MARKETPLACE TECHNICAL FOUNDATION

MARKETPLACE BUILDER HACKATHON 2025 DAY 2

Technical Planning:

This **high-level technical plan** defines the foundational architecture, core technologies, and essential workflows that are critical to the successful development of **Robiz**, my e-commerce platform dedicated to trendy, eco-friendly men's T-shirts and clothing

1. Architecture Overview

- Frontend:
 - Framework: Next.js (React-based for Server-Side Rendering and Static Site Generation).
 - o **Styling**: Tailwind CSS for responsiveness and faster development.
- Backend:
 - o CMS: Sanity CMS for managing dynamic content (products, orders, and customers).
 - o **API**: Custom Next.js API routes for business logic.
- Hosting & Deployment:
 - o **Platform**: Vercel for seamless hosting and automatic CI/CD integration.

2. Key Components

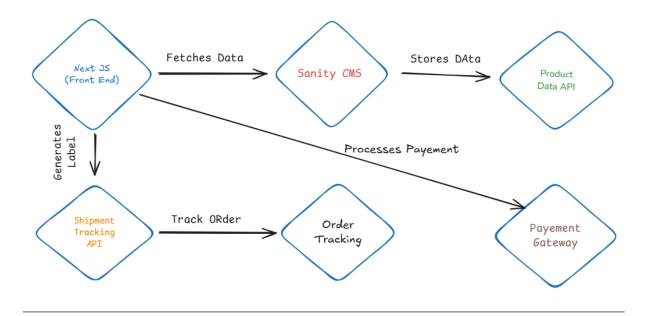
Frontend Requirement

- Pages:
 - o **Home**: Featured collections, banners, and promotions.
 - o **Product Listing**: Filter and sort products by size, color, and price.
 - o **Product Details**: Display product details, images, and customization options.
 - o Cart: Manage selected items with pricing, size, and quantity.
 - o **Checkout**: Input shipping and payment details securely.
 - **Order Confirmation**: Display a summary of the order and tracking details.
- Key Features:
 - o Responsive design for all devices (mobile-first approach).
 - o Interactive UI/UX using React hooks and state management.
 - o SEO optimizations for organic traffic.

Sanity CMS as Backend

- Sanity CMS:
 - o Schemas:
 - Product Schema: name, description, images, price, sizes, stock.
 - Customer Schema: name, email, phone, address.
 - Order Schema: orderId, productList, totalAmount, status.
- Third-Party Integrations:
 - o Payment Gateway: Bank/EasyPaisa for secure payments.
 - o **Shipping API**: Leopard Courier for real-time shipment tracking.
 - o **Email Notifications**: Twilio/SendGrid for order updates.

2. Design System Architecture



2a. Example System Architecture:

Starting Point:

- The system begins with a decision node where the user can either proceed as a **Customer** or an **Admin**.
 - **Customer**: Regular users who interact with the platform for browsing and placing orders.
 - o Admin: Backend managers who oversee product management and reporting.

Customer Workflow

1. Login or Signup

o Users must log in or register an account to proceed.

2. Customer Actions

- o **Search Product**: Customers search for items using filters or categories.
- o **View Product**: Details of selected products are displayed.
- o **Add to Cart**: Products can be added to the cart for purchase.

3. Order Confirmation

 Users proceed to the checkout. If confirmed, they can move forward. If not, they can make changes.

4. Payment Options

- Two payment methods are available:
 - Online Payment: Users complete transactions digitally.
 - Cash on Delivery (COD): Payment is made upon receiving the order.

5. Order Placed

o Once payment is complete, the order is marked as placed.

6. Logout

o Users can log out after completing their actions.

Admin Workflow

1. Login or Signup

o Admins must authenticate themselves to access the platform.

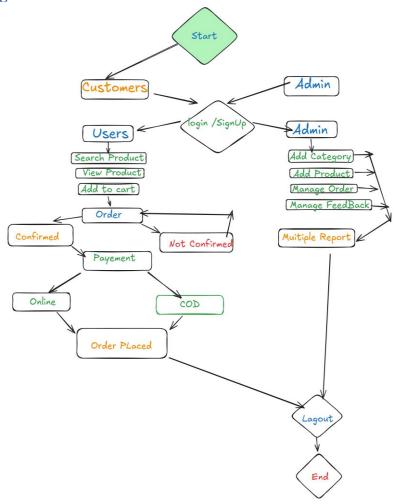
2. Admin Actions

- Add Category: Create or modify product categories.
- o **Add Product**: Add or update products in the system.
- o Assign Orders: Oversee order fulfillment and delivery assignment.
- o **Manage Reports**: View and generate multiple reports related to sales, inventory, and user activities.

3. Logout

o Admins can log out after completing management tasks.

Workflow Diagram



2. Plan API Requirements:

1. Fetch Products

- Endpoint Name: /products
- Method: GET
- **Description**: Retrieve all available products from the database, including details like ID, name, price, stock, and images.

2. Create Order

- Endpoint Name: /orders
- Method: POST
- **Description**: Place a new order by submitting customer details, selected products, and payment status.

3. Track Shipment

- Endpoint Name: /shipment
- Method: GET
- **Description**: Get real-time updates on shipment status using third-party logistics APIs.

4. Add New Product

- Endpoint Name: /products
- Method: POST
- **Description**: Add a new product to the store catalog, including details like name, price, stock, and image URL.

5. Fetch Customer Details

- **Endpoint Name**: /customers/{customerId}
- Method: GET
- **Description**: Retrieve specific customer information using their unique I

6. Update Order Status

- Endpoint Name: /orders/{orderId}/status
- Method: PATCH
- **Description**: Modify the status of an order, such as updating it from "Processing" to "Shipped."

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Slots: Sunday 2 to 5