

Human-centered Multimodal Machine Intelligence

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AAAI Spring Symposium

AI for Open Worlds

USC

School of Engineering

University of Southern California

Designing AI for Open Worlds

From AAAI Spring 2022 Website

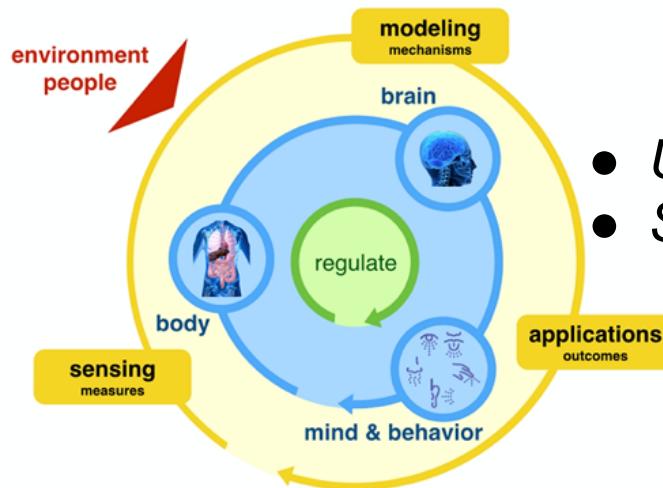
<https://usc-isi-i2.github.io/AAAI2022SS>

- Designing AI that can operate in open worlds, including detecting, characterizing and adapting to novelty, is a critical goal on the path to building intelligent systems that can work alongside humans to solve complex problems while being reliable enough to handle the unexpected.”

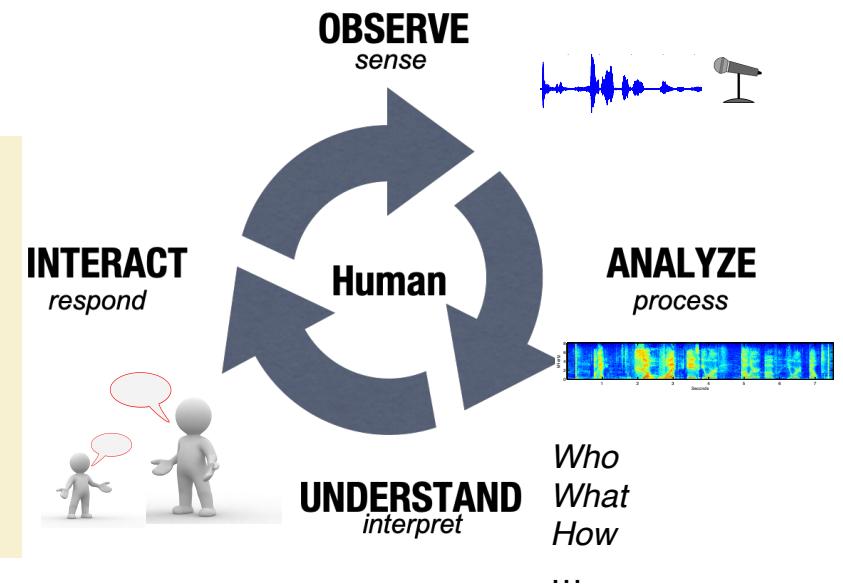
My talk theme:

Multimodal Machine Intelligence with a focus on human behavior

Human-centered Machine Intelligence



- Understand human traits, state, behavior, interaction
- Support and enhance human experiences



Human centered view: characterizing data/information ***about, from and for people***

- in all its heterogeneity and variety
- includes knowledge about how *people* perceive, process and use (human) data
- in diverse contexts and settings

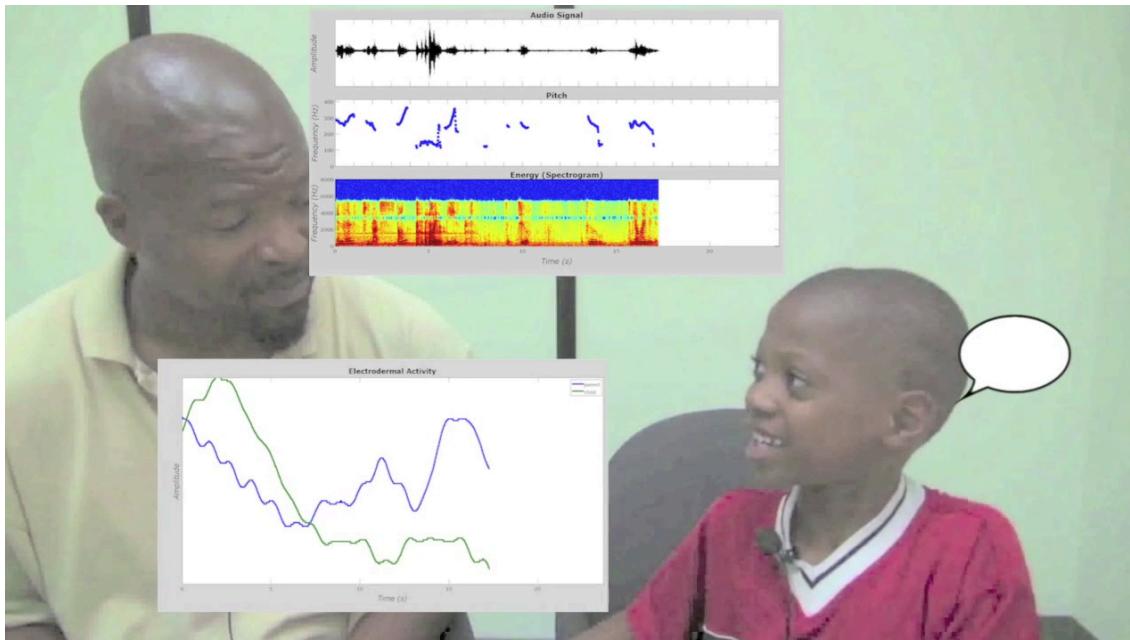
Human-centered Machine Intelligence: Backdrop

Promise & Possibilities

- **Exciting converging advances**
 - *technologies*: sensing, computing, machine learning, data communication, interfaces (e.g., devices on/with/by people)
 - *people*: amazing cross-disciplinary partnerships, resource sharing across societal application domains
- **Novel possibilities to help understand human behavior, support, and enhance the human experience**

Human-centered Machine Intelligence: Challenge and Opportunity

- Technologies that work for everyone and in all contexts: understand and create experiences consistent with the **rich variety** in *who, what, where, how, when,...*



Example: Parent and child creating a story together

Verbal and nonverbal behavior encode and provide access to **intent, emotions, and a variety of information about personal demographic traits (age, gender, size...), physical/psychological/health state, and interaction context.** These attributes/constructs are often intricately related.

Twin goals: Understanding and addressing variability within and across people and their contexts

Human behavior: rich diversity along many dimensions

within and across people and their contexts

- **Individual differences**

- age, gender, socio-cognitive levels, language background
- ability: e.g., verbal, minimally verbal, non verbal

- **Interactions**

- dyadic, triadic, small group,...; structured, semi structured, free unrestricted

- **Interlocutors**

- siblings, peers, parents, clinicians, teachers, therapists, unfamiliar people

- **Interaction environment and context**

- speech, non speech human sounds
- environmental sounds of home, school, clinic, playground, ...
- outdoor, indoor, and variability over time therein

- **Sensing technology possibilities**

- on-person/environment, close-talking/far-field, accompanying video, meta data

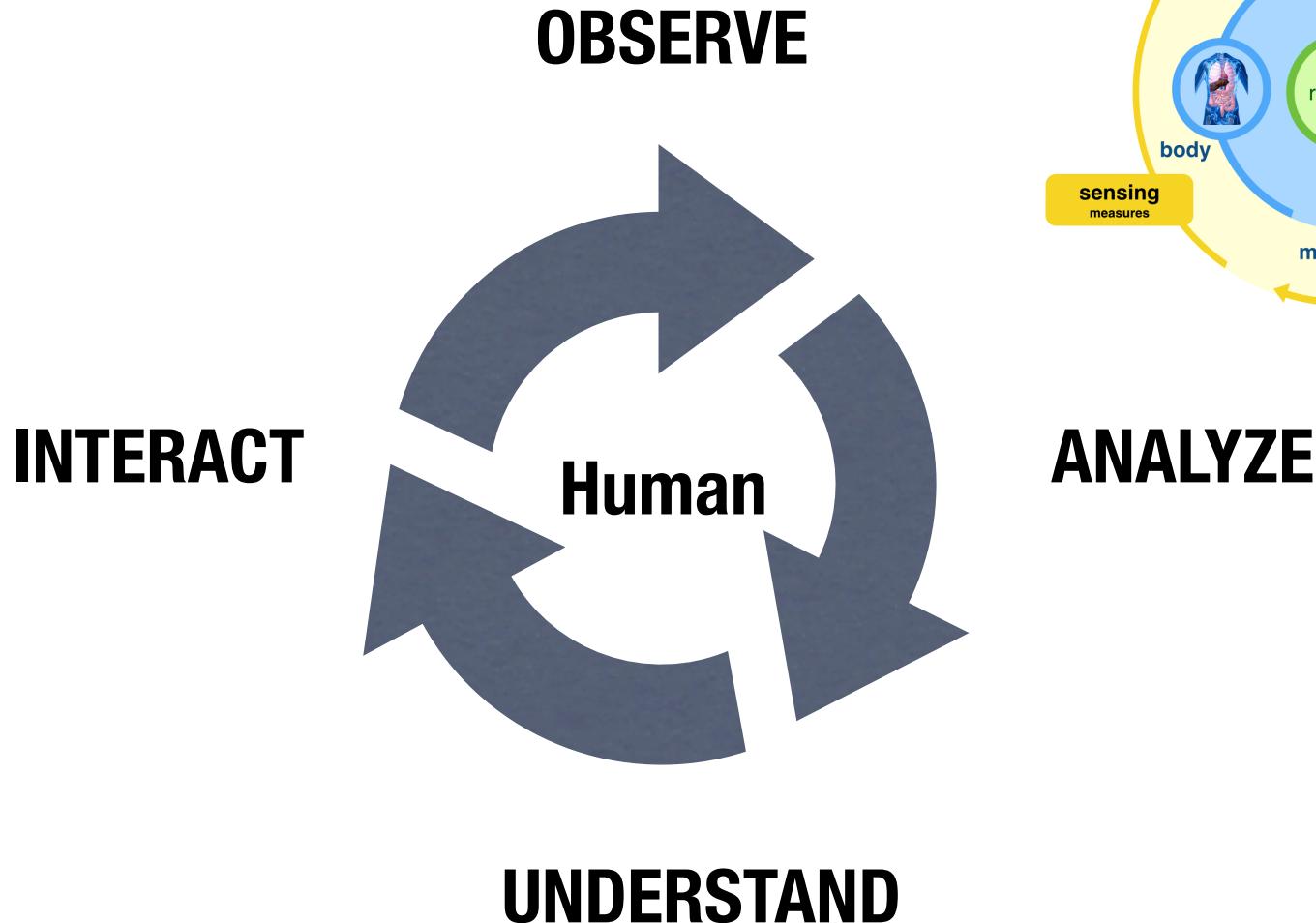
- **Processing goals and purpose**

- local details (e.g. amount of speech), global behavioral details (affect)
- handle varying types of abstraction in data and desired descriptions

Inclusive technologies essential for equitable experiences

Shrikanth S. Narayanan and Asad M Madni. Inclusive Human centered Machine Intelligence. The Bridge, 50:113–116, National Academy of Engineering, 2020.

HUMAN-CENTERED MACHINE INTELLIGENCE ECOSYSTEM



Shrikanth S. Narayanan and Asad M Madni. Inclusive Human centered Machine Intelligence. *The Bridge*, 50:113–116, National Academy of Engineering, 2020.

Highlight

Behavioral Machine Intelligence

Health and Well being applications

From Wearable & Environmental Sensing to Artificial Intelligence Methods

- engineering approaches to illuminate human trait and mental state
- screening, diagnostic, intervention support in mental and behavioral health

SUPPORT FROM NIH, NSF, DoD, IARPA, SIMONS FOUNDATION



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Human Behavior

Complex and multifaceted

- Intricate mind-brain-body interplay
- Effect of environment and interaction with others

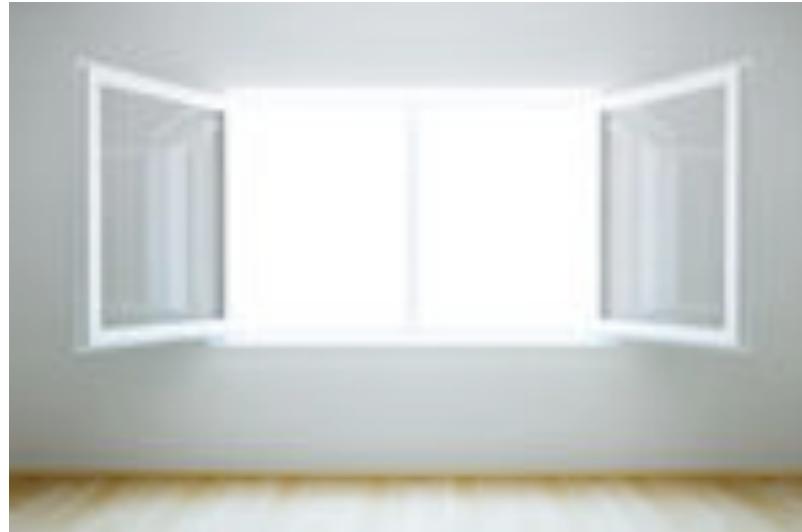
Reflected in and influenced by

- Individual traits, Communication and Social interaction, Affect,..
- Generation and processing of multimodal cues
- Typical, Atypical, Anomalous and Disordered characterizations
- Offers insights into physical and psychological health state

**BEHAVIOR OFFERS
A WINDOW INTO THE MIND**

9

Seeking a window into human trait, state and behavior



using engineering approaches and technologies

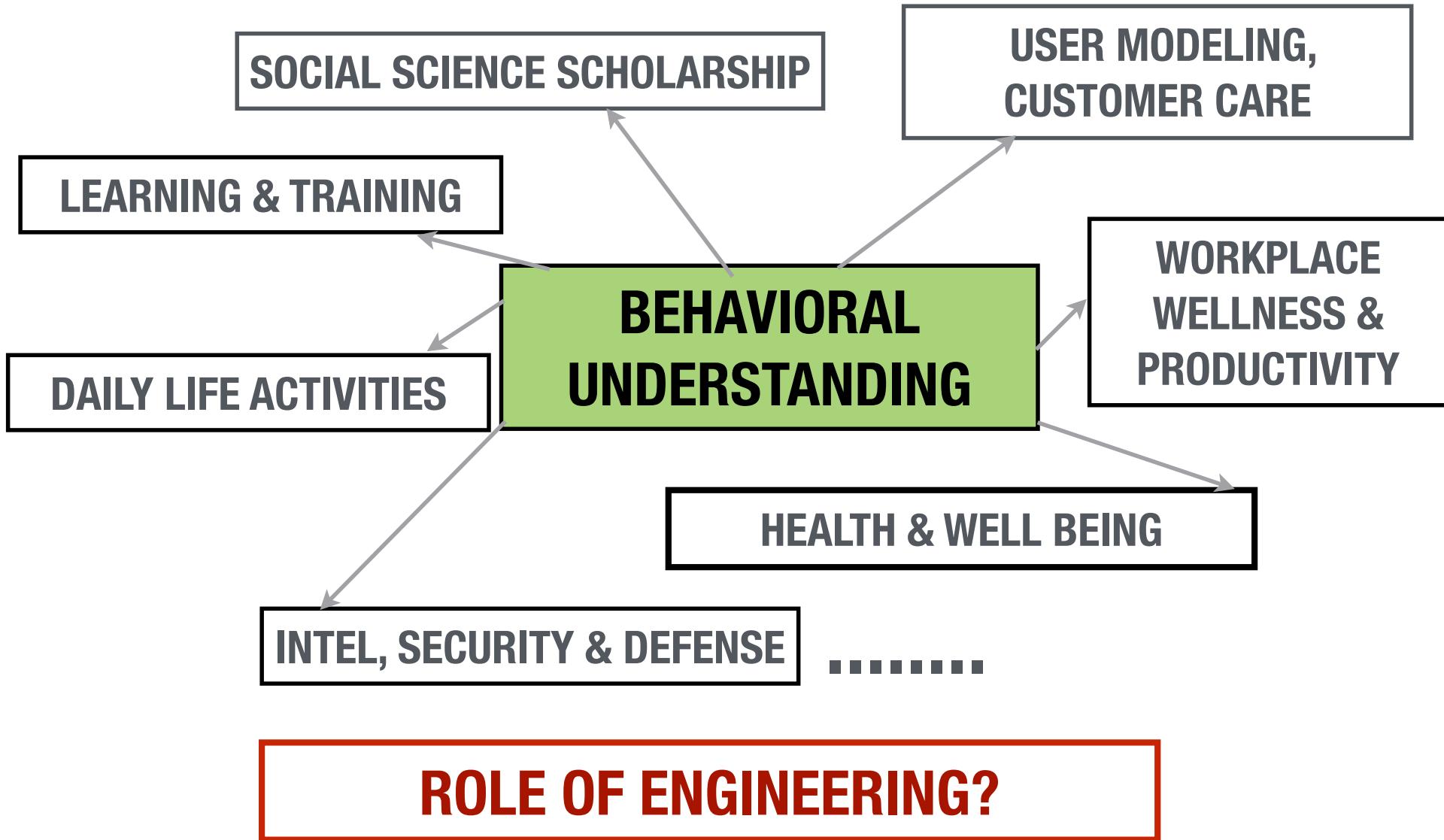


.....from qualitative to quantitative

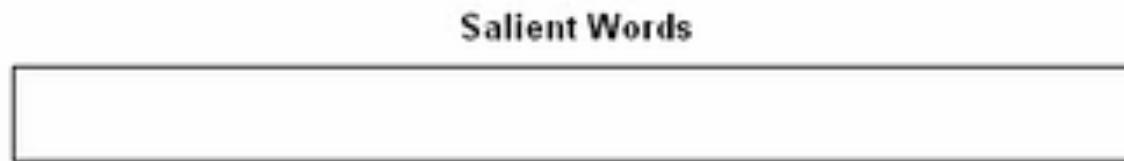
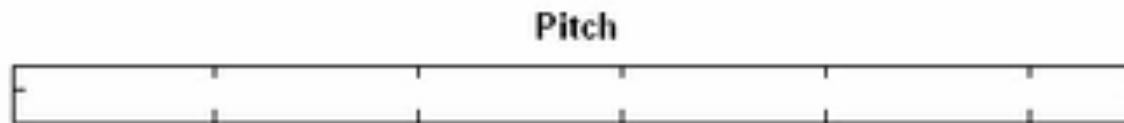
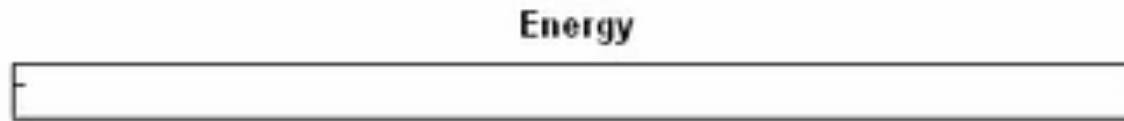
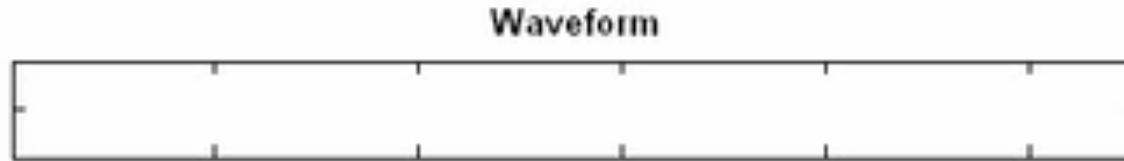
Scalable, Broadly Accessible, Cost Effective

UNDERSTANDING BEHAVIOR CENTRAL TO MANY HUMAN DOMAINS

... ACROSS APPLICATIONS



Escalating frustration? (only customer side played)



Speech Analysis and Interpretation Laboratory



PREVALENCE OF SELECTED HEALTH CONDITIONS (IN THE US)

Condition	Ages	Prevalence*
Autism spectrum disorder	Children (typically diagnosed as children, but persist over lifetime)	1.5% (lifetime)
Posttraumatic stress disorder	Adults	3.5% (one year)
Mood disorders (e.g., depression)	Adults	9.5% (one year)
Alcohol addiction/abuse	All	6.6% (one year)
Illicit drug use (nonmarijuana)	All	2.5% (one year)
Parkinson's disease	> 60 years old	1.9% (lifetime)
Dementia (e.g., Alzheimer's disease)	> 65 years old	6.5% (lifetime)

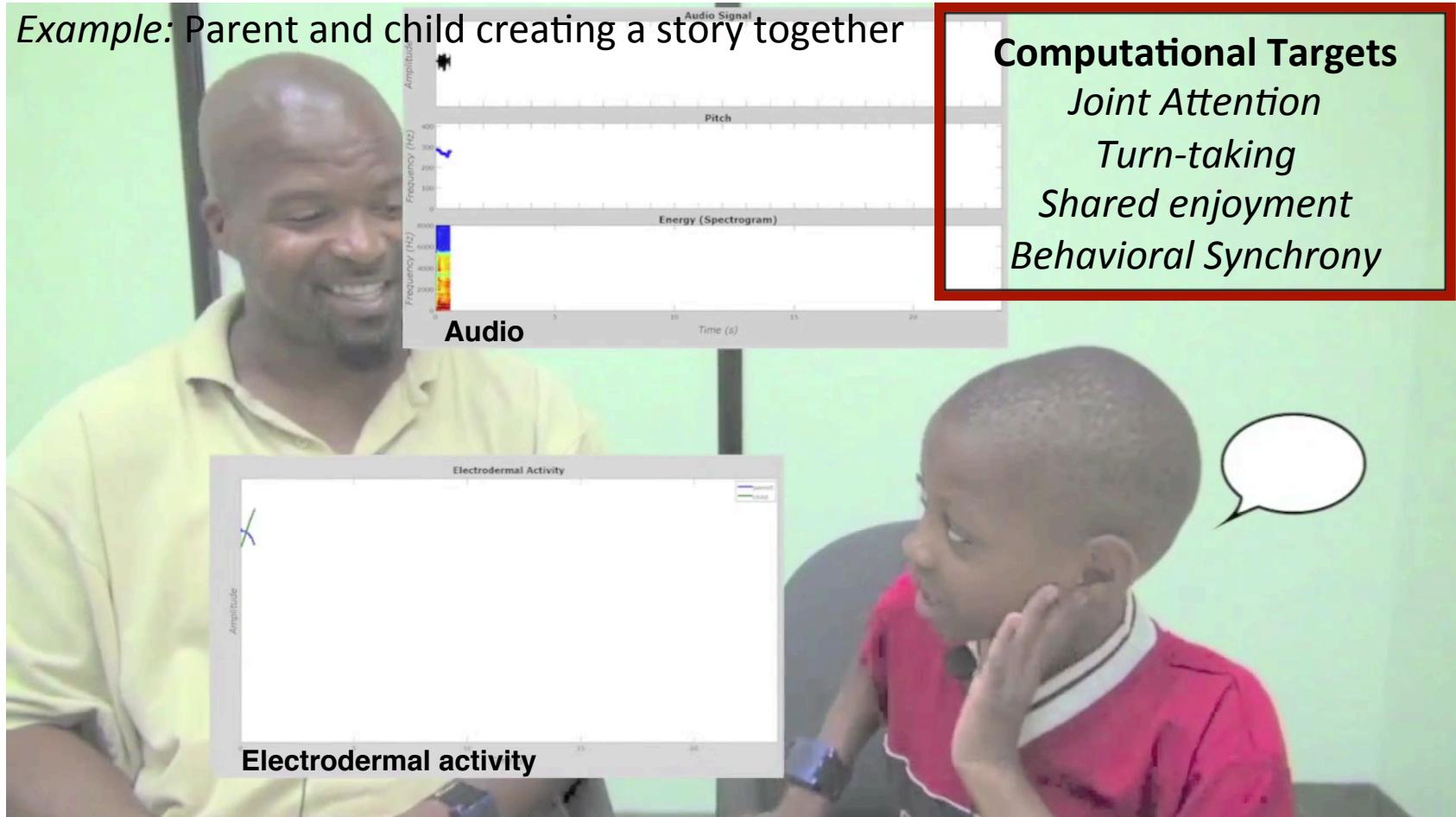
*Sources listed in:

Daniel Bone, Chi-Chun Lee, Theodora Chaspari, James Gibson, and Shrikanth Narayanan. Signal Processing and Machine Learning for Mental Health Research and Clinical Applications. IEEE Signal Processing Magazine. 34(5): 189-196, September 2017

Autism Spectrum Disorder

Technologies for Rich Understanding of Expressive Behavior and Interaction?

