Time: 30 Minutes Total Marks: 20

Part A: Multiple Choice Questions (1 mark each)

- Q1. Which of the following represents an inequality?
- (a) 2x + 3 = 5
- (b) 3x 2 > 6
- (c) x + 2 = 4
- (d) x = 1
 - Q2. Which operation affects the inequality sign?
- (a) Add 1
- (b) Multiply by -1
- (c) Subtract 2
- (d) Divide by 4
 - Q3. Objective function is used to:
- (a) multiply equations
- (b) minimize or maximize output
- (c) divide constraints
- (d) eliminate variables
 - Q4. The inequality $x \ge 0$ represents:
- (a) Left side of x-axis
- (b) Right side of x-axis
- (c) Entire x-axis
- (d) Negative values of x
 - Q5. A feasible region is:
- (a) always unbounded
- (b) always in 3D
- (c) solution to inequalities
- (d) irrelevant to graphing

Part B: Short Questions (2 marks each)

Q1. Define a linear equation in one variable.

Q2. Solve and plot: $x - 2y \ge 4$

Q3. Graph: $x + y \le 4$

Q4. Solve: 3x + 4 = 2x + 9

Q5. Simplify: 5(x - 1) + 3

Part C: Long Question (5 marks)

Q1. Maximize f(x, y) = 2x + 3y subject to constraints: $2x + y \le 8$; $x + 2y \le 14$; $x \ge 0$; $y \ge 0$.

Time: 30 Minutes Total Marks: 20

Part A: Multiple Choice Questions (1 mark each)

Q1. Solution of 5x - 10 = 10 is:

- (a) 0
- (b) 50
- (c) 4
- (d) -4
 - Q2. Which of these is NOT a linear equation?
- (a) x + y = 7
- (b) $2x^2 + 3 = 0$
- (c) 3x 5 = 2
- (d) x y = 0
 - Q3. In x + y = 3, the y-intercept is:
- (a) 0
- (b) 3
- (c) -3
- (d) None of these
 - Q4. In the inequality y > 2x, the region lies:
- (a) below line
- (b) above line
- (c) on x-axis
- (d) on y-axis
 - Q5. Linear equations have variables with power:
- (a) 0
- (b) 1
- (c) 2
- (d) 3

Part B: Short Questions (2 marks each)

Q1. Define linear inequality and list its types.

Q2. Solve: x/2 + 1 = 3

Q3. Find x: 6x + 3 = 3x + 9

Q4. Solve and graph: $x - y \ge 1$

Q5. Solve: 2x - 5 = 7

Part C: Long Question (5 marks)

Q1. Minimize z = 3x + y subject to: $3x + 5y \ge 15$; $x + 6y \ge 9$; $x \ge 0$; $y \ge 0$.

Time: 30 Minutes Total Marks: 20

Part A: Multiple Choice Questions (1 mark each)

- Q1. Which symbol means 'less than or equal to'?
- (a) <
- (b) >
- (c) ≤
- (d) ≥

Q2.
$$x + 2y = 6$$
 is a:

- (a) linear equation
- (b) quadratic equation
- (c) inequality
- (d) function
 - Q3. In the following, which is a linear equation?
- (a) 5x > 7
- (b) 4x 2 < 1
- (c) 2x + 1 = 1
- (d) 4 = 1 + 3
 - Q4. The equation formed from a linear inequality is called:
- (a) linear equation
- (b) associated equation
- (c) quadratic equation
- (d) none of these
 - Q5. Feasible solution lies:
- (a) in origin
- (b) in first quadrant
- (c) in second quadrant
- (d) none

Part B: Short Questions (2 marks each)

Q1. What is a feasible region in linear inequalities?

Q2. Graph: $2x + y \le 6$

Q3. Graph the inequality: y < 3x + 2

Q4. Solve: 4(x - 2) = 2x + 6

Q5. Plot solution: $x \ge 0$ and $y \ge 0$

Part C: Long Question (5 marks)

Q1. Maximize f(x, y) = x + 4y subject to: $x + y \le 4$; $x \ge 0$; $y \ge 0$.

Time: 30 Minutes Total Marks: 20

Part A: Multiple Choice Questions (1 mark each)

Q1. x - 5 < 10 becomes:

- (a) x < 15
- (b) x > 15
- (c) x < 5
- (d) x = 5
 - Q2. The function to be optimized is called:
- (a) feasible function
- (b) region function
- (c) objective function
- (d) inequality function
 - Q3. Solution of x/2 = 4 is:
- (a) 2
- (b) 4
- (c) 6
- (d) 8
 - Q4. A vertical line divides the plane into:
- (a) left half plane
- (b) right half plane
- (c) full plane
- (d) two half planes
 - Q5. When graphing 2x + y = 6, the intercepts are:
- (a) (3,0) and (0,6)
- (b) (0,3) and (6,0)
- (c) (0,6) and (0,3)
- (d) (0,0) and (1,1)

Part B: Short Questions (2 marks each)

Q1. Define an objective function.

Q2. Find x if 3x - 4 = 2x + 5

Q3. Simplify: 4(x + 2) - 3x

Q4. Solve: 3(x - 1) = x + 5

Q5. Solve and plot: x + 3 < 7

Part C: Long Question (5 marks)

Q1. Minimize f(x, y) = 3x + 5y subject to: $x + 3y \ge 3$; $x + y \ge 2$; $x \ge 0$; $y \ge 0$.

Time: 30 Minutes Total Marks: 20

Part A: Multiple Choice Questions (1 mark each)

- Q1. What is the solution of x 3 = 2?
- (a) 1
- (b) 5
- (c) -1
- (d) 6
 - Q2. Corner point is also called:
- (a) code
- (b) vertex
- (c) curve
- (d) region
 - Q3. The graph of a linear inequality is:
- (a) A curve
- (b) A shaded region
- (c) A point
- (d) A bar
 - Q4. x + 5 > 10 implies:
- (a) x > 5
- (b) x < 5
- (c) x = 5
- (d) $x \le 5$
 - Q5. To test a region in inequality graphing, we use:
- (a) a compass
- (b) a protractor
- (c) a test point
- (d) a vertex

Part B: Short Questions (2 marks each)

Q1. What is meant by a solution of a linear inequality?

Q2. Solve: x + 2 = 2x - 5

Q3. Simplify: 2(x + 3) - x

Q4. Simplify: 3(x + 1) - 2(x - 2)

Q5. Graph: x - 3y < 6

Part C: Long Question (5 marks)

Q1. Maximize f(x, y) = 2x + 5y subject to: $2y - x \le 8$; $x - y \le 4$; $x \ge 0$; $y \ge 0$.