

Use for GMM

The following import statement is required to avoid a warning when we use the GMM. There is a memory leak when we use GMM. Do not use it for other entropy approximations because it slows down the campaign in general.

Note: it causes a problem with the plots. They are created twice.

```
In [1]: #import os
#os.environ["OMP_NUM_THREADS"] = '1'
```

```
In [2]: import MyPlotting as MyPlots
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from datastruct import Settings, Experiment, ExperimentStep, DataPoint
from entropy import calc_entropy, default_entropy_options
import numpy as np

from functions_gain_factor import recalculating_entropy
```

9 Reloading Experiments

```
In [3]: # #Reloading Data
exp_control = Experiment.load('5/test1_control_id5c.gz', recalc_yprofs=True)
exp_entropy1 = Experiment.load('5/test1_entropy_id5e1.gz', recalc_yprofs=True)
exp_entropy2 = Experiment.load('5/test1_entropy_id5e2.gz', recalc_yprofs=True)
exp_on_the_fly1 = Experiment.load('5/test1_on_the_fly1_id5o1.gz', recalc_yprofs=True)
exp_on_the_fly2 = Experiment.load('5/test1_on_the_fly2_id5o2.gz', recalc_yprofs=True)

#####Use only when you have a GMM version of
####GMM case
# exp_control_gmm = Experiment.Load('1/test1_control_id1c_gmm.gz', recalc_yprofs=True)
# exp_entropy1_gmm = Experiment.Load('1/test1_entropy_id1e1_gmm.gz', recalc_yprofs=True)
# exp_entropy2_gmm = Experiment.Load('1/test1_entropy_id1e2_gmm.gz', recalc_yprofs=True)
# exp_on_the_fly1_gmm = Experiment.Load('1/test1_on_the_fly1_id1o1_gmm.gz', recalc_yprofs=True)
# exp_on_the_fly2_gmm = Experiment.Load('1/test1_on_the_fly2_id1o2_gmm.gz', recalc_yprofs=True)

#reloaded_exp.creation_time.isoformat()
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [4]: #Notice now all the outcomes have the same size except for the datax, datay and datady
#Last unfitted point
len(exp_entropy1.entropy()) #34
len(exp_entropy1.load_yprofs()) #34
len(exp_entropy1.load_pts()) #34
len(exp_entropy1.getdata()[0]) #35
len(exp_entropy1.meastimes()) #34
```

```
Out[4]: 33
```

Warning

Remember that the maximum time spend in the control data is way greater than for the autonomous cases. Thus, when we are plotting the y-profiles and the histogram for the parameters we should may be truncated the values of control until a time that is closer to max amount of time spend in the autonomous cases.

10 Compare to Benchmark

```
In [5]: # from matplotlib.colors import LogNorm
# from numpy.matlib import repmat

print(exp_entropy1.settings.ground_truth_pars) #{'I0': 30.0, 'A': 15.0, 'phi0': 155.0,
print(exp_on_the_fly1.settings.ground_truth_pars)

{'I0': 30.0, 'A': 3.0, 'phi0': 155.0, 'T': 401.0, 'sigma': 797.0}
{'I0': 30.0, 'A': 3.0, 'phi0': 155.0, 'T': 401.0, 'sigma': 797.0}
```

10.1 Y-Profiles Histograms

```
In [6]: ##Plotting the Last set of Y-profiles for the different approaches
##If you do not want to plot the figure of merits do not provide them. It still works

#Entropy 1
MyPlots.plot_y_profiles(exp_entropy1.load_yprofs()[-1],exp_entropy1.settings.x,
                      FOM = exp_entropy1.load_FOM()[-1],
                      this_title = "Histogram of Y profiles Entropy 1 (Selected) Approach")

#Entropy 2
MyPlots.plot_y_profiles(exp_entropy2.load_yprofs()[-1],exp_entropy2.settings.x,
                      FOM = exp_entropy2.load_FOM()[-1],
                      this_title = "Histogram of Y profiles Entropy 2 (All) Approach")

#On-the Fly 1
MyPlots.plot_y_profiles(exp_on_the_fly1.load_yprofs()[-1],exp_on_the_fly1.settings.x,
                      FOM = exp_on_the_fly1.load_FOM()[-1],
                      this_title = "Histogram of Y profiles On-The_Fly 1 Approach" )

#On-the Fly 2
MyPlots.plot_y_profiles(exp_on_the_fly2.load_yprofs()[-1],exp_on_the_fly2.settings.x,
                      FOM = exp_on_the_fly2.load_FOM()[-1],
                      this_title = "Histogram of Y profiles On-The_Fly 2 Approach" )

#Control Data
MyPlots.plot_y_profiles(exp_control.load_yprofs()[-1],exp_control.settings.x,
                      this_title = "Histogram of Y profiles My Control Evenly Approach")
```

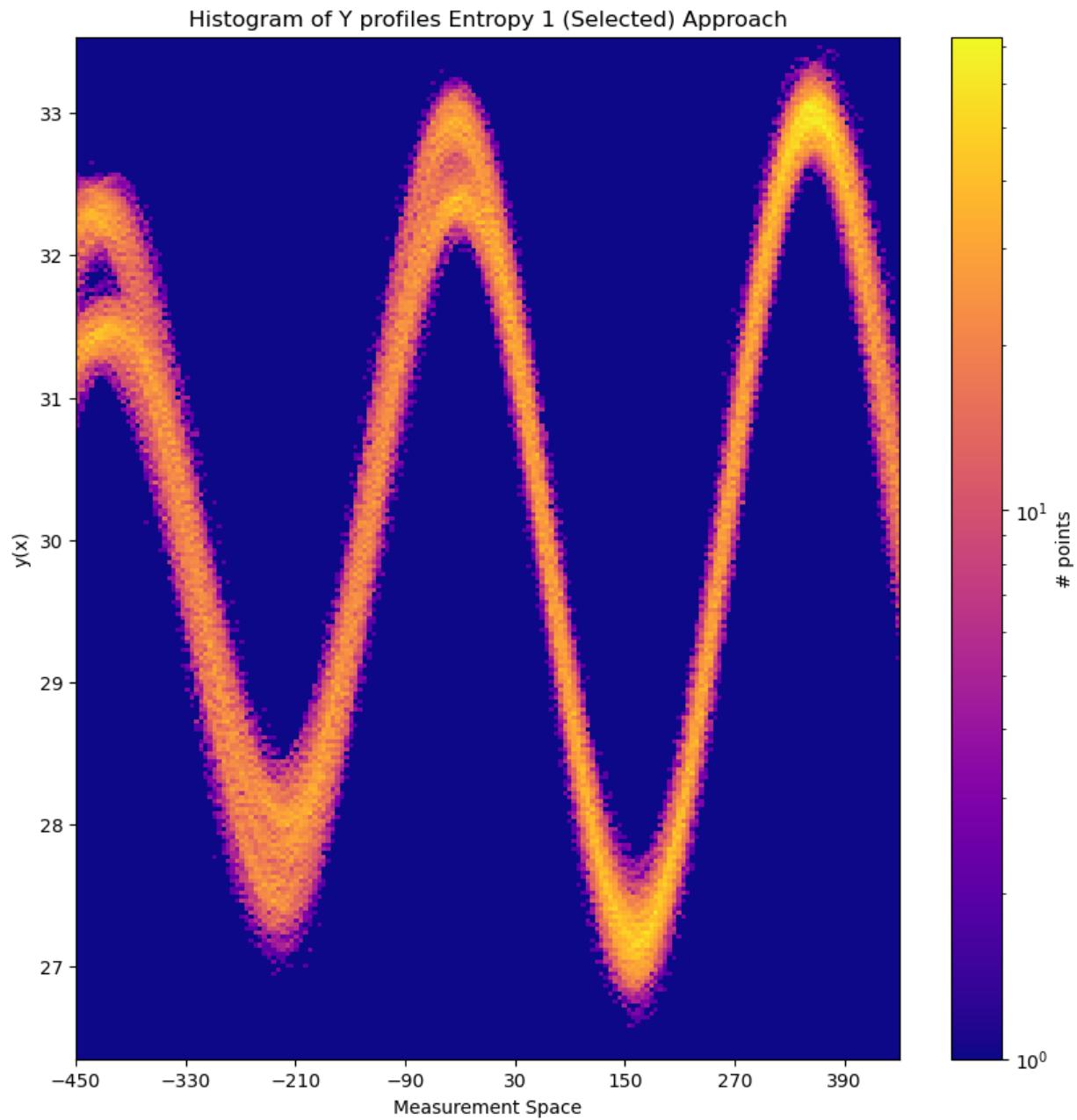
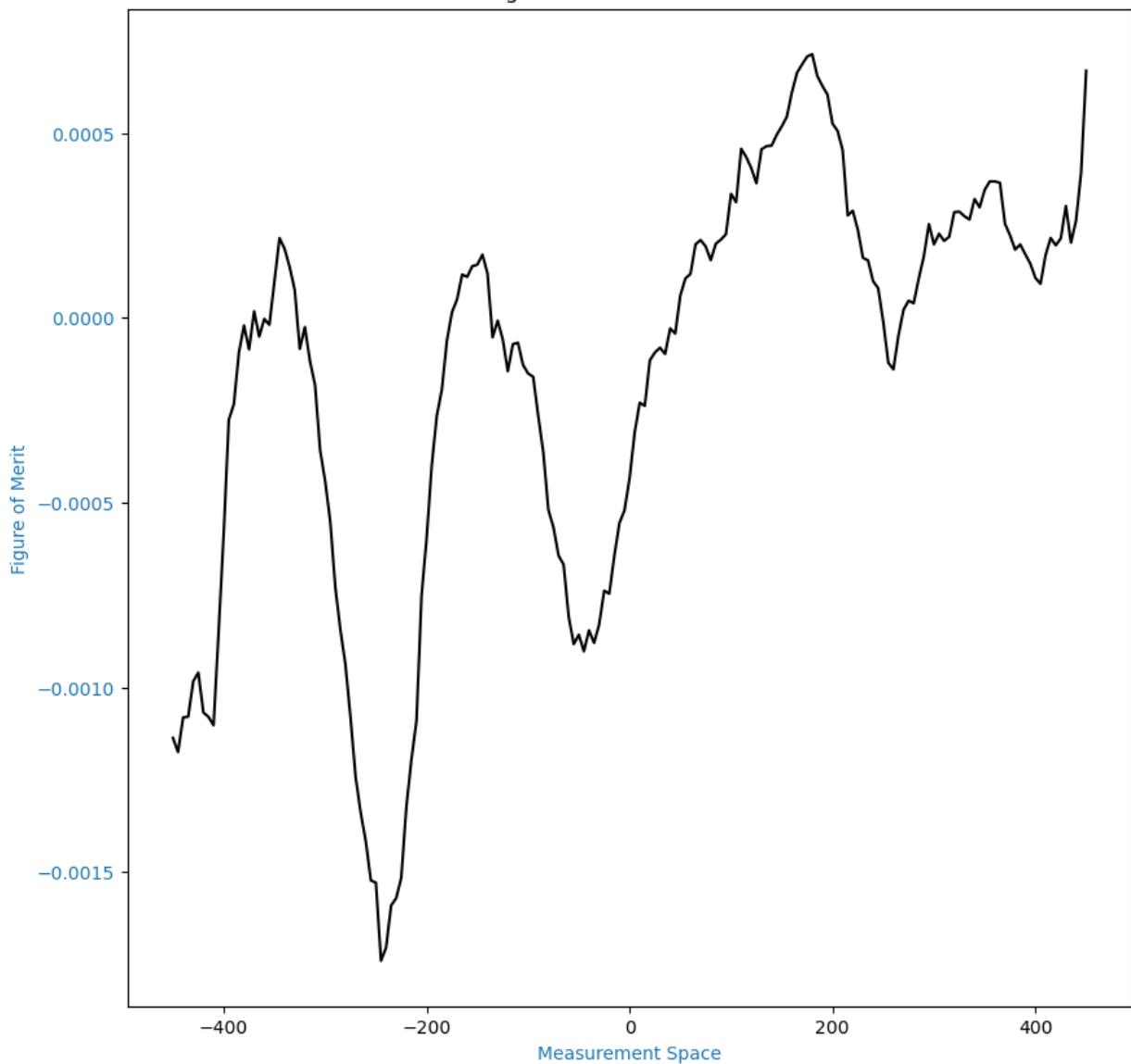


Figure of Merits for each x



C:\Users\rober\FINAL NIST PROJECT\datastruct.py:346: VisibleDeprecationWarning: Creating an ndarray from ragged nested sequences (which is a list-or-tuple of lists-or-tuples-or ndarrays with different lengths or shapes) is deprecated. If you meant to do this, you must specify 'dtype=object' when creating the ndarray.

```
return np.array(all_yprof)
```

Histogram of Y profiles Entropy 2 (All) Approach

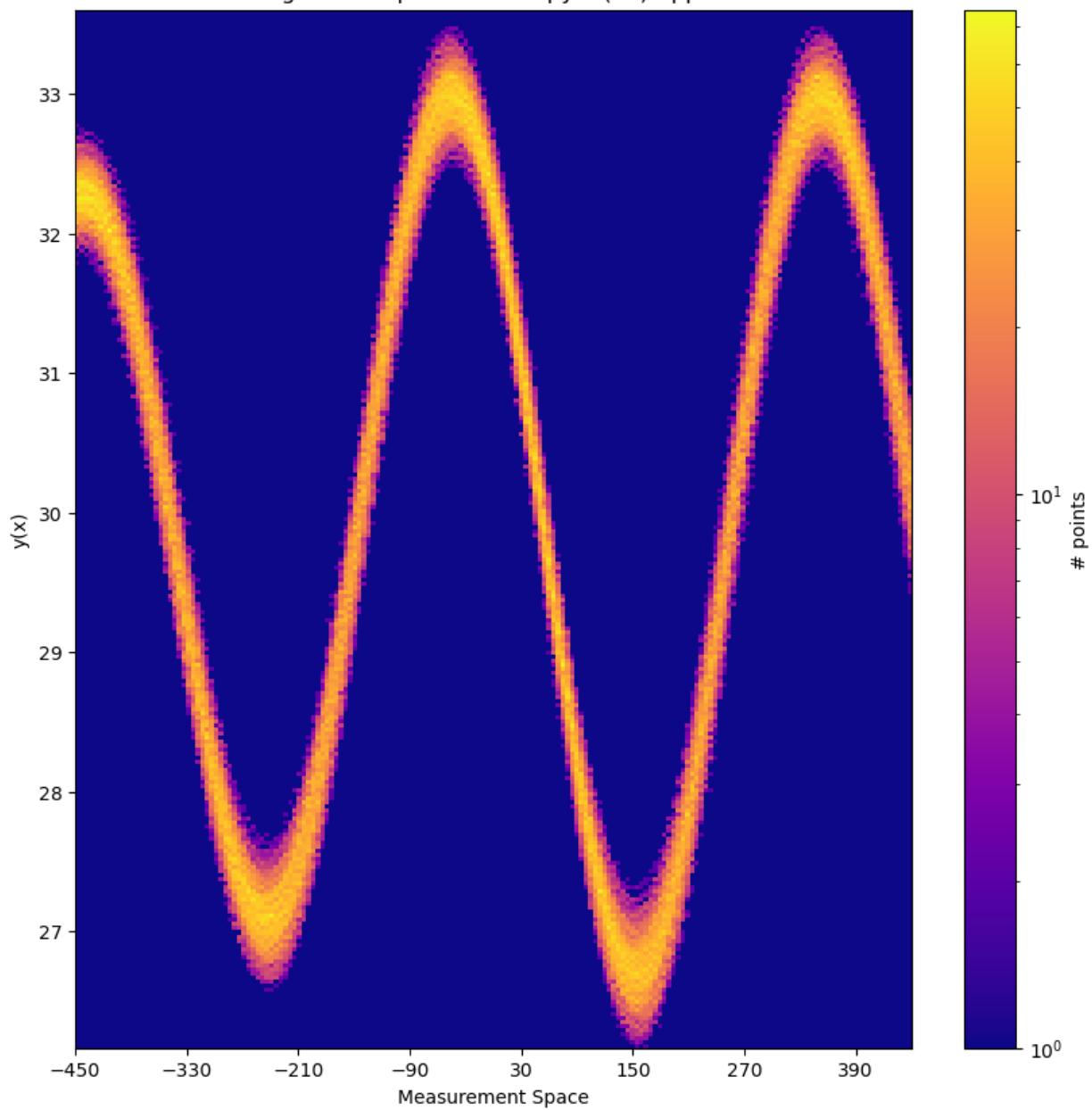
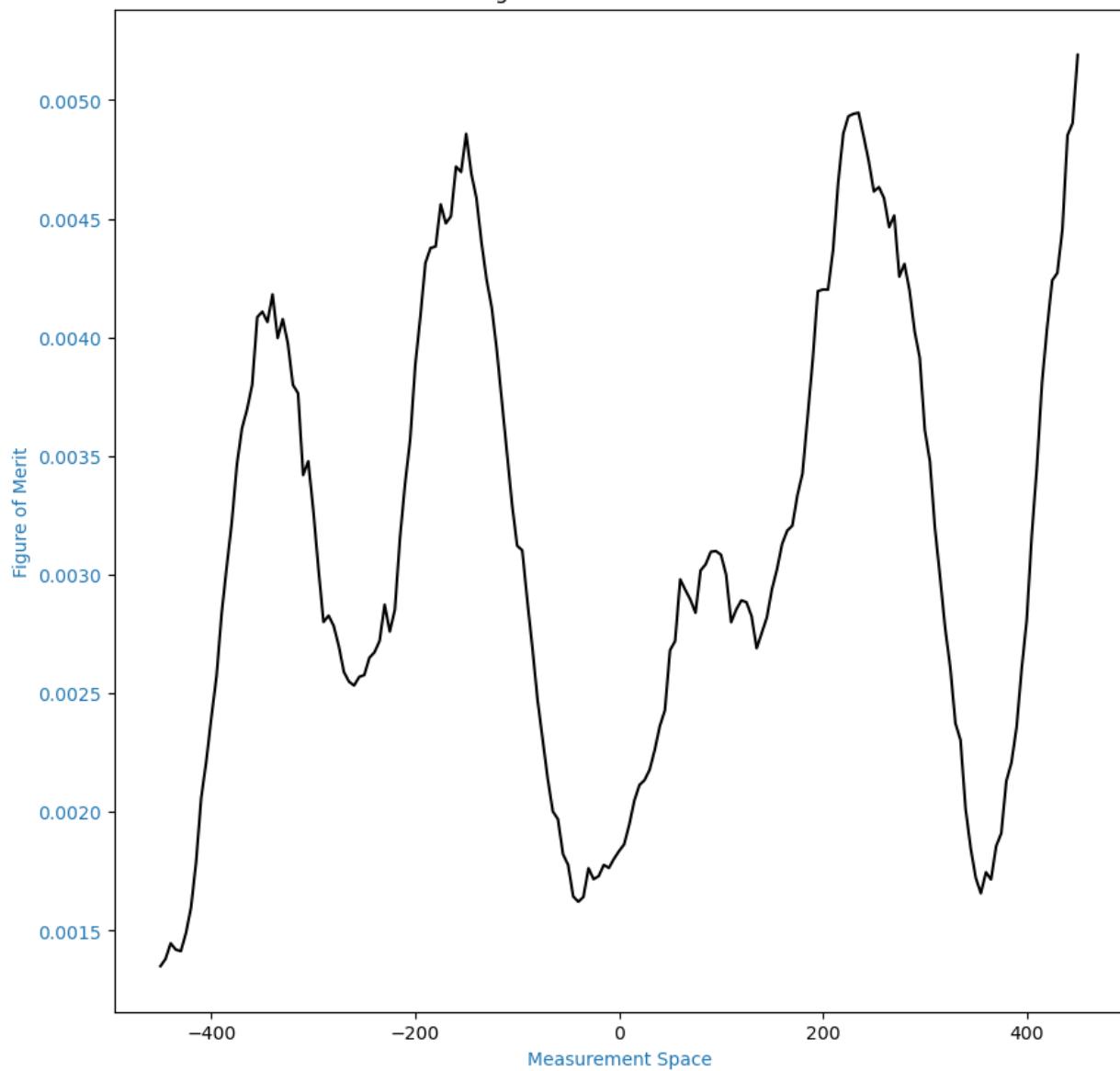


Figure of Merits for each x



Histogram of Y profiles On-The_Fly 1 Approach

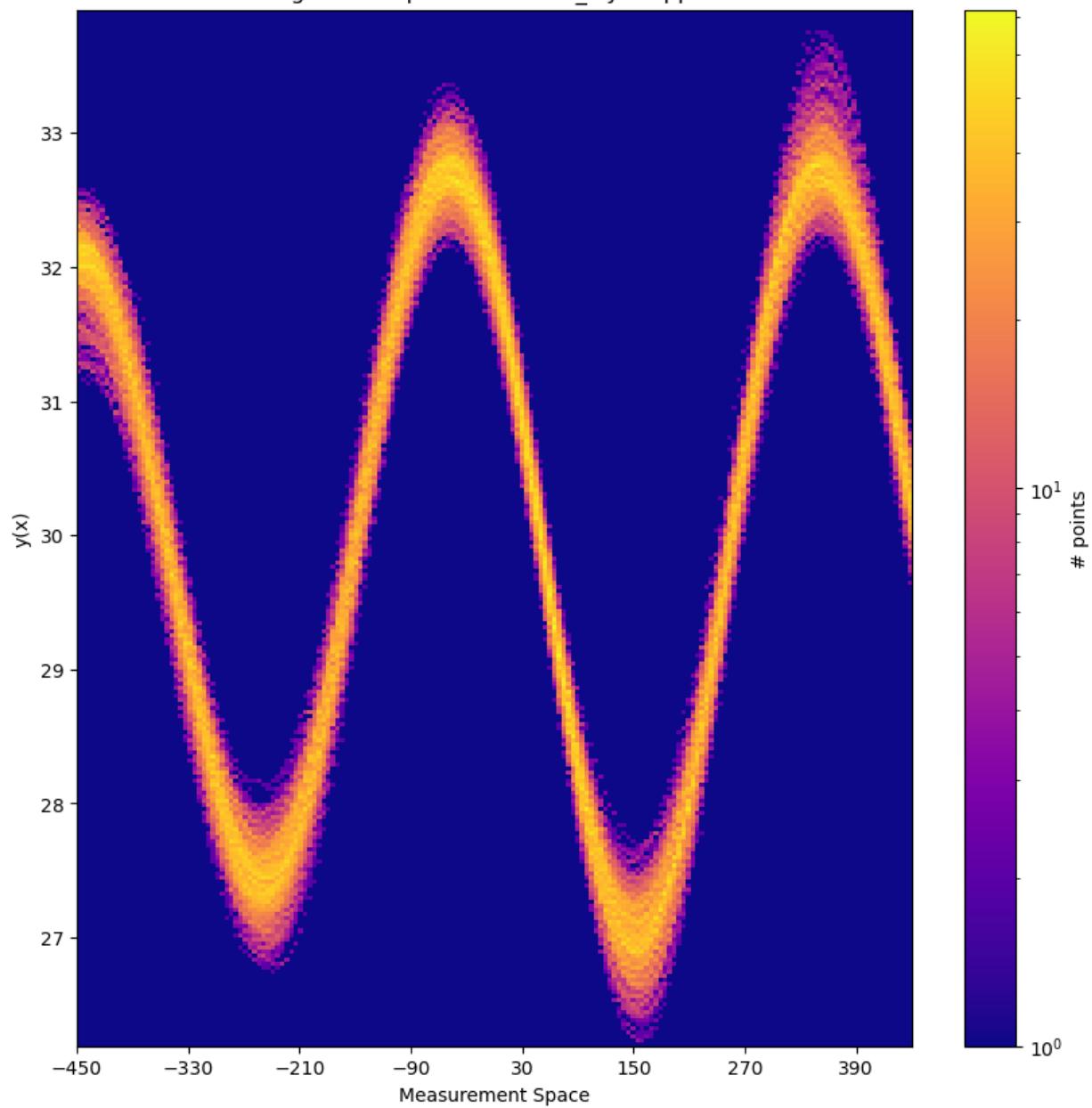
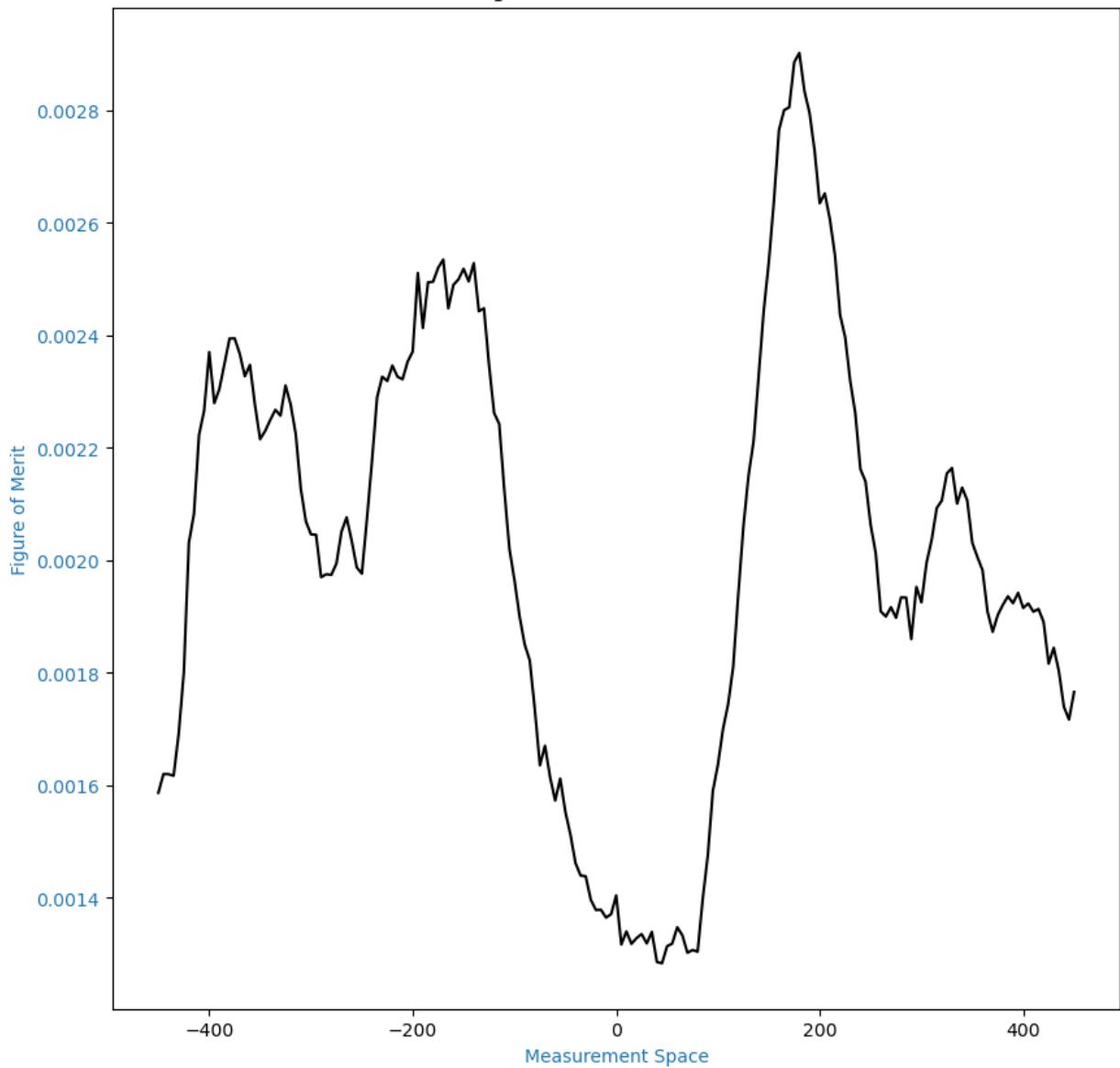


Figure of Merits for each x



Histogram of Y profiles On-The_Fly 2 Approach

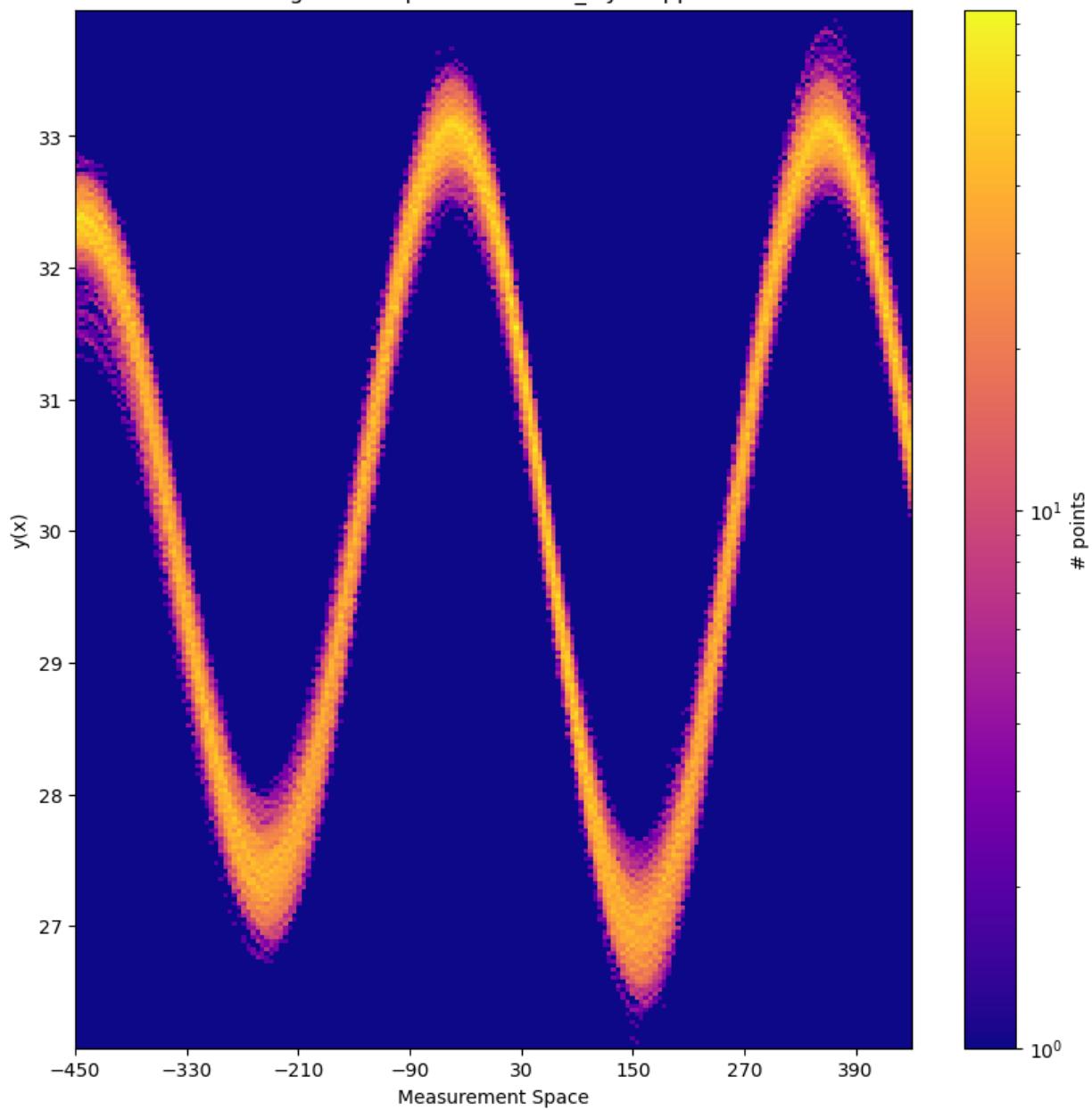
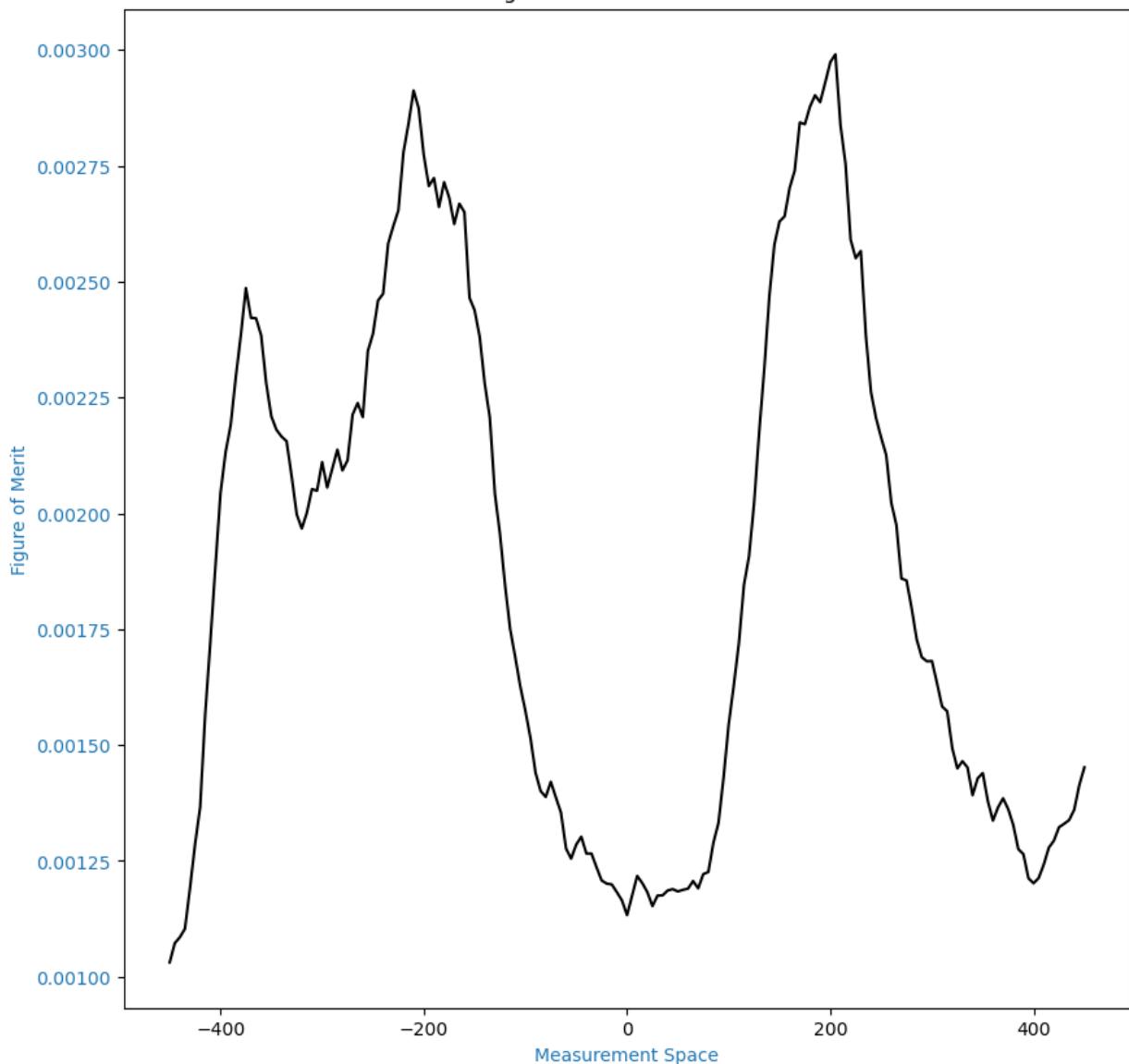
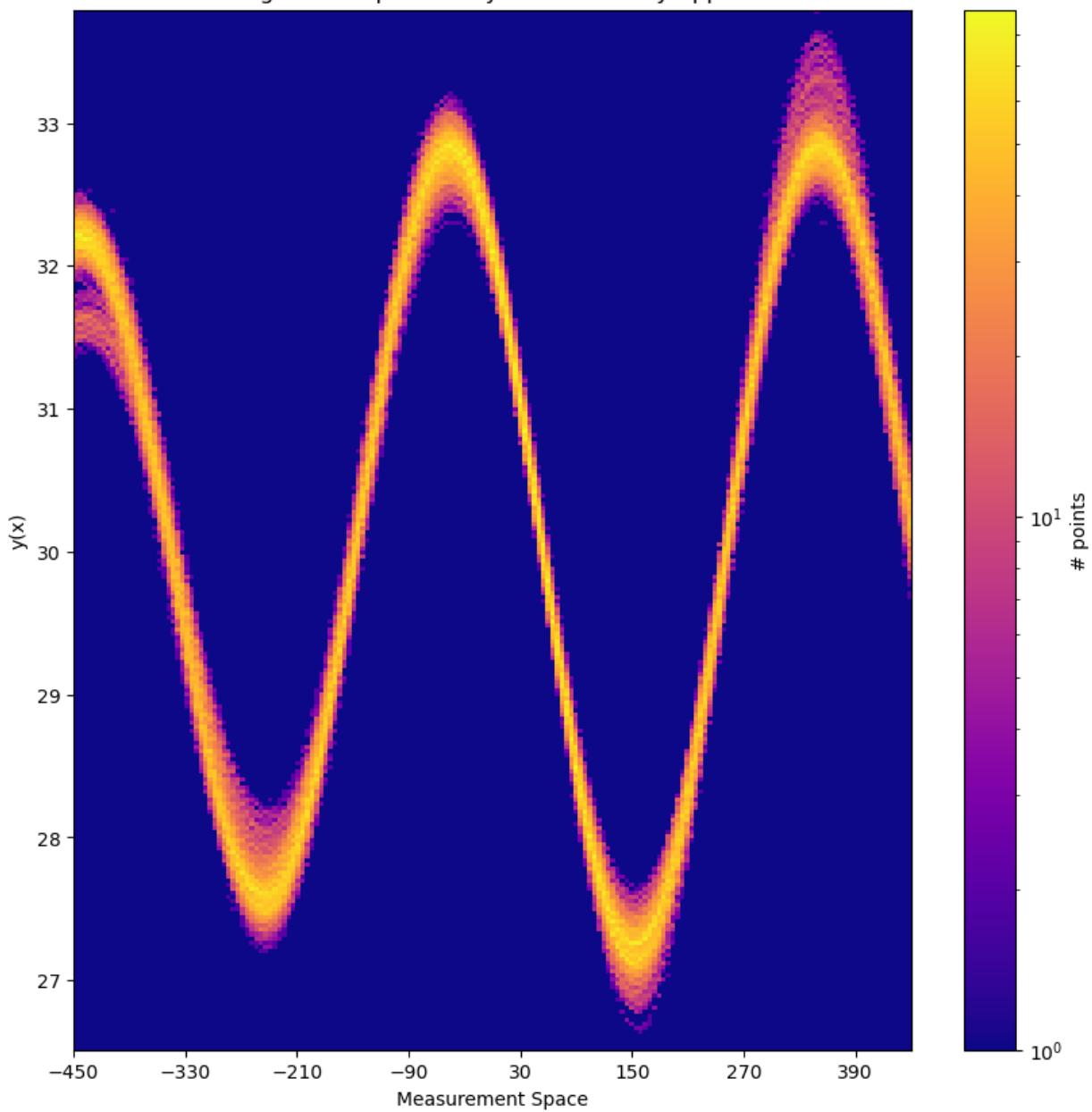


Figure of Merits for each x



Histogram of Y profiles My Control Evenly Approach



```
In [7]: ##### GMM TO COMPARE Commnet out everything below unless you have a reason to keep it #####
# #Entropy 1
# MyPlots.plot_y_profiles(exp_entropy1_gmm.Load_yprofs()[-1],exp_entropy1_gmm.settings,
#                         FOM = exp_entropy1_gmm.Load_FOM()[-1],
#                         this_title = "Histogram of Y profiles Entropy 1 (Selected) GMM Approach")

# #Entropy 2
# MyPlots.plot_y_profiles(exp_entropy2_gmm.Load_yprofs()[-1],exp_entropy2_gmm.settings,
#                         FOM = exp_entropy2_gmm.Load_FOM()[-1],
#                         this_title = "Histogram of Y profiles Entropy 2 (ALL) GMM Approach")

# #On-the Fly 1
# MyPlots.plot_y_profiles(exp_on_the_fly1_gmm.Load_yprofs()[-1],exp_on_the_fly1_gmm.settings,
#                         FOM = exp_on_the_fly1_gmm.Load_FOM()[-1],
#                         this_title = "Histogram of Y profiles On-The_Fly 1 GMM Approach")

# #On-the Fly 1
# MyPlots.plot_y_profiles(exp_on_the_fly2_gmm.Load_yprofs()[-1],exp_on_the_fly2_gmm.settings,
#                         FOM = exp_on_the_fly2_gmm.Load_FOM()[-1],
```

```
# this_title = "Histogram of Y profiles On-The_Fly 2 GMM Approach"
# #Control Data
# MyPlots.plot_y_profiles(exp_control_gmm.load_yprofs()[-1],exp_control_gmm.settings.x)
# this_title = "Histogram of Y profiles My Control Evenly GMM"
```

10.2 Histogram for the Parameters Samples

Getting the Lists for the Parameters The containers total_pts (and similars) stores 2-D arrays on them; each 2-d array represents an iteration. The 2-d array contain the samples for all the parameters n_samplesn_parameters (*where the number of samples can change per iteration, but the number of columns is constant*). First,based on the columns of each array (each column represents a parameter) we will create lists that represent each parameter where each sub-list inside the list for a given paremeter represents the samples at an iterations, n_iterationsn_samples

Note: 1) Any of the 2-d arays in this_total_pts and this_total_pts2 have as columns representing each parameter. The columns represent respectvily A, I0, T, and phi0. They are in the same order than in the console output from the loop.

2) We Cannot create 2D arrays for each parameter because the number of samples per iteration can change. Thus, we create lists for each parameter.

plottinh_hist() Here we create an auxiliary funtion to plot each of the sublists (that represent the samples at all the iterations for a given parameter) of the output of using the function above.

WARNING: Remember that the number of samples per iteration can change. Thus, a histogram may not be the best way to visualize converge. we have two options.

1. Normalize the number of samples for al iterations.
2. commnet out the line of code mark_outliers() in the main loop. So, we do not rule outliers and then we will have the same number of samples for all iterations.

plottinh_hist()

In [8]: *#getting the Lists for both approaches. The lists contains lists where each sublists i #sublists that represent a parameter there are sublists that represent the samples for #at an iteration.*

```
#Entropy Method
list_par_separated_e1 = MyPlots.getting_list_each_par(exp_entropy1.load_pts()) #This line
list_par_separated_e2 = MyPlots.getting_list_each_par(exp_entropy2.load_pts())
#On-the-fly 1 Method
list_par_separated_o1 = MyPlots.getting_list_each_par(exp_on_the_fly1.load_pts())
#On-the-fly 2 Method
list_par_separated_o2 = MyPlots.getting_list_each_par(exp_on_the_fly2.load_pts())
#Control method
list_par_separated_c = MyPlots.getting_list_each_par(exp_control.load_pts())
#####
#####GMM VERSION

# #Entropy Method
```

```
# list_par_separated_e1_gmm = MyPlots.getting_list_each_par(exp_entropy1_gmm.Load_pts())
# list_par_separated_e2_gmm = MyPlots.getting_list_each_par(exp_entropy2_gmm.Load_pts())
# #On-the-fly 1 Method
# list_par_separated_o1_gmm = MyPlots.getting_list_each_par(exp_on_the_fly1_gmm.Load_pts())
# #On-the-fly 2 Method
# list_par_separated_o2_gmm = MyPlots.getting_list_each_par(exp_on_the_fly2_gmm.Load_pts())
# #Control method
# list_par_separated_c_gmm = MyPlots.getting_list_each_par(exp_control_gmm.Load_pts())
```

C:\Users\rober\FINAL NIST PROJECT\datastruct.py:353: VisibleDeprecationWarning: Creating an ndarray from ragged nested sequences (which is a list-or-tuple of lists-or-tuples-or ndarrays with different lengths or shapes) is deprecated. If you meant to do this, you must specify 'dtype=object' when creating the ndarray.

```
    return np.array(all_pts)
```

```
In [9]: aux_list = [list_par_separated_e1[0], list_par_separated_e2[0], list_par_separated_o1[0],
                 list_par_separated_o2[0], list_par_separated_c[0]]

list_times = [exp_entropy1.totaltimes(), exp_entropy2.totaltimes(), exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(),
              exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(), exp_control.totaltimes()]

names_for_approaches = ["Entropy 1 (Selected) MVN", "Entropy 2 (All) MVN", "On-the fly MVN",
                        "Control-45 even MVN"]
par_name = "A"

# specify y-edges for all three histograms
y_min, y_max = MyPlots.finding_max_min(aux_list)

for i in range(len(aux_list)):
    MyPlots.plotting_hist_logtime(aux_list[i], names_for_approaches[i], par_name, y_min, y_max)

#####
#####GMM VERSION COMMENT OUT IF YOU DO NOT HAVE A GMM VERSION

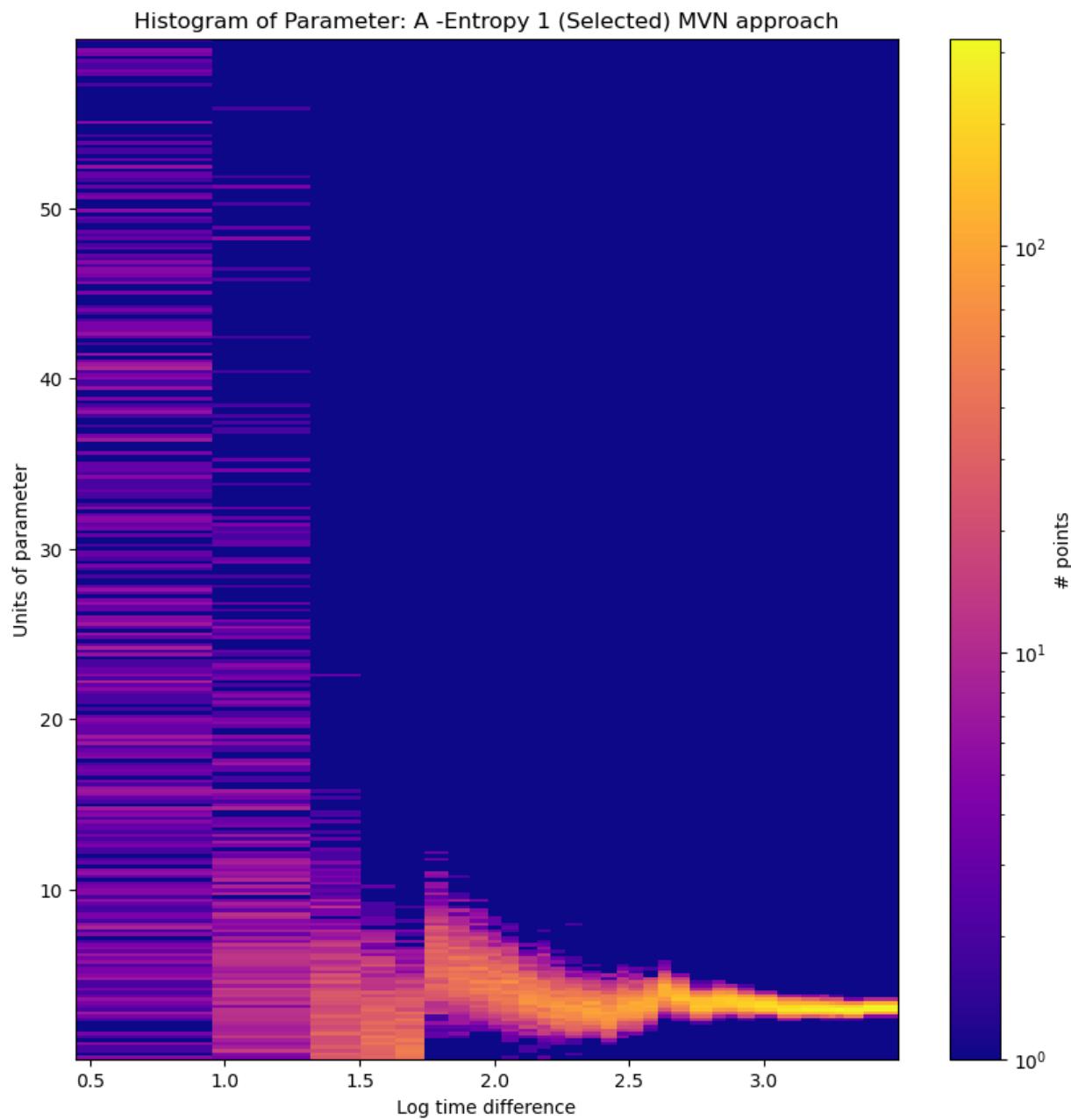
# aux_list = [list_par_separated_e1_gmm[0], list_par_separated_e2_gmm[0], list_par_separated_o1_gmm[0],
#             list_par_separated_o2_gmm[0], list_par_separated_c_gmm[0]]

# names_for_approaches = ["Entropy 1 (Selected) GMM", "Entropy 2 (ALL) GMM", "On-the fly GMM",
#                         "Control-45 even GMM"]
# par_name = "A"

# # specify y-edges for all three histograms
# y_min, y_max = MyPlots.finding_max_min(aux_list)

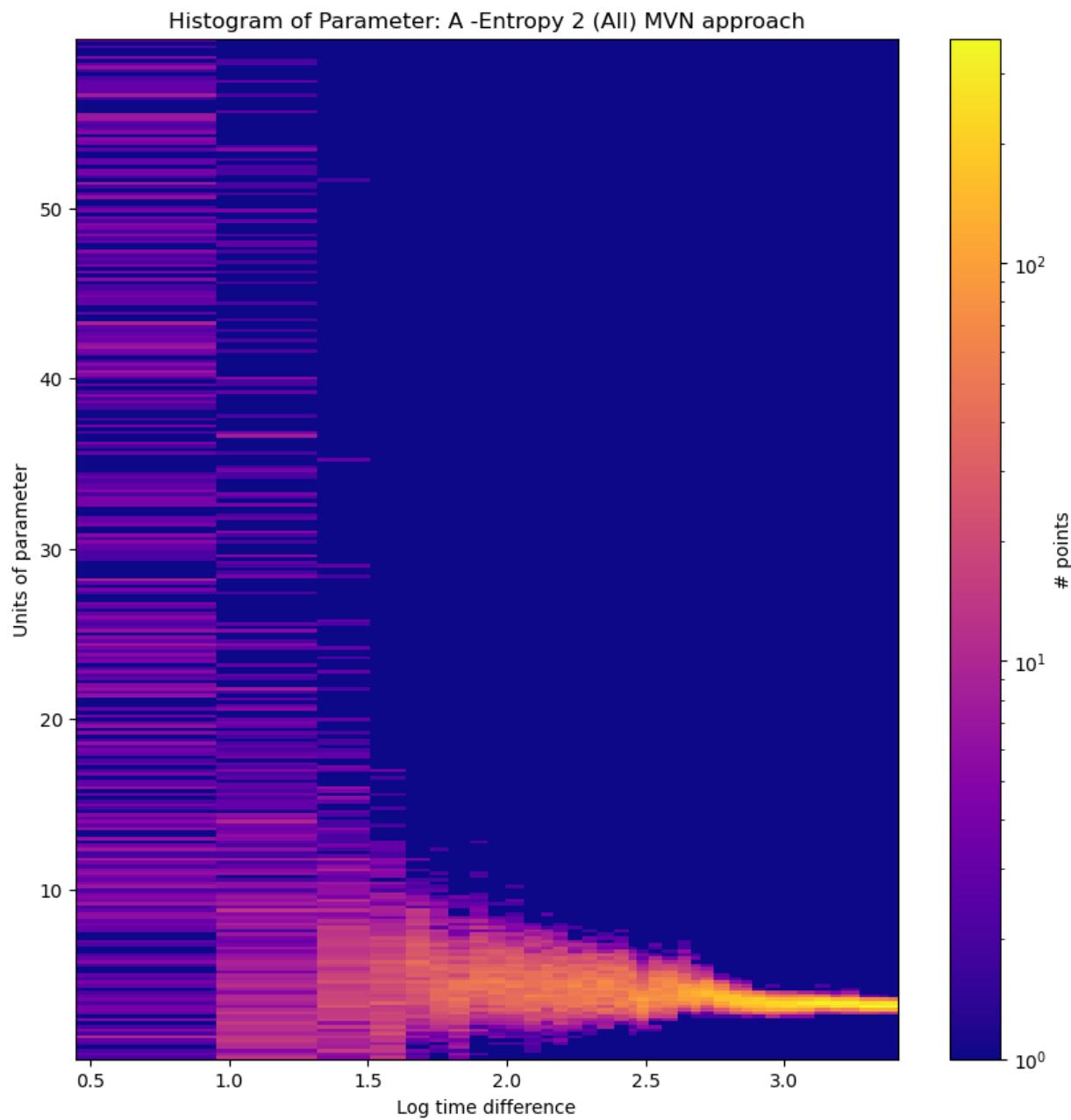
# for i in range(len(aux_list)):
#     MyPlots.plotting_hist(aux_list[i], names_for_approaches[i], par_name, y_min, y_max)

my x edges
[0.44639502 0.95154499 1.31774187 1.50557368 1.63498984 1.74272769
 1.83050944 1.91008283 1.97943661 2.0269083 2.08881828 2.16061222
 2.21074595 2.26186185 2.32921544 2.39594841 2.45579197 2.50125804
 2.55219229 2.6052847 2.65510974 2.72418739 2.80734028 2.86072328
 2.90388007 2.96602687 3.0492519 3.1411309 3.20713195 3.24442994
 3.26798023 3.29415742 3.36996744 3.4985517 ]
```



