## NIS Lab-6

Q-Point generation on Elliptical curve

## Code:

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<iostream>
#include<cstring>
using namespace std;
#define int long long
#define pii pair<int,int>
#define vi vector<int>
string toBinary(int n)
     string r;
    while (n != 0) \{r = (n \% 2 == 0 ? "0" : "1") + r;
n /= 2;}
    return r;
}
//calculate a^x mod n
int power(int a, int x, int n)
{
     int y = 1;
     string str = toBinary(x);
     reverse(str.begin(), str.end());
     for (int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++)</pre>
     {
         if (str[i] == '1')
              y = (y * a) % n;
         a = (a * a) % n;
     return y;
}
```

```
int Evaluate polynomaial(int x, int a, int b, int p)
{
     int temp1 = ((x * x) * x) + (a * x) + b;
     int ans = temp1 % p;
     return ans;
}
bool isPerfectSquare(int x)
{
     long double sr = sqrt(x);
     return ((sr - floor(sr)) == 0);
}
void Eliptic_curve_points(int a, int b, int p)
{
     int x = 1;
     int w;
     while (x < p)
     {
         w = Evaluate_polynomaial(x, a, b, p);
         //cout << w << endl;
         int pow = (p - 1) / 2;
         if (power(w, pow, p) == 1)
         {
              while (!isPerfectSquare(w))
              {
                   W += p;
               }
              double a = sqrt(w);
              int a1 = (int)a;
              a1 = a1 \% p;
              double b = (sqrt(w) * -1);
              int b1 = (int)b;
              b1 = b1 \% p;
              while (b1 < 0)
              {
                   b1 += p;
```

```
}
              cout << "(" << x << "," << a1 << ")
(" << x << "," << b1 << ")" << endl;
              //return make pair(a1, b1);
         }
         if (power(w, pow, p) == -1 or power(w, pow,
p) == (p - 1)
         {
              //cout << "No solution for x:" << x <<</pre>
" w:" << w << endl;
         X++;
     }
}
int32_t main()
{
    #ifndef ONLINE_JUDGE
         freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
         freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
    #endif
    int a, b, p;
    cin >> a >> b >> p;
    Eliptic_curve_points(a, b, p);
    return 0;
}
```

## Output:



