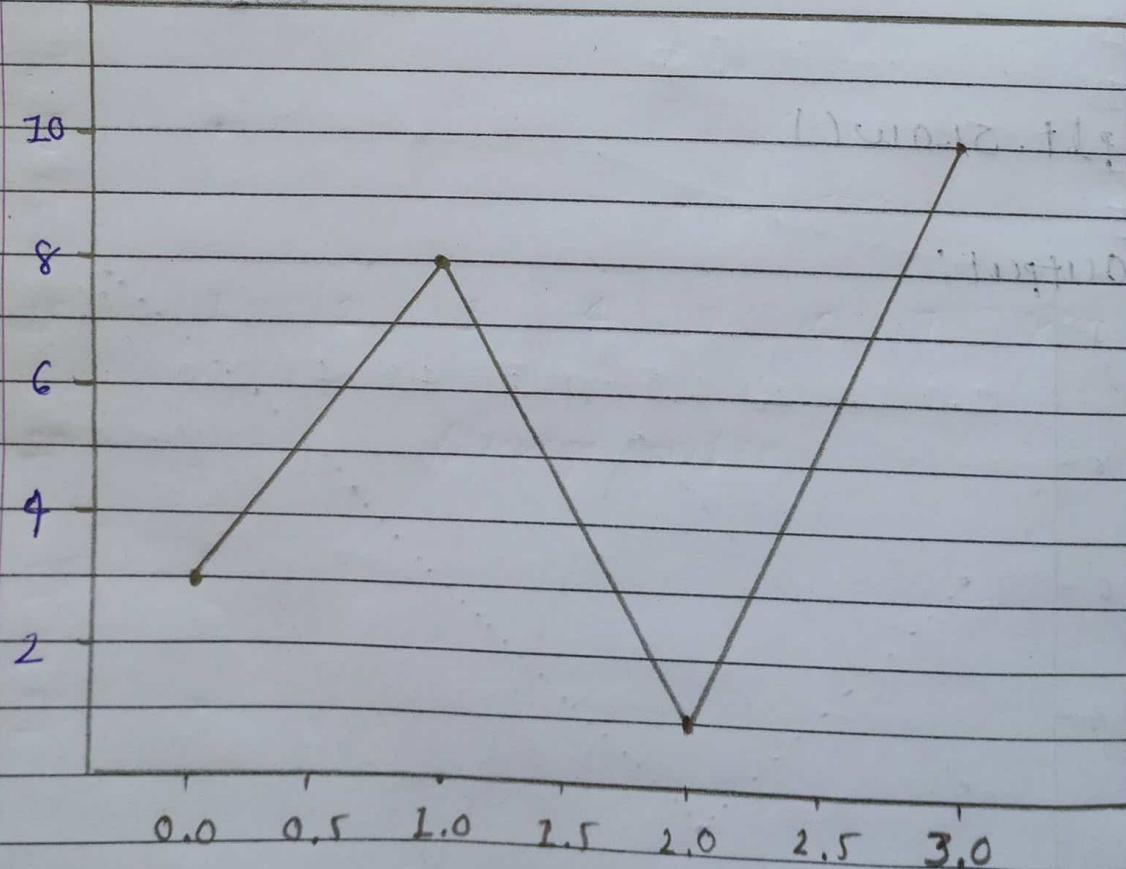
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import numpy as np
```

```
xpoints = np.array([3, 8, 1, 10])
```

```
plt.plot(xpoints, marker = "o", ms = 10,  
         mec = 'r', mfc = 'g')
```