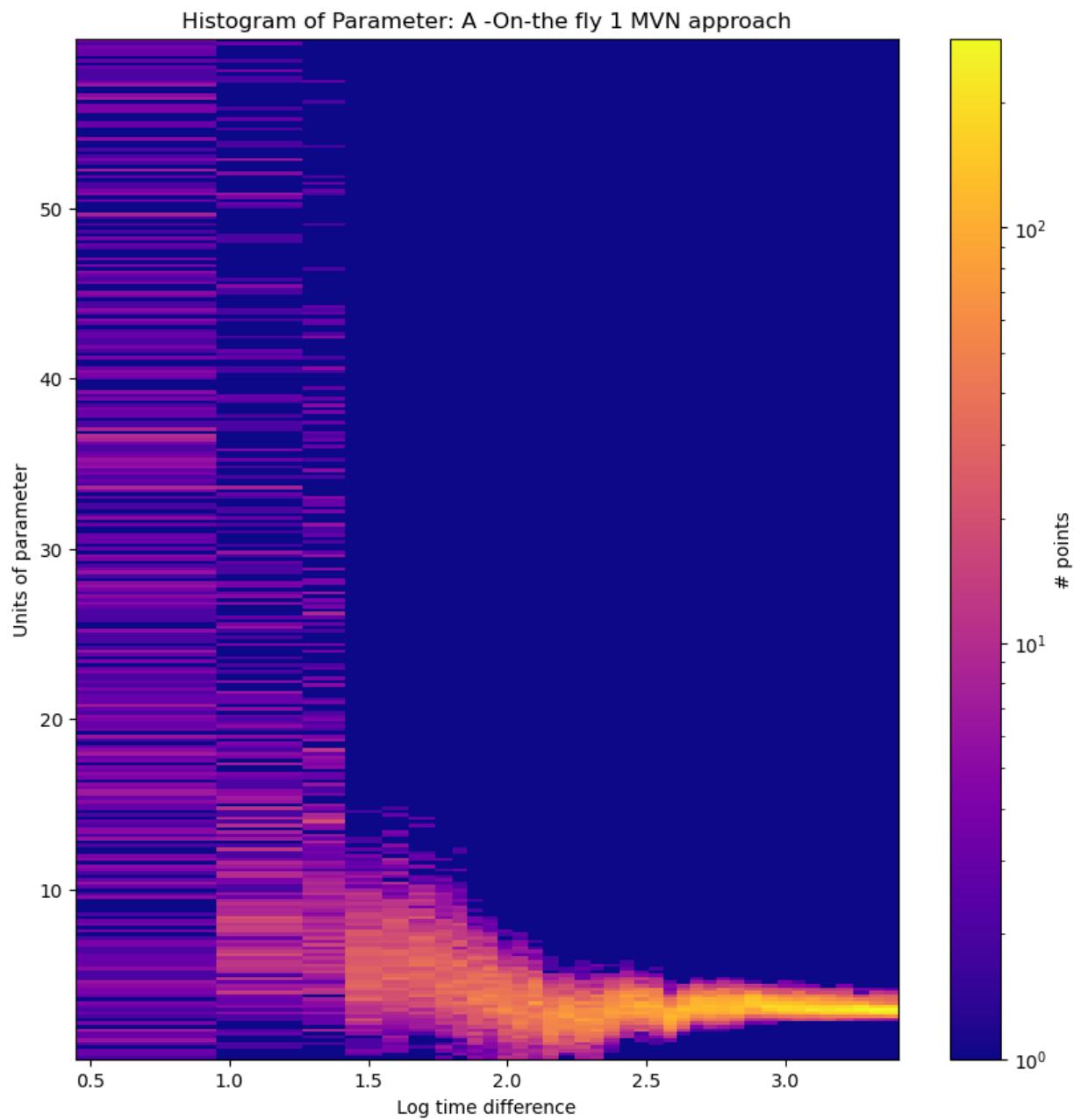
my_x_edges

```
[0.44639502 0.95154499 1.31774187 1.50557368 1.63498984 1.72044998
 1.78944125 1.86551887 1.93368955 1.99505089 2.06220452 2.12181476
 2.16869847 2.21762037 2.27296752 2.32546545 2.38789077 2.43996251
 2.47011073 2.51051997 2.55720065 2.61467453 2.66339217 2.69702697
 2.74562125 2.80238    2.84492702 2.88532973 2.93216611 2.98475581
 3.0442753   3.1081969  3.16564268 3.20220066 3.27005994 3.34112851
 3.37471937 3.40931831]
```



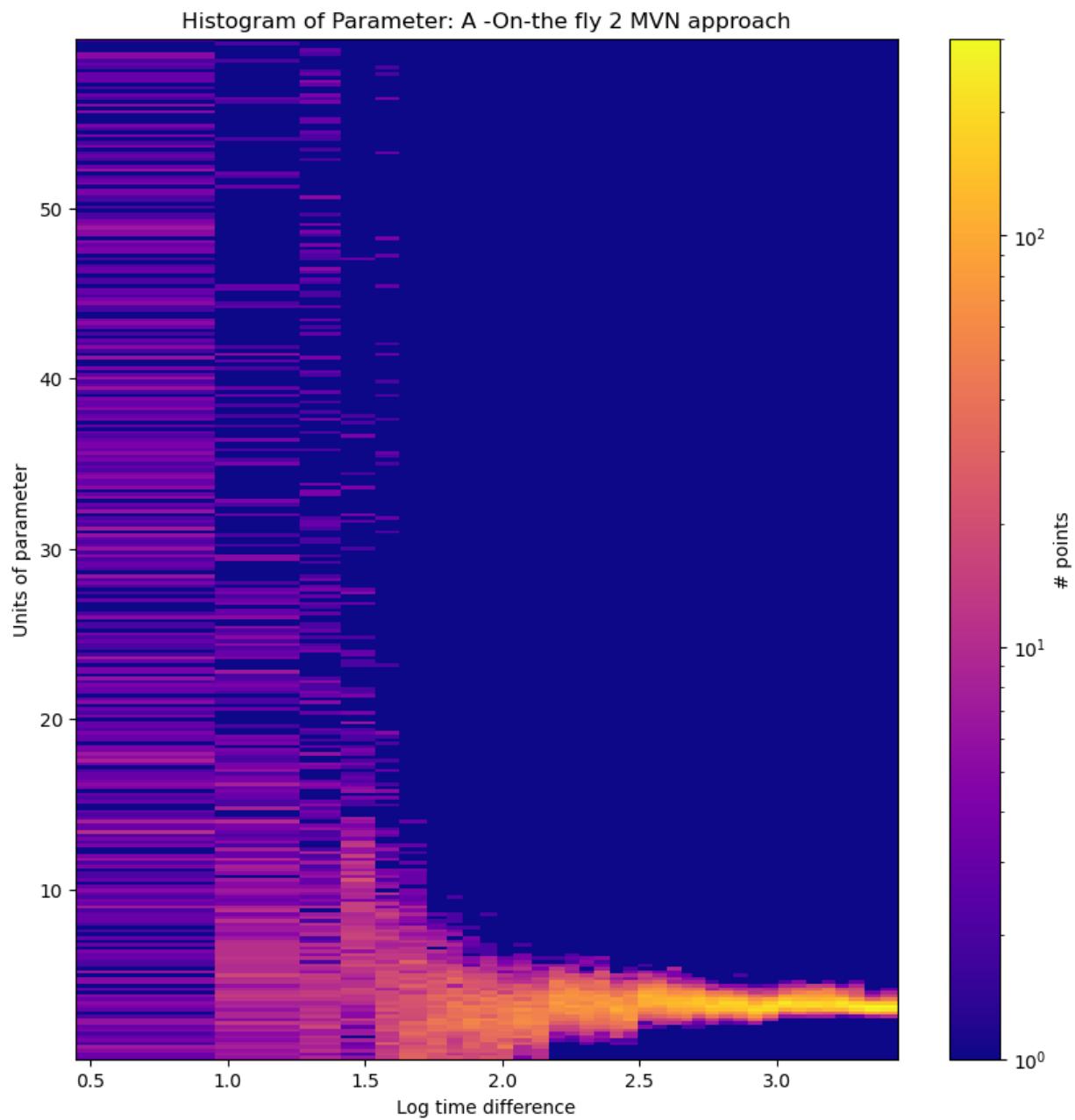
my x edges

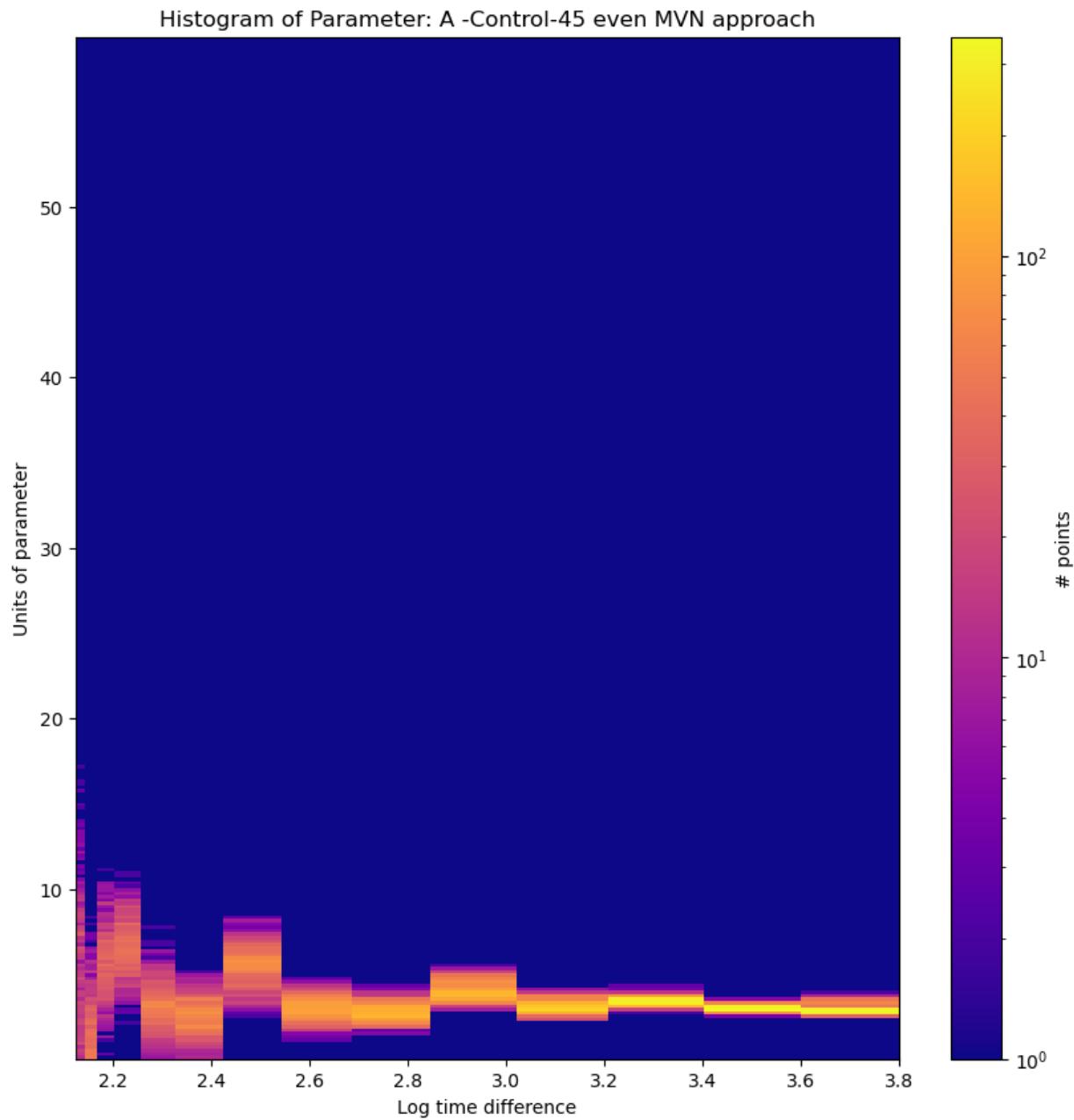
```
[0.44639502 0.95154499 1.26316964 1.41368464 1.54711242 1.64324682
 1.74073877 1.80318351 1.85558475 1.91122789 1.96316759 2.01948022
 2.07340611 2.12741956 2.18306767 2.24275265 2.29775704 2.34720704
 2.4017414 2.45838616 2.51061901 2.56065071 2.60915022 2.65718061
 2.7047217 2.75214743 2.79919776 2.85347019 2.91548412 2.97237346
 3.02585956 3.07448248 3.12540436 3.18373907 3.24244474 3.30106135
 3.35582976 3.40698161]
```



my_x_edges

```
[0.44639502 0.95154499 1.26316964 1.41368464 1.53667585 1.62472148
 1.72604662 1.79625765 1.8555356 1.92029574 1.98081054 2.03966319
 2.10436084 2.17107604 2.22637098 2.27846113 2.33570388 2.38956964
 2.4404791 2.49502846 2.54789818 2.60138809 2.65034166 2.69200149
 2.73983251 2.78879424 2.83924197 2.89328811 2.94809892 3.00221855
 3.05284095 3.10758895 3.16302443 3.21012688 3.26139188 3.31927847
 3.37794914 3.43913074]
```





```
In [10]: aux_list = [list_par_separated_e1[1], list_par_separated_e2[1], list_par_separated_o1[1],
                 list_par_separated_o2[1], list_par_separated_c[1]]

list_times = [exp_entropy1.totaltimes(), exp_entropy2.totaltimes(), exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(),
              exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(), exp_control.totaltimes()]

names_for_approaches = ["Entropy 1 (Selected)", "Entropy 2 (All)", "On-the fly 1", "On-the fly 2",
                        "Control-45 even"]
par_name = "I0"

# specify y-edges for all three histograms

#WARNING: If you are plotting the GMM versions, you will need to include the values used in
#values below
y_min, y_max = MyPlots.finding_max_min(aux_list)
```

```
for i in range(len(aux_list)):
    MyPlots.plotting_hist_logtime(aux_list[i], names_for_approaches[i], par_name, y_mi

#####
#####GMM VERSION COMMENT OUT IF YOU DO NOT HAVE A GMM VERSION

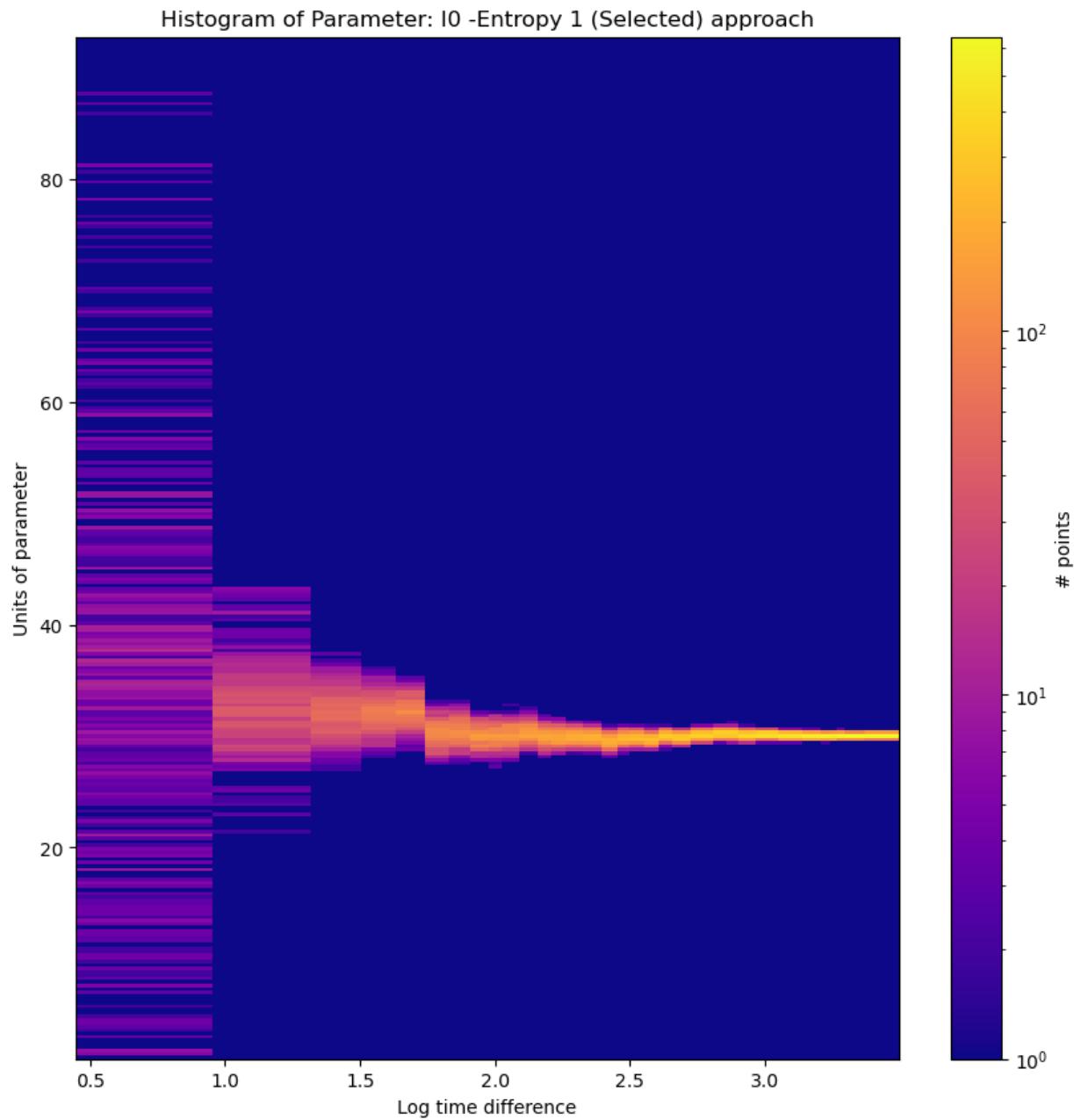
# aux_list = [list_par_separated_e1_gmm[1], list_par_separated_e2_gmm[1], list_par_sep
#             list_par_separated_o2_gmm[1], list_par_separated_c_gmm[1]]

# names_for_approaches = ["Entropy 1 (Selected) GMM", "Entropy 2 (ALL) GMM", "On-the fl
#                         "Control-45 even GMM"]
# par_name = "I0"

#
# # specify y-edges for all three histograms
# y_min, y_max = MyPlots.finding_max_min(aux_list)

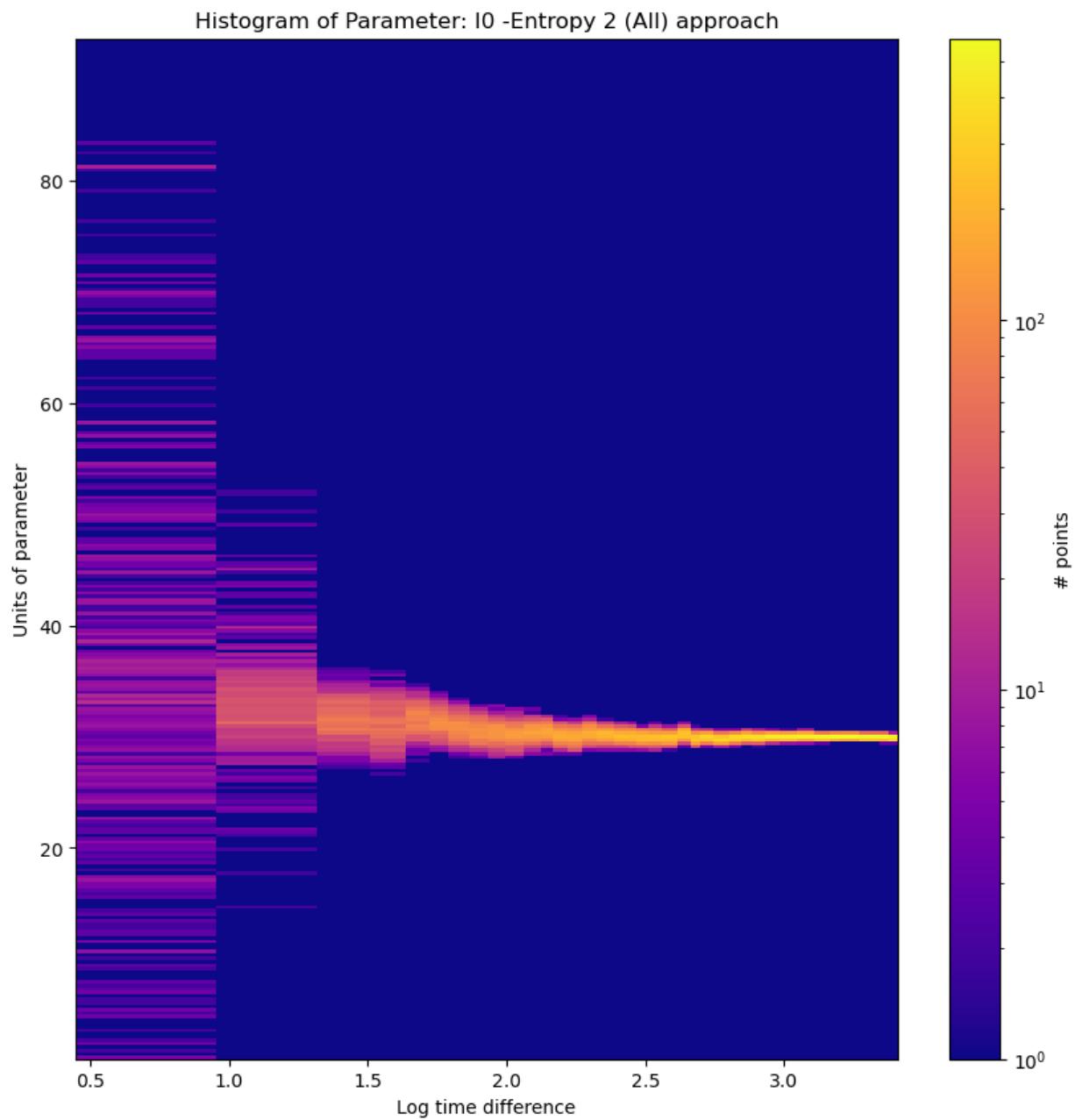
# for i in range(len(aux_list)):
#     MyPlots.plotting_hist(aux_list[i], names_for_approaches[i], par_name, y_min, y_max)

my x edges
[0.44639502 0.95154499 1.31774187 1.50557368 1.63498984 1.74272769
 1.83050944 1.91008283 1.97943661 2.0269083 2.08881828 2.16061222
 2.21074595 2.26186185 2.32921544 2.39594841 2.45579197 2.50125804
 2.55219229 2.6052847 2.65510974 2.72418739 2.80734028 2.86072328
 2.90388007 2.96602687 3.0492519 3.1411309 3.20713195 3.24442994
 3.26798023 3.29415742 3.36996744 3.4985517 ]
```



my_x_edges

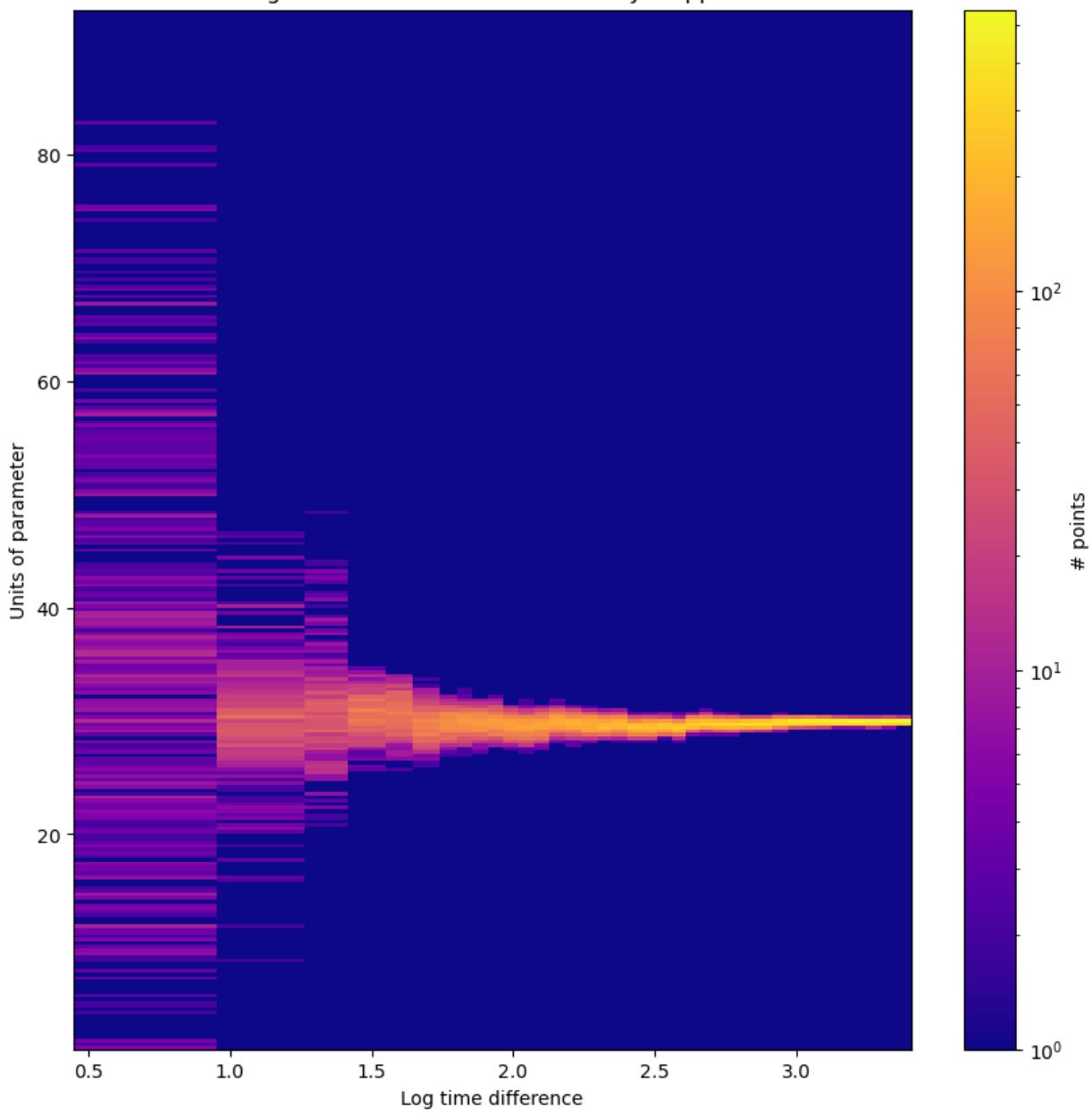
```
[0.44639502 0.95154499 1.31774187 1.50557368 1.63498984 1.72044998
 1.78944125 1.86551887 1.93368955 1.99505089 2.06220452 2.12181476
 2.16869847 2.21762037 2.27296752 2.32546545 2.38789077 2.43996251
 2.47011073 2.51051997 2.55720065 2.61467453 2.66339217 2.69702697
 2.74562125 2.80238     2.84492702 2.88532973 2.93216611 2.98475581
 3.0442753   3.1081969  3.16564268 3.20220066 3.27005994 3.34112851
 3.37471937 3.40931831]
```



my x edges

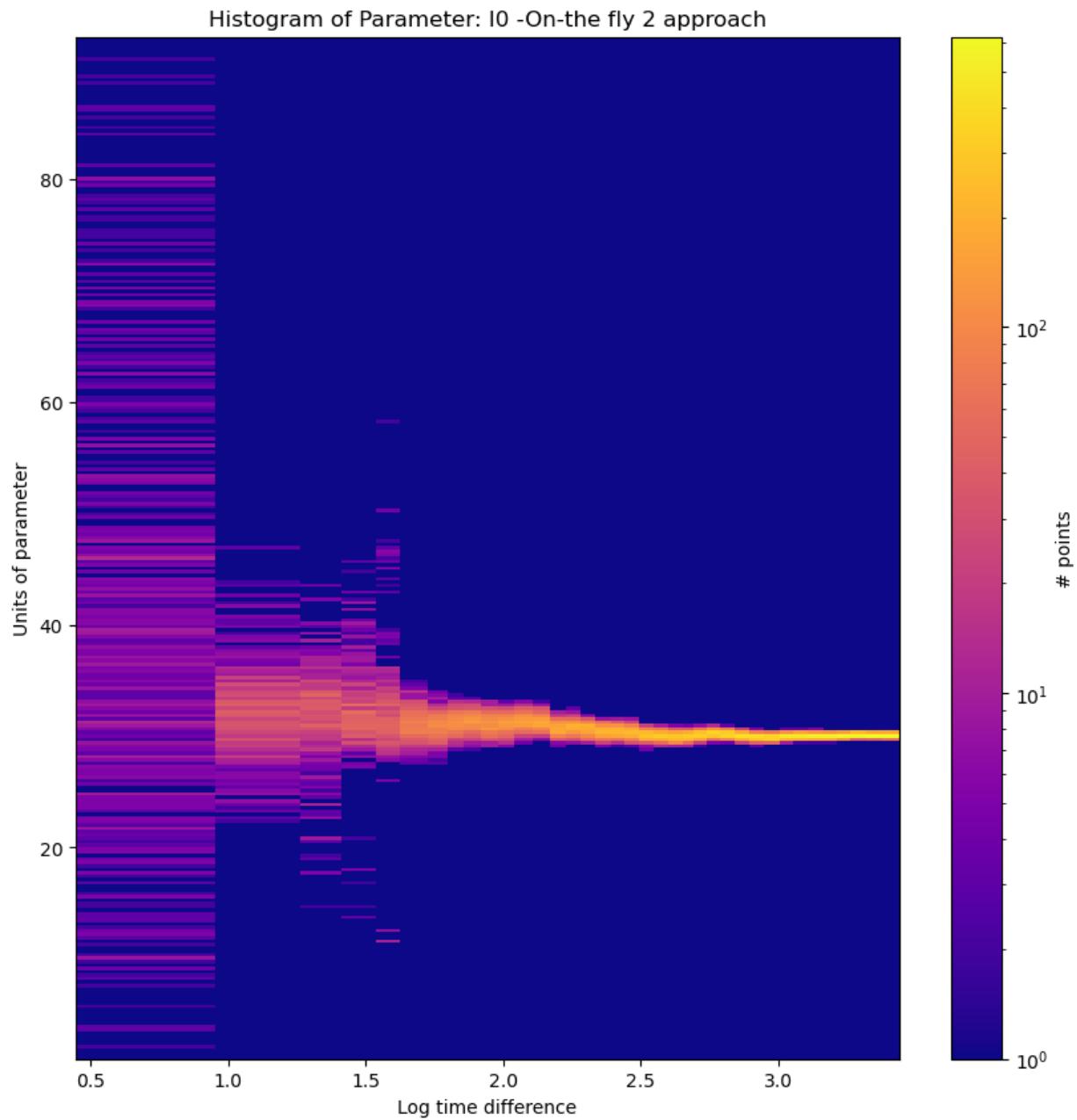
```
[0.44639502 0.95154499 1.26316964 1.41368464 1.54711242 1.64324682
 1.74073877 1.80318351 1.85558475 1.91122789 1.96316759 2.01948022
 2.07340611 2.12741956 2.18306767 2.24275265 2.29775704 2.34720704
 2.4017414 2.45838616 2.51061901 2.56065071 2.60915022 2.65718061
 2.7047217 2.75214743 2.79919776 2.85347019 2.91548412 2.97237346
 3.02585956 3.07448248 3.12540436 3.18373907 3.24244474 3.30106135
 3.35582976 3.40698161]
```

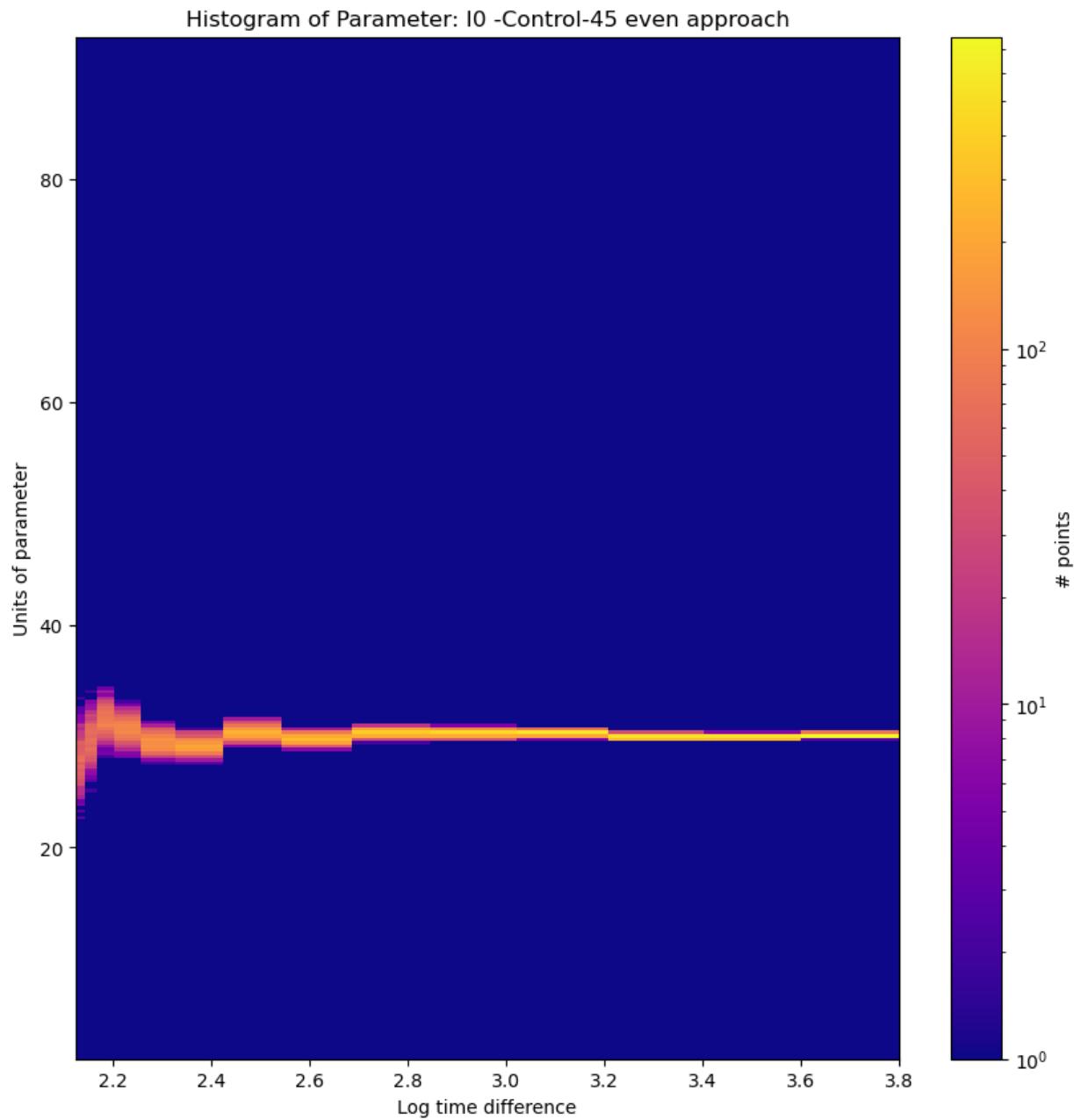
Histogram of Parameter: I0 -On-the fly 1 approach



```
my x edges
```

```
[0.44639502 0.95154499 1.26316964 1.41368464 1.53667585 1.62472148
 1.72604662 1.79625765 1.8555356 1.92029574 1.98081054 2.03966319
 2.10436084 2.17107604 2.22637098 2.27846113 2.33570388 2.38956964
 2.4404791 2.49502846 2.54789818 2.60138809 2.65034166 2.69200149
 2.73983251 2.78879424 2.83924197 2.89328811 2.94809892 3.00221855
 3.05284095 3.10758895 3.16302443 3.21012688 3.26139188 3.31927847
 3.37794914 3.43913074]
```





```
In [11]: #Plotting histograms for T
aux_list = [list_par_separated_e1[2], list_par_separated_e2[2], list_par_separated_o1[2],
            list_par_separated_o2[2], list_par_separated_c[2]]

list_times = [exp_entropy1.totaltimes(), exp_entropy2.totaltimes(), exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(),
              exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(), exp_control.totaltimes()]

names_for_approaches = ["Entropy 1 (Selected)", "Entropy 2 (All)", "On-the fly 1", "On-the fly 2",
                        "Control-45 even"]
par_name = "T"

# specify y-edges for all three histograms
y_min, y_max = MyPlots.finding_max_min(aux_list)

for i in range(len(aux_list)):
    MyPlots.plotting_hist_logtime(aux_list[i], names_for_approaches[i], par_name, y_min, y_max)
```

```
#####
#####GMM VERSION COMMMENT OUT IF YOU DO NOT HAVE A GMM VERSION

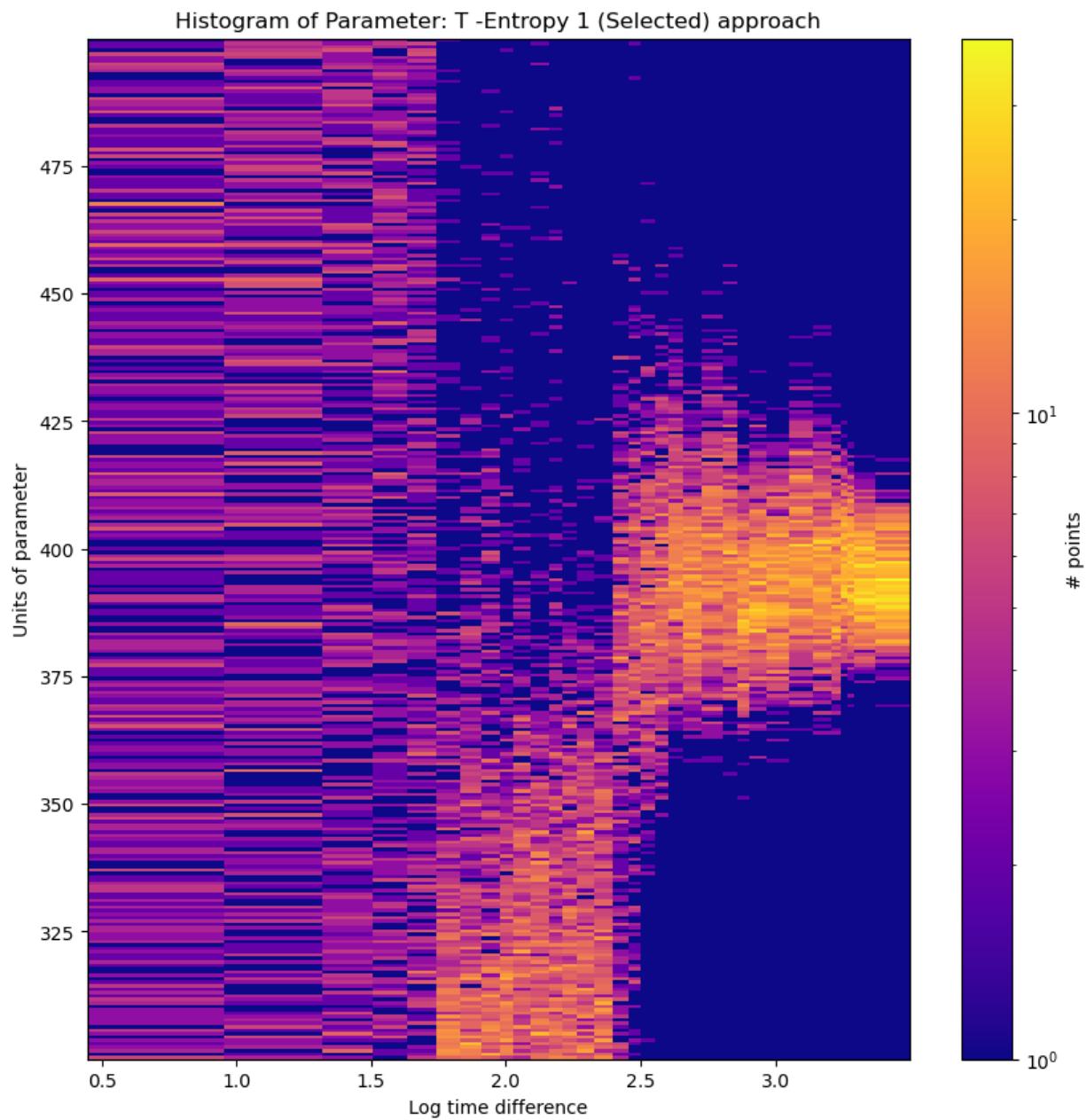
# aux_list = [list_par_separated_e1_gmm[2],list_par_separated_e2_gmm[2], list_par_sep#
#               list_par_separated_o2_gmm[2], list_par_separated_c_gmm[2]]

# names_for_approaches = ["Entropy 1 (Selected) GMM", "Entropy 2 (ALL) GMM", "On-the fl#
#                           "Control-45 even GMM"]
# par_name = "T"

# # specify y-edges for all three histograms
# y_min, y_max = MyPlots.finding_max_min(aux_list)

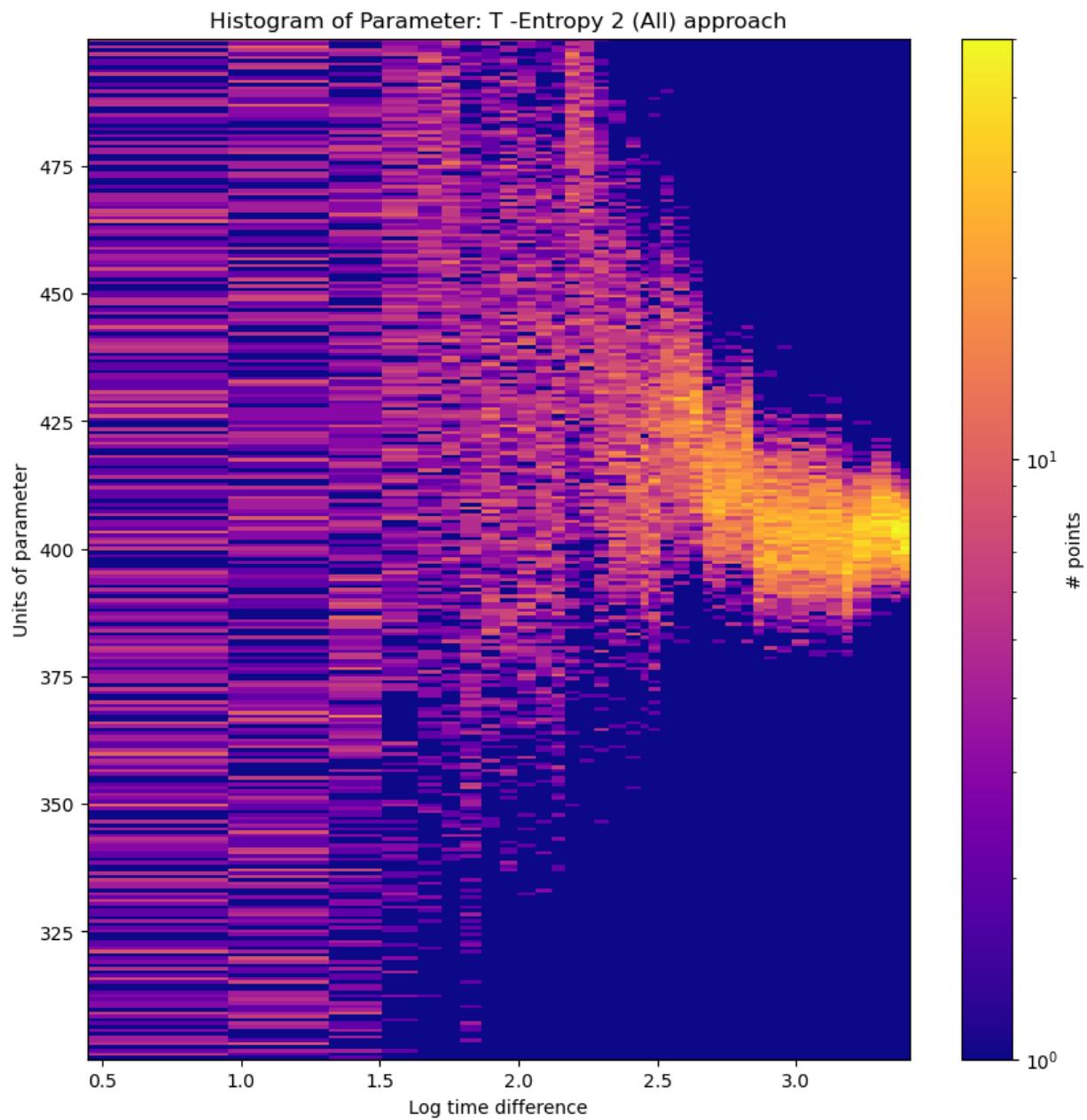
# for i in range(len(aux_list)):
#     MyPlots.plotting_hist(aux_list[i], names_for_approaches[i], par_name, y_min, y_max)

my x edges
[0.44639502 0.95154499 1.31774187 1.50557368 1.63498984 1.74272769
 1.83050944 1.91008283 1.97943661 2.0269083 2.08881828 2.16061222
 2.21074595 2.26186185 2.32921544 2.39594841 2.45579197 2.50125804
 2.55219229 2.6052847 2.65510974 2.72418739 2.80734028 2.86072328
 2.90388007 2.96602687 3.0492519 3.1411309 3.20713195 3.24442994
 3.26798023 3.29415742 3.36996744 3.4985517 ]
```



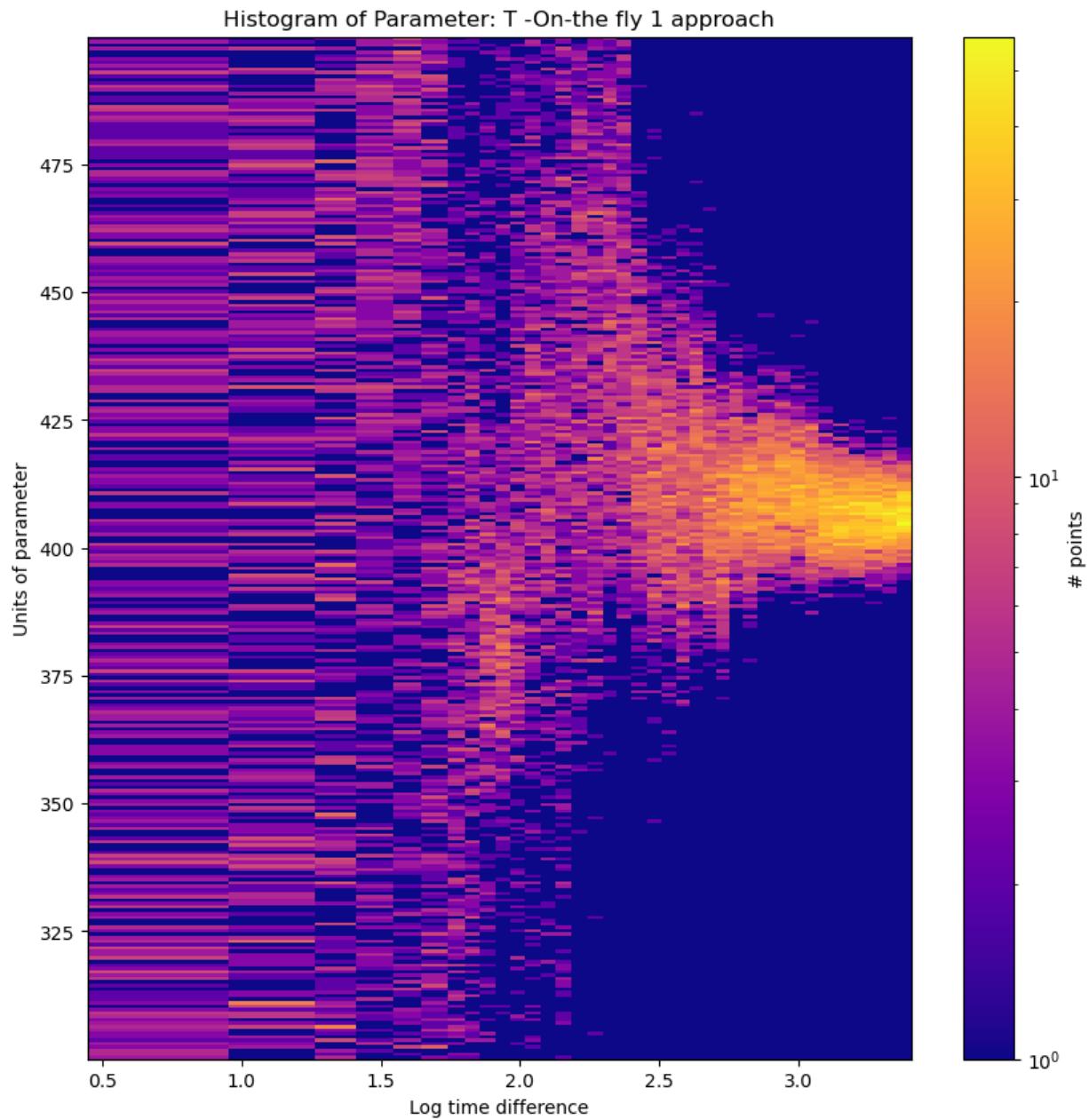
my x edges

```
[0.44639502 0.95154499 1.31774187 1.50557368 1.63498984 1.72044998
 1.78944125 1.86551887 1.93368955 1.99505089 2.06220452 2.12181476
 2.16869847 2.21762037 2.27296752 2.32546545 2.38789077 2.43996251
 2.47011073 2.51051997 2.55720065 2.61467453 2.66339217 2.69702697
 2.74562125 2.80238     2.84492702 2.88532973 2.93216611 2.98475581
 3.0442753   3.1081969  3.16564268 3.20220066 3.27005994 3.34112851
 3.37471937 3.40931831]
```



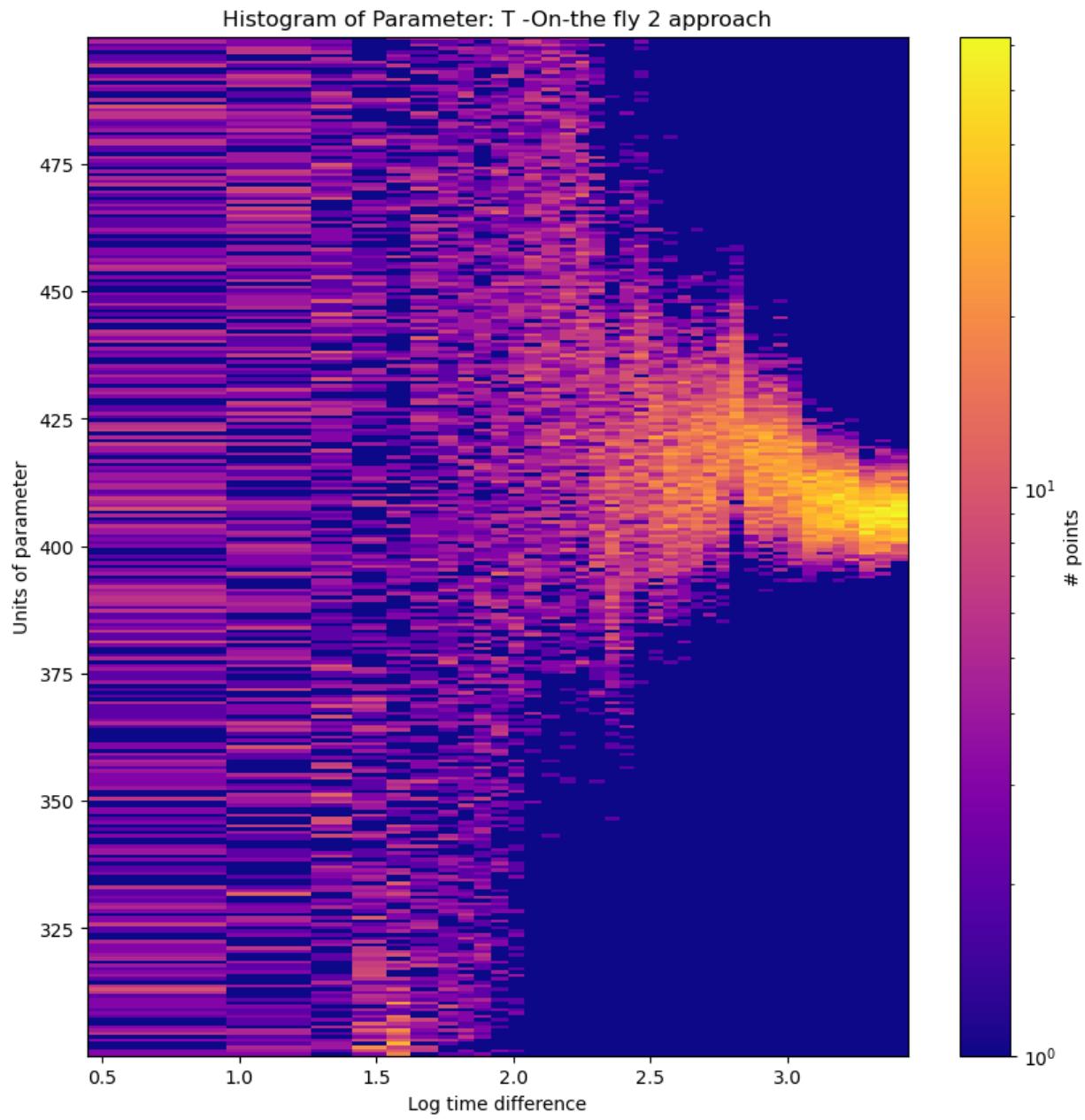
my x edges

```
[0.44639502 0.95154499 1.26316964 1.41368464 1.54711242 1.64324682
 1.74073877 1.80318351 1.85558475 1.91122789 1.96316759 2.01948022
 2.07340611 2.12741956 2.18306767 2.24275265 2.29775704 2.34720704
 2.4017414 2.45838616 2.51061901 2.56065071 2.60915022 2.65718061
 2.7047217 2.75214743 2.79919776 2.85347019 2.91548412 2.97237346
 3.02585956 3.07448248 3.12540436 3.18373907 3.24244474 3.30106135
 3.35582976 3.40698161]
```



