AAAI Spring Symposium; 23rd March 2022

PANEL: Assured trust and autonomy in human machine teams

Michael Fisher
[Department of Computer Science, University of Manchester, UK]

https://web.cs.manchester.ac.uk/~michael







Teams and Trustworthiness

Teams are social constructs

- → so using high-level agent approaches (for modelling/programming) makes sense
- → agents; intentions; beliefs; goals; responsibilities; context; collaboration; etc.

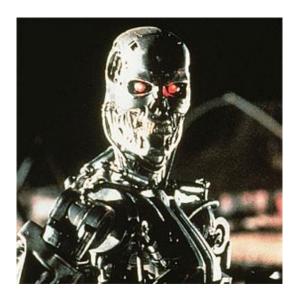
Teams work better when members trust each other

Trust is subjective, but systems can be designed to be trustworthy

Trustworthiness in standard Cyber-Physical Systems essentially equates to reliability

Trustworthiness in Autonomous Systems involves reliability plus beneficiality

What would make this Trustworthy?



Obviously, looks don't help here, but

BENEFICIALITY:

- Transparency especially of intention
- Verifiability so that we can prove it will never try to do anything 'bad'

RELIABILITY is here much less of an issue

Trust - what can we do before deployment?

Systems can be designed to be trustworthy

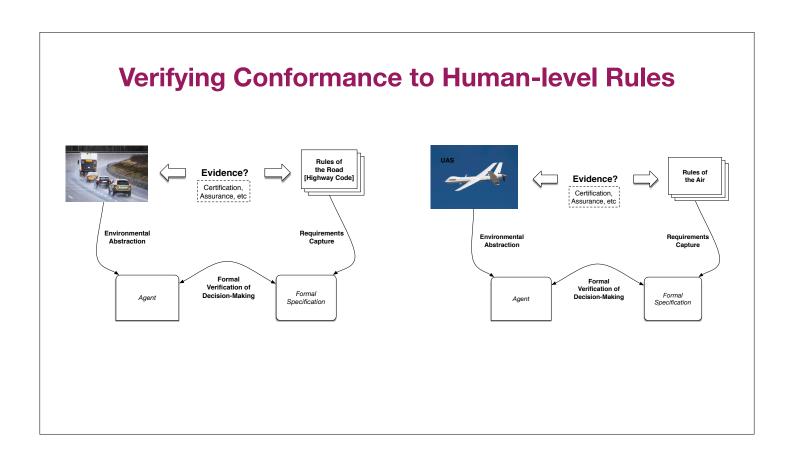
Engineering reliability is important, but it is vital we have:

- 1. Transparency of behaviour/intention, and so explainability and (ideally) understanding
- 3. Strong Verifiability, specifically formal verification, and certainty about decisions/intentions

For individual robots/vehicles we strongly verify key components (e.g. decision-making) - we never *rely* on anything that has not been formally verified!

Similarly with teams - would you trust an opaque teammate?

Clarity over Decision-Making Principles, Ethics Symbolic Component Rational Agent Explicit Intentions, Beliefs, etc. Reaction, Adaptation



Verifying Ethical Reasoning

Once the agent decisions take *ethical concerns* into account then we can extend our formal verification to also assess these.

Capturing ethical requirements is difficult - cf Philosophy

These can range from

SIMPLE ORDERING OF CONCERNS

save life >> save animals >> save property

to

(FULL) ETHICAL THEORIES Complexity issues!

Some Examples

Advice: providing legal/ethical advice - e.g. firefighting

- Explain laws/ethics, based on situation
- Guarantees of correctness concerning advice given

Social/Domestic Robotics: e.g. care robots, social robots

- Reliability/predictability, especially physical interaction
- Exposure of intention → gain trust
- Verification of truthfulness → maintain trust
- Match human ethics, e.g. "don't tell anyone when I do this"

Space Robotics, e.g. planetary habitat checking and remote/infrequent human interaction

- Need autonomy, as issues can't all be predicted
- Verification of the decision-making processes
- Need resilience and reconfigurability
- Clearly explain pertinent issues to operators/astronauts





Building Teams?

Reliability is important in a team member

Beneficiality is even more important once autonomous entities are involved

transparency → leading to explainability and verifiability

We must

- 1. be sure what the motives/intentions of the autonomous team members are
- 2. be able to prove that a team member will never (deliberately) do something 'bad'