

Industrial Robots

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1C

Mechanics of manipulators 2

Geometrical model

Forward Kinematics

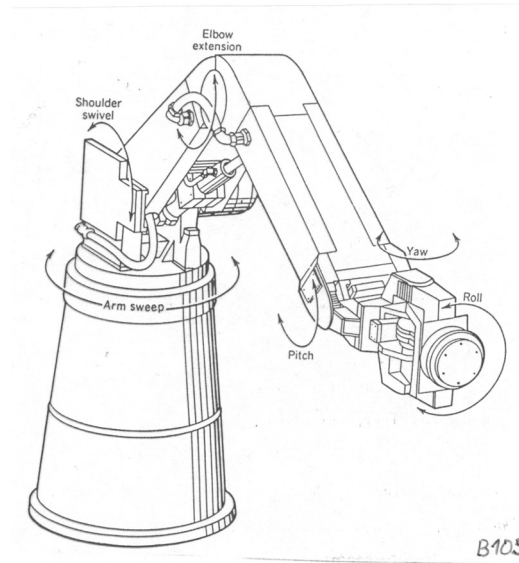
Problems:

- Denavit-Hartenberg notation
- Examples of geometrical models of manipulators

Common features of industrial (manipulating) robot manipulators:

- Joints are of kinematic pairs of class V (1 DOM) – rotary or prismatic ones
- Straight line links
- In each kinematic pair a motion axis of a next link is parallel or perpendicular to an axis of a link located closer to a base

Arm

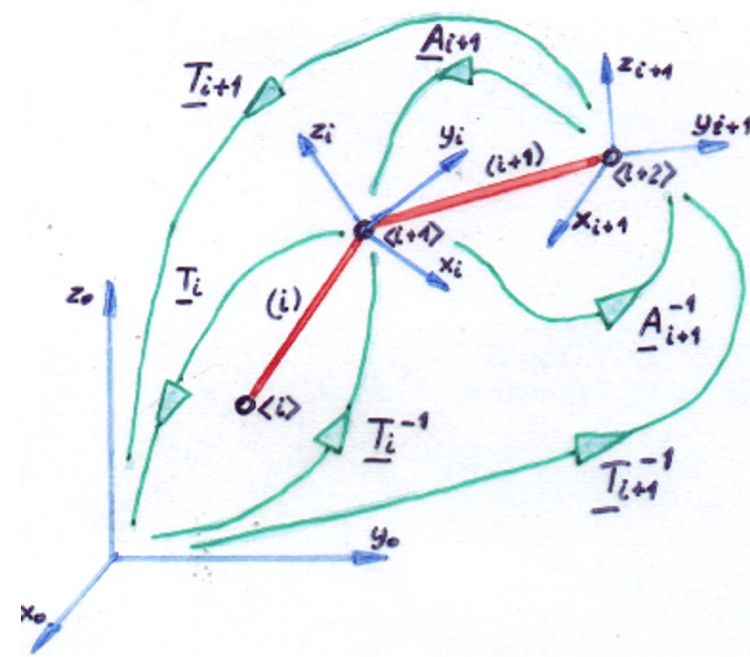


Wrist

Geometry model of a manipulator

Joint coordinates: q_1, q_2, \dots, q_n

Cartesian coordinates: $x, y, z, \varphi, \theta, \psi$



Position and orientation of link i with respect to the reference coordinate frame:

$${}^0T_i = T_i = \underline{A}_1 \underline{A}_2 \dots \underline{A}_{i-1} \underline{A}_i$$

matrix \underline{A}_i describes position and orientation of i -th coordinate frame assigned to link i with respect of coordinate frame assigned to link $i-1$.

Denavit-Hartenberg notation determines definition of local coordinate frames and of homogeneous transformation \underline{A}_i .

Algorithm:

LOCATION OF ORIGINS

Locate an **origin of i -th local coordinate frame**:

- at intersection point of axis of motion of link i and axis of motion of link $i+1$ when the axes cross each other
- at axis of motion of link $i+1$ so that the distance d_i is minimum when motion axes of neighbouring links are parallel to each other
- at the intersection point of $i+1$ motion axis and line perpendicular to the both axes of motion of link i and link $i+1$ when axes of motion do not cross each other and are not parallel either.

In the case of the last link (wrist flange or end-effector) the origin of the local coordinate frame might be placed: at the wrist motion axes intersection point or at an arbitrarily selected point of the wrist flange or at the end-effector.

ORIENTING OF AXES

Orient axes of the local i -th coordinate frame so that:
direction of

- x_i axis is the same as direction of x_0 axis
- z_i axis is an axis of $i+1$ translation or an axis of $i+1$ rotation

