## Rcpp11

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Extending R with compiled code is a great way to achieve good performance. Using C++ to rewrite critical parts has become a popular approach in R package development. For years, **Rcpp** [1] has defined the best bridge between R and C++.

In 2011, the C++ standards committee released the C++11 standard [2]. In 2013, major compilers (gcc, clang) have shipped versions of their tools that are feature complete. In April 2014, R version 3.1.0 was released with some special support for C++11. It is time to start using it. C++11 is a major update over the previous version of the C++ standard. It is a combination of various features that make C++ a much better, more expressive language [3].

**Rcpp11** is a complete rewrite of the Rcpp library, it takes advantage of C++11 to make the user experience of combining R and C++ even better and more future proof. **Rcpp11** was also an opportunity to review the code base of **Rcpp**, identify mistakes and fix them. **Rcpp11** is a smaller, cleaner implementation of the **Rcpp** api, written with C++11 in mind.

During this talk, I will introduce **Rcpp11** with a few simple examples.

## References

- [1] Eddelbuettel, D. and R. François (2014). *Rcpp: Seamless R and C++ Integration*. R package version 0.11.1.
- [2] ISO/IEC (2011). C++ 2011 standard document 14882:2011. ISO/IEC Standard Group for Information Technology / Programming Languages / C++.
- [3] Stroustrup, B. (2013). *The C++ Programming Language* (4th ed.). Addison-Wesley.