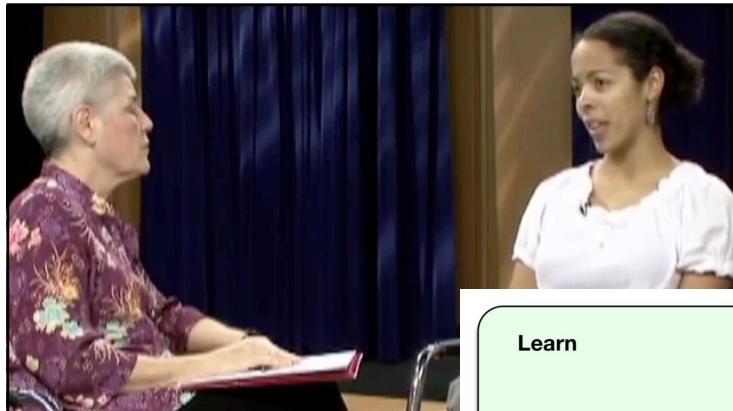
Example: Parent and child creating a story together



- 1 in 54 US children diagnosed with ASD (CDC, 2020)
- ASD characterized by difficulties in social communication, reciprocity; repetitive or stereotyped behaviors and interests

Addiction treatment: Psychotherapy

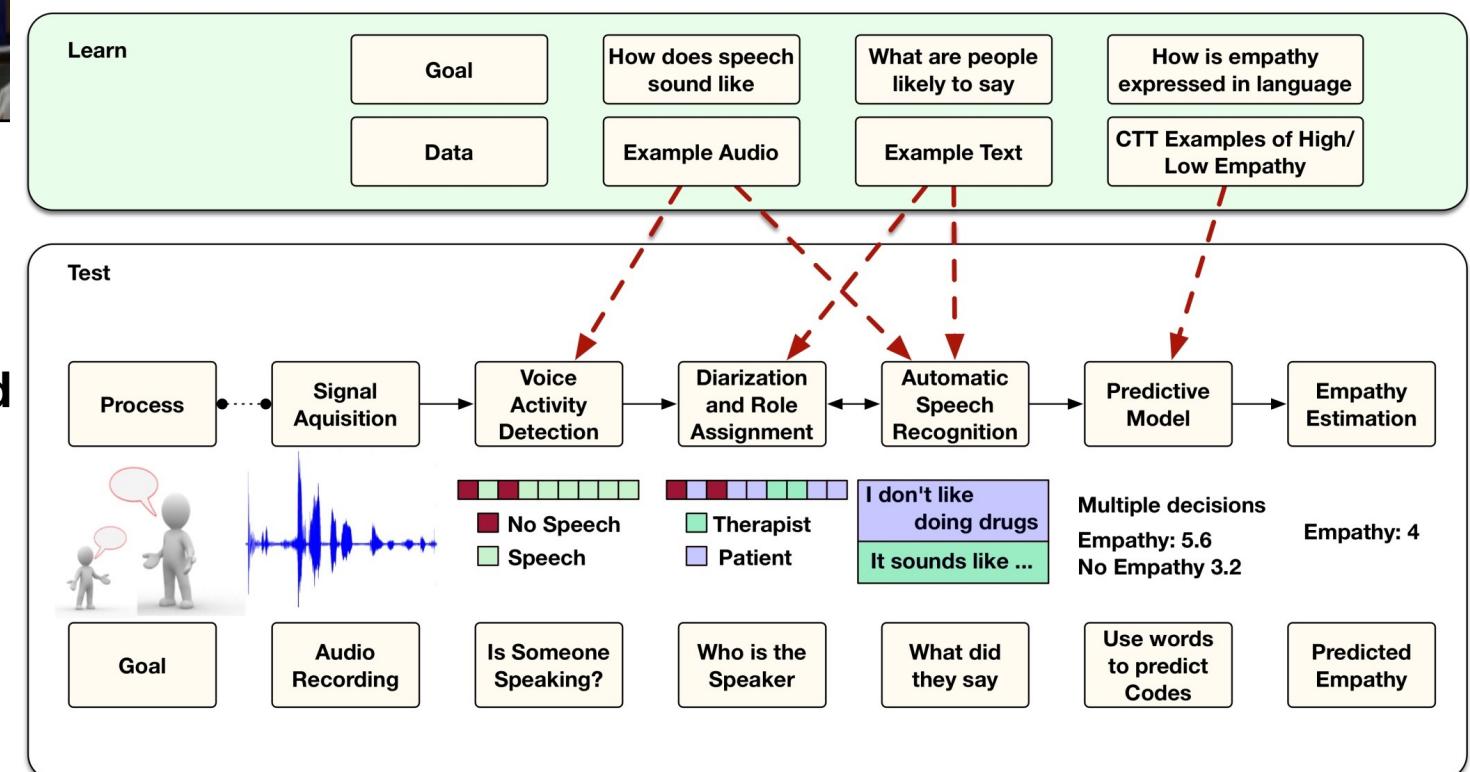
Illuminating what works, for whom, how and why



Motivational Interviewing

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EvLquWI8aqc>

Empathy expressed by the therapist?

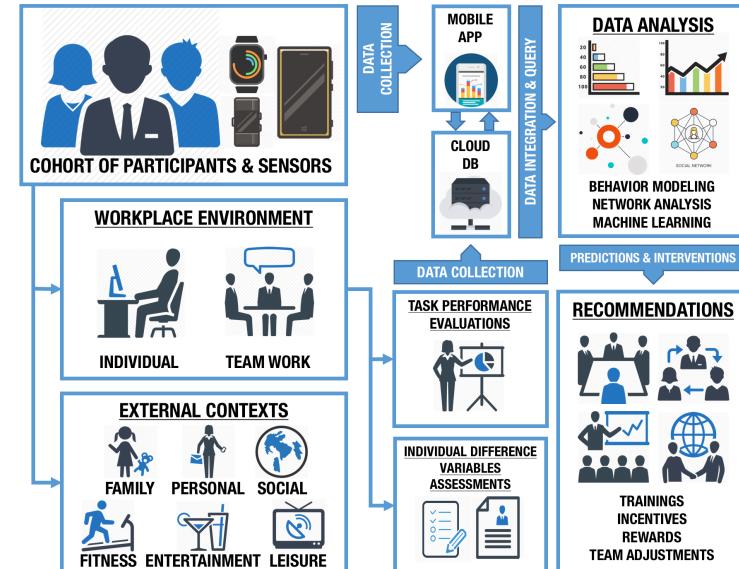
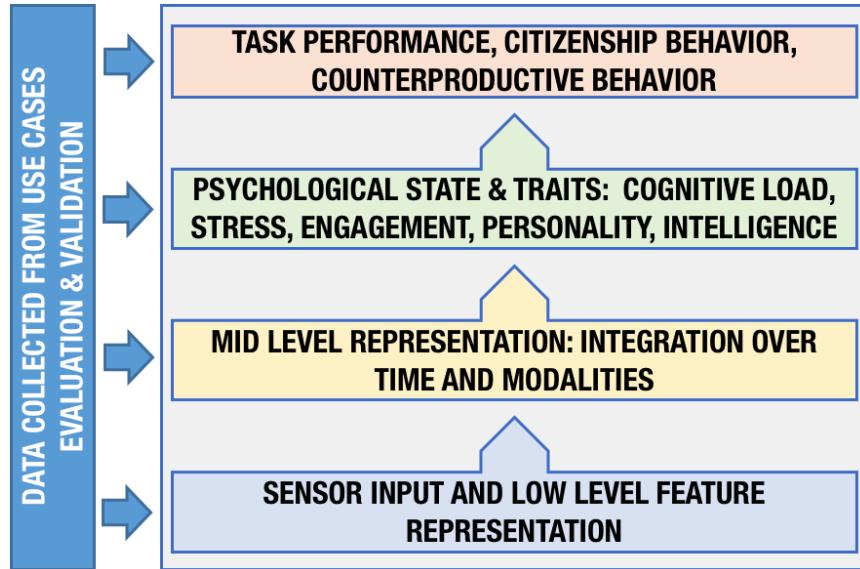


Annual costs of addiction exceed \$740 Billion

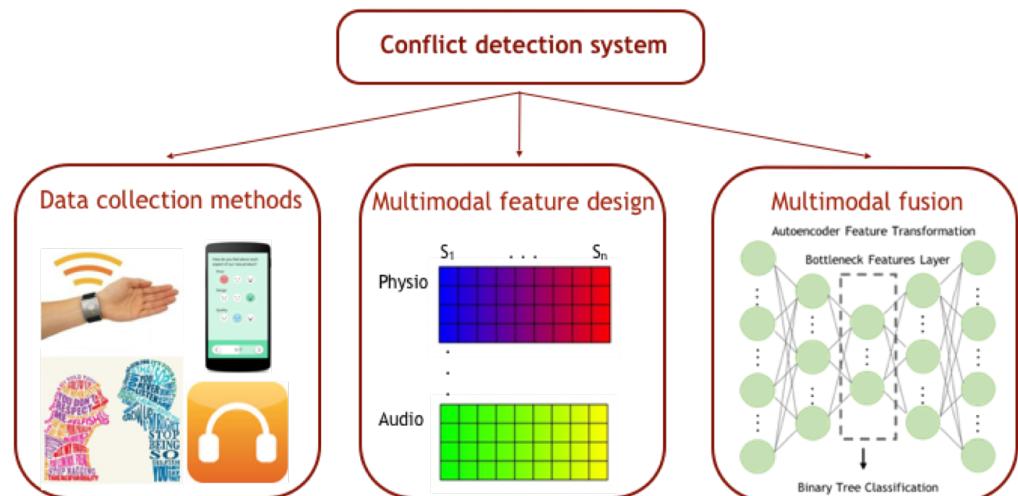
<https://www.drugabuse.gov/related-topics/trends-statistics>

Day-to-day Health, Well being: Home, Work place

Bio-behavioral & IoT platform for individualized assessment and support



Stress? Conflict?

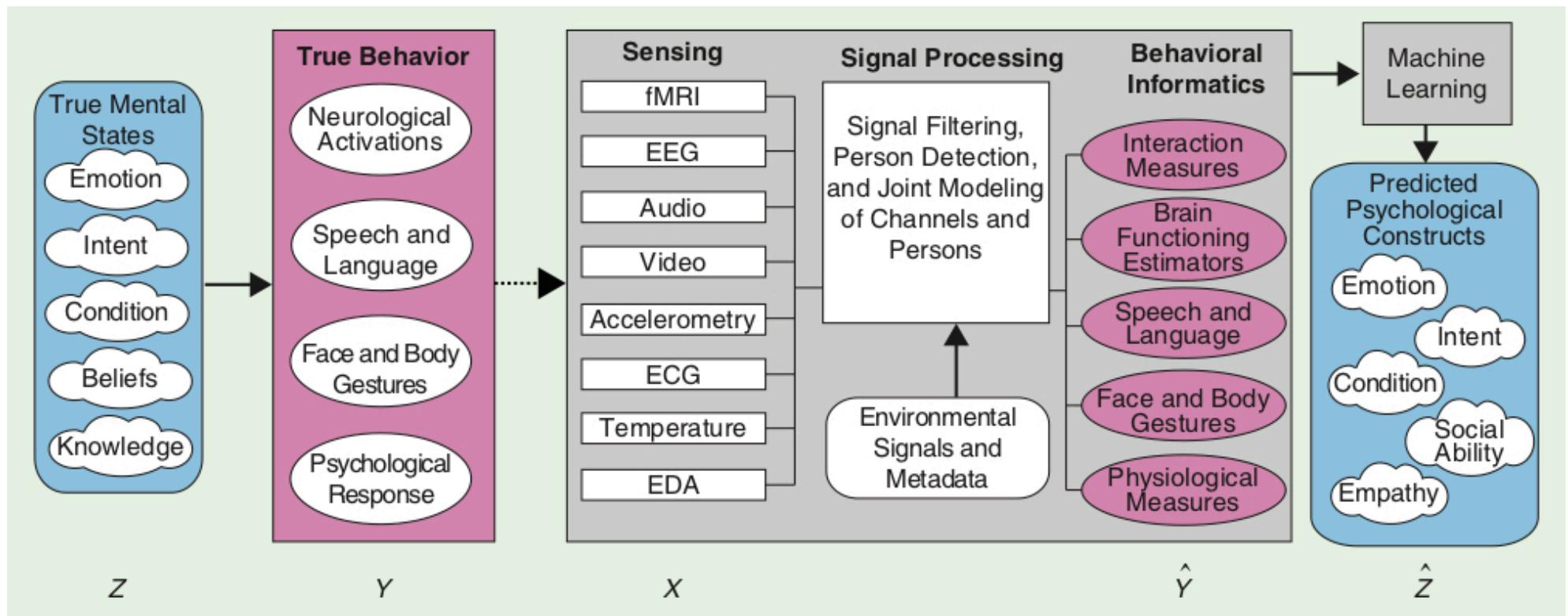
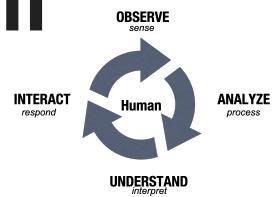


Multimodal Bio-Behavior & Context Signals

- “**Sounds, Words, Sight**” offer a peek into traits and (hidden) human state
 - speech, language use, dialogic interaction,
 - accompanied by facial expressions, body language,...
 - and, perhaps complemented by physiological (e.g., ECG) and neural measures (e.g., EEG)
- **Environmental measures for context**
e.g., location, temperature, light, sound, humidity, air qlty,..

MEASURE & QUANTIFY HUMAN BEHAVIOR
CONFLUENCE OF SENSING, COMMUNICATION AND COMPUTING

Behavior Generation and Human State Prediction



A person's current mental state (Z) affects their behavior (Y). Raw signals are received (X), on which signal processing is performed to produce representations of behavior (\hat{Y}). Finally, machine learning is used to predict a person's mental state (\hat{Z}).

Daniel Bone, Chi-Chun Lee, Theodora Chaspari, James Gibson, and Shrikanth Narayanan. Signal Processing and Machine Learning for Mental Health Research and Clinical Applications. IEEE Signal Processing Magazine. 34(5): 189-196, September 2017

Operationalizing... Behavioral Machine Intelligence

- ***nuts and bolts***: foundational multimodal signal processing of data
 - *from people*: audio/speech, video, text, biosignals (ECG, EEG),..
 - *from the environment*: location, temperature, light, sound, humidity, air quality,..
- ***construct prediction***: machine learning based methods for automated behavioral coding and characterization
- ***computational modeling***: of interaction processes & mechanisms
- ***translational applications notably in health***: screening, diagnostics, intervention support
 - JIT implementation, tracking response to treatment,..

**SHIFT TO MODELING MORE ABSTRACT, DOMAIN-RELEVANT CONSTRUCTS
.....NEEDS NEW MULTIMODAL COMPUTATIONAL APPROACHES**

Shrikanth Narayanan and Panayiotis Georgiou. Behavioral Signal Processing: Deriving Human Behavioral Informatics from Speech and Language. Proceedings of IEEE. 101(5): 1203-1233, May 2013

Daniel Bone, Chi-Chun Lee, Theodora Chaspari, James Gibson, and Shrikanth Narayanan. Signal Processing and Machine Learning for Mental Health Research and Clinical Applications. IEEE Signal Processing Magazine. 34(5): 189-196, September 2017

HUMAN-CENTERED MACHINE INTELLIGENCE:

*SUPPORT DECISION MAKING, ACTION & RESPONSE USING
SENSING, DATA SCIENCES AND AI TECHNOLOGIES*

- ✓ HELP US DO THINGS WE KNOW TO DO MORE EFFICIENTLY, CONSISTENTLY
- ✓ HELP HANDLE NEW DATA, CREATE NEW MODELS TO OFFER NOVEL INSIGHTS
 - ✓ CREATE TOOLS FOR SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY
- ✓ HELP CREATE TOOLS TO SUPPORT DIAGNOSTICS, PERSONALIZED INTERVENTION, AND TRACKING ITS RESPONSE TO TREATMENT

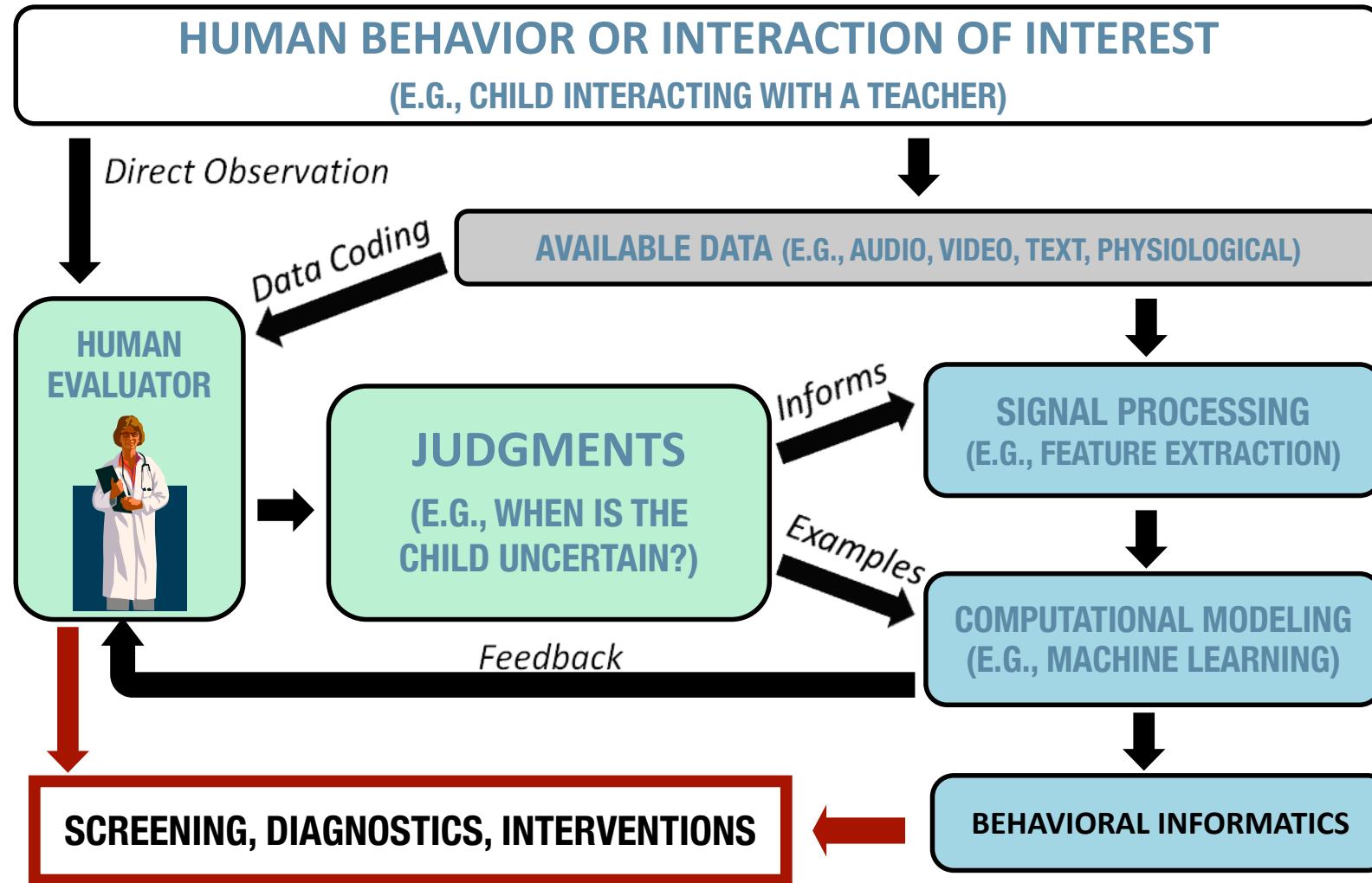
How is technology helping already? **deep or not**

- **Significant advances in foundational aspects of behavior modeling: detect, classify and track**
 - Audio & Video diarization: who spoke when; doing what,..
 - Speech recognition: what was spoken
 - Visual activity recognition: head pose; face/hand gestures
 - Physiological signal processing with EKG, GSR, ..
 - IoT technologies for environmental modeling and edge processing

**SIGNAL PROCESSING AND MACHINE
LEARNING ARE KEY ENABLERS**

Behavior Modeling: Humans in/on the loop

- Support—than supplant—human (expert) analyses



Collaborative integration of human and machine intelligence ²²

Behavioral Machine Intelligence: Human centered

COMPUTING

OF

human bio-behavioral data

FOR

meaningful analysis: timely decision making
& intervention (action)

BY

collaborative integration of human expertise with
automated processing: *support not supplant*

HUMANS

Shrikanth Narayanan and Panayiotis Georgiou. Behavioral Signal Processing: Deriving Human Behavioral Informatics from Speech and Language.
Proceedings of IEEE. 101(5): 1203 - 1233, May 2013

Some Case Studies

Modeling

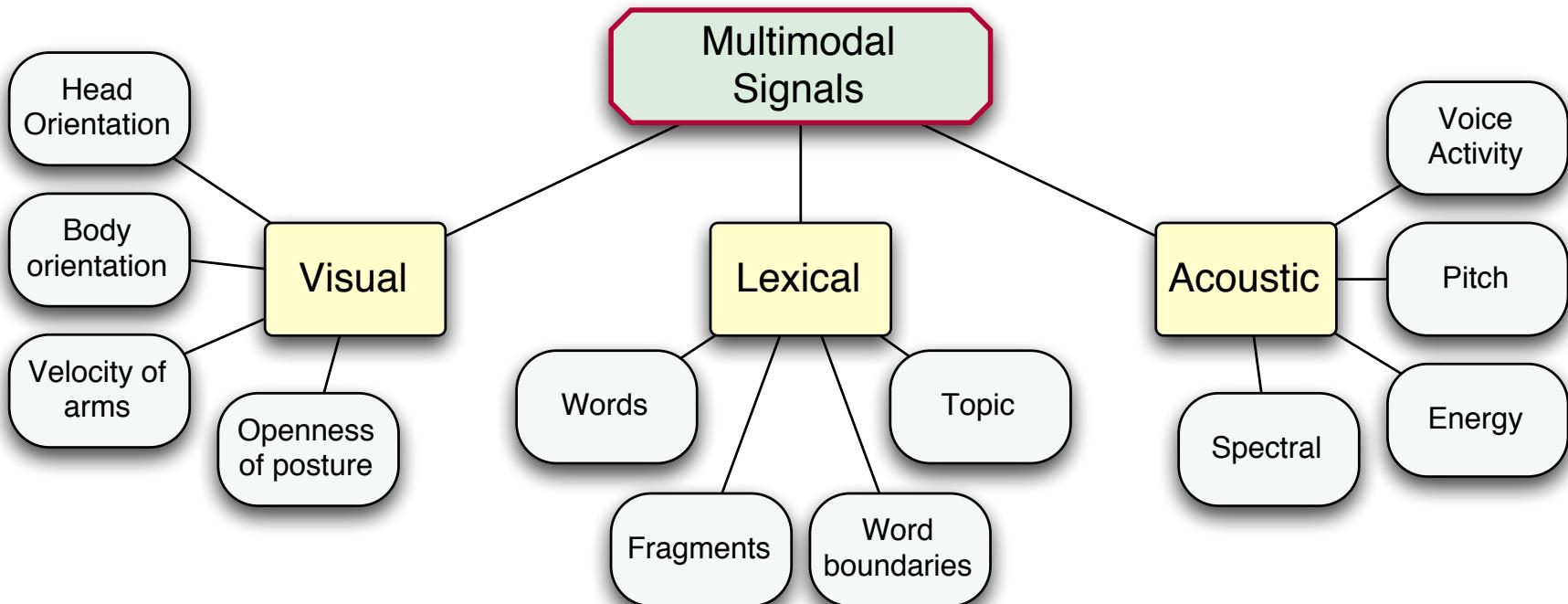
Diagnostics

Intervention

Automatic Behavior Coding:

Estimate behavioral codes from data

—*a multimodal machine intelligence exercise*



Dyadic Interactions of Distressed Couples

Characterizing affective dynamics, humor, blame patterns



“YOU WORK TOO MUCH...”



“SO HARD TO TALK ABOUT...”



“..IS REALLY HOUSEHOLD CHORES STUFF”



..TEMPER AND PATIENCE...”

CHRISTENSEN ET AL, JOURNAL OF CONSULTING AND CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY, 2004

Behavioral Coding by Human Experts

- **Each spouse evaluated by 3-4 trained coders**
 - 33 session-level codes (all on 1 to 9 scale)
 - No utterance- and turn-level ratings
 - Social Support Interaction Rating System
 - Couples Interaction Rating System
 - All evaluators underwent a training period to standardize the coding process
- **Analyzed 6 codes for initial studies**
 - Level of **acceptance** (“acc”)
 - Level of **blame** (“bla”)
 - Global **positive affect** (“pos”)
 - Global **negative affect** (“neg”)
 - Level of **sadness** (“sad”)
 - Use of **humor** (“hum”)

EXAMPLE CODING GOAL:

IS THE HUSBAND SHOWING
ACCEPTANCE?” (SCALE 1-9)

FROM THE MANUAL:
“INDICATES UNDERSTANDING
AND ACCEPTANCE OF
PARTNER’S VIEWS, FEELINGS,
AND BEHAVIORS. LISTENS TO
PARTNER WITH AN OPEN MIND
AND POSITIVE ATTITUDE. ... ”

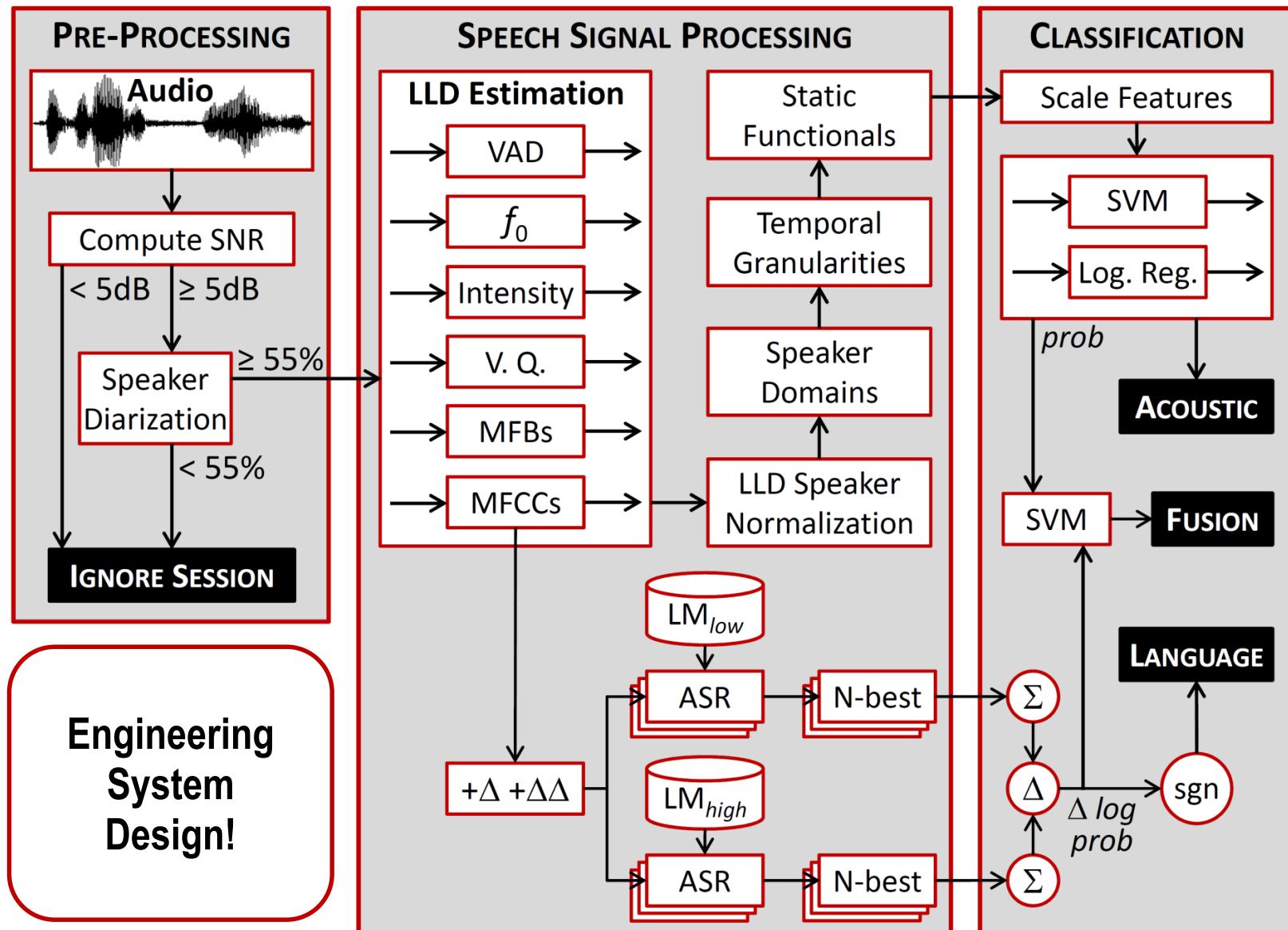
Code	Code Correlation					Spouse Correlation	Agreement
	acc	bla	pos	neg	sad		
acc						0.647	0.751
bla	-0.80					0.470	0.788
pos	0.67	-0.54				0.667	0.740
neg	-0.77	0.72	-0.69			0.690	0.798
sad	-0.18	0.19	-0.18	0.36		0.315	0.722
hum	0.33	-0.20	0.47	-0.29	-0.15	0.787	0.755

Domain Use case

Dyadic interaction of distressed couples

- **Real couples in 10-minute problem-solving interactions**
 - Longitudinal study at UCLA and UW [Christensen et al. 2004]
 - 134 distressed couples received couples therapy for 1 year
- **574 sessions (96 hours)**
 - Split-screen video (704x480 pixels, 30 fps)
 - Single channel of far-field audio
- **Data originally only intended for manual coding**
 - Recording conditions not ideal
 - Varied video angle, microphone placement, background noise

Methodology Pipeline

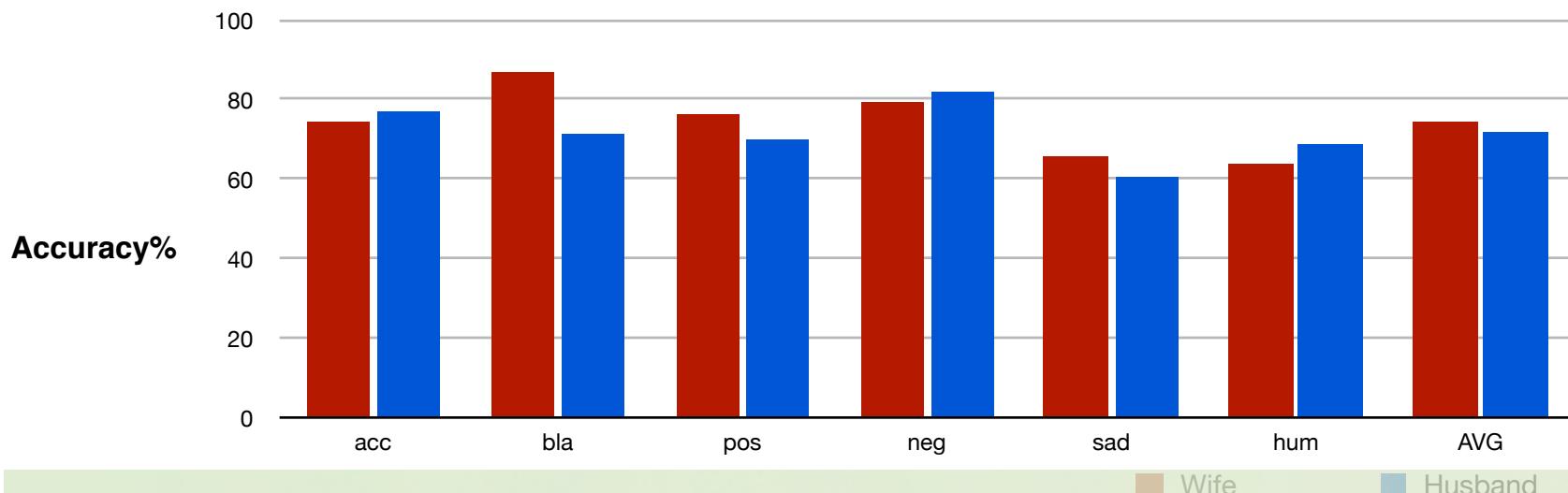


Black, et al., Classification of Blame in Married Couple's Interactions by Fusing Automatically Derived Speech and Language Cues, Interspeech, 2009

(Very) Simple Acoustic-feature based Behavior Estimation

circa 2009

- Use of acoustic low-level descriptors (LLDs)
 - Binary classification task
 - Linear-SVM
 - Global speaker-dependent cues capture evaluators' codes well
 - Capture relevant speech properties of spouses: every 10 ms:
 - Prosody (pitch, energy), spectral (MFCCs), voice quality (jitter, shimmer)
 - Separate features for each spouse (wife, husband)



M. BLACK, ET AL "AUTOMATIC CLASSIFICATION OF MARRIED COUPLES' BEHAVIOR USING AUDIO FEATURES" - INTERSPEECH 2010

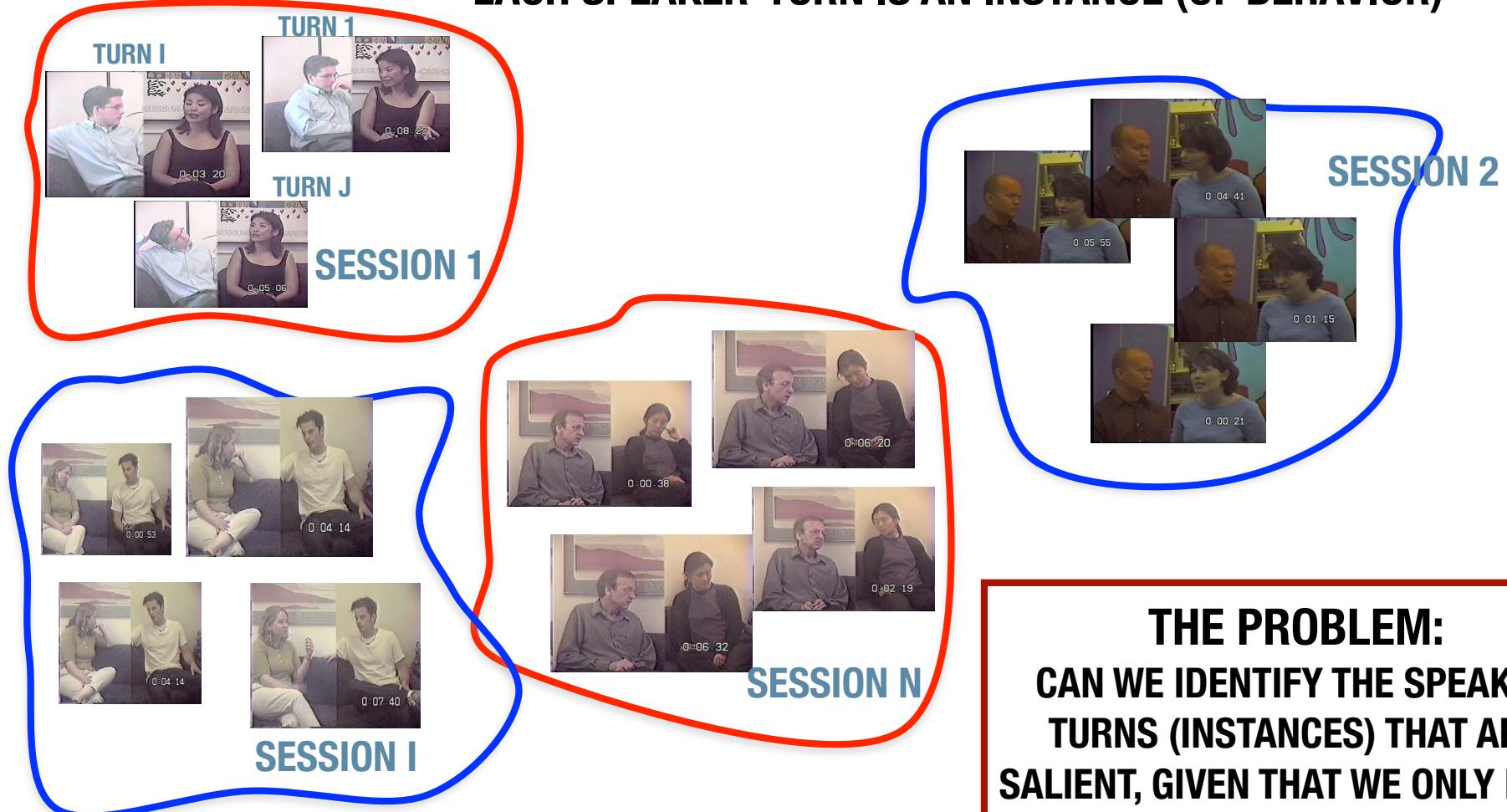
M. BLACK, ET AL TOWARD AUTOMATING A HUMAN BEHAVIORAL CODING SYSTEM FOR MARRIED COUPLES' INTERACTIONS USING SPEECH ACOUSTIC FEATURES. SPEECH COMMUNICATION. 55(1):1-21, 2013

Many technical challenges & some approaches...

- Any single feature stream offers partial, noisy code information
 - ➔ *Multimodal approach, Context sensitive learning*
- Not all portions of the feature stream are equally relevant in explaining an overall behavior description
 - ➔ *Salient instances: Multiple instance learning*
- Behavior ratings are relative, often on an ordered scale
 - ➔ *Ordinal regression*
- Behavior is a part of an interaction: mutual interlocutor dependency
 - ➔ *Models of entrainment*
- Not all human observers/evaluators are equally reliable, and reliability is data dependent
 - ➔ *Realistic models of human observers/evaluators*

Multiple Instance Learning

EACH SPEAKER-TURN IS AN INSTANCE (OF BEHAVIOR)



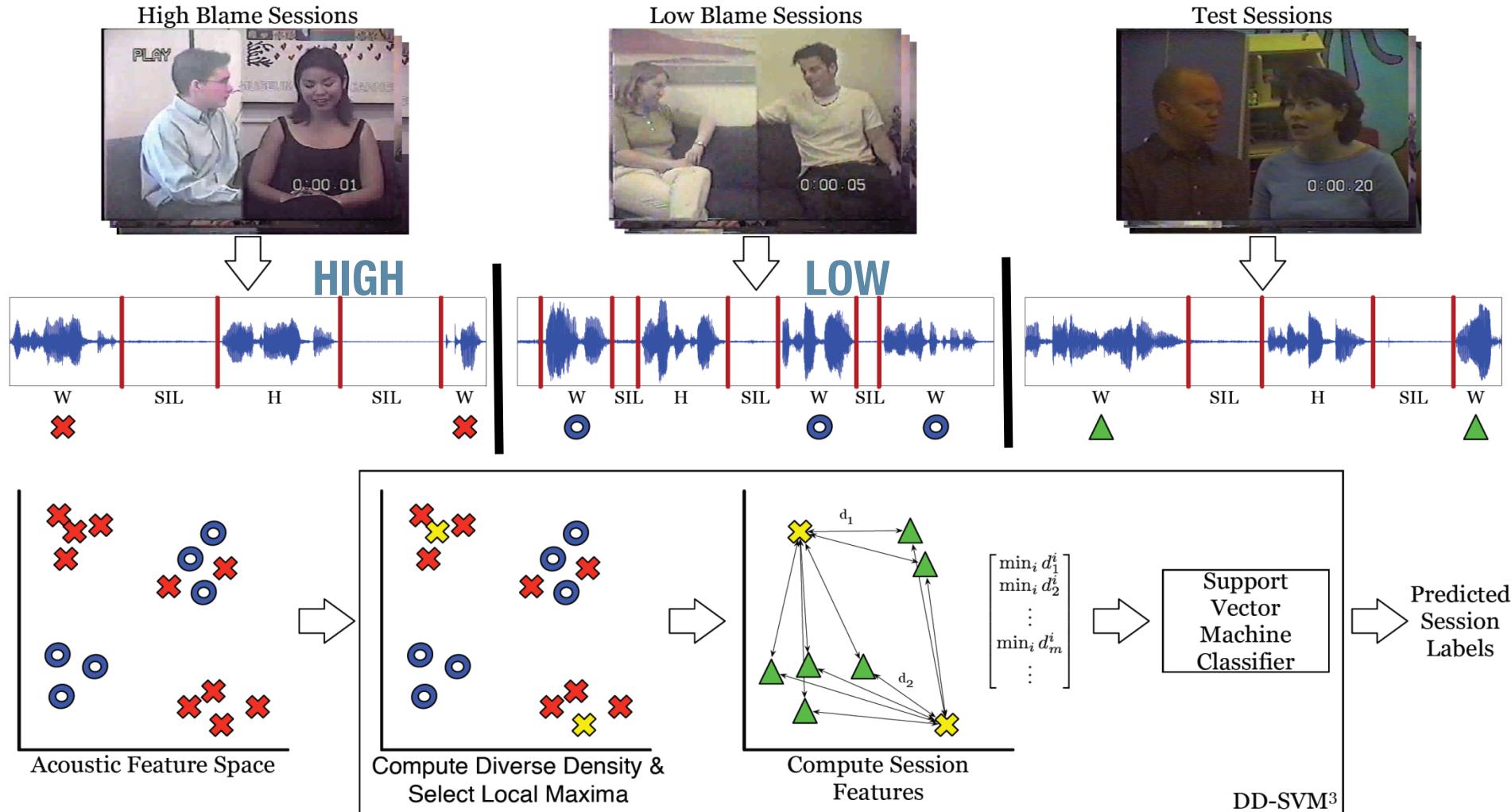
RED SESSIONS: NON-ACCEPTING SPOUSE
BLUE SESSIONS: ACCEPTING SPOUSE

THE PROBLEM:
CAN WE IDENTIFY THE SPEAKER
TURNS (INSTANCES) THAT ARE
SALIENT, GIVEN THAT WE ONLY HAVE
THE SESSION-LEVEL CODES?

