

Understanding Confidence Intervals

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Understanding Confidence Intervals

- How to interpret confidence intervals?
- What does that confidence level really mean?
- What if we want to be 99% confident instead?



Car Seats for Toddlers Example

In a sample of 659 parents with a toddler, 540 (or 85%) stated they use a car seat for all travel with their toddler.



95% confidence interval: (0.8227, 0.8773) or about 82.3% to 87.7%



Confidence Interval for ???

We make a confidence interval for a ___parameter__.

<u>parameter</u>

OR

statistic



Car Seats for Toddlers Example



(0.8227, 0.8773) is a confidence interval for the POPULATION PROPORTION

of all parents with toddlers who report they use a car seat for all travel with their toddler

Just reporting interval with **good context**Improve? more of interpretation that conveys is an estimate based on data, with confidence level



Interpreting the Confidence Interval

We estimate, with 95% confidence, the population proportion of parents with toddlers who report they use a car seat for all travel with their toddler is somewhere between 0.8227 and 0.8773.

OR

Based on our sample of 659 parents with toddlers, with 95% confidence, we estimate between 82.3% and 87.7% of all such parents report they use a car seat for all travel with their toddler



Think About It ...

Does our confidence interval of (0.8227, 0.8773) contain the *sample proportion* of parents with toddlers who report they use a car seat for all travel with their toddler?

Yes, it most certainly does ... our interval is centered at that sample proportion of 0.85 or 85%.



Think About It ...

Does our confidence interval of (0.8227, 0.8773) contain the *population proportion* of parents with toddlers who report they use a car seat for all travel with their toddler?

We Don't Know...



Wrong Understanding of Confidence

eve

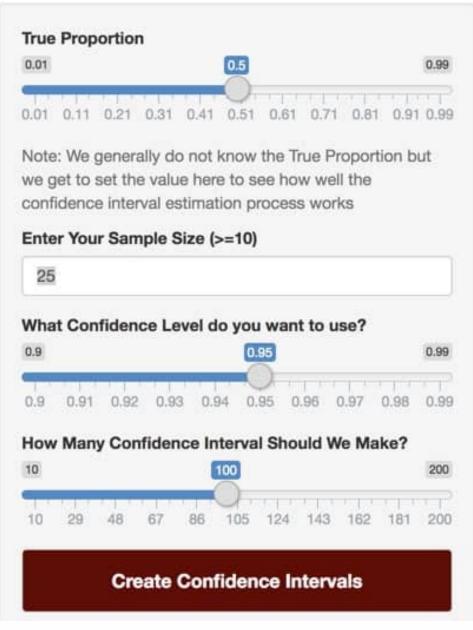
95% chance or probability
that the population proportion is in
this already computed interval of (0.8227, 0.8773)



Correct Understanding of Confidence Level

95% confidence level refers to our confidence in the statistical procedure that was used to make this interval