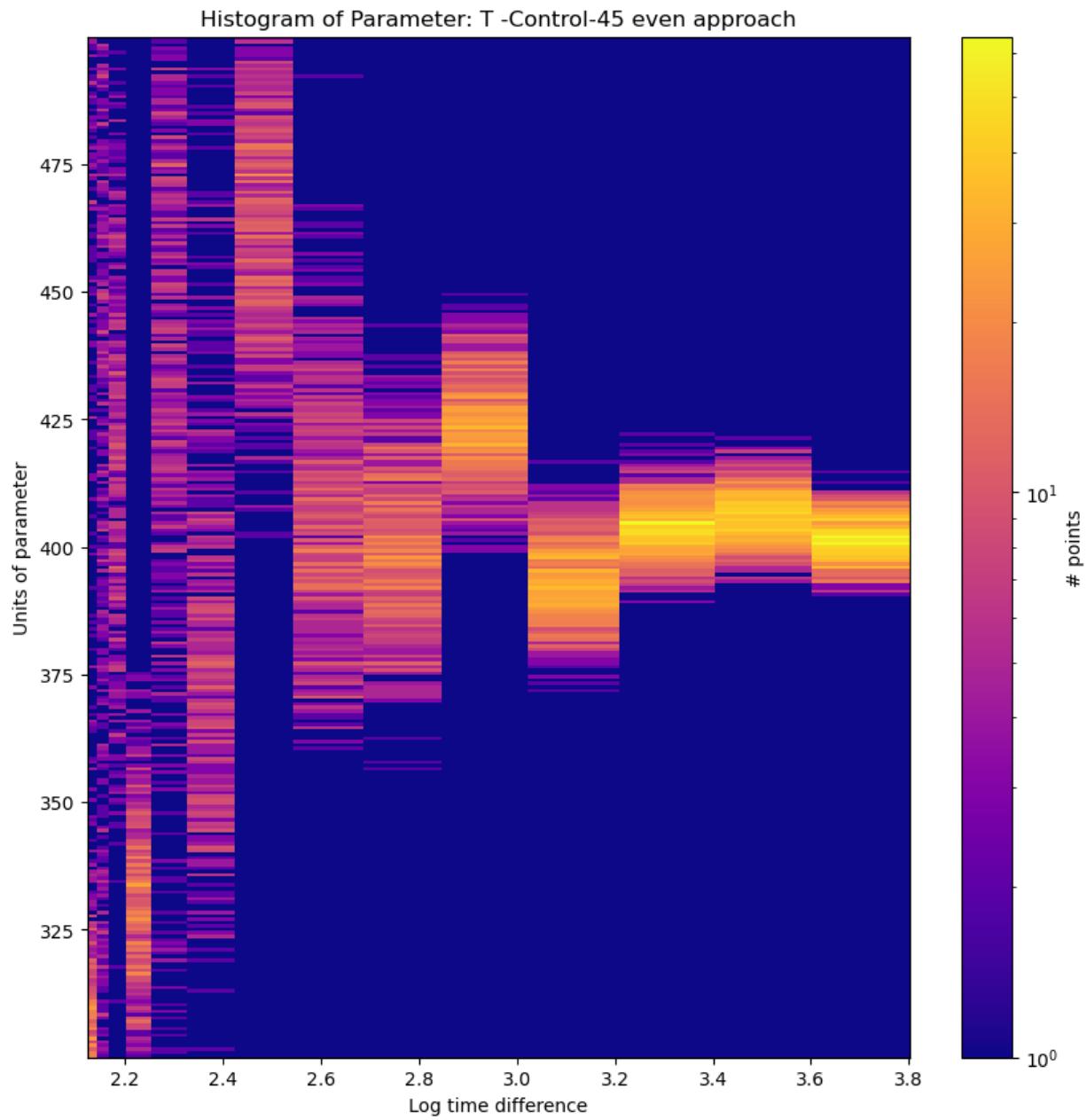
my x edges

```
[0.44639502 0.95154499 1.26316964 1.41368464 1.53667585 1.62472148
 1.72604662 1.79625765 1.8555356 1.92029574 1.98081054 2.03966319
 2.10436084 2.17107604 2.22637098 2.27846113 2.33570388 2.38956964
 2.4404791 2.49502846 2.54789818 2.60138809 2.65034166 2.69200149
 2.73983251 2.78879424 2.83924197 2.89328811 2.94809892 3.00221855
 3.05284095 3.10758895 3.16302443 3.21012688 3.26139188 3.31927847
 3.37794914 3.43913074]
```



my_x_edges

```
[2.12400496 2.14307285 2.16713147 2.203179 2.25542118 2.32797081  
2.42377446 2.54362306 2.68585652 2.84696932 3.02270427 3.209021  
3.40261866 3.60105122 3.80139375]
```



In []:

```
#Plotting histograms for Phi0
aux_list = [list_par_separated_e1[3],list_par_separated_e2[3], list_par_separated_o1[3],
            list_par_separated_o2[3], list_par_separated_c[3]]

list_times = [exp_entropy1.totaltimes(), exp_entropy2.totaltimes(), exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(),
              exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(), exp_control.totaltimes()]

names_for_approaches = ["Entropy 1 (Selected)", "Entropy 2 (All)", "On-the fly 1", "On-the fly 2", "Control-45 even"]
par_name = "Phi0"

# specify y-edges for all three histograms
y_min, y_max = MyPlots.finding_max_min(aux_list)
```

```

for i in range(len(aux_list)):
    MyPlots.plotting_hist_logtime(aux_list[i], names_for_approaches[i], par_name, y_mi

#####
#####GMM VERSION COMMENT OUT IF YOU DO NOT HAVE A GMM VERSION

# aux_list = [list_par_separated_e1_gmm[3], list_par_separated_e2_gmm[3], list_par_sep
#             list_par_separated_o2_gmm[3], list_par_separated_c_gmm[3]]

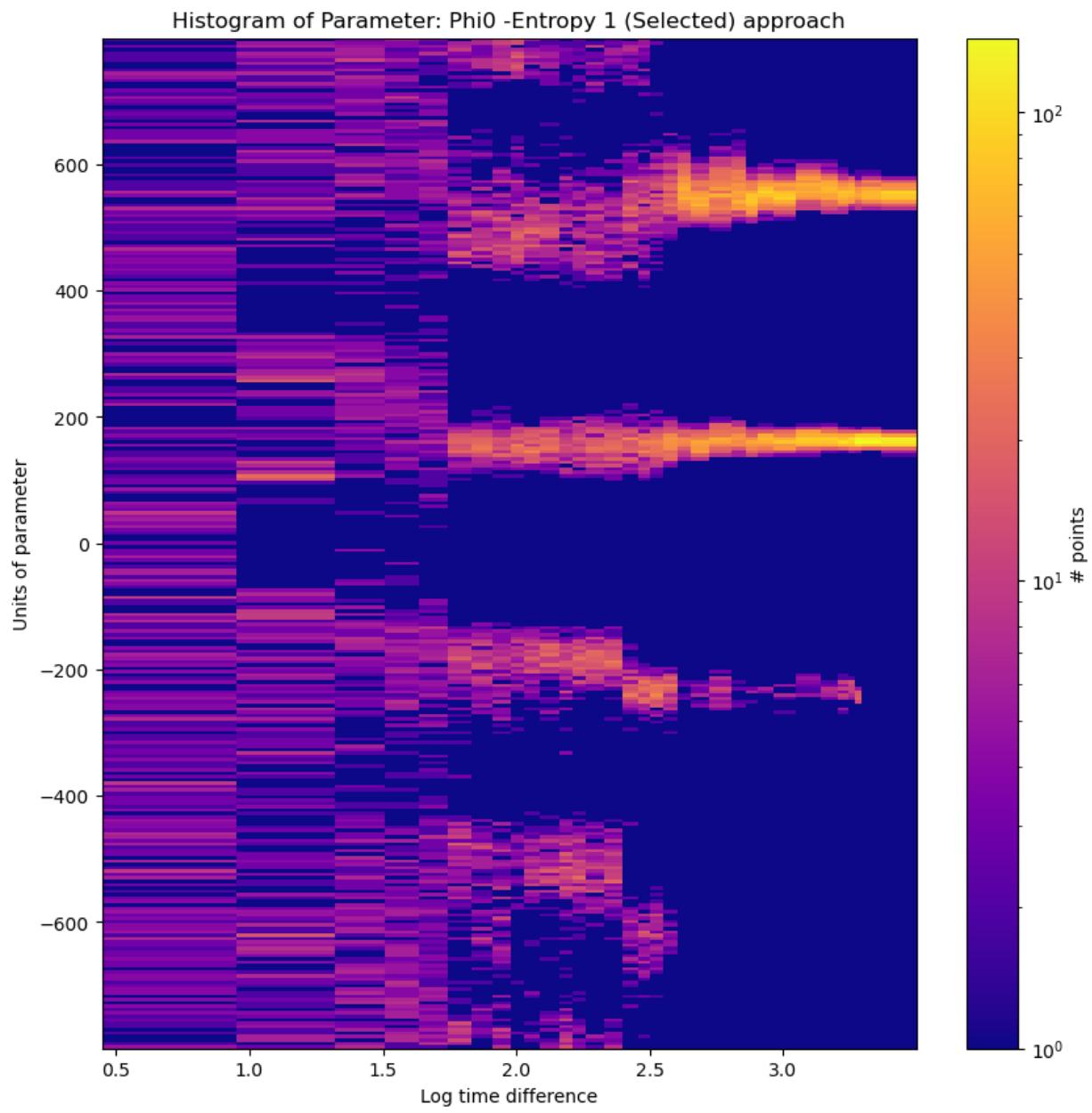
# names_for_approaches = ["Entropy 1 (Selected) GMM", "Entropy 2 (ALL) GMM", "On-the fl
#                         "Control-45 even GMM"]
# par_name = "Phi0"

#
# # specify y-edges for all three histograms
# y_min, y_max = MyPlots.finding_max_min(aux_list)

# for i in range(len(aux_list)):
#     MyPlots.plotting_hist(aux_list[i], names_for_approaches[i], par_name, y_min, y_n

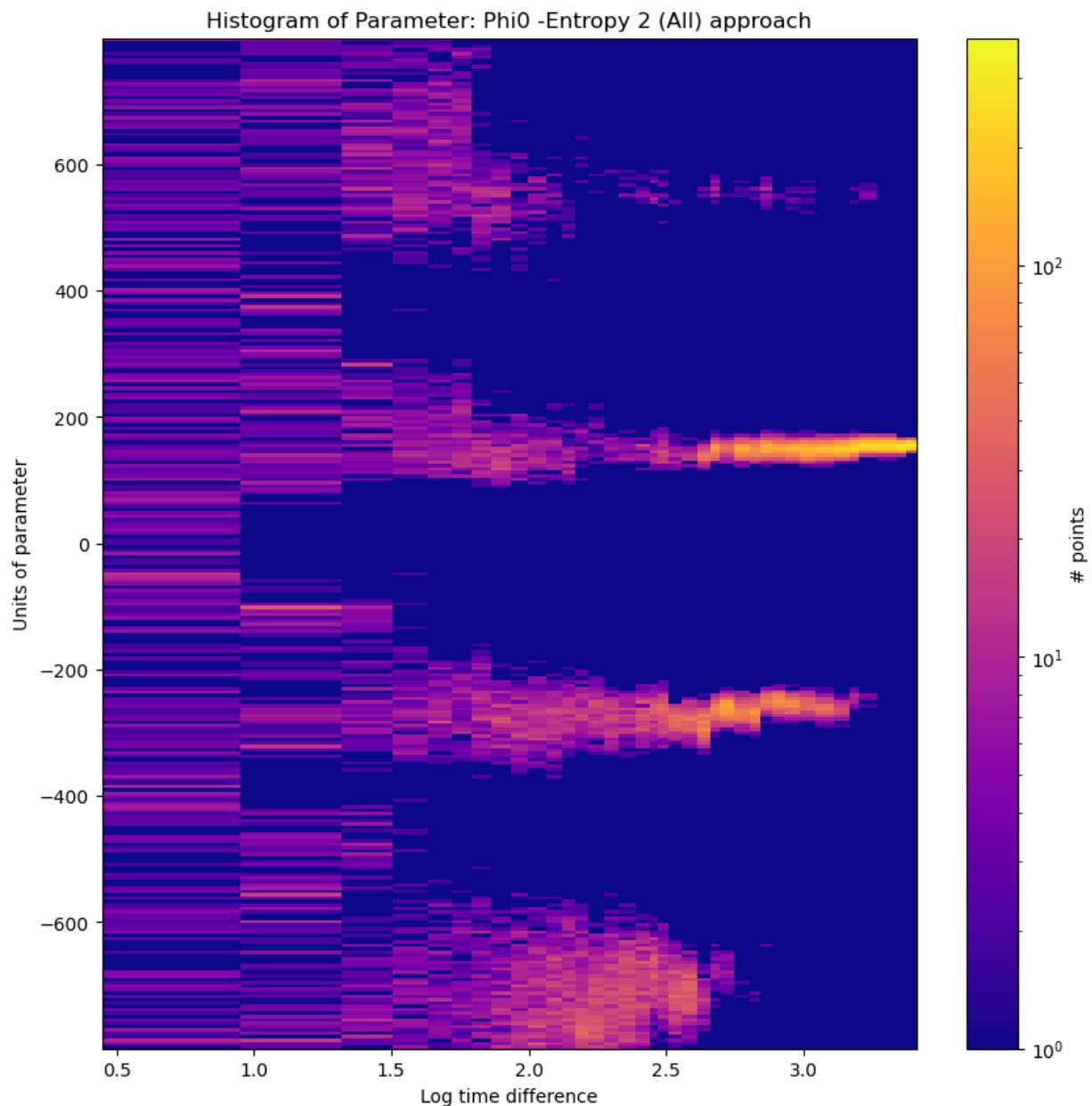
my x edges
[0.44639502 0.95154499 1.31774187 1.50557368 1.63498984 1.74272769
 1.83050944 1.91008283 1.97943661 2.0269083 2.08881828 2.16061222
 2.21074595 2.26186185 2.32921544 2.39594841 2.45579197 2.50125804
 2.55219229 2.6052847 2.65510974 2.72418739 2.80734028 2.86072328
 2.90388007 2.96602687 3.0492519 3.1411309 3.20713195 3.24442994
 3.26798023 3.29415742 3.36996744 3.4985517 ]

```



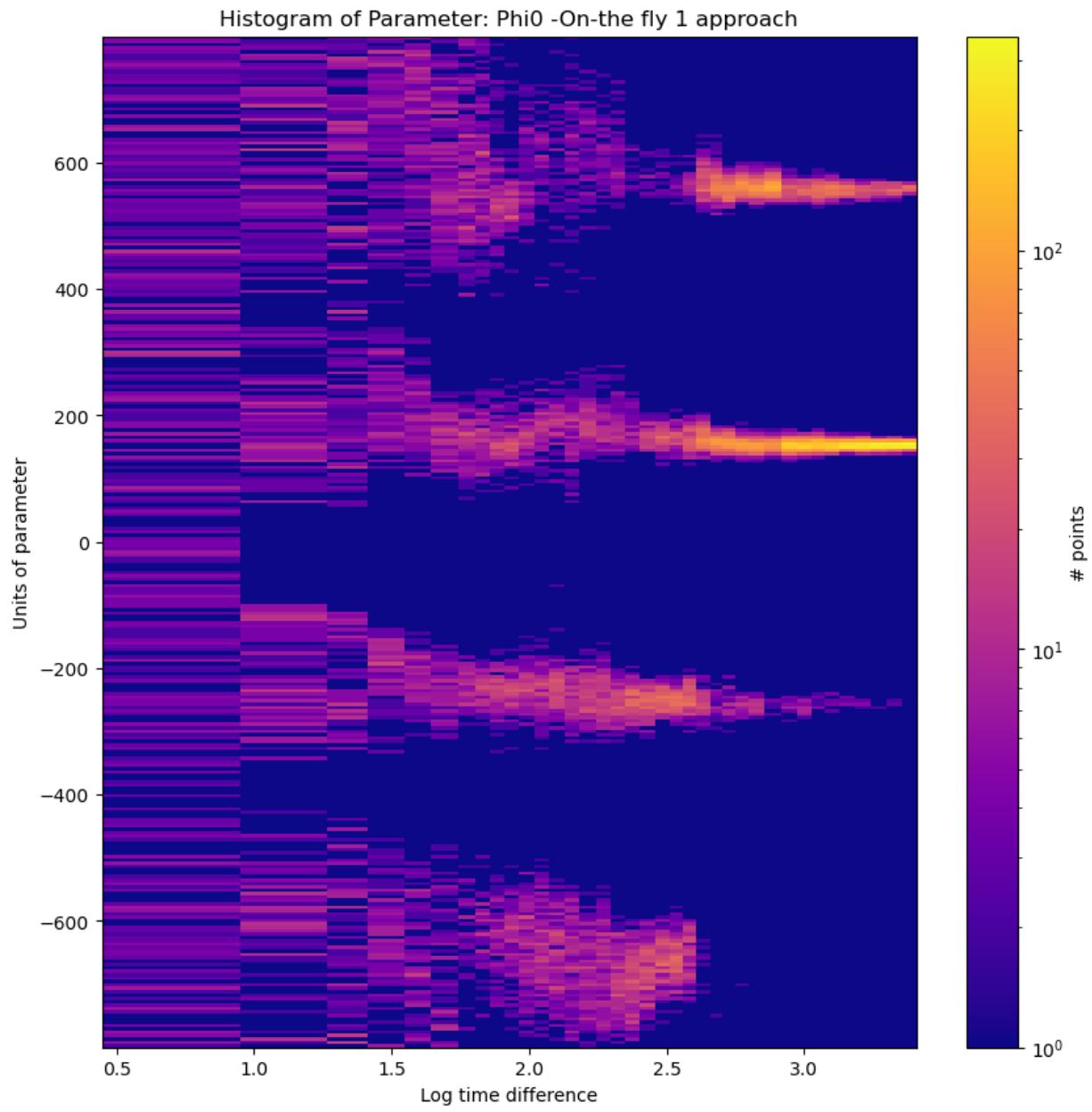
my x edges

```
[0.44639502 0.95154499 1.31774187 1.50557368 1.63498984 1.72044998
 1.78944125 1.86551887 1.93368955 1.99505089 2.06220452 2.12181476
 2.16869847 2.21762037 2.27296752 2.32546545 2.38789077 2.43996251
 2.47011073 2.51051997 2.55720065 2.61467453 2.66339217 2.69702697
 2.74562125 2.80238    2.84492702 2.88532973 2.93216611 2.98475581
 3.0442753   3.1081969 3.16564268 3.20220066 3.27005994 3.34112851
 3.37471937 3.40931831]
```



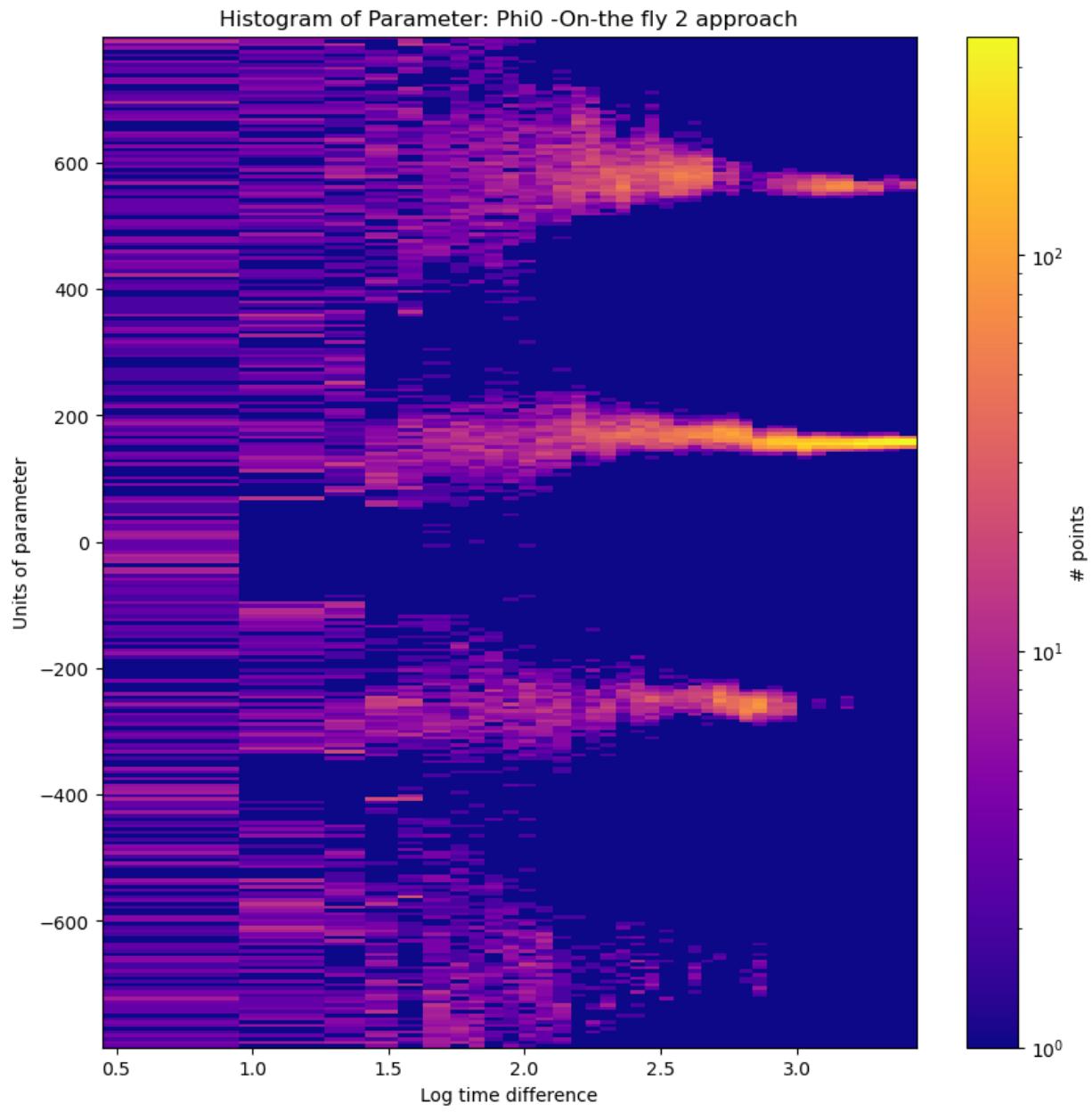
my x edges

```
[0.44639502 0.95154499 1.26316964 1.41368464 1.54711242 1.64324682
 1.74073877 1.80318351 1.85558475 1.91122789 1.96316759 2.01948022
 2.07340611 2.12741956 2.18306767 2.24275265 2.29775704 2.34720704
 2.4017414 2.45838616 2.51061901 2.56065071 2.60915022 2.65718061
 2.7047217 2.75214743 2.79919776 2.85347019 2.91548412 2.97237346
 3.02585956 3.07448248 3.12540436 3.18373907 3.24244474 3.30106135
 3.35582976 3.40698161]
```



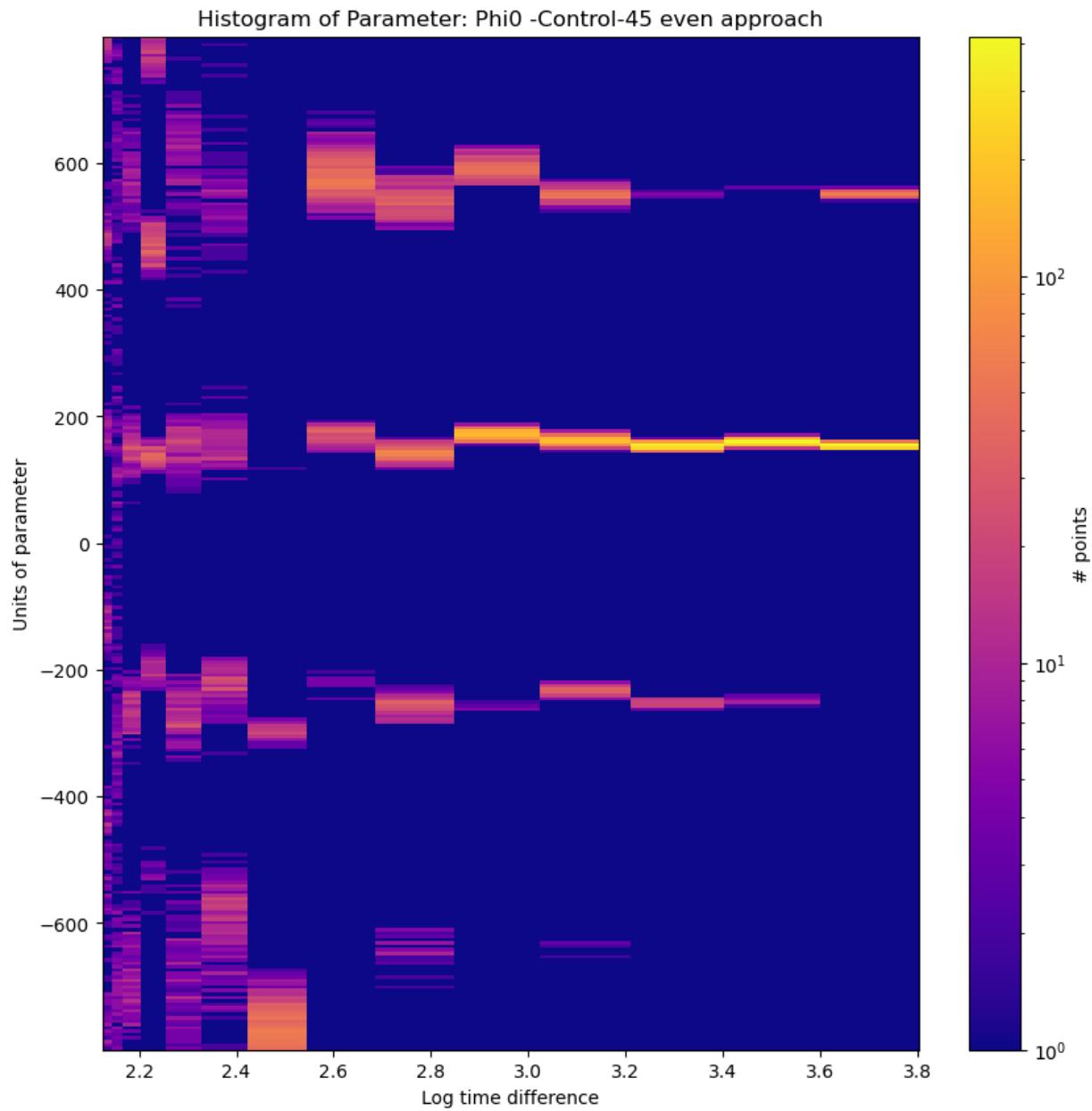
my x edges

```
[0.44639502 0.95154499 1.26316964 1.41368464 1.53667585 1.62472148
 1.72604662 1.79625765 1.8555356 1.92029574 1.98081054 2.03966319
 2.10436084 2.17107604 2.22637098 2.27846113 2.33570388 2.38956964
 2.4404791 2.49502846 2.54789818 2.60138809 2.65034166 2.69200149
 2.73983251 2.78879424 2.83924197 2.89328811 2.94809892 3.00221855
 3.05284095 3.10758895 3.16302443 3.21012688 3.26139188 3.31927847
 3.37794914 3.43913074]
```



my x edges

```
[2.12400496 2.14307285 2.16713147 2.203179 2.25542118 2.32797081  
2.42377446 2.54362306 2.68585652 2.84696932 3.02270427 3.209021  
3.40261866 3.60105122 3.80139375]
```



10.3 Entropy V.S Time

```
In [13]: #Notice we could also print the total entropy, instead, of the marginalized entropy.
#On-thefly always deals with the total entropy. You cannot choose a parameter of interest
times = [exp_entropy1.totaltimes(), exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(),
         exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(), exp_control.totaltimes(), exp_entropy2.totaltime]

entropies = [exp_entropy1.entropy(), exp_on_the_fly1.entropy(),
            exp_on_the_fly2.entropy(), exp_control.entropy(), exp_entropy2.entropy()]

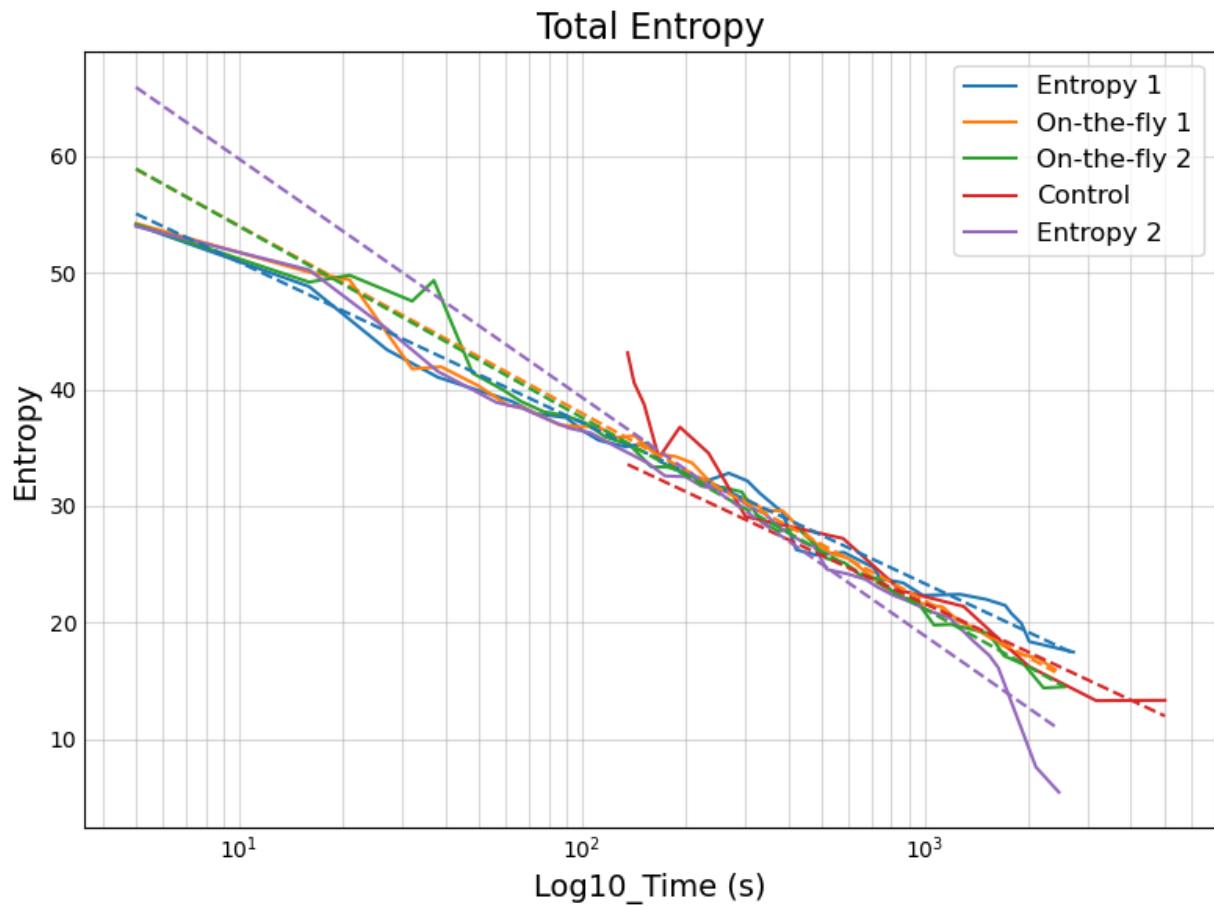
list_names = ["Entropy 1 ", "On-the-fly 1", "On-the-fly 2", "Control", "Entropy 2"]

MyPlots.plot_entropy_times(times, entropies, list_names, "Total Entropy")

#C1 blue entrop
#C2 yellow on the
#C3 green on the 2
```

```
#C4 red control
#C5 Purple entropy2
```

```
#Total Entropy
```



```
In [14]: #DELETE LATER THIS WORK ONLY IF YOU HAVE A GMM
```

```
#Entropy 1 Comparisson
#Blue fast mvn
#Orange gmm
```

```
# MyPlots.plot_entropy_times([exp_entropy1.totaltimes(), exp_entropy1_gmm.totaltimes()]
#                               [exp_entropy1.entropy(), exp_entropy1_gmm.entropy()])
# plt.savefig("entropy1 total entropy mvn_blue gmm_orange.png")
```

```
In [15]: #DELETE LATER THIS WORK ONLY IF YOU HAVE A GMM
```

```
#Entropy 2 Comparisson
#Blue fast mvn
#Orange gmm
```

```
#COMMENT OUT IF YOU DO NOT HAVE A GMM VERSION
```

```
# MyPlots.plot_entropy_times([exp_entropy2.totaltimes(), exp_entropy2_gmm.totaltimes()]
#                               [exp_entropy2.entropy(), exp_entropy2_gmm.entropy()])
```

```
In [16]: #On the fly Comparisson
#Blue fast mvn
#Orange gmm
```

```
# MyPlots.plot_entropy_times([exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(), exp_on_the_fly1_gmm.totaltimes()]
#                                         [exp_on_the_fly1.entropy(), exp_on_the_fly1_gmm.entropy()])
```

In [17]: #On the fly 2- Total Entropy Comparisson
#Blue fast mvn
#Orange gmm

```
# MyPlots.plot_entropy_times([exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(), exp_on_the_fly2_gmm.totaltimes()]
#                                         [exp_on_the_fly2.entropy(), exp_on_the_fly2_gmm.entropy()])
```

In []:

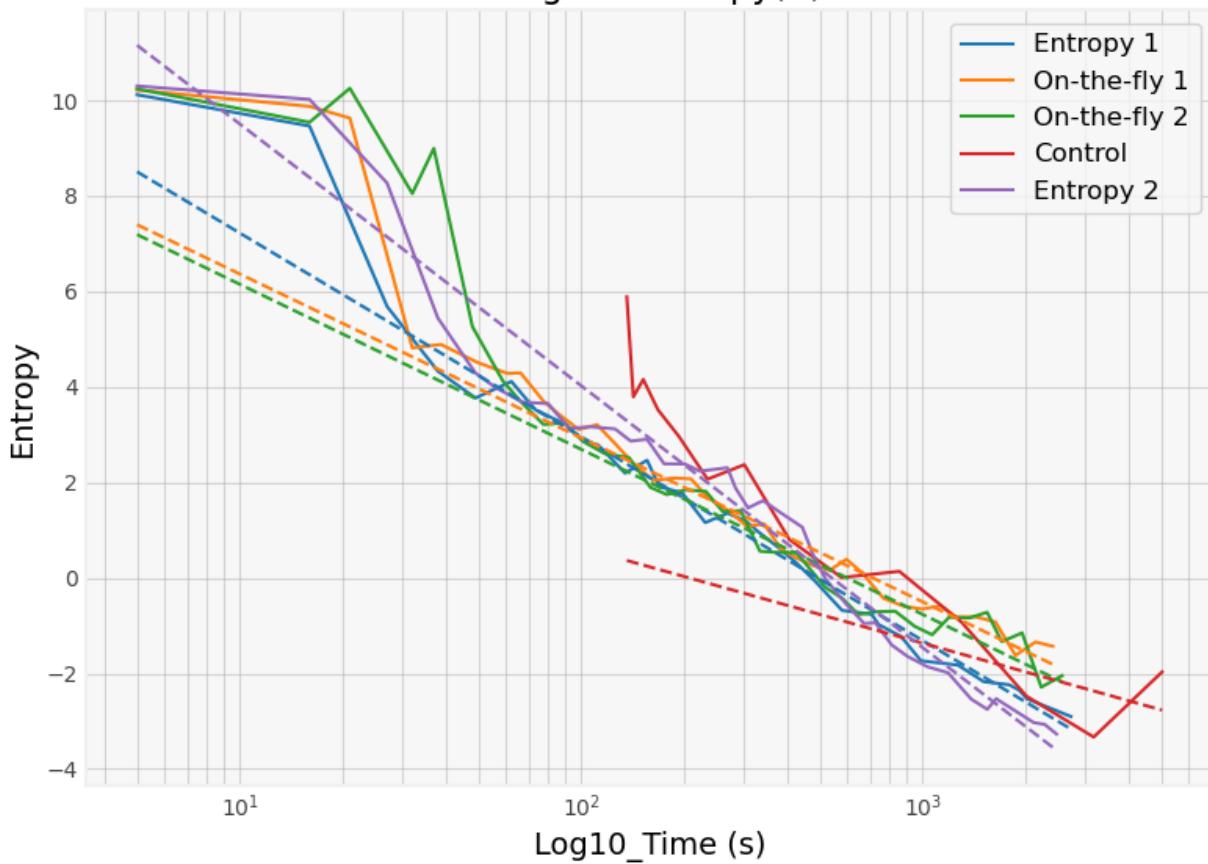
In [18]: #Ask REMEMBER THE RETURN OF ENOTROPY_MARG() BC entropy2 does not have a marginal
times = [exp_entropy1.totaltimes(), exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(),
 exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(), exp_control.totaltimes(), exp_entropy2.totaltimes()]

list_names = ["Entropy 1 ", "On-the-fly 1", "On-the-fly 2", "Control", "Entropy 2"]

#Rememeber that the marginal entropy for entropy2 apporach is the same as total entropy
#is not selecting any parameters. Thus, we calculate here using the select of any of the
#approaches that it must be same.
entro = [calc_entropy(this_pts, select_pars=exp_on_the_fly2.settings.sel,
 options=exp_entropy2.settings.entropy_options)[0] for this_pts in exp_
 _pts]

entropies = [exp_entropy1.entropy_marg(), exp_on_the_fly1.entropy_marg(),
 exp_on_the_fly2.entropy_marg(), exp_control.entropy_marg(), entro]
MyPlots.plot_entropy_times(times, entropies, list_names, "Marginal Entropy(A)")

Marginal Entropy(A)



In [19]: *#DELETE LATER THIS WORK ONLY IF YOU HAVE A GMM*

```
#Entropy 1 Marginal Comparisson
#Blue fast mvn
#Orange gmm
```

```
# MyPlots.plot_entropy_times([exp_entropy1.totaltimes(), exp_entropy1_gmm.totaltimes()]
#                           [exp_entropy1.entropy_marg(), exp_entropy1_gmm.entropy_marg()])
```

In [20]: *#Entropy 2- Marginal Comparisson*

```
# #####Comment out unless you have a GMM version
# gmm_setting= {'method': 'gmm', 'n_components': None}
# entro1 = recalculating_entropy(exp_entropy2, exp_on_the_fly2.settings.sel,gmm_setting)
# entro2 = recalculating_entropy(exp_entropy2_gmm, exp_on_the_fly2.settings.sel,gmm_setting)
# #Blue fast mvn
# #Orange gmm
# MyPlots.plot_entropy_times([exp_entropy2.totaltimes(), exp_entropy2_gmm.totaltimes()]
#                           [entro1, entro2])
```

In [21]: *#DELETE LATER THIS WORK ONLY IF YOU HAVE A GMM*

```
#On the fly 1 Marginal Comparisson
#Blue fast mvn
#Orange gmm

#Comment out if you do not have GMM version
```

```
# MyPlots.plot_entropy_times([exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(), exp_on_the_fly1_gmm.totalt
#                                         [exp_on_the_fly1.entropy_marg(), exp_on_the_fly1_gmm.entr
```

In [22]: *#DELETE LATER THIS WORK ONLY IF YOU HAVE A GMM*

```
#On the fly 1 Marginal Comparisson
#Blue fast mvn
#Orange gmm
```

```
# MyPlots.plot_entropy_times([exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(), exp_on_the_fly2_gmm.totalt
#                                         [exp_on_the_fly2.entropy_marg(), exp_on_the_fly2_gmm.entr
```

Helper Functions for Estimator of PDF and Log-likelihoods

These function will be used in the remaining sections

.....

estimator_avg_at

Note: In my opinion, the estimator_avg_at causes an error in some cases bc at some points of the iteration the values are concentrate around the ground truth. Thus, there are no many points to take on the left or right of the interval. So the checking below alert us!

```
if (left_value_index < 0) or (right_value_index > (NUMBER_SAMPLES - 1)): Alert!
```

"" Note: Notice compute_likelohs assumes independence of the parameters (columns). It is using David's estimator for pdf. Ask But can we assume that?

""" Notes likelihood_helper_kde:

1. Using KDE to estimate the pdf. Notice that KDE is a non-parametric estimator. However, it assumes independent samples; this could be a problem. Remember each sample is measurement point in the main loop is chosen based in the previous results.
2. Ask about the bandwidth for this function. In the next functions, we use a kde in a single feature (a parameter or a y at a given measurement place); so we can use the std as the bandwidth. We use the std bc all the other methods s.a. silverman or scott gave us terrible estimators. Thus, it may be the case that they are terrible estimators since we are using silverman. In this case, I am using "silverman". Since it is a multidimesonal pdf I cannot use just the std. Should I tried to use something similar to the std?
""" #likelihood_helper_kde

10.4 Estimator of Log Likelihoods for the Y's

We will use David's estimator and a multidimensional Kde

Using David's Estimator

In [23]:

```
#all_total_Likelihoods
#At each iteration, we have a y-profiles. We compute the likelihood at each x and add
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy1_for_ys = MyPlots.compute_likelihoods(exp_entropy1,
                                                                           exp_entropy2)
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy2_for_ys = MyPlots.compute_likelihoods(exp_entropy1,
                                                                           exp_entropy2)
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly1_for_ys = MyPlots.compute_likelihoods(exp_on_the_fly1,
                                                                           exp_on_the_fly2)
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly2_for_ys = MyPlots.compute_likelihoods(exp_on_the_fly1,
                                                                           exp_on_the_fly2)

Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_control_for_ys = MyPlots.compute_likelihoods(exp_control1,
                                                                           exp_control2)
#Sum_Likelihoods_at_each_iter_control_for_ys = compute_likelihoods(total_yprofs_control)
```

ERROR: the ground truth to estimate is too close to one extreme. So, we do not have enough samples either on the left or right of the ground truth

This is the left index

839

this is right index

840

ERROR: the ground truth to estimate is too close to one extreme. So, we do not have enough samples either on the left or right of the ground truth

This is the left index

839

this is right index

840

ERROR: the ground truth to estimate is too close to one extreme. So, we do not have enough samples either on the left or right of the ground truth

This is the left index

839

this is right index

840

ERROR: the ground truth to estimate is too close to one extreme. So, we do not have enough samples either on the left or right of the ground truth

This is the left index

839

this is right index

840

ERROR: the ground truth to estimate is too close to one extreme. So, we do not have enough samples either on the left or right of the ground truth

This is the left index

839

this is right index

840

C:\Users\rober\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\numpy\core\fromnumeric.py:3432: RuntimeWarning: Mean of empty slice.

 return _methods._mean(a, axis=axis, dtype=dtype,

C:\Users\rober\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\numpy\core_methods.py:190: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in double_scalars

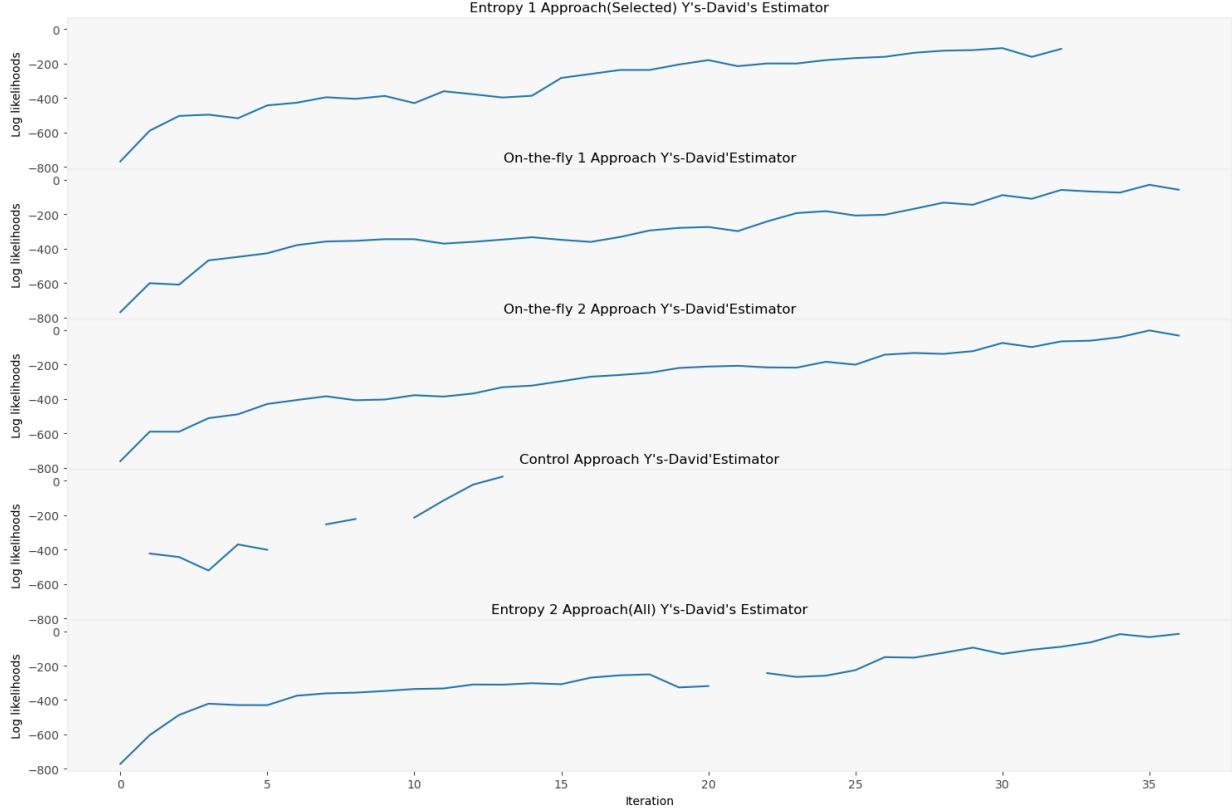
 ret = ret.dtype.type(ret / rcount)

ERROR: the ground truth to estimate is too close to one extreme. So, we do not have enought samples eitheron the left or right of the ground truth
This is the left index
839
this is righth index
840
ERROR: the ground truth to estimate is too close to one extreme. So, we do not have enought samples eitheron the left or right of the ground truth
This is the left index
839
this is righth index
840
ERROR: the ground truth to estimate is too close to one extreme. So, we do not have enought samples eitheron the left or right of the ground truth
This is the left index
839
this is righth index
840
ERROR: the ground truth to estimate is too close to one extreme. So, we do not have enought samples eitheron the left or right of the ground truth
This is the left index
839
this is righth index
840
ERROR: the ground truth to estimate is too close to one extreme. So, we do not have enought samples eitheron the left or right of the ground truth
This is the left index
839
this is righth index
840
ERROR: the ground truth to estimate is too close to one extreme. So, we do not have enought samples eitheron the left or right of the ground truth
This is the left index
839
this is righth index
840
ERROR: the ground truth to estimate is too close to one extreme. So, we do not have enought samples eitheron the left or right of the ground truth
This is the left index
839
this is righth index
840
ERROR: the ground truth to estimate is too close to one extreme. So, we do not have enought samples eitheron the left or right of the ground truth
This is the left index
839
this is righth index
840
ERROR: the ground truth to estimate is too close to one extreme. So, we do not have enought samples eitheron the left or right of the ground truth
This is the left index
-1
this is righth index
0
ERROR: the ground truth to estimate is too close to one extreme. So, we do not have enought samples eitheron the left or right of the ground truth
This is the left index
-1
this is righth index
0

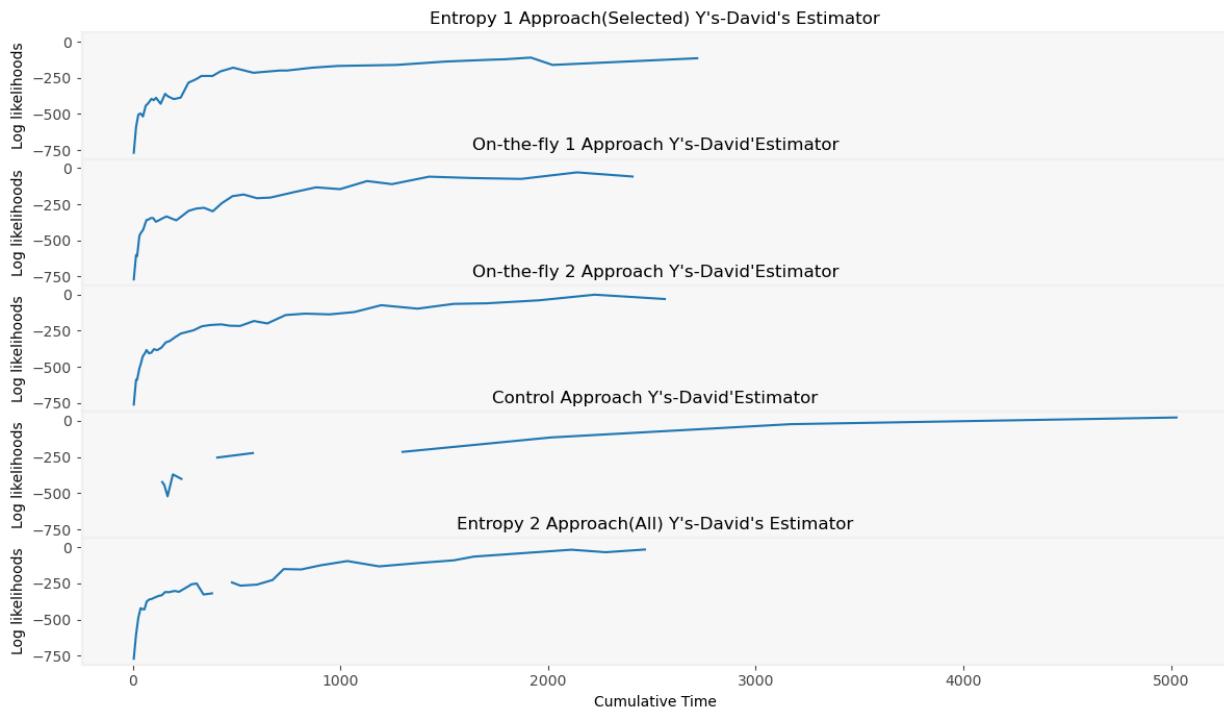

```
In [24]: MyPlots.plot_likelihood_iterations(5,1), [Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy1_for_ys,  
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly1_for_  
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly2_for_  
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_control_for_ys,  
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy2_for_ys]
```

```
[ "Entropy 1 Approach(Selected) Y's-David's Estimator",
  "On-the-fly 1 Approach Y's-David'Estimator",
  "On-the-fly 2 Approach Y's-David'Estimator",
  "Control Approach Y's-David'Estimator",
  "Entropy 2 Approach(All) Y's-David's Estimator" ])
```

#REMEMBER: CONTROL TAKES A DIFFERENT NUMBER OF POINTS THAN THE OTHER APPORACHES.



```
In [25]: #Add Later the other apporaches to this plot
#[exp_entropy.totaltimes()[1:], exp_on_the_fly.totaltimes()[1:], exp_control.totaltime
MyPlots.plot_likelihood_time(5,1, [Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy1_for_ys,
                                    Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly1_for_
                                    Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly2_for_
                                    Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_control_for_ys,
                                    Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy2_for_ys
], [exp_entropy1.totaltimes(), exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(),
  exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(), exp_control.totaltimes(),
  exp_entropy2.totaltimes()],
  ["Entropy 1 Approach(Selected) Y's-David's Estimator",
   "On-the-fly 1 Approach Y's-David'Estimator",
   "On-the-fly 2 Approach Y's-David'Estimator",
   "Control Approach Y's-David'Estimator",
   "Entropy 2 Approach(All) Y's-David's Estimator"])
```



Using Multi-Dimensional KDE

```
In [26]: #all_total_likelihoods
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy1_for_ys_kde = MyPlots.likelihood_helper_kde(exp_en
exp_er

Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy2_for_ys_kde = MyPlots.likelihood_helper_kde(exp_en
exp_er

Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly1_for_ys_kde = MyPlots.likelihood_helper_kde(exp_en
exp_er

Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly2_for_ys_kde = MyPlots.likelihood_helper_kde(exp_en
exp_er

Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_control_for_ys_kde = MyPlots.likelihood_helper_kde(exp_co
exp_cr

#Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_control_for_ys_kde = likelihood_helper_kde(total_yprof_
```

C:\Users\rober\FINAL NIST PROJECT\datastruct.py:346: VisibleDeprecationWarning: Creating an ndarray from ragged nested sequences (which is a list-or-tuple of lists-or-tuples-or ndarrays with different lengths or shapes) is deprecated. If you meant to do this, you must specify 'dtype=object' when creating the ndarray.

```
    return np.array(all_yprof)
```

C:\Users\rober\FINAL NIST PROJECT\datastruct.py:346: VisibleDeprecationWarning: Creating an ndarray from ragged nested sequences (which is a list-or-tuple of lists-or-tuples-or ndarrays with different lengths or shapes) is deprecated. If you meant to do this, you must specify 'dtype=object' when creating the ndarray.