KATSAMANIS, GIBSON, BLACK, NARAYANAN, MULTIPLE INSTANCE LEARNING FOR CLASSIFICATION OF HUMAN BEHAVIOR OBSERVATIONS, ACII 2011
JAMES GIBSON, ATHANASIOS KATSAMANIS, FRANCISCO ROMERO, BO XIAO, PANAYIOTIS GEORGIOU, SHRIKANTH NARAYANAN. MULTIPLE INSTANCE
LEARNING FOR BEHAVIORAL CODING. IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON AFFECTIVE COMPUTING, 2016

Saliency Detection with Multiple Instance Learning and Diverse Density SVM

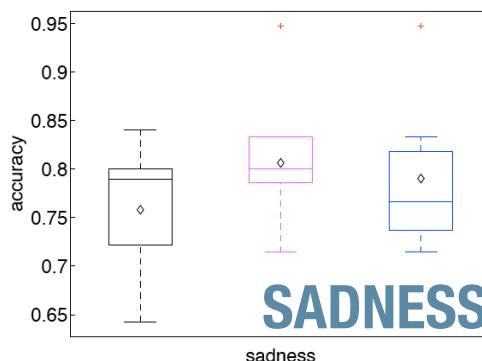
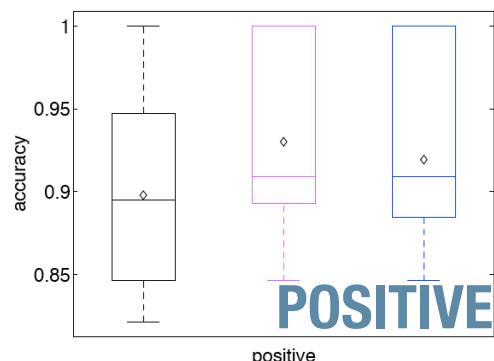
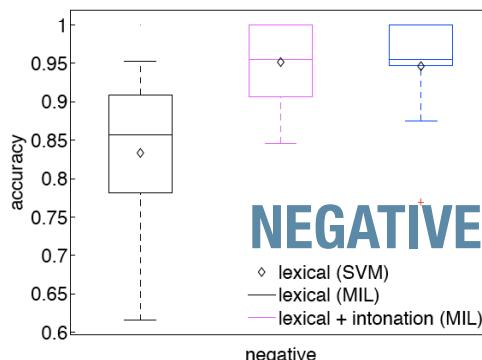
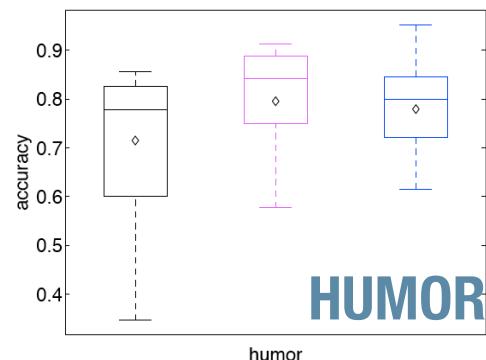
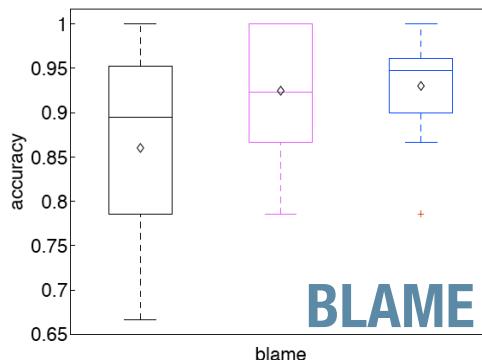
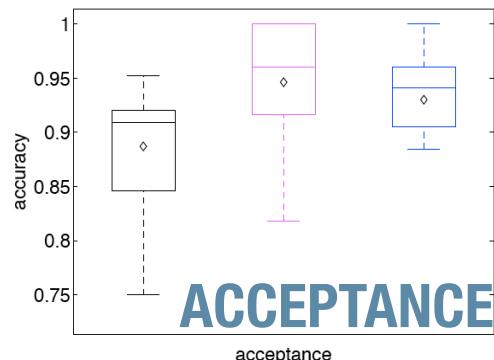
SALIENT PROTOTYPES: INSTANCES CLOSE TO POSITIVE BAGS AND FAR AWAY FROM NEGATIVE BAGS



A. KATSAMANIS, J. GIBSON, M. P. BLACK, AND S. S. NARAYANAN, "MULTIPLE INSTANCE LEARNING FOR CLASSIFICATION OF HUMAN BEHAVIOR OBSERVATIONS," IN: ACII, 2011.
J. GIBSON ET AL., MULTIPLE INSTANCE LEARNING FOR BEHAVIORAL CODING. IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON AFFECTIVE COMPUTING, 2016

Behavioral Coding Results: Instance Learning

Bag of Word Acoustic and Lexical features

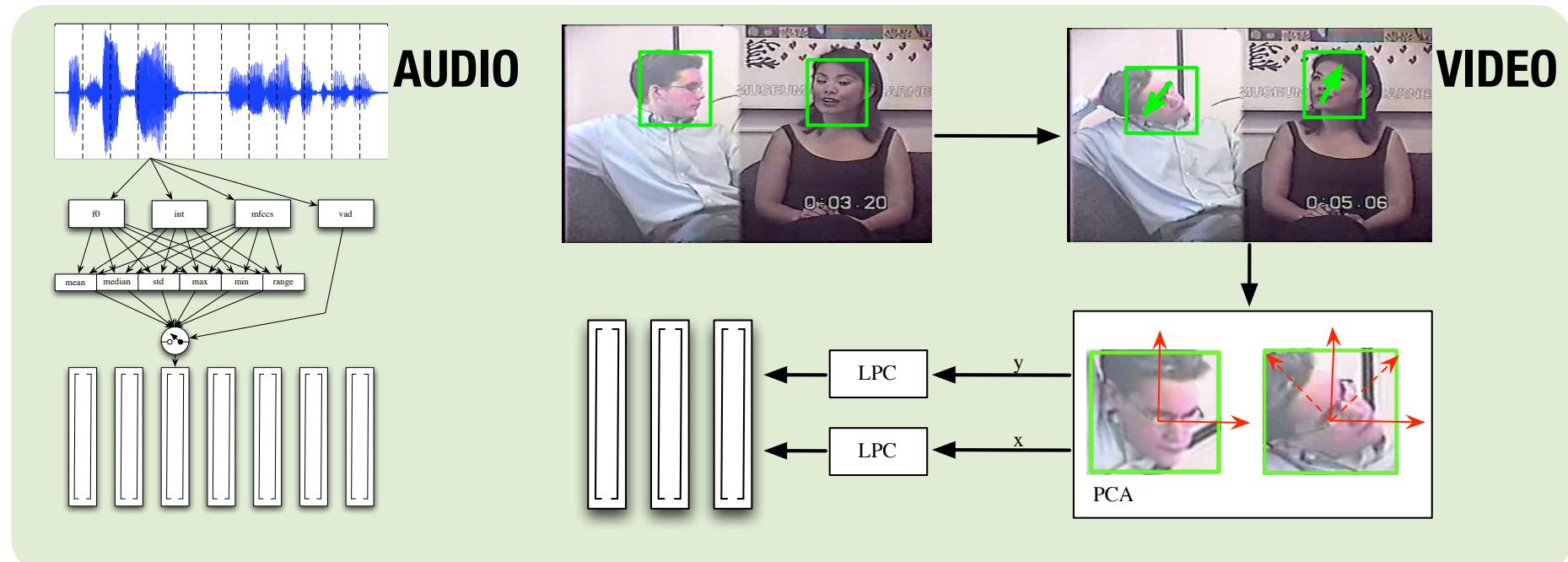


10-FOLD CROSS-VALIDATED RESULTS FOR SIX BEHAVIORAL CODES (HIGH VS LOW).

black boxes — baseline: Bag-of-words representation of the whole session (without exploiting saliency estimates)
red boxes — lexical + intonation (MIL)
blue boxes — lexical + intonation (MI)

SIGNIFICANT PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT WITH MULTIPLE INSTANCE LEARNING

Audio & Visual Salient Features



Classification accuracy (%) using audio, visual, and audio-visual fusion

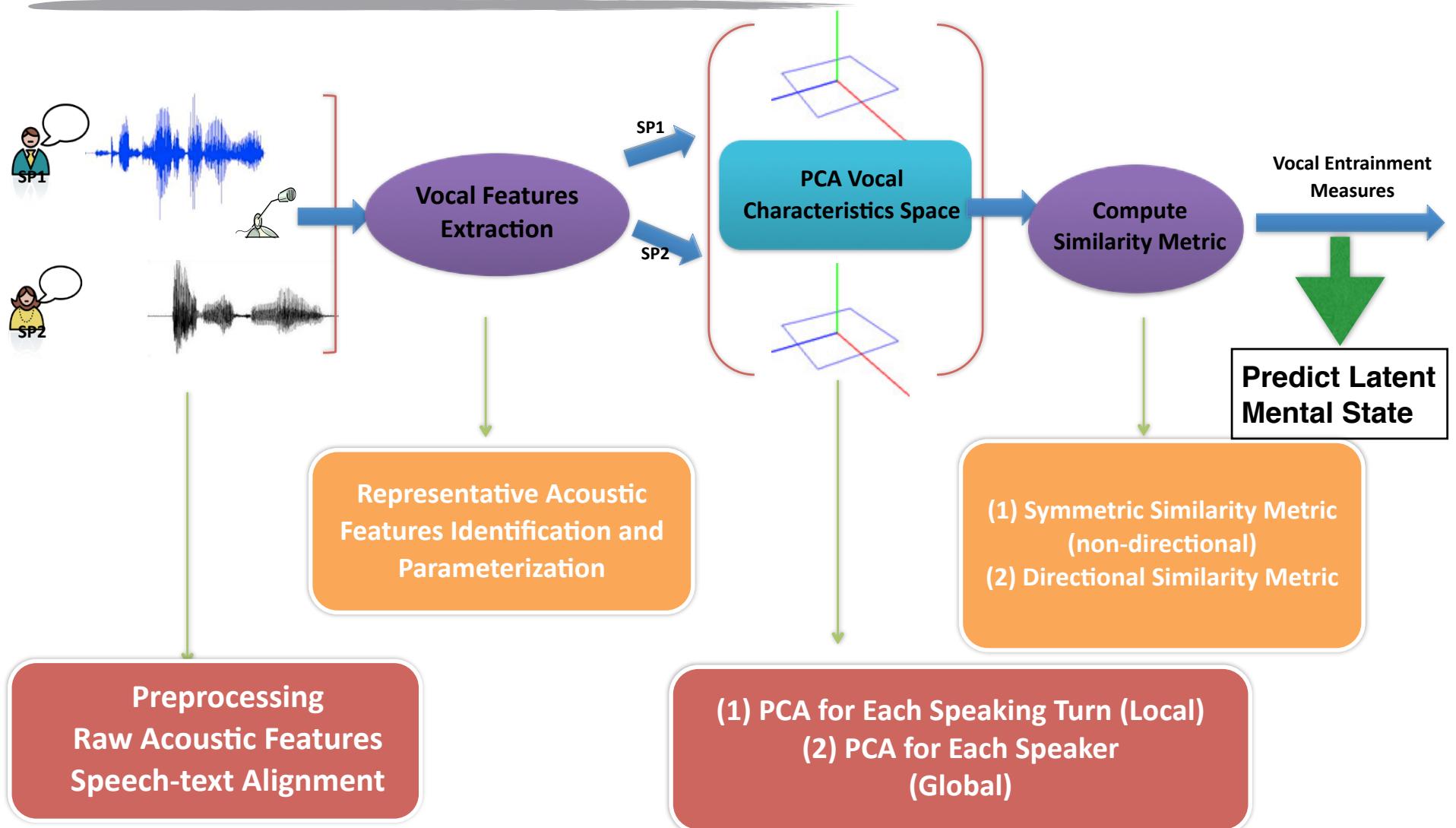
behavior	audio	visual	fusion	
			early	late
<i>acceptance</i>	70.5	62.5	64.3	72.3
<i>blame</i>	69.4	57.4	70.4	71.3

Late fusion improves accuracy for classification of both behaviors

JAMES GIBSON, BO XIAO, PANAYIOTIS GEORGIOU, SHRIKANTH NARAYANAN, AN AUDIO-VISUAL APPROACH TO LEARNING SALIENT BEHAVIORS IN COUPLES' PROBLEM SOLVING DISCUSSIONS, IN PROCEEDINGS OF THE IEEE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON MULTIMEDIA & EXPO (ICME), 2013

Computing Vocal Entrainment: A novel measure

“HOW MUCH DO TWO PEOPLE SYNCHRONIZE IN A CONVERSATION?”

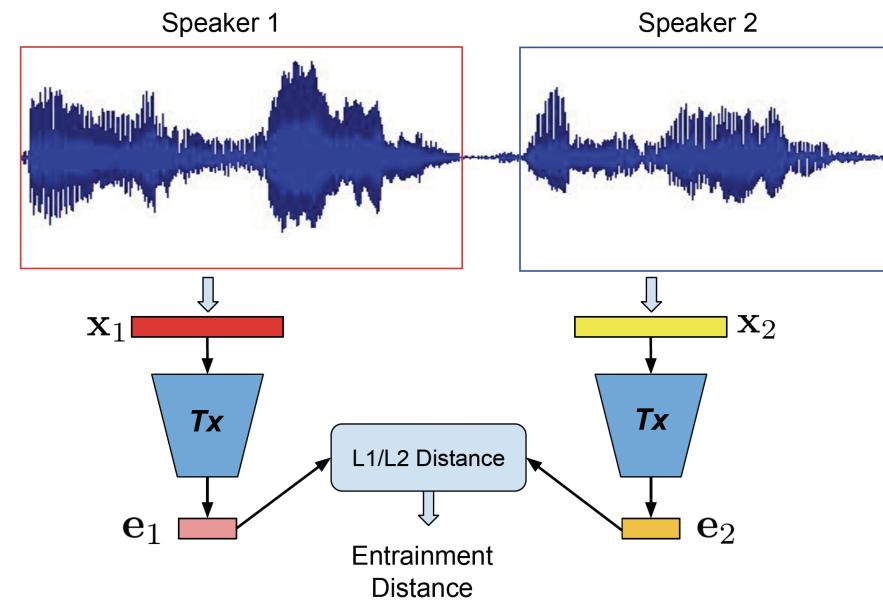


CHI-CHUN LEE, ET AL. COMPUTING VOCAL ENTRAINMENT: A SIGNAL-DERIVED PCA-BASED QUANTIFICATION SCHEME WITH APPLICATION TO AFFECT ANALYSIS IN MARRIED COUPLE INTERACTIONS. COMPUTER, SPEECH, AND LANGUAGE. 28(2): 518-539, MARCH 2014

MD NASIR, BRIAN BAUCOM, SHRIKANTH NARAYANAN, PANAYIOTIS GEORGIOU. MODELING VOCAL ENTRAINMENT IN CONVERSATIONAL SPEECH USING DEEP UNSUPERVISED LEARNING. IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON AFFECTIVE COMPUTING. 2020

Deep Learning for Modeling Vocal Entrainment

- Transform acoustic features of speaker turns to embeddings
- Obtain a minimal representation of:
 - information that can be ‘transferred’ across interlocutors
 - related to entrainment
- Compute entrainment distance in the embedding space
- A number of distances proposed under this framework using different neural network modeling approaches:
 - NED, TNED, iTNED
- iTNED seems to perform the best in the experiments in association with
 - couples therapy codes (agreement and blame)
 - couples therapy outcome
 - Emotional bond in Suicide risk assessment interviews

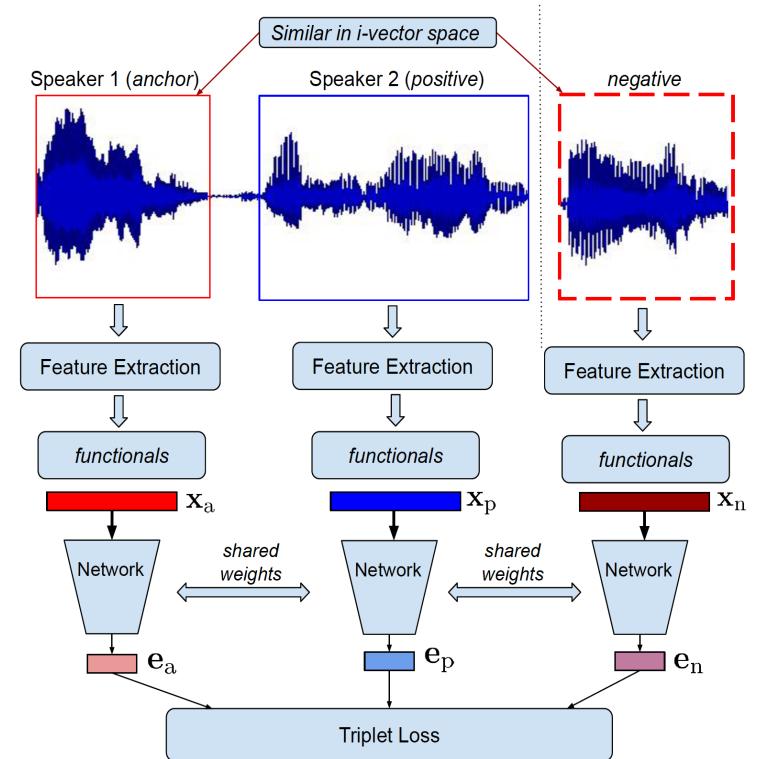


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MD NASIR, BRIAN BAUCOM, SHRIKANTH NARAYANAN, PANAYIOTIS GEORGIOU. MODELING VOCAL ENTRAINMENT IN CONVERSATIONAL SPEECH USING DEEP UNSUPERVISED LEARNING. IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON AFFECTIVE COMPUTING. 2020

i-vector-based Triplet Network Entrainment Distance (iTNE)

- **Triplets**
 - **Anchor:** previous speaker turn
 - **Positive:** next speaker turn
 - **Negative:** strategically chosen non-consecutive turn using proposed i-vector based sampling strategy
- Minimizing triplet loss
 - minimizes anchor-positive distance, thus preserves entrainment information
 - maximizes anchor-negative distance, thus reduces nuisance factors (speaker and channel characteristics)
 - **iTNE:** Distance measured in the embedding (last layer of the trained network)



Computing Multi/Cross-modal Entrainment & Synergy

- Computational models of synchrony between head, hand and body gestures and vocal patterns
- Use to
 - characterize behavioral constructs e.g., **approach-avoidance, affect, empathy**,..
 - predict the behavior of the other interactant

ANGELIKI METALLINOU, ATHANASIOS KATSAMANIS AND SHRIKANTH NARAYANAN. TRACKING CONTINUOUS EMOTIONAL TRENDS OF PARTICIPANTS DURING AFFECTIVE DYADIC INTERACTIONS USING BODY LANGUAGE AND SPEECH INFORMATION. JOURNAL IMAGE AND VISION COMPUTING. 31(2): 137-152, FEBRUARY 2013

ZHAOJUN YANG AND SHRIKANTH NARAYANAN. MODELING DYNAMICS OF EXPRESSIVE BODY GESTURES IN DYADIC INTERACTIONS. IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON AFFECTIVE COMPUTING. 8(3): 369 - 381, JULY 2017

ANGELIKI METALLINOU, ZHAOJUN YANG, CHI-CHUN LEE, CARLOS BUSSO, SHARON CARNICKE AND SHRIKANTH NARAYANAN. THE USC CREATIVEIT DATABASE OF MULTIMODAL DYADIC INTERACTIONS: FROM SPEECH AND FULL BODY MOTION CAPTURE TO CONTINUOUS EMOTIONAL ANNOTATIONS. JOURNAL OF LANGUAGE RESOURCES AND EVALUATION. PP. 1-25, 2015

ZHAOJUN YANG, ANGELIKI METALLINOU AND SHRIKANTH S. NARAYANAN. ANALYSIS AND PREDICTIVE MODELING OF BODY LANGUAGE BEHAVIOR IN DYADIC INTERACTIONS FROM MULTIMODAL INTERLOCUTOR CUES. IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON MULTIMEDIA. 16(6): 1766-1778, OCTOBER 2014.

BO XIAO, PANAYIOTIS GEORGIOU, BRIAN BAUCOM, SHRIKANTH NARAYANAN. HEAD MOTION SYNCHRONY AND ITS CORRELATION TO AFFECTIVITY IN DYADIC INTERACTIONS. IN PROCEEDINGS OF THE IEEE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON MULTIMEDIA & EXPO, 2013

BO XIAO, PANAYIOTIS GEORGIOU, BRIAN BAUCOM AND SHRIKANTH S. NARAYANAN. HEAD MOTION MODELING FOR HUMAN BEHAVIOR ANALYSIS IN DYADIC INTERACTION. IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON MULTIMEDIA. 17(7): 1107-1119, JULY 2015

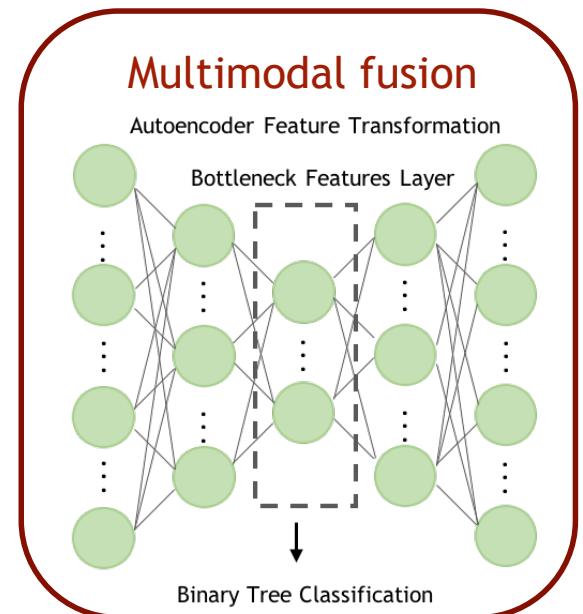
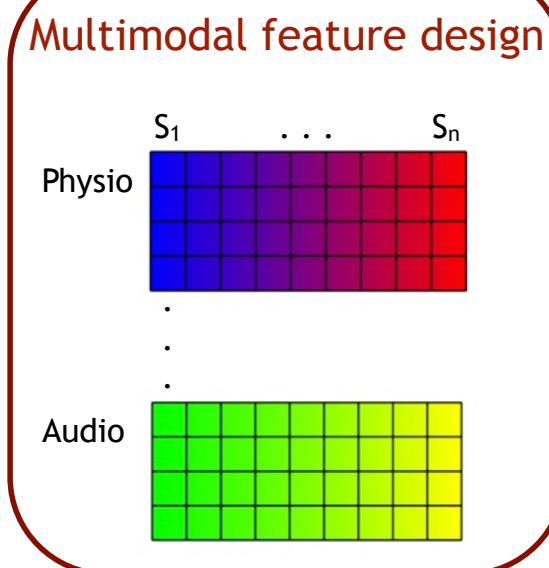
Beyond traditional clinical settings? bringing the care directly to the individual

- Home, work place,...

- remote health tracking
- stress regulation at work
- conflict at home



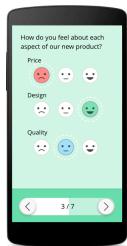
Conflict detection system



Multimodal ambulatory detection of relationship conflict

self-reports

- ✓ mood
- ✓ quality of interactions



context and interaction

- ✓ GPS
- ✓ activity count
- ✓ body temperature
- ✓ alcohol/caffeine/drugs



electrodermal activity

- ✓ skin conductance level
- ✓ skin conductance response



electrocardiogram

- ✓ heart rate
- ✓ heart rate variability



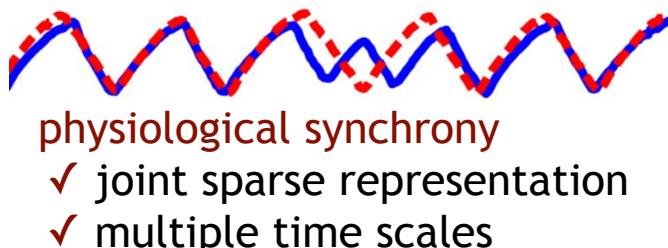
language use

- ✓ linguistic constructs
- ✓ psychological factors
- ✓ personal concern
- ✓ paralinguistic



acoustic analysis

- ✓ pitch (F0)
- ✓ intensity



Unweighted classification accuracy up to 81% and 86% for females and males

Adela C. Timmons, Theodora Chaspari, Sohyun C. Han, Laura Perrone, Shrikanth S. Narayanan, and Gayla Margolin. Multimodal Detection of Conflict in Couples Using Wearable Technology. IEEE Computer. Special Issue on Quality-of-Life Technologies. March 2017.

