IT1040 & EN1073 Communication Skills

Lecture 02 Tenses Recap I







What does a 'tense' mean?



It is the form of a **verb** which **indicates the time** of an action.

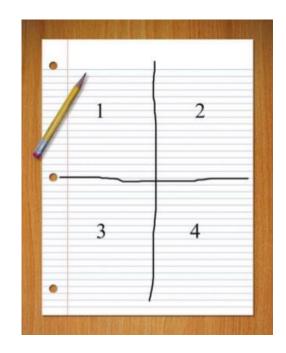
The term originates from the Latin word "tempus", which means "time".

Learning Outcomes

- Define the usages of present tenses
- Write the appropriate present tense form as per the context.



- Divide your notebook page into <u>four quarters</u> and <u>write</u> <u>one sentence</u> in each square describing:
- ✓ Something you do every day.
- ✓ What you are doing right now.
- ✓ Something you have experienced.
- ✓ Something you have been doing for a certain period of time.





Simple Present Tense Usages

(Click on 'raise hand' icon if you know the reason for using simple present tense in each example.

- using simple present tense in each example.
 Do you visit your uncle every Sunday? Repeated actions
 - He often speaks in French. Habitual actions
 - New York is a small city. Facts that are believed to be true
 - Sun sets from West. Generalizations / General truths
 - The plane takes off at 10 o'clock tonight. Scheduled events in near future
 - She does not need help right now. With stative verbs though they indicate actions which are happening now

Structure: Assertive, Negative and Interrogative

every day, sometimes, always, frequently, often, usually, Signal words: seldom, rarely, never, once a/an (hour, day, week, month, year)

While watching the video, write down all the stative verbs mentioned in it. (05 min)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p9M7FhSYcH4

Stative Verbs

www.perfect-english-grammar.com

Present Progressive/Continuous Tense Usages know the reason for using simple

(Click on 'raise hand' icon if you know the reason for using simple present this tense in each example.



- You are learning English <u>now</u>. Actions that are happening now / at the moment of speaking.
- I am reading the book *Tom Sawyer* these days. Actions which are in progress but not right now.
- Are you meeting some friends after work?

Actions that will or will not happen in <u>near future</u>.

Non continuous verbs/stative verbs are not used in this tense. They are put into Simple Present Tense:

She is loving this book. – She loves this book.

Structure: Assertive, Negative and Interrogative

Signal words: now, currently, at the moment, look!, listen!

Present Perfect Tense Usages

(Click on 'raise hand' icon if you know the reason for using present perfect tense in these examples.

01. Experiences



• Ex: I have watched that movie.

I have been to France.

I have been to France three times. (Adding the number of days is optional)

He has never traveled by train.

Have you ever met him?

(Click on 'raise hand' icon if you know the reason for using present perfect tense in these examples.

02. Changes over time

Ex: The government has become more interested in physical education.

My English has really improved.

You have grown up since the last time I saw you. (Mentioning the time duration is optional.)

03. Accomplishments

Ex: I have bought a gift for my friend.

Doctors have cured many deadly diseases. (Time is not prioritized)

He has studied two foreign languages.

04. Incomplete actions at present (*Negative form)

Ex: He has not (yet) finished his homework.

The rain hasn't stopped.

(Click on 'raise hand' icon if you know the reason for using present perfect tense in these examples.

05. Multiple actions at different times in past. (More actions are possible in future)

Ex: I have had four quizzes and five tests so far this semester.

06. Actions that have just ended or already done

Ex: He has just/already completed his assignment.

Structure: Assertive, Negative and Interrogative

Signal words: Just, yet, never, ever, already, so far, up to now, since

Present Perfect Continuous Tense Usages

(Click on 'raise hand' icon if you know the reason for using present perfect continuous tense in these examples.

They have been talking for the last two hours.

• He has been teaching at the university since June.

Actions which started in the past and continue till present. **Time duration is a must.**

• She has been working a lot <u>recently</u>.

Actions which started in the past and have been happening lately.

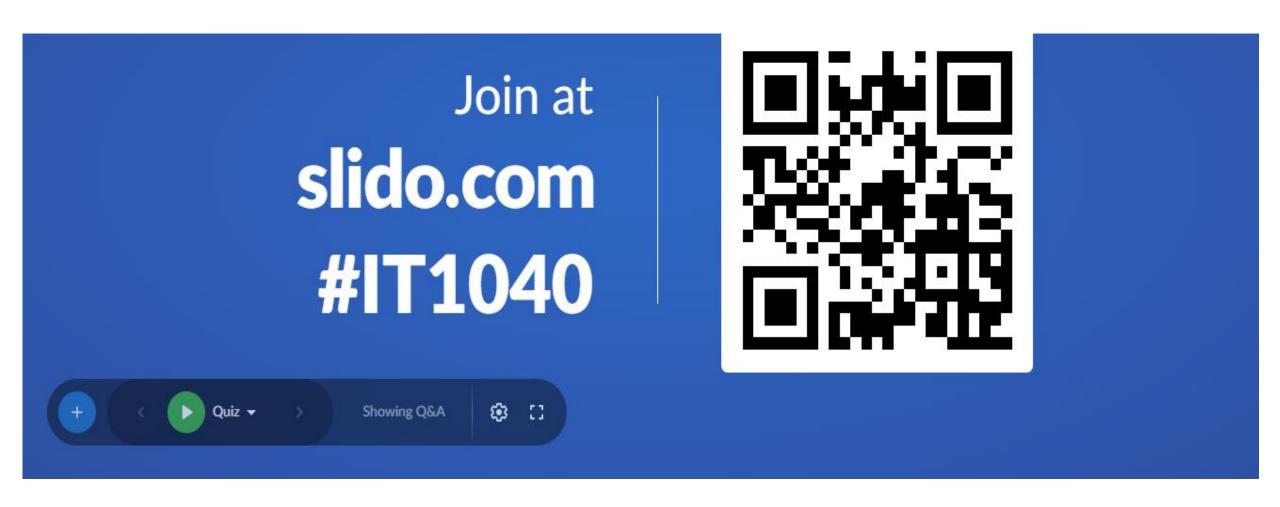
Structure: (Assertive, Negative and Interrogative)

Signal words: since, for, all morning, all day, lately, recently

It's game time!



Are you ready to test how much you have understood? Then let's play this quiz. (15 min)



Tenses Recap I in Practice – PADLET (15 min)

- -First copy the Padlet link to your web browser
- -Then, type your name
- -Write a descriptive paragraph (06 08 sentences) using any of the given prompts. Incorporate **at least one example of each present tense, and underline them**. Begin your paragraph using one of the following topic sentences:
- A good leader possesses three main characteristics.
- In order to be a successful student, one should do three things.
- A smart phone has several important functions.



https://padlet.com/sankaja29/yywzb7fs7ok54hg3

References

• http://www.really-learn-english.com/english-grammar-tenses.html