```
plt.show()
```

Output:



program: 94: write a program to demonstrate  
Labels, Title & font properties:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

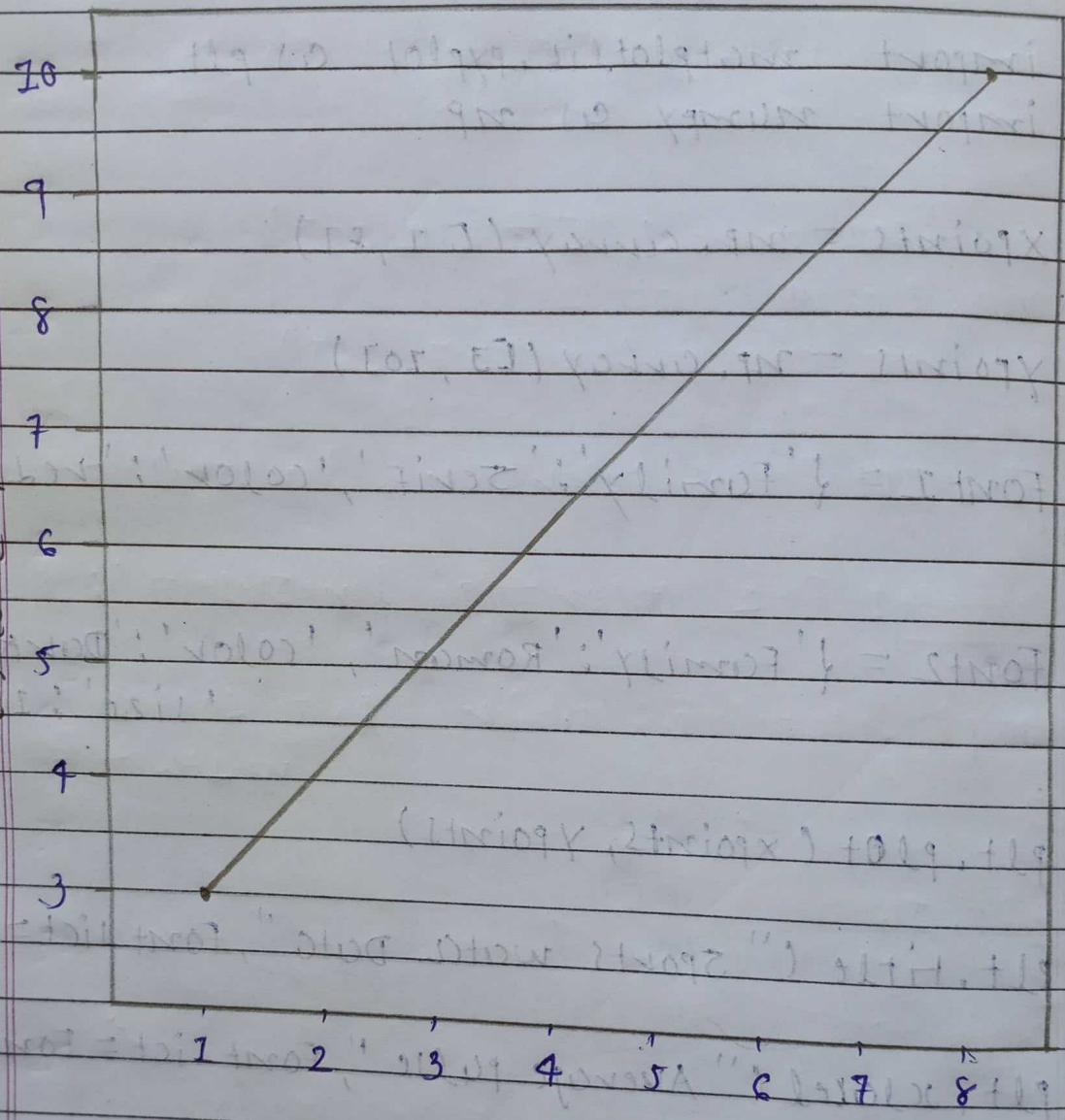
xpoints = np.array([1, 8])
ypoints = np.array([3, 10])

font1 = {'family': 'serif', 'color': 'red', 'size': 20}
font2 = {'family': 'roman', 'color': 'darkred',
         'size': 15}

plt.plot(xpoints, ypoints)
plt.title("Sports watch Data", fontdict=font1)
plt.xlabel("Average pulse", fontdict=font2)
plt.ylabel("calorie Burnuse", fontdict=font1)

plt.show()
```

Output: Sports watch Data



Average impulse "J" (volts, Hz)

( ) 6-10 M. + D.

program: 95: write a program of grid:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import numpy as np
```

#plot 1

```
x = np.array([0, 1, 2, 3])  
y = np.array([3, 4, 1, 10])
```

```
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)  
plt.plot(x, y, '*:r')  
plt.title("sales")  
plt.grid()
```

#plot 2