USC Couple Mobile Sensing Project

THE USC COUPLE
MOBILE
SENSING PROJECT



Data source

- ✓ young-adult dating couples
- ✓ 34 couples
- ✓ 22.5 years average

<http://homedata.github.io/>

Collection procedures

- ✓ 1 smartphone: self-reports, GPS, audio
- ✓ 2 wearable sensors: EDA, ECG

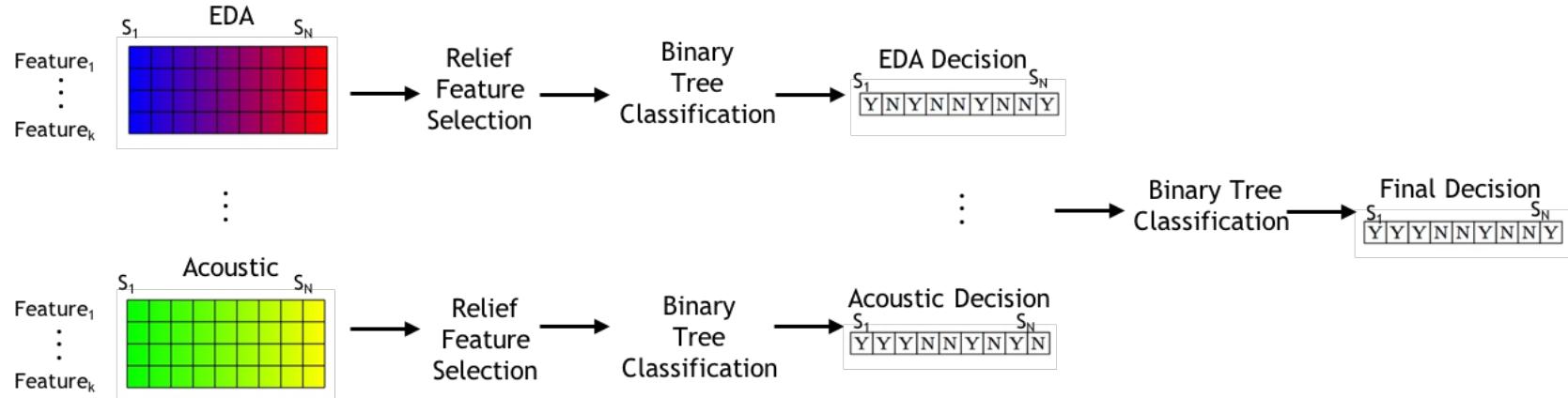
Conflict labels

- ✓ Hourly self-report conflict per partner

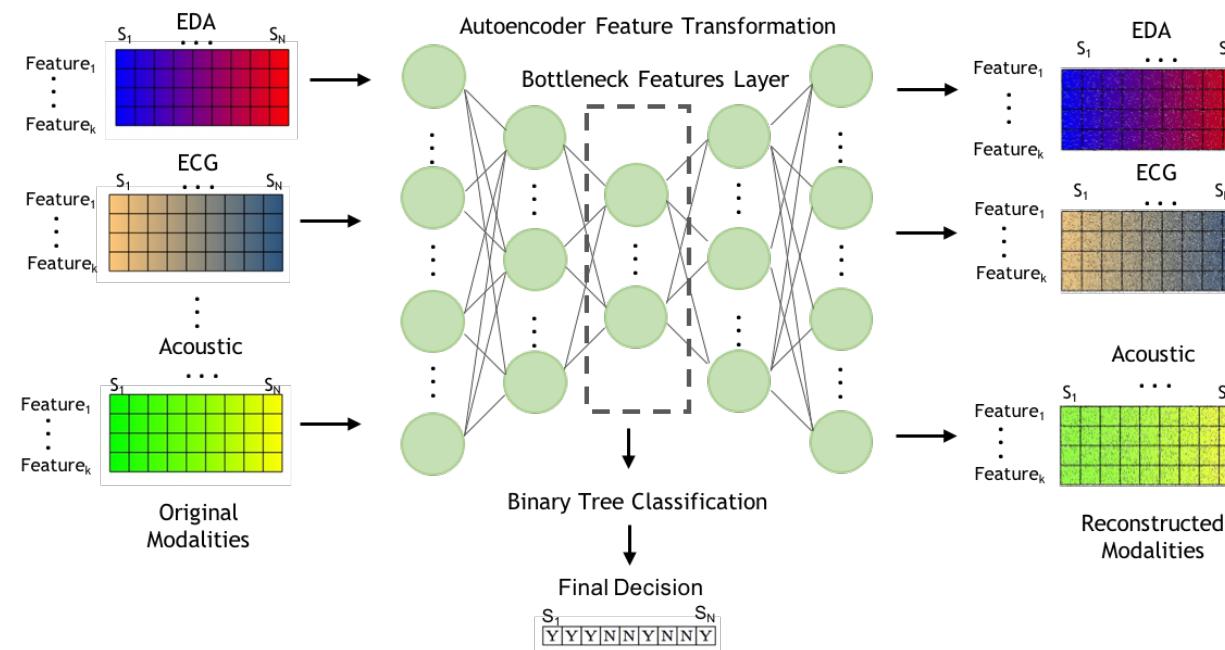


Conflict detection system

System 1: Decision-level fusion



System 2: Feature-level fusion



Relationship Conflict Prediction

Unweighted classification accuracy (%)

Features	System 1 Decision-level fusion		System 2 Feature-level fusion	
	Female	Male	Female	Male
Self-report	70.4**	61.5*	58.3	67.9**
Multimodal	73**	76.9**	74.2**	76.9**
Self-report+Multimodal	78.3**	81.2**	79.4**	86.3**

*p<0.05, **p<0.01 (UA significantly higher than 50% chance)

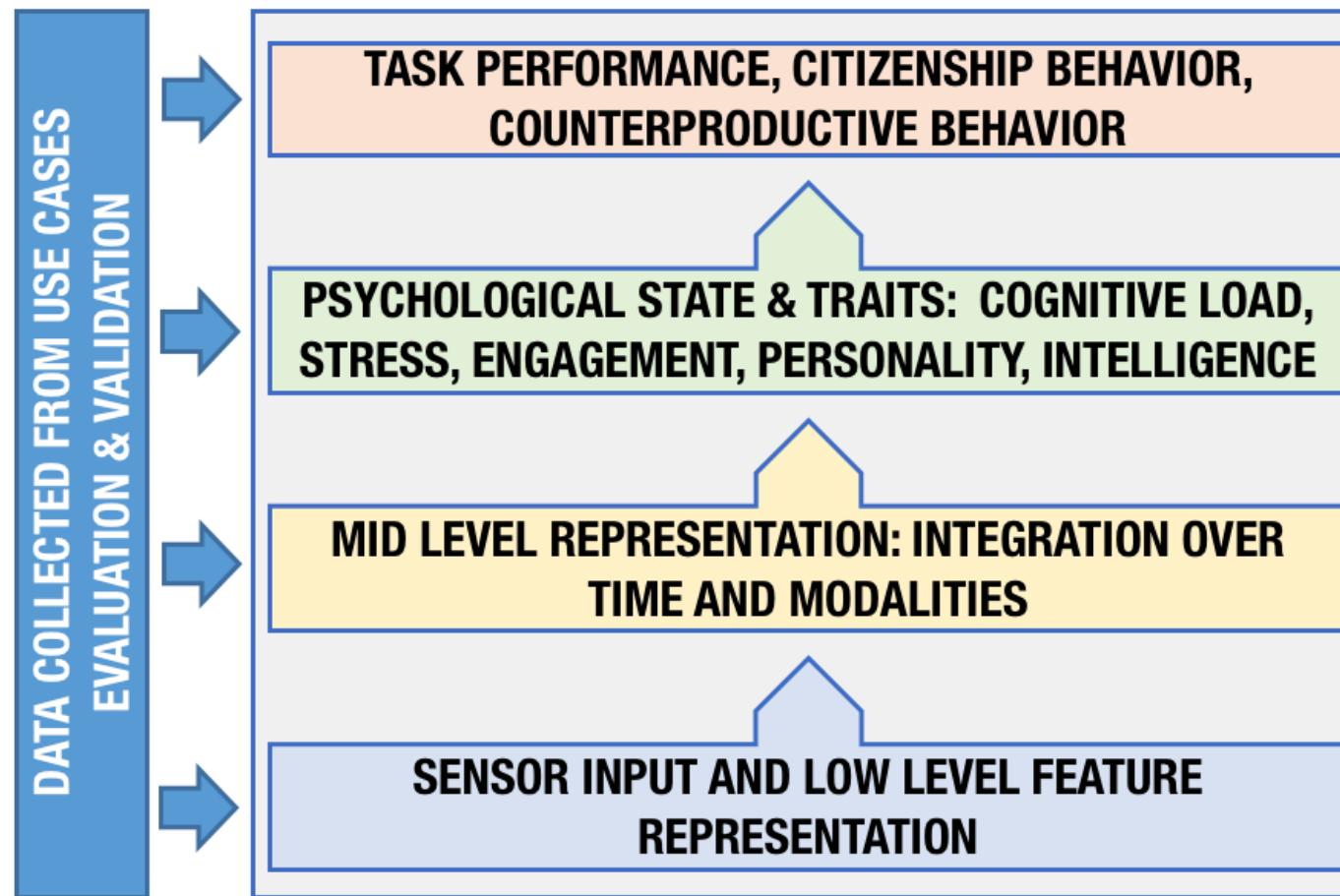
A. Timmons, T. Chaspari, S. C. Han, L. Perrone, S. Narayanan, and G. Margolin. Multimodal Detection of Conflict in Couples Using Wearable Technology. *IEEE Computer*. 50(3): 50-59, March 2017.

A. Timmons, B. Baucom, S. Han, L. Perrone, T. Chaspari, S. Narayanan, and G. Margolin. New Frontiers in Ambulatory Assessment: Big Data Methods for Capturing Couples' Emotions, Vocalizations, and Physiology in Daily Life. *Social Psychological and Personality Science*. 2017

TILES: Tracking individual performance with sensors (at work place)

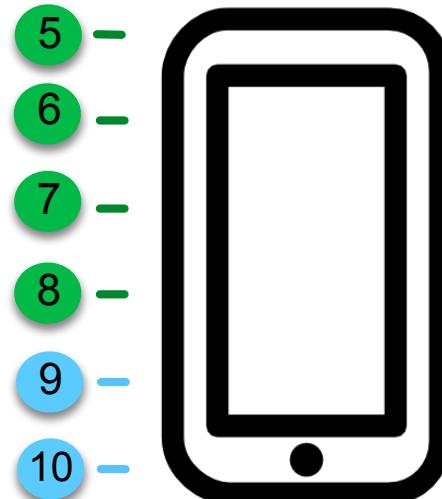
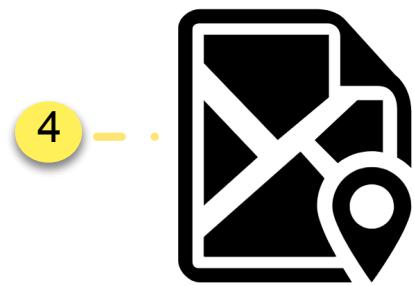
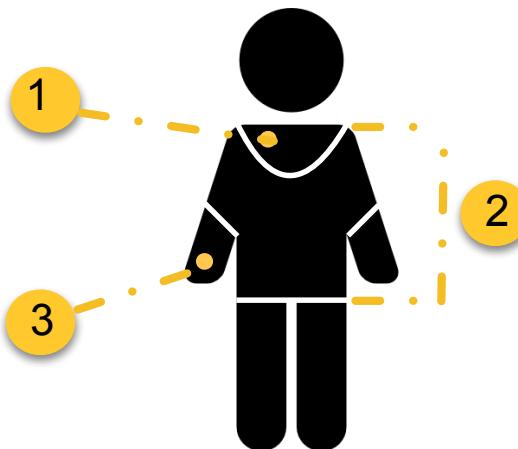
<https://tiles-data.isi.edu/>

End-to-end bio-behavioral platform for individualized performance assessment from sensor data



“Be Well--Do Well”
IARPA MOSAIC Program

TILES Data Collection Streams



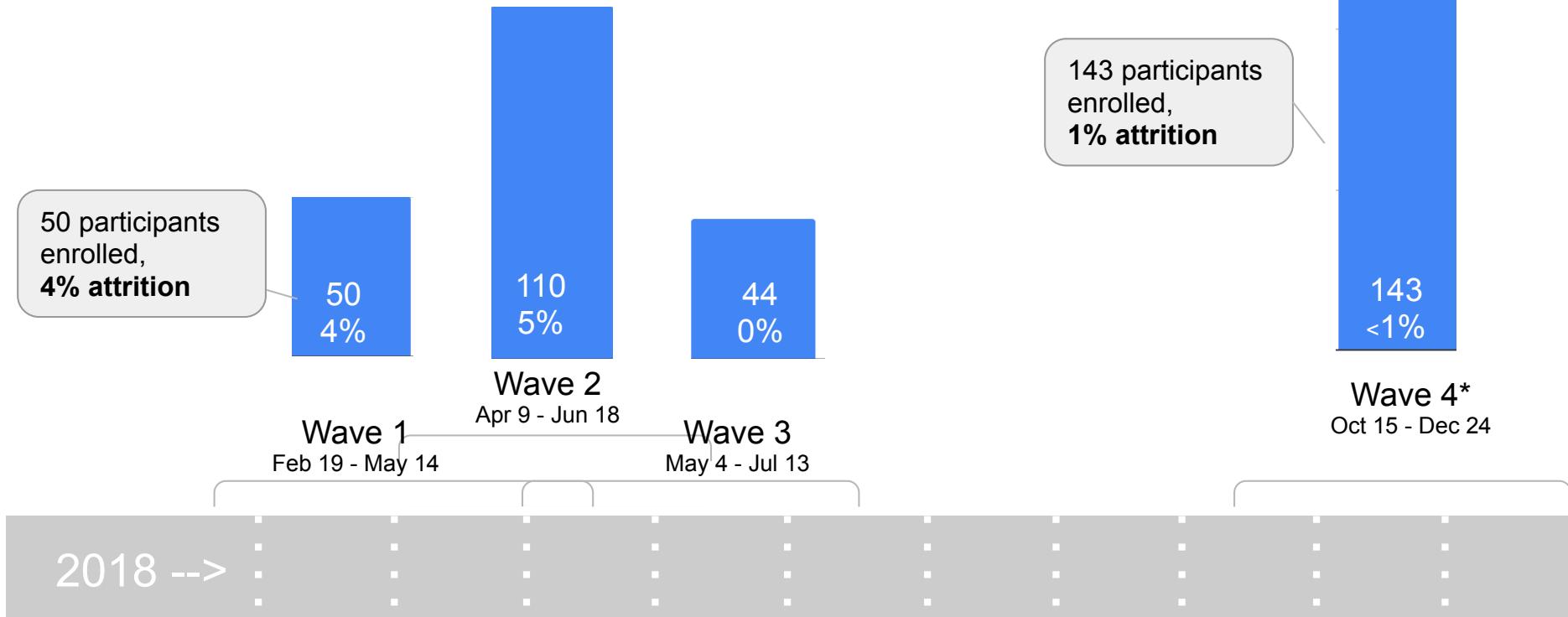
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(1) Jelly device	record voice to gather information about pitch, intonation, speed, etc
(2) OMsignal Shirt	track ECG activity & respiratory rate
(3) Fitbit	track physical activity & heart rate
(4) Owl-in-one beacon	map the complex web of movement & social interaction within the hospital & collect various environmental data
(5) RealizD	record how often participants use their phones & for how long
(6) Facebook	track social media usage via two platforms
(7) Instagram	collect GPS, wifi info, battery level, app analytics & daily surveys
(8) TILES App	daily Ecological Moment Assessment survey
(9) TILES Survey	daily survey from 3rd party — record survey completion & when participants open & close the survey
(10) MITRE Survey	

Study details Phase 1

Keck Medical
Center of **USC**

Data Released (2020)



Waves 1-3

Enrolled 212 (target $N = 200$) out of 375 screened as eligible

Wave 4

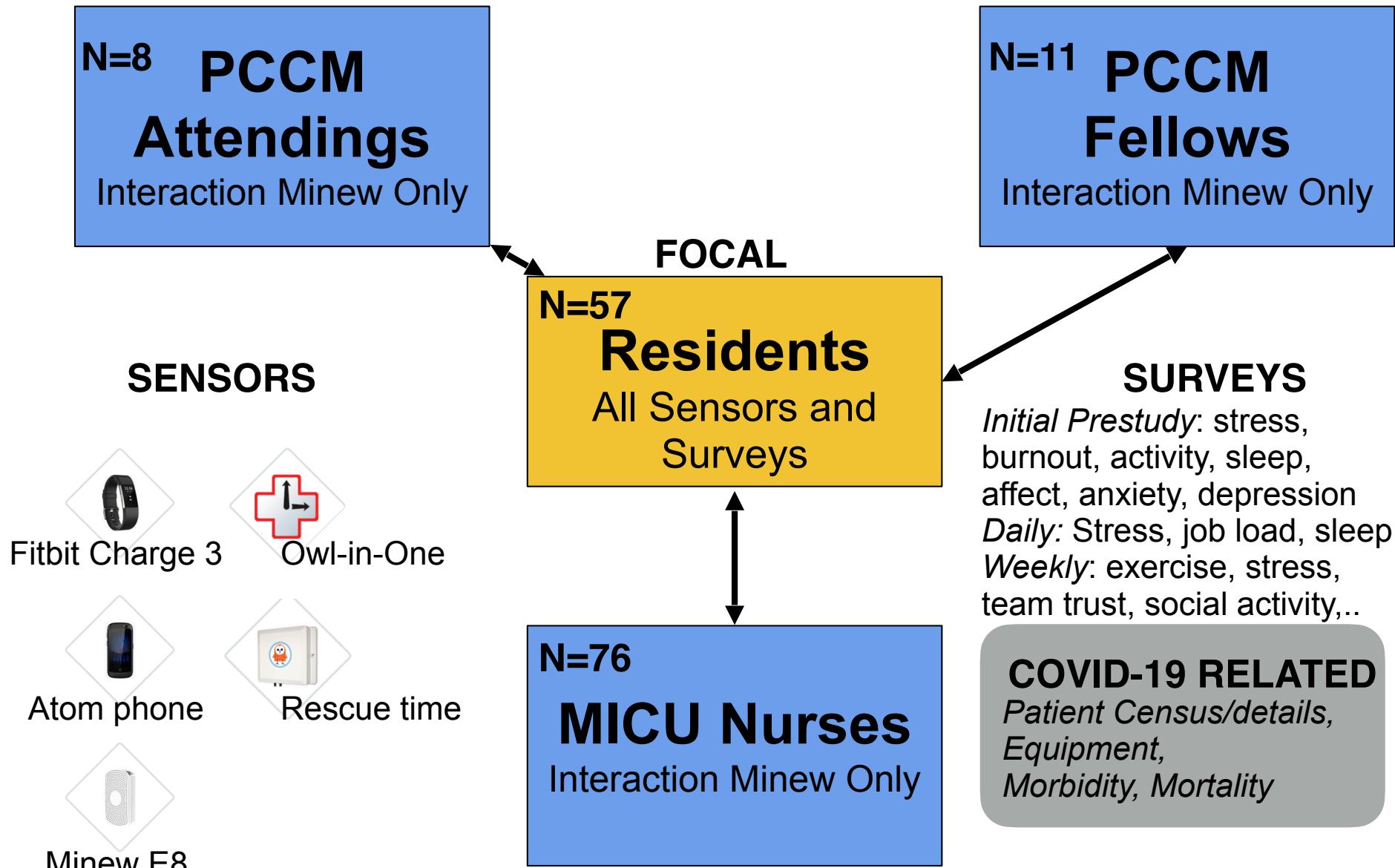
Enrolled 144 out of 246 screened as eligible

Karel Mundnich, Brandon Booth, Michelle L'Hommedieu, Tiantian Feng, Benjamin Girault, Justin L'Hommedieu, Mackenzie Wildman, Sophia Skaaden, Amrutha Nadarajan, Jennifer Villatte, Tiago Falk, Kristina Lerman, Emilio Ferrara, and Shrikanth Narayanan. TILES-2018, a longitudinal physiologic and behavioral data set of hospital workers. *Scientific Data (Nature Research)*. 2020.