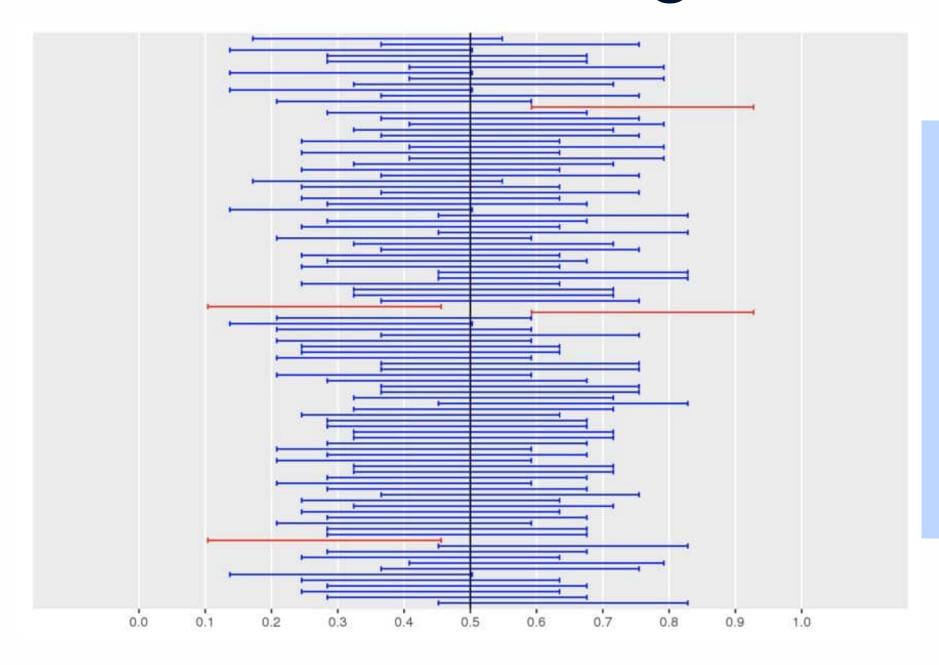


Population Proportion = 0.50

Take 100 samples each of size 25

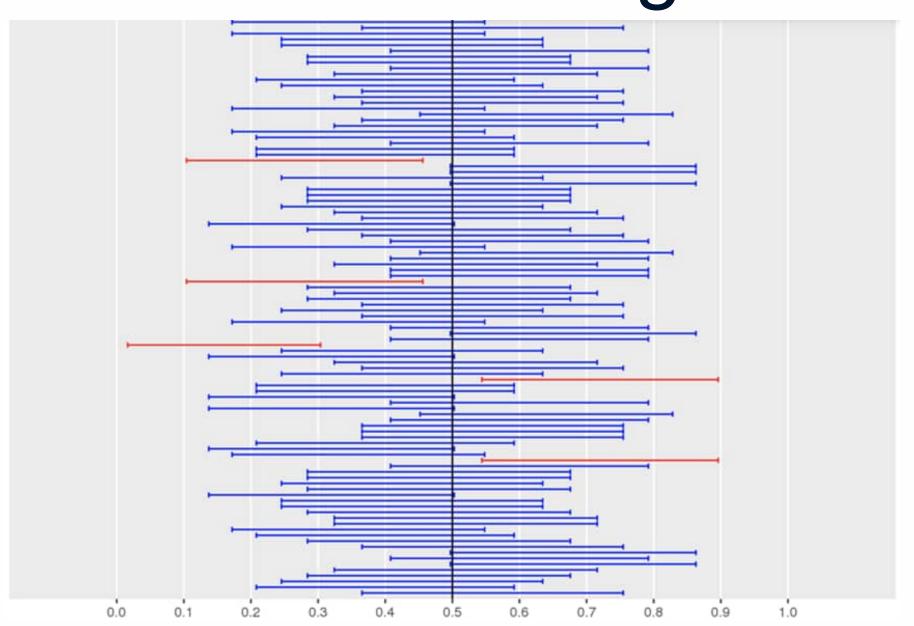
For each sample, create a 95% confidence interval for the population proportion





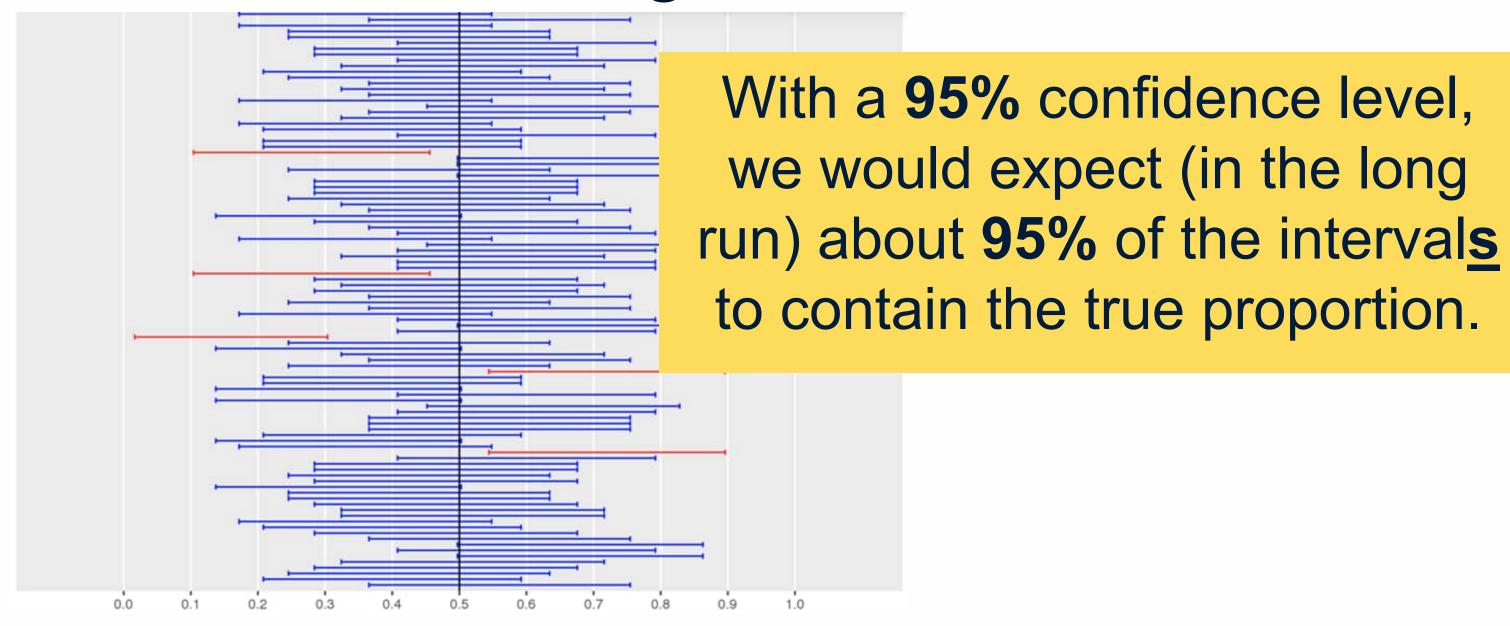
96 of these 100
 generated
 intervalsdid contain the true
 proportion of 0.5
 while 4 did not.