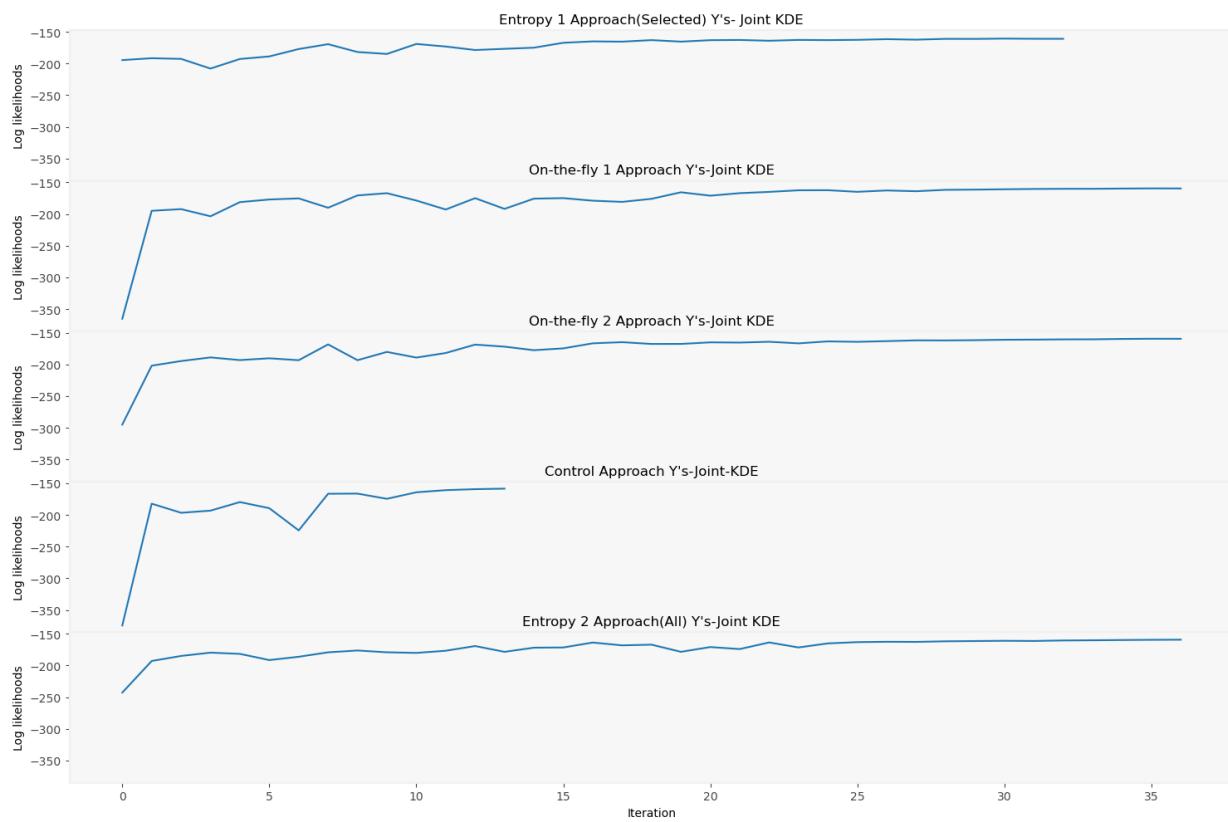
```
    return np.array(all_yprof)
```

```
In [27]: #Add Later the other approaches to this plot
```

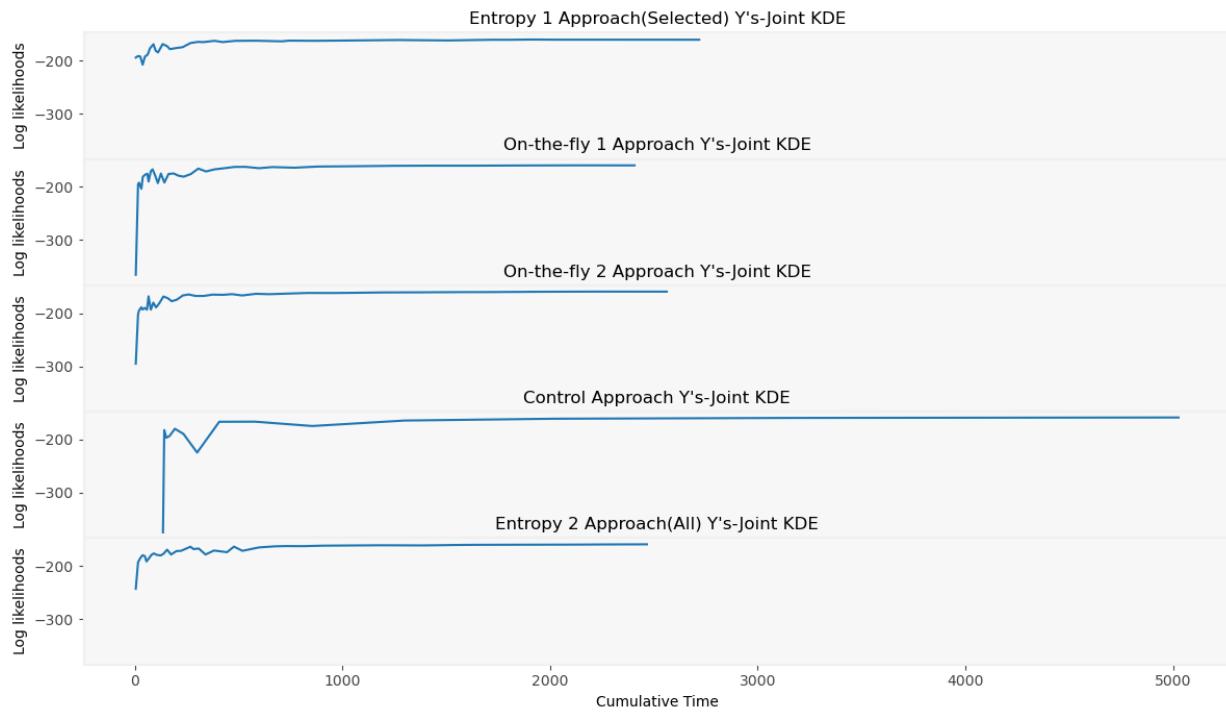
```
MyPlots.plot_likelihood_iterations(5,1
    , [Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy1_for_ys_kde,
     Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly1_for_ys_kde,
     Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly2_for_ys_kde,
     Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_control_for_ys_kde,
     Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy2_for_ys_kde]
    , ["Entropy 1 Approach(Selected) Y's- Joint KDE",
```

Run Plots

"On-the-fly 1 Approach Y's-Joint KDE",
 "On-the-fly 2 Approach Y's-Joint KDE",
 "Control Approach Y's-Joint-KDE",
 "Entropy 2 Approach(All) Y's-Joint KDE"])



```
In [28]: MyPlots.plot_likelihood_time(5,1
,[Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy1_for_ys_kde,
 Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly1_for_ys_kde,
 Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly2_for_ys_kde,
 Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_control_for_ys_kde,
 Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy2_for_ys_kde
],
[exp_entropy1.totaltimes(),
 exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(),
 exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(),
 exp_control.totaltimes(),
 exp_entropy2.totaltimes()
],
["Entropy 1 Approach(Selected) Y's-Joint KDE",
 "On-the-fly 1 Approach Y's-Joint KDE",
 "On-the-fly 2 Approach Y's-Joint KDE",
 "Control Approach Y's-Joint KDE",
 "Entropy 2 Approach(All) Y's-Joint KDE"])
```



8.5 Estimator of log-likelihood for the Parameters

The log likelihoods estimator will be computed with two fitting: The log likelihoods are computed for the ground truth values.

We compute the log likelihoods in two ways:

-David's estimator for pdf: by default this estimator calculate the pdf for each parameter separately. It is equivalent to the second fitting in Kde

-Kde estimator for pdf: For the kde we use two approaches The first fitting will use all the samples for all the parameters at a given iteration

The second fitting will use only the data for one parameter to estimate a pdf of each parameter at a given iteration

David's Estimator for Parameters

In [29]:

```
#all_total_Likelihoods
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy1_for_pars = MyPlots.compute_likelihoods(exp_entropy1,
                                                                           exp_entropy1,
                                                                           3)
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy2_for_pars = MyPlots.compute_likelihoods(exp_entropy2,
                                                                           exp_entropy2,
                                                                           3)

Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly1_for_pars = MyPlots.compute_likelihoods(exp_on_the_fly1,
                                                                           exp_on_the_fly1,
                                                                           3)

Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly2_for_pars = MyPlots.compute_likelihoods(exp_on_the_fly2,
                                                                           exp_on_the_fly2,
                                                                           3)
```

```
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_control_for_pars = MyPlots.compute_likelihoods(exp_contrexp_c  
3)  
#Sum_Likelihoods_at_each_iter_control_for_pars = compute_likelihoods(total_pts_control
```

ERROR: the ground truth to estimate is too close to one extreme. So, we do not have enought samples eitheron the left or right of the ground truth

This is the left index

836

this is righth index

841

ERROR: the ground truth to estimate is too close to one extreme. So, we do not have enought samples eitheron the left or right of the ground truth

This is the left index

835

this is righth index

840

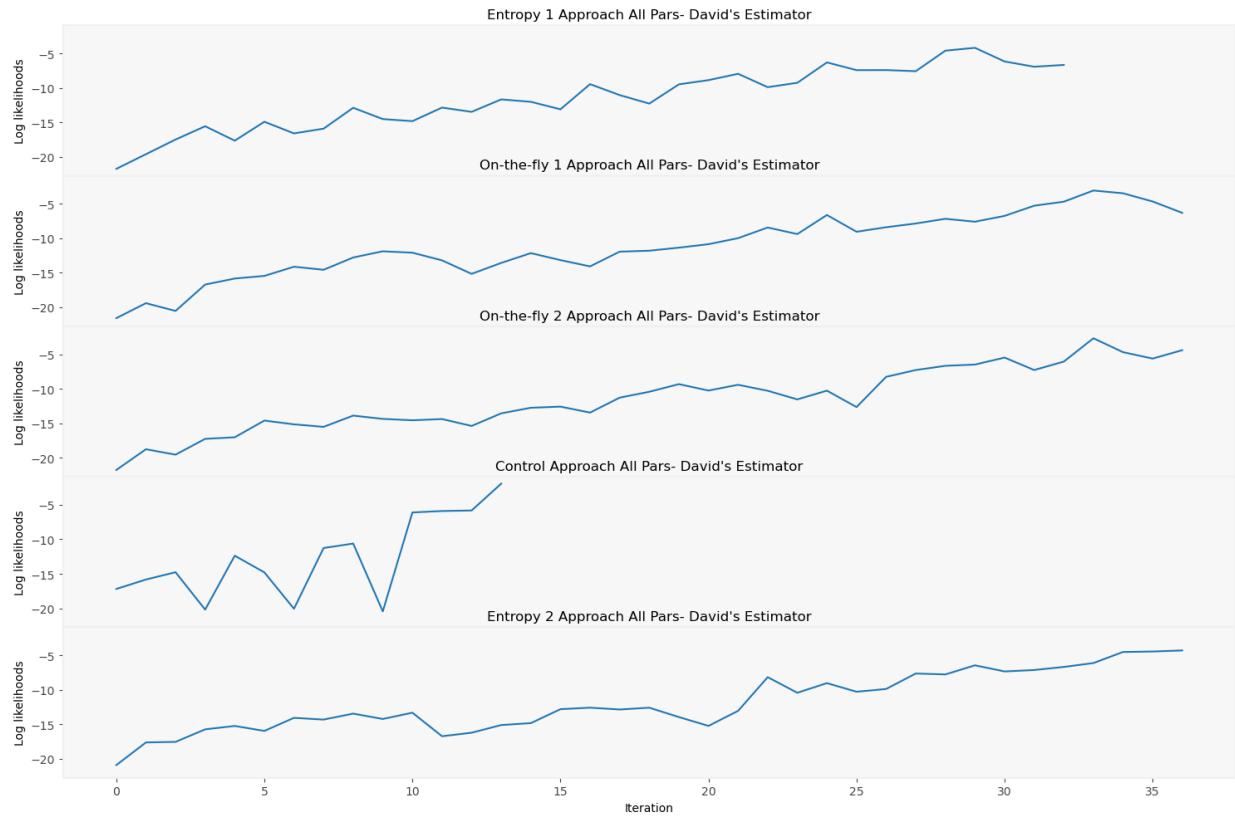
```
C:\Users\rober\FINAL NIST PROJECT\datastruct.py:353: VisibleDeprecationWarning: Creating an ndarray from ragged nested sequences (which is a list-or-tuple of lists-or-tuples-or ndarrays with different lengths or shapes) is deprecated. If you meant to do this, you must specify 'dtype=object' when creating the ndarray.
```

```
    return np.array(all_pts)
```

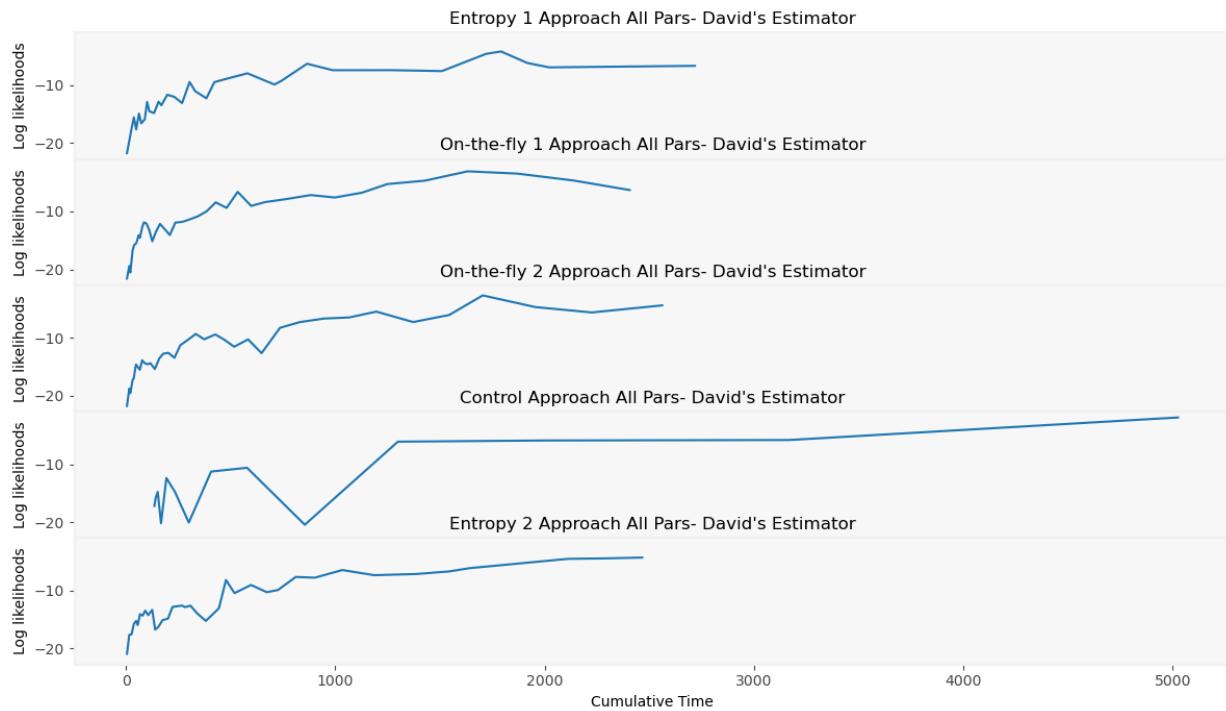
In [30]:

```
MyPlots.plot_likelihood_iterations(5,1,  
                                    [Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy1_for_pars,  
                                     Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly1_for_pars,  
                                     Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly2_for_pars,  
                                     Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_control_for_pars,  
                                     Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy2_for_pars,  
                                     ],  
                                    ["Entropy 1 Approach All Pars- David's Estimator",  
                                     "On-the-fly 1 Approach All Pars- David's Estimator",  
                                     "On-the-fly 2 Approach All Pars- David's Estimator",  
                                     "Control Approach All Pars- David's Estimator",  
                                     "Entropy 2 Approach All Pars- David's Estimator"  
                                     ])  
#help(plot_Likelihood_iterations)
```

Run Plots



```
In [31]: MyPlots.plot_likelihood_time(5,1,
    [Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy1_for_pars,
     Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly1_for_pars,
     Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly2_for_pars,
     Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_control_for_pars,
     Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy2_for_pars
    ],
    [exp_entropy1.totaltimes(),
     exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(),
     exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(),
     exp_control.totaltimes(),
     exp_entropy2.totaltimes()
    ],
    ["Entropy 1 Approach All Pars- David's Estimator",
     "On-the-fly 1 Approach All Pars- David's Estimator",
     "On-the-fly 2 Approach All Pars- David's Estimator",
     "Control Approach All Pars- David's Estimator",
     "Entropy 2 Approach All Pars- David's Estimator"
    ])
```



Multidimensional KDE Estimator for Parameters

Combined Parameters

```
In [32]: #all_total_Likelihoods
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy1_for_pars_kde = MyPlots.likelihood_helper_kde(exp_entropy1.get_t
                                         exp_entropy1.get_t
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy2_for_pars_kde = MyPlots.likelihood_helper_kde(exp_entropy2.get_t
                                         exp_entropy2.get_t
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly1_for_pars_kde = MyPlots.likelihood_helper_kde(exp_on_the_fly1.get_t
                                         exp_on_the_fly1.get_t
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly2_for_pars_kde = MyPlots.likelihood_helper_kde(exp_on_the_fly2.get_t
                                         exp_on_the_fly2.get_t
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_control_for_pars_kde = MyPlots.likelihood_helper_kde(exp_control.get_t
                                         exp_control.get_t)
```

C:\Users\rober\FINAL NIST PROJECT\datastruct.py:353: VisibleDeprecationWarning: Creating an ndarray from ragged nested sequences (which is a list-or-tuple of lists-or-tuples-or ndarrays with different lengths or shapes) is deprecated. If you meant to do this, you must specify 'dtype=object' when creating the ndarray.

```
    return np.array(all_pts)
```

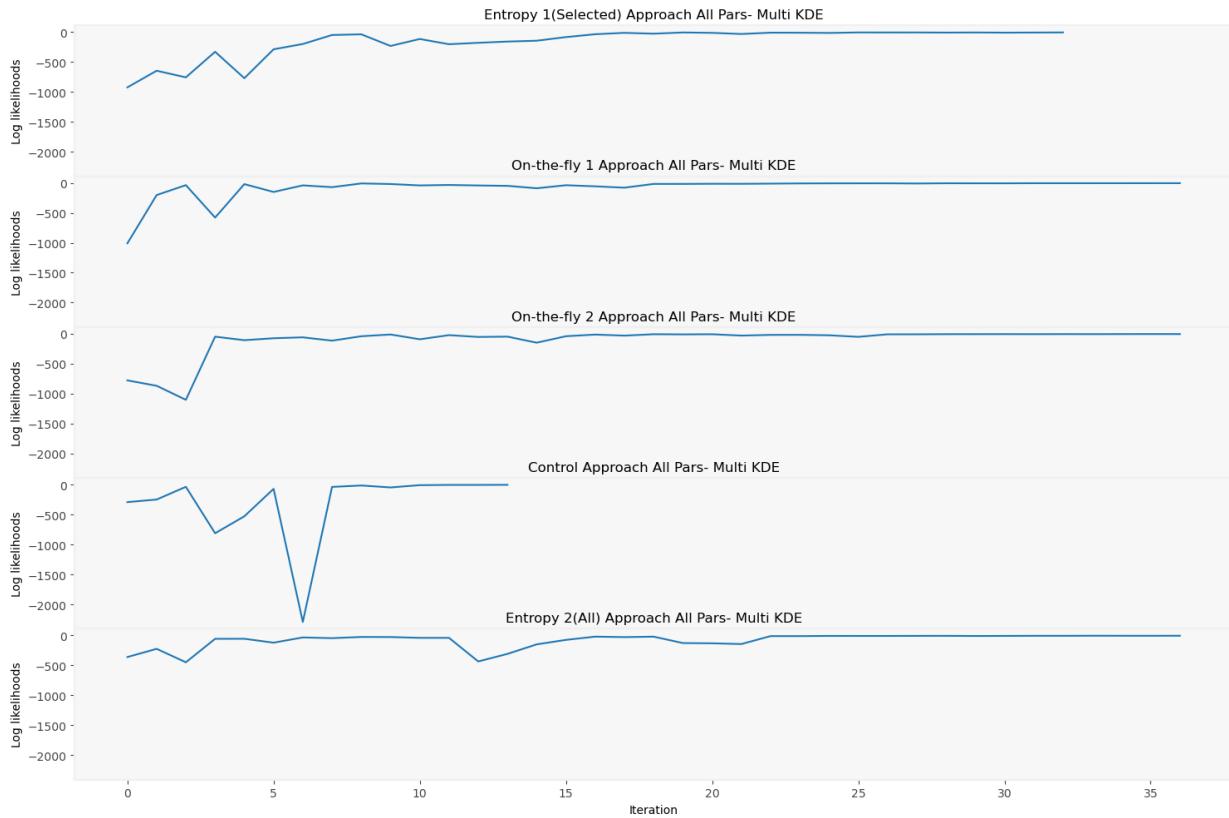
C:\Users\rober\FINAL NIST PROJECT\datastruct.py:353: VisibleDeprecationWarning: Creating an ndarray from ragged nested sequences (which is a list-or-tuple of lists-or-tuples-or ndarrays with different lengths or shapes) is deprecated. If you meant to do this, you must specify 'dtype=object' when creating the ndarray.

```
    return np.array(all_pts)
```

```
In [33]: MyPlots.plot_likelihood_iterations(5,1,
                                         [Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy1_for_pars_kde,
                                          Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly1_for_pars_kde,
                                          Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly2_for_pars_kde,
```

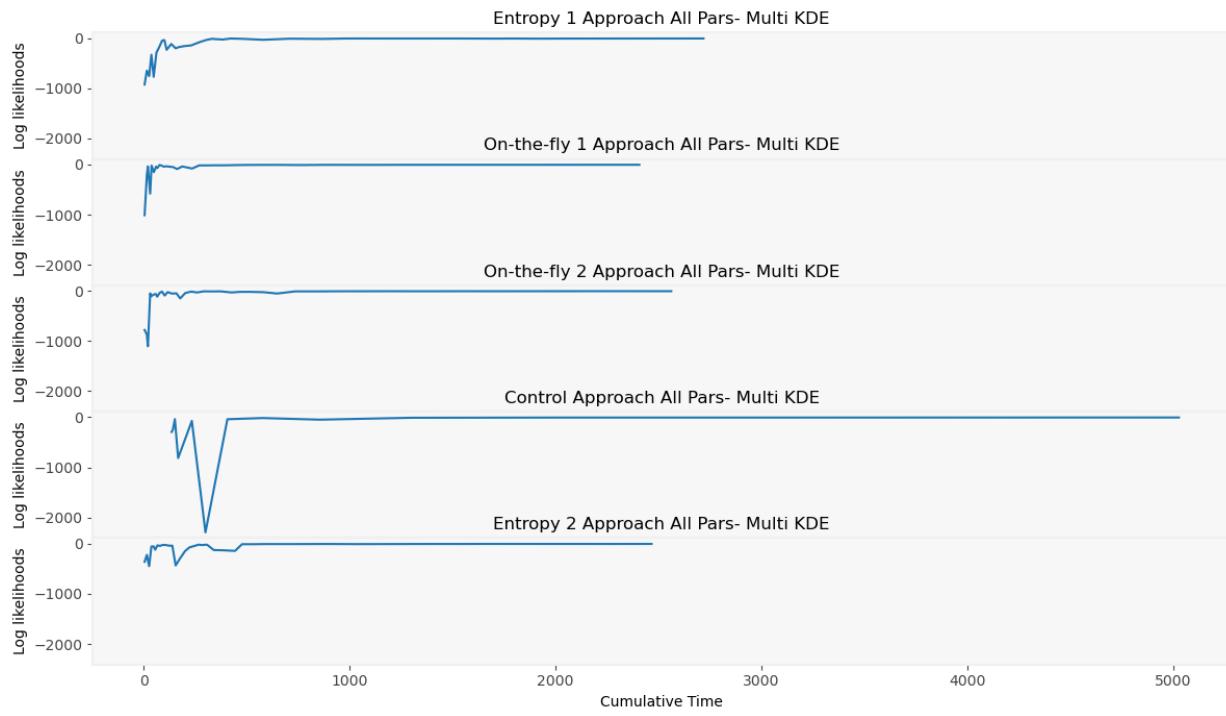
Run Plots

```
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_control_for_pars_kde,
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy2_for_pars_kde
]
,[ "Entropy 1(Selected) Approach All Pars- Multi KDE",
"On-the-fly 1 Approach All Pars- Multi KDE",
"On-the-fly 2 Approach All Pars- Multi KDE",
"Control Approach All Pars- Multi KDE",
"Entropy 2(All) Approach All Pars- Multi KDE"
])
```



In [34]: MyPlots.plot_likelihood_time(5,1,

```
[Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy1_for_pars_kde,
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly1_for_pars_kde,
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_on_the_fly2_for_pars_kde,
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_control_for_pars_kde,
Sum_likelihoods_at_each_iter_entropy2_for_pars_kde
],
[exp_entropy1.totaltimes(),
exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(),
exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(),
exp_control.totaltimes(),
exp_entropy2.totaltimes()
],
[ "Entropy 1 Approach All Pars- Multi KDE",
"On-the-fly 1 Approach All Pars- Multi KDE",
"On-the-fly 2 Approach All Pars- Multi KDE",
"Control Approach All Pars- Multi KDE",
"Entropy 2 Approach All Pars- Multi KDE"
])
```



Separated for each parameter. We will use the kde in the data for each parameter to build independent pdf's for each parameter

```
In [35]: #Example with entropy approach
kdes_entropy1, log_pars_entropy1 = MyPlots.kdes_and_loglikelihoods_for_pars(exp_entropy1)
exp_entropy1.get_true()

kdes_entropy2, log_pars_entropy2 = MyPlots.kdes_and_loglikelihoods_for_pars(exp_entropy2)
exp_entropy2.get_true()

#Example with on-the-fly approach
kdes_on_the_fly1, log_pars_on_the_fly1 = MyPlots.kdes_and_loglikelihoods_for_pars(exp_on_the_fly1)
exp_on_the_fly1.get_true()

kdes_on_the_fly2, log_pars_on_the_fly2 = MyPlots.kdes_and_loglikelihoods_for_pars(exp_on_the_fly2)
exp_on_the_fly2.get_true()

kdes_control, log_pars_control = MyPlots.kdes_and_loglikelihoods_for_pars(exp_control)
exp_control.get_true()

#####
##### Comment out the section below. It makes sense only if you have a GMM version #####
#####

# #Example with entropy approach
# kdes_entropy1_gmm, log_pars_entropy1_gmm = MyPlots.kdes_and_LogLikelihoods_for_pars(
# exp_entropy1_gmm.get_true()

# kdes_entropy2_gmm, log_pars_entropy2_gmm = MyPlots.kdes_and_LogLikelihoods_for_pars(
# exp_entropy2_gmm.get_true()

# #Example with on-the-fly approach
# kdes_on_the_fly1_gmm, log_pars_on_the_fly1_gmm = MyPlots.kdes_and_LogLikelihoods_for_pars(
# exp_on_the_fly1.get_true()

# kdes_on_the_fly2_gmm, log_pars_on_the_fly2_gmm = MyPlots.kdes_and_LogLikelihoods_for_pars(
# exp_on_the_fly2.get_true()

# kdes_control_gmm, log_pars_control_gmm = MyPlots.kdes_and_LogLikelihoods_for_pars(
# exp_control_gmm.get_true()
```

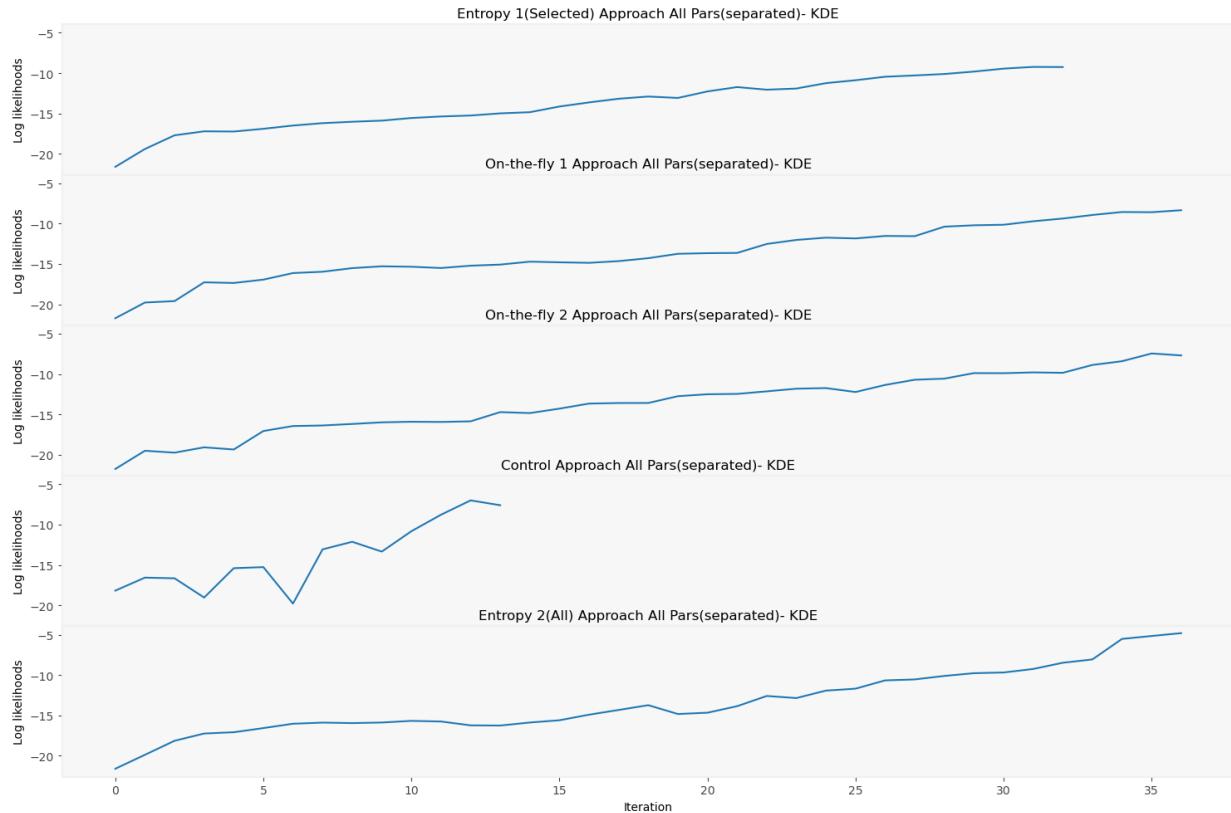
```
C:\Users\rober\FINAL NIST PROJECT\datastruct.py:353: VisibleDeprecationWarning: Creating an ndarray from ragged nested sequences (which is a list-or-tuple of lists-or-tuples-or ndarrays with different lengths or shapes) is deprecated. If you meant to do this, you must specify 'dtype=object' when creating the ndarray.
    return np.array(all_pts)
C:\Users\rober\FINAL NIST PROJECT\datastruct.py:353: VisibleDeprecationWarning: Creating an ndarray from ragged nested sequences (which is a list-or-tuple of lists-or-tuples-or ndarrays with different lengths or shapes) is deprecated. If you meant to do this, you must specify 'dtype=object' when creating the ndarray.
    return np.array(all_pts)
```

In [36]: *#Adding the Loglikelihods of the parameters at a given iteration*

```
log_sums_kde_separated_iters_entropy1 = np.sum(log_pars_entropy1, axis= 1)
log_sums_kde_separated_iters_entropy2 = np.sum(log_pars_entropy2, axis= 1)
log_sums_kde_sepataed_iters_on_the_fly1 = np.sum(log_pars_on_the_fly1, axis= 1)
log_sums_kde_sepataed_iters_on_the_fly2 = np.sum(log_pars_on_the_fly2, axis= 1)
log_sums_kde_separated_iters_control = np.sum(log_pars_control, axis= 1)
```

In [37]: MyPlots.plot_likelihood_iterations(5,1,

```
[log_sums_kde_separated_iters_entropy1,
 log_sums_kde_sepataed_iters_on_the_fly1,
 log_sums_kde_sepataed_iters_on_the_fly2 ,
 log_sums_kde_separated_iters_control,
 log_sums_kde_separated_iters_entropy2],
 ["Entropy 1(Selected) Approach All Pars(separated)- KDE",
 "On-the-fly 1 Approach All Pars(separated)- KDE",
 "On-the-fly 2 Approach All Pars(separated)- KDE",
 "Control Approach All Pars(separated)- KDE",
 "Entropy 2(All) Approach All Pars(separated)- KDE"])
```



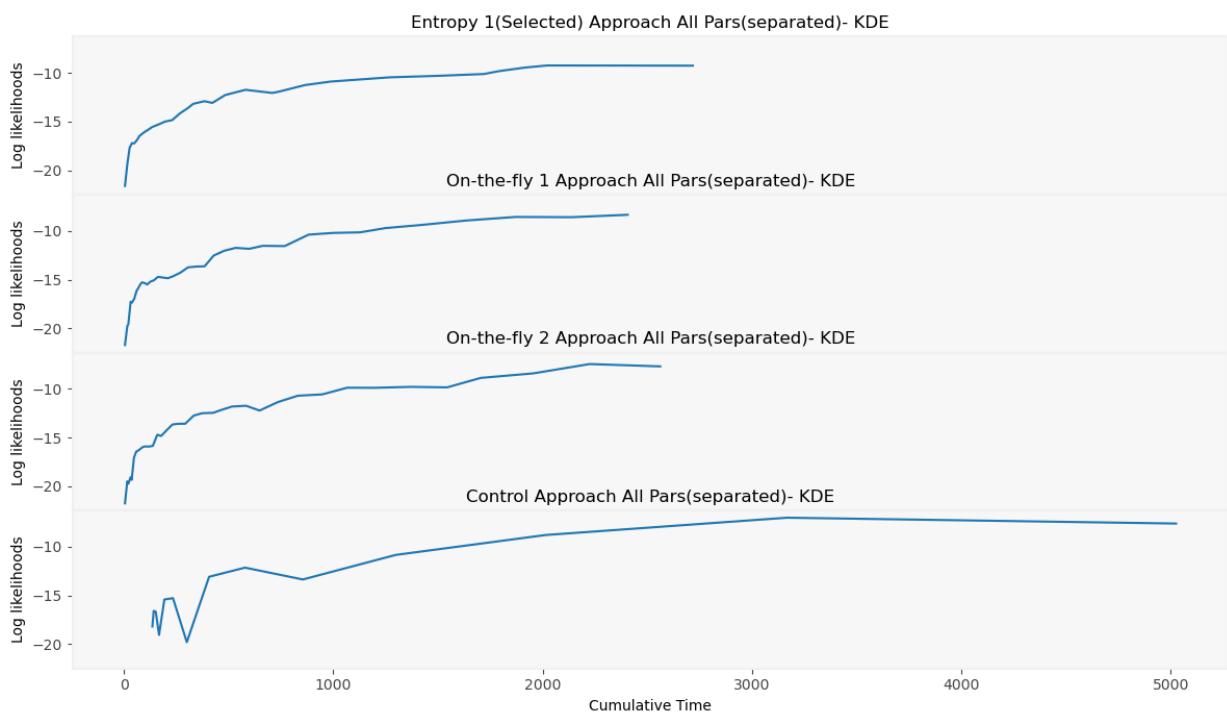
In [38]: MyPlots.plot_likelihood_time(4,1,

```
[log_sums_kde_separated_iters_entropy1,
```

```

log_sums_kde_sepataed_iters_on_the_fly1,
log_sums_kde_sepataed_iters_on_the_fly2,
log_sums_kde_separated_iters_control,
log_sums_kde_separated_iters_entropy2],
[exp_entropy1.totaltimes(),
 exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(),
 exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(),
 exp_control.totaltimes(),
 exp_entropy2.totaltimes()],
["Entropy 1(Selected) Approach All Pars(separated)- KDE",
 "On-the-fly 1 Approach All Pars(separated)- KDE",
 "On-the-fly 2 Approach All Pars(separated)- KDE",
 "Control Approach All Pars(separated)- KDE",
 "Entropy 2(All) Approach All Pars(separated)- KDE"
])

```



Histogram for Paramter Samples

A

1. First we look at the last sample for all the autonomous approaches. 2. Second, we look at the result using GMM

```

In [39]: MyPlots.plot_hist_1d_kde(list_par_separated_e1[0][-1], kdes_entropy1[-1,0],"Entropy 1
plt.show()

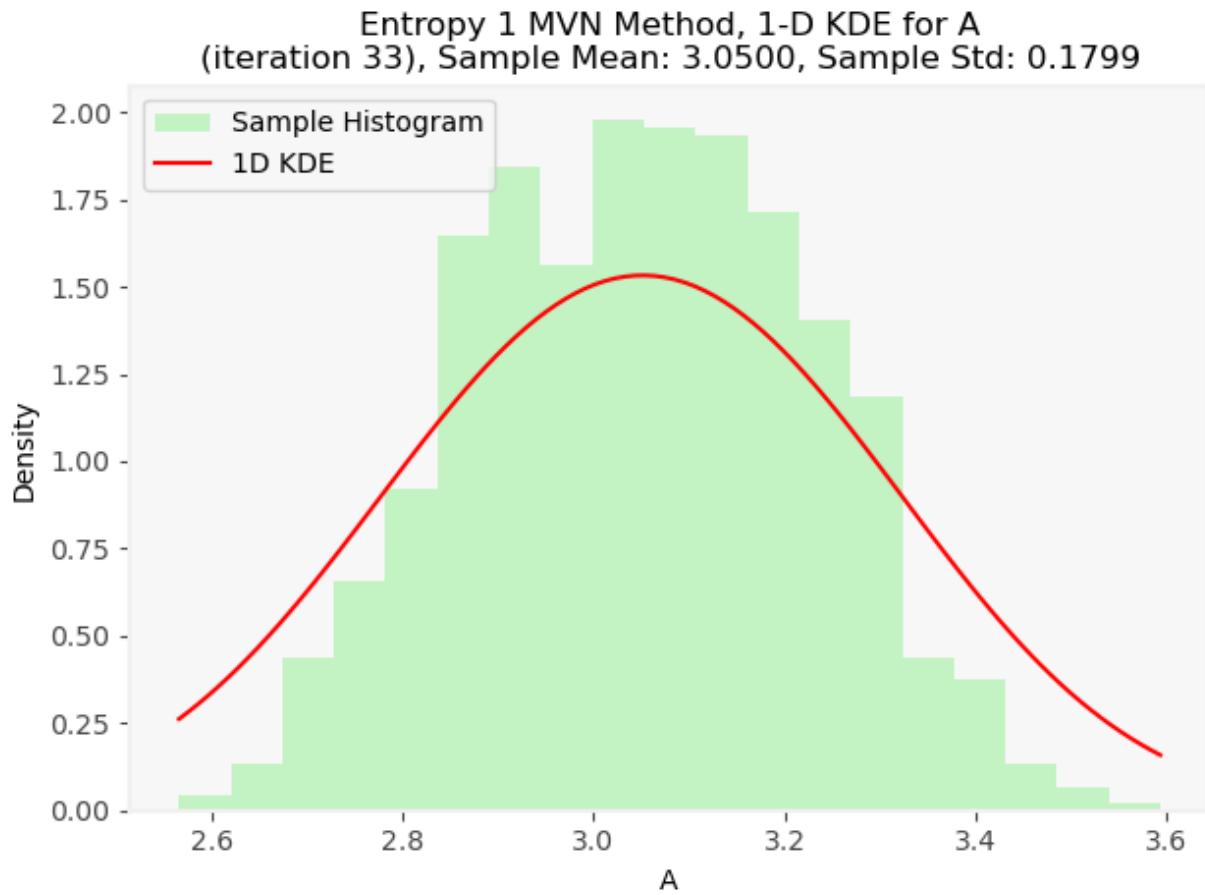
MyPlots.plot_hist_1d_kde(list_par_separated_e2[0][-1], kdes_entropy2[-1,0],"Entropy 2
len(exp_entropy2.totaltimes()))
plt.show()

MyPlots.plot_hist_1d_kde(list_par_separated_o1[0][-1], kdes_on_the_fly1[-1,0],"On-the-
len(exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes()))
plt.show()

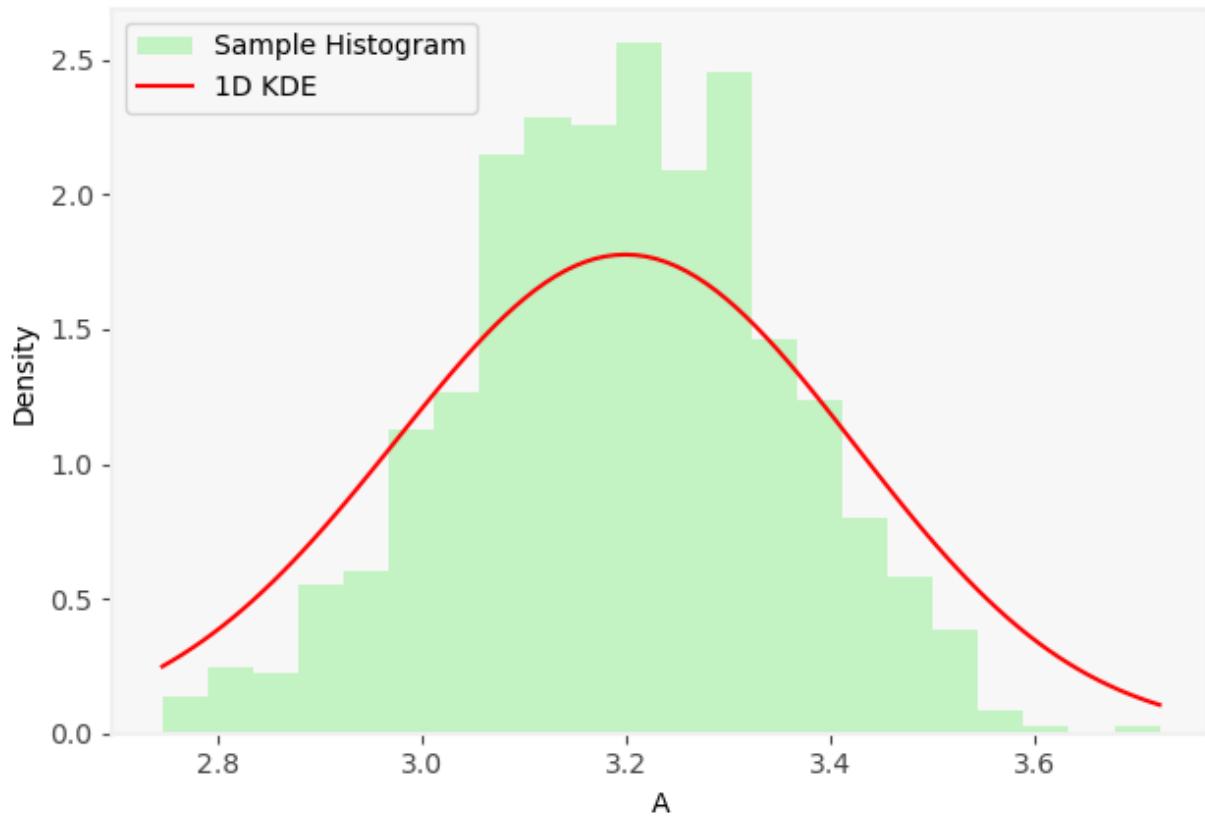
```

```
MyPlots.plot_hist_1d_kde(list_par_separated_o2[0][-1], kdes_on_the_fly2[-1,0],"On-the-
                           len(exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes()))
plt.show()

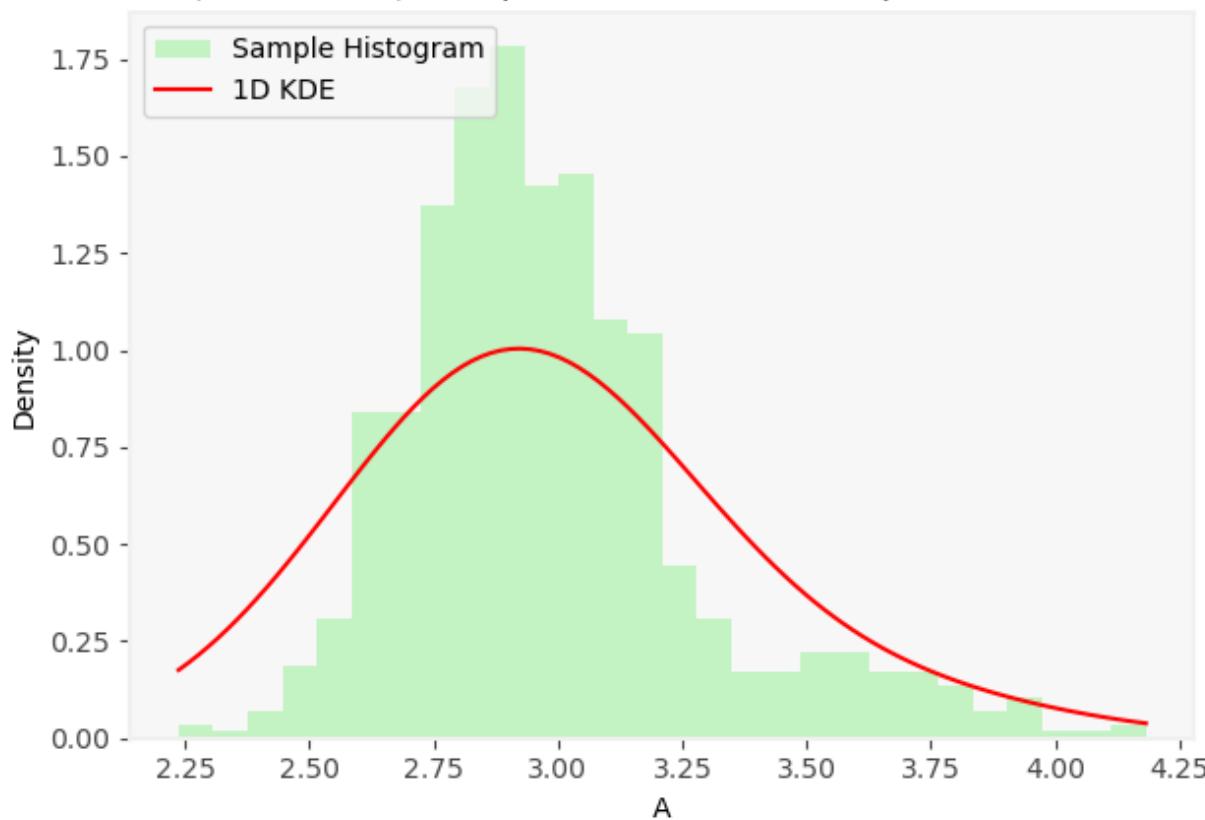
MyPlots.plot_hist_1d_kde(list_par_separated_c[0][-1], kdes_control[-1,0],"Control MVN"
                           len(exp_control.totaltimes()))
plt.show()
```

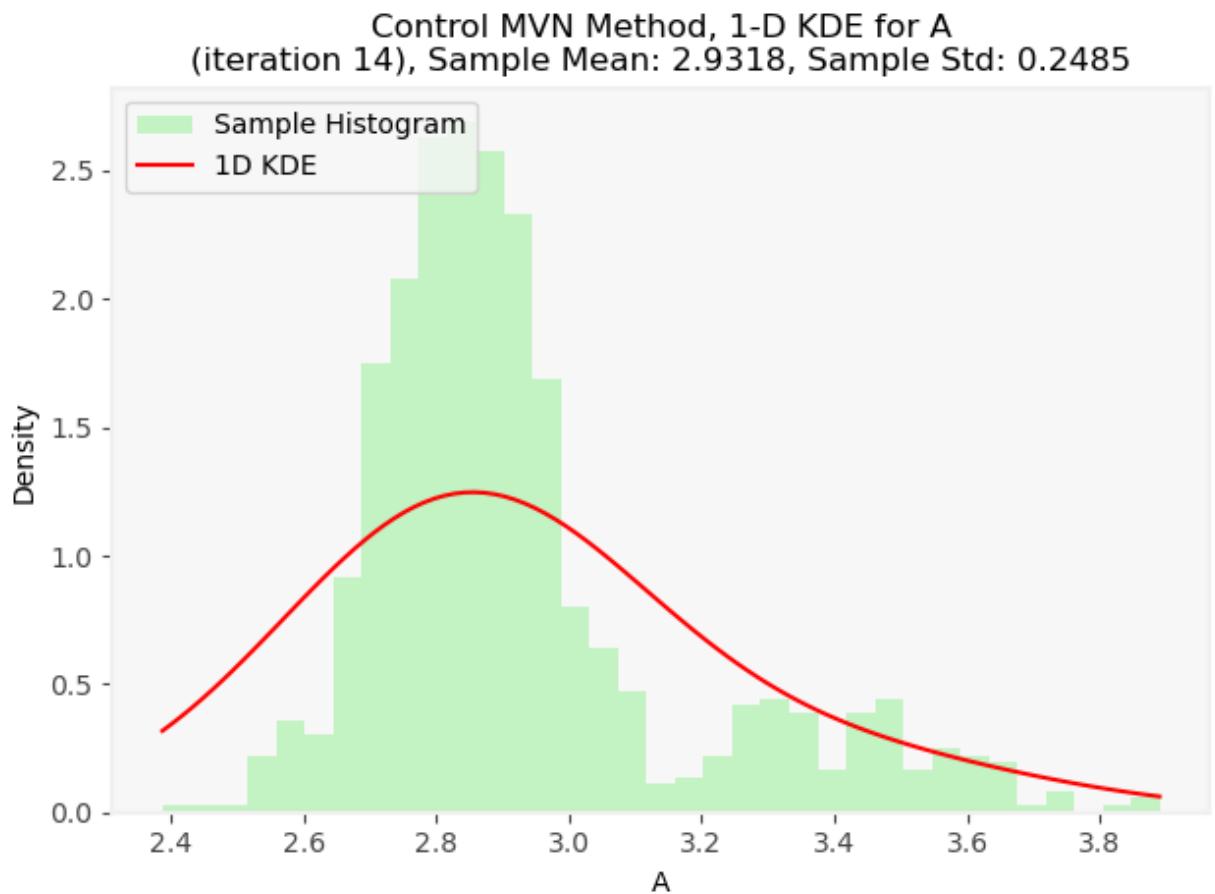
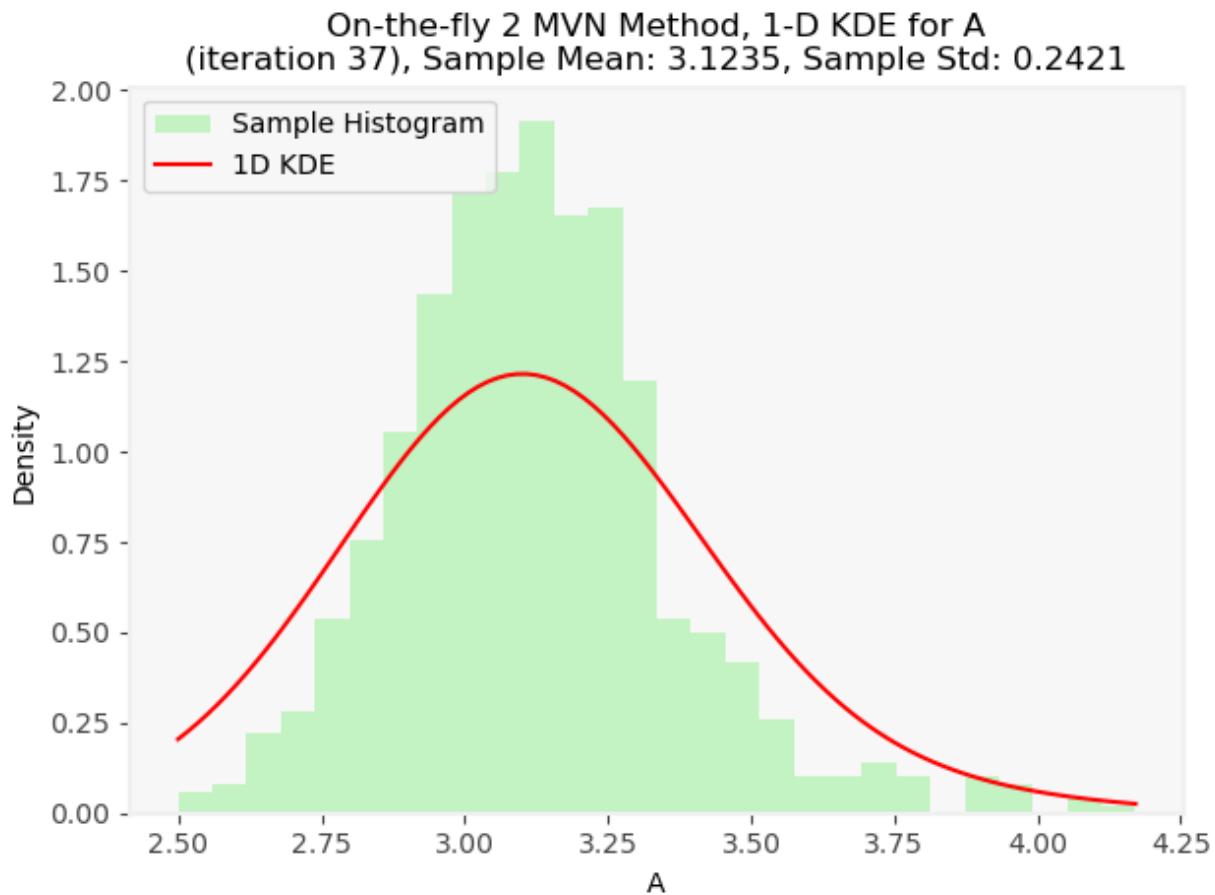


Entropy 2 MVN Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 37), Sample Mean: 3.1941, Sample Std: 0.1584



On-the-fly 1 MVN Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 37), Sample Mean: 2.9844, Sample Std: 0.2994





In [40]: `#DELETE THIS LATER THIS MAKES SENSE ONLY IF YOU HAVE ALSO A GMM VERSION #####`

```
# MyPlots.plot_hist_1d_kde(list_par_separated_e1_gmm[0][-1],
#                           kdes_entropy1_gmm[-1,0], "Entropy 1 GMM", "A",
#                           len(exp_entropy1_gmm.totaltimes()))
# plt.show()

# MyPlots.plot_hist_1d_kde(list_par_separated_e2_gmm[0][-1], kdes_entropy2_gmm[-1,0],
#                           len(exp_entropy2_gmm.totaltimes()))
# plt.show()

# MyPlots.plot_hist_1d_kde(list_par_separated_o1_gmm[0][-1], kdes_on_the_fly1_gmm[-1,0],
#                           len(exp_on_the_fly1_gmm.totaltimes()))
# plt.show()

# MyPlots.plot_hist_1d_kde(list_par_separated_o2_gmm[0][-1], kdes_on_the_fly2_gmm[-1,0],
#                           len(exp_on_the_fly2_gmm.totaltimes()))
# plt.show()

# MyPlots.plot_hist_1d_kde(list_par_separated_c_gmm[0][-1], kdes_control_gmm[-1,0], "Control GMM",
#                           len(exp_control_gmm.totaltimes()))

#####
#####
```

Recalculating Entropies for the cases using the GMM

In [41]:

```
# entropy1_H_total_gmm = recalculating_entropy(exp_entropy1, None, gmm_setting)
# entropy1_H_marg_gmm = recalculating_entropy(exp_entropy1, exp_entropy1.settings.sel,
#                                              gmm_setting)

# entropy2_H_total_gmm = recalculating_entropy(exp_entropy2, None, gmm_setting)
# entropy2_H_marg_gmm = recalculating_entropy(exp_entropy2, exp_on_the_fly1.settings.sel,
#                                              gmm_setting)

# on_the_fly1_H_total_gmm = recalculating_entropy(exp_on_the_fly1, None, gmm_setting)
# on_the_fly1_H_marg_gmm = recalculating_entropy(exp_on_the_fly1, exp_on_the_fly1.settings.sel,
#                                                 gmm_setting)

# on_the_fly2_H_total_gmm = recalculating_entropy(exp_on_the_fly2, None, gmm_setting)
# on_the_fly2_H_marg_gmm = recalculating_entropy(exp_on_the_fly2, exp_on_the_fly2.settings.sel,
#                                                 gmm_setting)

# control_H_total_gmm = recalculating_entropy(exp_control, None, gmm_setting)
# control_H_marg_gmm = recalculating_entropy(exp_control, exp_control.settings.sel, gmm_setting)
```