Study details Phase 2

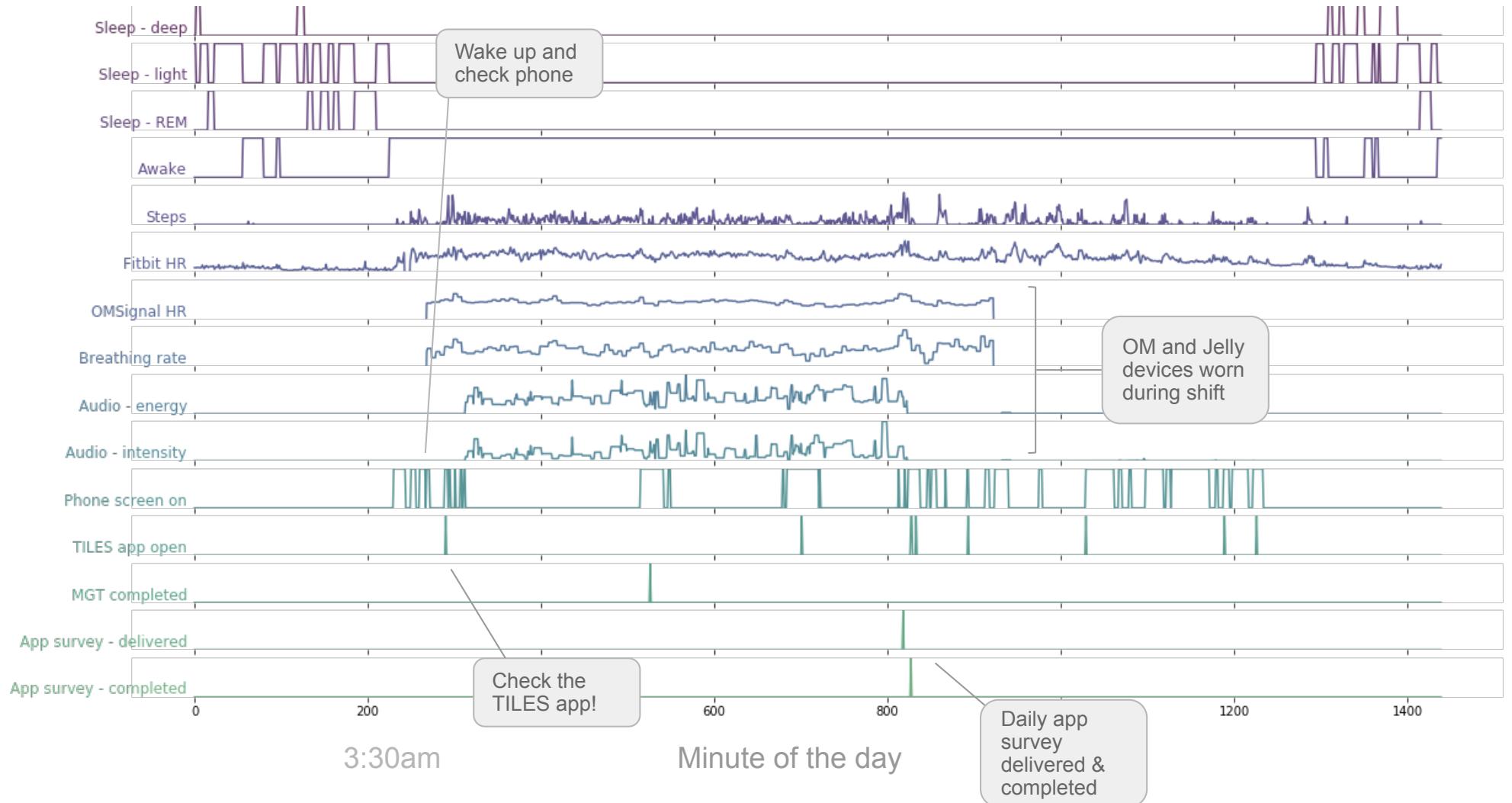
PCCM: Pulmonary, Critical Care, and Sleep Medicine

Dates: 11/5/2019-4/13/2020, Attrition, N=1 (nurse)



A day in the life of a subject

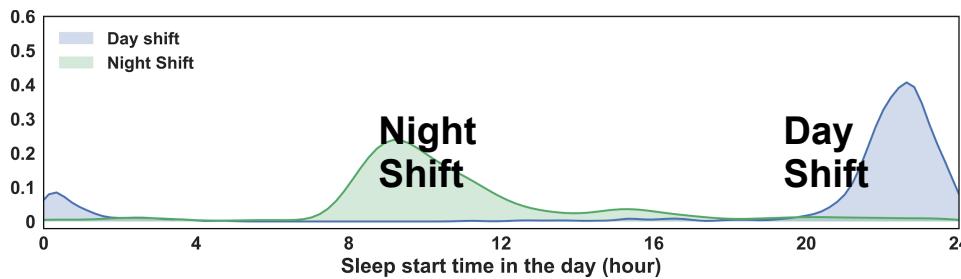
“behavior-gram”



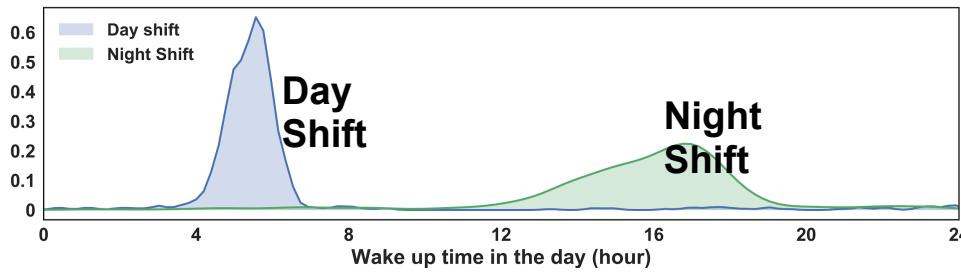
Sleep Differences in Day/Night Shift

DAY SHIFT WORKERS MAINTAIN MORE REGULAR SLEEP PATTERNS

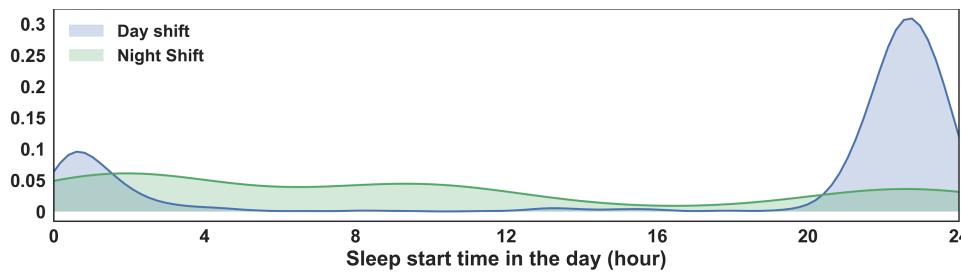
Sleep start



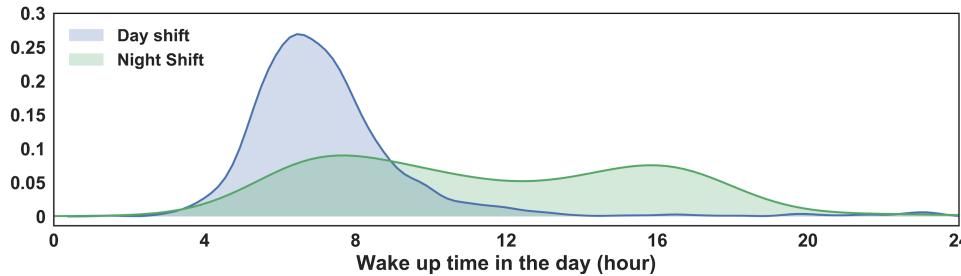
Wake up



Sleep start



Wake up



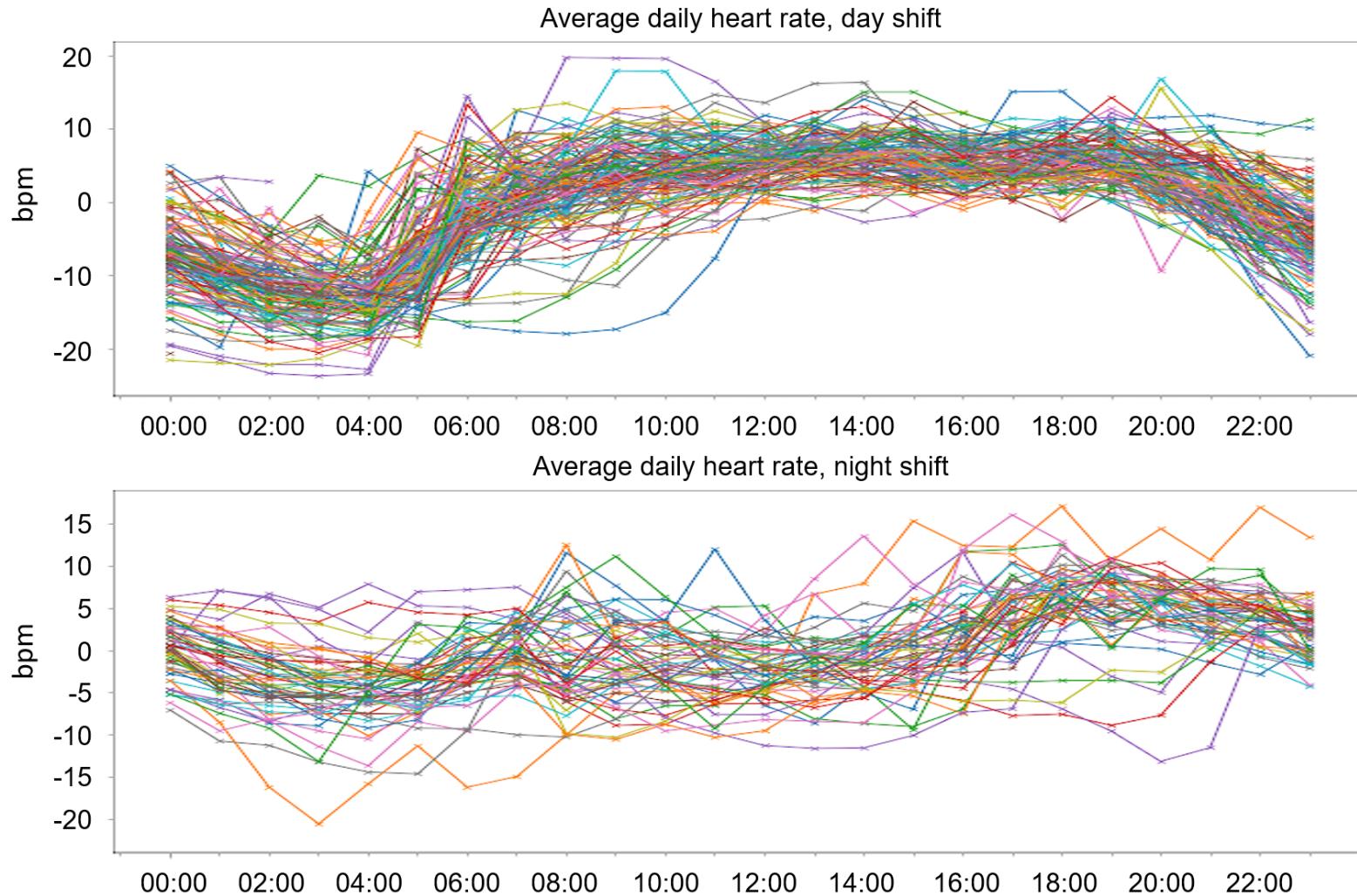
**WORK
DAYS**

**OFF
DAYS**

Heart Rate Differences in Day/Night Shift

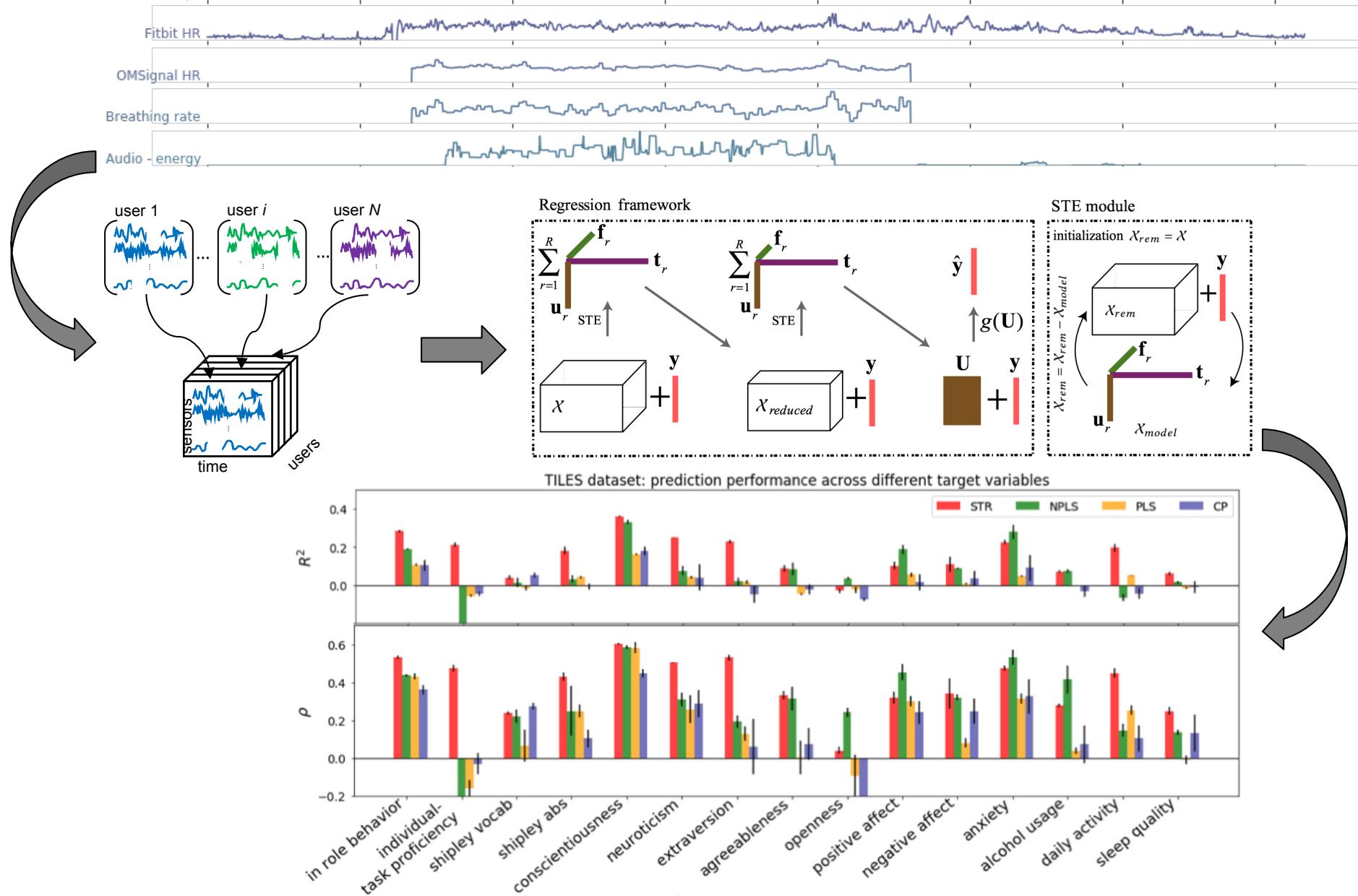
DAY SHIFT WORKERS SHOW MORE REGULAR DAILY HEART RATE PATTERNS

Hourly HR average, mean average in the day is removed. Averaged across days, one line per subject for Day and Night shifts



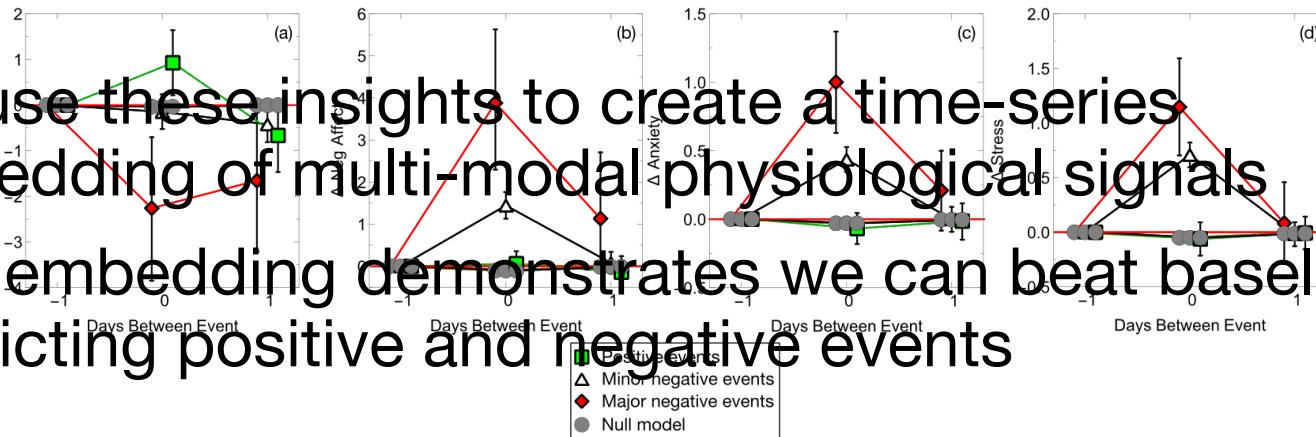
Tiantian Feng, Brandon M. Booth, Brooke Baldwin-Rodriguez, Felipe Osorno, Shrikanth Narayanan. A multimodal analysis of physical activity, sleep, and work shift in nurses with wearable sensor data. Scientific Reports 11, 8693, 2021

From sensors to models to predictions



Atypical Events

- We use these insights to create a time-series embedding of multi-modal physiological signals
- This embedding demonstrates we can beat baselines at predicting positive and negative events



- Positive events can increase positive affect
- Negative events increase negative affect, anxiety, and stress
- These events also affect physiological signals

Construct	Model	ROC-AUC	F1 (% over baseline)	Precision (% over baseline)
Atypical Event	Random	0.50	0.12	0.12
	Aggregated	0.55	0.23	0.14
	Embedding	0.56	0.23 (91%)	0.16 (33%)
Good Event	Random	0.59	0.09	0.03
	Aggregated	0.59	0.17	0.04
	Embedding	0.58	0.08 (220%)	0.05 (100%)
Bad Event	Random	0.50	0.08	0.08
	Aggregated	0.55	0.16	0.10
	Embedding	0.56	0.16 (110%)	0.10 (28%)

References: TILES

1. Tiantian Feng, Brandon M. Booth, Brooke Baldwin-Rodriguez, Felipe Osorno, Shrikanth Narayanan. A multimodal analysis of physical activity, sleep, and work shift in nurses with wearable sensor data. *Scientific Reports* 11, 8693 (Nature Press). 2021
2. Arindam Jati, Amrutha Nadarajan, Raghuveer Peri, Karel Mundnich, Tiantian Feng, Benjamin Girault, and Shrikanth Narayanan. Temporal Dynamics of Workplace Acoustic Scenes: Egocentric Analysis and Prediction. *Proceedings of IEEE/ACM Transactions on Audio, Speech and Language Processing*. 2021
3. Vinesh Ravuri, Projna Paromita, Karel Mundnich, Amrutha Nadarajan, Brandon M. Booth, Shrikanth S. Narayanan, Theodora Chaspari. Investigating Group-Specific Models of Hospital Workers' Well-Being: Implications for Algorithmic Bias. *International Journal of Semantic Computing*. 2021
4. Amr Gaballah, Abhishek Tiwari, Shrikanth Narayanan, Tiago Falk. Context-Aware Speech Stress Detection in Hospital Workers Using Bi-LSTM Classifiers. *Proceedings of ICASSP*, Toronto, Canada, May 2021
5. Karel Mundnich, Brandon Booth, Michelle L'Hommedieu, Tiantian Feng, Benjamin Girault, Justin L'Hommedieu, Mackenzie Wildman, Sophia Skaaden, Amrutha Nadarajan, Jennifer Villatte, Tiago Falk, Kristina Lerman, Emilio Ferrara, and Shrikanth Narayanan. TILES-2018, a longitudinal physiologic and behavioral data set of hospital workers. *Scientific Data* (Nature Research). 2020.
6. Tiantian Feng, Shrikanth Narayanan. Modeling Behavioral Consistency In Large-Scale Wearable Recordings of Human Bio-behavioral Signals. *Proceedings of ICASSP*, Barcelona, Spain, May 2020
7. Tiantian Feng, Brandon Booth, Shrikanth Narayanan. Modeling Behavior as Mutual Dependency Between Physiological Signals and Indoor Location In Large-Scale Wearable Sensor Study. *Proceedings of ICASSP*, Barcelona, Spain, May 2020
8. Shen Yan, Homa HosseiniMardi, Hsien-Te Kao, Shrikanth Narayanan, Krisitina Lerman and Emilio Ferrara. Affect Estimation with Wearable Sensors. *Journal of Healthcare Informatics Research*. 4(3): 261–294, March 2020
9. Michelle L'Hommedieu, Justin H. L'Hommedieu, Cynthia Begay, Alison Schenone, Lida Dimitropoulou, Gayla Margolin, Tiago H. Falk, Emilio Ferrara, Kristina Lerman, and Shrikanth Narayanan. Lessons Learned: Recommendations for Implementing A Longitudinal Study Using Wearable and Environmental Sensors in a Healthcare Organization. *J Med Internet Res (JMIR) mHealth and uHealth*. 7(12):e13305, December 2019
10. Brandon M Booth, Karel Mundnich, Tiantian Feng, Amrutha Nadarajan, Tiago H Falk, Jennifer L Villatte, Emilio Ferrara, Shrikanth Narayanan. Multimodal Human and Environmental Sensing for Longitudinal Behavioral Studies in Naturalistic Settings: Framework for Sensor Selection, Deployment, and Management. *J Med Internet Res (JMIR)*, 21(8):e12832, 2019
11. Abhishek Tiwari, Shrikanth Narayanan, Tiago Falk. Breathing Rate Complexity Features for "In-the-Wild" Stress and Anxiety Measurement. *Proceedings of the 27th European Signal Processing Conference (EUSIPCO)*, 2019

References: TILES

12. Abhishek Tiwari, Raymundo Cassani, Shrikanth Narayanan, Tiago Falk. A Comparative Study of Stress and Anxiety Prediction in Ecological Settings Using a Smart-shirt and a Smart-bracelet. Proceedings of the 41st Annual International Conference of the IEEE Engineering in Medicine and Biology Society (EMBC'19), Berlin Germany, July 2019
13. Abhishek Tiwari, Shrikanth Narayanan, Tiago Falk. Stress and Anxiety Measurement "In-the-Wild" Using Quality-aware Multi-scale HRV Features. Proceedings of the 41st Annual International Conference of the IEEE Engineering in Medicine and Biology Society (EMBC'19), Berlin Germany, July 2019.
14. Tiantian Feng, Shrikanth Narayanan. Imputing Missing Data In Large-Scale Multivariate Biomedical Wearable Recordings Using Bidirectional Recurrent Neural Networks With Temporal Activation. Proceedings of the 41st Annual International Conference of the IEEE Engineering in Medicine and Biology Society (EMBC'19), Berlin Germany, July 2019
15. Shen Yan, Homa HosseiniMardi, Hsien-Te Kao, Shrikanth Narayanan, Kristina Lerman and Emilio Ferrara. Estimating Individualized Daily Self-Reported Affect with Wearable Sensors. Proceedings of the 7th IEEE Conference on Healthcare Informatics (ICHI2019), Beijing, China, June 2019
16. Amrutha Nadarajan, Krishna Somandepalli, Shrikanth Narayanan. SPEAKER AGNOSTIC FOREGROUND SPEECH DETECTION FROM AUDIO RECORDINGS IN WORKPLACE SETTINGS FROM WEARABLE RECORDERS. Proceedings of ICASSP, Brighton, UK, May 2019
17. Brandon Booth, Tiantian Feng, Abhishek Jangalwa, Shrikanth Narayanan. TOWARD ROBUST INTERPRETABLE HUMAN MOVEMENT PATTERN ANALYSIS IN A WORKPLACE SETTING. Proceedings of ICASSP, Brighton, UK, May 2019
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19. Karel Mundnich, Benjamin Girault, Shrikanth Narayanan. Bluetooth based Indoor Localization using Triplet Embeddings. Proceedings of ICASSP, Brighton, UK, May 2019
20. Hsien-Te Kao, Homa HosseiniMardi, Shen Yan, Michelle Hasan, Shrikanth Narayanan, Kristina Lerman and Emilio Ferrara. Discovering Latent Psychological Structures from Self-report Assessments of Hospital Workers. Proceedings of the 5th International Conference on Behavioral, Economic, and Socio-Cultural Computing (BESC 2018), Taiwan, November, 2018 [Best paper award at BESC 2018 for "Distinguished Research on Digital Humanities"]
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Some Case Studies