```
x = np.array([0, 1, 2, 3])  
y = np.array([10, 20, 30, 40])
```

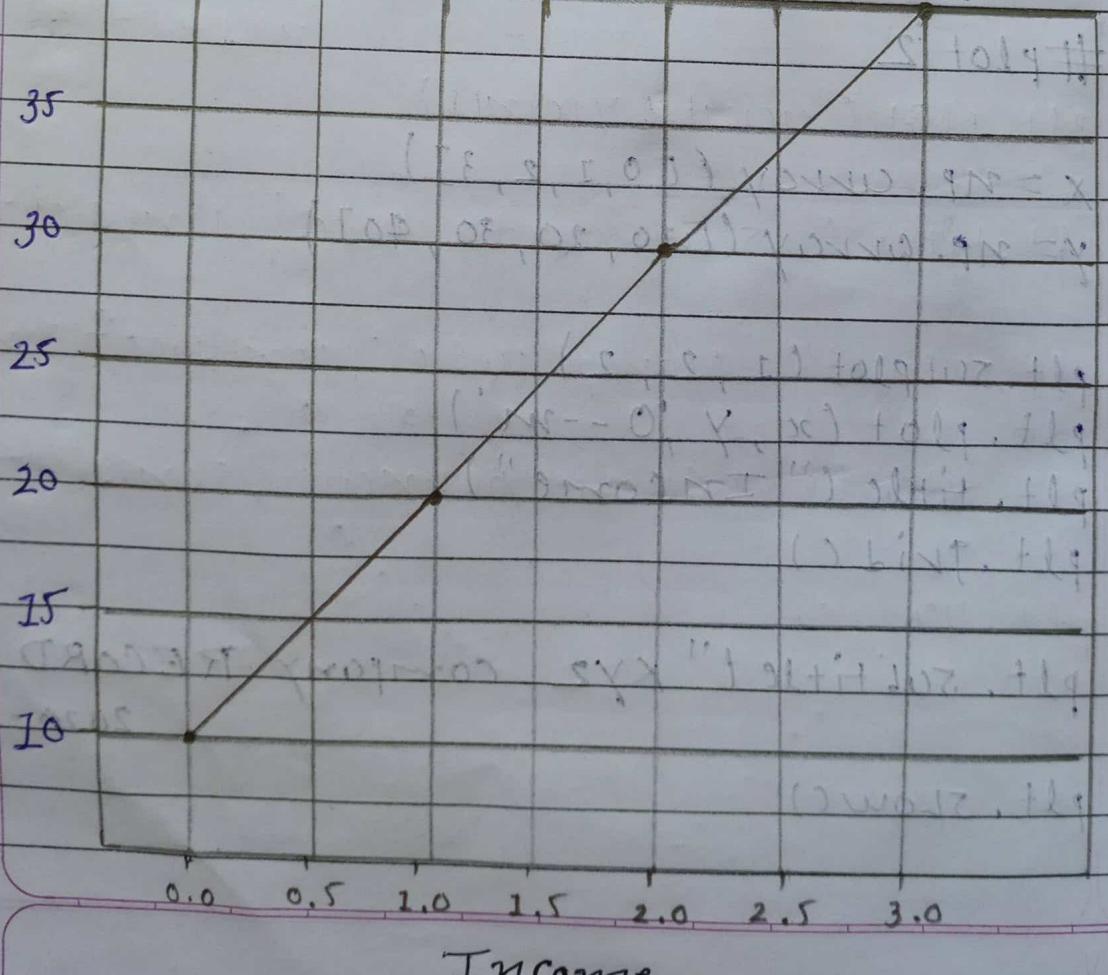
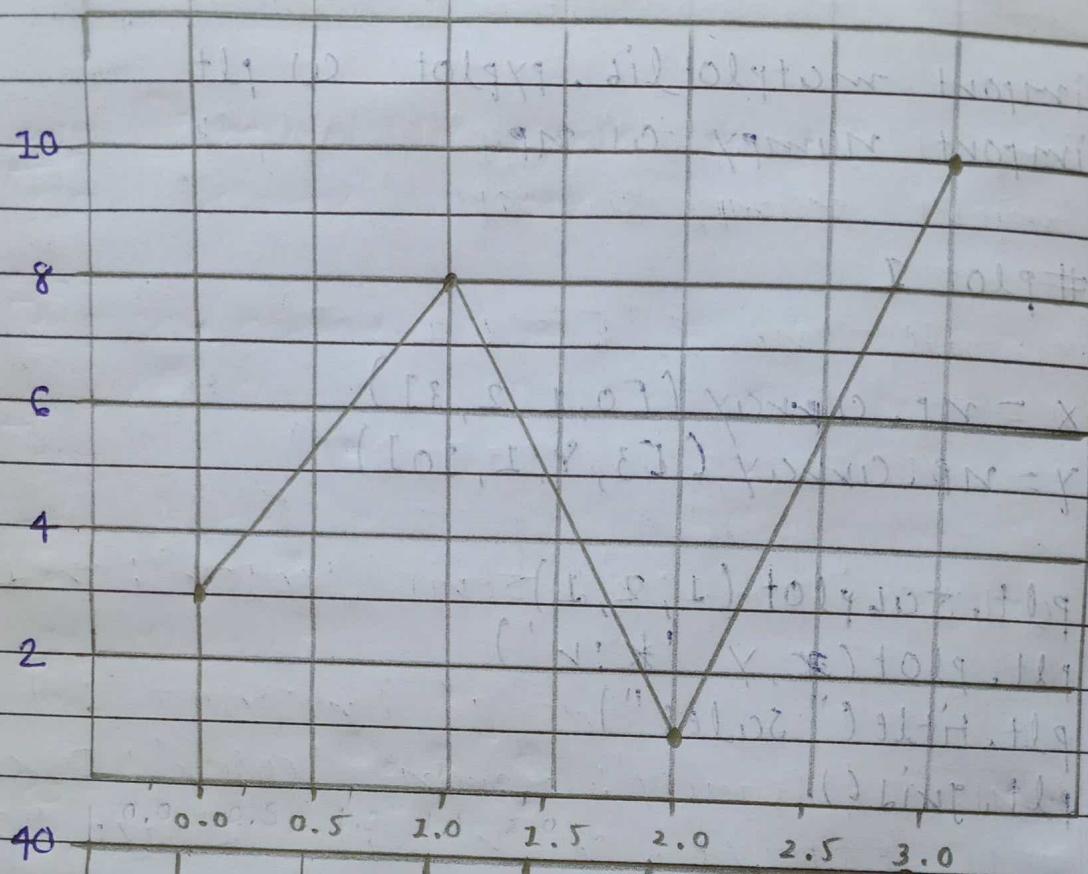
```
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)  
plt.plot(x, y, 'o--m')  
plt.title("Income")  
plt.grid()
```

plt.subtitle("xyz company RECORD  
2020-21")

plt.show()

## XYZ Company RECORD 2020-21

Sales



Income

Program : 96 : write a program of

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import numpy as np
```

```
X = np.array([5, 7, 8, 7, 2, 17, 2, 9, 4, 11, 12,  
             9, 6])
```

```
Y = np.array([99, 86, 87, 88, 111, 86, 103, 87,  
             94, 78, 77, 85,  
             86])
```

```
colors = np.array(["red", "green", "blue",  
                  "yellow", "orange", "pink", "black",  
                  "purple", "beige", "brown", "gray", "cyan",  
                  "magenta"])
```

```
plt.scatter(X, Y, c=colors)  
plt.show()
```

