```
In [43]: mean_Thermal = mean_power[['Thermal Generation Estimated (in MU)', 'Thermal Generation Actual (in MU)']]
mean_Thermal
```

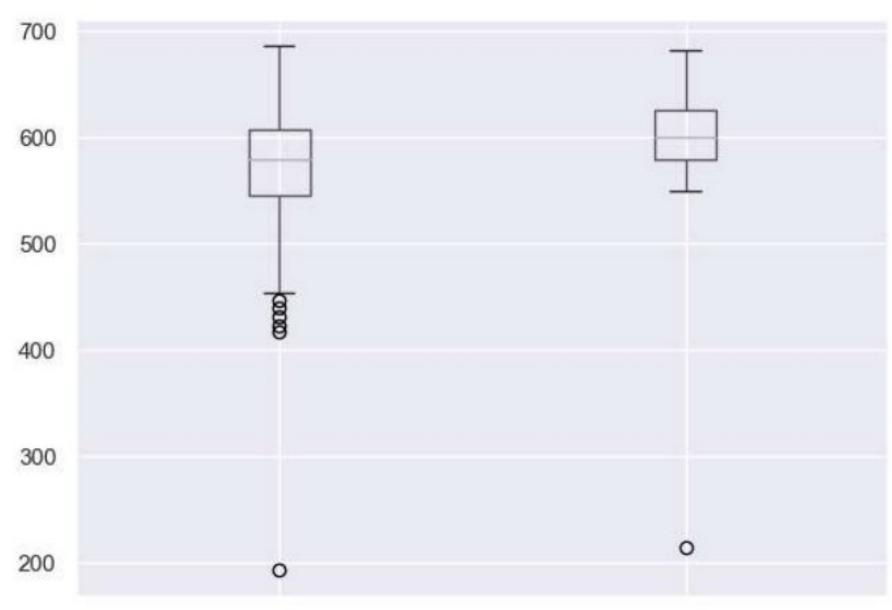
Out[43]:

	Thermal Generation Estimated (in MU)	Thermal Generation Actual (in MU)
0	506.478	555.582
1	512.674	555.582
2	506.646	555.554
3	542.856	555.554
4	555.930	558.170
		•••
984	597.208	592.326
985	583.772	592.326
986	576.776	594.872
987	588.622	596.800
988	572.086	559.482

989 rows × 2 columns

In [44]: mean_Thermal.boxplot()

Out[44]: <AxesSubplot:>



Thermal Generation Estimated (in MU) Thermal Generation Actual (in MU)

Creating the training and testing data for linear regression

In [47]: y_pred = linreg.predict(x_test)

```
In [48]: plt.figure(figsize=(18,9))
         plt.scatter(x_test,y_test)
         plt.plot(x_test,y_pred,color='r')
         plt.show()
          660
          640
          620
          600
          580
          560
                                          500
                450
                                                                    550
                                                                                              600
                                                                                                                        650
In [49]: linreg.score(x_train,y_train)
Out[49]: 0.10360136710745893
In [50]: from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
         score = r2_score(y_test,y_pred)
         print(f'Test score : {score}')
         Test score : -0.010328087696342969
In [51]: f'Slope : {linreg.coef_}'
Out[51]: 'Slope : [[0.2336194]]'
In [52]: f'Intercept : {linreg.intercept_}'
Out[52]: 'Intercept : [469.043631]'
In [53]: from sklearn import metrics
         print('MAE:', metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred))
         print('MSE:', metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred))
         print('RMSE:', np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)))
         MAE: 25.349715449727356
         MSE: 984.9802226617126
         RMSE: 31.384394572170937
 In [ ]:
```