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Database Systems Labtask 11

Class Task:

1. Create a database named SchoolDB.

Answer:

Use use SchoolDB to create and switch to the SchoolDB database:

```
test> use SchoolDB
```

This is the output:

```
< switched to db SchoolDB
```

-
2. Create two collections:

- o Students

- o Courses

Answer:

Run the following query to create the Students and Courses collections:

```
SchoolDB> db.createCollection("Students")
          db.createCollection("Courses")
```

This is the output:

```
< { ok: 1 }
```

3. Insert the following documents into the Students collection:

Answer:

Run the following query to insert the documents into the Students collection:

```
SchoolDB> db.Students.insertMany([
  {
    _id: 1,
    name: "Alice",
    age: 20,
    scores: {
      math: 85,
      science: 90
    }
  },
  {
    _id: 2,
    name: "Bob",
    age: 22,
    scores: {
      math: 78,
      science: 82
    }
  },
  {
    _id: 3,
    name: "Charlie",
    age: 21,
    scores: {
      math: 92,
      science: 88
    }
  },
  {
    _id: 4,
    name: "Daisy",
    age: 23,
    scores: {
      math: 68,
      science: 74
    }
  }
])
```

This is the output:

```
< {  
  acknowledged: true,  
  insertedIds: {  
    '0': 1,  
    '1': 2,  
    '2': 3,  
    '3': 4  
  }  
}
```

4. Insert the following documents into the Courses collection:

Answer:

Write the following query to insert the following documents into Courses collection:

```
SchoolDB> db.Courses.insertMany([
  {
    _id: 101,
    courseName: "Mathematics",
    instructor: "Dr. Smith",
    studentsEnrolled: [1, 2, 3]
  },
  {
    _id: 102,
    courseName: "Science",
    instructor: "Dr. Adams",
    studentsEnrolled: [2, 3, 4]
  }
])
```

This is the output:

```
< {
  acknowledged: true,
  insertedIds: {
    '0': 101,
    '1': 102
  }
}
```

5. Use findOne to retrieve:

- o A student where the math score is ≥ 85 and the age is < 22 .
- o A course where the studentsEnrolled array includes 3 and the instructor is "Dr. Adams".

Answer:

Run the following queries to retrieve the specified student and course:

```
SchoolDB> db.Students.findOne({  
    "scores.math": { $gte: 85 },  
    age: { $lt: 22 }  
})
```

This is the output:

```
< {  
  _id: 1,  
  name: 'Alice',  
  age: 20,  
  scores: {  
    math: 85,  
    science: 90  
  }  
}
```

```
SchoolDB> db.Courses.findOne({
  studentsEnrolled: 3,
  instructor: "Dr. Adams"
})
```

This is the output:

```
< {
  _id: 102,
  courseName: 'Science',
  instructor: 'Dr. Adams',
  studentsEnrolled: [
    2,
    3,
    4
  ]
}
```

6. Use find to retrieve:

- o Students with math score ≥ 80 and science score < 90 .
- o Students whose age is < 23 or have a math score ≥ 85 .
- o Students with science score ≥ 80 and (either math score < 75 or age > 22).

Answer:

To find students with math score ≥ 80 and science score < 90 , write:

```
> db.Students.find({
  "scores.math": { $gte: 80 },
  "scores.science": { $lt: 90 }
})
```

This is the output:

```
< {
  _id: 3,
  name: 'Charlie',
  age: 21,
  scores: {
    math: 92,
    science: 88
  }
}
```

To find students whose age <23 or have a math score >=85, write:

```
SchoolDB> db.Students.find({
  $or: [
    { age: { $lt: 23 } },
    { "scores.math": { $gte: 85 } }
  ]
})
```

This is the output:


```
    },
  < {
    _id: 1,
    name: 'Alice',
    age: 20,
    scores: {
      math: 85,
      science: 90
    }
  }
  {
    _id: 2,
    name: 'Bob',
    age: 22,
    scores: {
      math: 78,
      science: 82
    }
  }
  {
    _id: 3,
    name: 'Charlie',
    age: 21,
    scores: {
      math: 92,
      science: 88
    }
  }
}
```

Students with science score ≥ 80 and (either math score < 75 or age > 22), write:

```
SchoolDB> db.Students.find({  
    "scores.science": { $gte: 80 },  
    $or: [  
        { "scores.math": { $lt: 75 } },  
        { age: { $gt: 22 } }  
    ]  
})
```

Since no such students exist, there is no output.

7. Use updateOne to:

o Increase the science score of the student where name is “Bob” and math score is ≥ 75 .

Answer:

To increase the science score of the student where name is “Bob” and math score is ≥ 75 , write:

```
SchoolDB> db.Students.updateOne(  
    { name: "Bob", "scores.math": { $gte: 75 } },  
    { $inc: { "scores.science": 1 } }  
)
```

This is the output:

```
< {  
  acknowledged: true,  
  insertedId: null,  
  matchedCount: 1,  
  modifiedCount: 1,  
  upsertedCount: 0  
}
```

8. Use updateMany to:

- o Increase the math score by 5 for students whose science score is <80 and age >22.