In [42]:

```
#Notice we could also print the total entropy, instead, of the marginalized entropy.
#On-thefly always deals with the total entropy. You cannot choose a parameter of interest.

#Using the recalculated entropies using GMM
```

```
# times = [exp_entropy1.totaltimes(), exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(),
#           exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(), exp_control.totaltimes(), exp_entropy2.totaltimes()]
# entropies = [entropy1_H_total_gmm, on_the_fly1_H_total_gmm,
#              on_the_fly2_H_total_gmm, control_H_total_gmm, entropy2_H_total_gmm]
# MyPlots.plot_entropy_times(times, entropies)

#C1 blue entrop
#C2 yellow on the
#C3 green on the 2
#C4 red control
#C5 Purple entropy2

#Total Entropy
```

In [43]: #####This works only if you have a GMM version

```
# MyPlots.plot_entropy_times([exp_entropy1.totaltimes(),exp_entropy1.totaltimes()],
#                           [exp_entropy1.entropy(), entropy1_H_total_gmm])

#Blue MVN
#Orange GMM
```

In [44]: # MyPlots.plot_entropy_times([exp_entropy2.totaltimes(),exp_entropy2.totaltimes()],
[exp_entropy2.entropy(), entropy2_H_total_gmm])

#Again undistinguishable

In [45]: # MyPlots.plot_entropy_times([exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(),exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(),
[exp_on_the_fly1.entropy(), on_the_fly1_H_total_gmm])

#Again undistinguishable

In [46]: # MyPlots.plot_entropy_times([exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(),exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(),
[exp_on_the_fly2.entropy(), on_the_fly2_H_total_gmm])

#Again undistinguishable

In [47]: #Notice we could also print the total entropy, instead, of the marginalized entropy.
#On-thefly always deals with the total entropy. You cannot choose a parameter of interest

```
# times = [exp_entropy1.totaltimes(), exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(),
#           exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(),exp_control.totaltimes(), exp_entropy2.totaltimes()]
# entropies = [entropy1_H_marg_gmm, on_the_fly1_H_marg_gmm,
#              on_the_fly2_H_marg_gmm, control_H_marg_gmm, entropy2_H_marg_gmm]
# MyPlots.plot_entropy_times(times, entropies)
```

In [48]: # MyPlots.plot_entropy_times([exp_entropy1.totaltimes(),exp_entropy1.totaltimes()],
[exp_entropy1.entropy_marg(),entropy1_H_marg_gmm])

```
In [49]: # MyPlots.plot_entropy_times([exp_entropy2.totaltimes(),exp_entropy2.totaltimes()],
#                                         [exp_entropy2.entropy_marg(),entropy2_H_marg_gmm ])

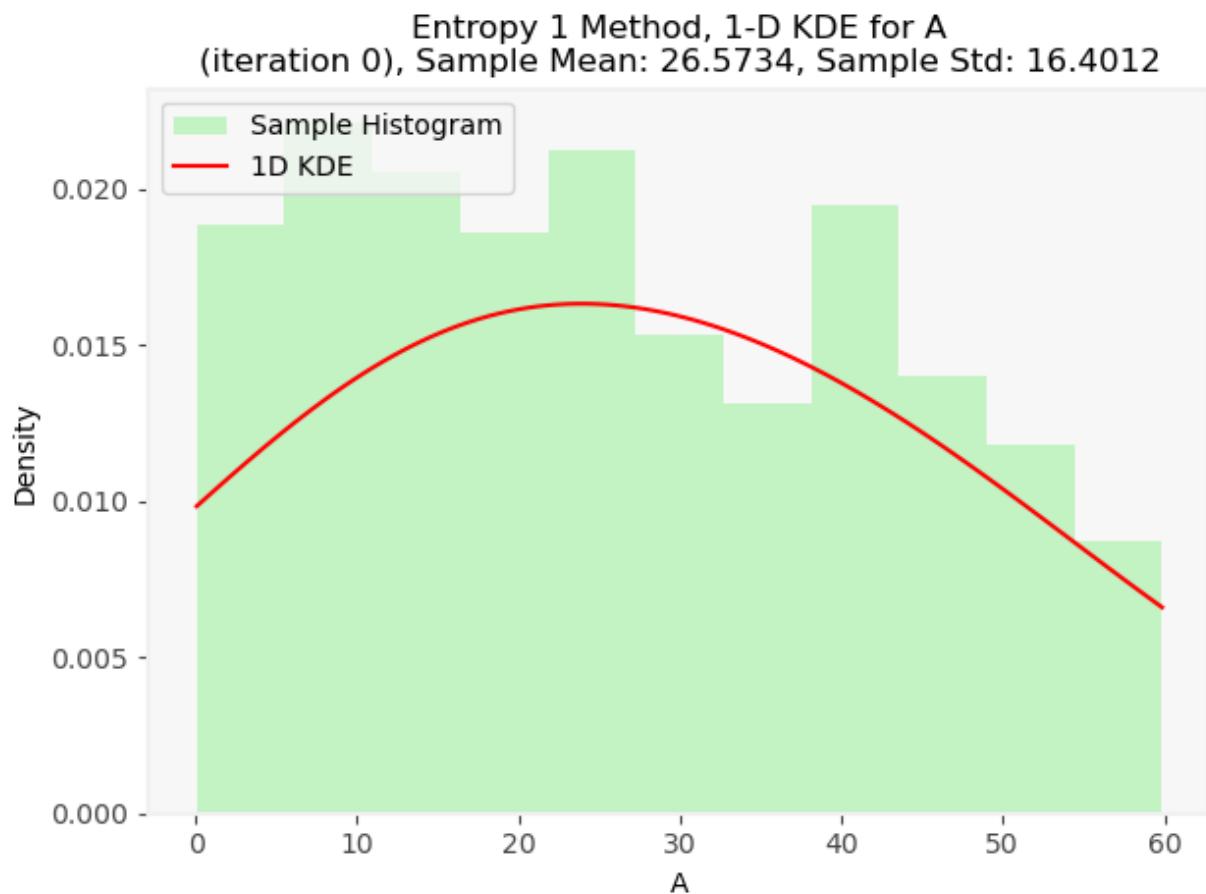
In [50]: # MyPlots.plot_entropy_times([exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(),exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes(),
#                                         [exp_on_the_fly1.entropy_marg(),on_the_fly1_H_marg_gmm])

In [51]: # MyPlots.plot_entropy_times([exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(),exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes(),
#                                         [exp_on_the_fly2.entropy_marg(),on_the_fly2_H_marg_gmm])
```

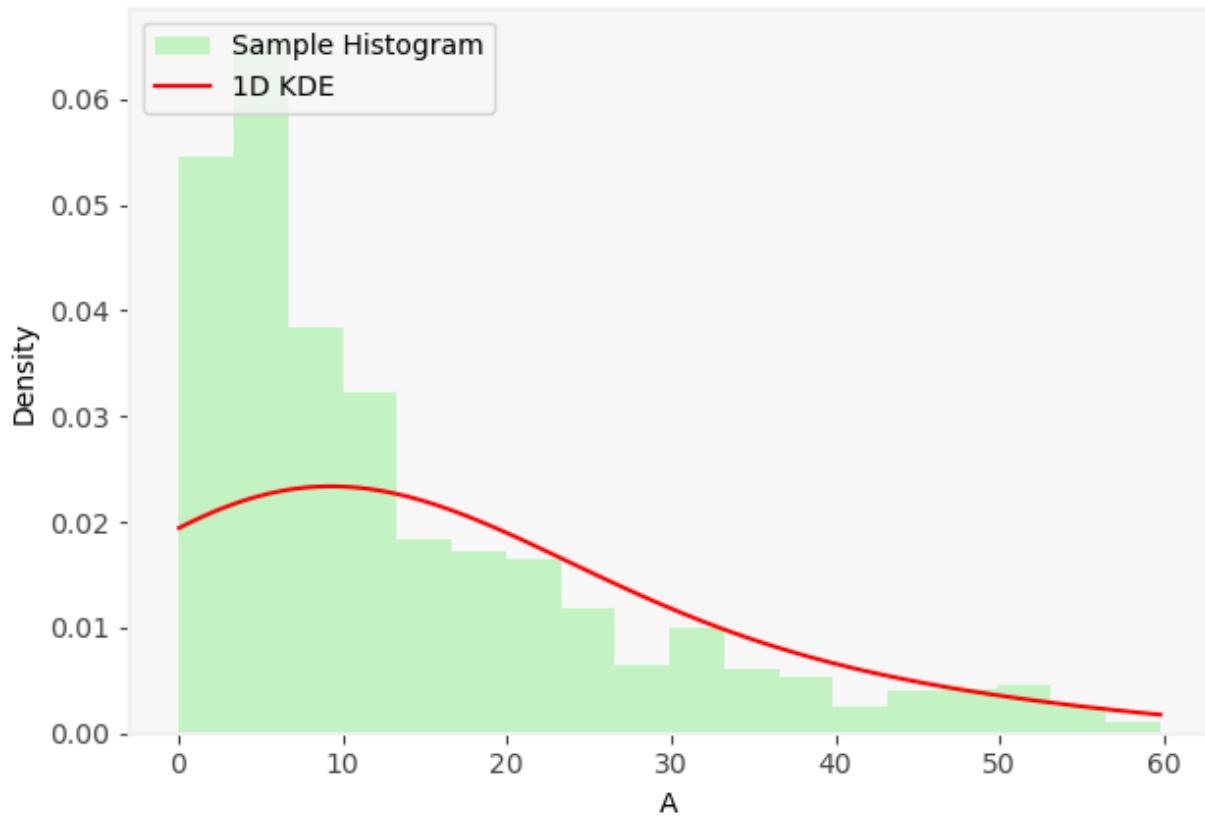
End of the Recalculation section

```
In [52]: #Printing the evolution of parameter I for Entropy
#Later do the same for parameter A since that was the parameter selected by entropy

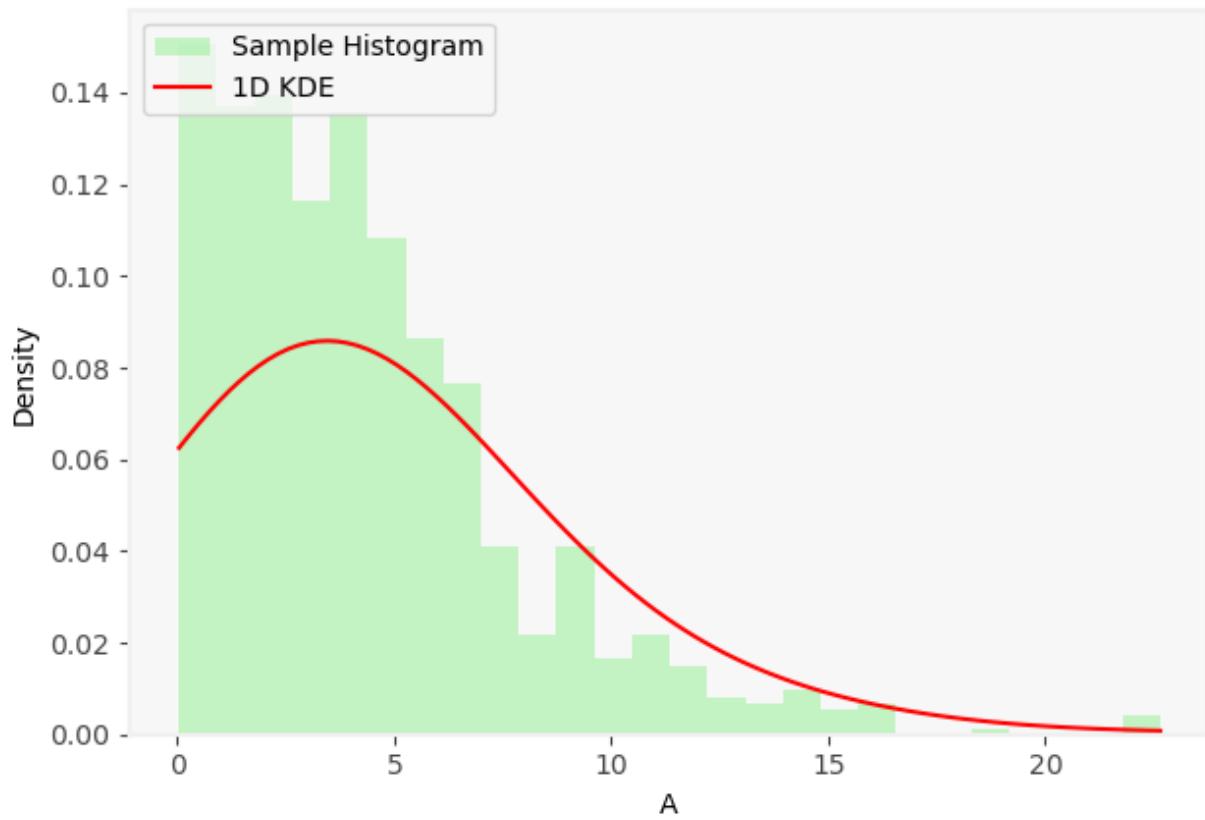
for i in range(len(exp_entropy1.totaltimes())):
    MyPlots.plot_hist_1d_kde(list_par_separated_e1[0][i], kdes_entropy1[i,0],"Entropy")
```



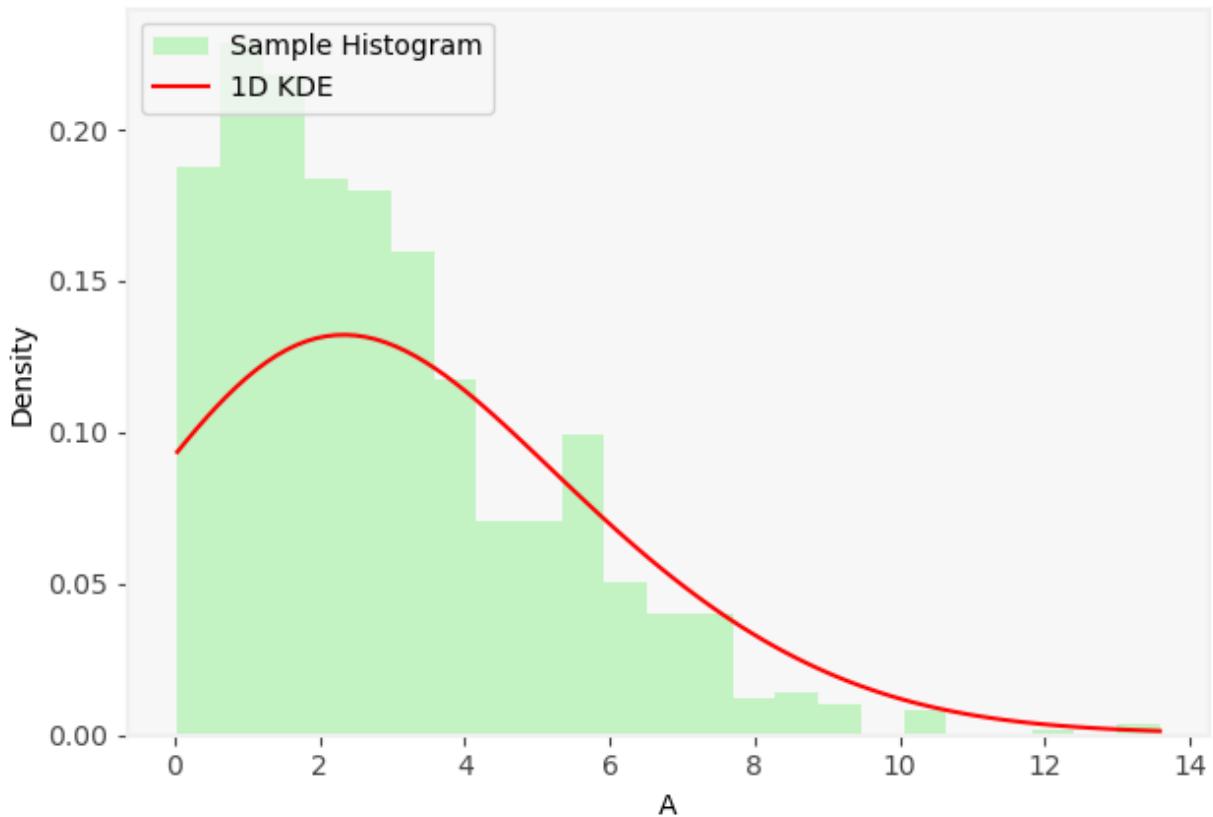
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 1), Sample Mean: 13.9063, Sample Std: 13.0654



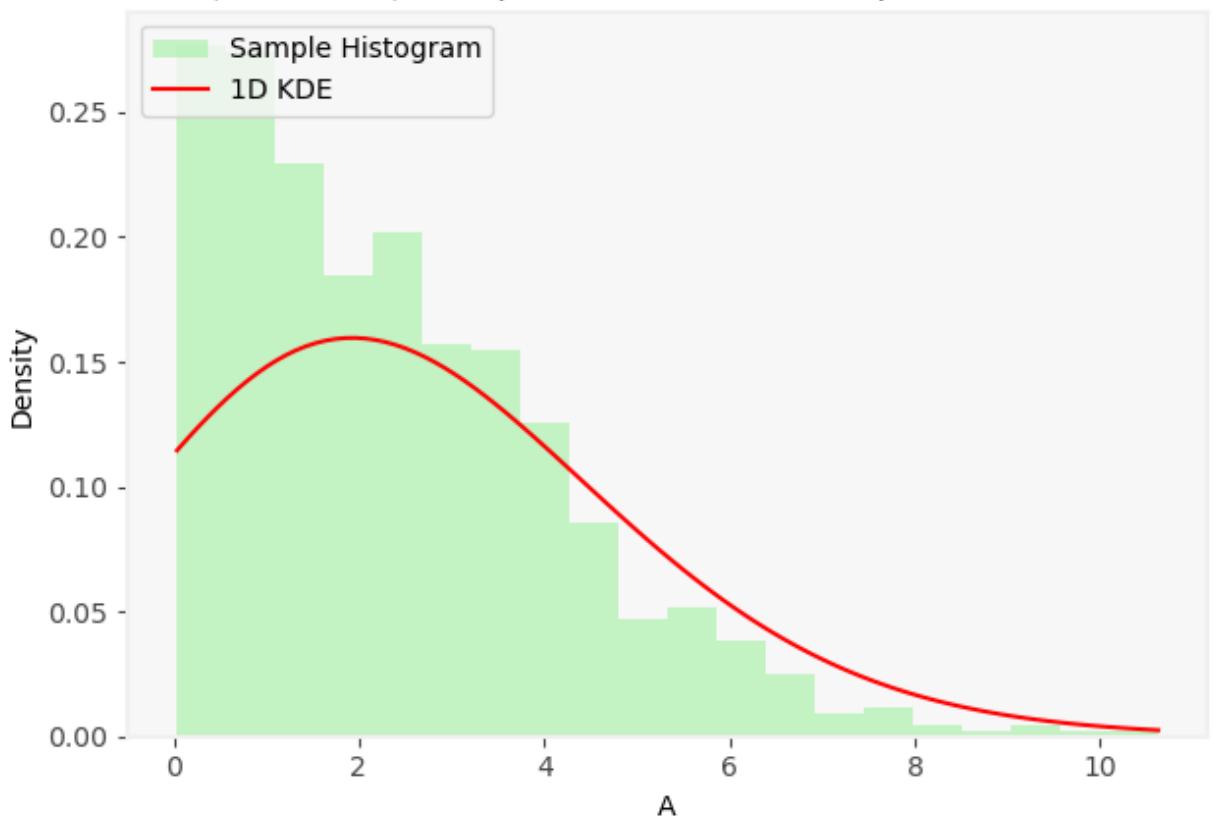
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 2), Sample Mean: 4.3985, Sample Std: 3.5261



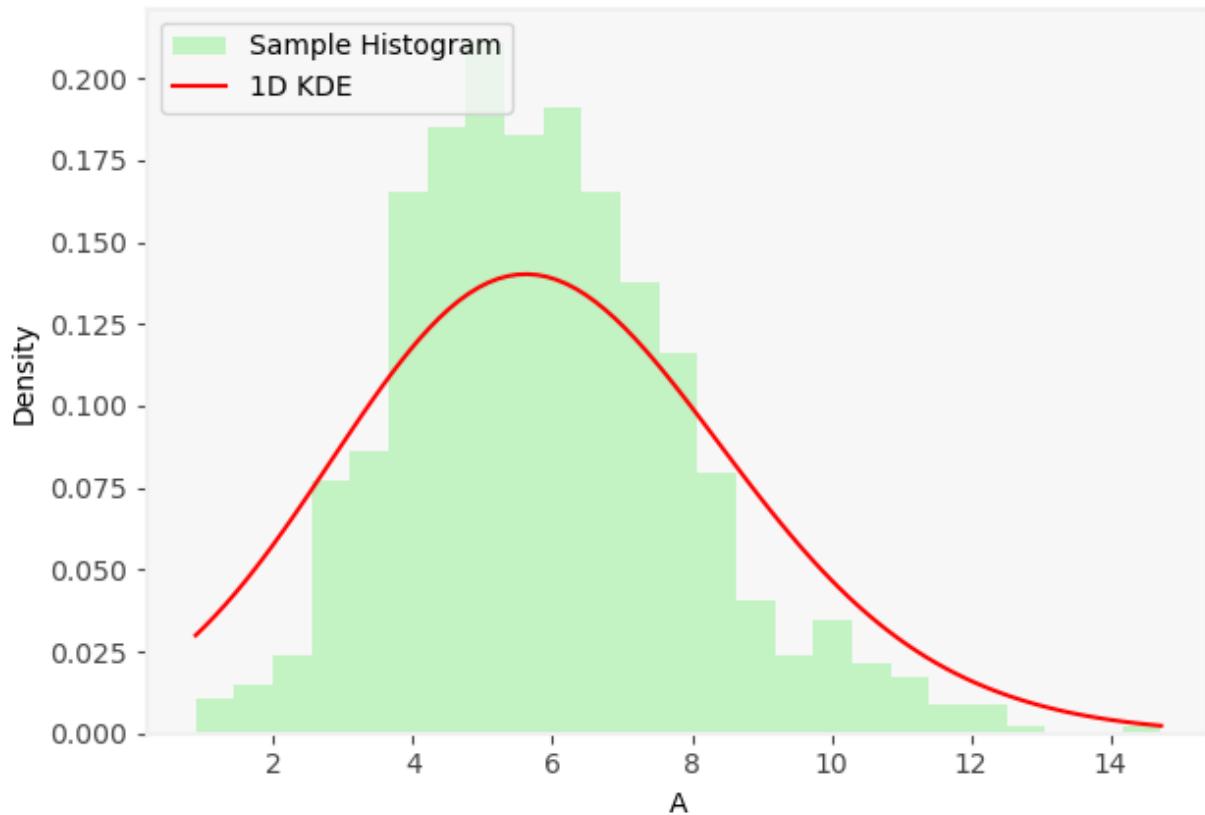
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 3), Sample Mean: 2.9671, Sample Std: 2.2063



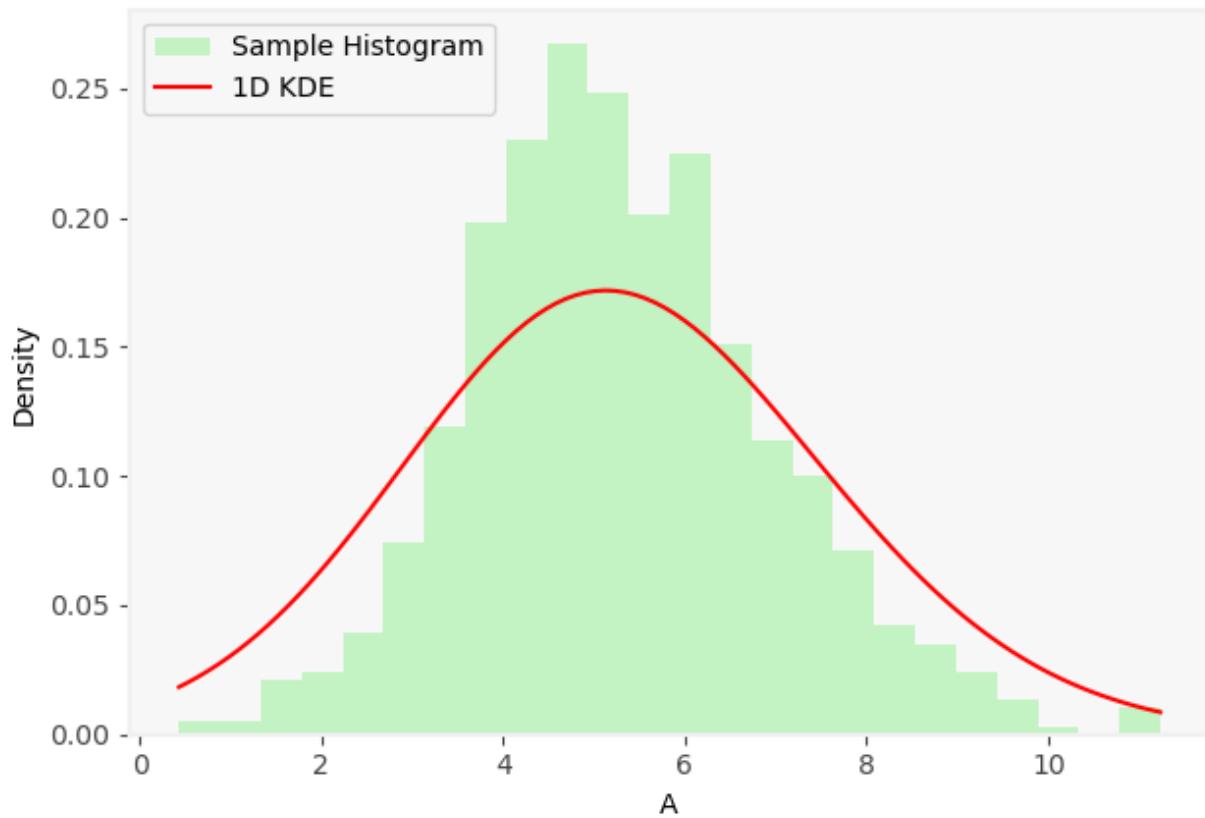
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 4), Sample Mean: 2.4103, Sample Std: 1.8151



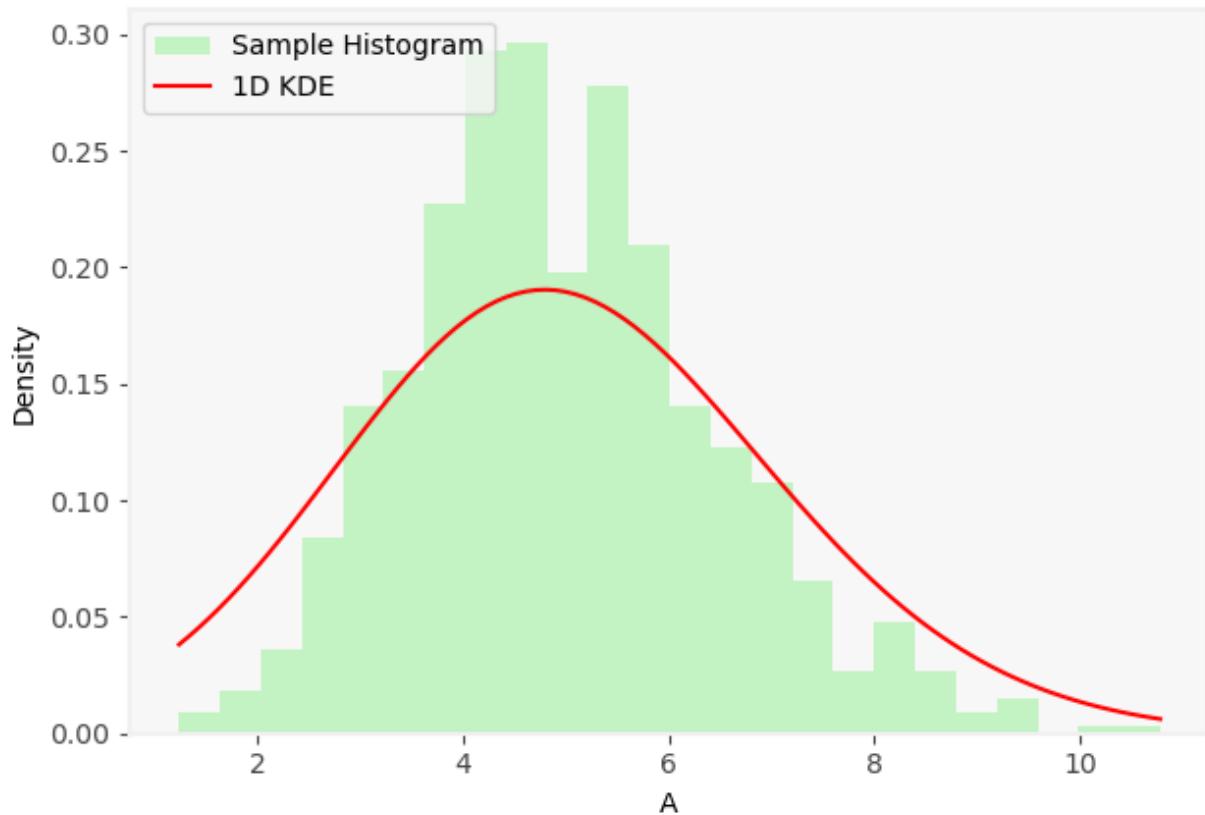
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 5), Sample Mean: 5.8880, Sample Std: 2.0472



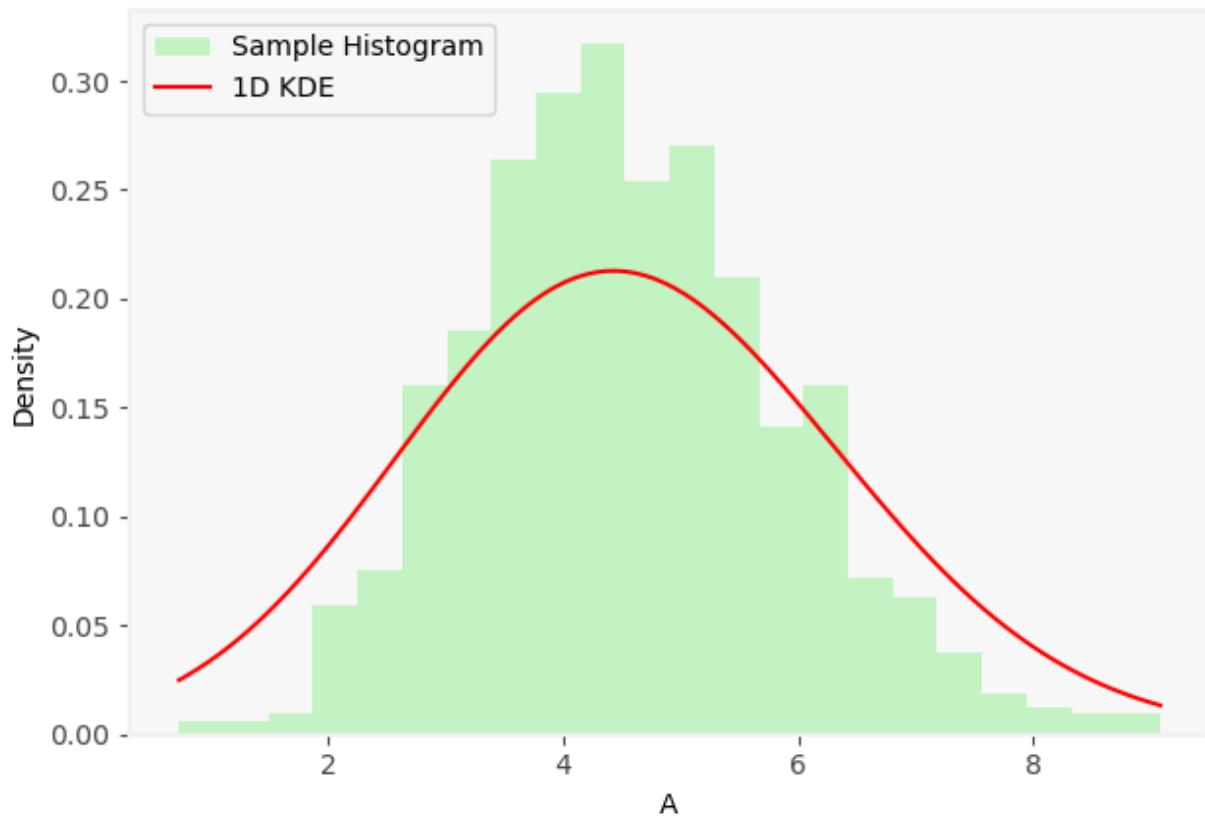
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 6), Sample Mean: 5.3039, Sample Std: 1.6660



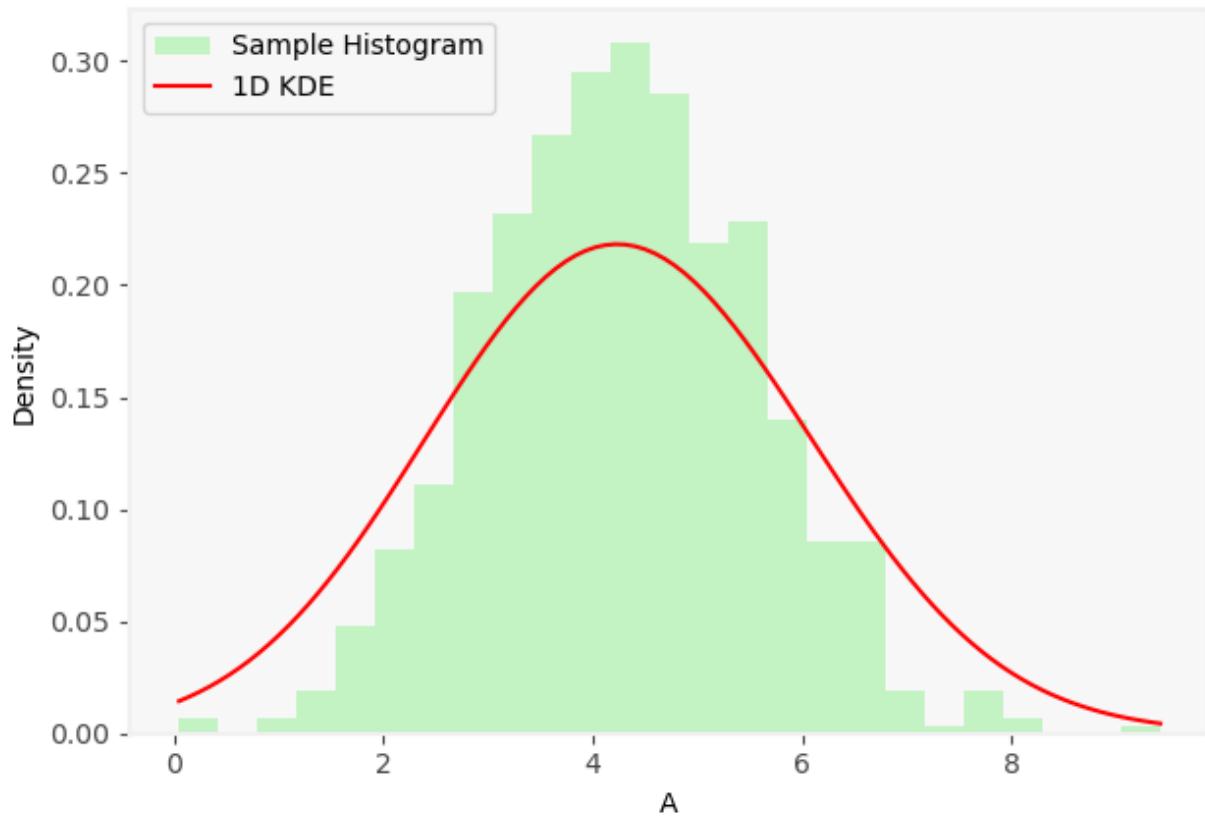
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 7), Sample Mean: 4.9817, Sample Std: 1.4980



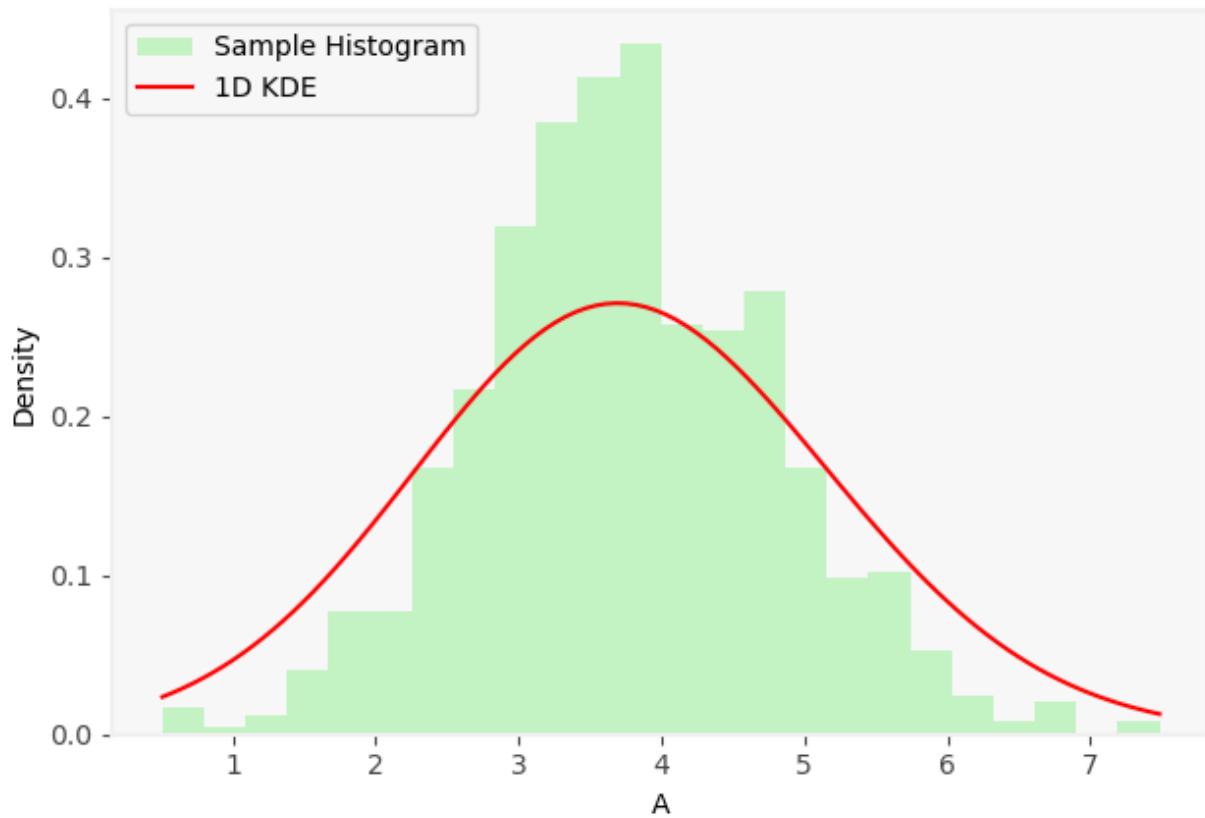
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 8), Sample Mean: 4.5557, Sample Std: 1.3280



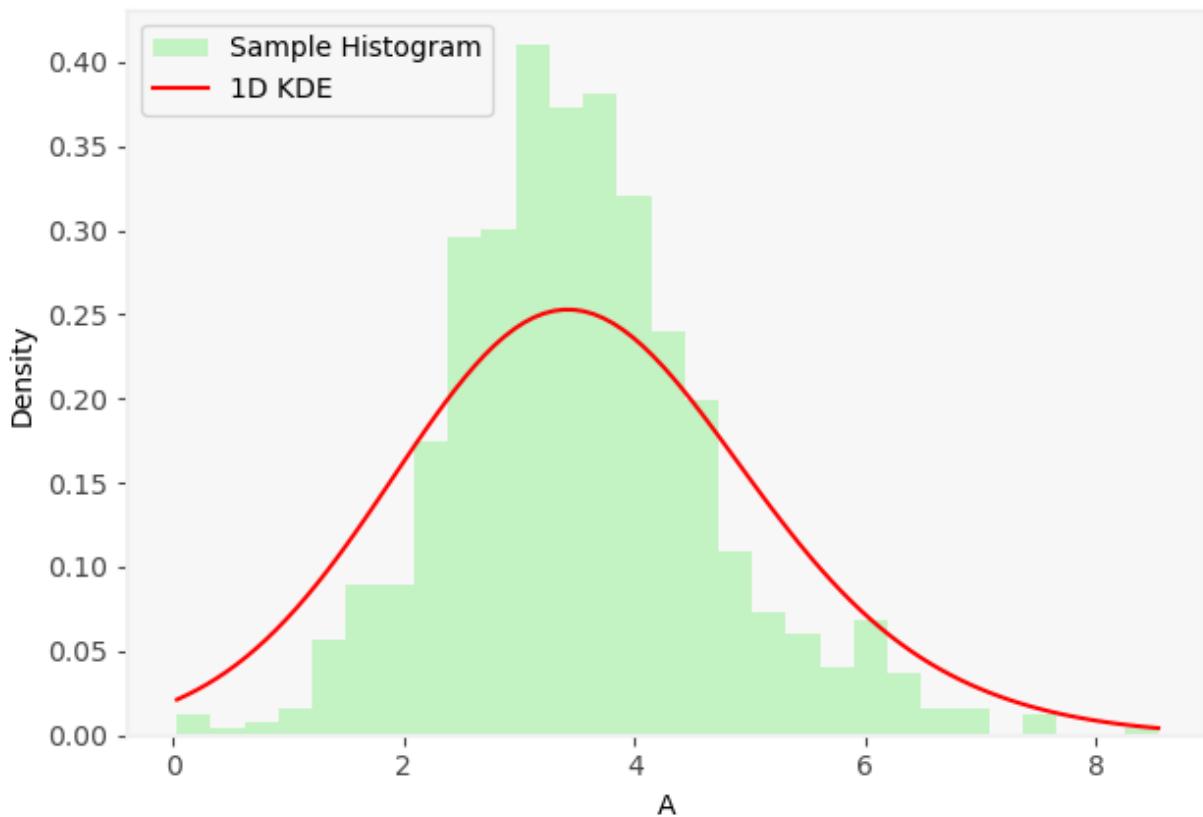
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 9), Sample Mean: 4.2667, Sample Std: 1.2912



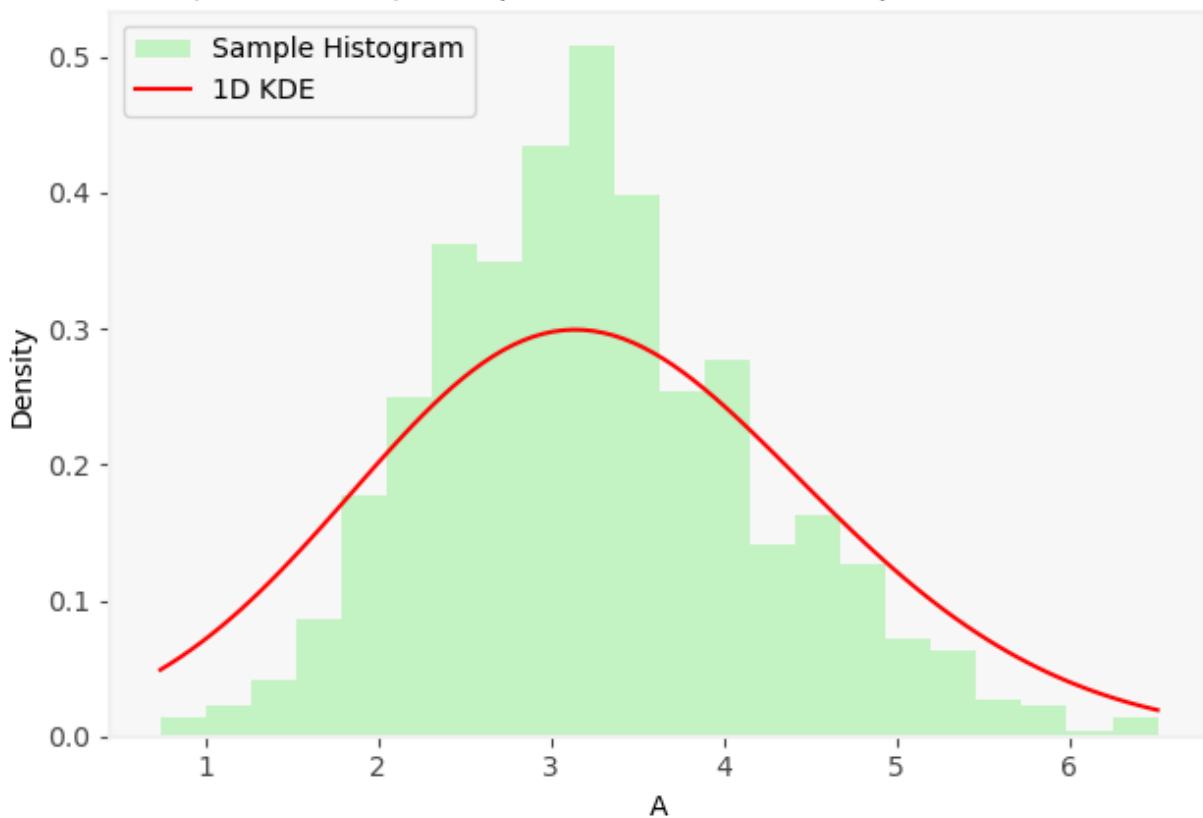
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 10), Sample Mean: 3.7551, Sample Std: 1.0522



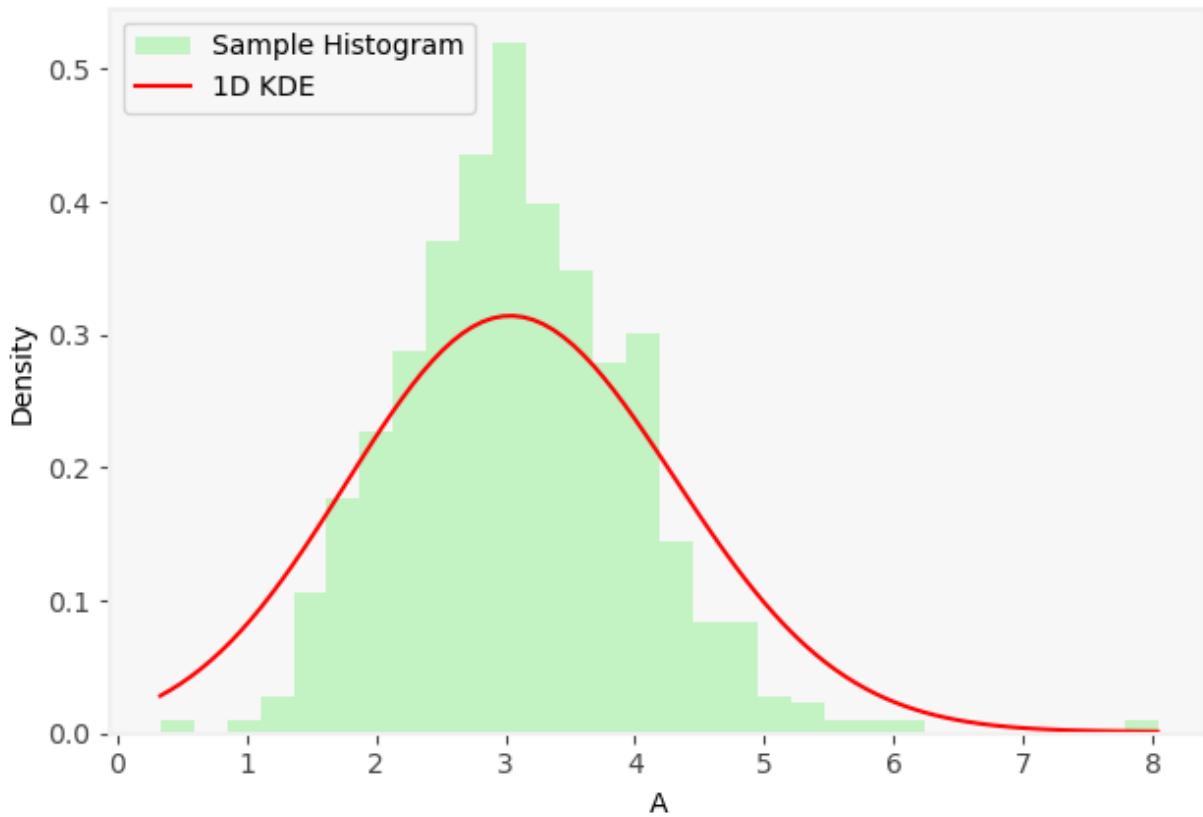
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 11), Sample Mean: 3.5422, Sample Std: 1.1552



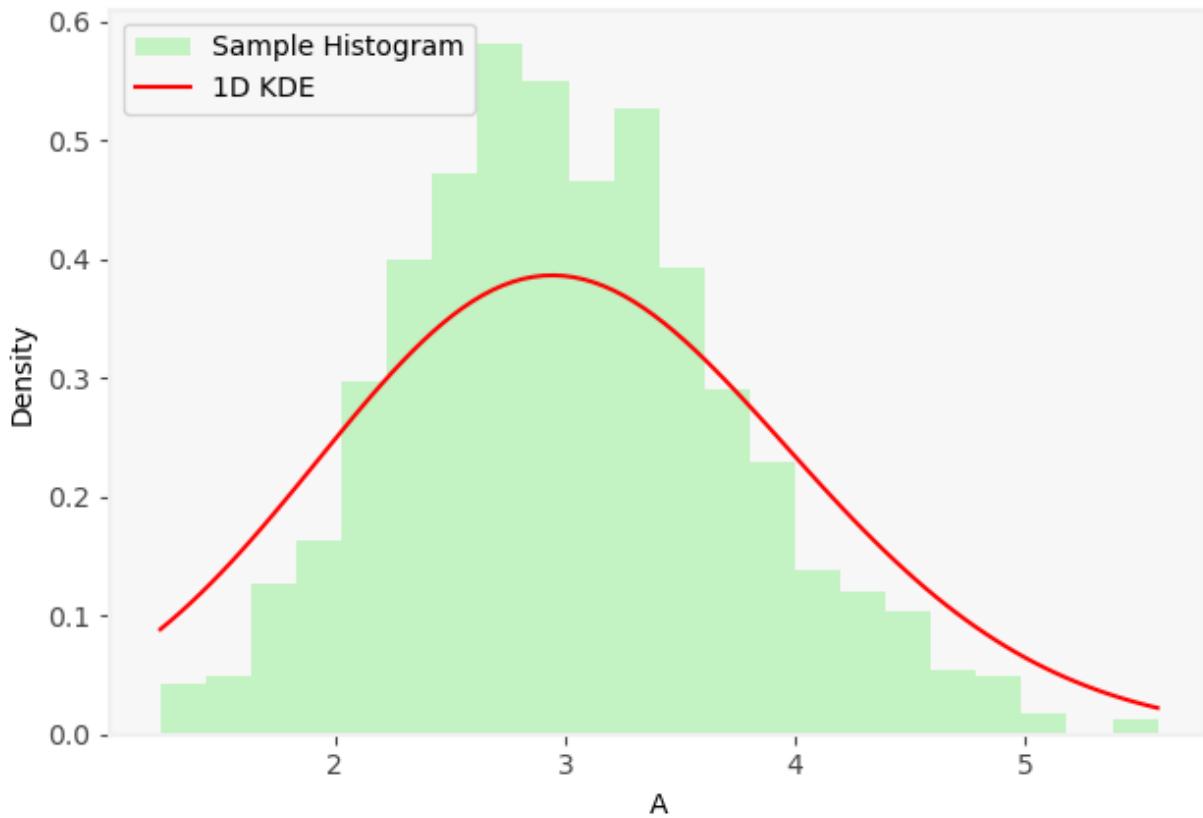
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 12), Sample Mean: 3.2576, Sample Std: 0.9534



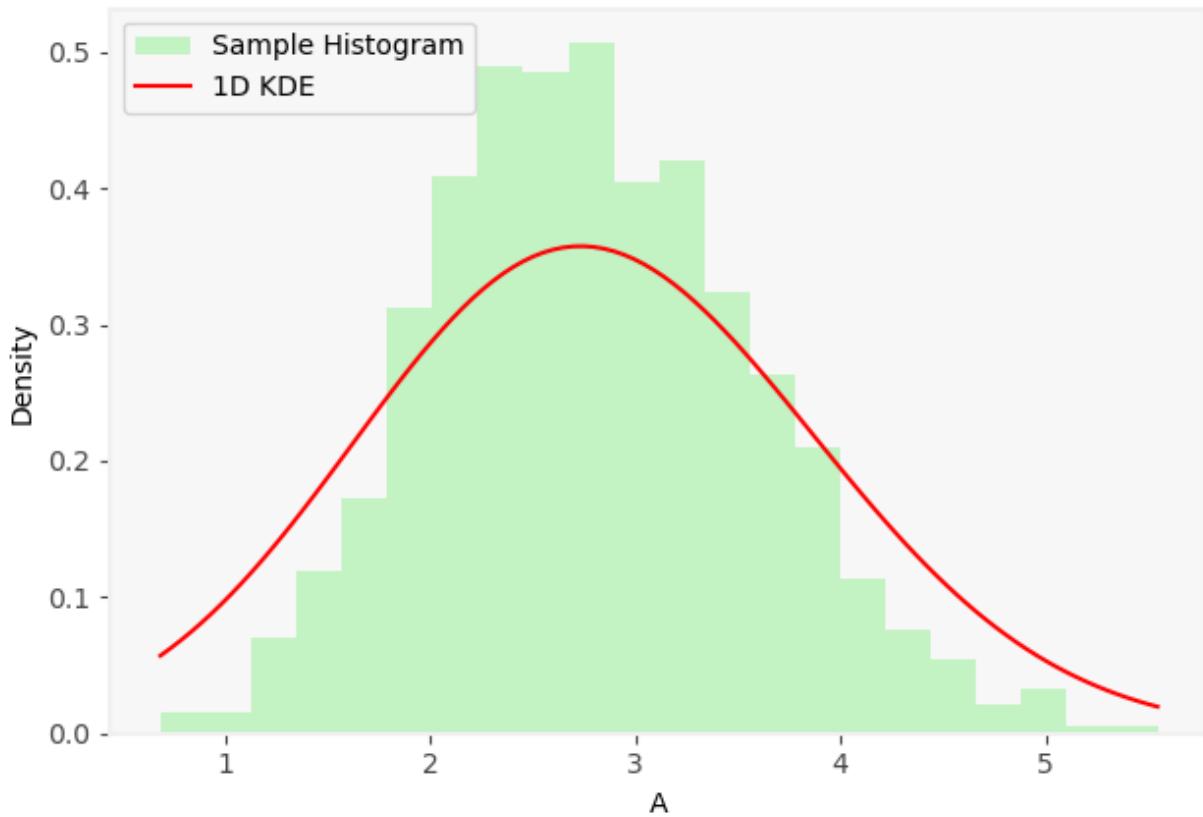
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 13), Sample Mean: 3.0944, Sample Std: 0.9122



