

# **Generic Types**

CS 272 Software Development

## **Generic Types**

- Enables types to be specified as a parameter when defining classes or methods
- Allows generalization of code, while still being able to provide some restrictions on type
- Reduces amount of casting that must happen in code

#### **Collection Examples**

```
1. // ArrayList can be used with different types
 ArrayList<String> lines = new ArrayList⇔();
  ArrayList<Double> values = new ArrayList⇔();
 // Sometimes, we must specify multiple types
  HashMap<String, String> map = new HashMap<>();
  HashMap<String, ArrayList<Integer>> nestedMap
          = new HashMap ♦ ();
```

## **Generic Types**

- Use a single uppercase letter to name a generic type
- Use E for an element (good default)
- Use K for a key element
- Use V for a value element
- Use N for a number element

#### **Method Example**

```
public <E> E chooseRandom(E item1, E item2) {
    if (Math.random() > 0.5) {
        return item1;
   else {
        return item2;
```

#### Class Example

```
public class Pair<K, V> {
       private K key;
       private V value;
4.
       public Pair(K key, V value) {
           this.key = value;
6.
           this.value = value;
```

#### **Comparable Example**

```
public <B extends Comparable<B>>
           B chooseMax(B item1, B item2) {
2.
      if (item1.compareTo(item2) > 0) {
           return item1;
      else {
          return item2;
```

#### Wildcard Example

```
public double sumNumbers(
           Collection<? extends Number> nums) {
      double sum = 0.0;
      for (Number n : nums) {
          sum += n.doubleValue();
5.
      return sum;
```

#### **What You Can Do**

- Can declare one or more generic types when defining a method or a class
- Can restrict the generic type using bounding and inheritance relationships
- Can restrict the generic type using wildcards and upcasting references

#### **What You Can't Do**

- Cannot use primitive types as a generic type
- Cannot create an instance of a generic type
  - o e.g. E elem = new E(); // error
- Cannot use generic types for static members
  - e.g. private static E elem; // error
- Other strange restrictions; see tutorial

## **Questions?**