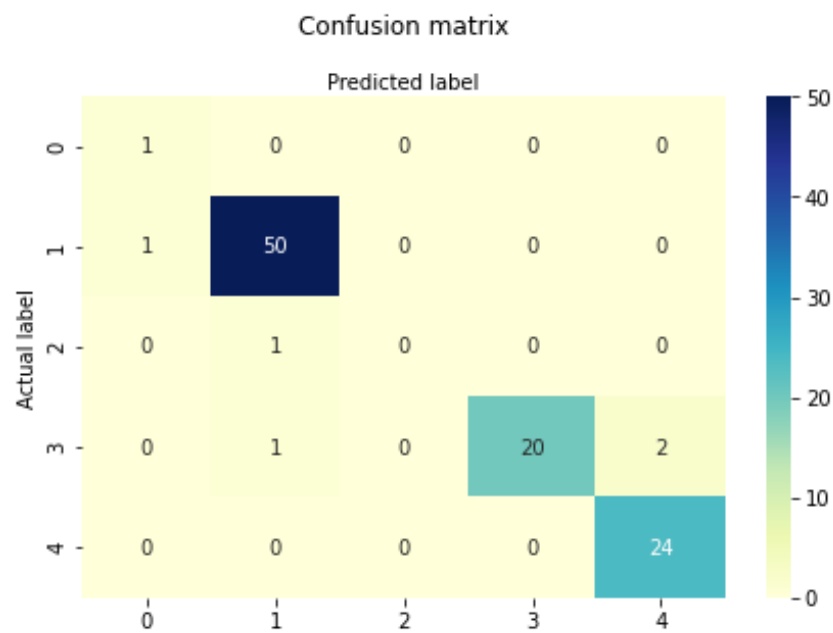


Confusion Matrix:

```
1  ## Assignment 2 Machine learning
2  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3  import numpy as np
4  import pandas as pd
5  from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
6  from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
7  data = pd.read_csv("auto-mpg.csv")
8  data.head()
9  feature_cols = ['mpg', 'displacement', 'horsepower', 'weight', 'acceleration', 'model year']
10 X = data[feature_cols] # Features
11 y = data.cylinders # Target variable
12 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
13 X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.25,random_state=0)
14 from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
15
16 # instantiate the model (using the default parameters)
17 logreg = LogisticRegression()
18 # fit the model with data
19 logreg.fit(X_train,y_train)
20 #
21 y_pred=logreg.predict(X_test)
22
23 from sklearn import metrics
24 cnf_matrix = metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
25
26 import numpy as np
27 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
28 import seaborn as sns
29
30 class_names=[0,1] # name of classes
31 fig, ax = plt.subplots()
32 tick_marks = np.arange(len(class_names))
33 plt.xticks(tick_marks, class_names)
34 plt.yticks(tick_marks, class_names)
35 # create heatmap
36 sns.heatmap(pd.DataFrame(cnf_matrix), annot=True, cmap="YlGnBu",fmt='g')
37 ax.xaxis.set_label_position("top")
38 plt.tight_layout()
39 plt.title('Confusion matrix', y=1.1)
40 plt.ylabel('Actual Label')
41 plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
42
```

OUTPUT:



PCA Analysis:

```
1 |
2 | import numpy as np
3 | import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
4 | import pandas as pd
5 |
6 | # importing or loading the dataset
7 | data = pd.read_csv('auto-mpg.csv')
8 |
9 | feature_cols = ['mpg', 'displacement', 'horsepower', 'weight', 'acceleration', 'model year']
10 | X = data[feature_cols] # Features
11 | y = data.cylinders # Target variable
12 | from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
13 | X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.25, random_state=0)
14 | # performing preprocessing part
15 | from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
16 | sc = StandardScaler()
17 |
18 | X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
19 | X_test = sc.transform(X_test)
20 |
21 | # Applying PCA function on training
22 | # and testing set of X component
23 | from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
24 |
25 | pca = PCA(n_components=2)
26 |
27 | X_train = pca.fit_transform(X_train)
28 | X_test = pca.transform(X_test)
29 |
30 | explained_variance = pca.explained_variance_ratio_
31 |
32 | # Fitting Logistic Regression To the training set
33 | # from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
34 |
35 | # classifier = RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=2, random_state=0)
36 | # classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
37 |
38 | # Predicting the Test set results
39 | # y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
40 |
41 | # from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
42 | # from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

```

43
44 # cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
45 # print(cm)
46 # print('Accuracy' + accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
47
48 # Fitting Logistic Regression To the training set
49 from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
50
51 classifier = LogisticRegression(random_state = 0)
52 classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
53
54 # Predicting the test set result using
55 # predict function under LogisticRegression
56 y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
57
58 # making confusion matrix between
59 # test set of Y and predicted value.
60 from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
61
62 cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
63
64
65 # Predicting the training set
66 # result through scatter plot
67 from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
68
69 X_set, y_set = X_train, y_train
70 X1, X2 = np.meshgrid(np.arange(start = X_set[:, 0].min() - 1,
71                               stop = X_set[:, 0].max() + 1, step = 0.01),
72                      np.arange(start = X_set[:, 1].min() - 1,
73                               stop = X_set[:, 1].max() + 1, step = 0.01))
74
75 plt.contourf(X1, X2, classifier.predict(np.array([X1.ravel(),
76                                                  X2.ravel()]).T).reshape(X1.shape), alpha = 0.75,
77             cmap = ListedColormap(('yellow', 'white', 'aquamarine')))
78
79 plt.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
80 plt.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
81
82 for i, j in enumerate(np.unique(y_set)):
83     plt.scatter(X_set[y_set == j, 0], X_set[y_set == j, 1],
84               c = ListedColormap(('red', 'green', 'blue'))(i), label = j)

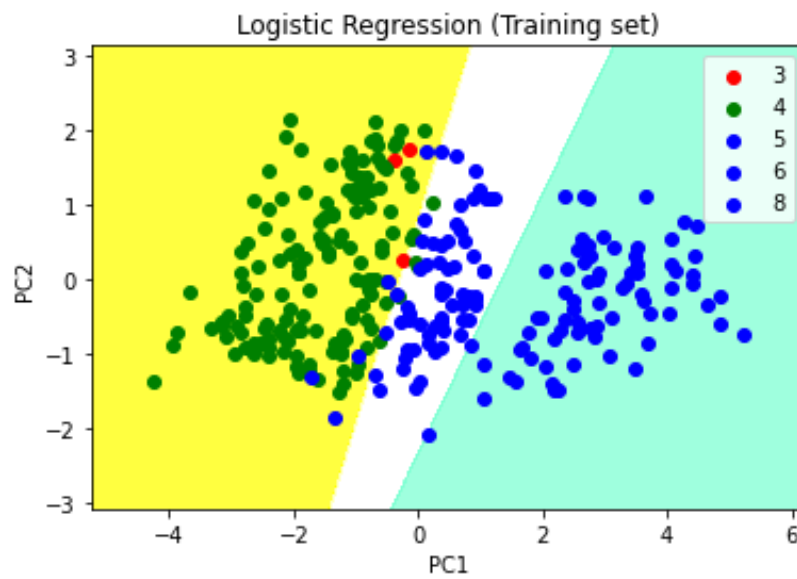
```

```

85
86 plt.title('Logistic Regression (Training set)')
87 plt.xlabel('PC1') # for Xlabel
88 plt.ylabel('PC2') # for Ylabel
89 plt.legend() # to show legend
90
91 # show scatter plot
92 plt.show()
93

```

OUTPUT:



Variables:

