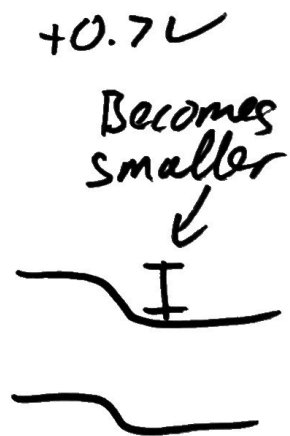
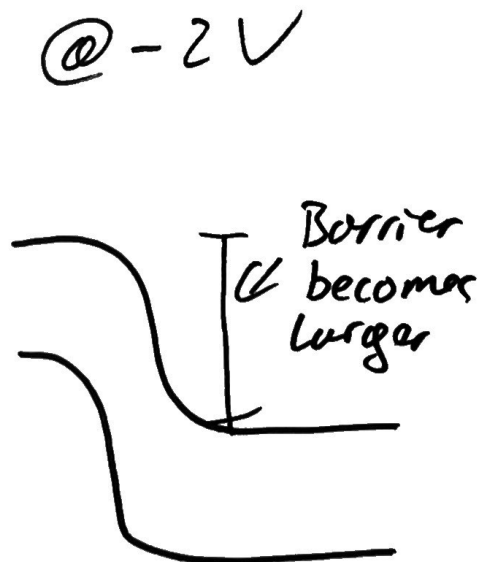
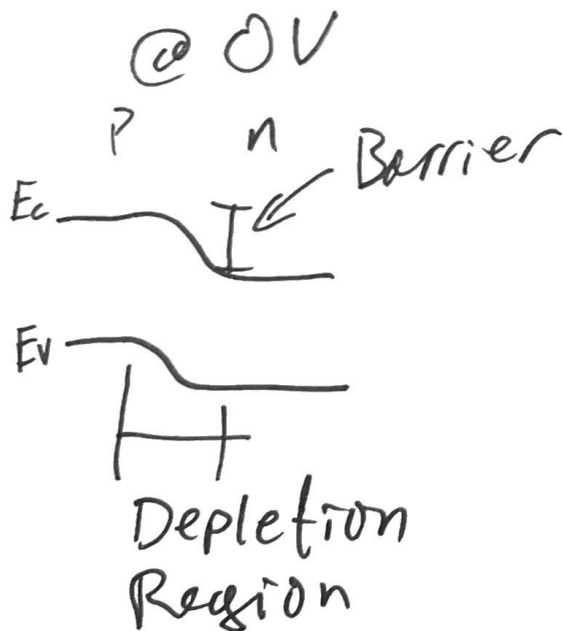
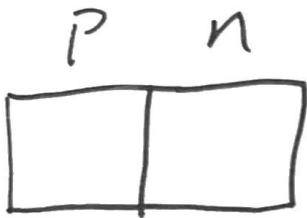


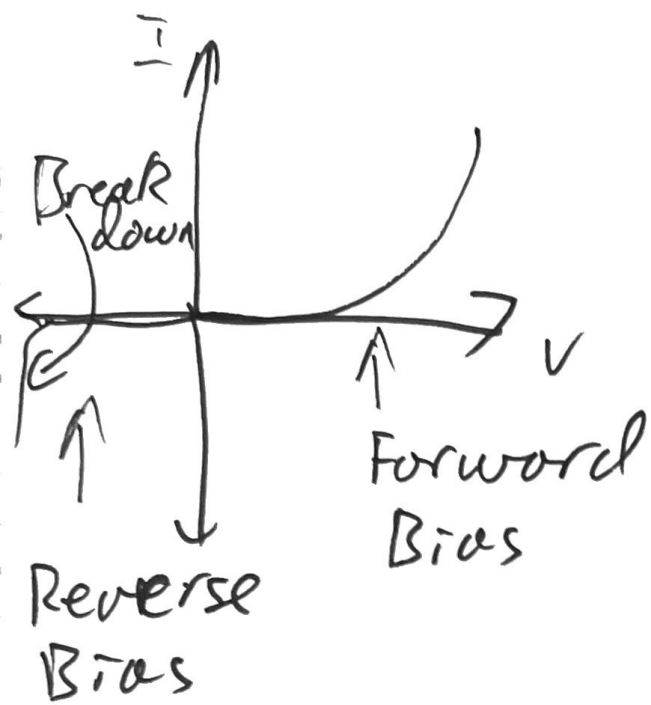
Semiconductors

①

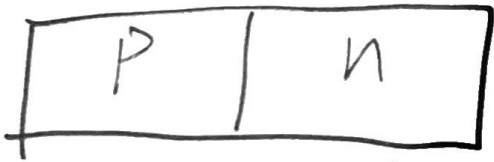
- Bandgaps
- Bond Model
- Band model
- Doping
- Response to heat & light
- Diodes



(2)



1. Define System



2. Write out governing equations

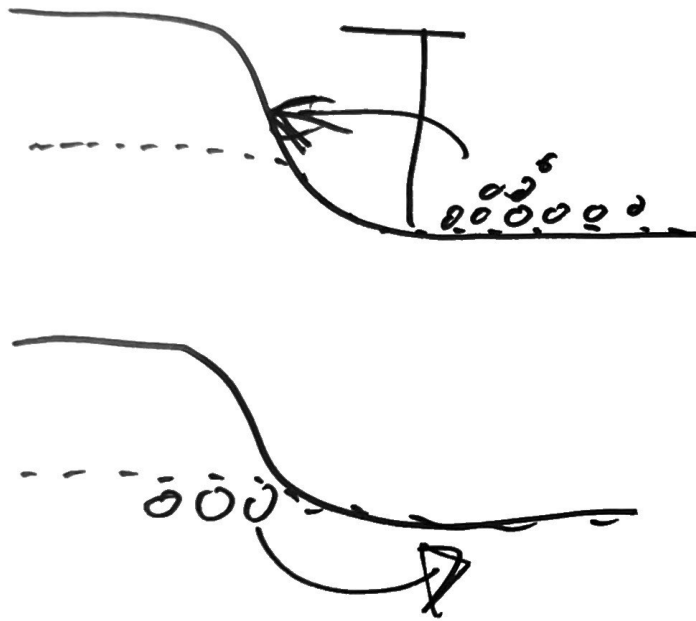
3. Solve equations

4. Simplify

Minority Carrier Diffusion Eqn.

③

$$\frac{d^2 \Delta P_n}{dx^2} = \frac{\Delta P_n}{D_p \tau_p} = \frac{\Delta P_n}{L_p^2}$$



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Delta P_n(x_n) = P_{n0} \left(e^{\frac{qV}{kT}} - 1 \right) \\ \Delta P_n(\infty) = 0 \end{array} \right\} \text{Boundary Conditions}$$

$$\Delta P_n(x) = A_1 e^{x/L_p} + A_2 e^{-x/L_p}$$

$$\Delta P_n(x) = A_1 e^{x/L_p} + A_2 e^{-x/L_p} \quad (4)$$

$$\Delta P_n(\infty) = 0$$

$$\Delta P_n(\infty) = A_1 e^{\infty/L_p} + A_2 e^{-\infty/L_p} = 0$$

$$A_1 = 0 \quad A_2 = P_{n0} (e^{\frac{qV}{kT}} - 1)$$

$$\rightarrow \Delta P_n(x) = P_{n0} (e^{\frac{qV_A}{kT}} - 1) e^{-x/L_p} \quad x > 0$$

~~→ ΔPp~~

$$-\Delta n_p(x) = n_{p0} (e^{\frac{qV}{kT}} - 1) e^{-x/L_n}$$

↓

Do more physics + math,

$$J = q n_i^2 \left[\frac{D_n}{L_n N_A} + \frac{D_p}{L_p N_D} \right] (e^{\frac{qV_A}{kT}} - 1)$$

$$J = J_0 (e^{\frac{qV_A}{kT}} - 1)$$

$$I = (J_0 \cdot A) (e^{\frac{qV_A}{kT}} - 1) = \boxed{I_0 (e^{\frac{qV_A}{kT}} - 1)}$$

⑤

$$I = I_0 \left(e^{\frac{qV}{\eta kT}} - 1 \right)$$

q = charge of an e^-

V = applied bias ($+V \rightarrow$ forward
 $-V \rightarrow$ reverse)

η = ideality factor $1 < \eta < 2$

k = Boltzmann constant

T = temp. in Kelvin

(7)

Doping

Density of Si $\sim 5 \times 10^{22} \frac{\text{atoms}}{\text{cm}^3}$

Doping $\rightarrow \sim 10^{15} \frac{\text{Dopants}}{\text{cm}^3}$
 \downarrow
 $10^{18} \frac{\text{Dopants}}{\text{cm}^3}$

Si $10^{23} \frac{\text{atoms}}{\text{cm}^3}$ Impurities $\sim 10^{21} \frac{\text{atoms}}{\text{cm}^3}$ Boron 10^{15}
 \uparrow $\frac{\text{atoms}}{\text{cm}^3}$

$$\frac{10^{21}}{10^{23}} = 0.01$$

x 100

1% imp.

99% pure

⑧
I need to purify Si down to what level so that my doping of $10^{15} \frac{\text{B atoms}}{\text{cm}^3}$ represents 99%+ of all impurities

$$10^{15} \frac{\text{B atoms}}{\text{cm}^3}$$

$$10^{13} \frac{\text{impurities}}{\text{cm}^3}$$

$$100 \left(\frac{X}{10^{15}} \right) = 1\%$$

$$100 \times \frac{10^{13}}{10^{15}} = 1\%$$

99.99999999%
pure

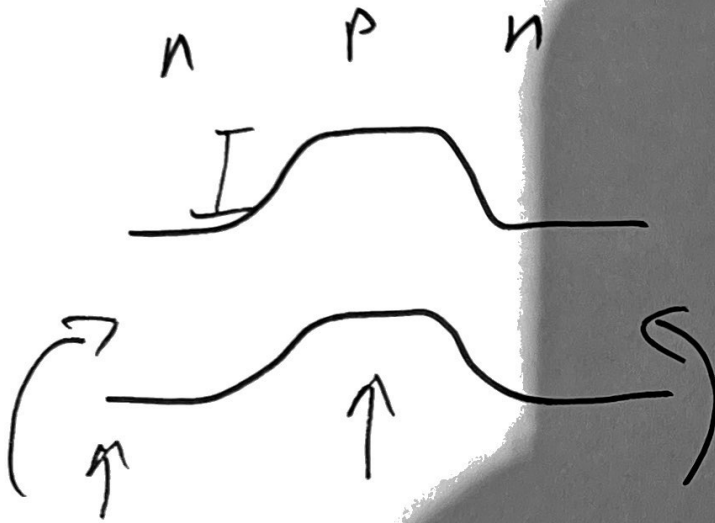
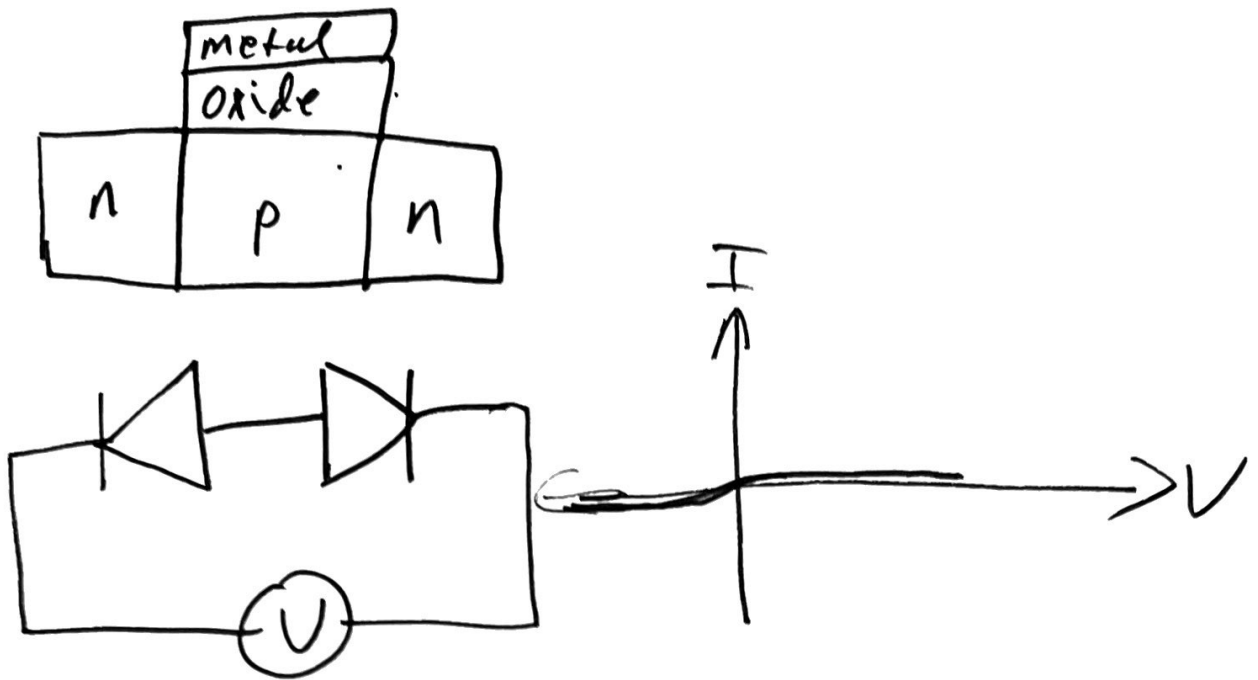
$$\text{Si} \quad 10^{23} \frac{\text{Si atoms}}{\text{cm}^3}$$

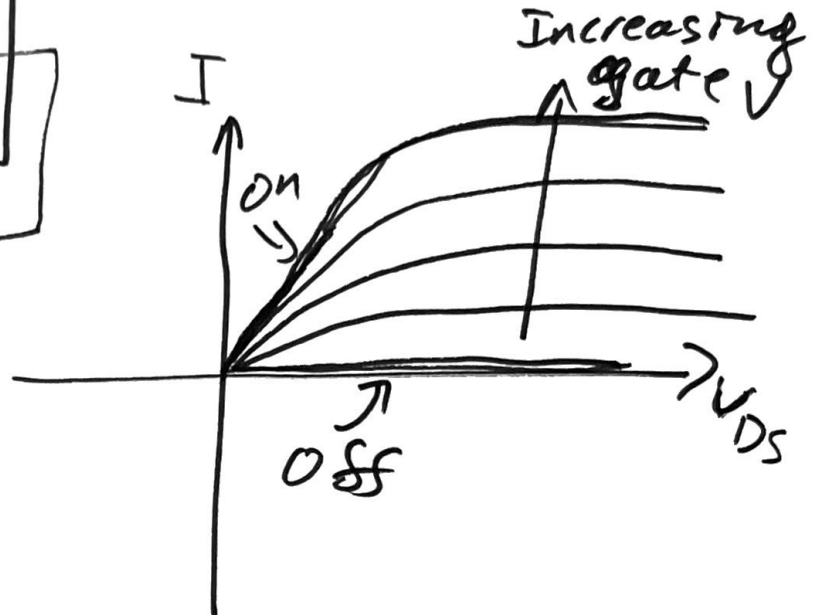
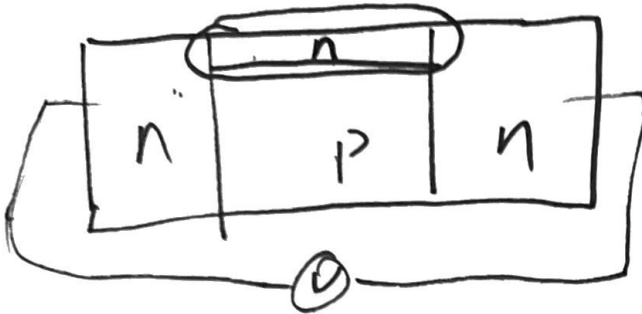
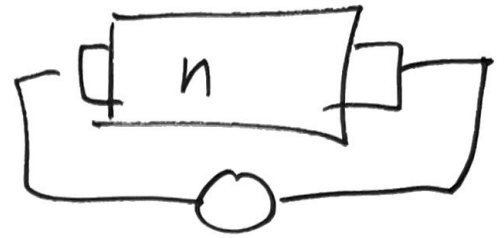
$$\text{Imp} \quad 10^{13} \frac{\text{atoms}}{\text{cm}^3}$$

$$100 \left(\frac{10^{13}}{10^{23}} \right) = 10^{-10}$$

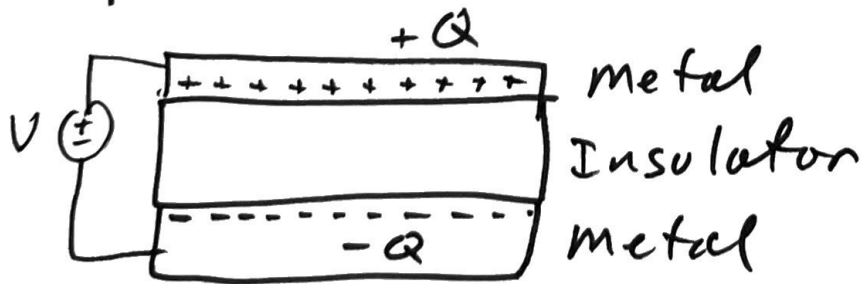
$$= 10^{-8} \%$$

$$100 - 10^{-8} =$$





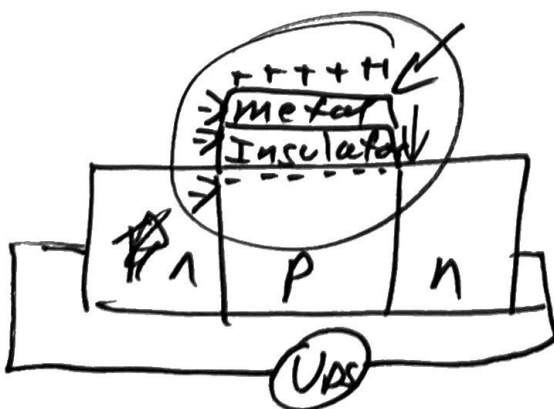
Capacitor



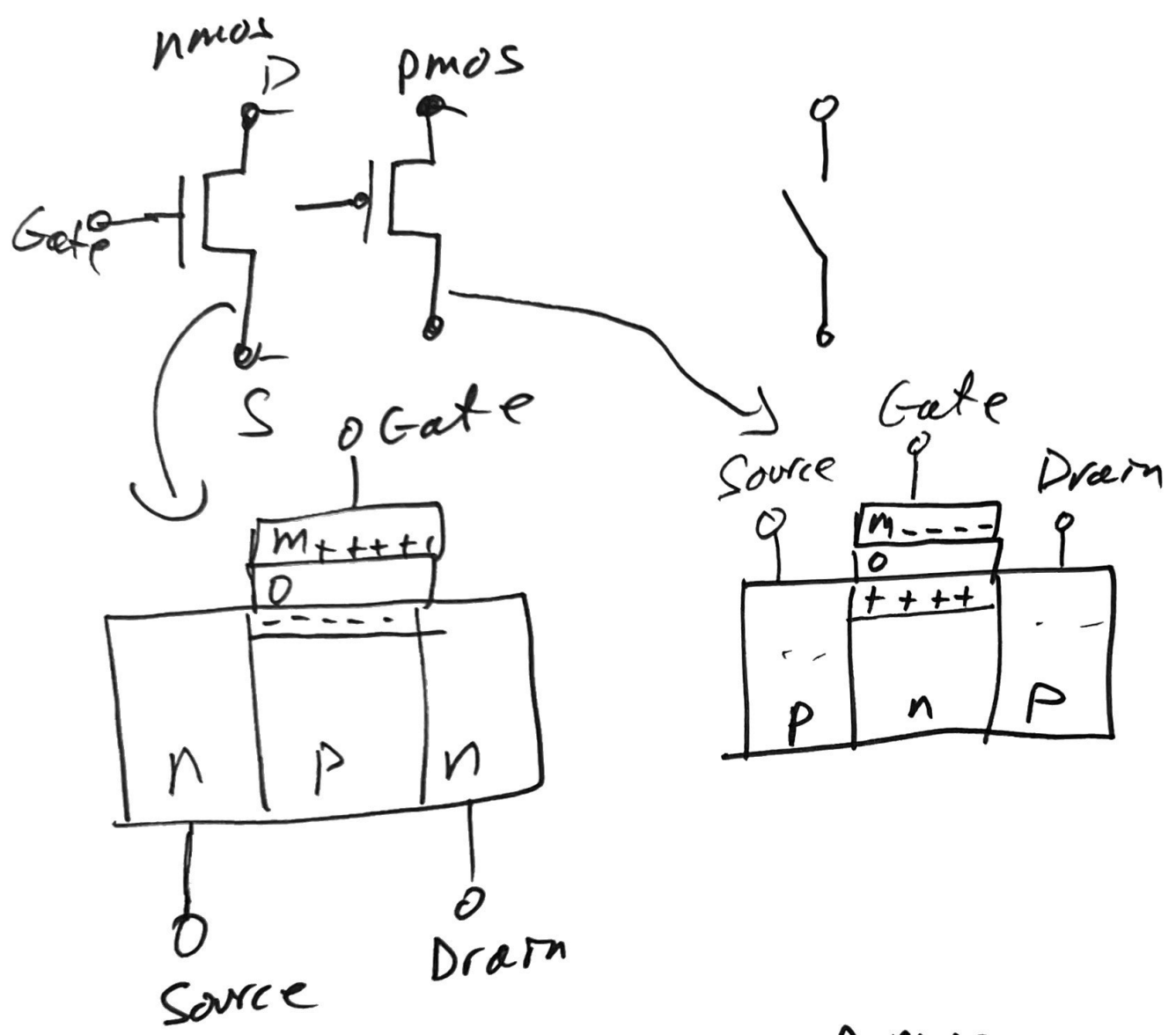