Note that axis x_i might be also the axis of $i+1$ rotation or translation

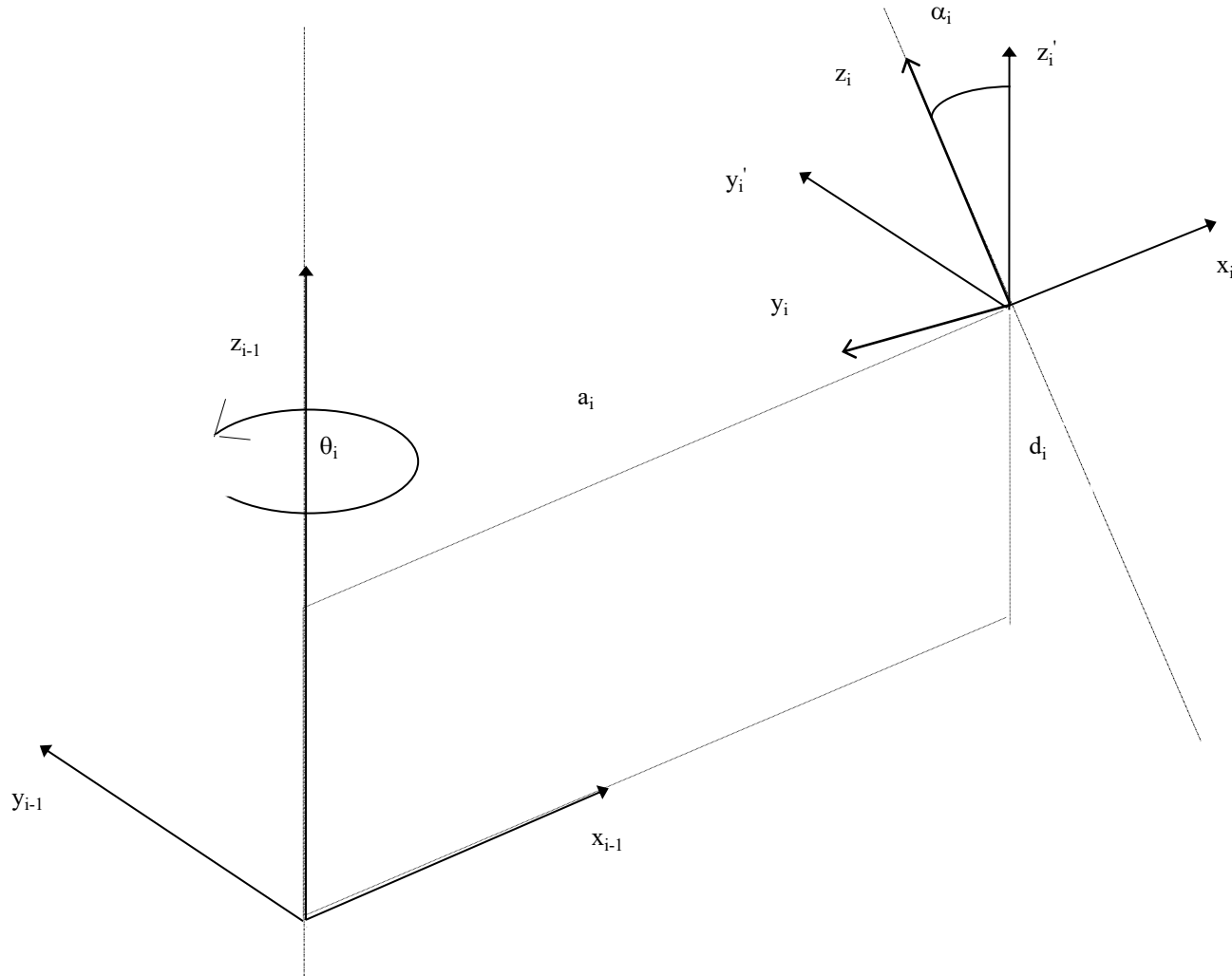
PARAMETERS OF TRANSFORMATIONS

Homogenous transformation used in manipulator geometrical model formulation is composed of 4 basic transformations:

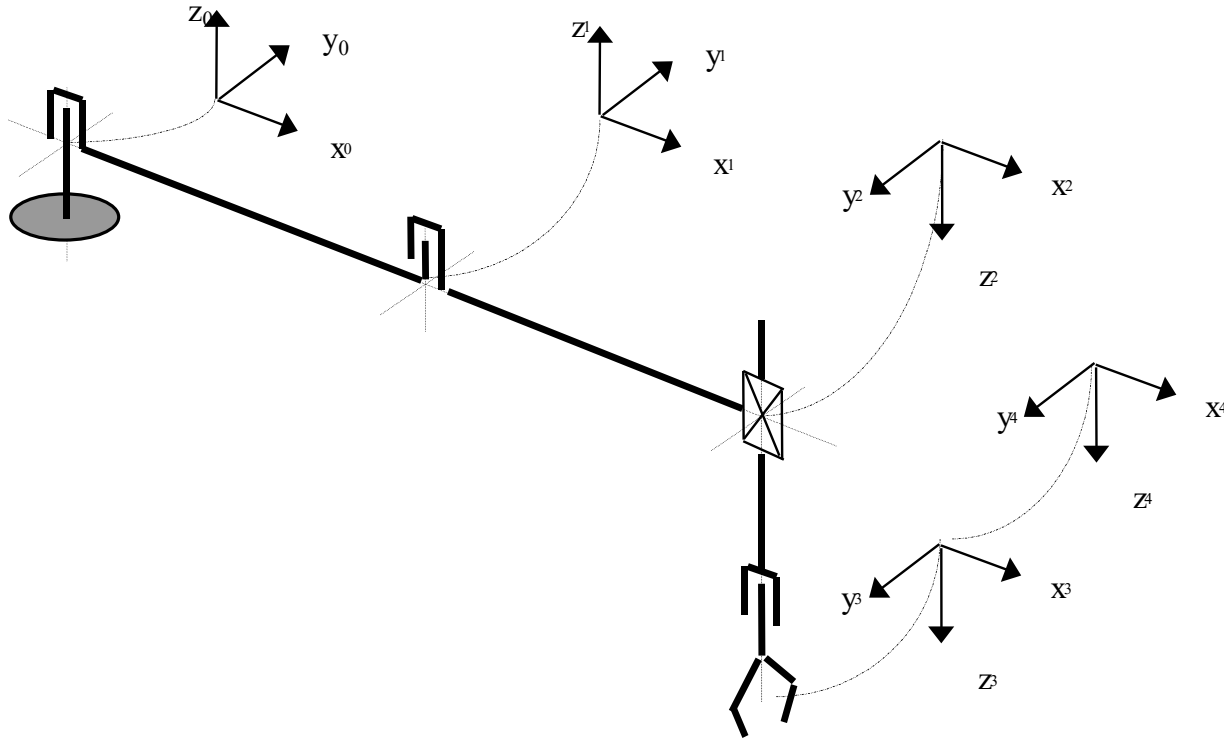
- rotation about axis z_{i-1} by angle θ_i
- translation along axis z_{i-1} by d_i
- translation along axis x_{i-1} by a_i
- rotation about axis x_i by angle α_i

Interpretation of the geometry model parameters

$$\underline{A}_i = \underline{Rot}(z_{i-1}, \theta_i) \cdot \underline{Tra}(z_{i-1}, d_i) \cdot \underline{Tra}(x_{i-1}, a_i) \cdot \underline{Rot}(x_i, \alpha_i)$$



SCARA RRPR Manipulator



Link No.	θ	d	a	α	Motion range
1	$\theta_1 \text{ v}$	0	a_1	0	$-120^\circ \div 120^\circ$
2	$\theta_2 \text{ v}$	0	a_2	π	$0^\circ \div 150^\circ$
3	0	$d_3 \text{ v}$	0	0	$0.1 \text{ m} \div 0.3 \text{ m}$
4	$\theta_4 \text{ v}$	0	0	0	$-180^\circ \div 180^\circ$

Determination of cartesian coordinates of an end-effector of a SCARA manipulator

$${}^o\tau_e = \begin{bmatrix} N_x & O_x & A_x & P_x \\ N_y & O_y & A_y & P_y \\ N_z & O_z & A_z & P_z \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$${}^oT_4 = \begin{bmatrix} C_{12}C_4 + S_{12}S_4 & -C_{12}S_4 + S_{12}C_4 & 0 & a_1C_1 + a_2C_{12} \\ S_{12}C_4 - C_{12}S_4 & -C_{12}C_4 - S_{12}S_4 & 0 & a_1S_1 + a_2S_{12} \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -d_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x = a_1C_1 + a_2C_{12}$$

$$y = a_1S_1 + a_2S_{12}$$

$$z = -d_3$$

$$\varphi = \arctan\left(\frac{N_y}{N_x}\right)$$

$$\theta = \arctan\left(\frac{-N_z}{\sqrt{1 - N_z^2}}\right) =$$

$$= \arcsin(-N_z)$$

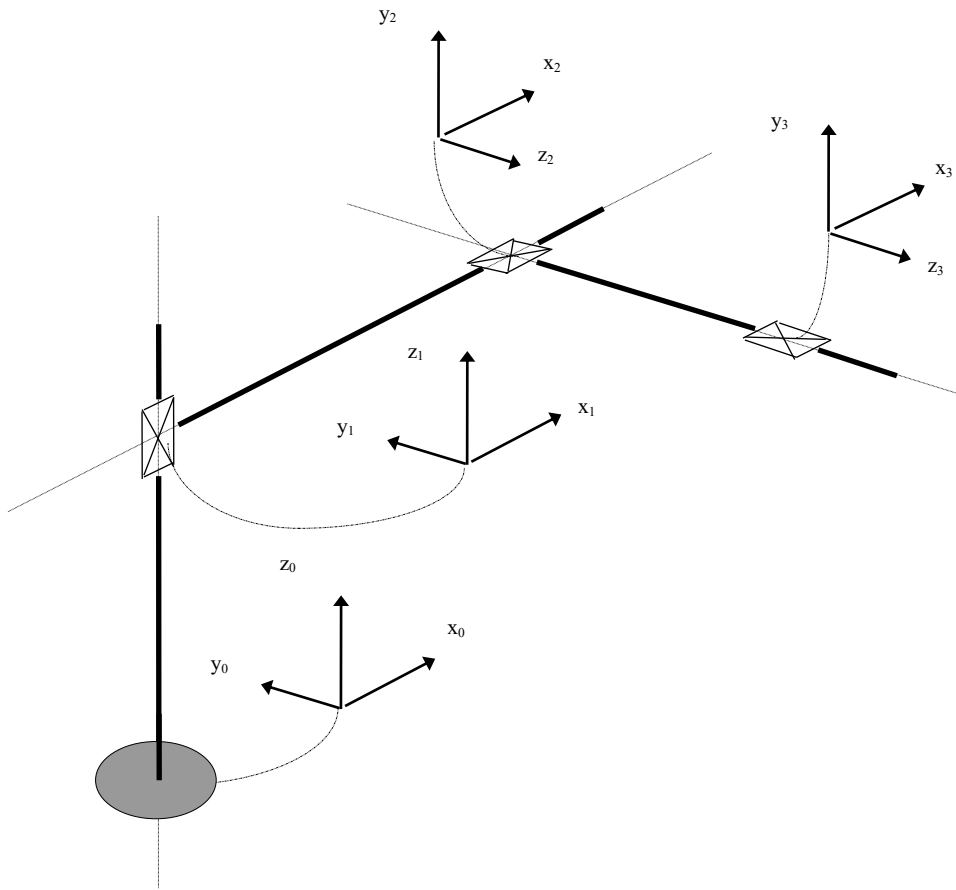
$$\psi = \arctan\left(\frac{O_z}{A_z}\right)$$

$$\varphi = \arctan\left(\frac{S_{12}C_4 - C_{12}S_4}{C_{12}C_4 - S_{12}S_4}\right) =$$

$$= \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2 - \theta_4)}{\cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2 - \theta_4)}\right) = \theta_1 + \theta_2 - \theta_4$$

$$\theta = \arctan\left(\frac{0}{\sqrt{1}}\right) = 0^\circ$$

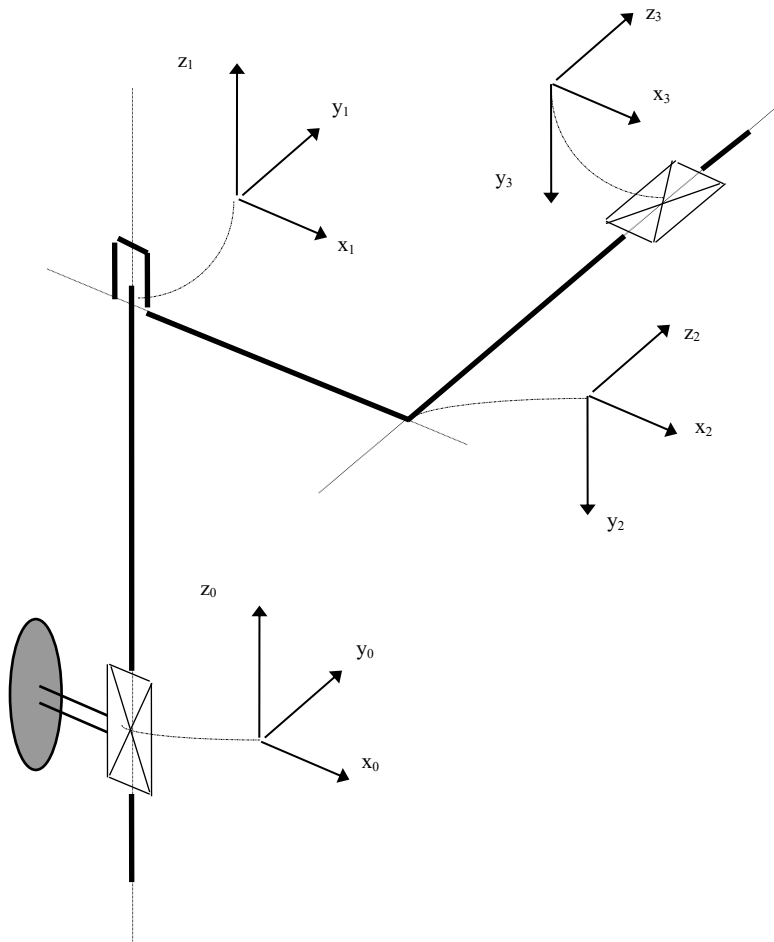
$$\psi = \arctan\left(\frac{0}{-1}\right) = 180^\circ$$



Cartesian PPP arm

No. of link	θ	d	a	α
1	0	d_1 v	0	0
2	0	0	a_2 v	90°
3	0	d_3 v	0	0

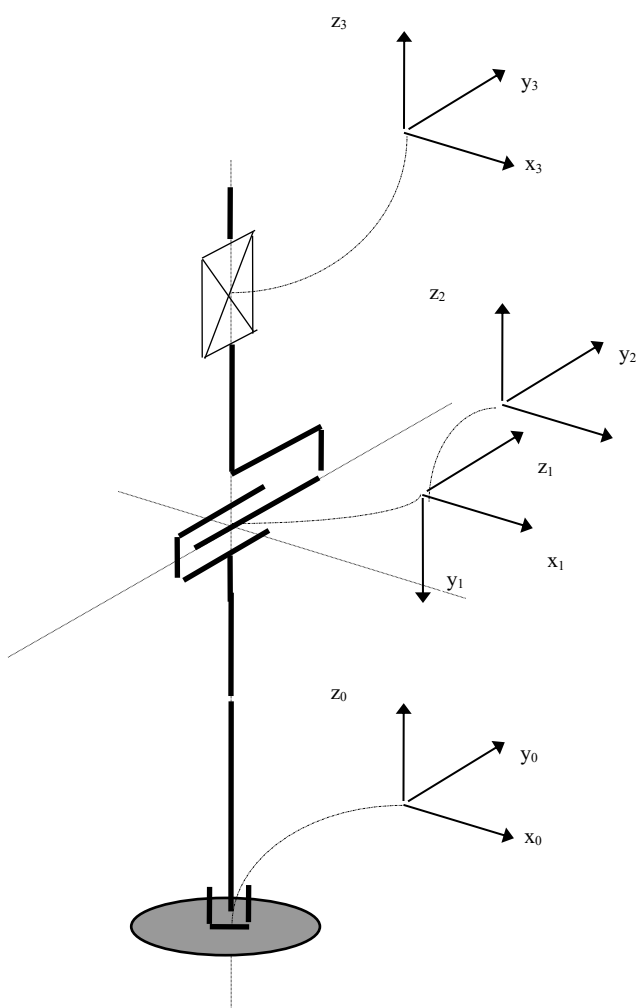
$$\underline{T}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & a_2 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -d_3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & d_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



No. of link	θ	d	a	α
1	0	d_1 v	0	0
2	θ_2 v	0	a_2	-90°
3	0	d_3 v	0	0

$$\underline{T}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} C_2 & 0 & -S_2 & a_2 C_2 - d_3 S_2 \\ S_2 & 0 & C_2 & a_2 S_2 + d_3 C_2 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & d_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

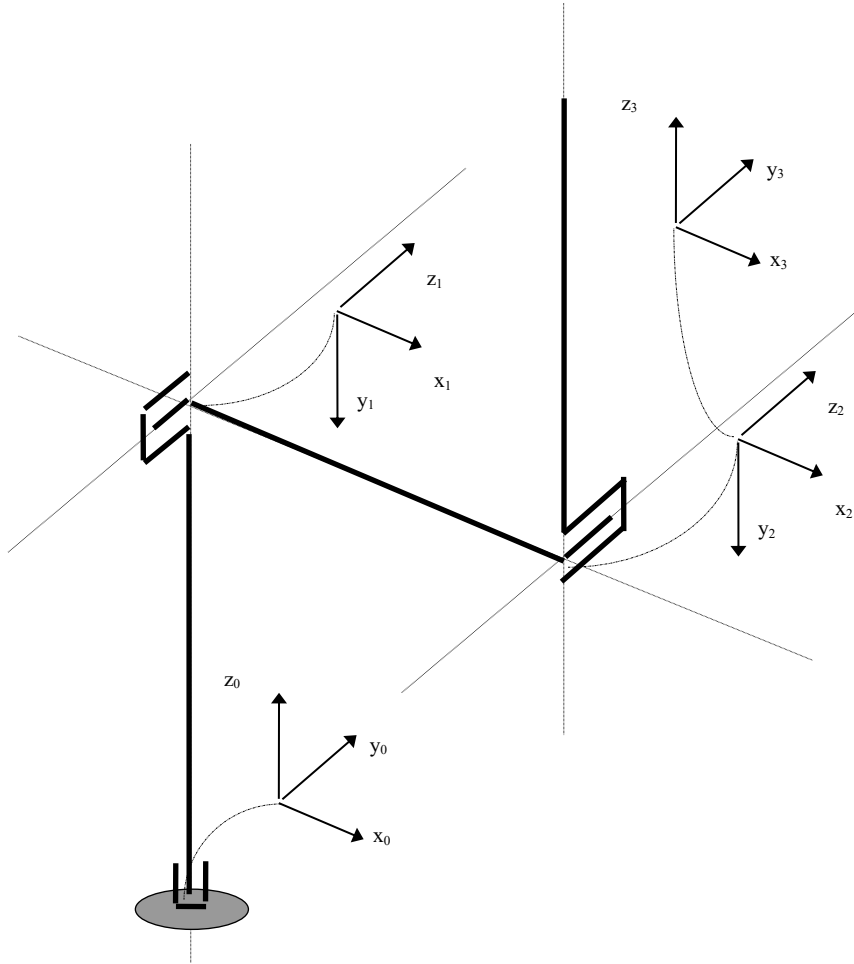
Cylindrical PRP arm



No. of link	θ	d	a	α
1	θ_1 v	d_1	0	-90°
2	θ_2 v	0	0	90°
3	0	d_3 v	0	0

$$\underline{T}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} C_1 C_2 & -S_1 & C_1 S_2 & d_3 C_1 S_2 \\ S_1 C_2 & C_1 & S_1 S_2 & d_3 S_1 S_2 \\ -S_2 & 0 & C_2 & d_1 + d_3 C_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

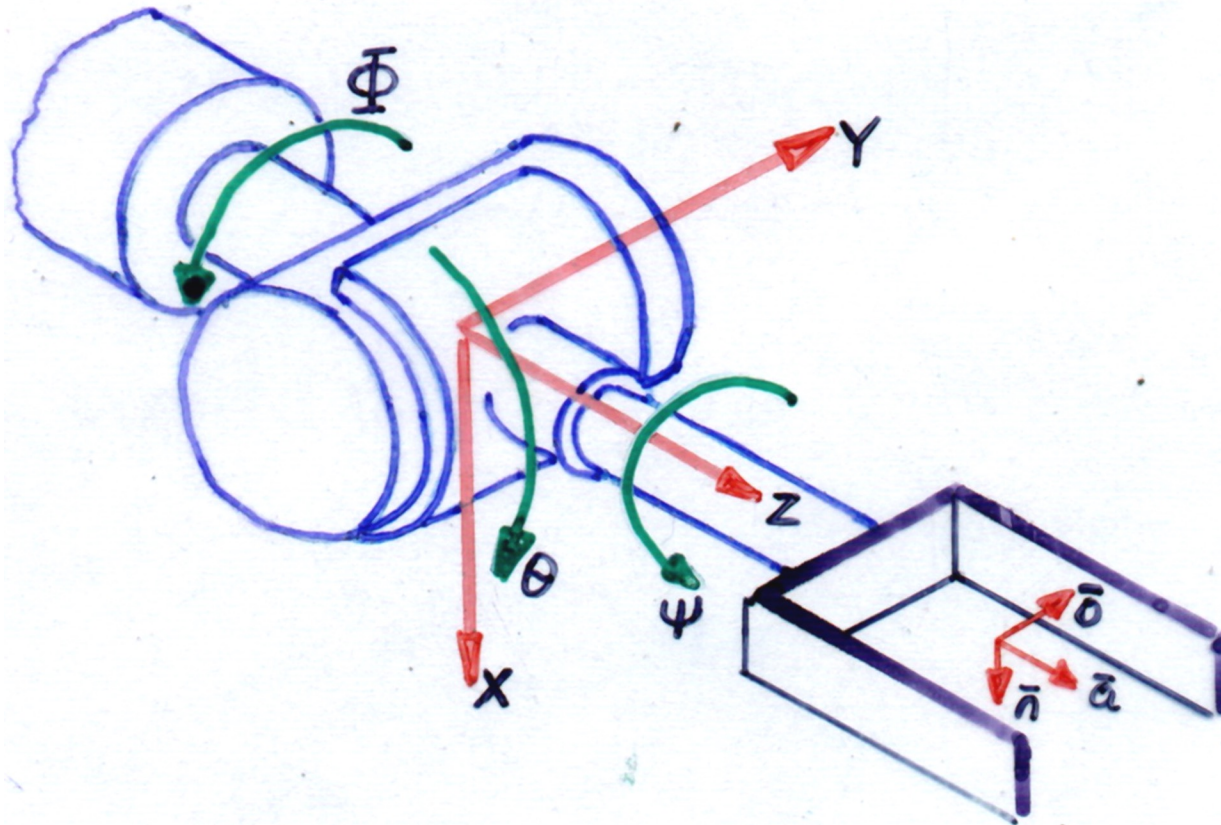
Spherical RRP arm



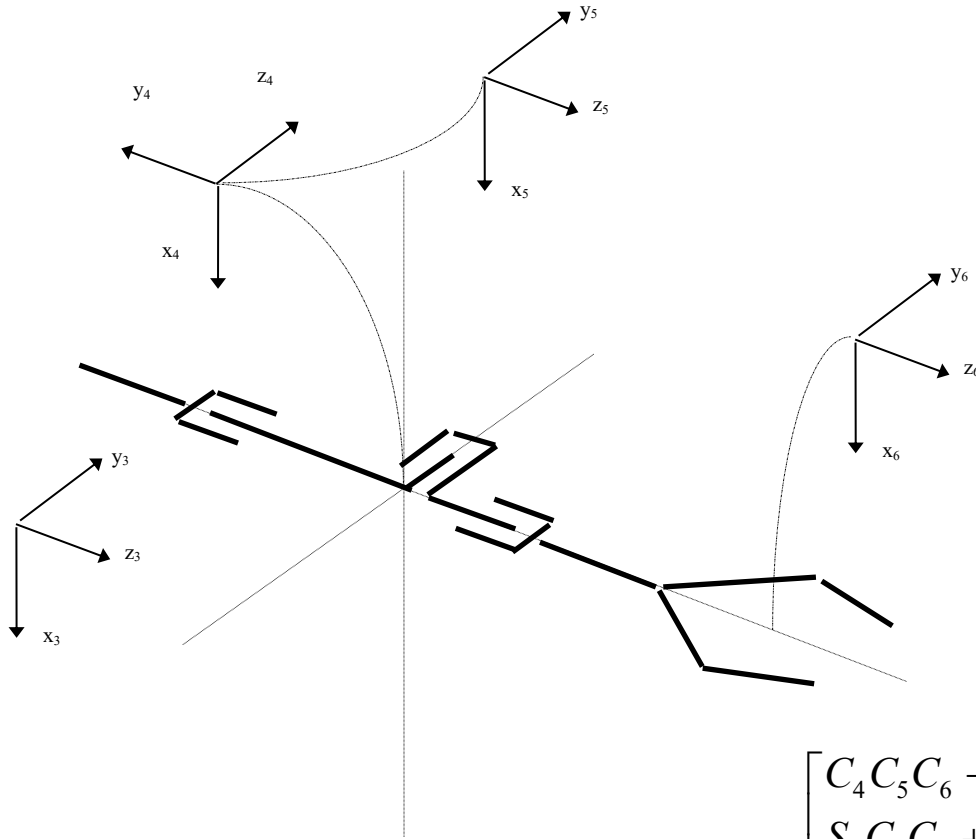
No. of link	θ	d	a	α
1	θ_1 v	d_1	0	-90°
2	θ_2 v	0	a_2	0
3	θ_3 v	0	0	90°

