

Comsats University Islamabad, Vehari Campus



Assignment NO:01

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Submitted To:

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Subject:

Data Structure and Algorithm

Registration No:

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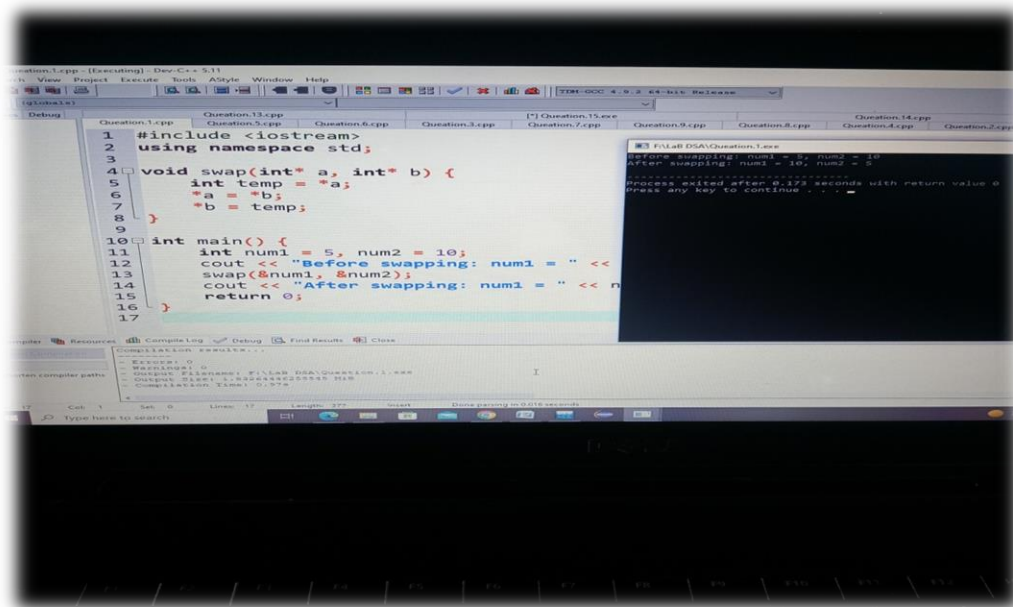
10/09/2023

1. Write a c++ program to swap two numbers by using pointers

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
void swap(int* a, int* b) {
    int temp = *a;
    *a = *b;
    *b = temp;
}
```

```
int main() {
    int num1 = 5, num2 = 10;
    cout << "Before swapping: num1 = " << num1 << ", num2 = " << num2 <<
endl;
    swap(&num1, &num2);
    cout << "After swapping: num1 = " << num1 << ", num2 = " << num2 <<
endl;
    return 0;
}
```

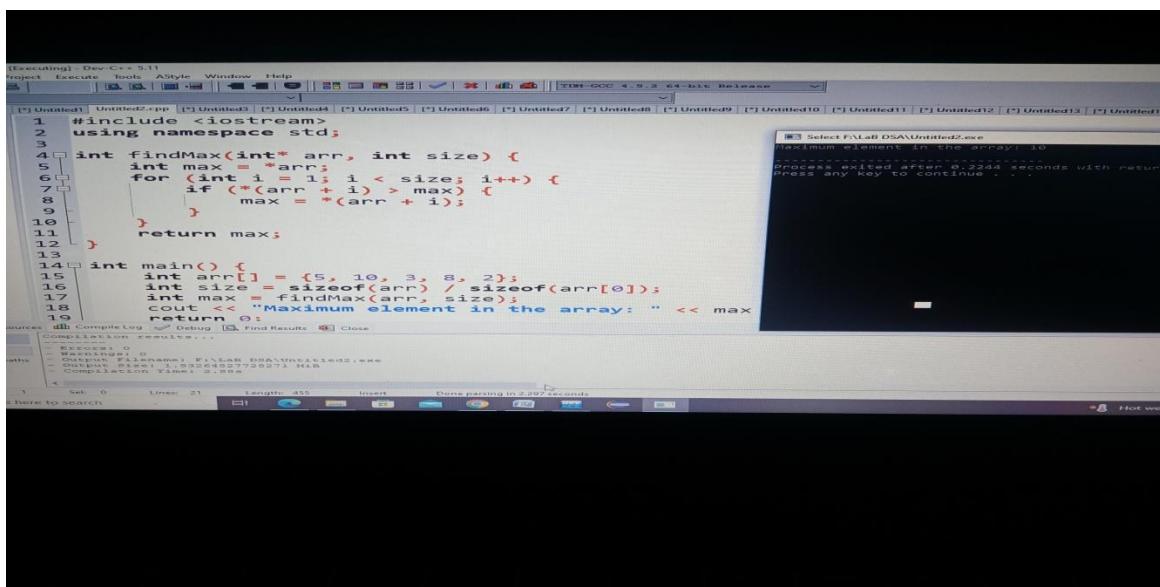


2. Write a C++ program to find maximum element in an array by using pointers

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int findMax(int* arr, int size) {
    int max = *arr;
    for (int i = 1; i < size; i++) {
        if (*(arr + i) > max) {
            max = *(arr + i);
        }
    }
    return max;
}
```

```
int main() {
    int arr[] = {5, 10, 3, 8, 2};
    int size = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
    int max = findMax(arr, size);
    cout << "Maximum element in the array: " << max << endl;
    return 0;
}
```



3. Write a C++ program to reverse a string by using pointers

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
void reverseString(char* str) {
```

```
    char* start = str;
```

```
    char* end = str;
```

```
    while (*end) {
```

```
        end++;
```

```
    }
```

```
    end--;
```

```
    while (start < end) {
```

```
        char temp = *start;
```

```
        *start = *end;
```

```
        *end = temp;
```

```
        start++;
```

```
        end--;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    char str[] = "Hello, World!";
```

```
    cout << "Before reversing: " << str << endl;
```

```
    reverseString(str);
```

```
    cout << "After reversing: " << str << endl;
```

```
    return 0;
```

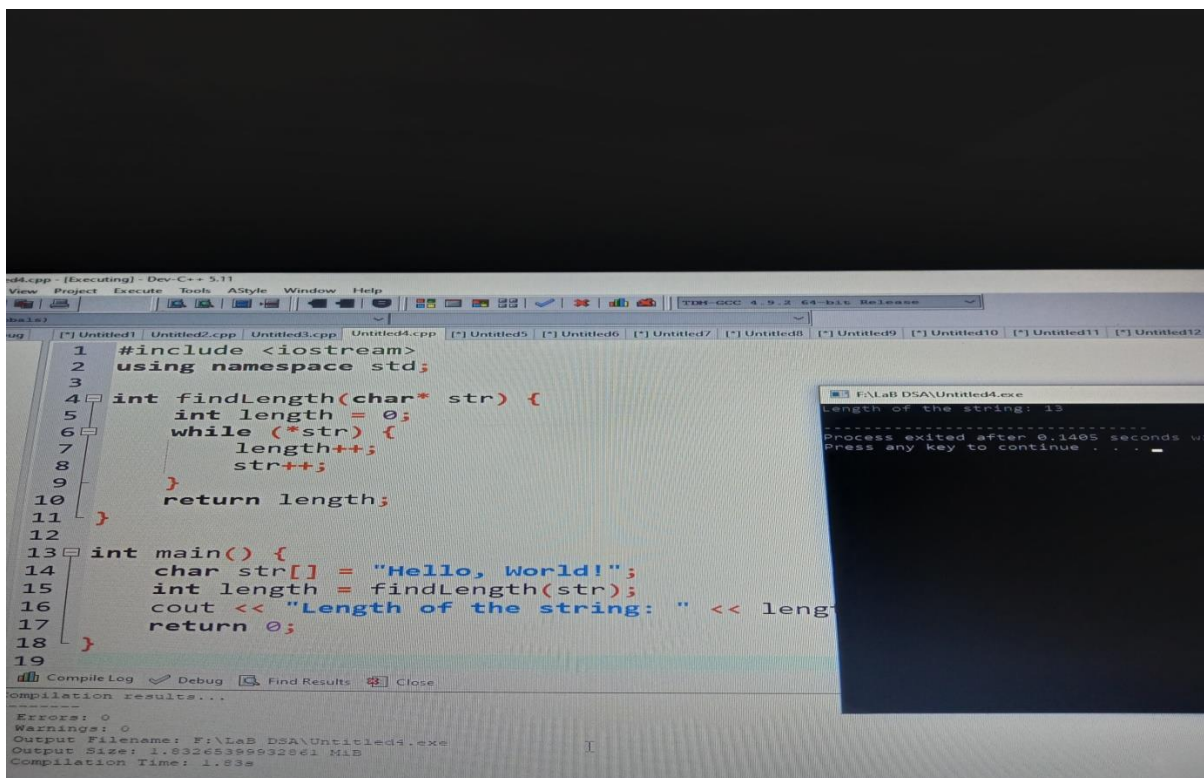
```
}
```

4. Write a C++ program to find a length of string by using pointers

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int findLength(char* str) {
    int length = 0;
    while (*str) {
        length++;
        str++;
    }
    return length;
}
```

```
int main() {
    char str[] = "Hello, World!";
    int length = findLength(str);
    cout << "Length of the string: " << length << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

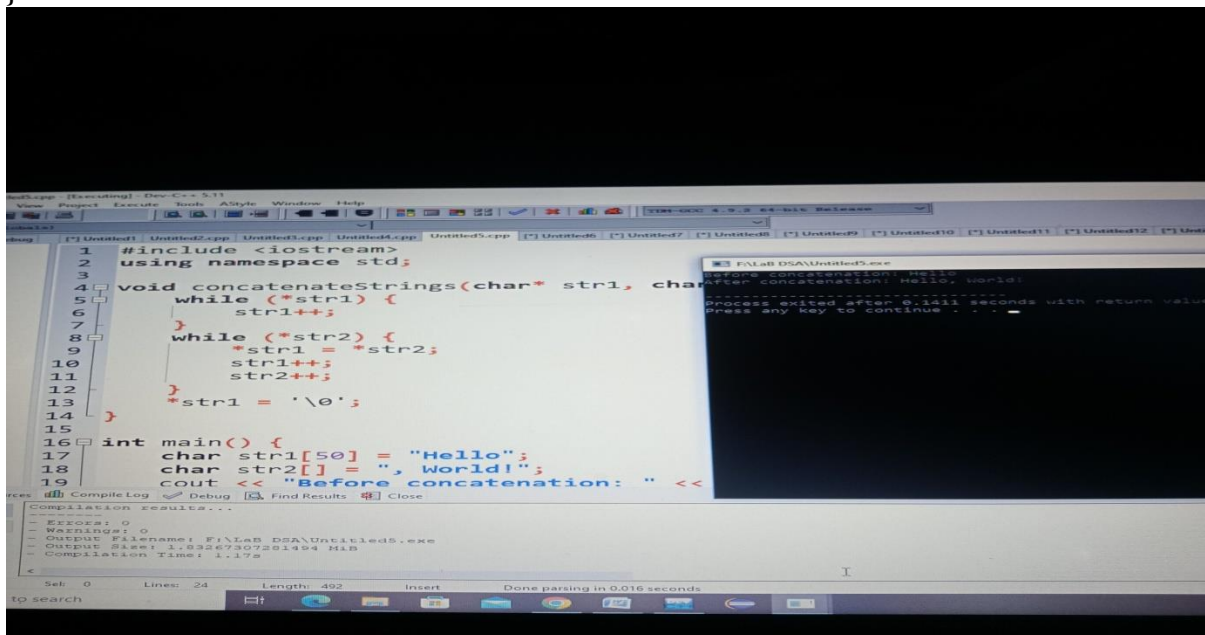


5. Write a C++ program to concatenate two string by using pointers

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
void concatenateStrings(char* str1, char* str2) {
    while (*str1) {
        str1++;
    }
    while (*str2) {
        *str1 = *str2;
        str1++;
        str2++;
    }
    *str1 = '\0';
}

int main() {
    char str1[50] = "Hello";
    char str2[] = ", World!";
    cout << "Before concatenation: " << str1 << endl;
    concatenateStrings(str1, str2);
    cout << "After concatenation: " << str1 << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

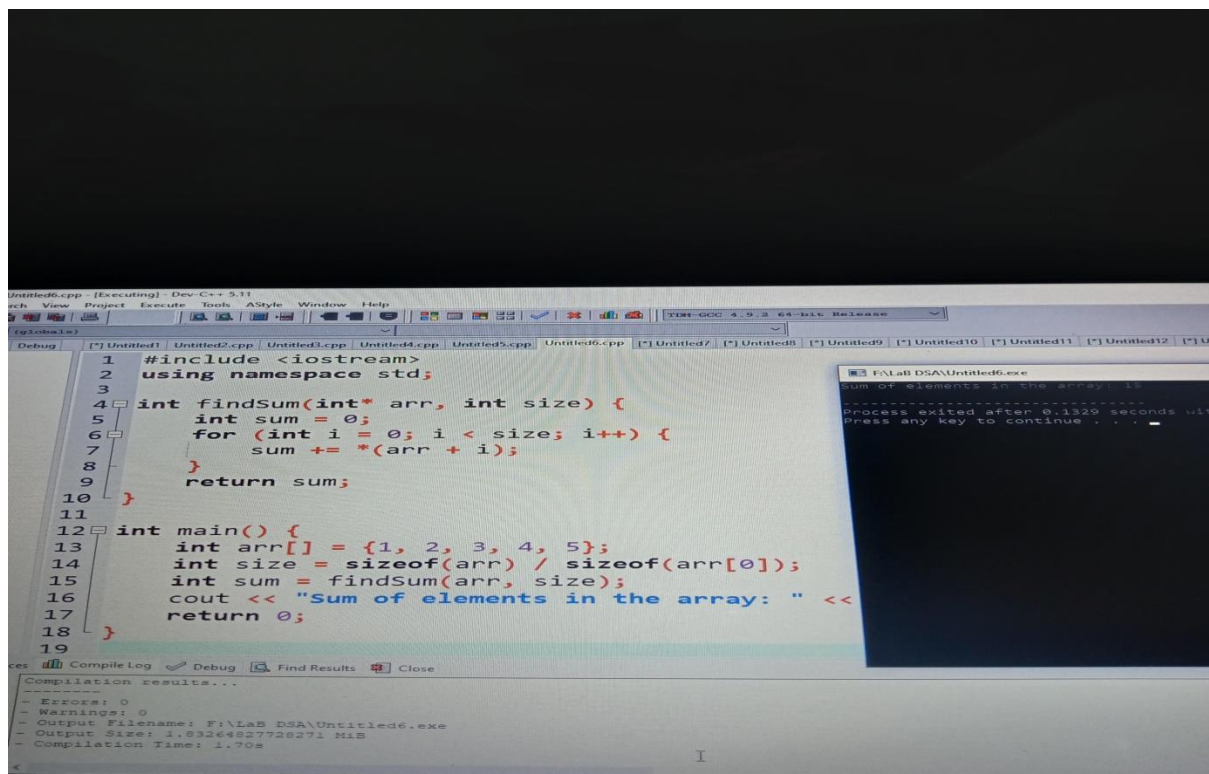


6. Write a C++ program to find the sum of elements in an array by using pointers

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int findSum(int* arr, int size) {
    int sum = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        sum += *(arr + i);
    }
    return sum;
}
```

```
int main() {
    int arr[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
    int size = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
    int sum = findSum(arr, size);
    cout << "Sum of elements in the array: " << sum << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

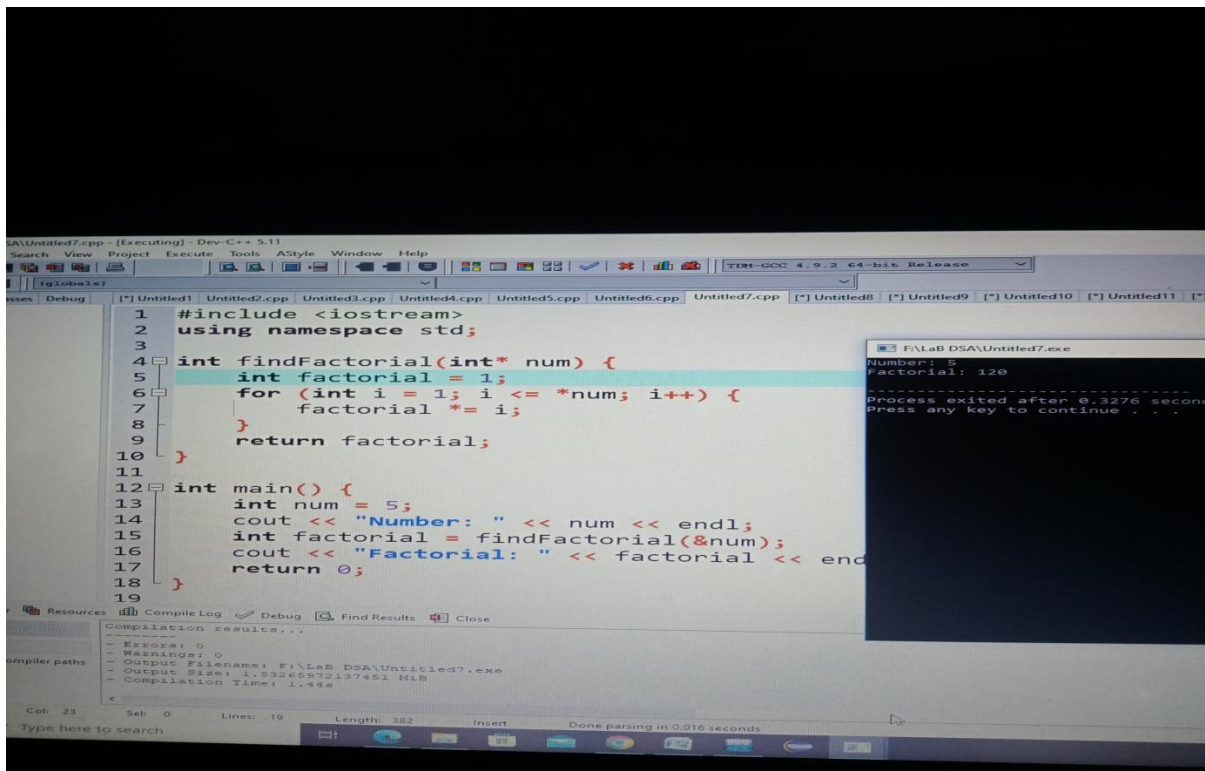


7. Write a program to find the factorial of number by using pointers

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int findFactorial(int* num) {
    int factorial = 1;
    for (int i = 1; i <= *num; i++) {
        factorial *= i;
    }
    return factorial;
}

int main() {
    int num = 5;
    cout << "Number: " << num << endl;
    int factorial = findFactorial(&num);
    cout << "Factorial: " << factorial << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

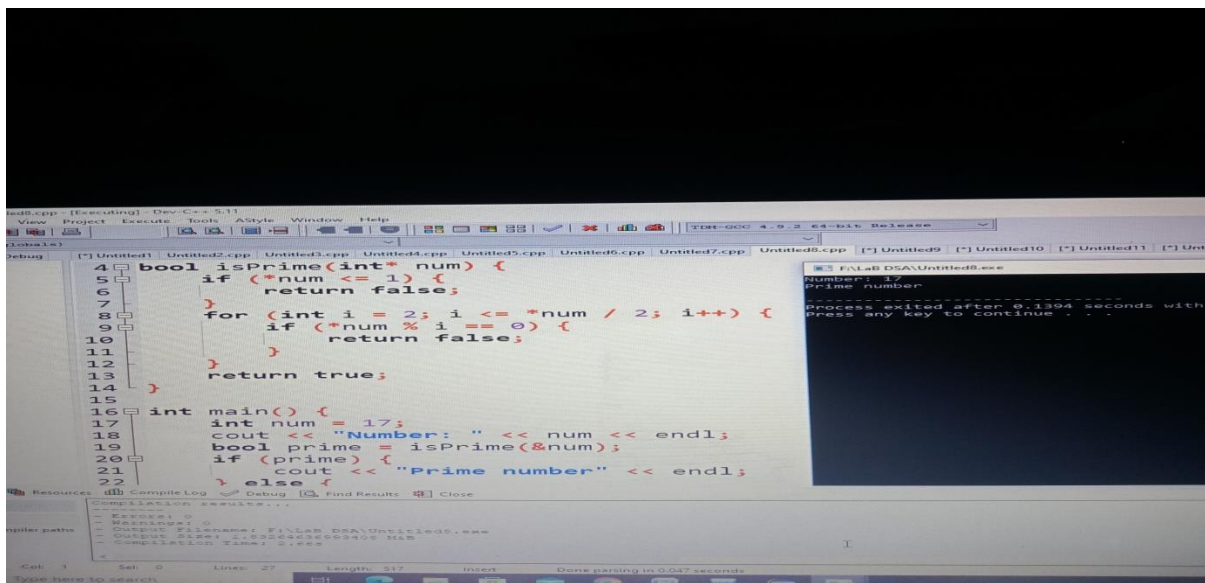


8. Write a program to check if a number is prime by using pointers

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
bool isPrime(int* num) {
    if (*num <= 1) {
        return false;
    }
    for (int i = 2; i <= *num / 2; i++) {
        if (*num % i == 0) {
            return false;
        }
    }
    return true;
}

int main() {
    int num = 17;
    cout << "Number: " << num << endl;
    bool prime = isPrime(&num);
    if (prime) {
        cout << "Prime number" << endl;
    } else {
        cout << "Not a prime number" << endl;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

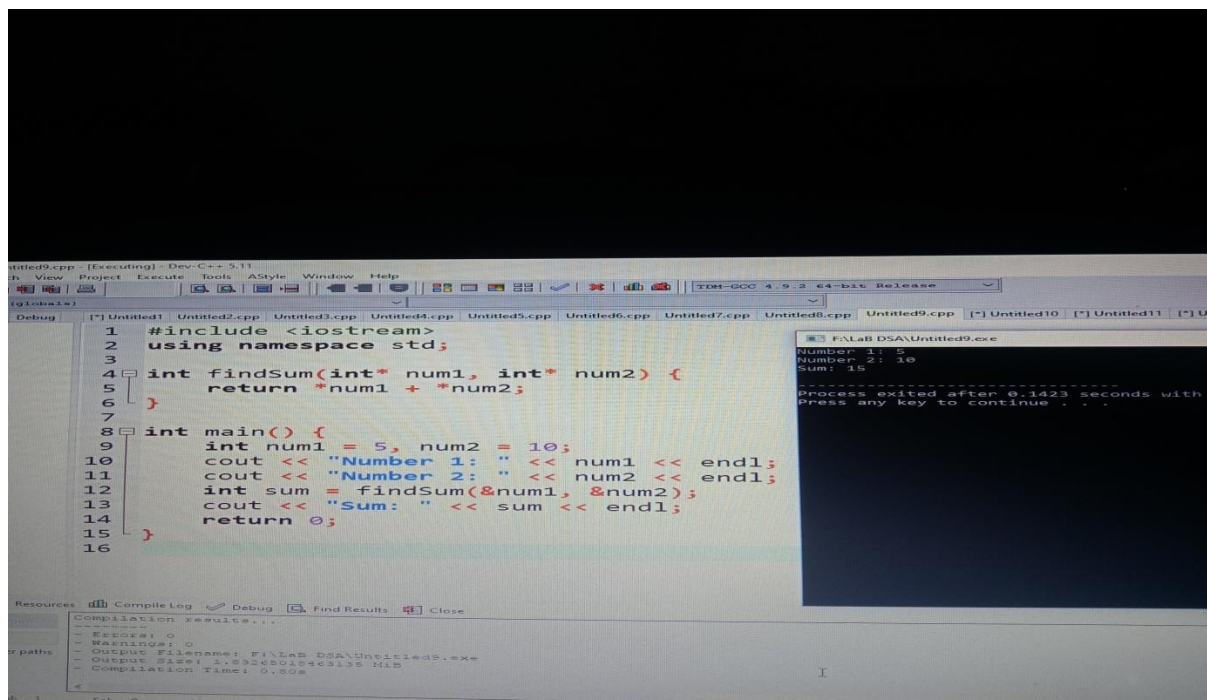


9. Write a program to find a sum of two numbers by using pointers

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int findSum(int* num1, int* num2) {
    return *num1 + *num2;
}
```

```
int main() {
    int num1 = 5, num2 = 10;
    cout << "Number 1: " << num1 << endl;
    cout << "Number 2: " << num2 << endl;
    int sum = findSum(&num1, &num2);
    cout << "Sum: " << sum << endl;
    return 0;
}
```



The screenshot shows the Dev-C++ IDE with a C++ program that calculates the sum of two numbers using pointers. The code is as follows:

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 int findSum(int* num1, int* num2) {
5     return *num1 + *num2;
6 }
7
8 int main() {
9     int num1 = 5, num2 = 10;
10    cout << "Number 1: " << num1 << endl;
11    cout << "Number 2: " << num2 << endl;
12    int sum = findSum(&num1, &num2);
13    cout << "Sum: " << sum << endl;
14    return 0;
15 }
16
```

The output window shows the following results:

```
Number 1: 5
Number 2: 10
Sum: 15
-----
Process exited after 0.1423 seconds with
Press any key to continue . . .
```

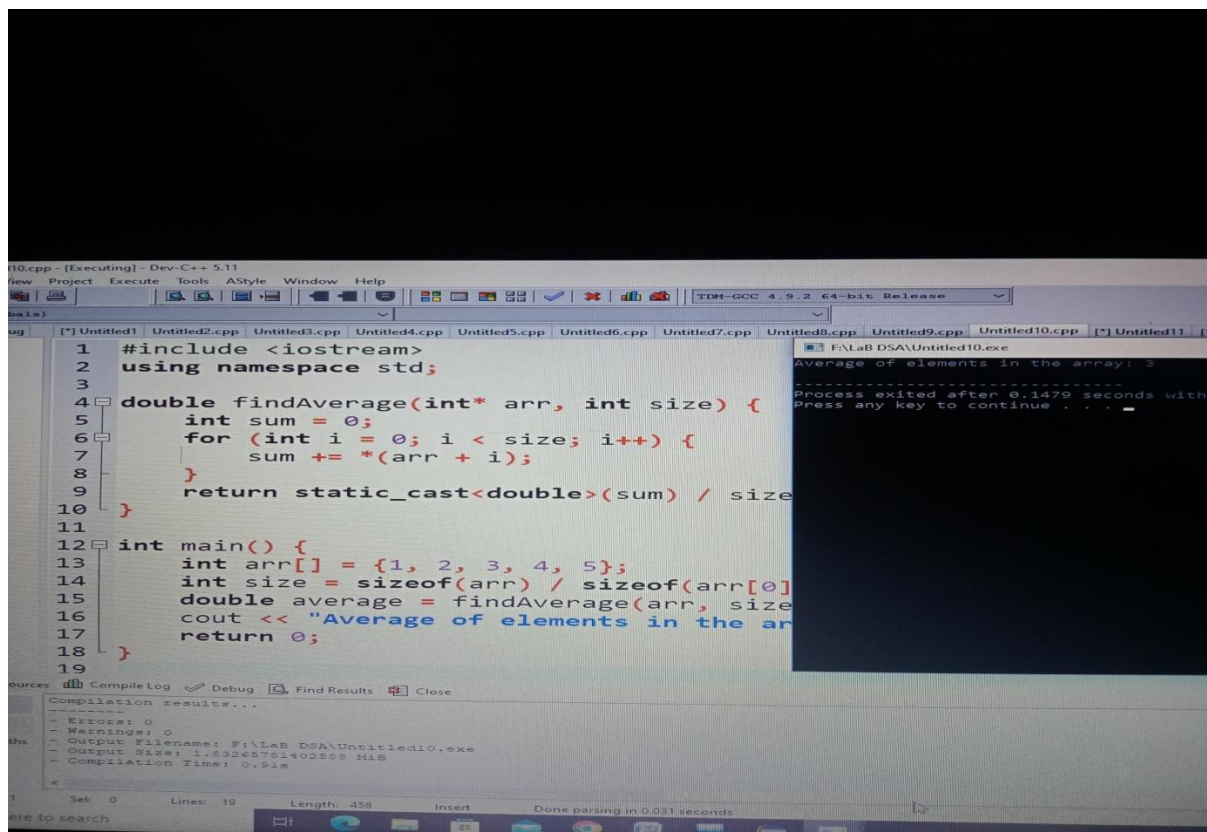
The bottom status bar indicates the program is running on a 64-bit system, with the output file named 'F:\LaB DSA\Untitled9.exe'.

10. Write a C++ program to find a average element in an array by using pointers

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
double findAverage(int* arr, int size) {
    int sum = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        sum += *(arr + i);
    }
    return static_cast<double>(sum) / size;
}
```

```
int main() {
    int arr[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
    int size = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
    double average = findAverage(arr, size);
    cout << "Average of elements in the array: " << average << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

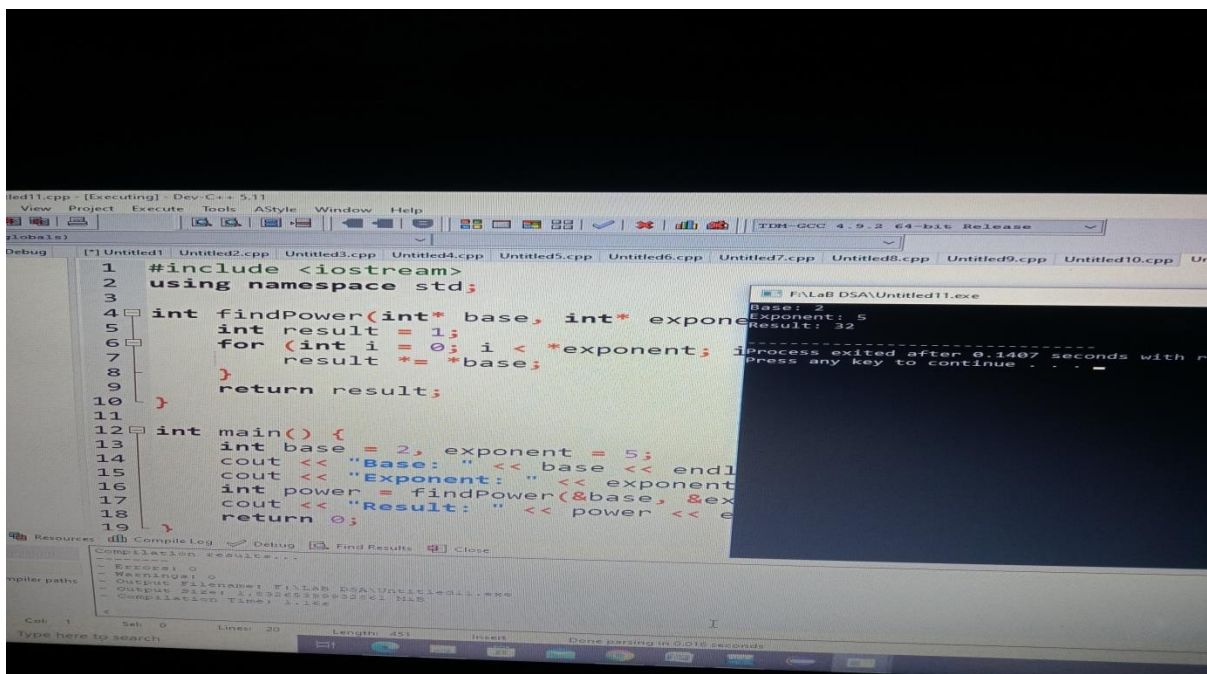


11. Write a C++ program to find the power of a number by using pointers

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int findPower(int* base, int* exponent) {
    int result = 1;
    for (int i = 0; i < *exponent; i++) {
        result *= *base;
    }
    return result;
}

int main() {
    int base = 2, exponent = 5;
    cout << "Base: " << base << endl;
    cout << "Exponent: " << exponent << endl;
    int power = findPower(&base, &exponent);
    cout << "Result: " << power << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

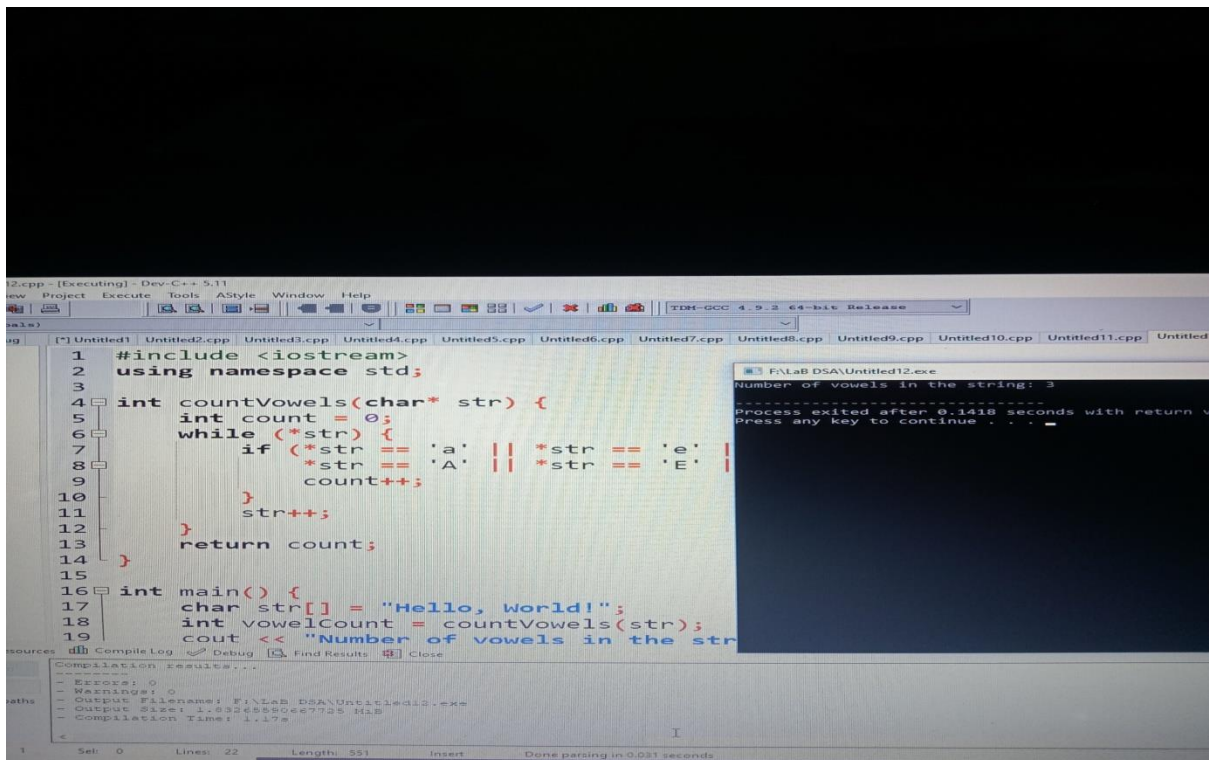


12. Write a C++ program to find the number of vowels in a string by using pointers

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int countVowels(char* str) {
    int count = 0;
    while (*str) {
        if (*str == 'a' || *str == 'e' || *str == 'i' || *str == 'o' || *str == 'u' ||
            *str == 'A' || *str == 'E' || *str == 'I' || *str == 'O' || *str == 'U') {
            count++;
        }
        str++;
    }
    return count;
}

int main() {
    char str[] = "Hello, World!";
    int vowelCount = countVowels(str);
    cout << "Number of vowels in the string: " << vowelCount << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

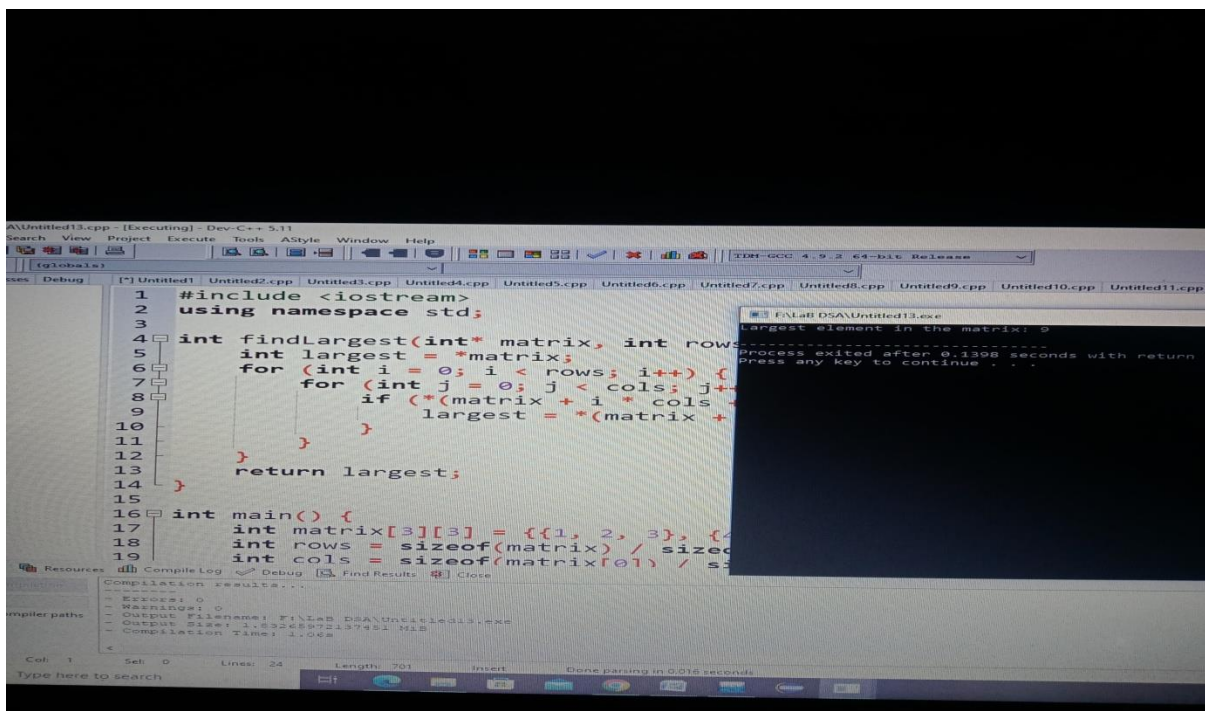


13. Write a C++ program to find the largest element in an array by using pointers

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int findLargest(int* matrix, int rows, int cols) {
    int largest = *matrix;
    for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
            if (*(matrix + i * cols + j) > largest) {
                largest = *(matrix + i * cols + j);
            }
        }
    }
    return largest;
}

int main() {
    int matrix[3][3] = {{1, 2, 3}, {4, 5, 6}, {7, 8, 9}};
    int rows = sizeof(matrix) / sizeof(matrix[0]);
    int cols = sizeof(matrix[0]) / sizeof(matrix[0][0]);
    int largest = findLargest(&matrix[0][0], rows, cols);
    cout << "Largest element in the matrix: " << largest << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

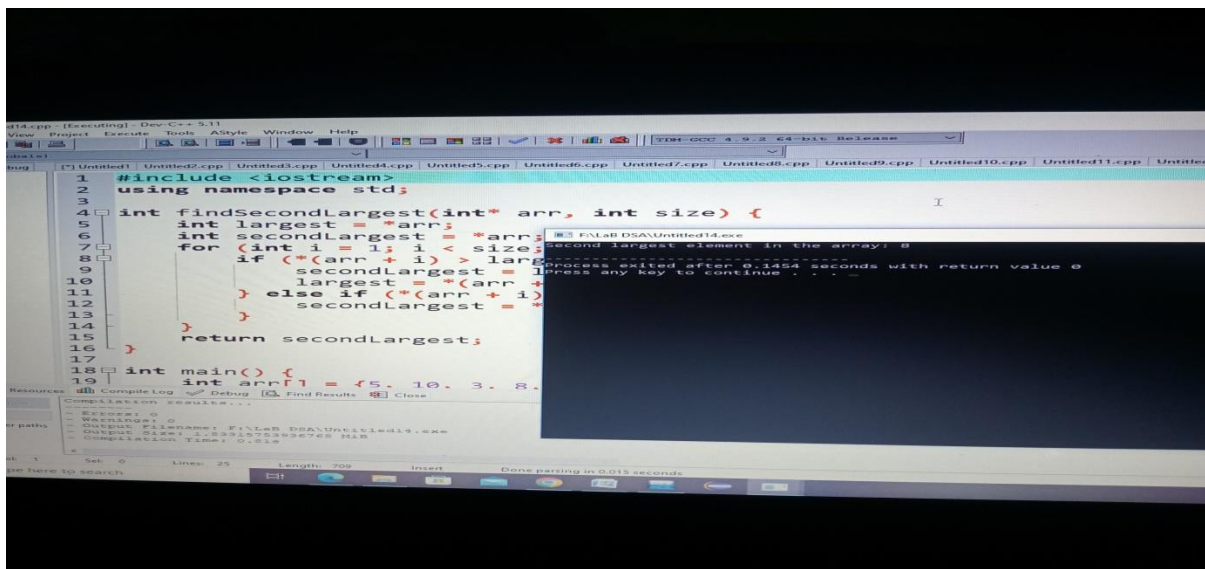


14. Write a C++ program to find the second largest element in an array by using pointers

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int findSecondLargest(int* arr, int size) {
    int largest = *arr;
    int secondLargest = *arr;
    for (int i = 1; i < size; i++) {
        if (*(arr + i) > largest) {
            secondLargest = largest;
            largest = *(arr + i);
        } else if (*(arr + i) > secondLargest && *(arr + i) != largest) {
            secondLargest = *(arr + i);
        }
    }
    return secondLargest;
}
```

```
int main() {
    int arr[] = {5, 10, 3, 8, 2};
    int size = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
    int secondLargest = findSecondLargest(arr, size);
    cout << "Second largest element in the array: " << secondLargest << endl;
    return 0;
}
```



15. Write a C++ program to find the sum of a digit of a number by using pointers

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int findSumOfDigits(int* num) {
    int sum = 0;
    int temp = *num;
    while (temp != 0) {
        sum += temp % 10;
        temp /= 10;
    }
    return sum;
}

int main() {
    int num = 12345;
    cout << "Number: " << num << endl;
    int sum = findSumOfDigits(&num);
    cout << "Sum of digits: " << sum << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