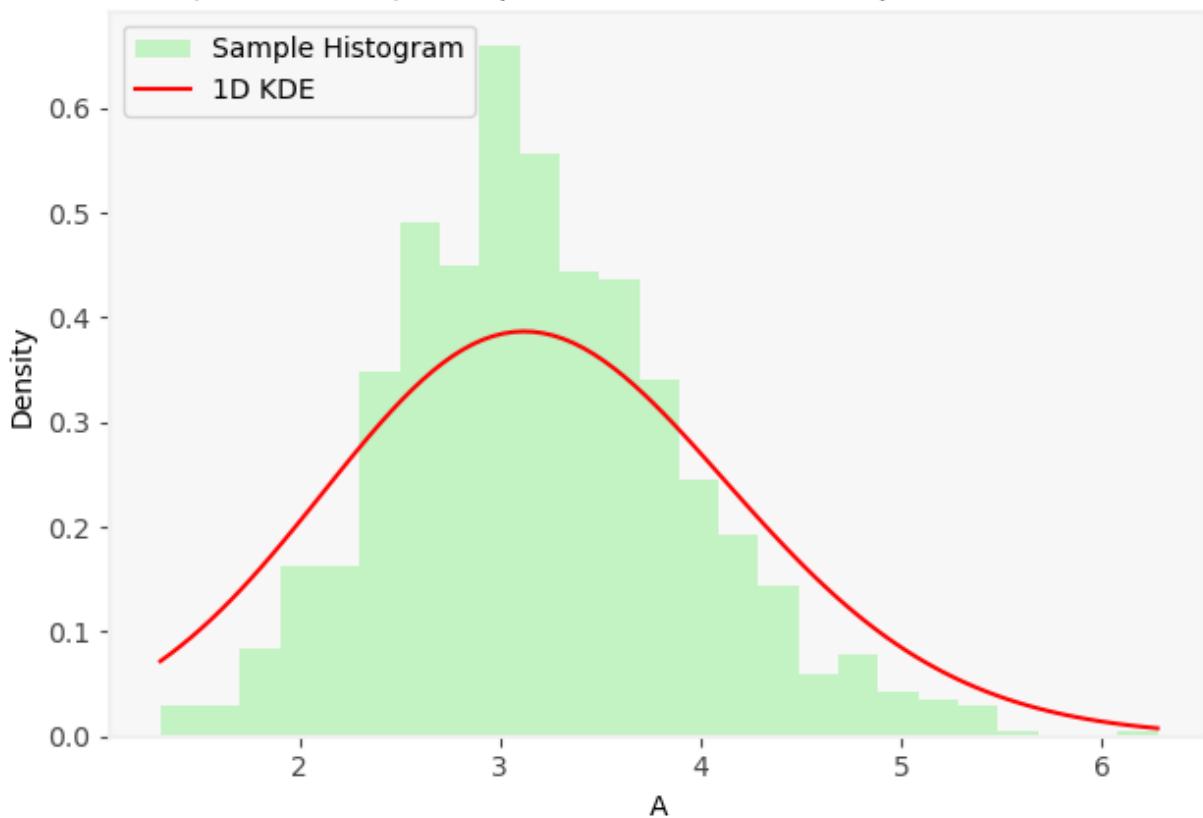
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 14), Sample Mean: 3.0189, Sample Std: 0.7347

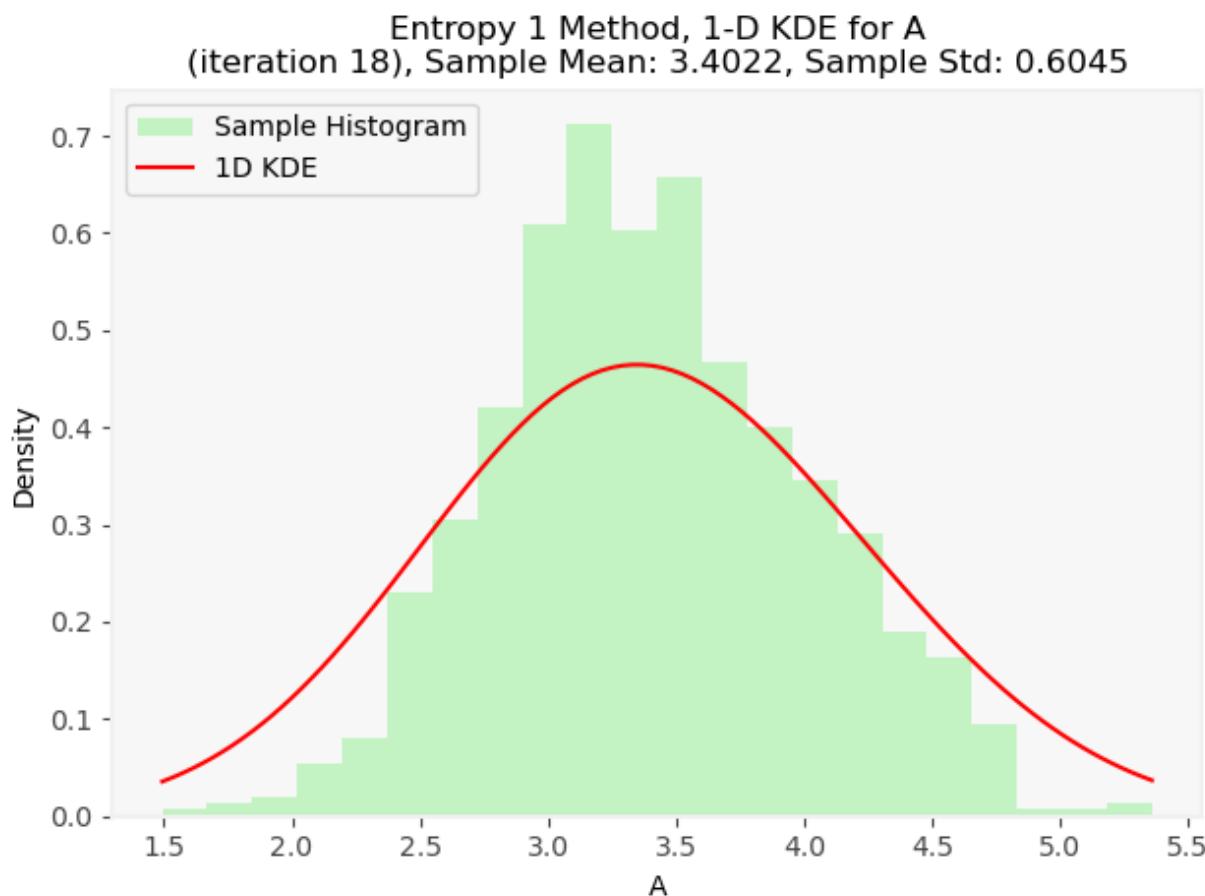
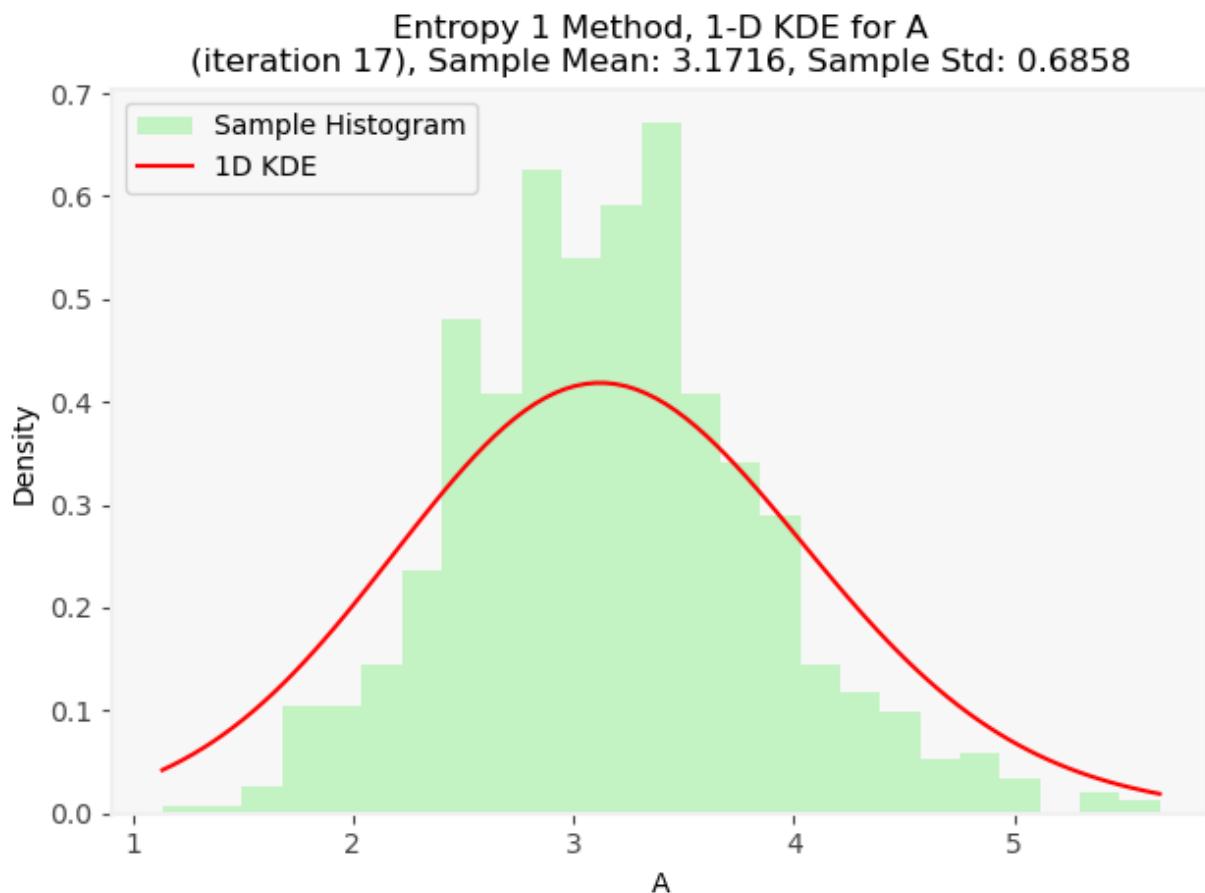


Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 15), Sample Mean: 2.8036, Sample Std: 0.7868

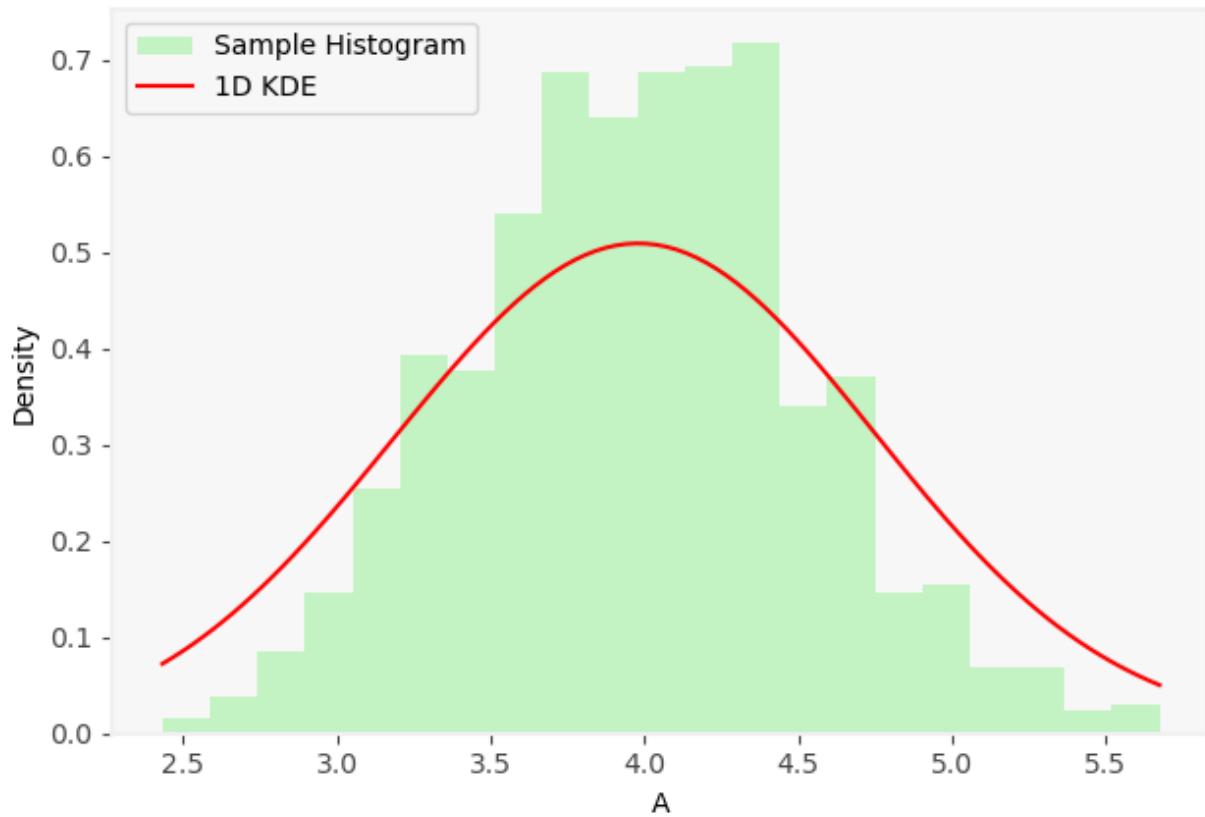


Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 16), Sample Mean: 3.1982, Sample Std: 0.7415

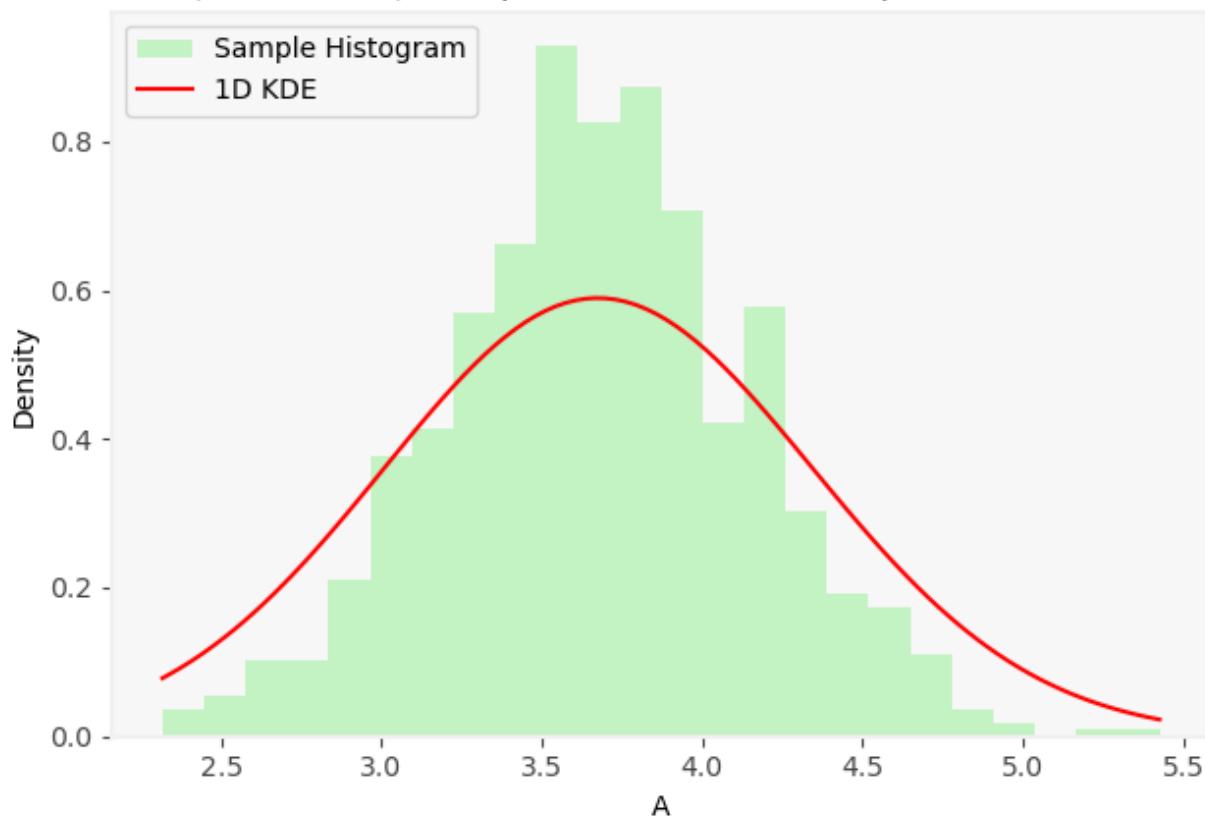


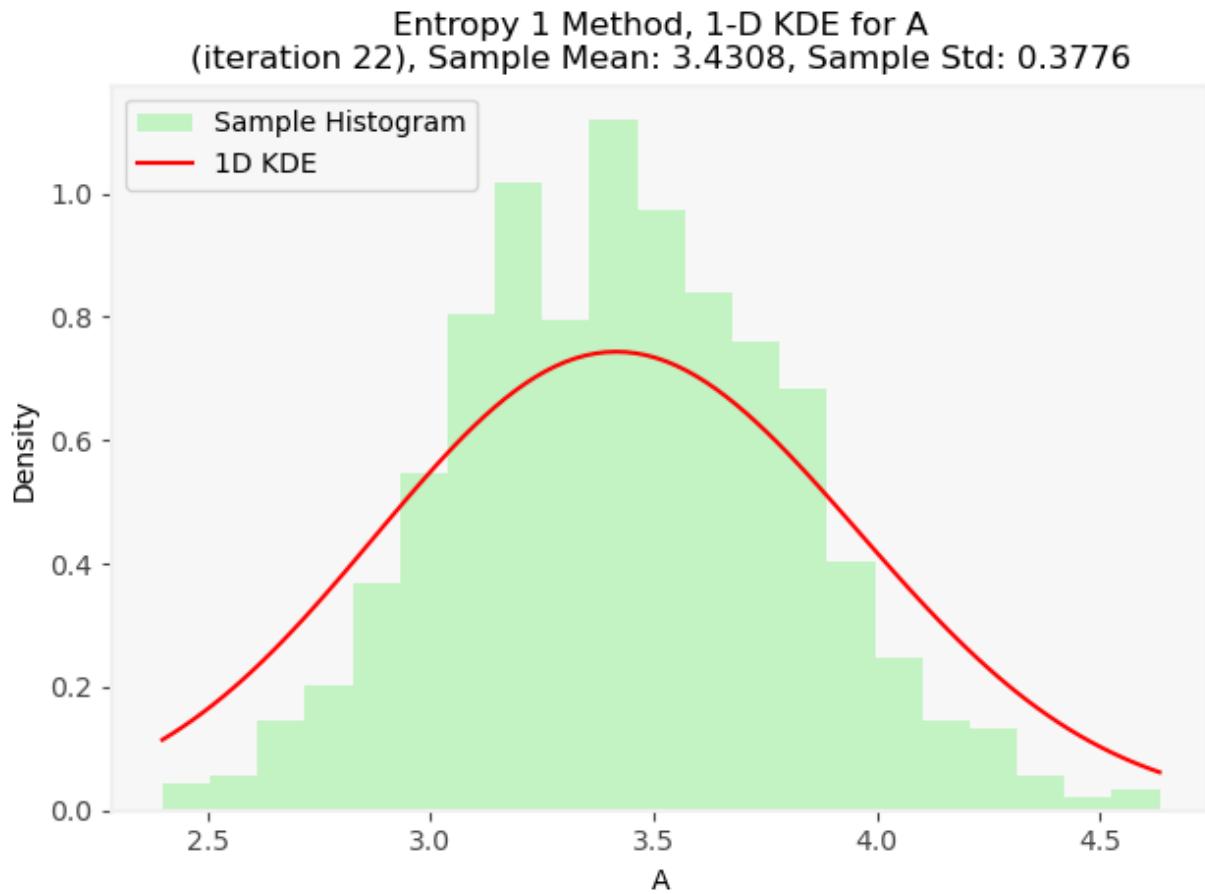
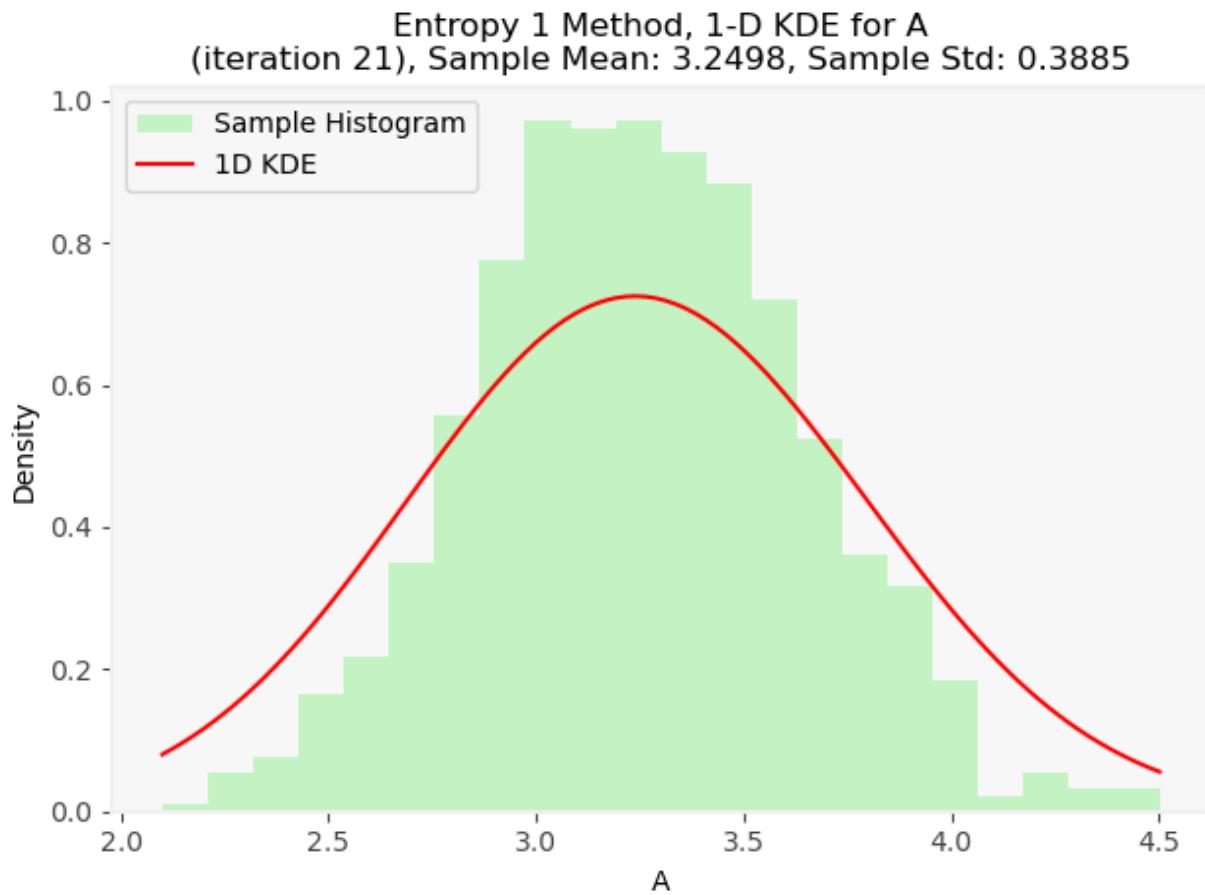


Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 19), Sample Mean: 3.9822, Sample Std: 0.5538

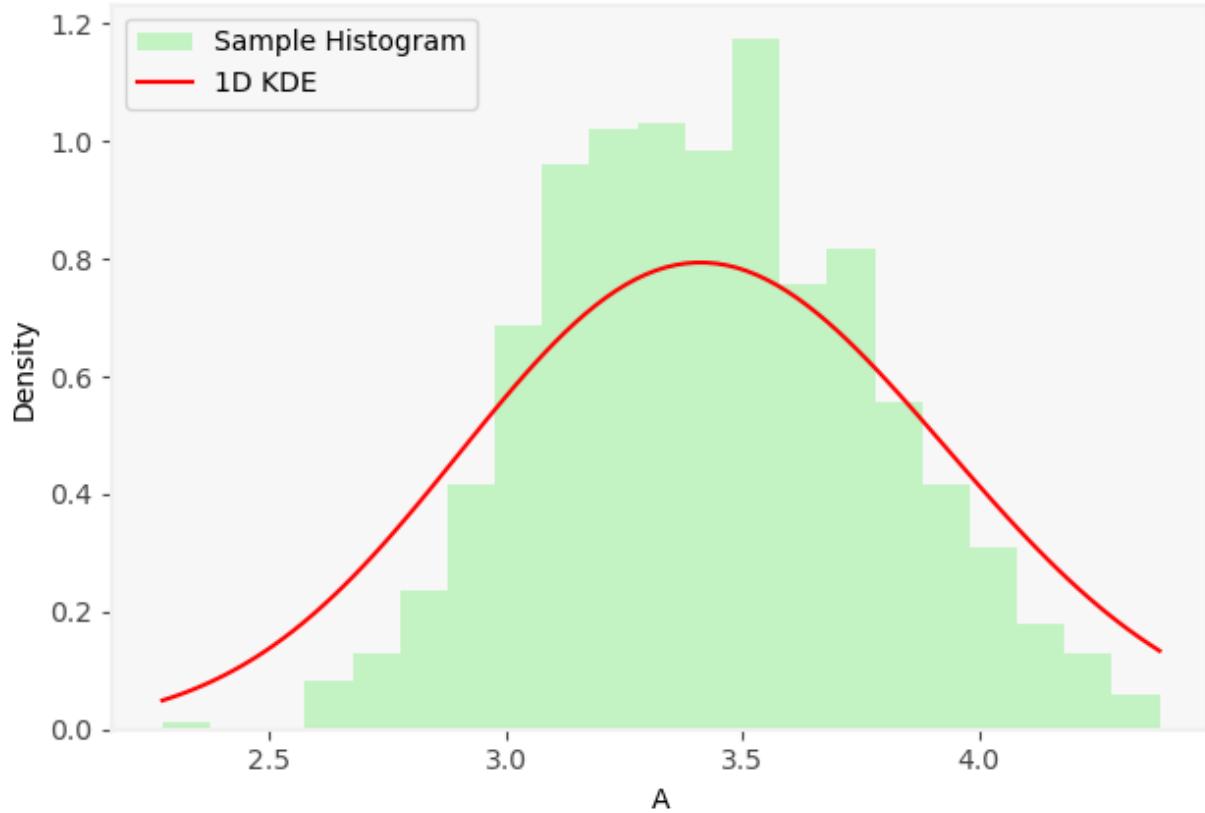


Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 20), Sample Mean: 3.6811, Sample Std: 0.4807

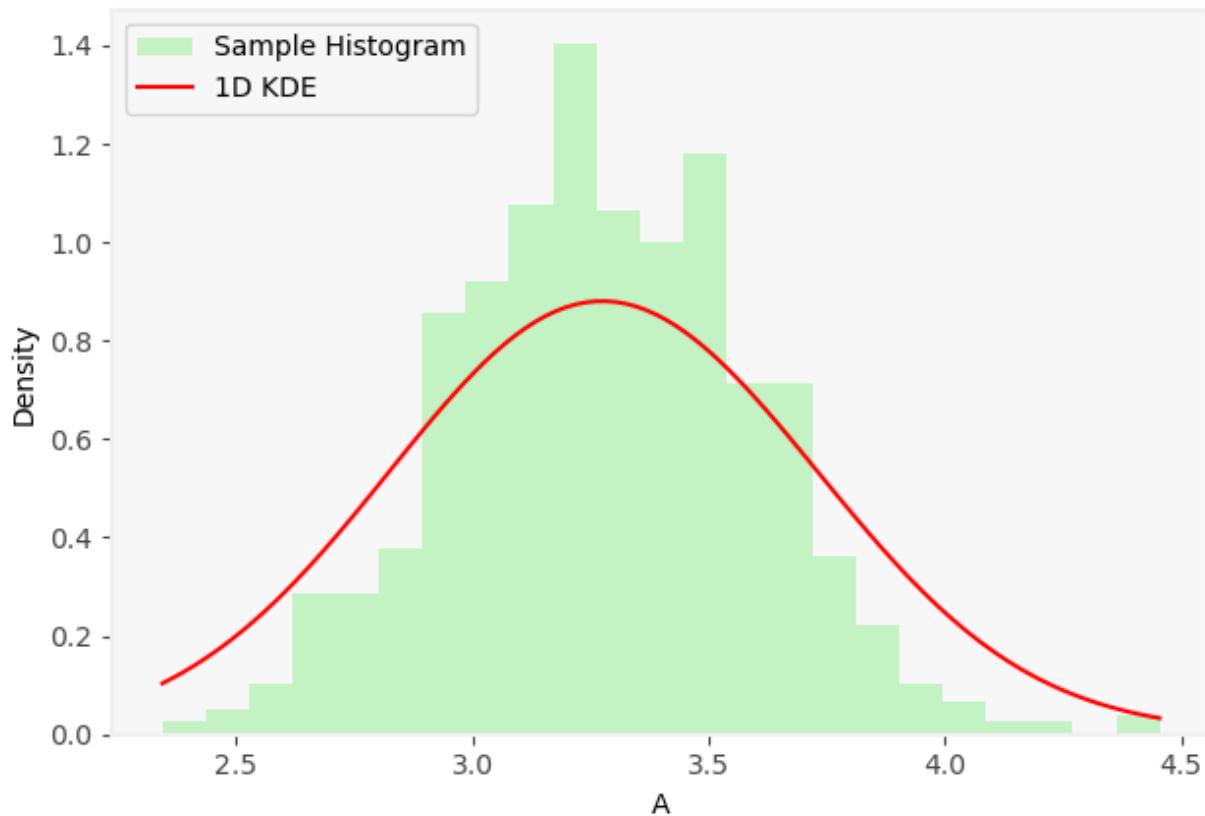


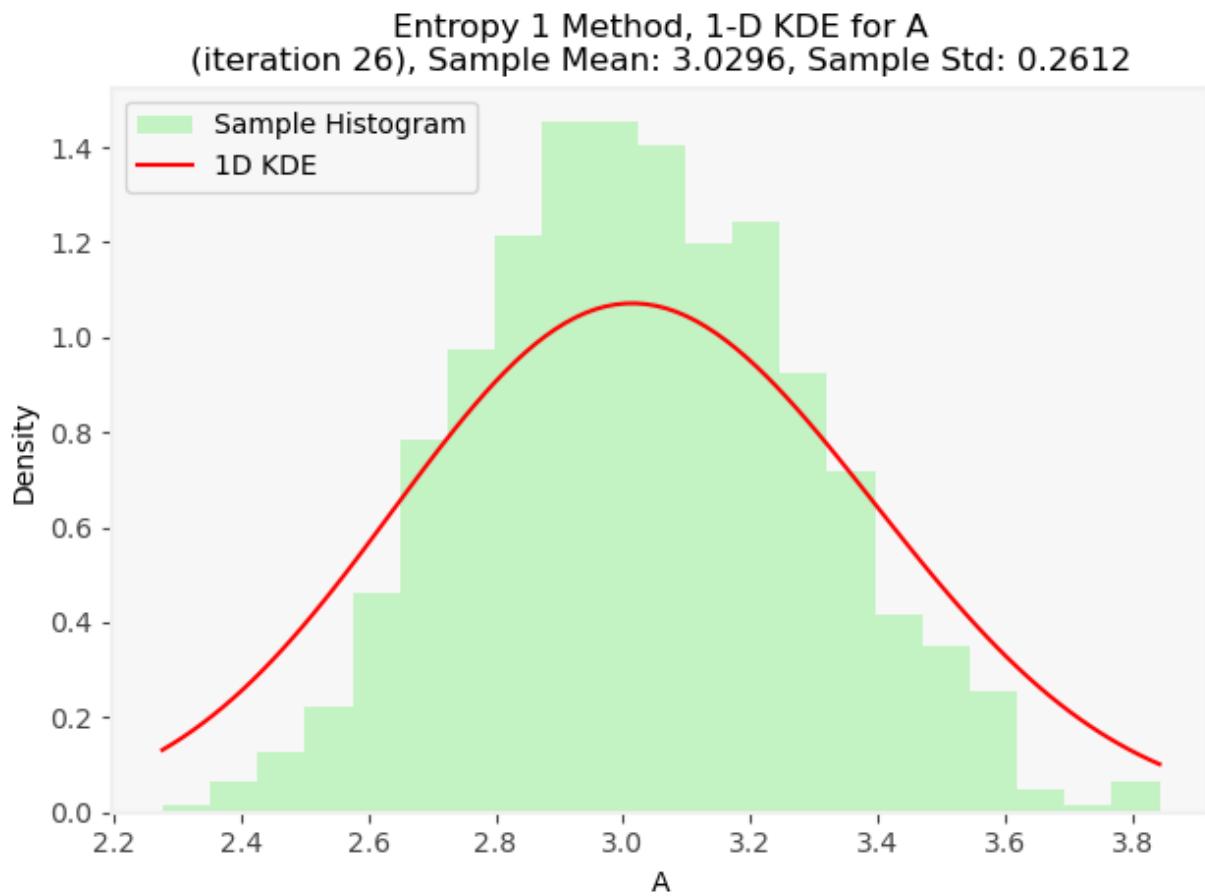
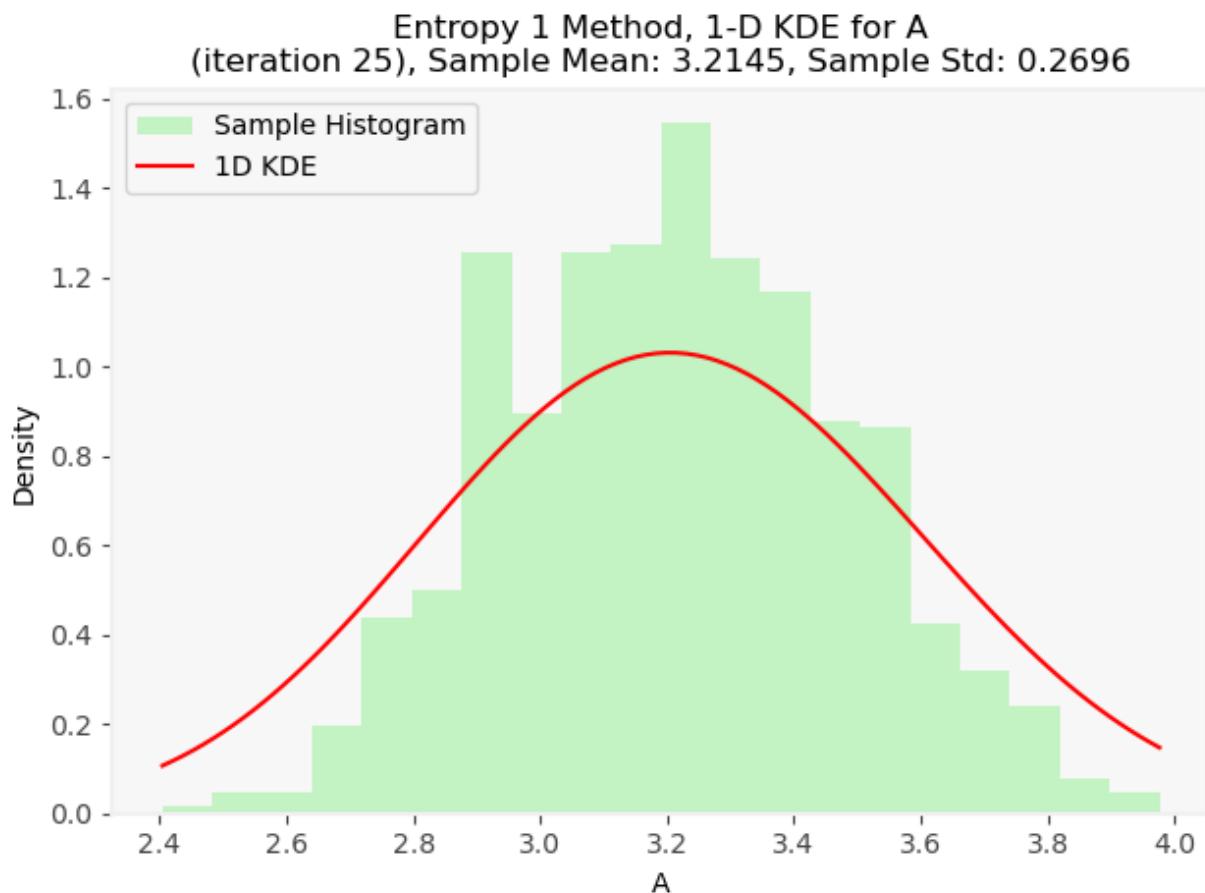


Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 23), Sample Mean: 3.4302, Sample Std: 0.3508

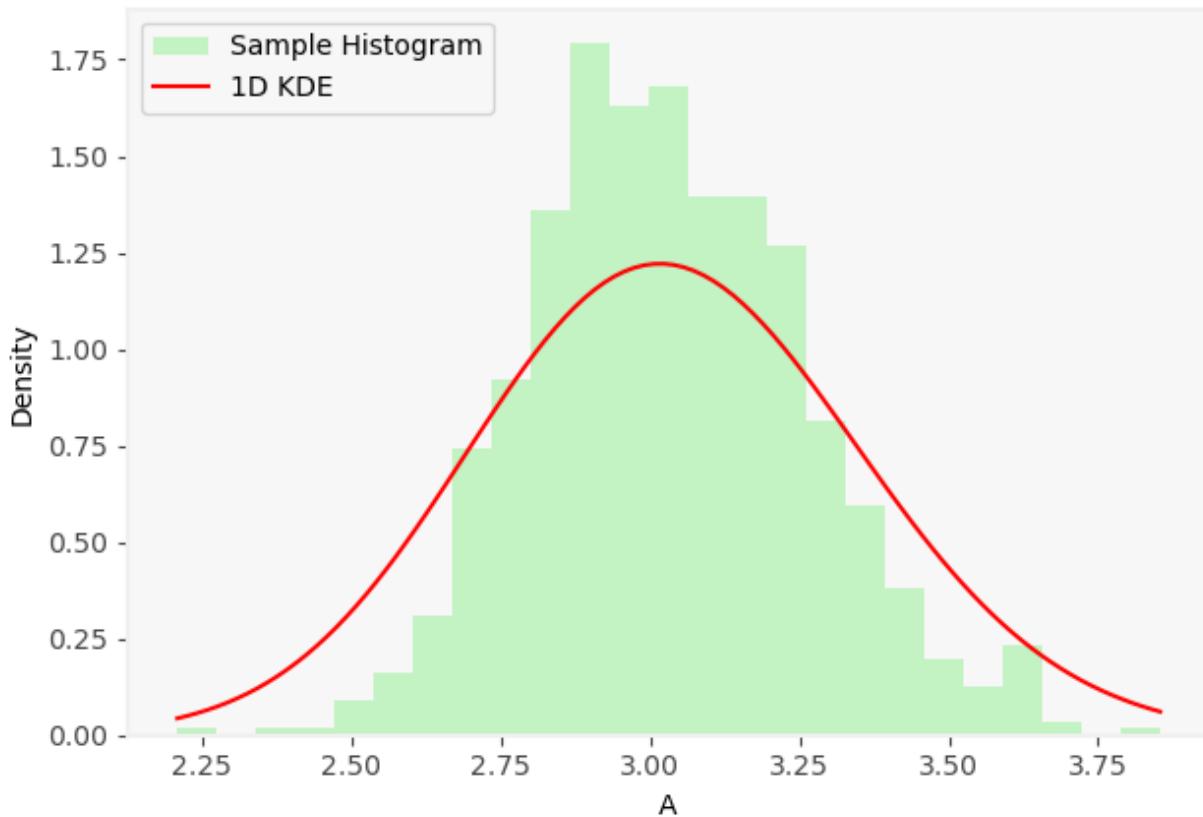


Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 24), Sample Mean: 3.2816, Sample Std: 0.3213

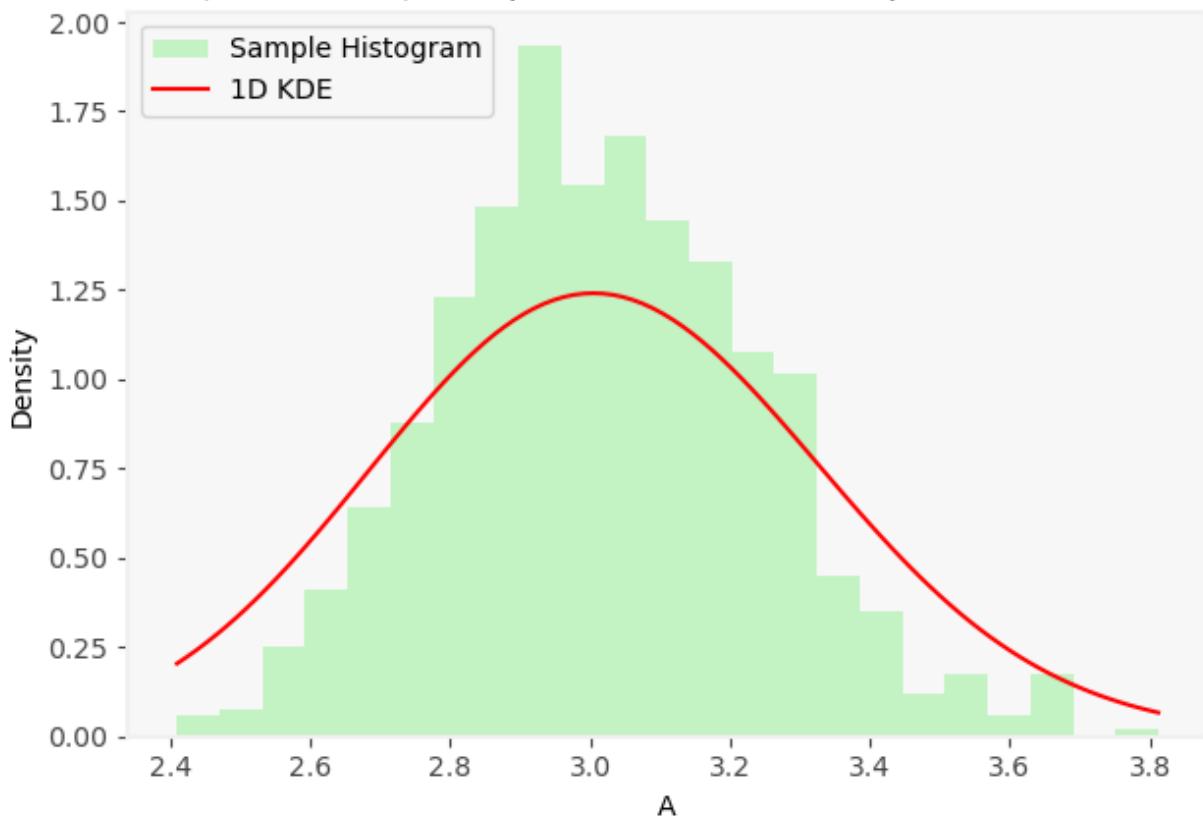




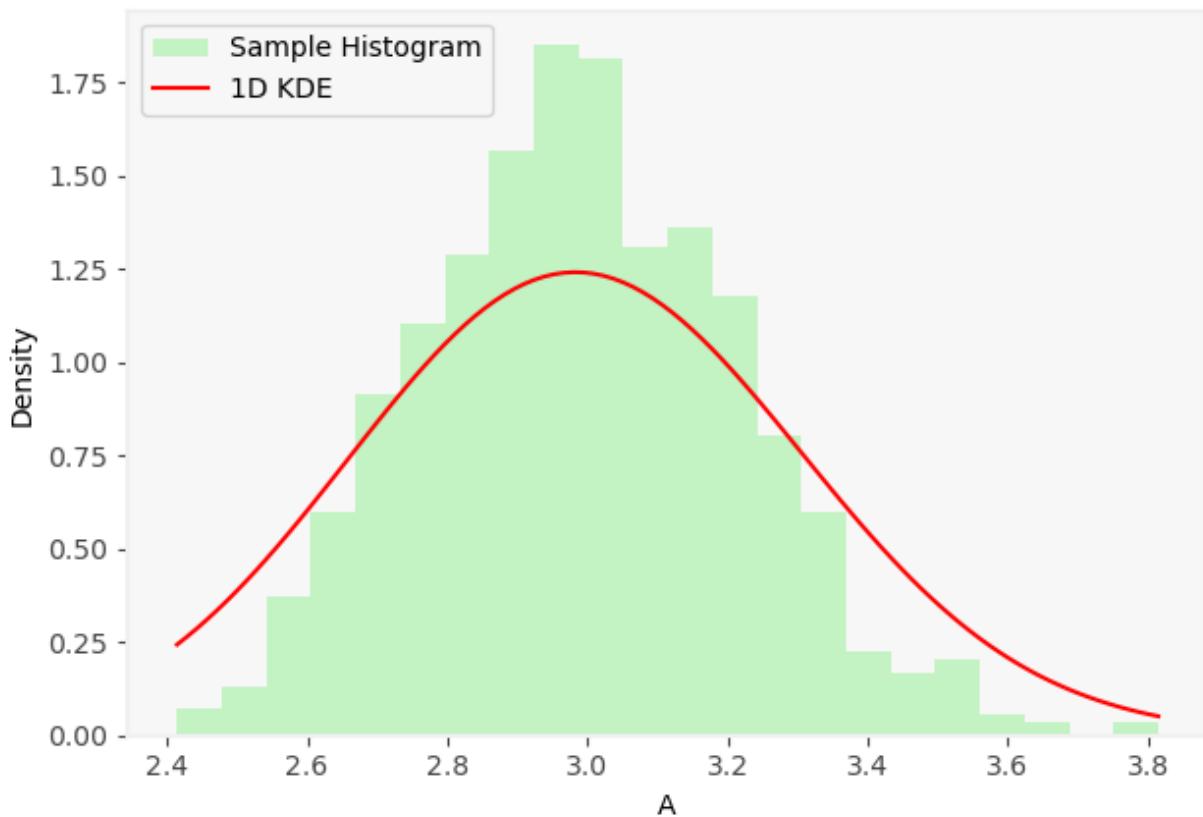
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 27), Sample Mean: 3.0345, Sample Std: 0.2316



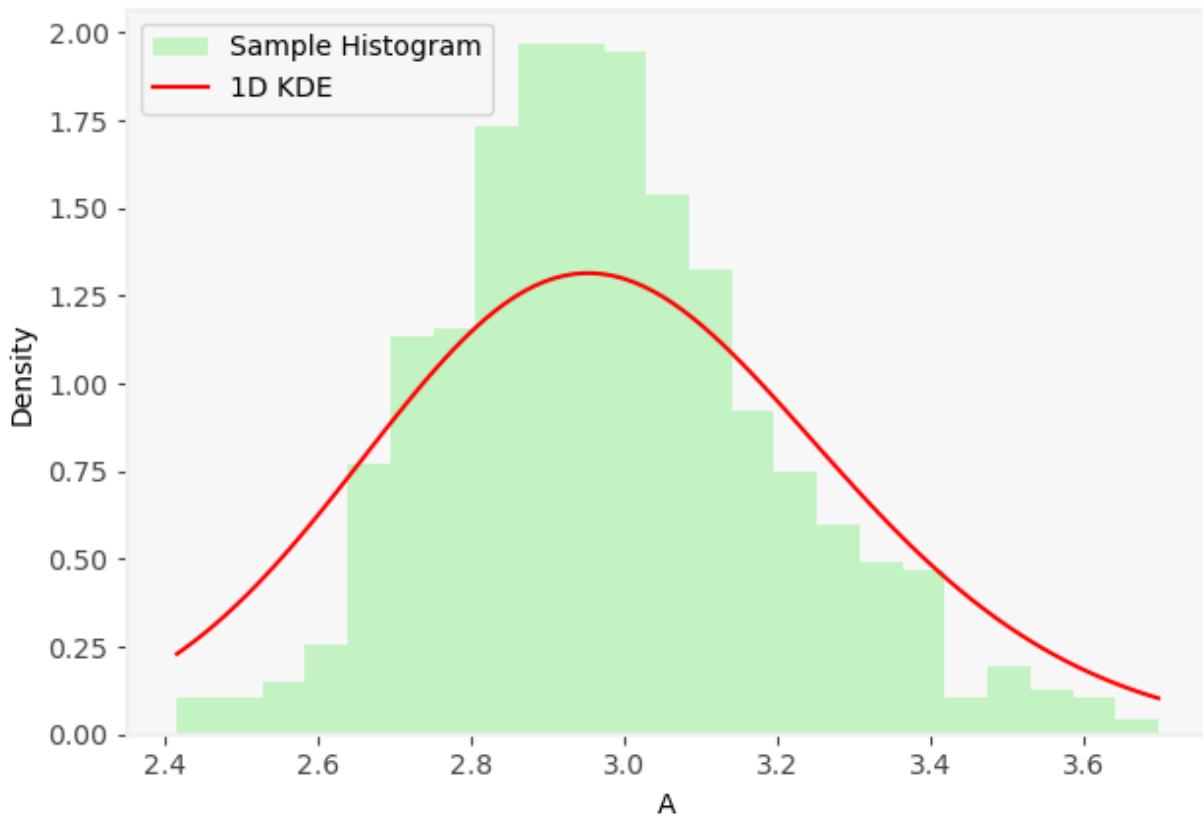
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 28), Sample Mean: 3.0178, Sample Std: 0.2277



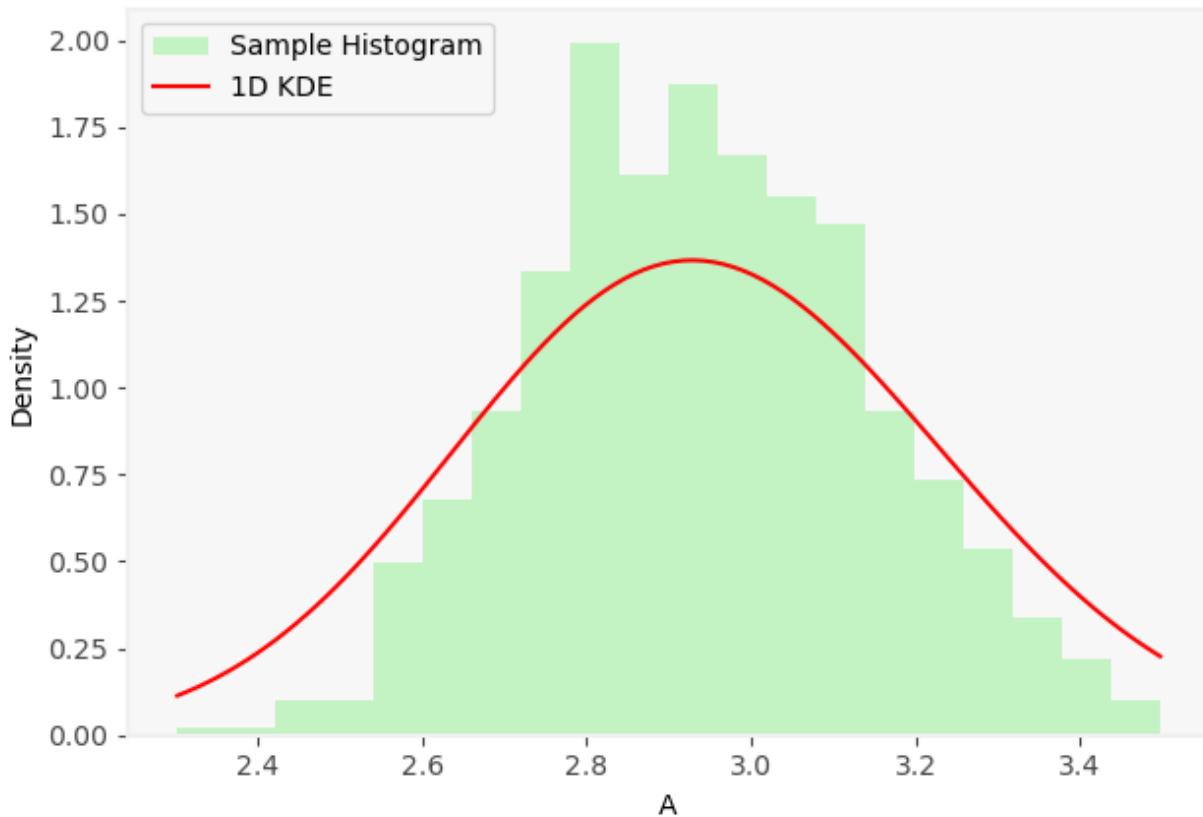
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 29), Sample Mean: 2.9935, Sample Std: 0.2264



