# Aim: To study and perform Morphological operations on an image

- 1. Erosion
- 2. Dilation
- 3. Opening
- 4. Closing

```
import cv2
import numpy as np
from google.colab.patches import cv2_imshow
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force\_remount=True).

### **Dilation**

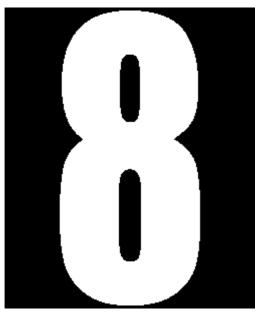
```
In [ ]: org = cv2.imread('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/8_binary_img.jpg',0)
   img = cv2.resize(org, (250,300), interpolation = cv2.INTER_AREA)
   print('Binary Image\n')
   cv2_imshow(img)
```

Binary Image

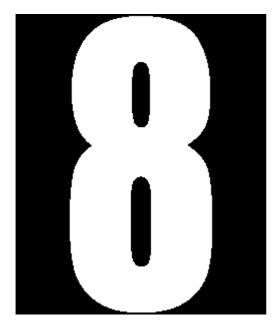


```
In [ ]: # Binarize the image
    binr = cv2.threshold(img,0,255,cv2.THRESH_BINARY+cv2.THRESH_OTSU)[1]
    # Define the kernel 3x3
    kernel = np.ones((3,3),np.uint8)
    # invert the image
    invert = cv2.bitwise_not(binr)
    print('Inverted Binary Image\n')
    cv2_imshow(invert)
    # dilate the image
    dilation = cv2.dilate(invert, kernel, iterations=1)
    print('\nDilated Binary Image\n')
    cv2_imshow(dilation)
```

Inverted Binary Image



Dilated Binary Image



### **Erosion**

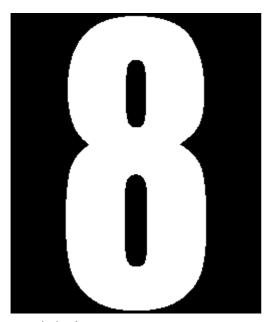
```
In [ ]: print('Binary Image\n')
    cv2_imshow(img)
```



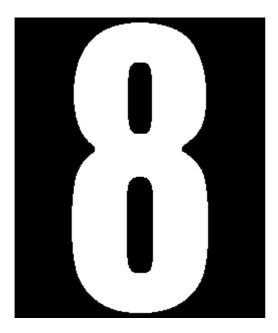
```
In []: # Binarize the image
    binr = cv2.threshold(img,0,255,cv2.THRESH_BINARY+cv2.THRESH_OTSU)[1]

# Define the kernel 5x5
    kernel = np.ones((5,5),np.uint8)
# invert the image
    invert = cv2.bitwise_not(binr)
    print('Inverted Binary Image\n')
    cv2_imshow(invert)
# dilate the image
    erosion = cv2.erode(invert, kernel, iterations=1)
    print('\nEroded Binary Image\n')
    cv2_imshow(erosion)
```

Inverted Binary Image



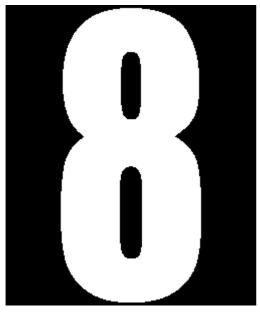
Eroded Binary Image



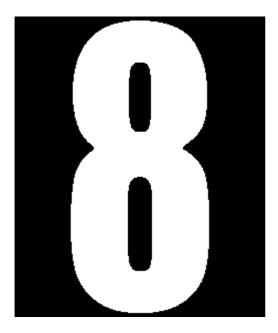
Erosion with 3X3 mask

```
In []: # Binarize the image
    binr = cv2.threshold(img,0,255,cv2.THRESH_BINARY+cv2.THRESH_OTSU)[1]
    # Define the kernel 3x3
    kernel = np.ones((3,3),np.uint8)
    # invert the image
    invert = cv2.bitwise_not(binr)
    print('Inverted Binary Image\n')
    cv2_imshow(invert)
    # dilate the image
    erosion = cv2.erode(invert, kernel, iterations=1)
    print('\nEroded Binary Image with 3X3 mask\n')
    cv2_imshow(erosion)
```

#### Inverted Binary Image



Eroded Binary Image with 3X3 mask



## **Opening**

```
In [ ]: imgH = cv2.imread('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/opening-H.png',0)
    print('Binary Image\n')
    cv2_imshow(imgH)

# Binarize the image
binr = cv2.threshold(imgH,0,255,cv2.THRESH_BINARY+cv2.THRESH_OTSU)[1]
# Define the kernel 3x3
kernel = np.ones((3,3),np.uint8)
# opening the image
opening = cv2.morphologyEx(binr,cv2.MORPH_OPEN, kernel, iterations=25)
    print('\nOpened Binary Image with 3X3 mask\n')
    cv2_imshow(opening)
```

Binary Image



Opened Binary Image with 3X3 mask



# Closing

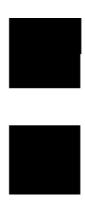
```
imgH = cv2.imread('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/opening-H.png',0)
print('Binary Image\n')
cv2_imshow(imgH)

# Binarize the image
binr = cv2.threshold(imgH,0,255,cv2.THRESH_BINARY+cv2.THRESH_OTSU)[1]
# Define the kernel 3x3
kernel = np.ones((3,3),np.uint8)
# closing the image
closing = cv2.morphologyEx(binr,cv2.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel, iterations=35)
print('\nClosed Binary Image with 3X3 mask\n')
cv2_imshow(closing)
```

Binary Image



Closed Binary Image with 3X3 mask



In [ ]: