

JFS-24 — Join Filter Safety Standard

24-Cell Operational Safety Architecture

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1. Purpose

JFS-24 defines the **operational semantics** of filters in relational joins. It establishes the rules governing ON clause matching, WHERE clause elimination, safe vs unsafe filter placement, and the 24-cell join filter safety matrix.

This standard ensures that SQL joins remain:

- semantically correct
- structurally preserved
- free from silent collapse
- operationally predictable

JFS-24 is the operational counterpart to **SFS-24**, which defines structural semantics.

2. Scope

JFS-24 applies to:

- analytical SQL
- ETL/ELT pipelines
- BI semantic layers
- dimensional modeling
- fact table construction
- SQL governance and code review

It governs filter behavior in:

- INNER JOIN
- LEFT JOIN
- RIGHT JOIN
- FULL JOIN
- CROSS JOIN
- SELF JOIN

3. Execution Phase Semantics

3.1 ON Clause (Matching Phase)

The ON clause defines **matching**, not elimination.

- Executes **before** row preservation
- Determines which rows match
- Does **not** eliminate NULL extended rows
- Safe for filters on either side (with exceptions for CROSS JOIN)

3.2 WHERE Clause (Elimination Phase)

The WHERE clause defines **elimination**, not matching.

- Executes **after** row preservation
- Eliminates rows that fail the condition
- Eliminates NULL extended rows
- Can collapse outer joins

3.3 Fundamental Law of JFS-24

WHERE kills NULLs. ON controls matching.

This distinction is the foundation of filter safety.

4. Filter Side Semantics

4.1 Preserved Side

Filtering the preserved side is **safe**.

Examples:

- LEFT JOIN → filter LEFT side
- RIGHT JOIN → filter RIGHT side
- FULL JOIN → filter both sides (with caution)

4.2 NULL Producing Side

Filtering the NULL producing side in the WHERE clause is **unsafe**.

Examples:

- LEFT JOIN → filtering RIGHT side in WHERE collapses the join
- RIGHT JOIN → filtering LEFT side in WHERE collapses the join
- FULL JOIN → filtering either side in WHERE collapses that side

4.3 ON Clause Filters

ON clause filters are generally **safe**, because they occur before preservation.

Exceptions:

- CROSS JOIN + ON filter → **invalid**
- FULL JOIN + ON filter → **safe but must be intentional**

5. Unsafe Join Filter Patterns

JFS-24 identifies **six collapse patterns** that must be prohibited.

5.1 LEFT JOIN Collapse

Code

```
LEFT JOIN ... WHERE right_column = ...
```

5.2 RIGHT JOIN Collapse

Code

```
RIGHT JOIN ... WHERE left_column = ...
```

5.3 FULL JOIN Collapse (Left Side)

Code

```
FULL JOIN ... WHERE left_column = ...
```

5.4 FULL JOIN Collapse (Right Side)

Code

```
FULL JOIN ... WHERE right_column = ...
```

5.5 CROSS JOIN with ON (Left Side)

Code

```
CROSS JOIN ... ON left_column = ...
```

5.6 CROSS JOIN with ON (Right Side)

Code

```
CROSS JOIN ... ON right_column = ...
```

These patterns violate join semantics and must be rejected in code review.

6. The 24-Cell Join-Filter Safety Matrix

JFS-24 classifies join-side × filter-side × phase interactions into:

- **SAFE**
- **UNSAFE (Collapse)**
- **INVALID**
- **NEUTRAL**

JOIN TYPE	LEFT WHERE	LEFT ON	RIGHT WHERE	RIGHT ON
INNER	SAFE	SAFE	SAFE	SAFE
LEFT	SAFE	SAFE	COLLAPSE	SAFE
RIGHT	COLLAPSE	SAFE	SAFE	SAFE
FULL	COLLAPSE	SAFE	COLLAPSE	SAFE
CROSS	SAFE	INVALID	SAFE	INVALID
SELF	SAFE	SAFE	SAFE	SAFE

This matrix is the **operational topology** of join filter interactions.

7. Filter Type Semantics

7.1 Equality Filters (=)

- Safe in ON
- Unsafe in WHERE on NULL producing side

7.2 Inequality Filters (>, <, >=, <=)

- Safe in ON
- Unsafe in WHERE on NULL producing side

7.3 NULL Sensitive Filters

- IS NOT NULL → **always unsafe** on NULL producing side
- IS NULL → safe in ON, unsafe in WHERE

7.4 Non Deterministic Filters

- Must not be used in ON
- Allowed in WHERE only on preserved side

8. Operational Doctrine

JFS-24 establishes the following doctrine:

- Filters must preserve join contracts
- WHERE must not eliminate NULL extended rows
- ON must not be used to simulate INNER JOIN behavior
- CROSS JOIN must not contain ON conditions

- Filter placement must be intentional and documented

This doctrine elevates filter reasoning to the level of **enterprise governance**.

9. Compliance Requirements

To comply with JFS-24:

- Do not filter the NULL producing side in WHERE
- Do not introduce ON conditions into CROSS JOINS
- Do not rely on implicit join behavior
- Validate all filters against the 24-cell matrix
- Document filter intent in design artifacts

10. Relationship to SFS-24

SFS-24 defines **what the join must structurally preserve**. JFS-24 defines **how filters must behave to preserve it**.

Together, they form the **Enterprise Join Semantics Architecture Suite**.

11. Versioning

JFS-24 follows semantic versioning:

- **Major** — changes to collapse rules or matrix
- **Minor** — new filter classifications
- **Patch** — clarifications or examples

12. Copyright

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