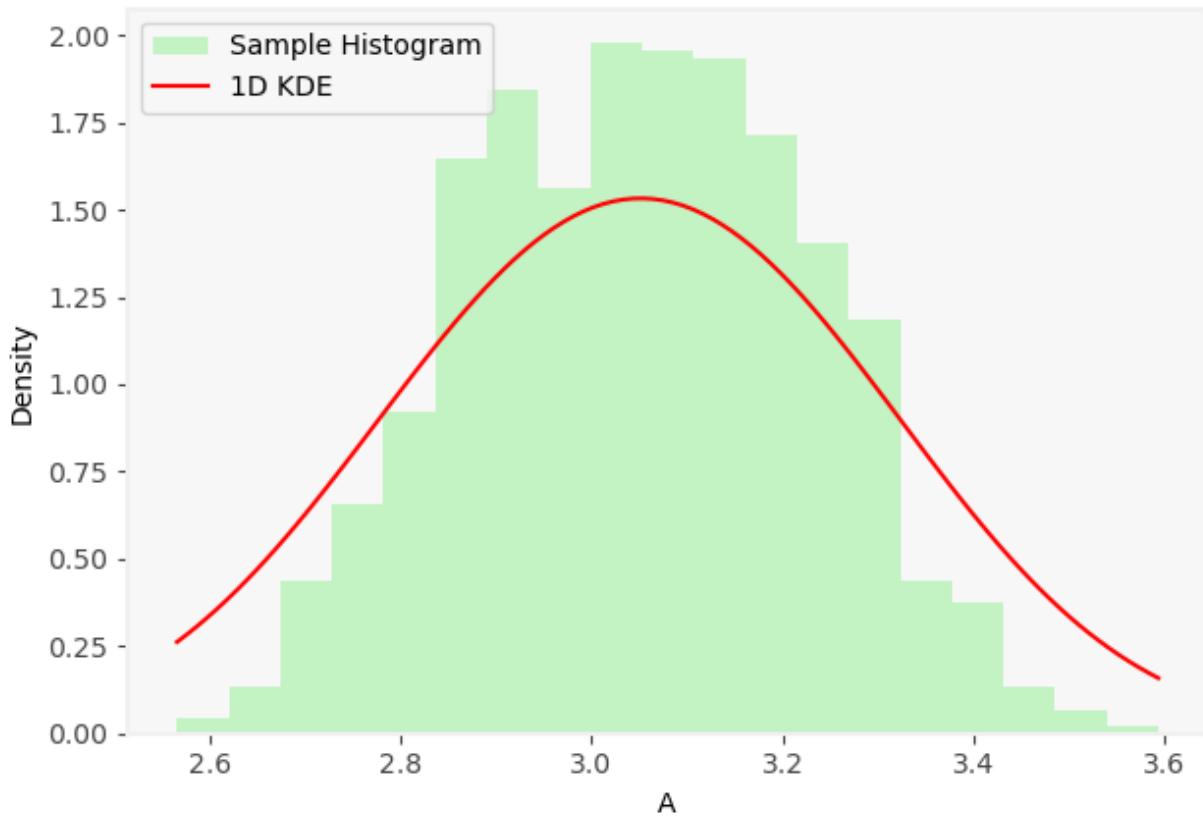
Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 30), Sample Mean: 2.9812, Sample Std: 0.2177



Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 31), Sample Mean: 2.9412, Sample Std: 0.2045

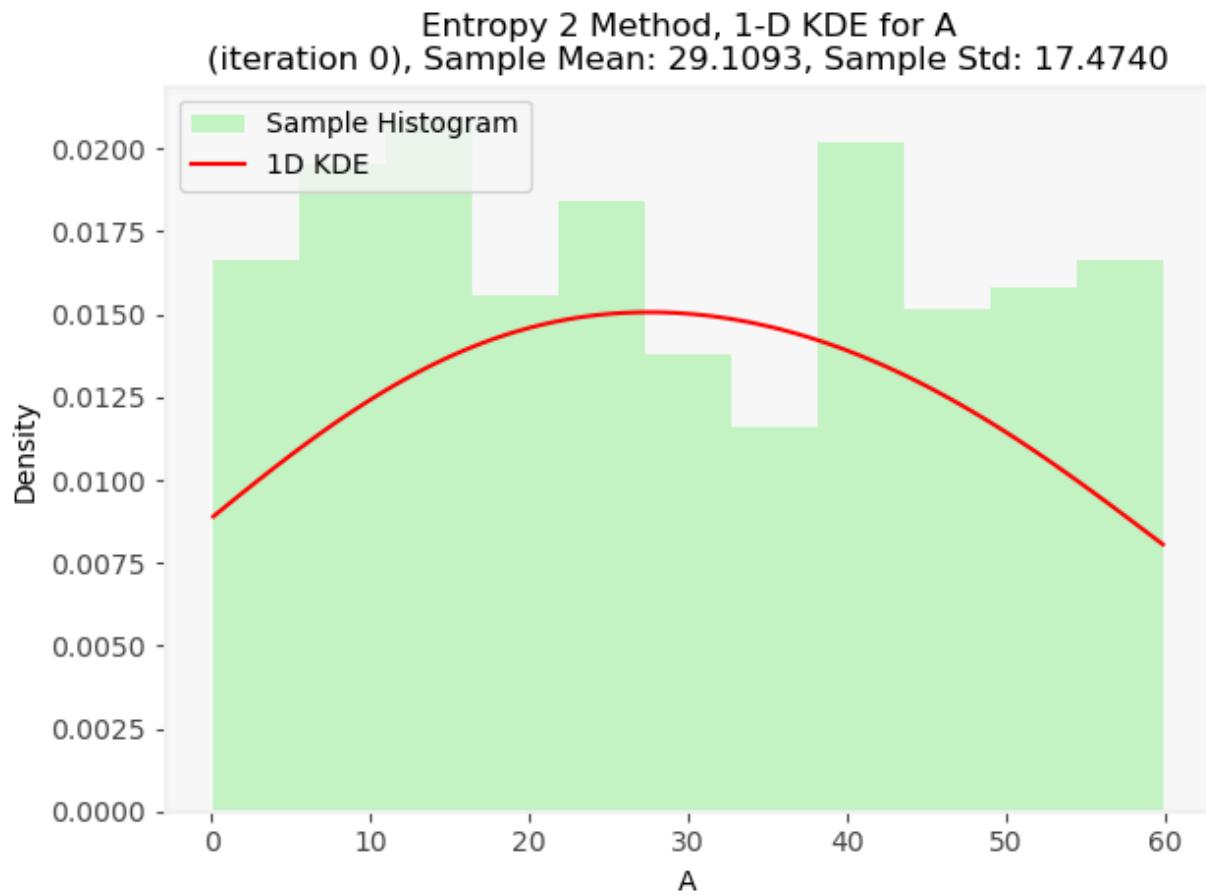


Entropy 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 32), Sample Mean: 3.0500, Sample Std: 0.1799

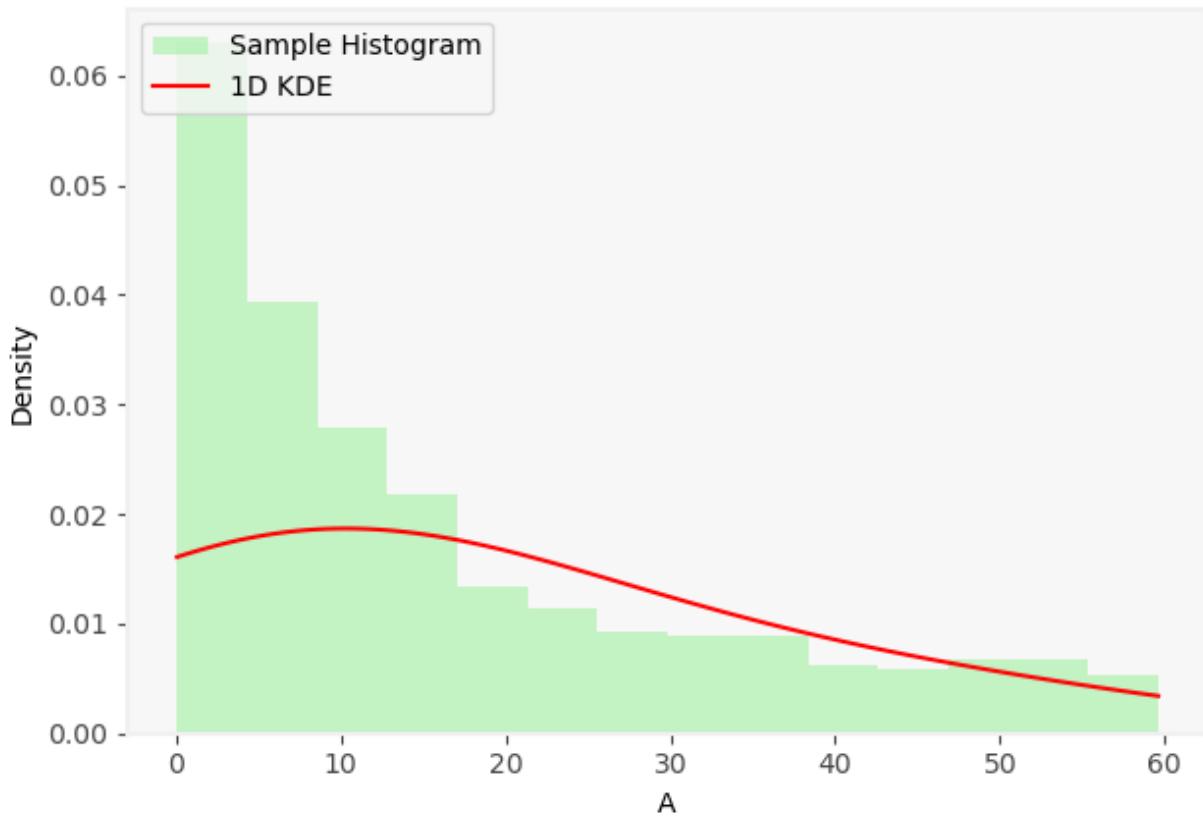


In []:

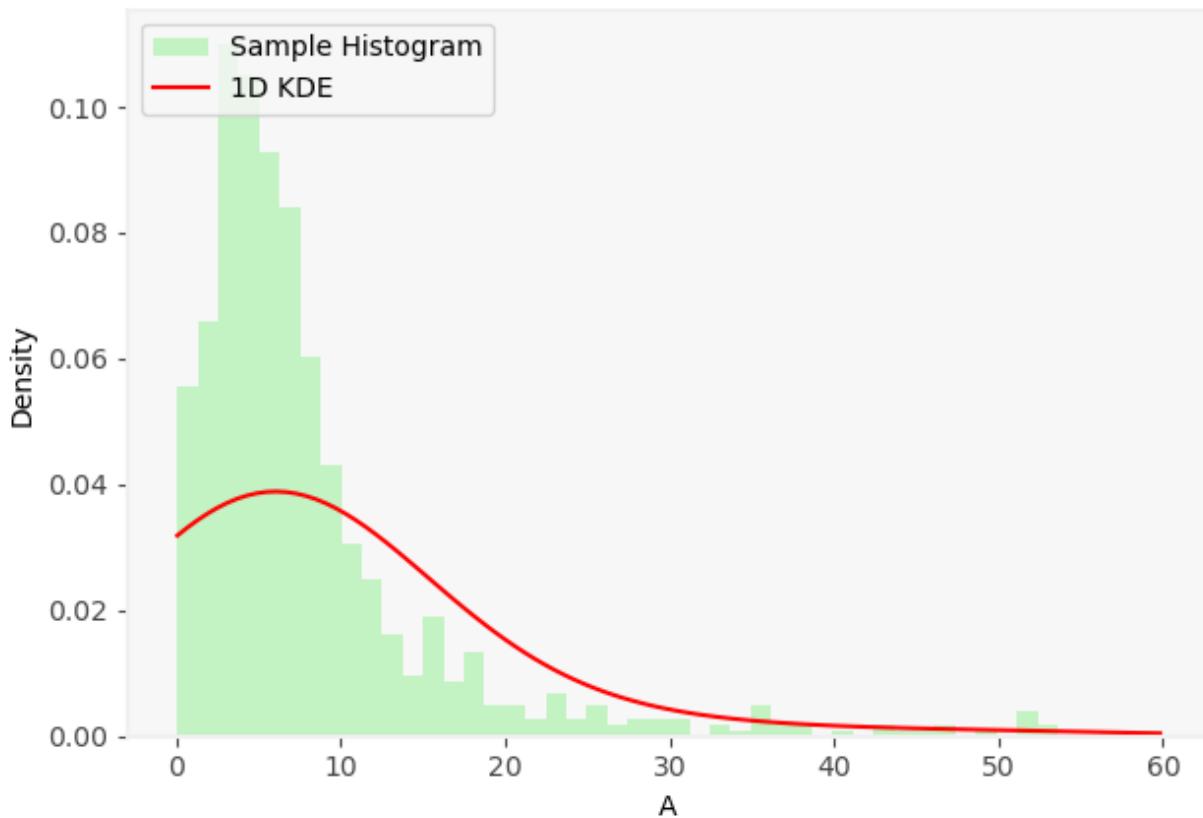
```
In [53]: for i in range(len(exp_entropy2.totaltimes())):
    MyPlots.plot_hist_1d_kde(list_par_separated_e2[0][i], kdes_entropy2[i,0], "Entropy")
```



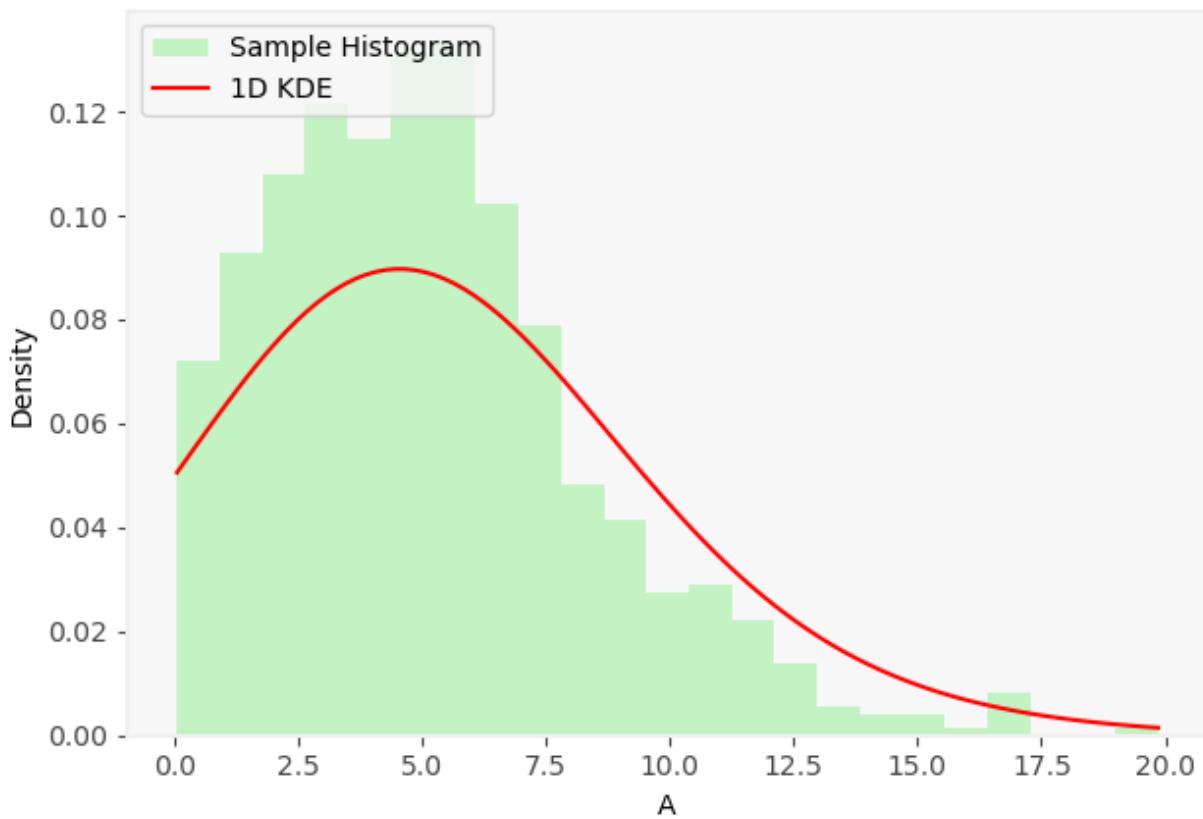
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 1), Sample Mean: 16.5117, Sample Std: 15.8544



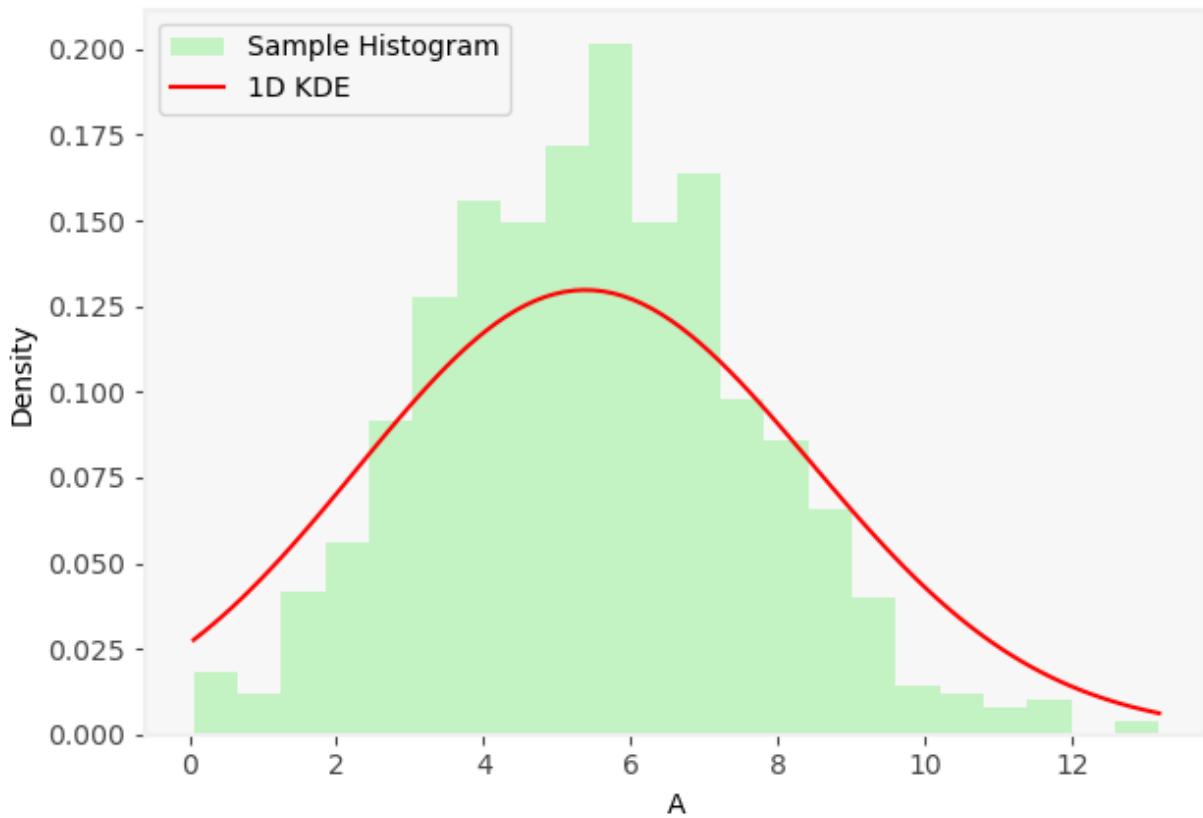
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 2), Sample Mean: 8.3433, Sample Std: 8.6341



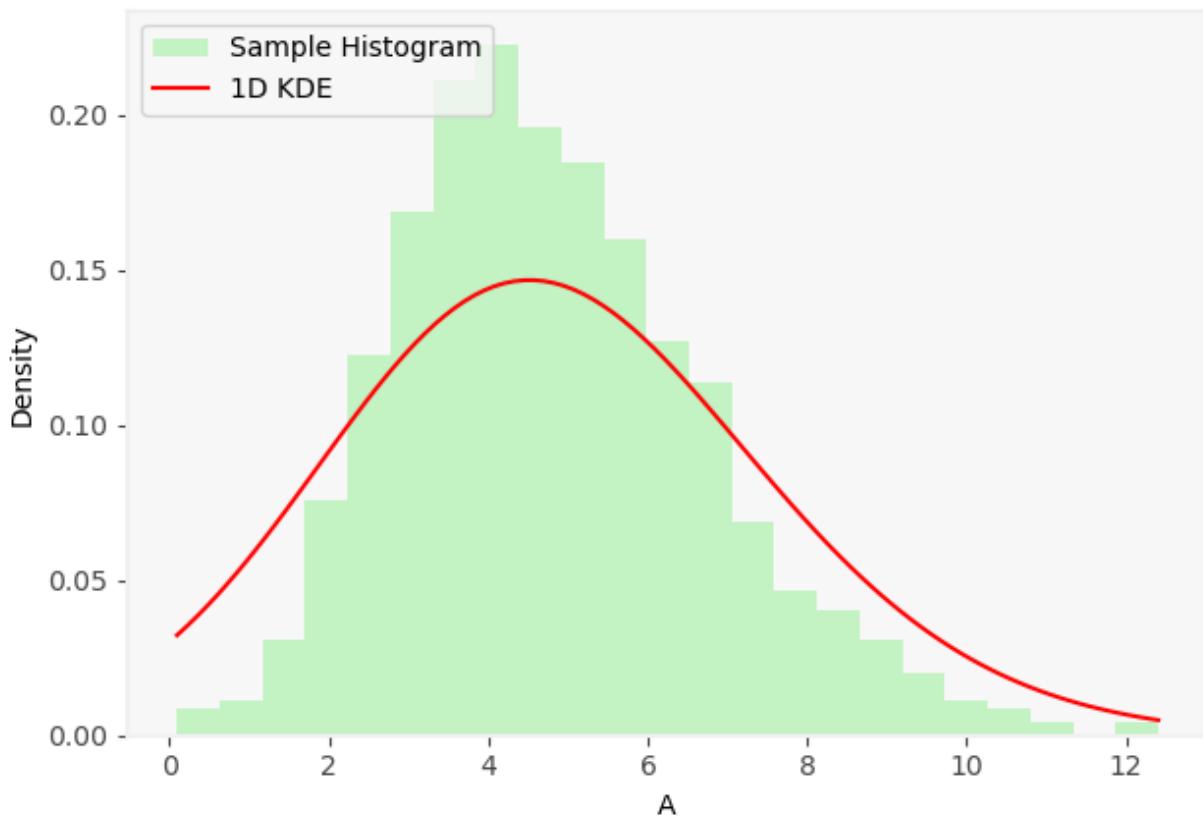
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 3), Sample Mean: 5.1885, Sample Std: 3.2470



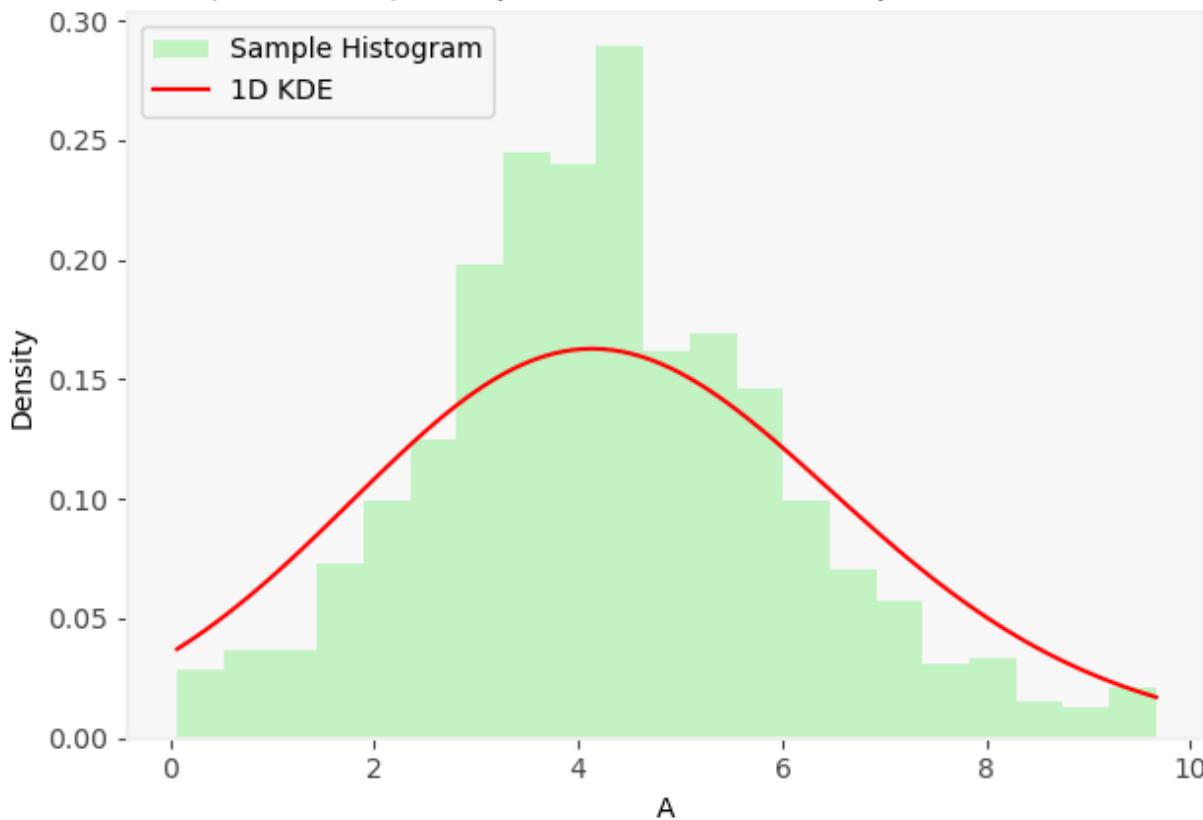
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 4), Sample Mean: 5.4756, Sample Std: 2.1750



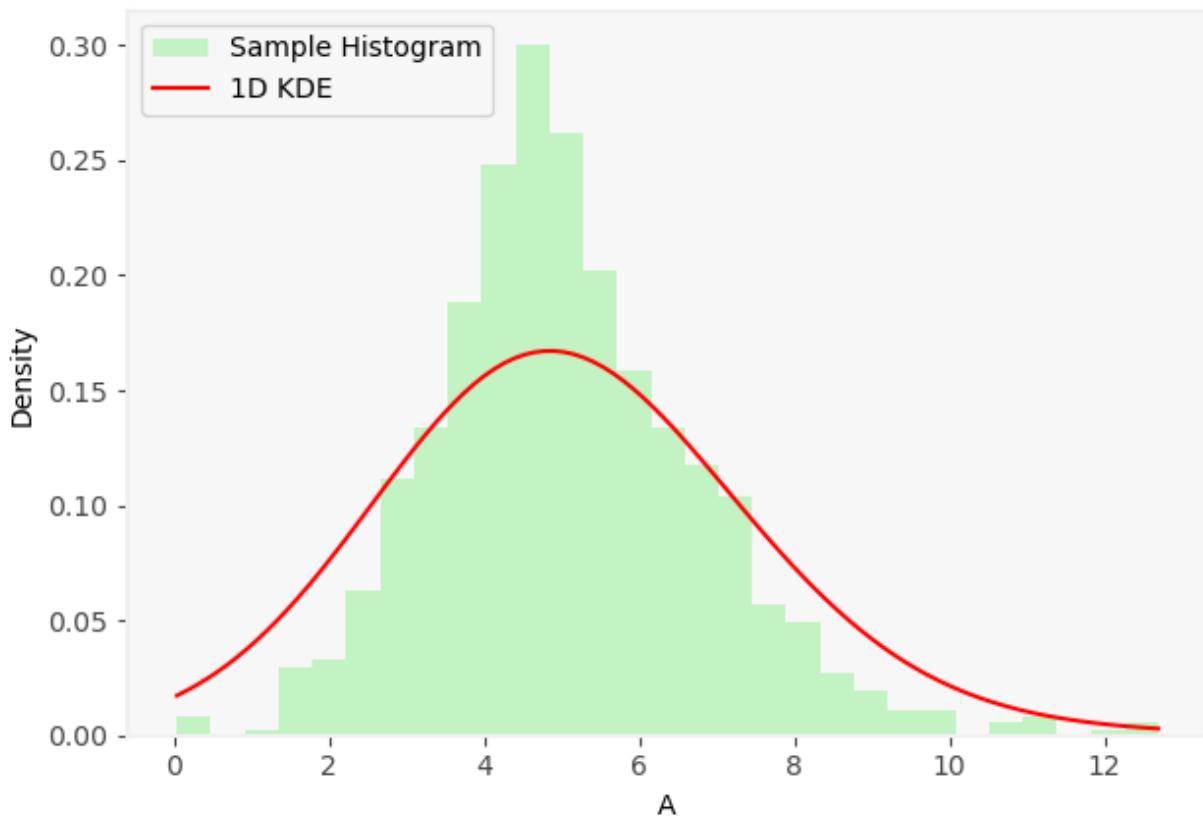
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 5), Sample Mean: 4.8233, Sample Std: 1.9523



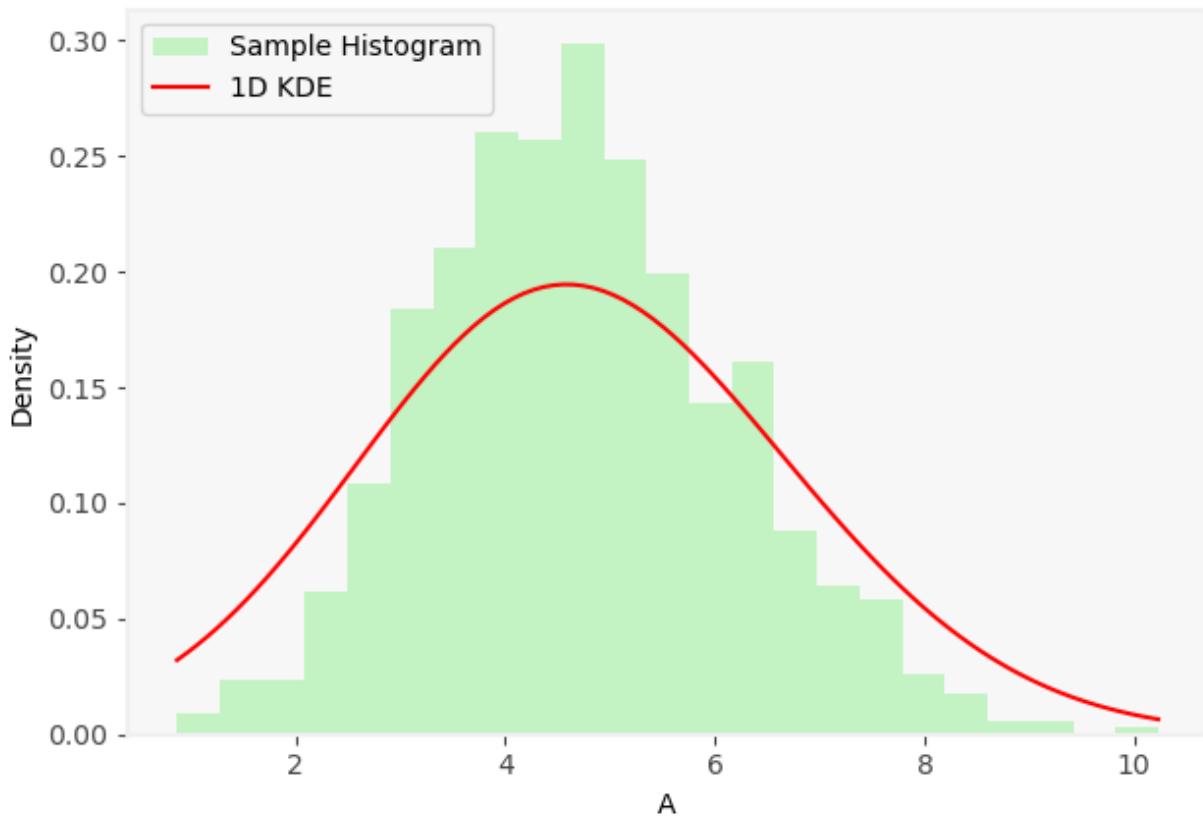
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 6), Sample Mean: 4.2939, Sample Std: 1.7614



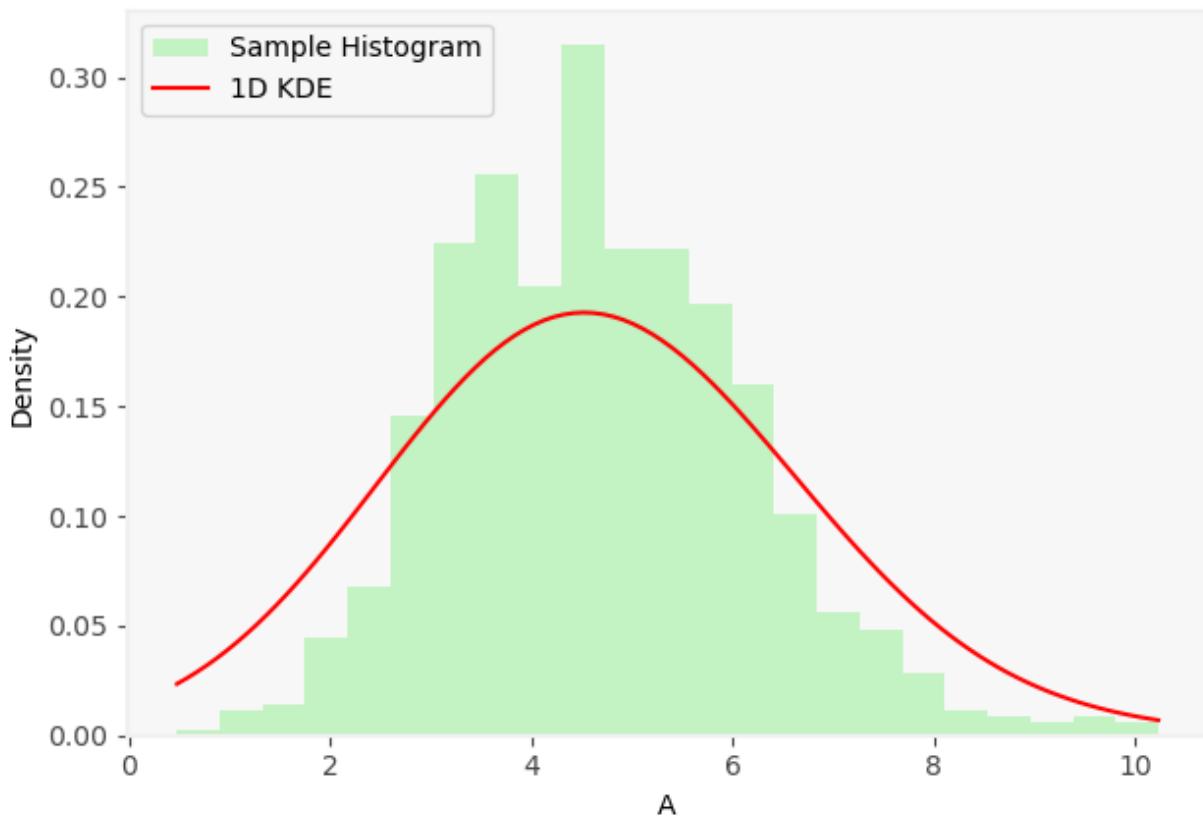
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 7), Sample Mean: 5.0762, Sample Std: 1.7429



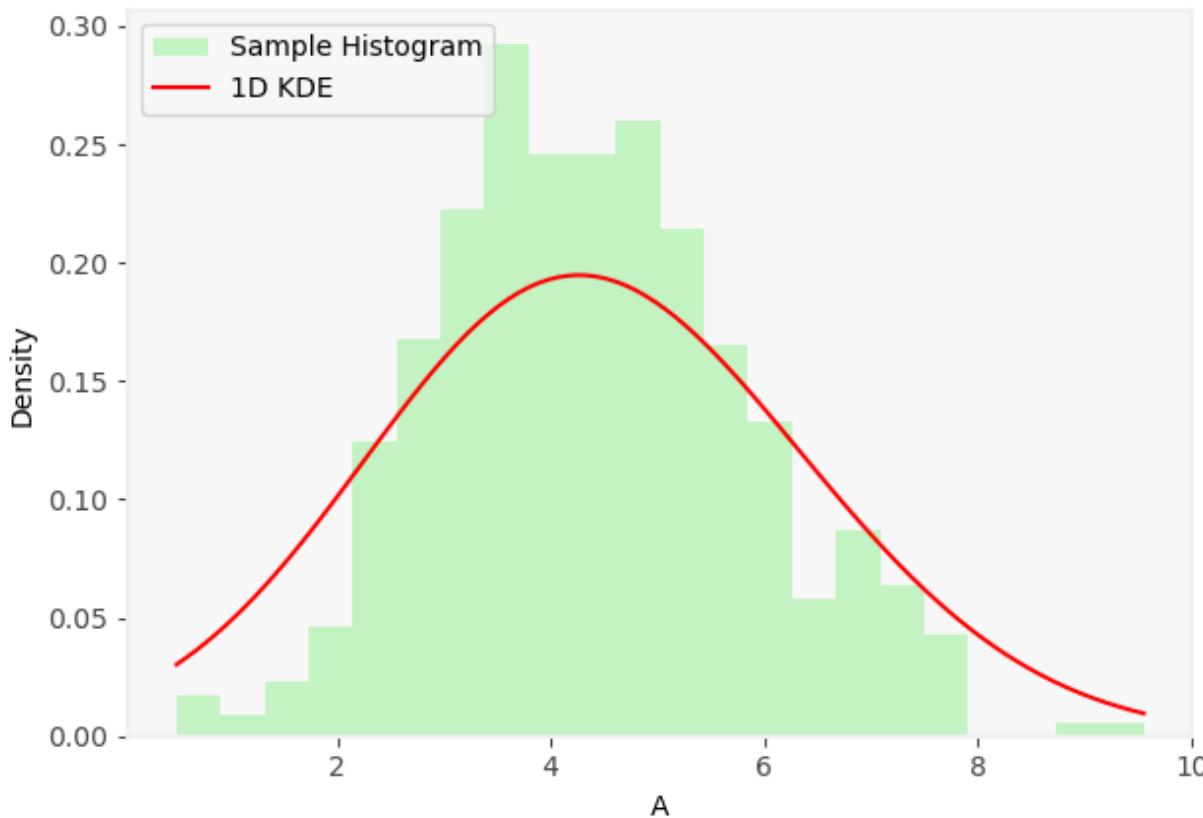
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 8), Sample Mean: 4.7320, Sample Std: 1.4542



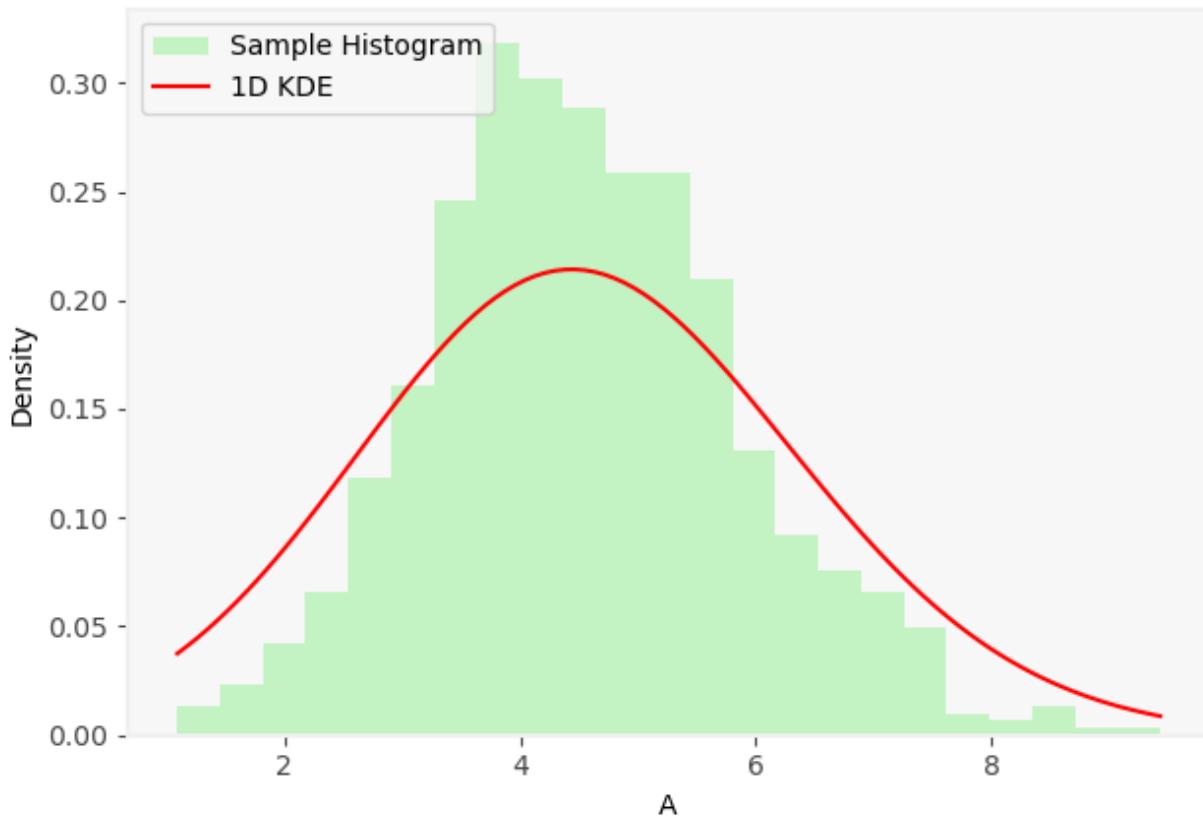
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 9), Sample Mean: 4.6667, Sample Std: 1.4731



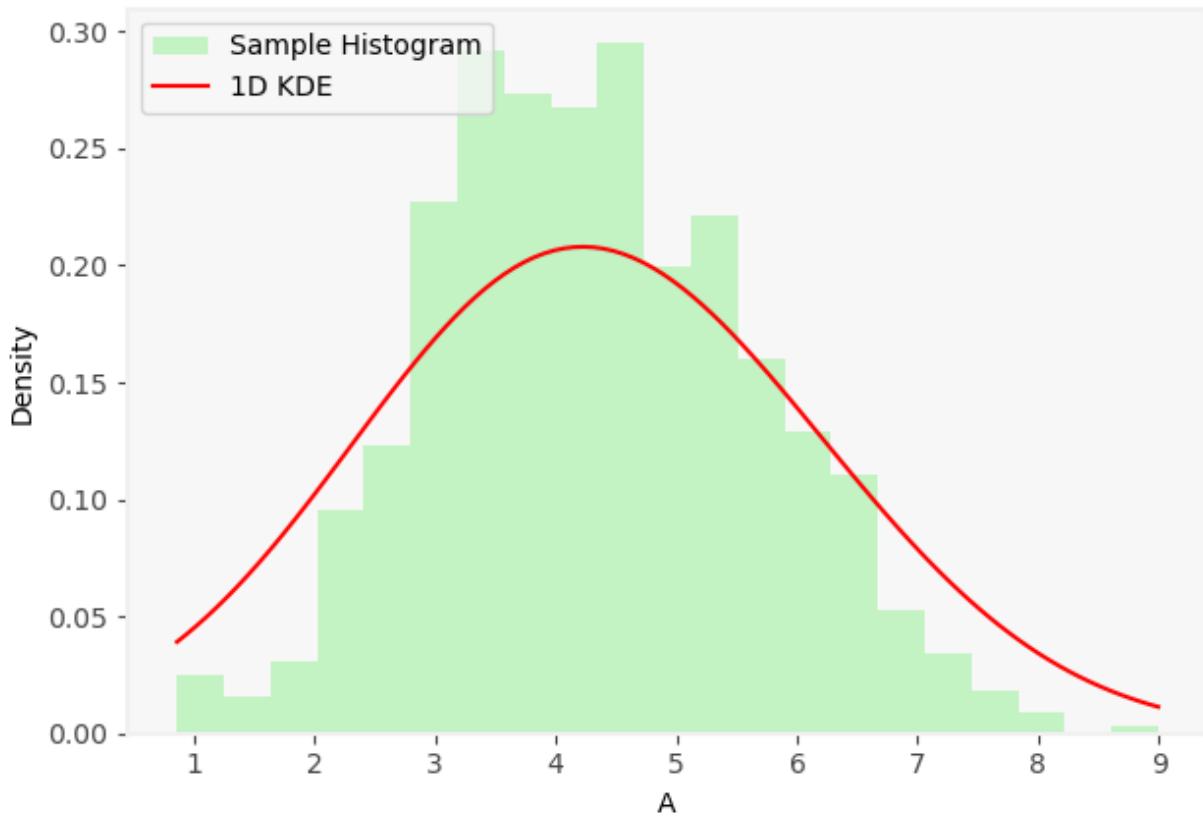
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 10), Sample Mean: 4.4089, Sample Std: 1.4503



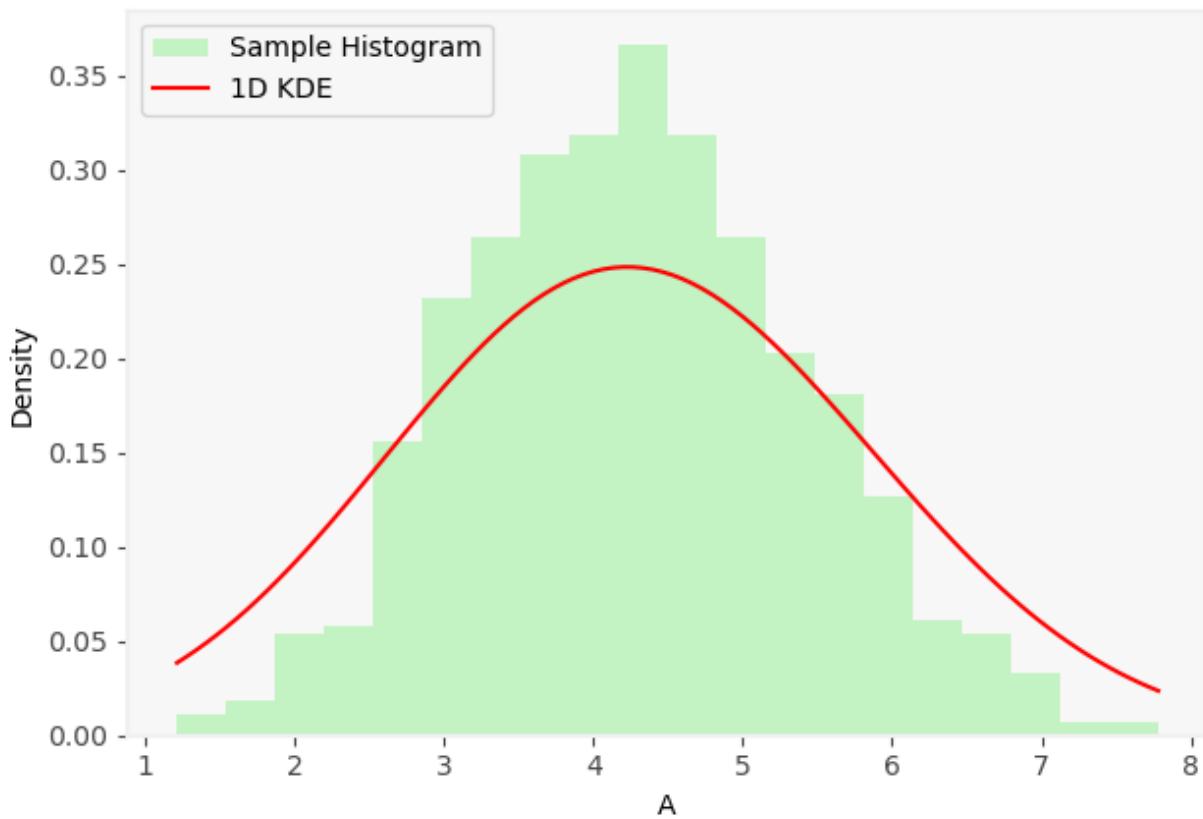
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 11), Sample Mean: 4.5528, Sample Std: 1.3279



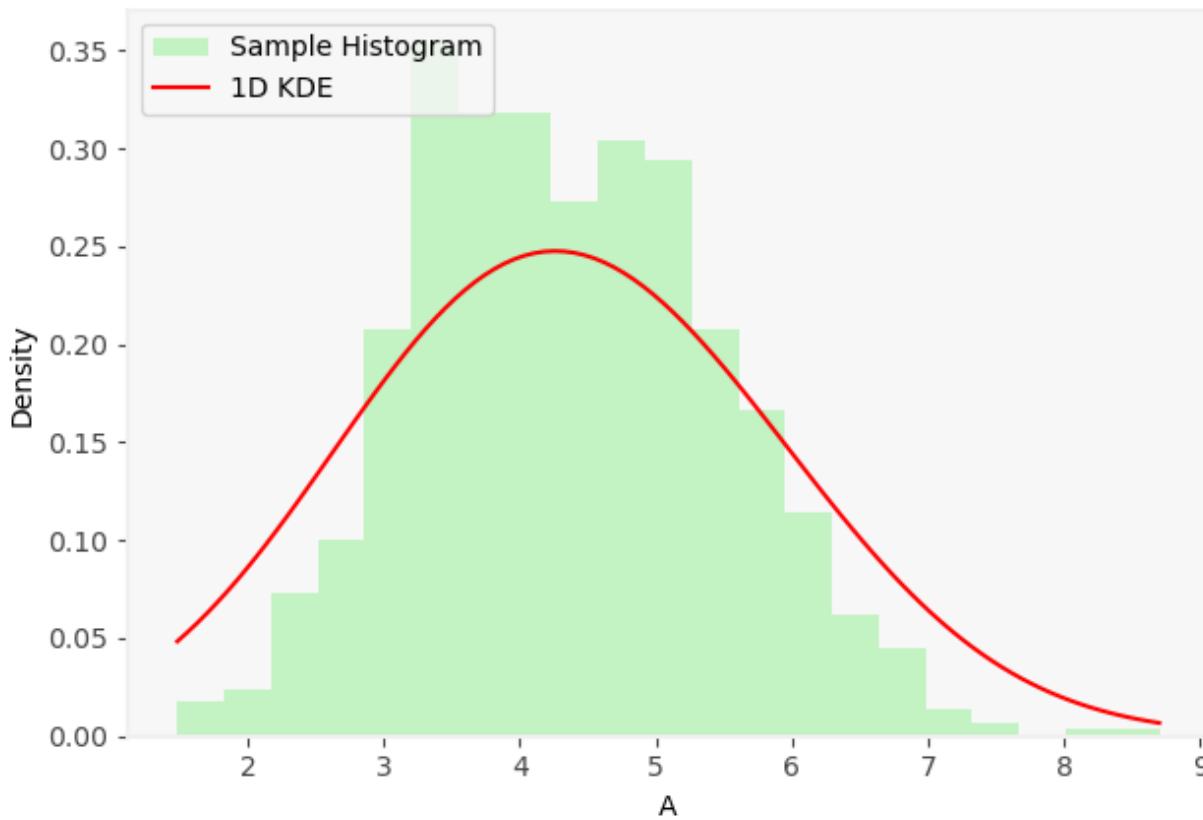
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 12), Sample Mean: 4.3356, Sample Std: 1.3452



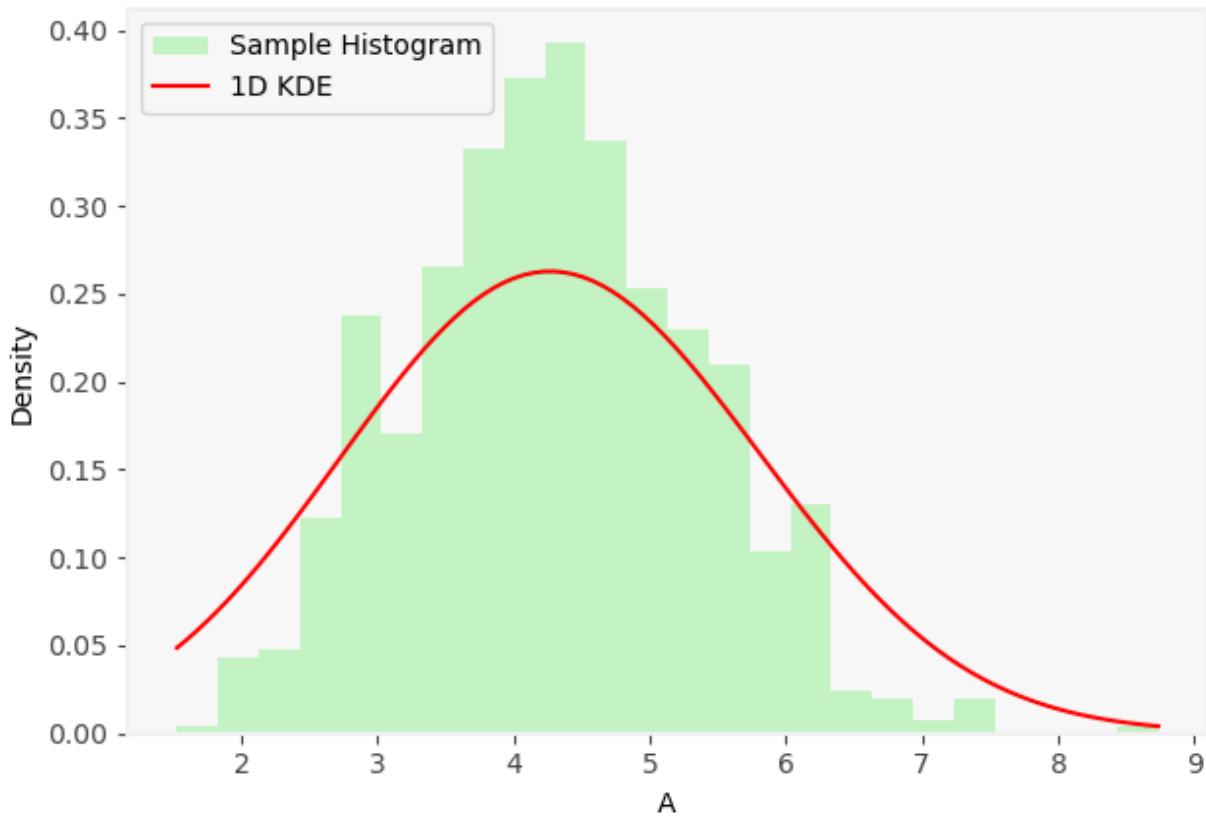
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 13), Sample Mean: 4.2851, Sample Std: 1.1257