110

10 10 today, all day long, trying  
to get to know him

105

100

95

90

85

80

2 (4) 6 8 10 12 14 16 18  
(1) 20, 22, 24

program: 97:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import numpy as np
```

```
X = np.array([5, 7, 8, 7, 2, 17, 2, 7, 4, 11, 12,  
             9, 6])
```

```
Y = np.array([77, 86, 87, 88, 117, 86, 103,  
             87, 94, 78, 77, 85, 86])
```

```
colors = np.array([0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 45, 50, 55,  
                  60, 70, 80, 90, 100])
```

```
sizes = np.array([20, 50, 100, 100, 500, 1000,  
                  60, 90, 10, 300, 600, 800, 75])
```

```
plt.scatter(x, y, c=colors, cmap='viridis',  
            s=sizes, alpha=0.5)
```

```
plt.colorbar()
```

```
plt.show()
```

110

105

100

95

90

85

80

2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16

( ) w/o vol. fig

( ) w/o fig

program : 98 : Drawn 4 bars vertical :

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
import numpy as np
```

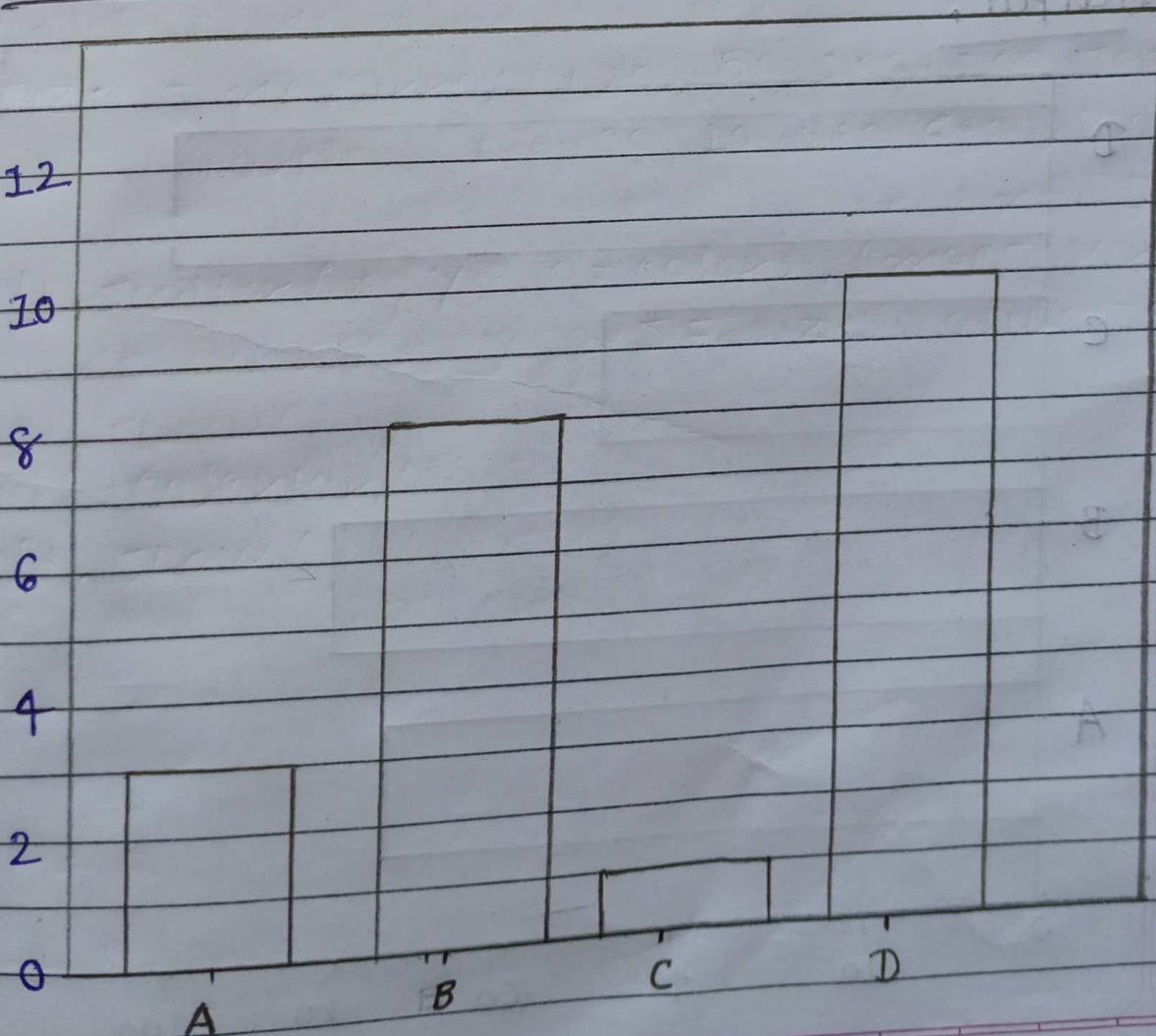
```
x = np.array(["A", "B", "C", "D"])
```

```
y = np.array([3, 8, 1, 10])
```

```
plt.bar(x, y)
```

```
plt.show()
```

Output :



Program: 79: Draws horizontal bars:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import numpy as np
```

$x = np.array(["A", "B", "C", "D"])$   
 $y = np.array([75, 80, 45, 100])$

```
plt.bar(x, y, color="#009900", width=0.5)  
plt.show()
```

Output:

