PROBLEM 4	
)
(a) $ \operatorname{Irec}(1,5) $ [1,5,2,6,3] $\rightarrow \operatorname{Irec}(5,2) $	
return 1	
- 1 lrec (2, 6)	
return 5	
11/rec (2,6)	
→ 1/rec ((0,3)	
11rec (6,3)	
- 1/rec (3, nullptur)	
Heron 6 11/rec (3, miliptr)	
heturn 3	
(b) Mrec(nullatr, 2) [2]	
(b) Ilrec(nullptr, 2) [2]	
	0