The LLDB Debugger

GOALS AND STATUS GDB TO LLDB COMMAND MAP About Below is a table of GDB commands with the LLDB counterparts. The built in GDB-compatibility aliases in LLDB are also listed. The full lldb command names are often long, but any unique short Blog form can be used. Instead of "breakpoint set", "br se" is also acceptable. Goals **EXECUTION COMMANDS** Features Status **GDB USE AND EXTENSION** Launch a process no arguments. (IIdb) process launch (gdb) run Tutorial (gdb) r (lldb) run (lldb) r GDB and LLDB command Launch a process with arguments <args>. examples (IIdb) process launch -- <args> (qdb) run <arqs> Frame and Thread Formatting (gdb) r <args> (IIdb) r <args> Symbolication Launch a process for with arguments a.out 1 2 3 without having to supply the args every time. Variable Formatting % Ildb -- a.out 1 2 3 % gdb --args a.out 1 2 3 (IIdb) run (gdb) run Python Reference (gdb) run (IIdb) run Python Example Symbols on Mac OS X Or: (gdb) set args 1 2 3 (IIdb) settings set target.run-args 1 2 3 Troubleshooting (gdb) run (IIdb) run Architecture (IIdb) run (gdb) run **MAILING LISTS** Launch a process with arguments in new terminal window (Mac OS X only). (IIdb) process launch --tty -- <args> Ildb-dev (IIdb) pro la -t -- <args> Ildb-commits Launch a process with arguments in existing terminal /dev/ttys006 (Mac OS X only). (IIdb) process launch --tty=/dev/ttys006 -- <args> (IIdb) pro la -t/dev/ttys006 -- <args> **RESOURCES** Download Set environment variables for process before launching. Python API Documentation (IIdb) settings set target.env-vars DEBUG=1 (qdb) set env DEBUG 1 C++ API Documentation (IIdb) set se target.env-vars DEBUG=1 (IIdb) env DEBUG=1 Source Unset environment variables for process before launching. Build (gdb) unset env DEBUG (IIdb) settings remove target.env-vars DEBUG (IIdb) set rem target.env-vars DEBUG Coding Conventions Show the arguments that will be or were passed to the program when run. SB API Coding Rules **Bug Reports** Browse SVN

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(gdb) show args Argument list to give program being debugged when it is started is "1 2 3".	(lldb) settings show target.run-args target.run-args (array of strings) = [0]: "1" [1]: "2" [2]: "3"	
Set environment variables for process and launch proc	ess in one command.	
	(lidb) process launch -v DEBUG=1	
Attach to a process with process ID 123.		
(gdb) attach 123	(IIdb) process attachpid 123 (IIdb) attach -p 123	
Attach to a process named "a.out".		
(gdb) attach a.out	(IIdb) process attachname a.out (IIdb) pro at -n a.out	
Wait for a process named "a.out" to launch and attach.		
(gdb) attach -waitfor a.out	(IIdb) process attachname a.outwaitfor (IIdb) pro at -n a.out -w	
Attach to a remote gdb protocol server running on system "eorgadd", port 8000.		

(gdb) target remote eorgadd:8000	(IIdb) gdb-remote eorgadd:8000	
Attach to a remote gdb protocol server running on the	local system, port 8000.	
(gdb) target remote localhost:8000	(IIdb) gdb-remote 8000	
Attach to a Darwin kernel in kdp mode on system "eorg	gadd".	
(gdb) kdp-reattach eorgadd	(IIdb) kdp-remote eorgadd	
Do a source level single step in the currently selected t	thread.	
(gdb) step (gdb) s	(IIdb) thread step-in (IIdb) step (IIdb) s	
Do a source level single step over in the currently selected thread.		
(gdb) next (gdb) n	(IIdb) thread step-over (IIdb) next (IIdb) n	
Do an instruction level single step in the currently select	cted thread.	
(gdb) stepi (gdb) si	(IIdb) thread step-inst (IIdb) si	
Do an instruction level single step over in the currently	selected thread.	
(gdb) nexti (gdb) ni	(IIdb) thread step-inst-over (IIdb) ni	
Step out of the currently selected frame.		
(gdb) finish	(IIdb) thread step-out (IIdb) finish	
Return immediately from the currently selected frame, with an optional return value.		
(gdb) return <return expression=""></return>	(IIdb) thread return <return expression=""></return>	
Backtrace and disassemble every time you stop.		
	(IIdb) target stop-hook add Enter your stop hook command(s). Type 'DONE' to end. > bt > disassemblepc > DONE Stop hook #1 added.	