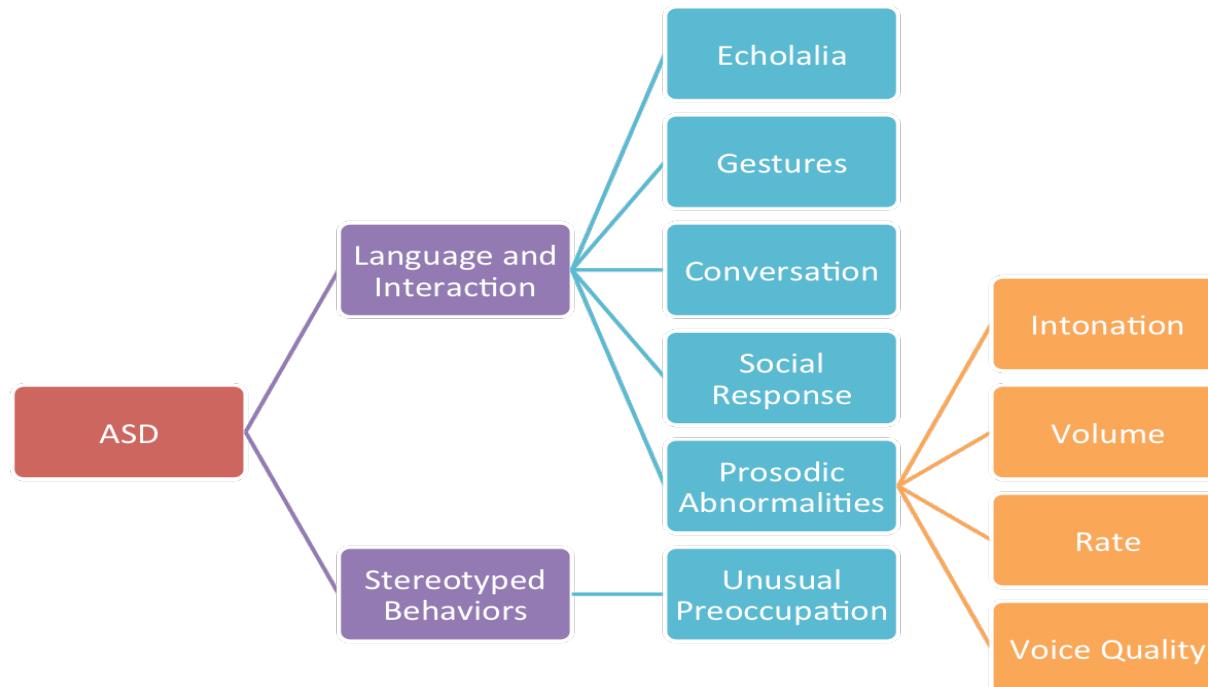
Modeling

Diagnostics

Intervention

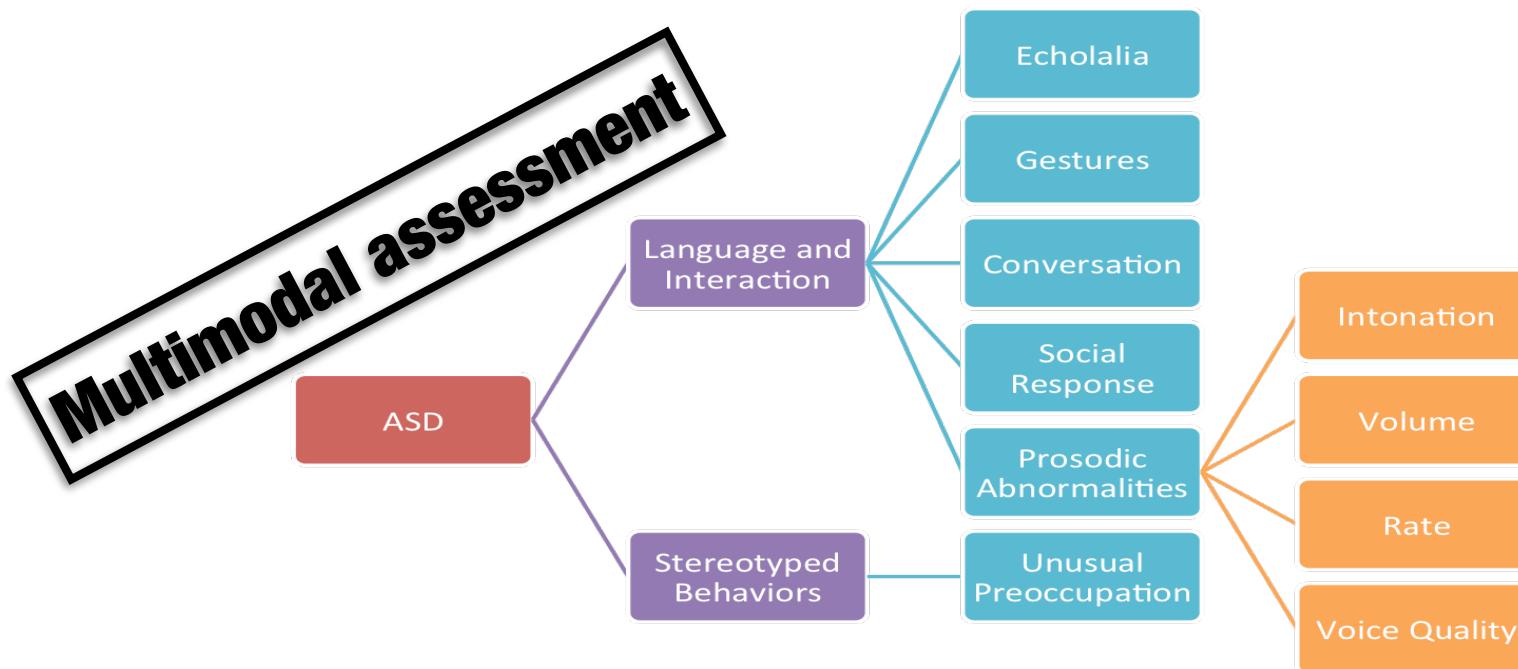
Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD): Understanding the expression of social cues

- **1 in 54 US children diagnosed with ASD (CDC, 2016)**
 - 1% prevalence in Asia, Europe, North America, 2.6% in S. Korea
- **Difficulties in social communication, reciprocity;
Repetitive or stereotyped behaviors and interests**
 - heterogeneous across individuals and contexts



Opportunities for rich multimodal approaches in Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD)

- Better understand communication and social patterns of children
- Stratify behavioral phenotyping with quantifiable and adaptable metrics
- Track, quantify children's progress during interventions

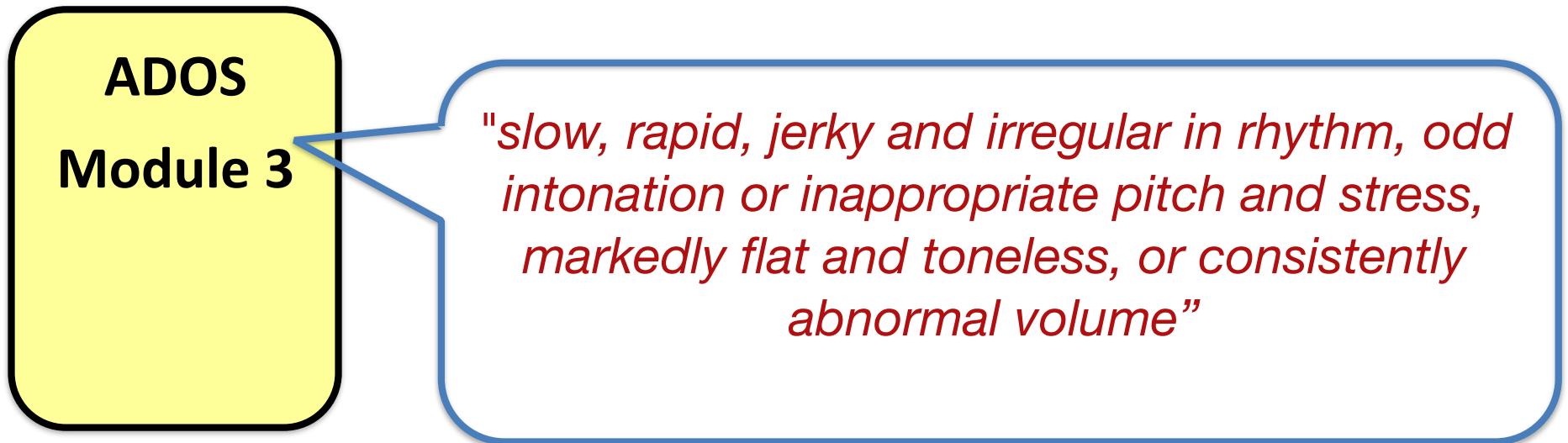


D. Bone, M. Goodwin, M. Black, C-C.Lee, K. Audhkhasi, and S. Narayanan. Applying Machine Learning to Facilitate Autism Diagnostics: Pitfalls and promises. *Journal of Autism and Developmental Disorders*. 45(5), 1121-1136, 2015

Daniel Bone, Somer Bishop, Matthew P. Black, Matthew S. Goodwin, Catherine Lord, Shrikanth S. Narayanan. Use of Machine Learning to Improve Autism Screening and Diagnostic Instruments: Effectiveness, Efficiency, and Multi-Instrument Fusion. *Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry*. 57(8): 927-937, August 2016

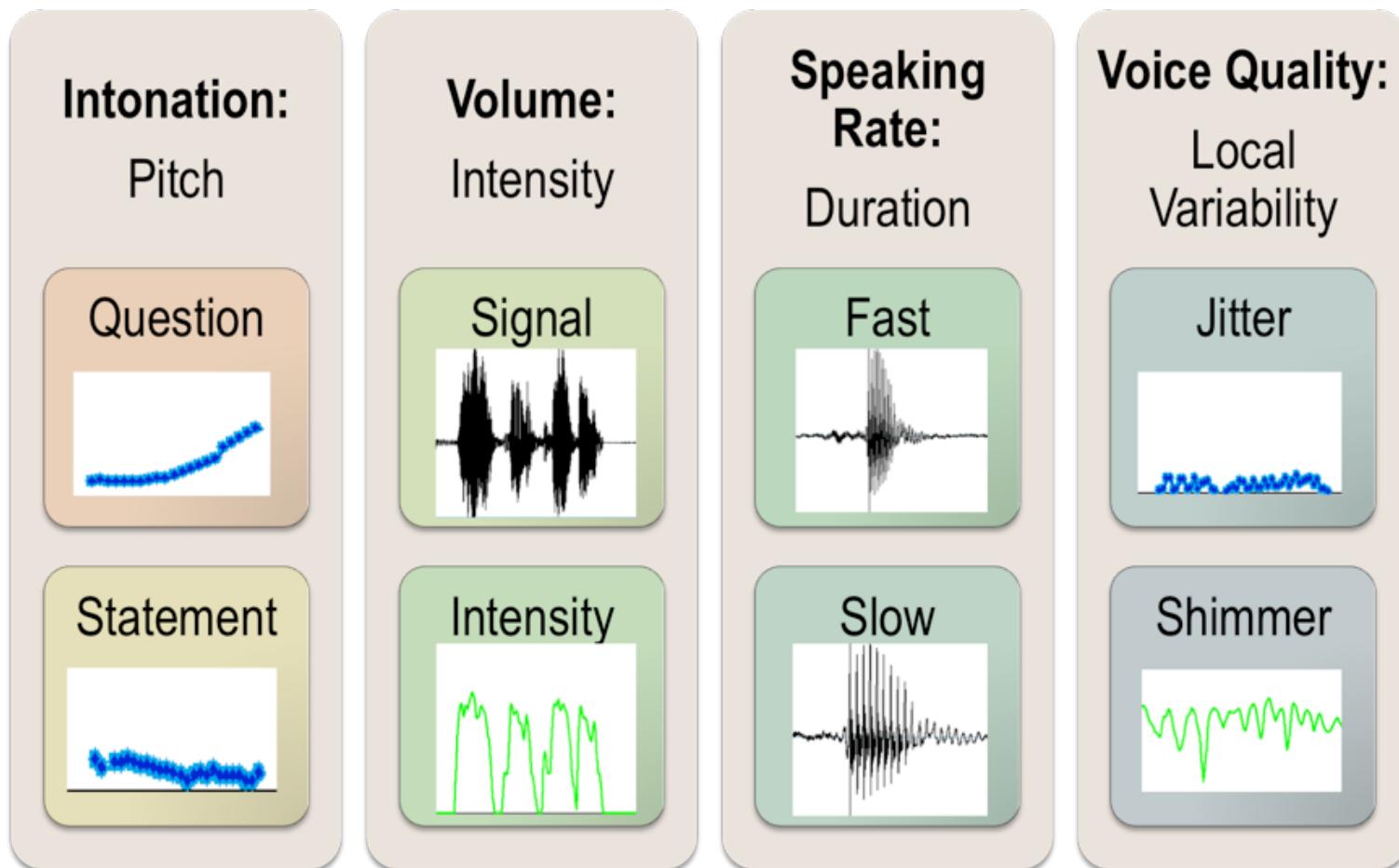
Quantifying Atypical Prosody

Qualitative descriptions are general and contrasting



Structured assessment may not capture how atypical prosody affects social functioning apart from pragmatics

Quantifying Prosody: Acoustic features



- 24 Features: **pitch (6), volume (6), rate (4), and voice quality (8)**
 - Intonation: F0 curvature, slope, center
 - Volume: Intensity curvature, slope, center
 - Rate: Boundary (turn end word), Non boundary
 - Voice Quality: Jitter, Shimmer, CPP, HNR

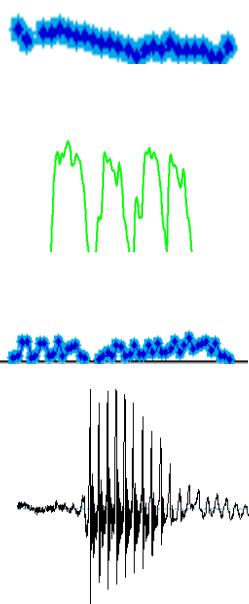
◆ *median, IQR of above*

Atypical Prosody & Interaction

Spearman's Correlation between rated severity and prosodic cues (dataset ADOS 3 administration, N=28)

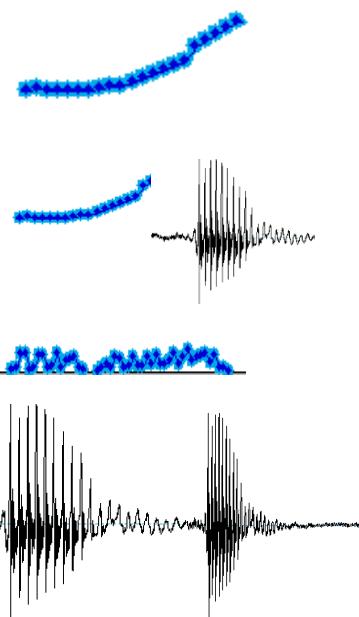
Child's Prosody

- “Monotone”
 $p<0.01$
- “Abnormal volume”
 $p<0.05$
- “Breathy/Rough”
 $p<0.01$
- Slower speaking rate
 $p<0.05$



Psychologist's Prosody

- Questions/affect
 $p<0.05$
- Variable prosody
 $p<0.01$
- also higher jitter
 $p<0.01$
- slower/then faster
 $p<0.01$



The psychologists may be varying their engagement strategies

DANIEL BONE, CHI-CHUN LEE, MATTHEW P. BLACK, MARIAN E. WILLIAMS, SUNGBOK LEE, PAT LEVITT, AND SHRIKANTH NARAYANAN, “THE PSYCHOLOGIST AS AN INTERLOCUTOR IN AUTISM SPECTRUM DISORDER ASSESSMENT: INSIGHTS FROM A STUDY OF SPONTANEOUS PROSODY”, JOURNAL OF SPEECH, LANGUAGE, AND HEARING RESEARCH, 57:1162–1177, AUGUST 2014.

61

ASD Severity Regression

Descriptor's Included	Child Prosody	Psych Prosody	Child and Psych Prosody	Underlying Variables
Spearman's ρ	0.50**	0.71****	0.50**	-0.14

*Spearman's ρ between prediction and labels. [**, ****] $\equiv a = [0.01, 1e-4]$. N=28.*

- Multiple linear regression forward-feature selection on the 20 prosodic features, leave-one-session-out
- Psychologist's acoustics more predictive of child's ratings
- Using total feature set shows no advantage.

Modeling Interaction Dynamics Critical

- More data can offer further insights into prosody, and beyond, in speech communication

DANIEL BONE, CHI-CHUN LEE, MATTHEW P. BLACK, MARIAN E. WILLIAMS, SUNGBOK LEE, PAT LEVITT, AND SHRIKANTH NARAYANAN, "THE PSYCHOLOGIST AS AN INTERLOCUTOR IN AUTISM SPECTRUM DISORDER ASSESSMENT: INSIGHTS FROM A STUDY OF SPONTANEOUS PROSODY", JOURNAL OF SPEECH, LANGUAGE, AND HEARING RESEARCH, 57:1162–1177, AUGUST 2014.

ASD: Understanding the expression of social cues

Production of Affective Facial Expressions (During Smile Imitation Task)



Computational Targets
Quantify atypicality of smile
Region-based activation
Synchrony & symmetry

Reduced complexity in dynamic facial behavior primarily in the eye region

- Complexity measured in terms of *Multiscale Sample Entropy (MSE)* [Costa et al. 2011]
- MoCAP data from 20 HFA, 19 TD children, 8 - 12 years of age, no group difference in IQ, age or gender

Tanaya Guha, Zhaojun Yang, Ruth Grossman and Shrikanth Narayanan. A Computational Study of Expressive Facial Dynamics in Children with Autism. IEEE Transactions on Affective Computing. 9(1): 14-20, January 2018

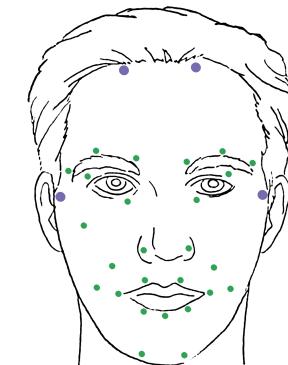
Emily Zane, Zhaojun Yang, Lucia Pozzan, Tanaya Guha, Shrikanth Narayanan, Ruth Grossman. Motion-Capture Patterns of Voluntarily Mimicked Dynamic Facial Expressions in Children and Adolescents With and Without ASD. Journal of Autism and Developmental Disorders. 49(3): 1062-1079, March 2019

63

Social communication difficulties in autism involve deficits in cross-modal coordination

Objective

- Dynamic relation between speech production and facial expression in children with autism?
- How face-directed gaze modulates this cross-modal coordination?

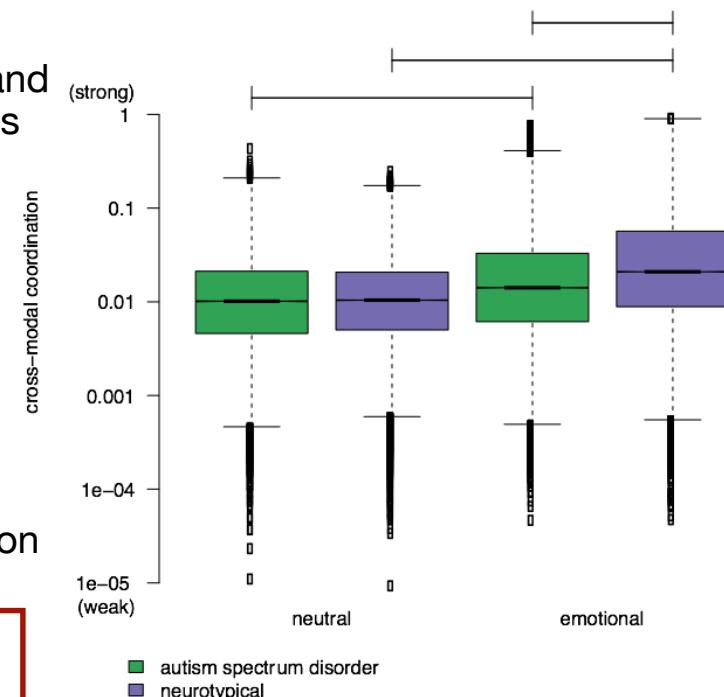


Method

- Mimicry task in which participants watched and repeated neutral and emotional spoken sentences with accompanying facial expressions
- Cross-modal coordination measure: Granger causality analysis of dependence between audio and motion capture signals

Results

- Neurotypical children produced emotional sentences with strong cross-modal coordination and produced neutral sentences with weak cross-modal coordination (*differential expressions*)
- Autistic children produced similar levels of cross-modal coordination for both neutral and emotional sentences (*no differentiation*)
- *Cross-modal coordination was greater when the non-ASD child spent more time looking at the face, but weaker when the autistic child spent more time looking at the face*



Tanner Sorensen, Emily Zane, Tiantian Feng, Shrikanth Narayanan, and Ruth Grossman. Cross-Modal Coordination of Face-Directed Gaze and Emotional Speech Production in School-Aged Children and Adolescents with ASD. *Scientific Reports (Nature Press)*. 9, 18301, 2019



Interventions for Addiction

- Motivational Interviewing: Assessment, Training
- Cognitive Behavioral Therapy
- Understanding psychotherapy process mechanisms

USE CASE: “Rate the therapist” – evaluate expressed empathy

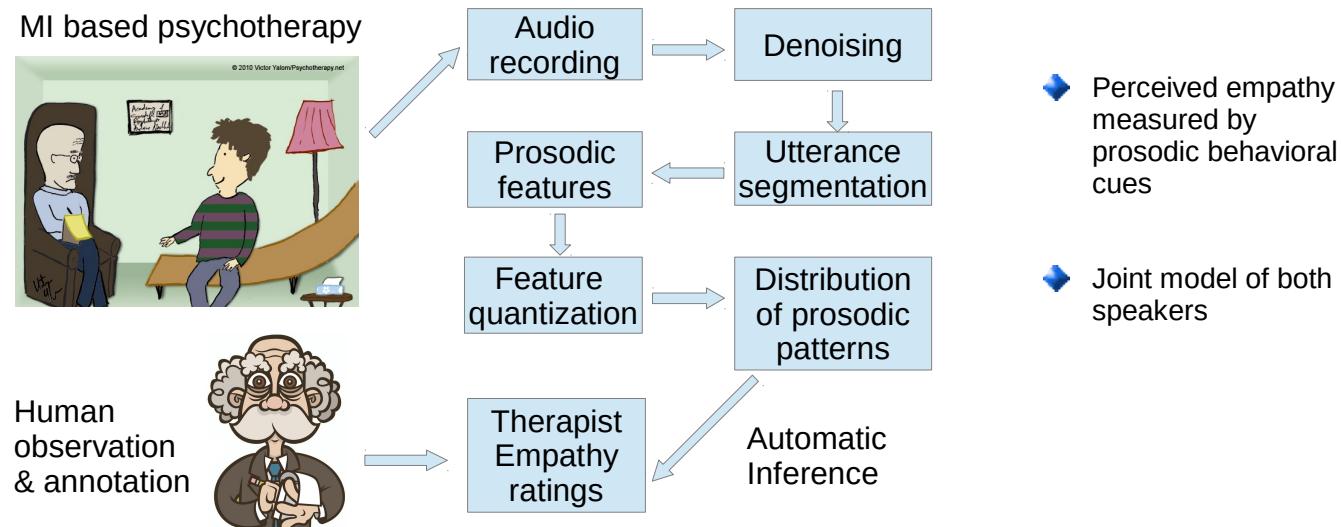
B. XIAO, Z. IMEL, P. GEORGIOU, D. ATKINS AND S. NARAYANAN. COMPUTATIONAL ANALYSIS AND SIMULATION OF EMPATHIC BEHAVIORS. A SURVEY OF EMPATHY MODELING WITH BEHAVIORAL SIGNAL PROCESSING FRAMEWORK. CURRENT PSYCHIATRY REPORTS. 2016

DOGAN CAN, REBECA A. MARÍN, PANAYIOTIS GEORGIOU, ZAC IMEL, DAVID ATKINS AND SHRIKANTH NARAYANAN. "IT SOUNDS LIKE...": A NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING APPROACH TO DETECTING COUNSELOR REFLECTIONS IN MOTIVATIONAL INTERVIEWING. JOURNAL OF COUNSELING PSYCHOLOGY. 2015