$$\underline{T}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} C_1 C_{23} & -S_1 & C_1 S_{23} & a_2 C_1 C_2 \\ S_1 C_{23} & C_1 & S_1 S_{23} & a_2 S_1 C_2 \\ -S_{23} & 0 & C_{23} & d_1 - a_2 S_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Anthropomorphic RRR arm



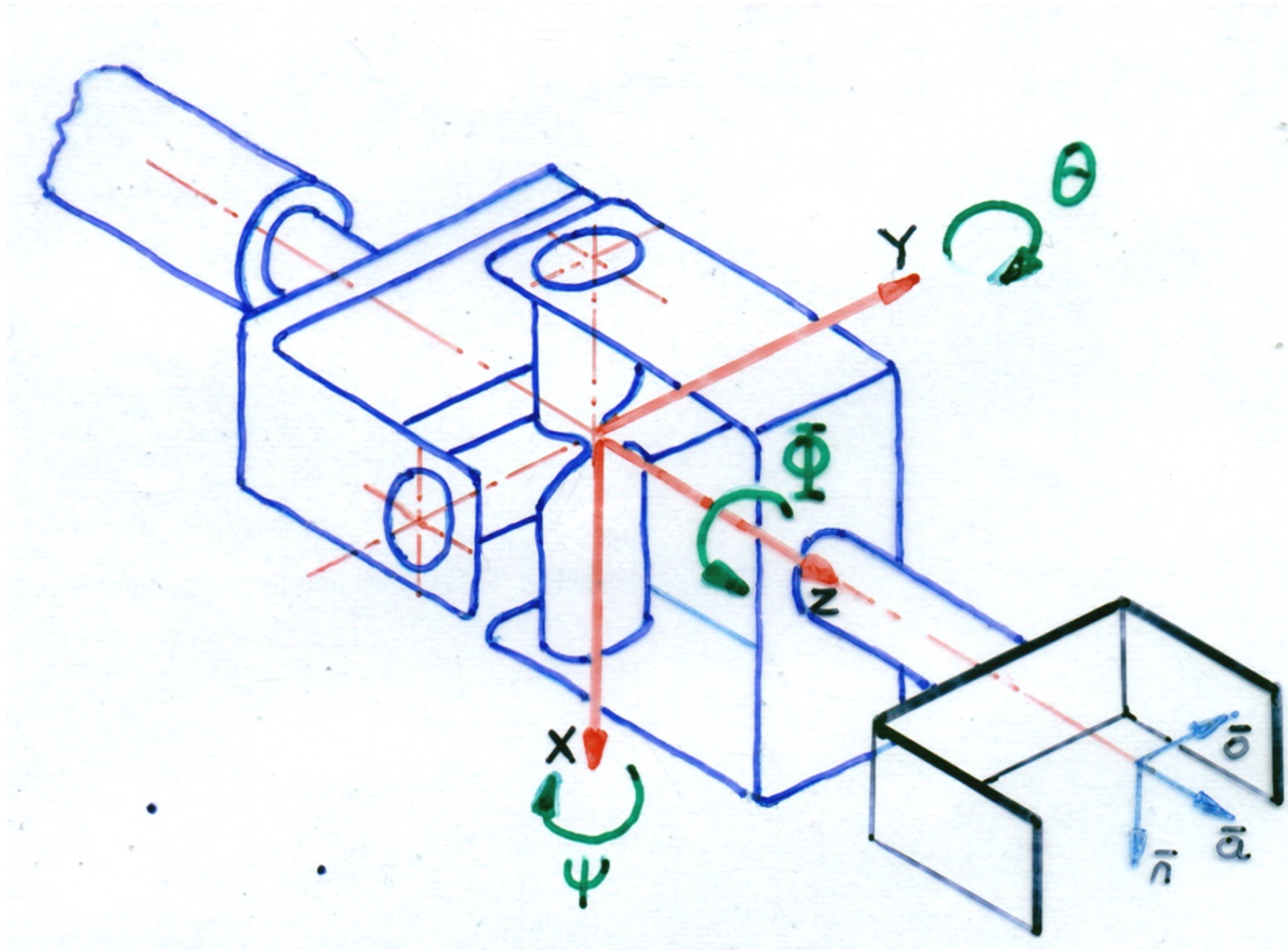
Spherical wrist (Euler - type RBR)