BREAKPOINT COMMANDS

GDB	LLDB	
Set a breakpoint at all functions named main .		
(gdb) break main	(IIdb) breakpoint setname main (IIdb) br s -n main (IIdb) b main	
Set a breakpoint in file test.c at line 12 .		
(gdb) break test.c:12	(IIdb) breakpoint setfile test.cline 12 (IIdb) br s -f test.c -l 12 (IIdb) b test.c:12	
Set a breakpoint at all C++ methods whose basename is main .		
(gdb) break main (Hope that there are no C functions named main).	(IIdb) breakpoint setmethod main (IIdb) br s -M main	
Set a breakpoint at and object C function: -[NSString stringWithFormat:].		
(gdb) break -[NSString stringWithFormat:]	(IIdb) breakpoint setname "-[NSString stringWithFormat:]" (IIdb) b -[NSString stringWithFormat:]	
Set a breakpoint at all Objective C methods whose selector is count .		
(gdb) break count (Hope that there are no C or C++ functions named count).	(IIdb) breakpoint setselector count (IIdb) br s -S count	
Set a breakpoint by regular expression on function name.		
(gdb) rbreak regular-expression	(IIdb) breakpoint setfunc-regex regular-expression (IIdb) br s -r regular-expression	

Ensure that breakpoints by file and line work for #included .c/.cpp/.m files.		
(gdb) b foo.c:12	(IIdb) settings set target.inline-breakpoint-strategy always (IIdb) br s -f foo.c -l 12	
Set a breakpoint by regular expression on source file of	ontents.	
(gdb) shell grep -e -n pattern source-file (gdb) break source-file:CopyLineNumbers	(IIdb) breakpoint setsource-pattern regular- expressionfile SourceFile (IIdb) br s -p regular-expression -f file	
Set a conditional breakpoint		
(gdb) break foo if strcmp(y,"hello") == 0	(IIdb) breakpoint setname foocondition '(int)strcmp(y,"hello") == 0' (IIdb) br s -n foo -c '(int)strcmp(y,"hello") == 0'	
List all breakpoints.		
(gdb) info break	(IIdb) breakpoint list (IIdb) br I	
Delete a breakpoint.		
(gdb) delete 1	(IIdb) breakpoint delete 1 (IIdb) br del 1	

WATCHPOINT COMMANDS

GDB	LLDB	
Set a watchpoint on a variable when it is written to.		
(gdb) watch global_var	(IIdb) watchpoint set variable global_var (IIdb) wa s v global_var	
Set a watchpoint on a memory location when it is writt the pointer size if no '-x byte_size' is specified. This co returning an unsigned integer pointing to the start of t	mmand takes raw input, evaluated as an expression	
(gdb) watch -location g_char_ptr	(IIdb) watchpoint set expression my_ptr (IIdb) wa s e my_ptr	
Set a condition on a watchpoint.		
	(IIdb) watch set var global (IIdb) watchpoint modify -c '(global==5)' (IIdb) c (IIdb) bt * thread #1: tid = 0x1c03, 0x0000000100000ef5 a.out`modify + 21 at main.cpp:16, stop reason = watchpoint 1 frame #0: 0x0000000100000ef5 a.out`modify + 21 at main.cpp:16 frame #1: 0x0000000100000eac a.out`main + 108 at main.cpp:25	
	frame #2: 0x00007fff8ac9c7e1 libdyld.dylib`start + 1 (lldb) frame var global (int32_t) global = 5	
List all watchpoints.		
(gdb) info break	(IIdb) watchpoint list (IIdb) watch I	
Delete a watchpoint.		
(gdb) delete 1	(IIdb) watchpoint delete 1 (IIdb) watch del 1	