BO XIAO, ZAC IMEL, PANAYIOTIS GEORGIOU, DAVID ATKINS AND SHRIKANTH NARAYANAN. "RATE MY THERAPIST": AUTOMATED DETECTION OF EMPATHY IN DRUG AND ALCOHOL COUNSELING VIA SPEECH AND LANGUAGE PROCESSING. PLOS ONE, 10(12): E0143055. 2015

Modeling Expressed Empathy

- Speech prosody and empathy: neurological and behavioral evidence of links
- Speech prosody measures : turn duration, energy, pitch, jitter, shimmer



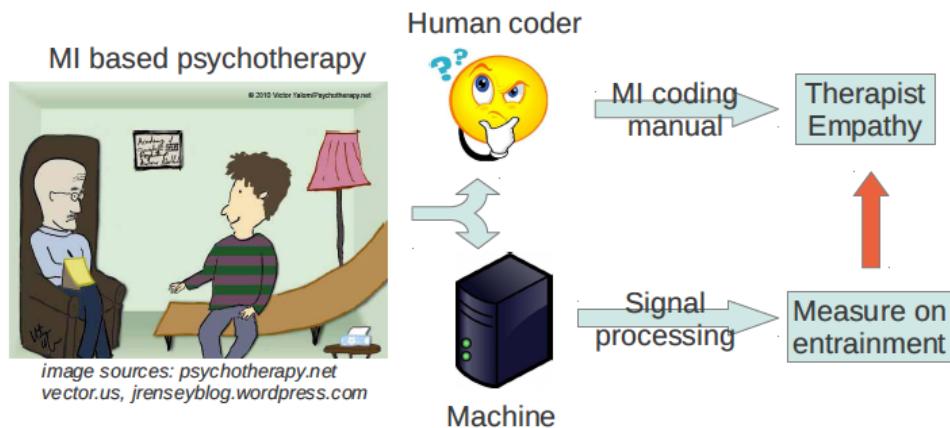
Key Findings

- **lower perceived empathy of therapist when:**
 - Therapist has higher energy values
 - Therapist has higher pitch values

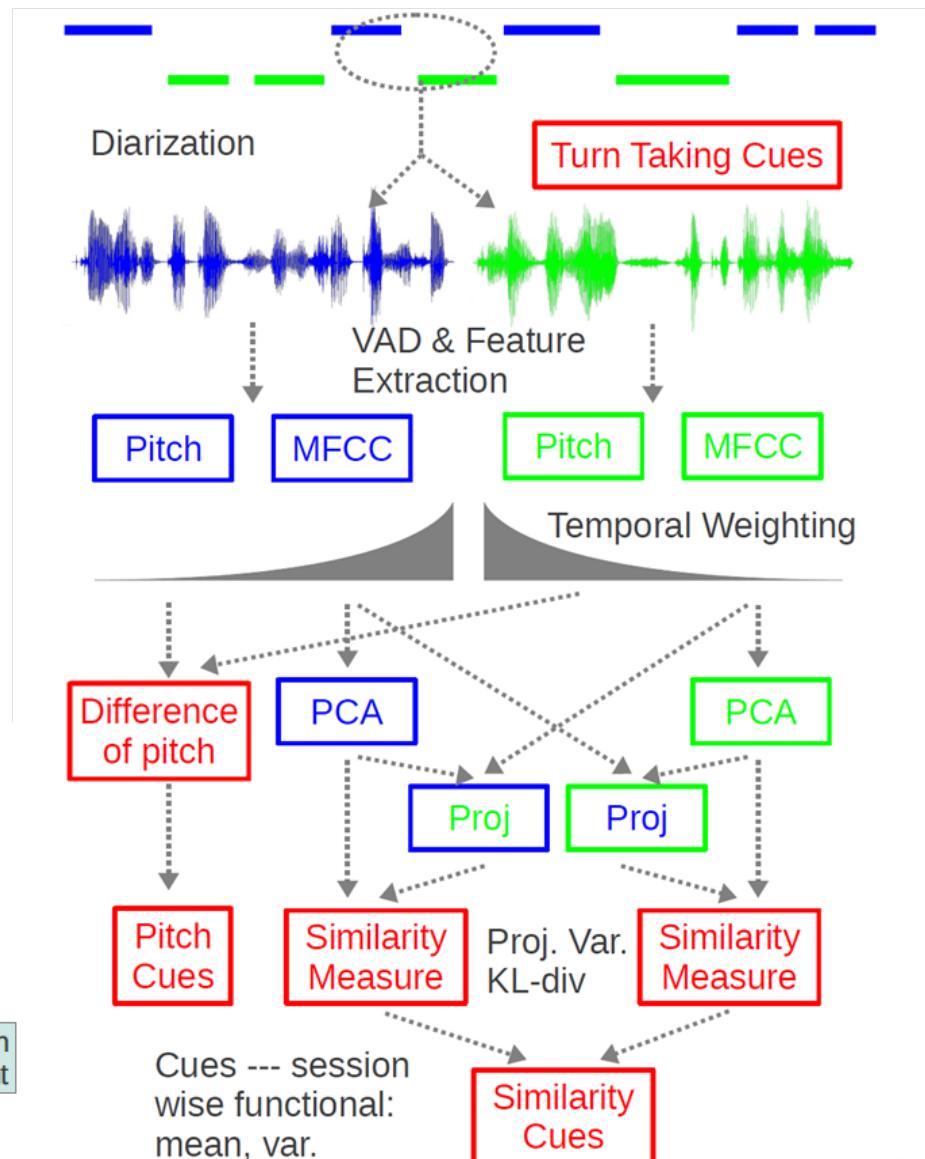
Bo Xiao, Daniel Bone, Maarten Van Segbroeck, Zac E. Imel, David Atkins, Panayiotis Georgiou and Shrikanth Narayanan, **Modeling Therapist Empathy through Prosody in Drug Addiction Counseling**, in: Proceedings of Interspeech, 2014

Vocal Entrainment Measures

- **Link between entrainment measures and perceived empathy**
 - Behavior of interlocutors become similar
 - Define similarity metrics on speech-derived properties
 - **Found significant correlation: higher entrainment/similarity implies higher empathy**



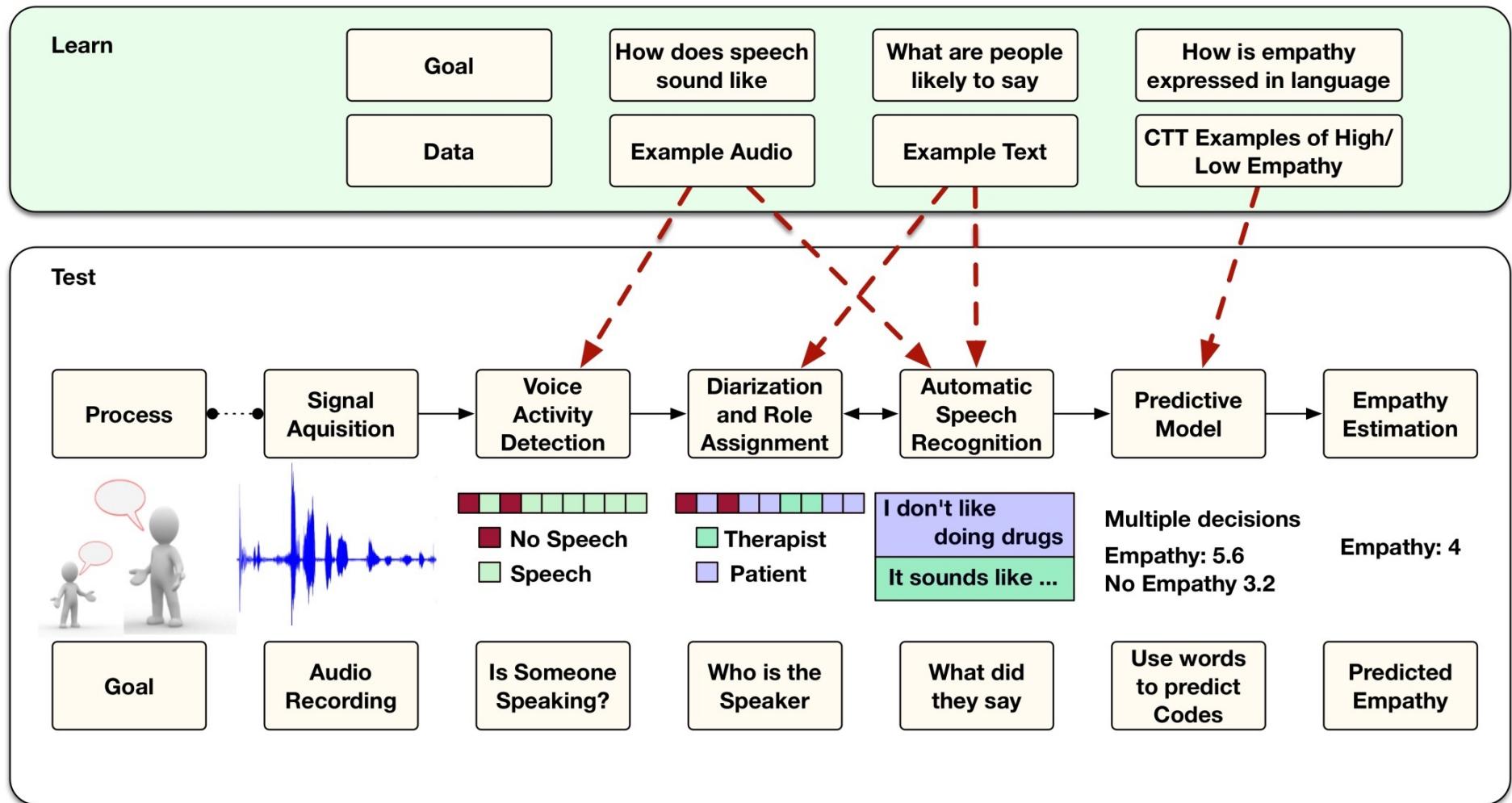
Bo Xiao, et al., Modeling Therapist Empathy and Vocal Entrainment in Drug Addiction Counseling Proceedings of Interspeech, 2013



“Sound to code” system:

Used in mental health clinics

Estimating empathic behavior directly from audio



- 82% accuracy for *fully automatic* system (no human intervention)
- 61% (chance), 85% (manual transcripts), 90% (human agreement)

Bo Xiao, Zac Imel, Panayiotis Georgiou, David Atkins and Shrikanth Narayanan. "Rate my therapist": Automated detection of empathy in drug and alcohol counseling via speech and language processing. PLoS ONE, 10(12): e0143055. 2015

Multi-label Multi-task Modeling: Psychotherapy Behaviors

Generalizing

across domains: *Motivational Interviewing, Cognitive Behavioral Therapy,...*

- **Multi-label learning**
 - benefits prediction of less frequently occurring behaviors by leveraging modeling of more frequent behaviors
- **Multi-task learning**
 - benefits prediction of behaviors across domains by modeling common behaviors
- **Modeling user-turn context useful**
- **Evaluation on two psychotherapy approaches**
 - *Motivational Interviewing* (11 aggregate MISC codes; 345 sessions)
 - *Cognitive Behavioral Therapy* (11 CTRS codes; 92 sessions)
 - Deep Multi label Multi task Context aware learning: >5% absolute improvement in code prediction for both domains

J. Gibson, D. Atkins, T. Creed, Z. Imel, P. Georgiou and S. Narayanan, "Multi-label Multi-task Deep Learning for Behavioral Coding," in IEEE Transactions on Affective Computing, doi: 10.1109/TAAFFC.2019.2952113. 2019

N. Flemotomos, V. Martinez, Z. Chen, K. Singla, V. Ardulov, R. Peri, D. Caperton, J. Gibson, M. Tanana, P. Georgiou, J. Van Epps, S.. Lord, T. Hirsch, Z. Imel, D. Atkins, and S. Narayanan. Automated Evaluation Of Psychotherapy Skills Using Speech And Language Technologies. Behavior Research Methods. 2021

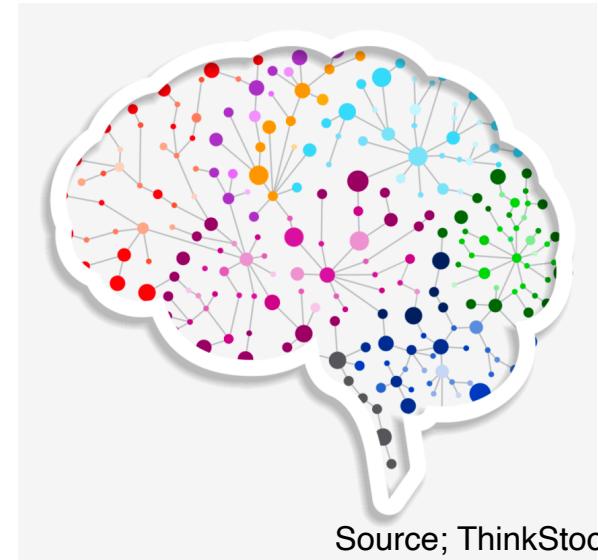
HUMAN-CENTERED MULTIMODAL MACHINE INTELLIGENCE

Help Fill Gaps



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Help Connect Dots

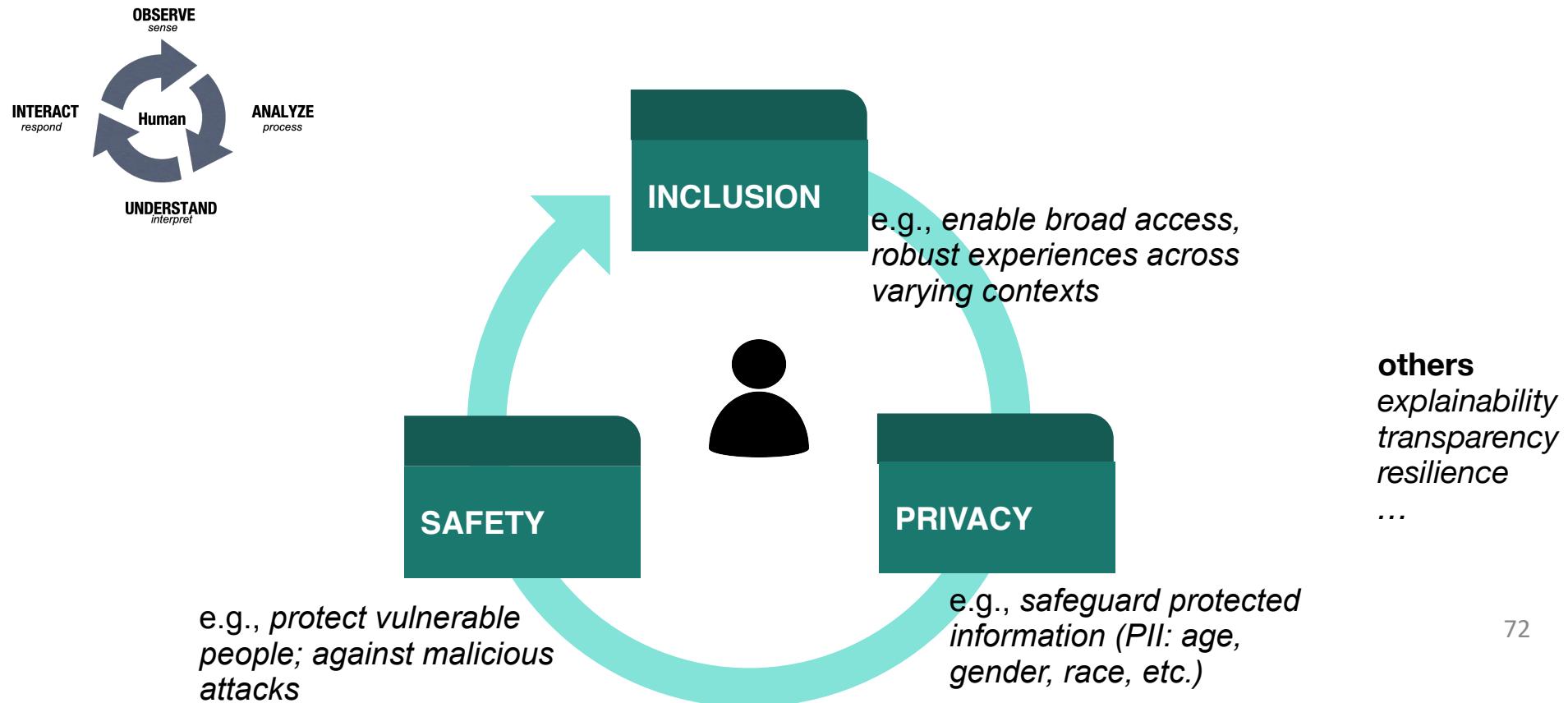


Source: ThinkStock

Open Challenges → Rich Opportunities

- **Getting the right multimodal data**
 - sensing in natural settings; capturing context
 - doing it in a time “sensitive” way
- **Processing the data**
 - variability, heterogeneity and uncertainty in data
 - specifying behavior representations for computing
 - reflecting multiple (diverse) perspectives & subjectivity
 - interpretable, targetable “features” for interventions
 - dealing with various levels of “imperfect” solutions
 - learning/transfer across domains
- **Using the data, closing the loop with stakeholders**
 - Data provenance, privacy, trust, integrity, sharing
 - Enabling interventions & evaluation at scale, cost, JIT
 - Choosing the right operating point: adaptivity

Inclusive technologies key ingredient of enabling Trustworthy Human-centered Machine Intelligence



**Twin goals: Understanding and addressing variability
within and across people and their contexts**

Shared Multimodal Resources: Critical

From



Databases

IEMOCAP Database

The Interactive Emotional Dyadic Motion Capture (IEMOCAP) database is an acted, multimodal and multispeaker database, recently collected at SAIL lab at USC. It contains approximately 12 hours of audiovisual data, including video, speech, motion capture of face, text transcriptions. ([Read more...](#))

MICA Text Corpus

The MICA Text Corpus is now available for download. ([Read more...](#))

EMA Database

The Electromagnetic Articulography (EMA) database contains a total of 680 utterances spoken in four different target emotions, : happiness, sadness and neutrality. ([Read more...](#))

MRI-TIMIT Database

MRI-TIMIT is a large-scale database of synchronized audio and real-time magnetic resonance imaging (rtMRI) data for speech res base currently consists of midsagittal upper airway MRI data and phonetically-transcribed companion audio, acquired from two i female speakers of American English. ([Read more...](#))

USC-TIMIT Database

USC-TIMIT is a database of speech production data under ongoing development, which currently includes real-time magnetic res data from five male and five female speakers of American English, and electromagnetic articulography data from three of these s more...)

CreativeIT Database

The CreativeIT database is an acted and multimodal database of dyadic theatrical improvisations. It contains 8 sessions of audio cluding video, speech, and full-body motion capture data. ([Read more...](#))

VAM Database

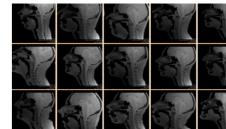
The Vera am Mittag (VAM) database is a German audio-visual speech database recorded from a talk-show on TV. Its main corpus most 1,000 labelled audio samples of spontaneous,unscripted emotional expressions. ([Read more...](#))

<https://sail.usc.edu/software/databases/>

resources

Please click on the images below for access to research and educational resources that the SPAN group makes publicly available.

speech morphology database



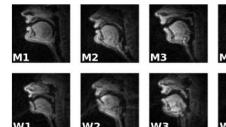
the USC Speech and Vocal Tract Morphology MRI Database includes real-time and volumetric MRI from 17 speakers

the rtMRI IPA charts



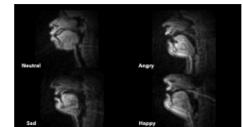
watch real-time MRI videos corresponding to the sounds of the International Phonetic Alphabet

USC-TIMIT



USC-TIMIT is a real-time MRI and electromagnetic articulography database with companion software tools freely available for research purposes

USC-EMO-MRI



a real-time MRI database capturing speech production across emotions

- **Carlos Busso, Murtaza Bulut, Chi-Chun Lee, Abe Kazemzadeh, Emily Mower, Samuel Kim, Jeannette Chang, Sungbok Lee, and Shrikanth Narayanan. IEMOCAP: Interactive emotional dyadic motion capture database. Journal of Language Resources and Evaluation. 42:335-359, 2008.**
- **Michael Grimm, K. Kroschel, and S. Narayanan. The Vera Am Mittag German Audio-Visual Emotional Speech Database. In Proc. International Conference on Multimedia and Expo, 2008.**
- **Angeliki Metallinou, Zhaojun Yang, Chi-Chun Lee, Carlos Busso, S. Carnicke and S. Narayanan. The USC CreativeIT Database of Multimodal Dyadic Interactions: From Speech and Full Body Motion Capture to Continuous Emotional Annotations. Journal of Language Resources and Evaluation. pp. 1-25, 2015**
-
- **Karel Mundnich, Brandon Booth, M. L'Hommedieu, T. Feng, B. Girault, J. L'Hommedieu, M. Wildman, S. Skaaden, A. Nadarajan, J. Villatte, T. Falk, K. Lerman, E. Ferrara, and S. Narayanan. TILES-2018, a longitudinal physiologic and behavioral data set of hospital workers. Scientific Data (Nature Research). 2020.**

HUMAN-CENTERED MACHINE INTELLIGENCE:

*SUPPORT HUMAN &/OR AUTONOMOUS DECISION MAKING, ACTION & RESPONSE
USING
SENSING, DATA SCIENCES AND AI TECHNOLOGIES*

- ✓ **HELP US DO THINGS WE KNOW TO DO MORE EFFICIENTLY, CONSISTENTLY**
 - ➡ MODEL AND PREDICT CONSTRUCTS E.G., EMOTIONS, ENGAGEMENT
- ✓ **HELP HANDLE NEW DATA, CREATE NEW MODELS TO OFFER NEW INSIGHTS**
 - ➡ CREATE TOOLS FOR SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY E.G., AFFECT REGULATION
- ✓ **HELP CREATE TOOLS TO SUPPORT DIAGNOSTICS, PERSONALIZED INTERVENTIONS, AND TRACKING RESPONSE TO TREATMENT**

- Shrikanth Narayanan and Panayiotis Georgiou. Behavioral Signal Processing: Deriving Human Behavioral Informatics from Speech and Language. Proceedings of IEEE. 101(5): 1203-1233, May 2013
- Daniel Bone, Chi-Chun Lee, Theodora Chaspari, James Gibson, and Shrikanth Narayanan. Signal Processing and Machine Learning for Mental Health Research and Clinical Applications. IEEE Signal Processing Magazine. 34(5): 189-196, September 2017
- Krishna Somandepalli, Tanaya Guha, Victor Martinez, Naveen Kumar, Hartwig Adam, Shrikanth Narayanan. Computational Media Intelligence: Human-centered Machine Analysis of Media. Proceedings of IEEE. 2021



USC



University of Southern California

Work reported represents efforts of numerous colleagues and collaborators

Too many to name, but grateful to all

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SIMONS FOUNDATION

Signal Analysis and Interpretation Laboratory
*....technologies to understand the human condition
and to support and enhance human capabilities and experiences*