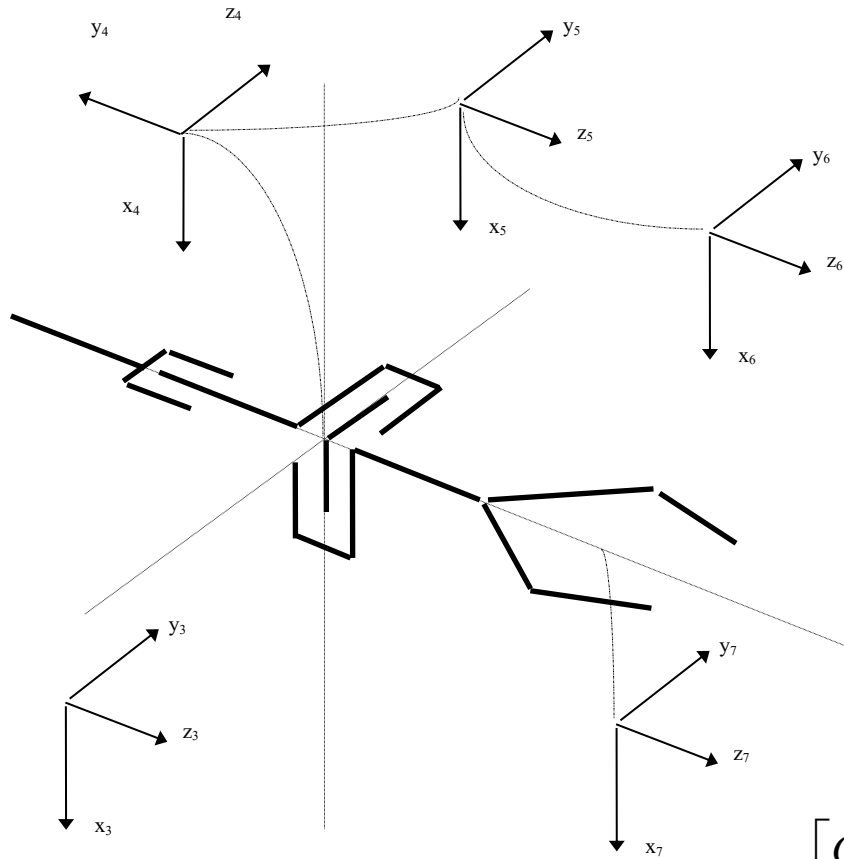
No. of link	θ	d	a	α
4	$\theta_4 \text{ v}$	d_4	0	-90°
5	$\theta_5 \text{ v}$	0	0	90°
6	$\theta_6 \text{ v}$	d_6	0	0

$${}^3T_6 = \begin{bmatrix} C_4 C_5 C_6 - S_4 S_6 & -C_4 C_5 S_6 - S_4 C_6 & C_4 S_5 & d_6 C_4 S_5 \\ S_4 C_5 C_6 + C_4 S_6 & -S_4 C_5 S_6 + C_4 C_6 & S_4 S_5 & d_6 S_4 S_5 \\ -S_5 C_6 & S_5 S_6 & C_5 & d_4 + d_6 C_5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Spherical wrist (Euler - type RBR)



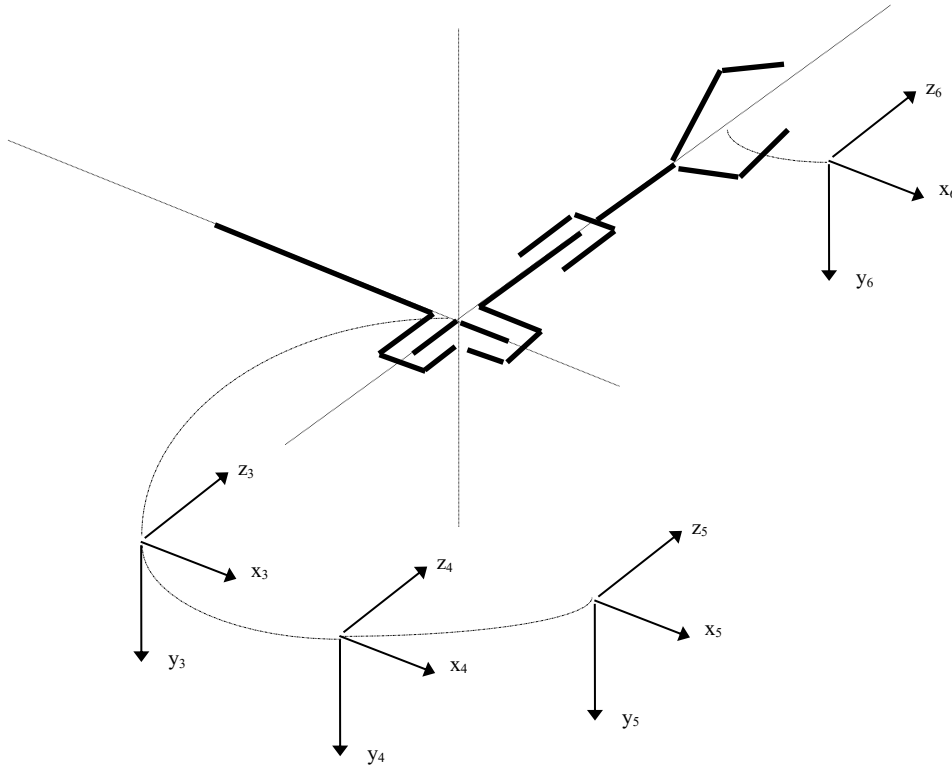
Spherical wrist (RPY - type RBB)



No. of link	θ	d	a	α
4	θ_4 v	d_4	0	-90°
5	θ_5 v	0	0	90°
6	0	0	0	α_6 v
6	0	d_7	0	0

$${}^3T_6 = \begin{bmatrix} C_4 C_5 & C_4 S_5 S_6 - S_4 C_6 & C_4 S_5 C_6 + S_4 S_6 & d_7 (C_4 S_5 C_6 + S_4 S_6) \\ S_4 C_5 & S_4 S_5 S_6 + C_4 C_6 & S_4 S_5 C_6 - C_4 S_6 & d_7 (S_4 S_5 C_6 - C_4 S_6) \\ -S_5 & C_5 S_6 & C_5 C_6 & d_4 + d_7 C_5 C_6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