95 of these 100 generated intervalsdid contain the true proportion of 0.5 while 5 did not.







Different Z Multipliers

90%	95%	98%	99%
1.645	1.96	2.326	2.576

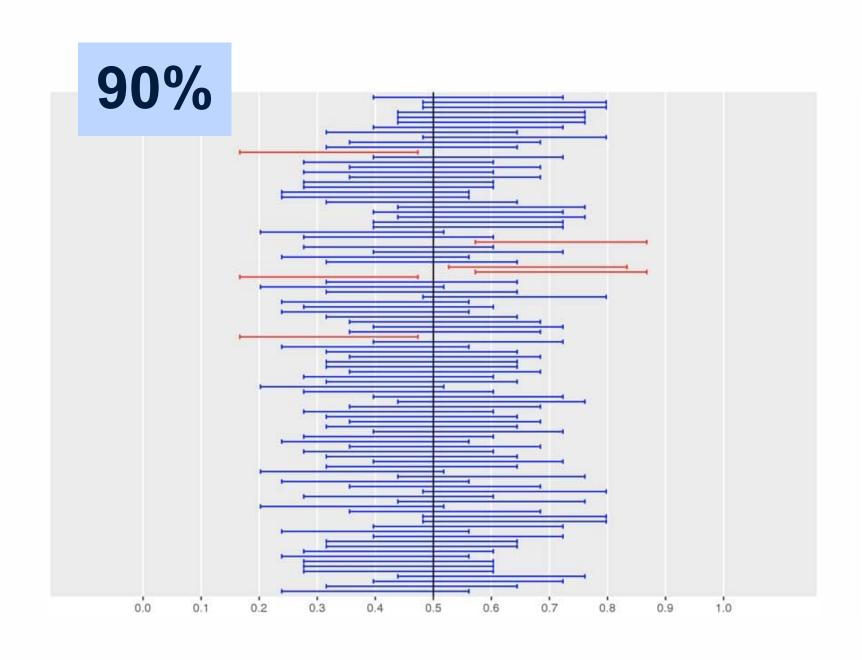
Best Estimate ± Margin of Error

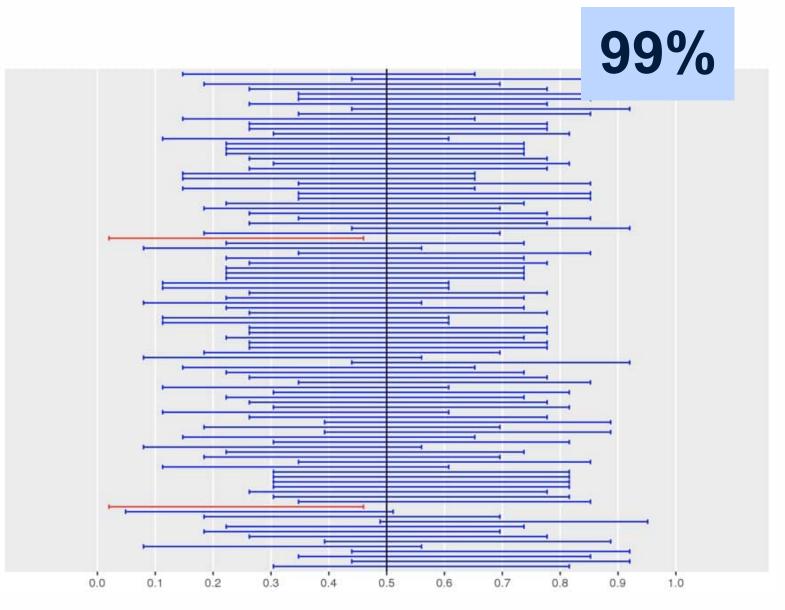
Best Estimate ± "a few" (estimated) standard errors

More confident → Larger Multiplier → Wider Interval



Changing Confidence Level







Car Seats for Toddlers Example

In a sample of 659 parents with a toddler, 540 (or **85%**) stated they **use a car seat** for all travel with their toddler.



90% CI:

 0.85 ± 0.0229

82.7% to 87.3%

95% CI:

 0.85 ± 0.0273

82.3% to 87.7%

99% CI:

 0.85 ± 0.0358

81.4% to 88.6%



Understanding Confidence Intervals

- We know how to interpret confidence intervals
- We understand what that confidence level really means
- We have options for the desired confidence level