Microsoft feedback on TF1.3 Key Findings for the VRT

- The VRT should not extend or modify the AI RMF or the GAI Profile.
- The VRT should be risk based. The organization's risk tolerance guides their priorities for addressing risks and mitigations.
- The VRT should allow reference to existing artifacts (e.g. management systems, risk and impact assessments, test results, transparency documentation).
- The VRT should segment between organization information and model/system information.
  - Organization information tends to be constant, and reusable, where model/system information is variable.
- The VRT should recognize both models and systems.
  - Systems are often composable (e.g. models, orchestrators, interfaces, devices,)
- Given the nature of the AI RMF and the GAI Profile, the VRT should focus on a risk management audience vs. a deeply technical audience.
  - Deep technical information for models and systems is being discussed in several other fora.
- The VRT should not include personally identifiable information.
- The VRT should recognize that organizations need to protect confidential information, including trade secrets. Additionally, they must abide by regulations and contractual obligations when making disclosures.