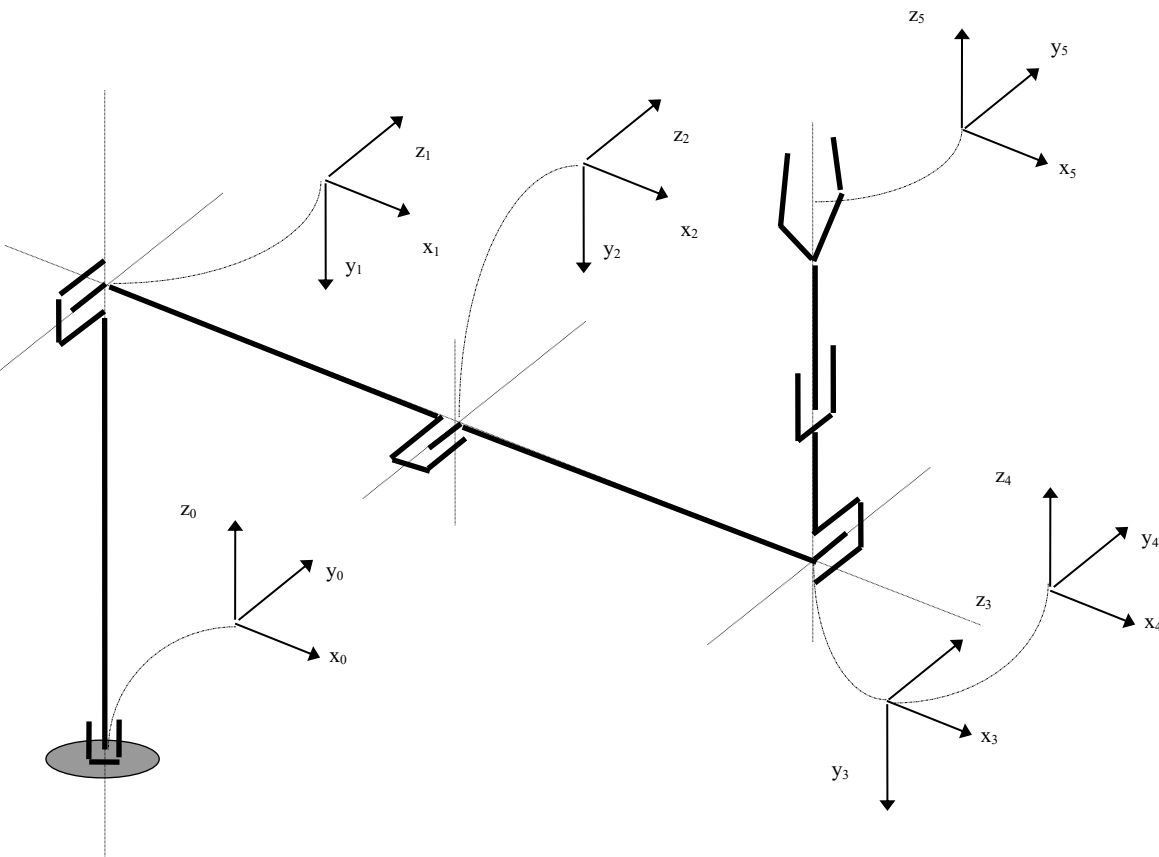
Spherical wrist (RPY - type RBB)



No. of link	θ	d	a	α
4	$\theta_4 \quad v$	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	$\alpha_5 \quad v$
6	$\theta_6 \quad v$	d_6	0	0

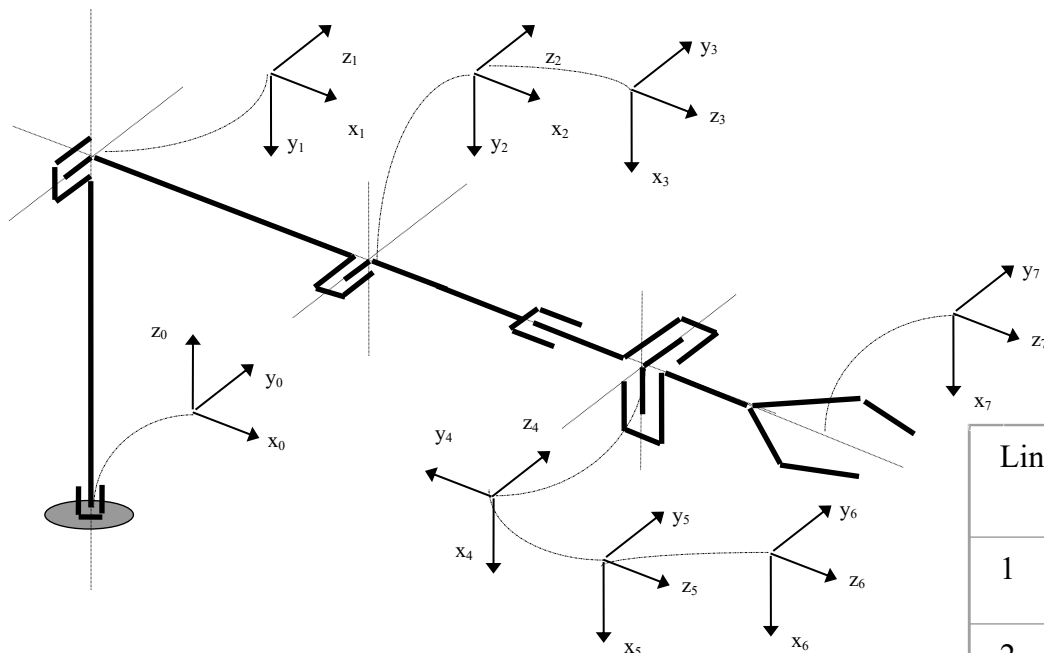
Spherical wrist
(RPY - type RBB)

$${}^3T_6 = \begin{bmatrix} -S_4C_5S_6 + C_4C_6 & -S_4C_5C_6 - C_4S_6 & S_4S_5 & d_6S_4S_5 \\ C_4C_5S_6 + S_4C_6 & C_4C_5C_6 - S_4S_6 & -C_4S_5 & -d_6C_4S_5 \\ S_5S_6 & S_5C_6 & C_5 & d_6C_5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



Link No.	θ	d	a	α
1	θ_1 v	d_1	0	-90°
2	θ_2 v	0	a_2	0
3	θ_3 v	0	a_3	0
4	θ_4 v	0	0	90°
5	θ_5 v	d_5	0	0

RRR RR Manipulator



RRRRRR (RRR+RPY)
manipulator

Link No.	θ	d	a	α
1	θ_1	d_1	0	-90°
2	θ_2	0	a_2	0
3	$\theta_3 + 90^\circ$	0	0	90°
4	θ_4	d_4	0	-90°
5	θ_5	0	0	90°
6	0	0	0	α_6
6	0	d_7	0	0

1C
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