$$Q = CV$$

$$\frac{dQ}{dt} = C \frac{dV}{dt}$$

$$i = C \frac{dV}{dt}$$

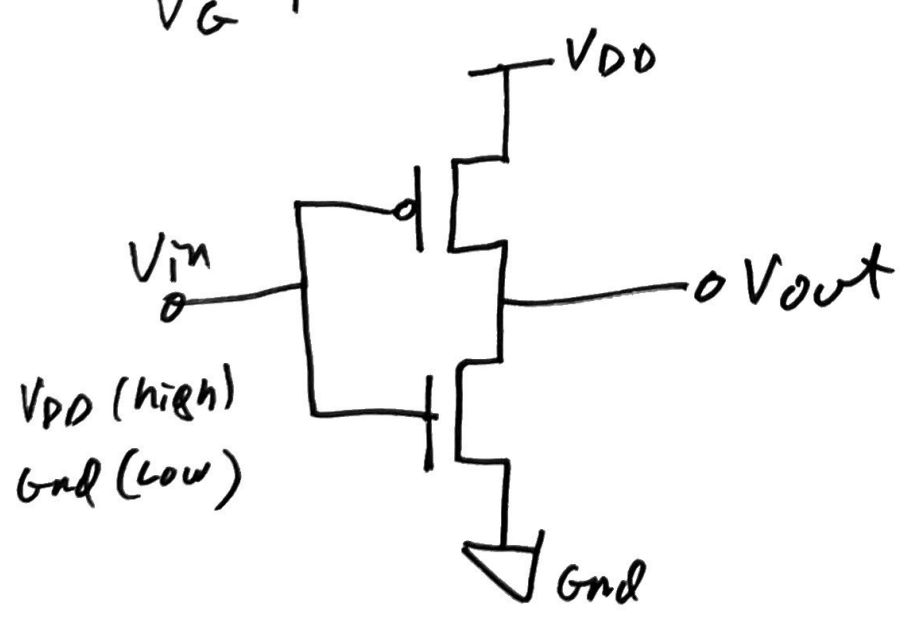


→ MOSFET
↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑



nmos

V_G positive



pmos

V_G negative

