Longest Common Subsequence (LCS) :: if x[i]!= y[j] X = ABCB - i = 4 Y= BDCAB - j=5 intially C[i, o] & C[o,j] = 0 2 B OXI 0 0 1 A 0 0 2 B 0 1 1 1 0 2 4 B 2  $X_i = 1$ ,  $Y_i = 1$  $X_1 = A$   $Y_1 = B$ =>if(x; == Y;) => X1 = Y1 => A == 8 // False F2:-

C(1,1) = max {C(1,0), C(0,1)} :: C(1,0)=0 c[0,1]20 C[1,1]= 0  $X_i = 1$ ,  $Y_i = 2$  $X_2 = A , Y_2 = D$  $if(X_1 == Y_2) = A == D // False$ F21- $C[1,2]=\max\{C[1,1),C[0,2]\}$  ::  $C[1,1]_{20}$ C[0,2]20 C[1,2] = 0  $X_{i=1}$ ,  $Y_{j}=3$  $X_1 = A$ ,  $Y_3 = C$ if (X, == Y3) => A == C // False C[1,3]= max{C[1,2], C[0,3]}:. C[1,2]=0 C[0,3]=0 c[1, 3] = 0  $X_i = 1$ ,  $Y_j = 4$  $X_1 = A$ ,  $Y_2 = A$ if (X, == Y4) => A == A // True C[1,4]= C[0,3]+1 ... C[0,3]=0 C[1, 4] = 1

M T W T F S S  $X_{i}=1$ ,  $Y_{i}=5$ X,=A , Y5=B if (X, == Ys) => A == B // False F2 1c(1,5] = max {C(0,4], C(0,5]}:.c(1,4)=1  $C[1,5] = max\{1,0\}$  C[0,5] = 0C[1,5] = 1  $X_i = 2$ ,  $Y_i = 1$  $X_1 = B$ ,  $Y_1 = B$ if (X, == Y2) => B == B // True F11-C[2,1] = C[1,0] + 1 :: C[1,0] = 0C[2,1] = 1  $X_i = 2$  ,  $Y_i = 2$ X22B, Y2=D  $if(x_2 = = Y_2) = B = D / False$ F21- $C[2,2]=\max\{C[2,1],C[1,2]\}:C[2,1]=1$ C[1,2]=0 c[2,2]=1 X;=2, Y;=3 X22B, Y3=C if (X2=2 /3) => B == C // False

F21-C[2,3] = max {C[2,2], C[1,3]} .. C[2,2]=1 C[2,3]=1 c[1,3]= 0 Xi= 2 , Yi= 4 X2 = B , Y4 = A if (x2== Y4) => B==A // False F21- $C(2,4) = \max\{C(2,3), C(1,4)\}$  : C(2,3) = 1C[1,4]=1 C[2,4] = 1 Xi=2 , Yi=5 X2=B, Y5=B if (x2=245) => B= 2B // True F11-C[2,5] z C[1,4]+1 :. C[1,4] = 1 1+1=2 c[2,5] = 2 Xi=3 , Yj= 1 X3=C , Y1=B if(X3 == Y2) => C == 18 // False F2 1-C[3,1]= [C[3,0], C[2,1]} : C[3,0]=0 C[2,1]21 C[3,1] = 1 Lail of their xi=3 , Yj=2 X32 C , Y22 D if(x3 = 2 Y2) => C = 2 D // False F21-C[3,2]= max{C[3,1], C[2,2]} + C[3,1]=1 C[2,2]21 C[3, 2] = 1

X1=3, 1/23 X32C, Y32C if(X3=243) => C=2 (/ True F1 :-C[3,3]=C[2,2]+1 :. C[2,2]=1 C[3,3] = 2 1+1=2 X; 23 , Yj=4 X32C 7 Y42A if (X3 = = 74) => C == A // False F21- $C[3,4] = 2 \max\{C[3,3], C[2,4]\}$  :. C[3,3] = 2C(2,4)21 C[3,4] = max {2,1} C[3,4]= 2 X;=3 , Yi=5 X3=C, Y5=B if (X3 = 2 /5) => C = 2B // False F21-C[3,5] = max & C[3,4], C[2,5]} :- C[3,4]=2 C[3,5] = 2 C[2,5]=2 Xi=4 , Yi=1 Xy=B, Y,=B if (Xy = 2 Y1) => B = 2B // True F11-C(4, 1) = C(3, 6)+1 1. C[3,0] 20 C[4,1]=1 0+121

X;=4 , Y; =2 Xy2B , Y22D if (xy22 /2) => B == 0 // Palse F21-C[4,2]={C[4,1], C[3,2]} :. C[4,1]=0 C[3,2]=1 C[4,2]21 X; 24 , Y; 23 X42B, Y32C if(xy == Y3) => B == C // Palse F21- $C(4,3) = max\{C(4,2),C(3,3)\}$  C(4,2) = 1c[3,3]=2 c[4,3] = max {1,2} 200be 8 c[4,3]=2 X124, Y124 Xy2B , YyzA if ( Xy = = Yy ) => B = = A // Palse F21-C[4,4]=46[max {C[4,3], C[3,4]} .. c[4,3]=2 c[4,4]=2 c[3,4]= 2 X124 , Y1 = 5 X42B 2 452B if (x422 /4) => B = 2B // Frue F11-C[4,5] = C[3,4]+1 1. C[3,4]=2 C[4,5]= 3 2+1=3

(BACKTracking)							
	0		2	3	4	5	
	Yj	В	D	C	A	B	Reverse Order= BCB
o Xi	0	0	0	0	0	0	Straight Order=BCB
1 A	OR	0	0	0	1	1	
2 8	0	100	-1 <sub>K</sub>	1	1	2	
3 C	0	1	1	2	-2 <sub>K</sub>	2	
4 8	0	1	1	2	2	3	
1) LCS = 3 Select LCS 2) Backtrack from Last cell diago 3) Find the matching Strings from Xi & Yj & Select them 4) Go to the top.  At C(4,5) = B = 2B; Select the subsequence  B  Move opwards diagonally and find maching values.  AtC(3,4) = C! = A; Move to the left  AtC(3,3) = C = C; Select subsequence  BC							
Move opwards diagonally							
ALC[2,2] = B! = D; Move to the left							
At C[2,1] = B == B; select the subsequence							
BCB							
Move upwards untill D Since LCS = 3, the LCS would be BCB							