EXAMINING VARIABLES

GDB	LLDB	
Show the arguments and local variables for the current frame.		
(gdb) info args and (gdb) info locals	(lldb) frame variable (lldb) fr v	
Show the local variables for the current frame.		
(gdb) info locals	(IIdb) frame variableno-args (IIdb) fr v -a	
Show the contents of local variable "bar".		
(gdb) p bar	(IIdb) frame variable bar	

	(lldb) fr v bar (lldb) p bar	
Show the contents of local variable "bar" formatted as	hex.	
(gdb) p/x bar	(IIdb) frame variableformat x bar (IIdb) fr v -f x bar	
Show the contents of global variable "baz".		
(gdb) p baz	(IIdb) target variable baz (IIdb) ta v baz	
Show the global/static variables defined in the current source file.		
n/a	(lldb) target variable (lldb) ta v	
Display the variables "argc" and "argv" every time you	stop.	
(gdb) display argv	(IIdb) target stop-hook addone-liner "frame variable argc argv" (IIdb) ta st a -o "fr v argc argv" (IIdb) display argc (IIdb) display argv	
Display the variables "argc" and "argv" only when you stop in the function named main .		
	(IIdb) target stop-hook addname mainone-liner "frame variable argc argv" (IIdb) ta st a -n main -o "fr v argc argv"	
Display the variable "*this" only when you stop in c class named MyClass .		
	(IIdb) target stop-hook addclassname MyClass one-liner "frame variable *this" (IIdb) ta st a -c MyClass -o "fr v *this"	

EVALUATING EXPRESSIONS

GDB	LLDB	
Evaluating a generalized expression in the current fram	ne.	
(gdb) print (int) printf ("Print nine: %d.", 4 + 5) or if you don't want to see void returns: (gdb) call (int) printf ("Print nine: %d.", 4 + 5)	(lldb) expr (int) printf ("Print nine: %d.", 4 + 5) or using the print alias: (lldb) print (int) printf ("Print nine: %d.", 4 + 5)	
Creating and assigning a value to a convenience variable	ole.	
(gdb) set \$foo = 5 (gdb) set variable \$foo = 5 or using the print command (gdb) print \$foo = 5 or using the call command (gdb) call \$foo = 5 and if you want to specify the type of the variable: (gdb) set \$foo = (unsigned int) 5	In lldb you evaluate a variable declaration expression as you would write it in C: (Ildb) expr unsigned int \$foo = 5	
Printing the ObjC "description" of an object.		
(gdb) po [SomeClass returnAnObject]	(IIdb) expr -o [SomeClass returnAnObject] or using the po alias: (IIdb) po [SomeClass returnAnObject]	
Print the dynamic type of the result of an expression.		
(gdb) set print object 1 (gdb) p someCPPObjectPtrOrReference only works for C++ objects.	(IIdb) expr -d 1 [SomeClass returnAnObject] (IIdb) expr -d 1 someCPPObjectPtrOrReference or set dynamic type printing to be the default: (IIdb) settings set target.prefer-dynamic run-target	
Calling a function so you can stop at a breakpoint in the function.		
(gdb) set unwindonsignal 0 (gdb) p function_with_a_breakpoint()	(IIdb) expr -i 0 function_with_a_breakpoint()	
Calling a function that crashes, and stopping when the function crashes.		
<pre>(gdb) set unwindonsignal 0 (gdb) p function_which_crashes()</pre>	(IIdb) expr -u 0 function_which_crashes()	

EXAMINING THREAD STATE

GDB	LLDB
Show the stack backtrace for the current thread.	
(gdb) bt	(IIdb) thread backtrace (IIdb) bt
Show the stack backtraces for all threads.	

