## **CSE 331L / EEE 332L**

## **Microprocessor Interfacing & Embedded System**

Section: 6, 7 & 8, Spring 2021

Lab- 05: Library



## Library: emu8086.inc

To use any of the functions in emu8086.inc you should have the following line in the beginning of your source file:

include 'emu8086.inc'

## **emu8086.inc** defines the following **macros**:

PUTC char	macro with 1 parameter, prints out an ASCII char at current cursor position.
GOTOXY col, row	macro with 2 parameters, sets cursor position.
PRINT string	macro with 1 parameter, prints out a string.
PRINTN string	macro with 1 parameter, prints out a string. The same as PRINT but automatically adds "carriage return" at the end of the string.

```
PRINT "HELLO" ;prints the string
PUTC 'W' ;prints 'W' next to 'O'

GOTOXY 20, 3 ;go to the given position

PRINTN "HELLO" ;prints the string at the cursor position (20, 3) and ;prints a carriage return and newline

PUTC 65 ;prints the char whose ascii is 65
```

emu8086.inc also defines the following procedures:

- **PRINT\_STRING** procedure to print a null terminated string at current cursor position, receives address of **string in DS:SI register**. To use it declare: **DEFINE\_PRINT\_STRING** before END directive.
- **PTHIS** procedure to print a null terminated string at current cursor position (just as PRINT\_STRING), but receives address of **string from Stack**. The NULL TERMINATED string **should be defined just after the CALL instruction**. For example:

CALL PTHIS db 'Hello World!', 0

To use it declare: **DEFINE\_PTHIS** before END directive.

- **GET\_STRING** procedure to get a null terminated string from the user, the received string is written to buffer at **DS:DI**, buffer **size should be in DX**. Procedure **stops the input when 'Enter' is pressed**. To use it declare: DEFINE\_GET\_STRING before END directive.
- **CLEAR\_SCREEN** procedure to clear the screen, (done by scrolling the entire screen window), and set cursor position to top of it. To use it declare: DEFINE\_CLEAR\_SCREEN before END directive.
- **SCAN\_NUM** procedure that gets the multi-digit SIGNED number from the keyboard, and **stores the result in CX register**. To use it declare: DEFINE\_SCAN\_NUM before END directive.
- **PRINT\_NUM** procedure that prints **a signed number in AX register**. To use it declare: DEFINE\_PRINT\_NUM and DEFINE\_PRINT\_NUM\_UNS before END directive.
- **PRINT\_NUM\_UNS** procedure that prints out an unsigned number **in AX register.** To use it declare: DEFINE\_PRINT\_NUM\_UNS before END directive.

To use any of the above procedures you should first declare the function in the bottom of your file (but before the **END** directive), and then use **CALL** instruction followed by a procedure name. For example:

```
2 INCLUDE 'EMU8086.INC'
3 .MODEL SMALL
   .STACK 100H
O5 .DATA
      MSG DB "This is 'print_string' procedure", 0
. CODE
      MOV AX, @DATA
      MOV DS, AX
      LEA SI, MSG
                               ; load offset of the string to SI to print
      CALL PRINT_STRING
      CALL PTHIS
                               ;print the string declared in code segment
      DB OAH, ODH, "This is 'pthis' procedure", OAH, ODH, O
      MOV DX. 5
                               ;place the input buffer size
      CALL GÉT_STRING
                               ;input string
                               ;clear the screen and set cursor position at (0,0)
      CALL CLEAR_SCREEN
      CALL SCAN_NUM
                               ;get any decimal number (can be multidigit), ends with an enter
      CALL PTHIS
                               ;print a newline and cret
      DB OAH, ODH, 0
                               ;move the input number from cx to ax to print
      MOV AX, CX
      CALL PRINT_NUM_UNS
                               ;unsigned number print
      EXIT:
      MOV AH, 4CH
INT 21H
  ;-----;
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
      DEFINE_PRINT_STRING
      DEFINE_PTHIS
      DEFINE_GET_STRING
      DEFINE_CLEAR_SCREEN
      DEFINE_SCAN_NUM
DEFINE_PRINT_NUM
DEFINE_PRINT_NUM_UNS
46 END
```

<u>Example:</u> take two numbers as input and display their summation.

```
INCLUDE 'EMU8086.INC'
02 .MODEL SMALL
  .STACK 100H
03
04 . DATA
       MSG1 DB 'Enter a number: '. 0
05
       MSG2 DB OAH, ODH, 'Enter another number: ', O
06
07
   . CODE
80
       MOU AX, @DATA
       MOU DS, AX
09
10
11
       LEA
               SI, MSG1
                               ; ask for the number
12
       CALL
               PRINT_STRING
13
       CALL
               SCAN_NUM
                               ; get 1st number in CX.
14
              AX, CX
15
       MOU
                               ; copy the number to AX.
16
17
               SI, MSG2
       LEA
                               ; ask for the number
               PRINT_STRING
18
       CALL
19
       CALL
               SCAN_NUM
                               ; input 2nd number in CX
20
21
       ADD AX, CX
                               ; sum in AX
22
23
               PTHIS
       CALL
24
       DB 13, 10, 'The sum is: ', 0
25
26
       CALL
               PRINT_NUM
                               ; print number in AX
27
28
       EXIT:
                               ; return to operating system.
29
       MOU AH, 4CH
30
       INT 21H
31 ;-----;
       DEFINE_SCAN_NUM
DEFINE_PRINT_STRING
DEFINE_PRINT_NUM
DEFINE_PRINT_NUM_UNS ; required for print_num.
DEFINE_PTHIS
32
33
34
35
36
37 END
                           ; directive to stop the compiler.
```

Example: Read a string using GET\_STRING and store it in memory.

```
02 INCLUDE 'EMU8086.INC'
03
04 .MODEL SMALL
05 .STACK 100H
06 . DATA
07
                "This is 'print_string' procedure", 0
       MSG DB
08
        STR DB 5 DUP(?)
09
10
   . CODE
11
        MOV AX, @DATA
       MOV DS, AX
13
       MOV DX, 5
CALL GET_STRING
                                   ;declare the buffer size
14
                                   ;input string; load the offset of memory into index reg.
15
16
       LEA BX, STR
17
18
                                   ;copy the input from buffer to memory
        COPY:
       MOV AL, [DI]
MOV [BX], AL
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
                                   ;copy each char of the string individually
                                   ;update memory offset
       INC BX
                                   jupdate DI to get the next user input char
       CMP [DI], 0
JNE COPY
                                   ;check if it is the end of user input
       MOV [BX], 0
                                   ;place null character at the end of the string
        CALL PTHIS
                                   ;print newl
       DB OAH, ODH, 0
32
33
       LEA SI, STR
CALL PRINT_STRING
                                   ; load offset of the string to SI to print
34
35
36
       EXIT:
37
       MOV AH, 4CH
INT 21H
38
39
40 ;-----;
41
       DEFINE_PRINT_STRING DEFINE_PTHIS
42
43
44
       DEFINE_GET_STRING
45
46 END
```