

polygl questions english

Question

Reparameterize $\gamma_i^H = \sum_{j=0}^i \gamma_j$, $\gamma_i^L = \gamma_0 - \sum_{j=1}^i \gamma_j$, $i = 1, \dots, K$,

$\mathbf{Z}_L = f_\theta \left(\sum_{k=0}^K w_k^L T_k(\hat{\mathbf{L}}) \mathbf{X} \right)$, $\mathbf{Z}_H = f_\theta \left(\sum_{k=0}^K w_k^H T_k(\hat{\mathbf{L}}) \mathbf{X} \right)$, why first represent Z_L and second represent Z_H ?

papers analization:

Explanation: With γ_i^H increase gradually, the high pass of Z_H increase, so that Z_H is high.

Questions: γ_i^H not means w_k^H increasing. Let $Z = \sum_{k=0}^K w_k T_k(\mathbf{X})$. Let X in $(-1, 1)$. Do **exp1**:

exp1

Let $\gamma_0^H = 0, \gamma_0^L = 2, \gamma_i = \frac{2}{K}$. $K=10$. Got w_H and w_L :

```
#$w_H$
```

```
tensor([ 2.0000e+00,  8.8857e-01, -2.1674e-08,  9.5838e-02, -1.0837e-07,
         3.2042e-02, -4.3349e-07,  1.3890e-02, -1.5172e-07,  5.5638e-03,
        -9.7535e-08])
```

```
#w_L
```

```
tensor([ 2.0000e+00, -8.8857e-01, -4.0640e-08, -9.5838e-02, -8.5004e-08,
        -3.2042e-02, -5.4186e-07, -1.3889e-02, -2.2216e-07, -5.5641e-03,
         1.5308e-07])
```

Can got this conclusion: in Z^H , the w of T_k not increases with k 's increasement. So that

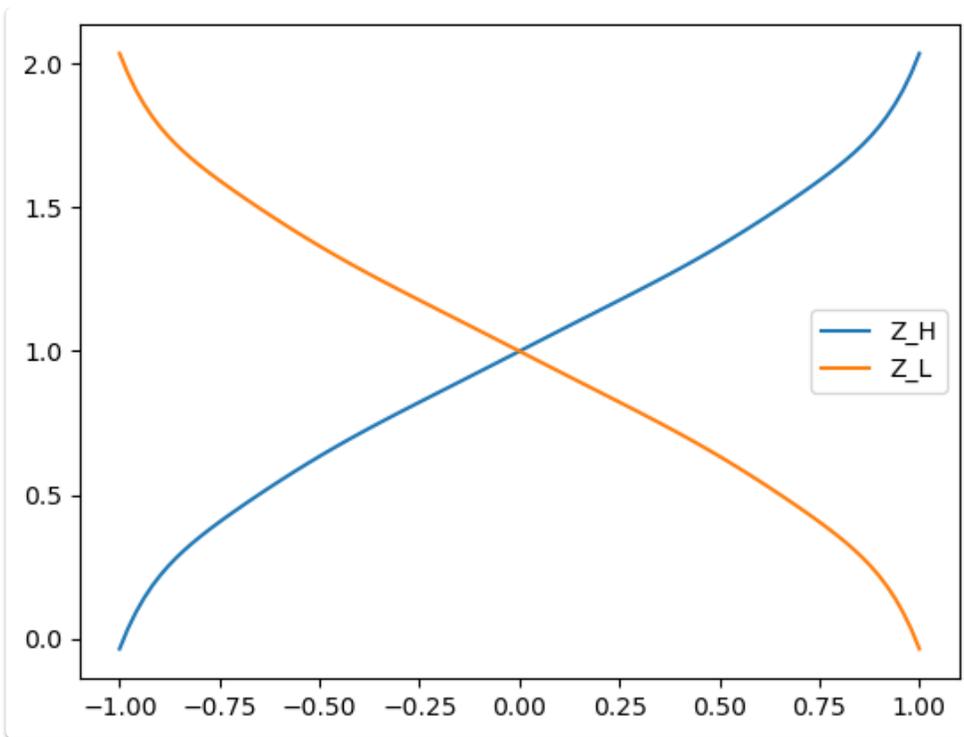
Explanation is not enough. So, do **exp 2 and exp3**:

exp2

For Z , let $X=1$, Can get: $(Z_H(1) = \text{tensor}(2.0359), Z_H(1) = \text{tensor}(-0.0359))$:

exp 3

because x in $(-1, 1)$, the setting is form **exp1**. plot Z_H and Z_L change with X :



γ_L, γ_H

γ_i

Z_H

Z_L

Appendix:

utils:

```

from torch_geometric.nn import MessagePassing
from torch_geometric.utils import get_laplacian
import torch.nn as nn
import torch
import torch.nn.functional as F

def get_cheb_i(x, i):
    if i == 0:
        return 1
    elif i == 1:
        return x
    else:
        T0 = 1
        T1 = x
        for ii in range(2, i + 1):
            T2 = 2 * x * T1 - T0
            T0, T1 = T1, T2

```

```

        return T2
def prefix_sum(gammas, gamma_0):
    gammas_H=torch.cat([gamma_0, gammas], dim=0)
    #cumulative sum: 累计求和, 这个真好用
    return torch.cumsum(gammas_H, dim=0)
def prefix_diff(gammas, gamma_0):
    gammas_L=torch.cat([gamma_0, -gammas], dim=0)
    return torch.cumsum(gammas_L, dim=0)
def get_ws(prefixed_gammas, x_j, K):
    ws=prefixed_gammas.clone()
    ws.fill_(0)
    for k in range(0, K+1):
        for j in range(0, K+1):
            ws[k]=ws[k]+prefixed_gammas[j]*get_cheb_i(x_j[j], k)
        ws[k]=2*ws[k]/(K+1)
    return ws
def get_poly(x, K, gamma_H, gamma_L):
    x_j = torch.Tensor([(j + 0.5) / (K + 1) * torch.pi for j in range(0, K + 1)]
[:: -1])
    print(x_j)
    x_j = torch.cos(x_j)
    print(x_j)
    gammas=torch.Tensor(K)
    gammas.fill_(2/K)#default 2
    gamma_H=torch.Tensor([gamma_H])
    gamma_L=torch.Tensor([gamma_L])
    prefix_gammas_H=prefix_sum(F.relu(gammas), gamma_H)
    prefix_gammas_L=prefix_diff(F.relu(gammas), gamma_L)
    prefix_gammas_L=F.relu(prefix_gammas_L)
    ws_H=get_ws(prefix_gammas_H, x_j, K)
    ws_L=get_ws(prefix_gammas_L, x_j, K)
    #exp 2, export w_{H} and w_{L}
    print(ws_H)
    print(ws_L)
    out_H=ws_H[0]/2
    out_L=ws_L[0]/2
    for k in range(1, K+1):
        out_H=out_H+ws_H[k]*get_cheb_i(x, k)
        out_L=out_L+ws_L[k]*get_cheb_i(x, k)
    return out_H, out_L

```

exp1, exp2

```
get_poly(1, 10, 0, 2)
```

exp3

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
x = np.linspace(-1, 1, 100)
y=[]
y_H,y_L=get_poly(x,K=10,gamma_H=0,gamma_L=2)
plt.plot(x,y_H,label='Z_H')
plt.plot(x,y_L,label='Z_L')
plt.legend()
```