(gdb) thread apply all bt	(IIdb) thread backtrace all (IIdb) bt all
Backtrace the first five frames of the current thread.	
(gdb) bt 5	(IIdb) thread backtrace -c 5 (IIdb) bt 5 (IIdb-169 and later) (IIdb) bt -c 5 (IIdb-168 and earlier)
Select a different stack frame by index for the current	thread.
(gdb) frame 12	(IIdb) frame select 12 (IIdb) fr s 12 (IIdb) f 12
List information about the currently selected frame in t	the current thread.
	(IIdb) frame info
Select the stack frame that called the current stack fra	me.
(gdb) up	(IIdb) up (IIdb) frame selectrelative=1
Select the stack frame that is called by the current sta	ck frame.
(gdb) down	(IIdb) down (IIdb) frame selectrelative=-1 (IIdb) fr s -r-1
Select a different stack frame using a relative offset.	
(gdb) up 2 (gdb) down 3	(IIdb) frame selectrelative 2 (IIdb) fr s -r2
	(IIdb) frame selectrelative -3 (IIdb) fr s -r-3
Show the general purpose registers for the current thre	
(gdb) info registers	(IIdb) register read
Write a new decimal value '123' to the current thread i	register 'rax'.
(gdb) p \$rax = 123	(IIdb) register write rax 123
Skip 8 bytes ahead of the current program counter (inequality and expression and insert the scalar result in L	
(gdb) jump *\$pc+8	(IIdb) register write pc `\$pc+8`
Show the general purpose registers for the current throthe same format characters as printf(3) when possibl specifiers.	
	(IIdb) register readformat i (IIdb) re r -f i
	LLDB now supports the GDB shorthand format syntax but there can't be space after the command: (Ildb) register read/d
Show all registers in all register sets for the current the	read.
(gdb) info all-registers	(IIdb) register readall (IIdb) re r -a
Show the values for the registers named "rax", "rsp" a	nd "rbp" in the current thread.
(gdb) info all-registers rax rsp rbp	(IIdb) register read rax rsp rbp
Show the values for the register named "rax" in the cu	rrent thread formatted as binary .
(gdb) p/t \$rax	(IIdb) register readformat binary rax (IIdb) re r -f b rax
	LLDB now supports the GDB shorthand format syntax but there can't be space after the command: (Ildb) register read/t rax (Ildb) p/t \$rax
Read memory from address 0xbffff3c0 and show 4 hex	uint32_t values.
(gdb) x/4xw 0xbffff3c0	(IIdb) memory readsize 4format xcount 4 0xbffff3c0 (IIdb) me r -s4 -fx -c4 0xbffff3c0 (IIdb) x -s4 -fx -c4 0xbffff3c0
	LLDB now supports the GDB shorthand format syntax but there can't be space after the command:
	(IIdb) memory read/4xw 0xbffff3c0

	(IIdb) x/4xw 0xbffff3c0 (IIdb) memory readqdb-format 4xw 0xbffff3c0	
Read memory starting at the expression "argv[0]".	(mas) memory readgus-format 4xw 0xbimsco	
(gdb) x argv[0]	(IIdb) memory read `argv[0]` NOTE: any command can inline a scalar expression result (as long as the target is stopped) using backticks around any expression: (IIdb) memory readsize `sizeof(int)` `argv[0]`	
Read 512 bytes of memory from address 0xbffff3c0 an	d save results to a local file as text .	
(gdb) set logging on (gdb) set logging file /tmp/mem.txt (gdb) x/512bx 0xbffff3c0 (gdb) set logging off	(IIdb) memory readoutfile /tmp/mem.txtcount 512 0xbffff3c0 (IIdb) me r -o/tmp/mem.txt -c512 0xbffff3c0 (IIdb) x/512bx -o/tmp/mem.txt 0xbffff3c0	
Save binary memory data starting at 0×1000 and ending	ng at 0x2000 to a file.	
(gdb) dump memory /tmp/mem.bin 0x1000 0x2000	(IIdb) memory readoutfile /tmp/mem.binbinary 0x1000 0x2000 (IIdb) me r -o /tmp/mem.bin -b 0x1000 0x2000	
Get information about a specific heap allocation (availa	able on Mac OS X only).	
(gdb) info malloc 0x10010d680	(IIdb) command script import IIdb.macosx.heap (IIdb) process launchenvironment MallocStackLogging=1 [ARGS] (IIdb) malloc_infostack-history 0x10010d680	
Get information about a specific heap allocation and ca (available on Mac OS X only)	st the result to any dynamic type that can be deduced	
	(IIdb) command script import IIdb.macosx.heap (IIdb) malloc_infotype 0x10010d680	
Find all heap blocks that contain a pointer specified by	an expression EXPR (available on Mac OS X only).	
	(IIdb) command script import IIdb.macosx.heap (IIdb) ptr_refs EXPR	
Find all heap blocks that contain a C string anywhere in	n the block (available on Mac OS X only).	
	(IIdb) command script import IIdb.macosx.heap (IIdb) cstr_refs CSTRING	
Disassemble the current function for the current frame		
(gdb) disassemble	(IIdb) disassembleframe (IIdb) di -f	
Disassemble any functions named main .		
(gdb) disassemble main	(IIdb) disassemblename main (IIdb) di -n main	
Disassemble an address range.		
(gdb) disassemble 0x1eb8 0x1ec3	(IIdb) disassemblestart-address 0x1eb8end-address 0x1ec3 (IIdb) di -s 0x1eb8 -e 0x1ec3	
Disassemble 20 instructions from a given address.		
(gdb) x/20i 0x1eb8	(IIdb) disassemblestart-address 0x1eb8count 20 (IIdb) di -s 0x1eb8 -c 20	
Show mixed source and disassembly for the current function for the current frame.		
n/a	(IIdb) disassembleframemixed (IIdb) di -f -m	
Disassemble the current function for the current frame and show the opcode bytes.		
n/a	(IIdb) disassembleframebytes (IIdb) di -f -b	
Disassemble the current source line for the current frame.		
n/a	(IIdb) disassembleline (IIdb) di -l	

EXECUTABLE AND SHARED LIBRARY QUERY COMMANDS

GDB	LLDB
List the main executable and all dependent shared libration	aries.
(gdb) info shared	(IIdb) image list

Look up information for a raw address in the	executable or any snared libraries.
(gdb) info symbol 0x1ec4	(IIdb) image lookupaddress 0x1ec4 (IIdb) im loo -a 0x1ec4
Look up functions matching a regular express	sion in a binary.
(gdb) info function <func_regex></func_regex>	This one finds debug symbols: (IIdb) image lookup -r -n <func_regex></func_regex>
	This one finds non-debug symbols: (IIdb) image lookup -r -s <func_regex></func_regex>
	Provide a list of binaries as arguments to limit the search.
Find full source line information.	
(gdb) info line 0x1ec4	This one is a bit messy at present. Do:
	(IIdb) image lookup -vaddress 0x1ec4
	and look for the LineEntry line, which will have the full source path and line range information.
Look up information for an address in a.out of	only.
	(IIdb) image lookupaddress 0x1ec4 a.out (IIdb) im loo -a 0x1ec4 a.out
Look up information for for a type Point by n	name.
(gdb) ptype Point	(IIdb) image lookuptype Point (IIdb) im loo -t Point
Dump all sections from the main executable a	and any shared libraries.
(gdb) maintenance info sections	(IIdb) image dump sections
Dump all sections in the a.out module.	
	(IIdb) image dump sections a.out
Dump all symbols from the main executable a	and any shared libraries.
	(IIdb) image dump symtab
Dump all symbols in a.out and liba.so .	
	(IIdb) image dump symtab a.out liba.so

MISCELLANEOUS

GDB	LLDB	
Echo text to the screen.		
(gdb) echo Here is some text\n	(IIdb) script print "Here is some text"	
Remap source file pathnames for the debug session. If your source files are no longer located in the same location as when the program was built maybe the program was built on a different computer you need to tell the debugger how to find the sources at their local file path instead of the build system's file path.		
(gdb) set pathname-substitutions /buildbot/path /my/path	(IIdb) settings set target.source-map /buildbot/path /my/path	
Supply a catchall directory to search for source files in.		
(gdb) directory /my/path	(No equivalent command - use the source-map instead.)	