Answer:

To Increase the math score by 5 for students whose science score is <80 and age >22, write:

```
}  
SchoolDB> db.Students.updateMany(  
  { "scores.science": { $lt: 80 }, age: { $gt: 22 } },  
  { $inc: { "scores.math": 5 } }  
)
```

This is the output:

```
< {  
  acknowledged: true,  
  insertedId: null,  
  matchedCount: 1,  
  modifiedCount: 1,  
  upsertedCount: 0  
}
```

9. Use deleteOne to:

- o Remove a student where name is “Daisy” and their science score is <80.

Answer:

To remove a student where name is “Daisy” and their science score is <80, run:

```
SchoolDB> db.Students.deleteOne({  
  name: "Daisy",  
  "scores.science": { $lt: 80 }  
})
```

This is the output:

```
< {  
  acknowledged: true,  
  deletedCount: 1  
}
```

10. Use deleteMany to:

- o Remove courses where the studentsEnrolled array includes 2 or the instructor is "Dr. Smith".

Answer:

To remove courses where the studentsEnrolled array includes 2 or the instructor is "Dr. Smith", write:

```
SchoolDB> db.Courses.deleteMany({
  $or: [
    { studentsEnrolled: 2 },
    { instructor: "Dr. Smith" }
  ]
})
```

This is the output:

```
< {
  acknowledged: true,
  deletedCount: 2
}
SchoolDB>
```

11. Drop the Students collection.

Answer:

Run db.Students.drop(); to drop the Students collection:

```
> db.Students.drop()  
< true
```

12. Drop the Courses collection.

Answer:

Run the following to drop the Courses collection:

```
> db.Courses.drop()  
< true
```

13. Finally, delete the SchoolDB database.

Answer:

Run `db.dropDatabase();` to delete the SchoolDB database:

```
> db.dropDatabase()  
< { ok: 1, dropped: 'SchoolDB' }
```

Task 1:

Write a MongoDB query to display all the documents in the collection restaurants.

Answer:

First make the database:

```
test> use restaurantDB
```

This is the output:

```
< switched to db restaurantDB
```

Now insert values in it:

```
restaurantDB> db.restaurants.insertOne({
  "address": {
    "building": "1007",
    "coord": [-73.856077, 40.848447],
    "street": "Morris Park Ave",
    "zipcode": "10462"
  },
  "borough": "Bronx",
  "cuisine": "Bakery",
  "grades": [
    { "date": { "$date": 1393804800000 }, "grade": "A", "score": 2 },
    { "date": { "$date": 1378857600000 }, "grade": "A", "score": 6 },
    { "date": { "$date": 1358985600000 }, "grade": "A", "score": 10 },
    { "date": { "$date": 1322006400000 }, "grade": "A", "score": 9 },
    { "date": { "$date": 1299715200000 }, "grade": "B", "score": 14 }
  ],
  "name": "Morris Park Bake Shop",
  "restaurant_id": "30075445"
});
```

This is the output:

```
< {
  acknowledged: true,
  insertedId: ObjectId('680b3e76ba6f73febcccc7e8')
}
```

Now display all the documents in the restaurants collection:

```
> db.restaurants.find()
```

This is the output:


```
< {
  _id: ObjectId('680b3e76ba6f73febcccc7e8'),
  address: {
    building: '1007',
    coord: [
      -73.856077,
      40.848447
    ],
    street: 'Morris Park Ave',
    zipcode: '10462'
  },
  borough: 'Bronx',
  cuisine: 'Bakery',
  grades: [
    {
      date: 2014-03-03T00:00:00.000Z,
      grade: 'A',
      score: 2
    },
    {
      date: 2013-09-11T00:00:00.000Z,
      grade: 'A',
      score: 6
    },
    {
      date: 2013-01-24T00:00:00.000Z,
      grade: 'A',
      score: 10
    },
    {
      date: 2011-11-23T00:00:00.000Z,
      grade: 'A',
      score: 9
    },
    {
      date: 2011-03-10T00:00:00.000Z,
      grade: 'B',
      score: 14
    }
  ],
  name: 'Morris Park Bake Shop',
  restaurant_id: '30075445'
```

Task 2:

Write a MongoDB query to display the fields restaurant_id, name, borough and cuisine for all the documents in the collection restaurant.

Answer:

Run the following query to display the fields restaurant_id, name, borough and cuisine for all the documents in the collection restaurant:

```
restaurantDB> db.restaurants.find(
    {},
    {
        restaurant_id: 1,
        name: 1,
        borough: 1,
        cuisine: 1
    }
)
```

This is the output:

```
< {
  _id: ObjectId('680b3e76ba6f73febcccc7e8'),
  borough: 'Bronx',
  cuisine: 'Bakery',
  name: 'Morris Park Bake Shop',
  restaurant_id: '30075445'
}
```

Task 3:

Write a MongoDB query to display the fields restaurant_id, name, borough and cuisine, but exclude the field _id for all the documents in the collection restaurant.

Answer:

Run the following query to display the fields restaurant_id, name, borough and cuisine, but exclude the field _id for all the documents in the collection restaurant:

```
restaurantDB> db.restaurants.find(  
    {},  
    {  
        restaurant_id: 1,  
        name: 1,  
        borough: 1,  
        cuisine: 1,  
        _id: 0  
    }  
)
```

This is the output:

```
< {  
    borough: 'Bronx',  
    cuisine: 'Bakery',  
    name: 'Morris Park Bake Shop',  
    restaurant_id: '30075445'  
}
```

Task 4:

Write a MongoDB query to display the fields restaurant_id, name, borough and zip code, but exclude the field _id for all the documents in the collection restaurant.

Answer:

Run the following query to display the fields restaurant_id, name, borough and zip code, but exclude the field _id for all the documents in the collection restaurant:

```
restaurantDB> db.restaurants.find(  
    {},  
    {  
        restaurant_id: 1,  
        name: 1,  
        borough: 1,  
        "address.zipcode": 1,  
        _id: 0  
    }  
)
```

This is the output:

```
< {  
  address: {  
    zipcode: '10462'  
  },  
  borough: 'Bronx',  
  name: 'Morris Park Bake Shop',  
  restaurant_id: '30075445'  
}
```

Task 5:

Write a MongoDB query to display all the restaurant which is in the borough Bronx.

Answer:

Write the following query to display all the restaurant which is in the borough Bronx:

```
restaurantDB> db.restaurants.find(  
    { borough: "Bronx" }  
)
```

This is the output:

```
< {
  _id: ObjectId('680b3e76ba6f73febcccc7e8'),
  address: {
    building: '1007',
    coord: [
      -73.856077,
      40.848447
    ],
    street: 'Morris Park Ave',
    zipcode: '10462'
  },
  borough: 'Bronx',
  cuisine: 'Bakery',
  grades: [
    {
      date: 2014-03-03T00:00:00.000Z,
      grade: 'A',
      score: 2
    },
    {
      date: 2013-09-11T00:00:00.000Z,
      grade: 'A',
      score: 6
    },
    {
      date: 2013-01-24T00:00:00.000Z,
      grade: 'A',
      score: 10
    },
    {
      date: 2011-11-23T00:00:00.000Z,
      grade: 'A',
      score: 9
    },
    {
      date: 2011-03-10T00:00:00.000Z,
      grade: 'B',
      score: 14
    }
  ],
  name: 'Morris Park Bake Shop',
  restaurant_id: '130075445'
```

Task 6:

Write a MongoDB query to display the first 5 restaurant which is in the borough Bronx.

Answer:

To display the first 5 restaurant which is in the borough Bronx, run the following query:

```
restaurantDB> db.restaurants.find(  
    { borough: "Bronx" }  
).limit(5)
```

This is the output:

```
{
  _id: ObjectId('680b3e76ba6f73febcccc7e8'),
  address: {
    building: '1007',
    coord: [
      -73.856077,
      40.848447
    ],
    street: 'Morris Park Ave',
    zipcode: '10462'
  },
  borough: 'Bronx',
  cuisine: 'Bakery',
  grades: [
    {
      date: 2014-03-03T00:00:00.000Z,
      grade: 'A',
      score: 2
    },
    {
      date: 2013-09-11T00:00:00.000Z,
      grade: 'A',
      score: 6
    },
    {
      date: 2013-01-24T00:00:00.000Z,
      grade: 'A',
      score: 10
    },
    {
      date: 2011-11-23T00:00:00.000Z,
      grade: 'A',
      score: 9
    },
    {
      date: 2011-03-10T00:00:00.000Z,
      grade: 'B',
      score: 14
    }
  ],
  name: 'Morris Park Bake Shop',
  restaurant_id: '30075445'
```

Task 7:

Write a MongoDB query to find the restaurants who achieved a score more than 90.

Answer:

To find the restaurants who achieved a score more than 90, run the following query:

```
restaurantDB> db.restaurants.find(  
    { "grades.score": { $gt: 90 } }  
)
```

As no such restaurant exists, there is no output.

Task 8:

Write a MongoDB query to find the restaurants that achieved a score, more than 80 but less than 100.

Answer:

To find the restaurants that achieved a score, more than 80 but less than 100, run the following:

```
restaurantDB> db.restaurants.find(  
    { "grades.score": { $gt: 80, $lt: 100 } }  
)
```

As no such restaurant exists, there is no output.

Task 9:

Write a MongoDB query to find the restaurants which locate in latitude value less than -95.754168.

Answer:

To find the restaurants which locate in latitude value less than -95.754168, run the following:

```
restaurantDB> db.restaurants.find(  
    { "address.coord.0": { $lt: -95.754168 } }  
)
```

As no such restaurant exists, there is no output.

Task 10:

Write a MongoDB query to find the restaurants which belong to the borough Bronx and prepared either American or Chinese dish.

Answer:

To find the restaurants which belong to the borough Bronx and prepared either American or Chinese dish, run the following:

```
<  
restaurantDB> db.restaurants.find(  
    {  
        "borough": "Bronx",  
        "cuisine": { $in: ["American", "Chinese"] }  
    }  
)
```

As no such restaurant exists, there is no output.