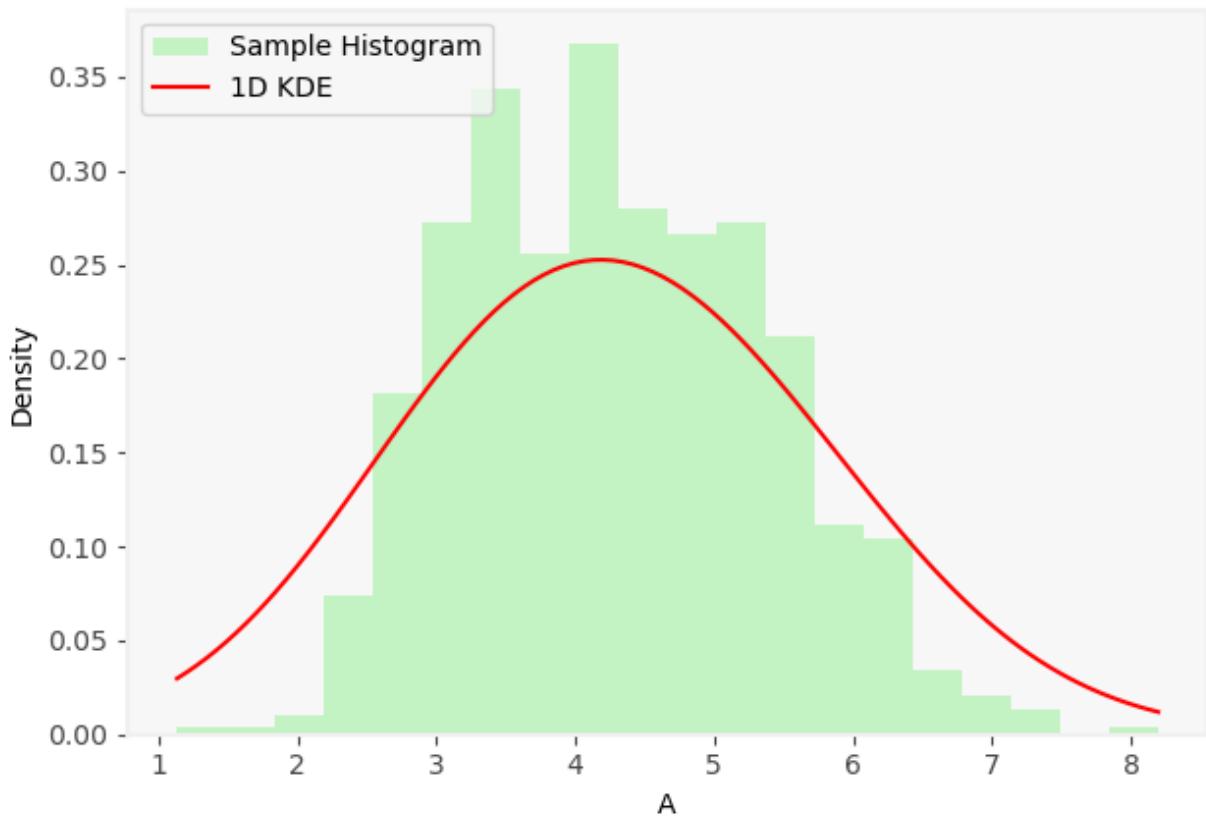
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 14), Sample Mean: 4.3619, Sample Std: 1.1243



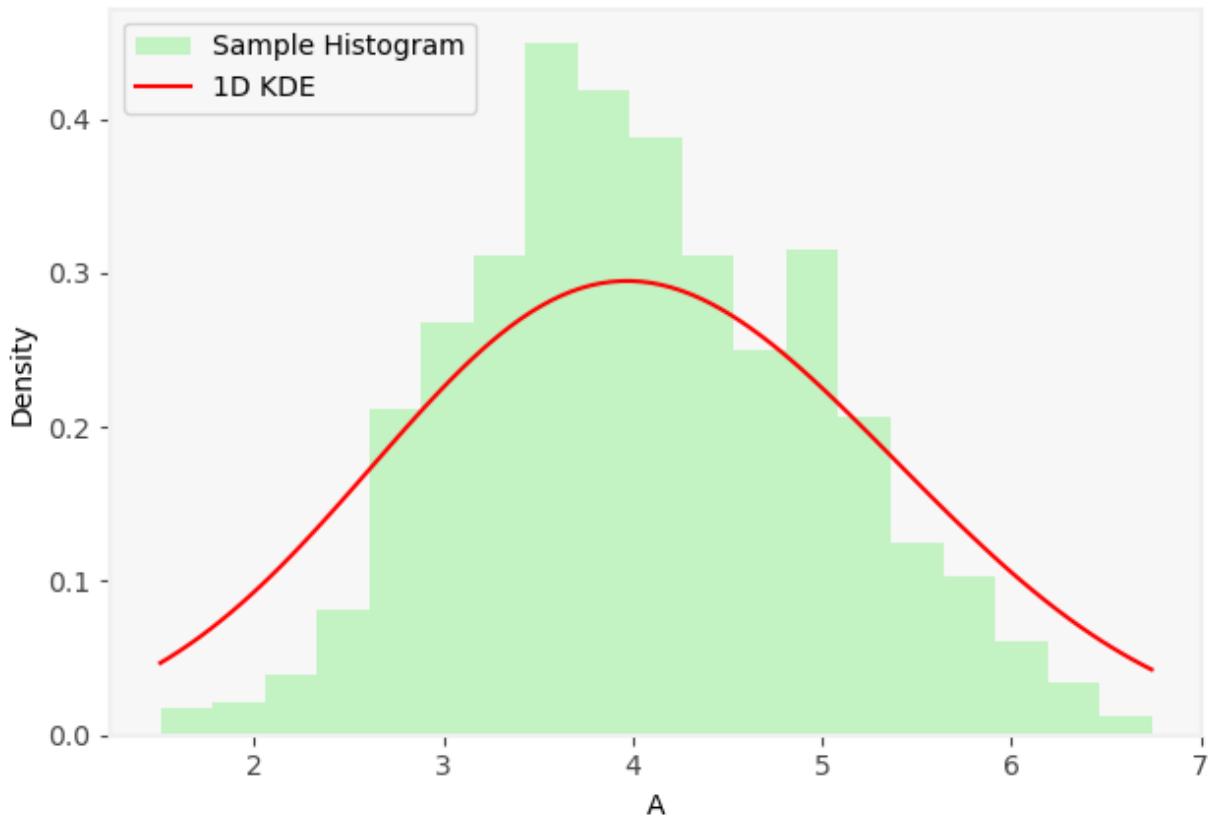
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 15), Sample Mean: 4.3093, Sample Std: 1.0672



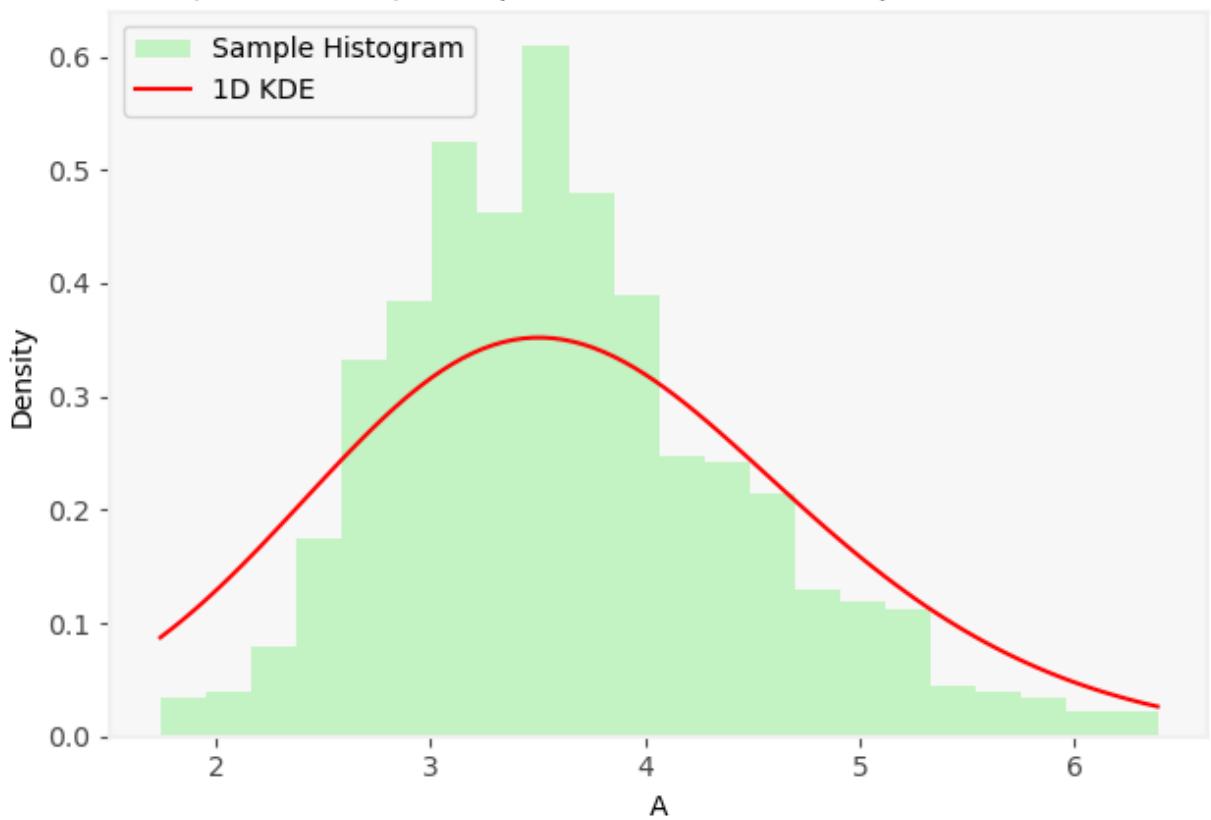
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 16), Sample Mean: 4.2992, Sample Std: 1.0943



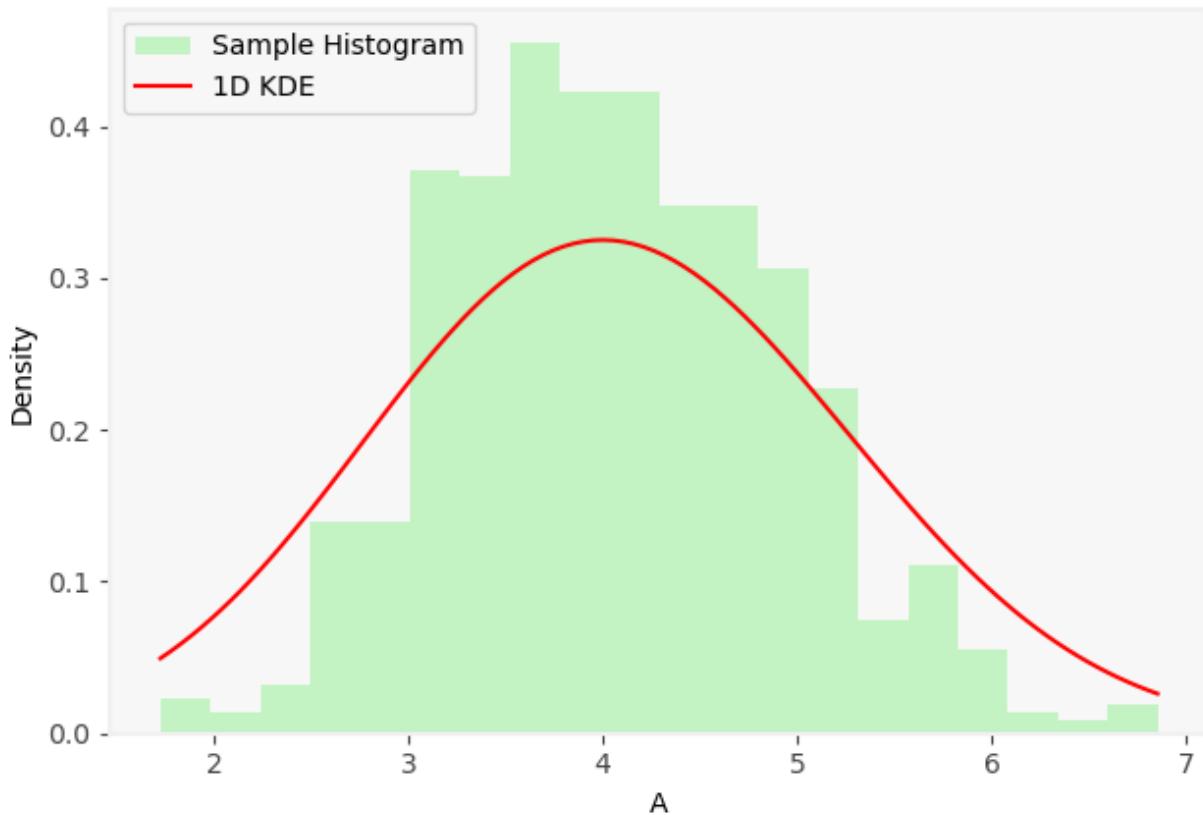
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 17), Sample Mean: 4.0599, Sample Std: 0.9447



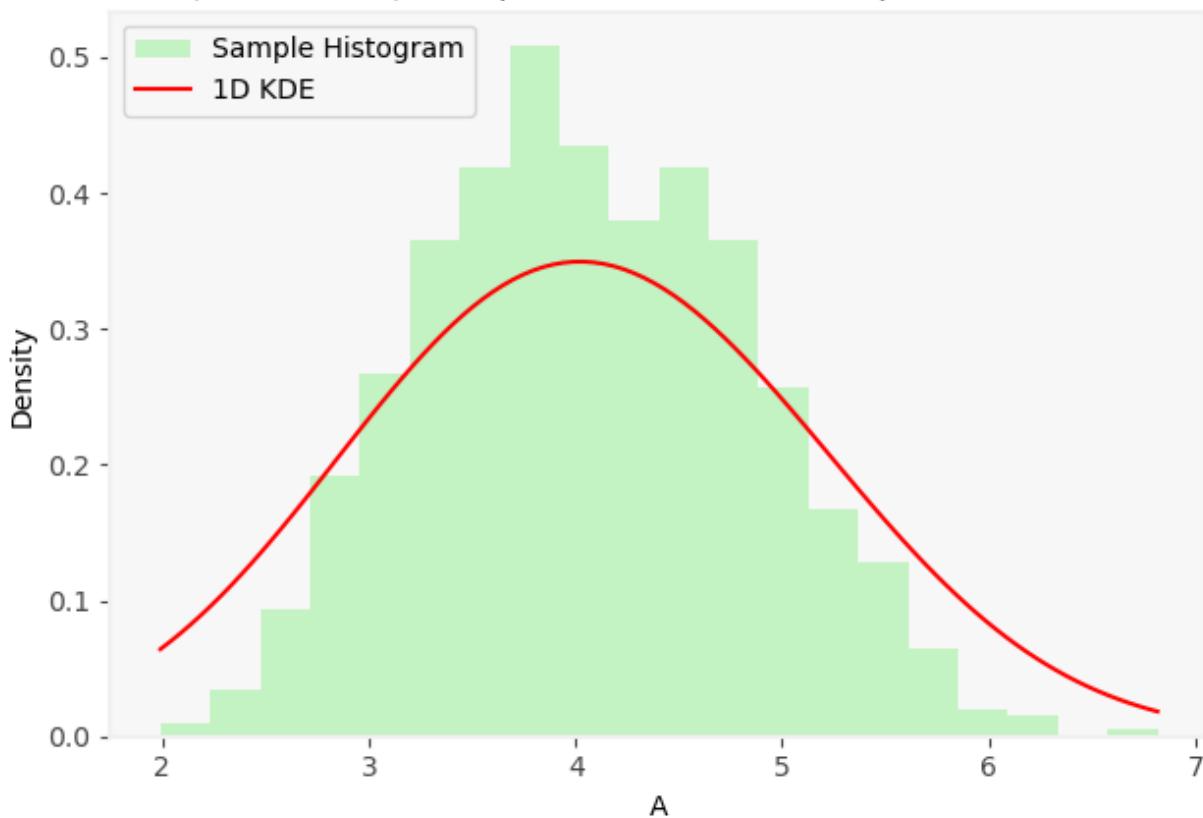
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 18), Sample Mean: 3.6449, Sample Std: 0.8170

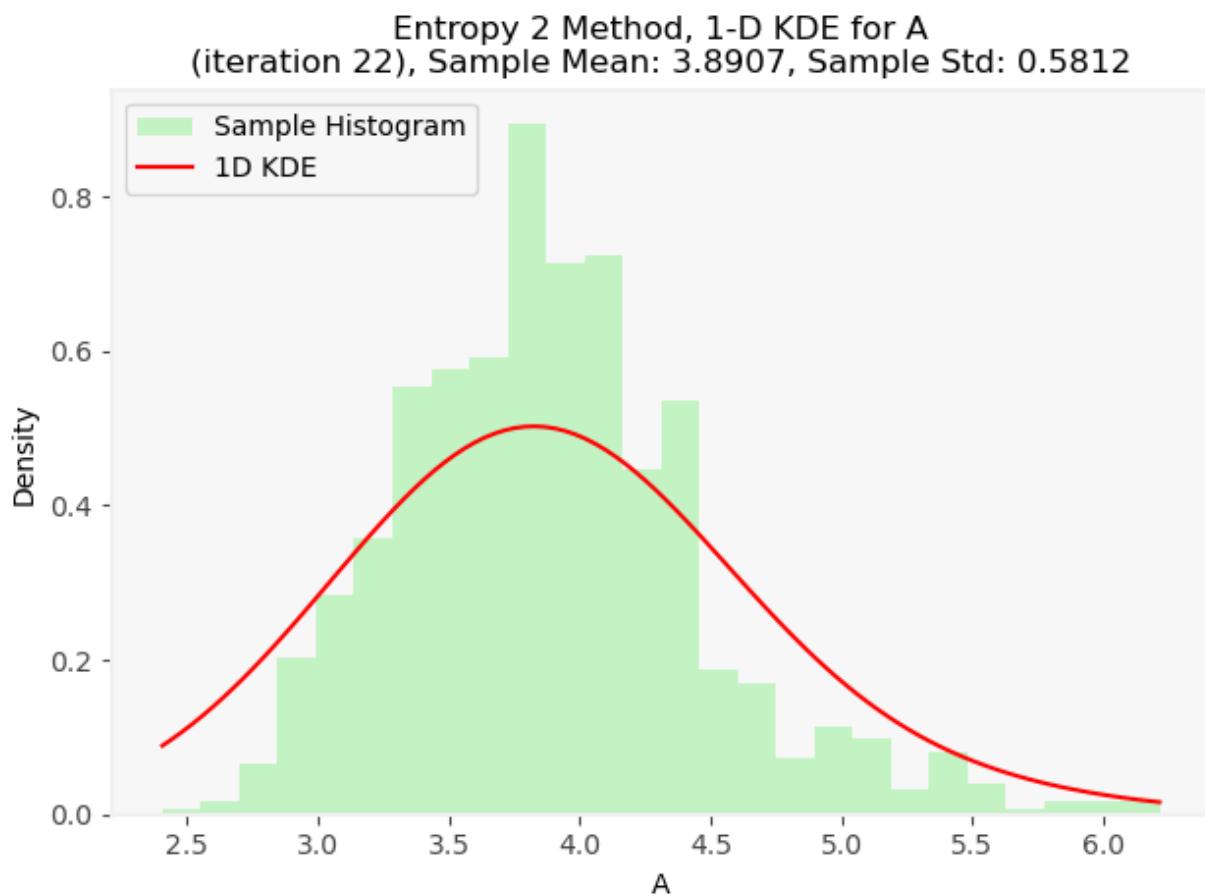
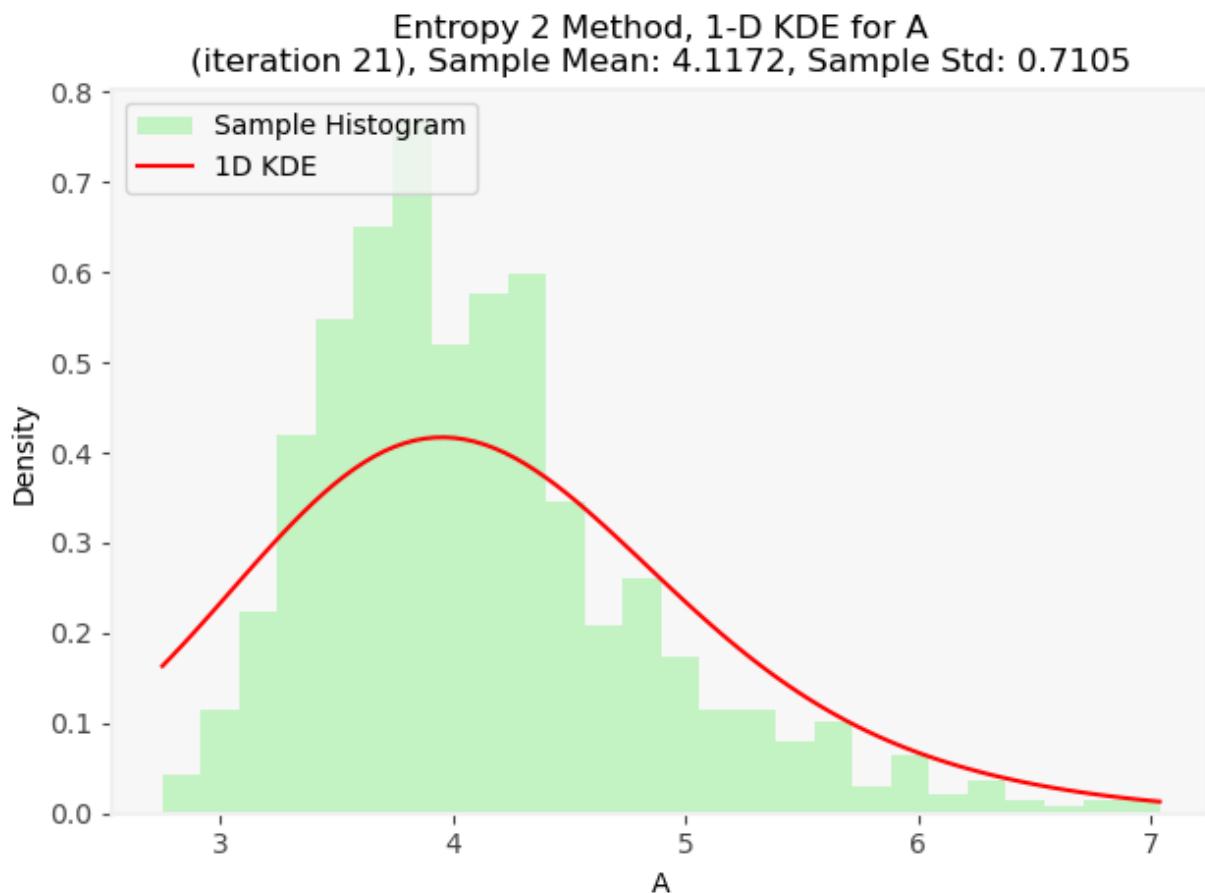


Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 19), Sample Mean: 4.0714, Sample Std: 0.8619

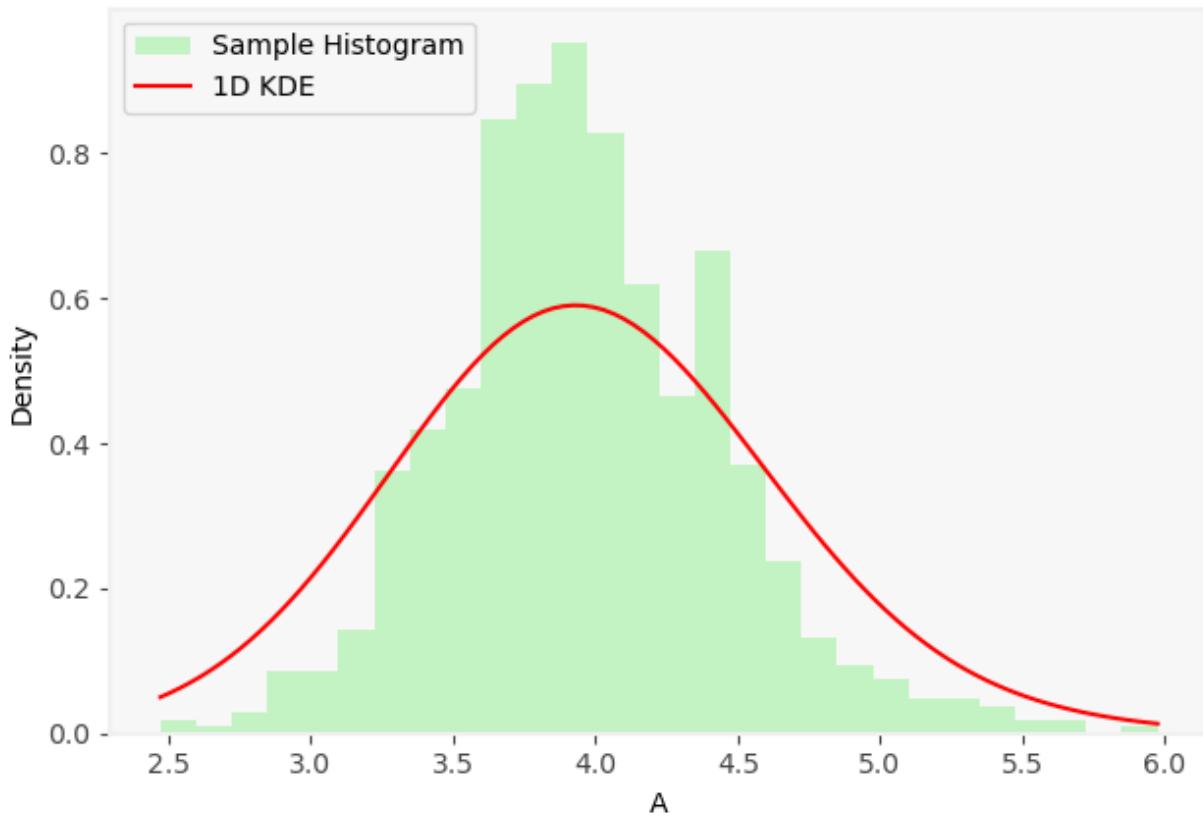


Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 20), Sample Mean: 4.0683, Sample Std: 0.7923

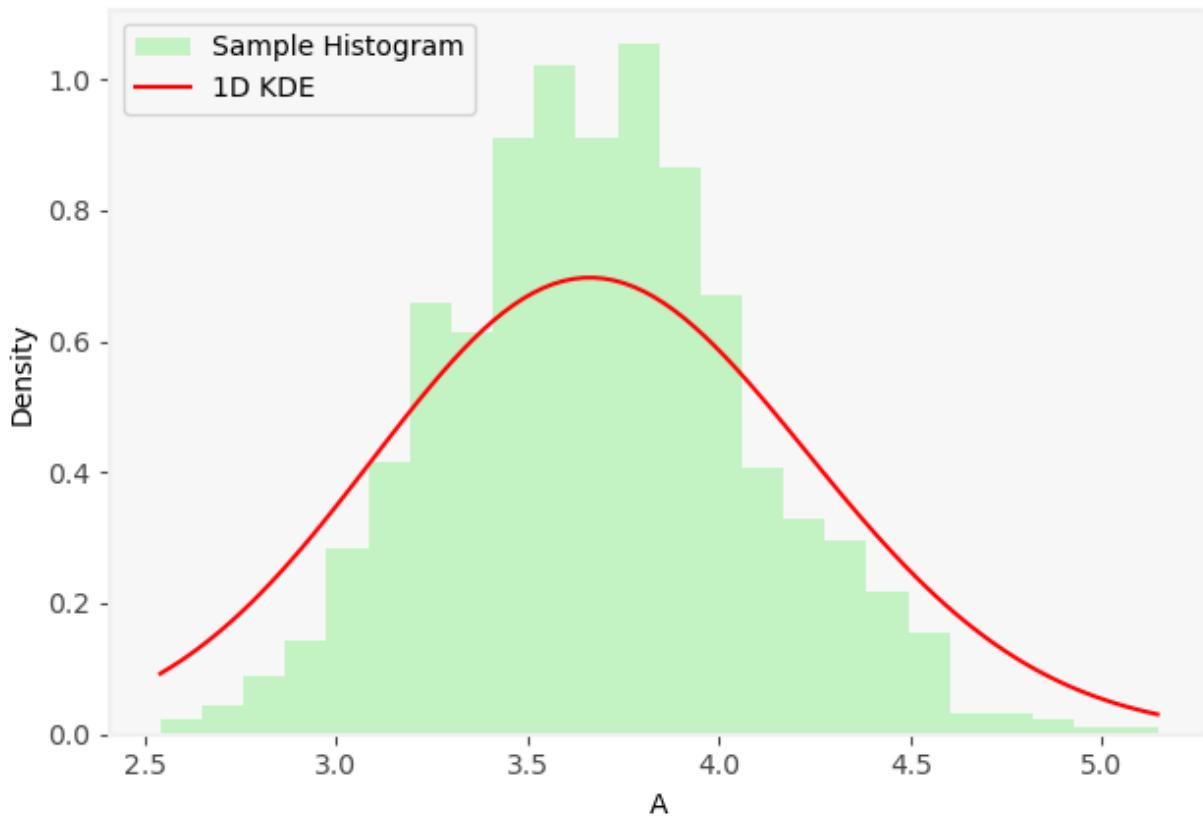


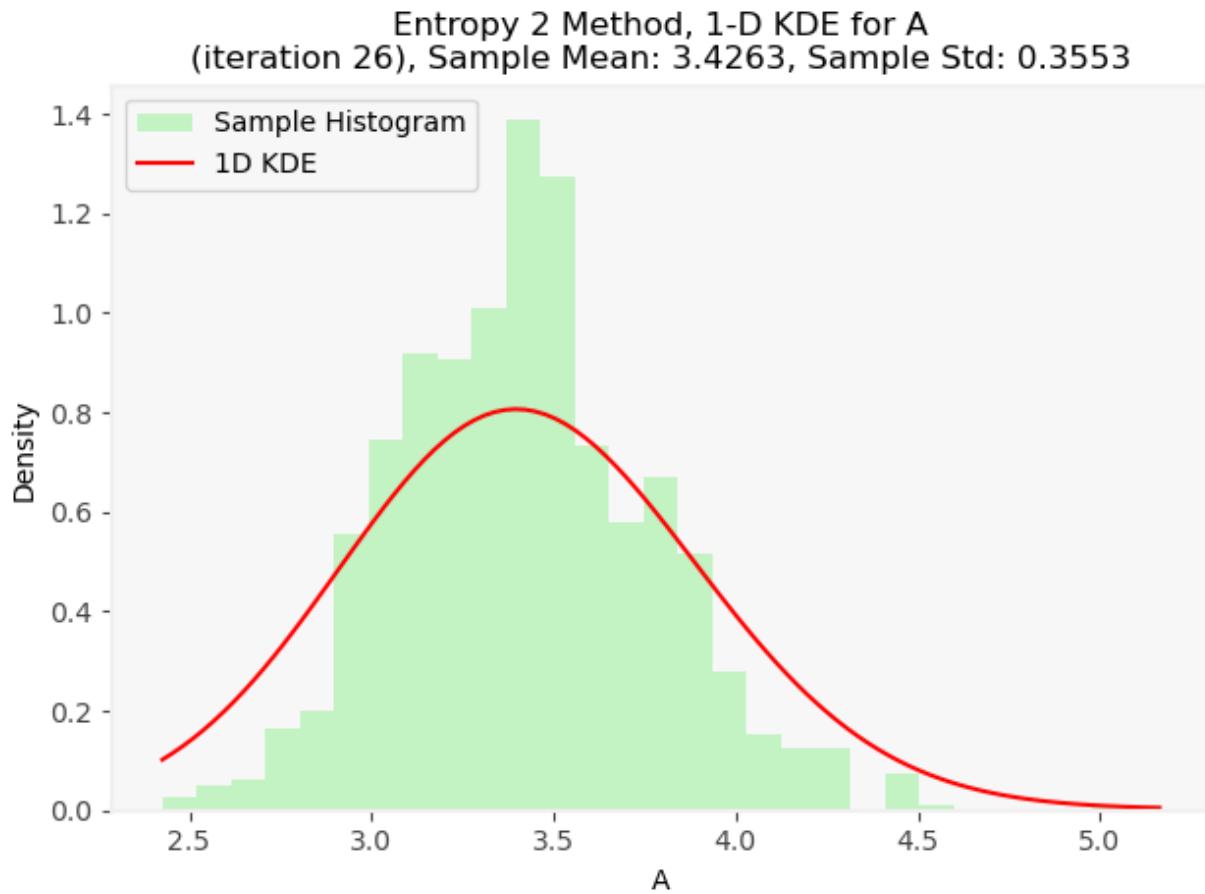
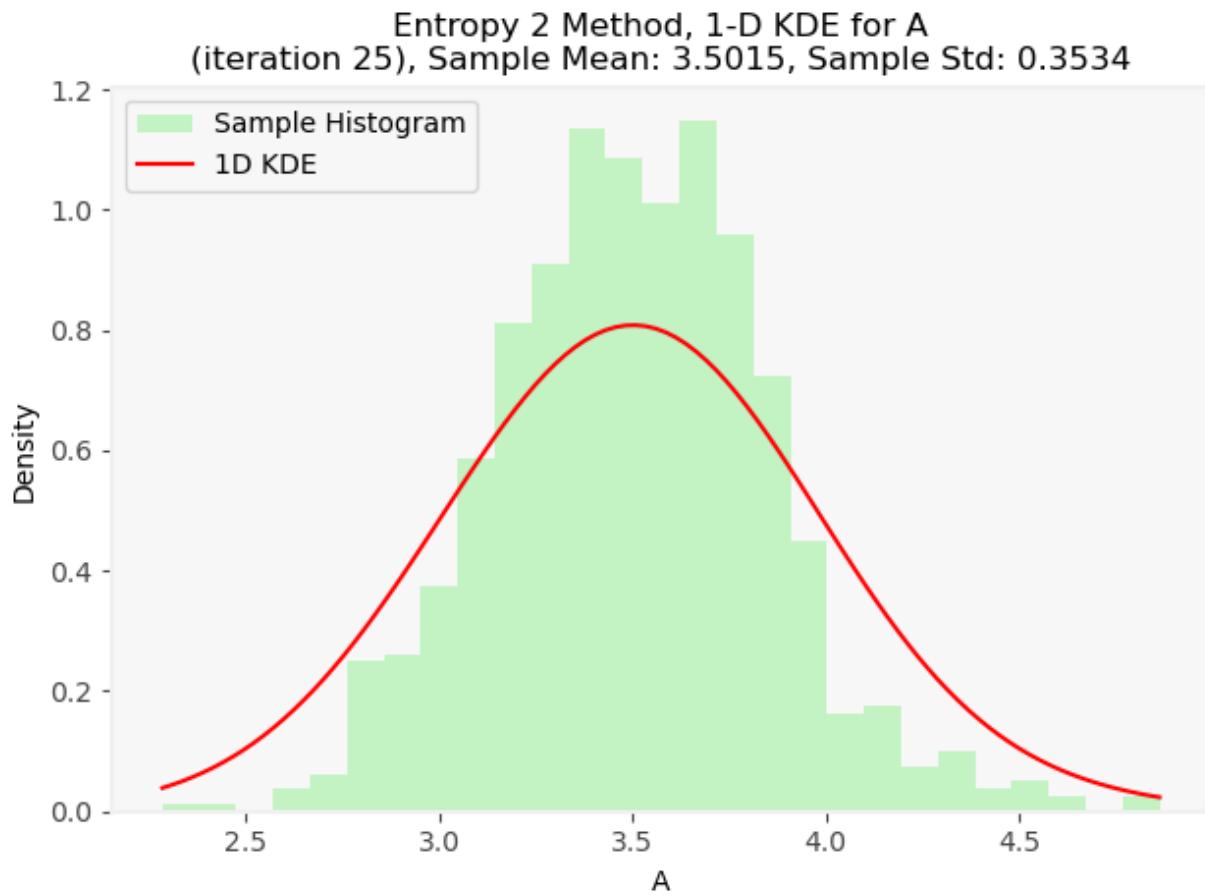


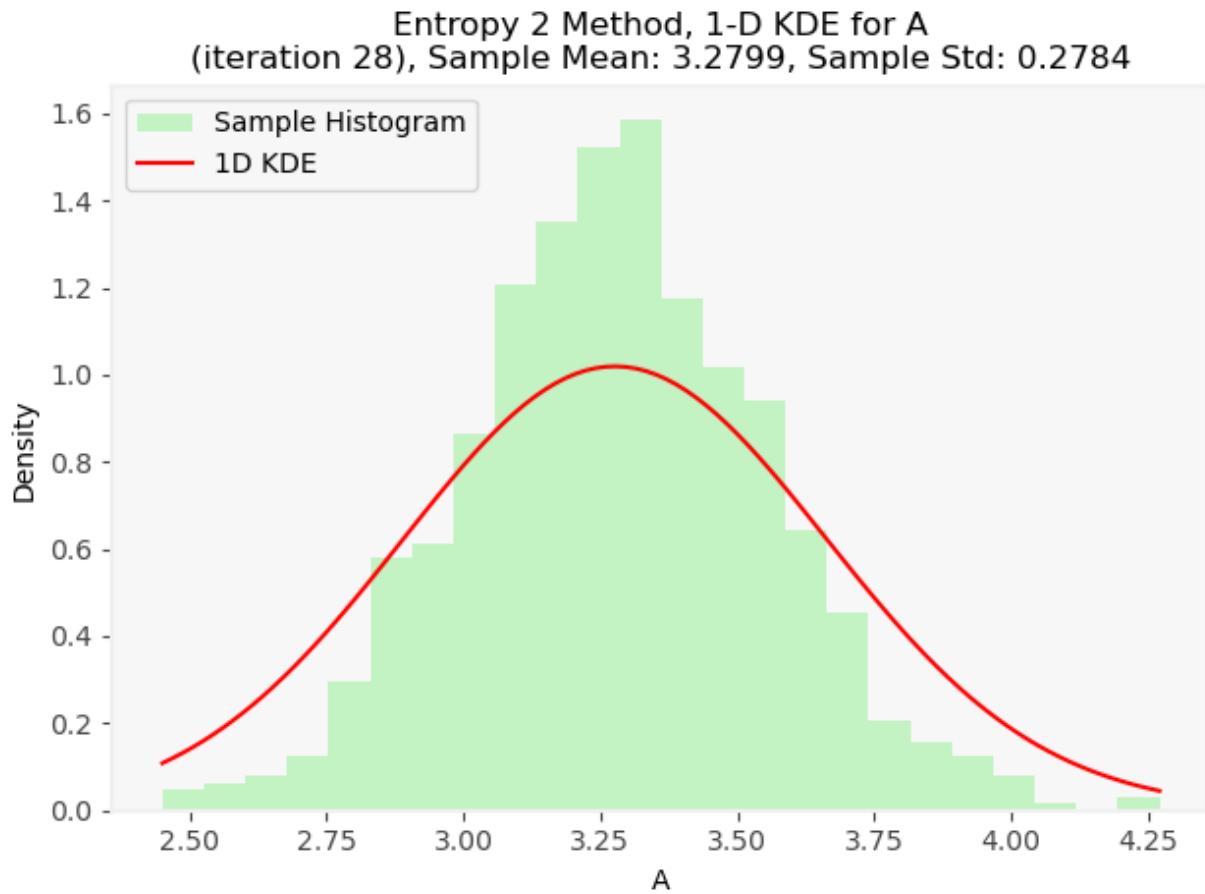
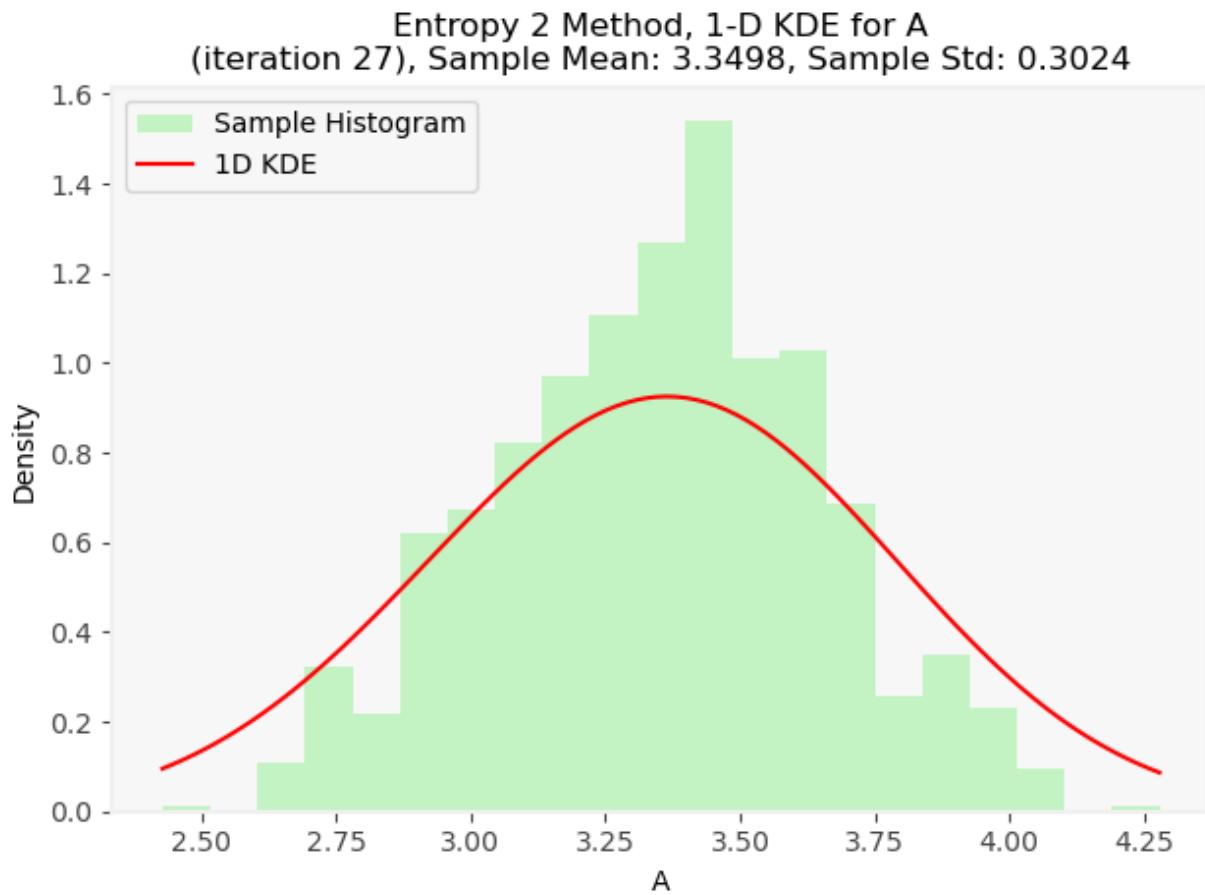
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 23), Sample Mean: 3.9695, Sample Std: 0.4889



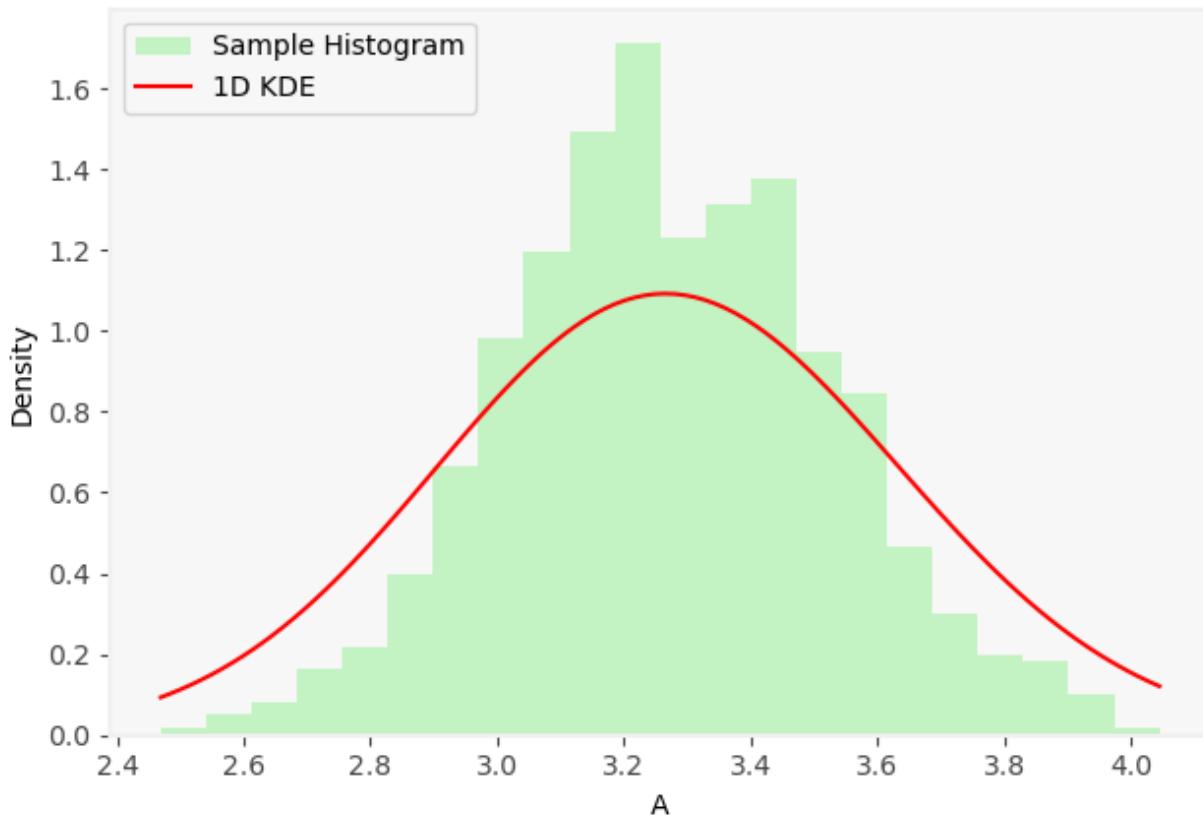
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 24), Sample Mean: 3.6843, Sample Std: 0.4061



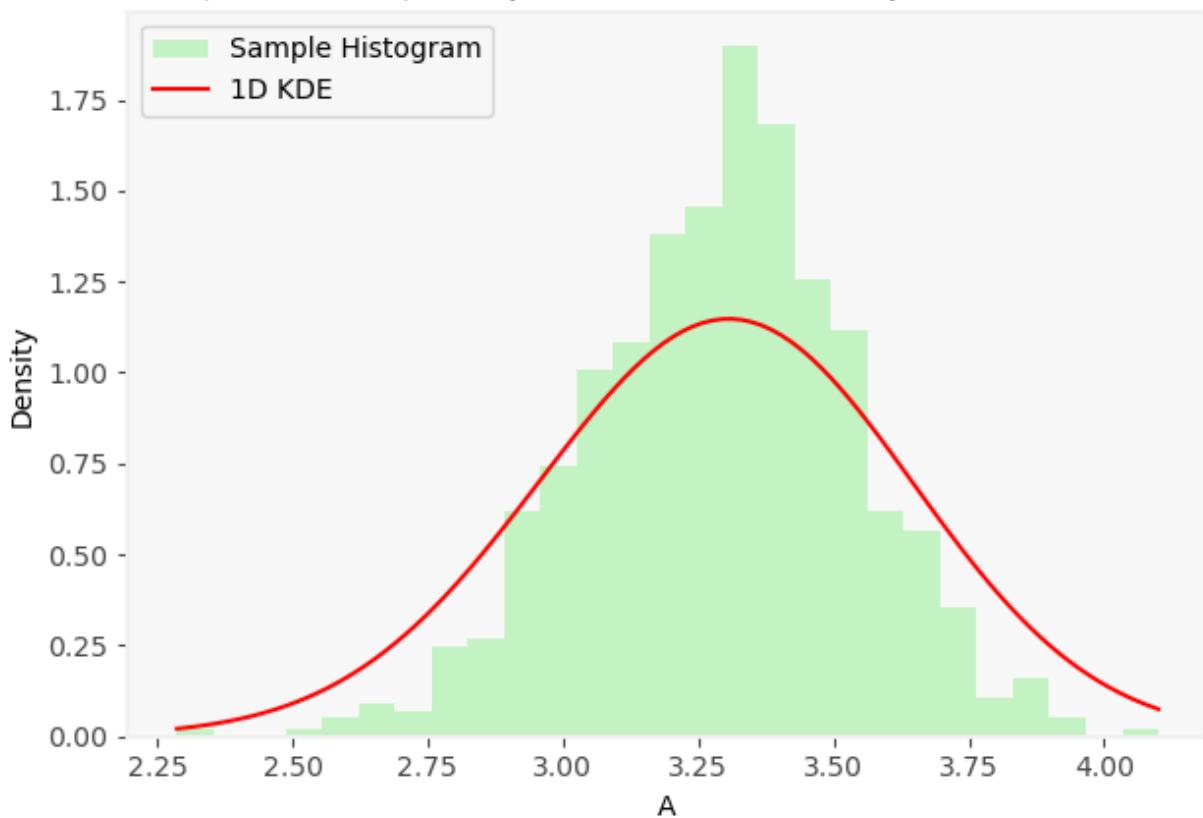




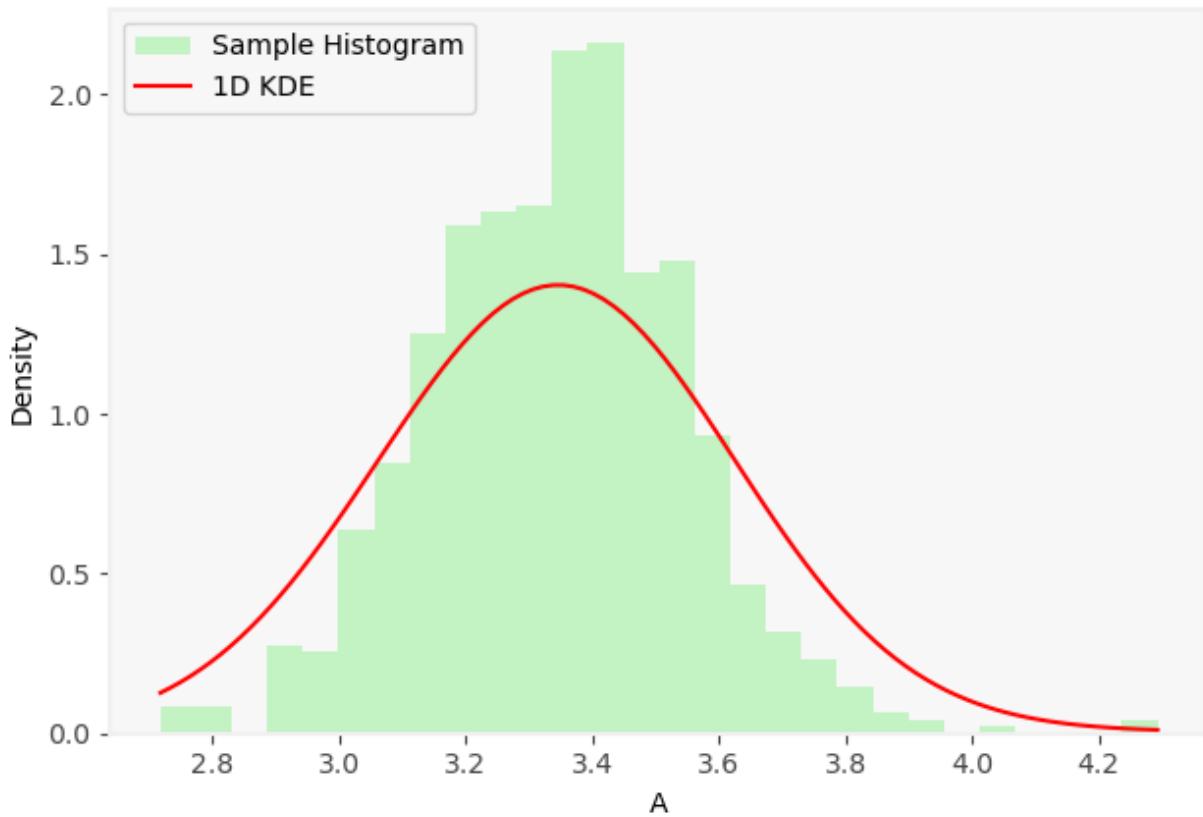
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 29), Sample Mean: 3.2742, Sample Std: 0.2580



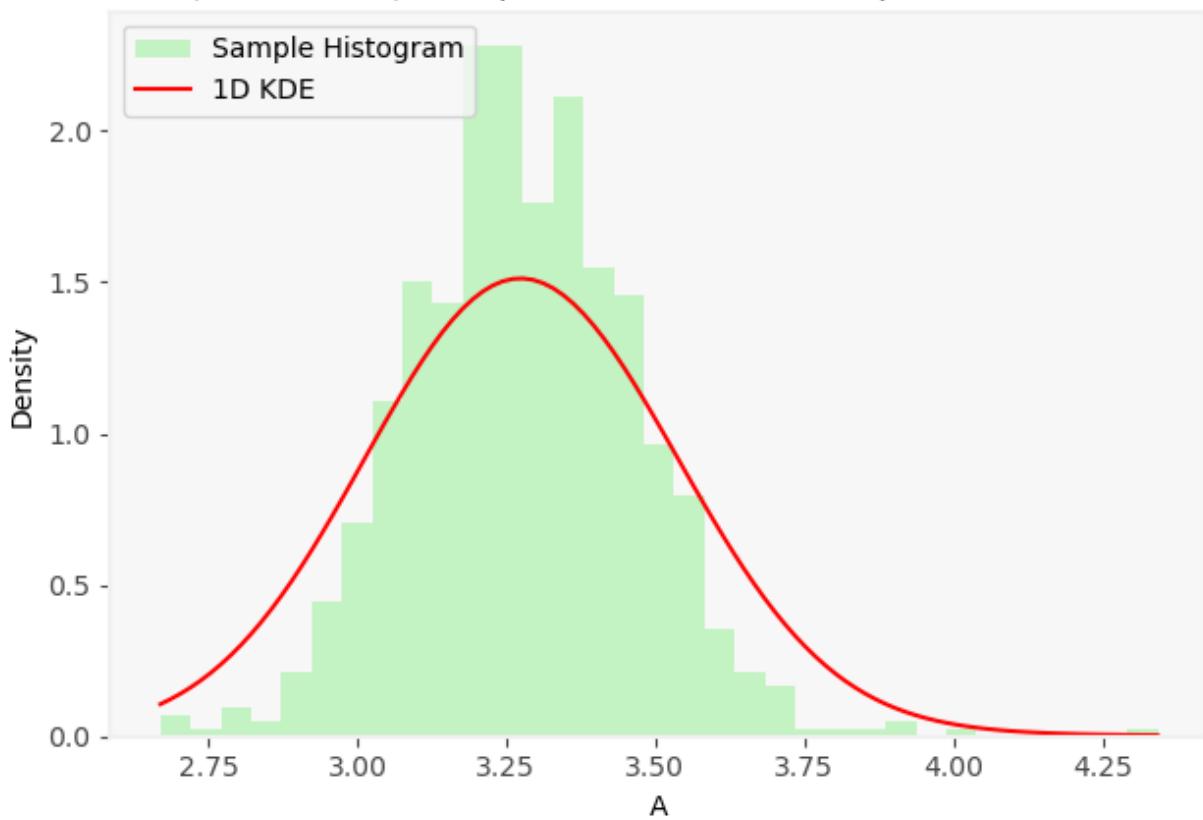
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 30), Sample Mean: 3.2929, Sample Std: 0.2472



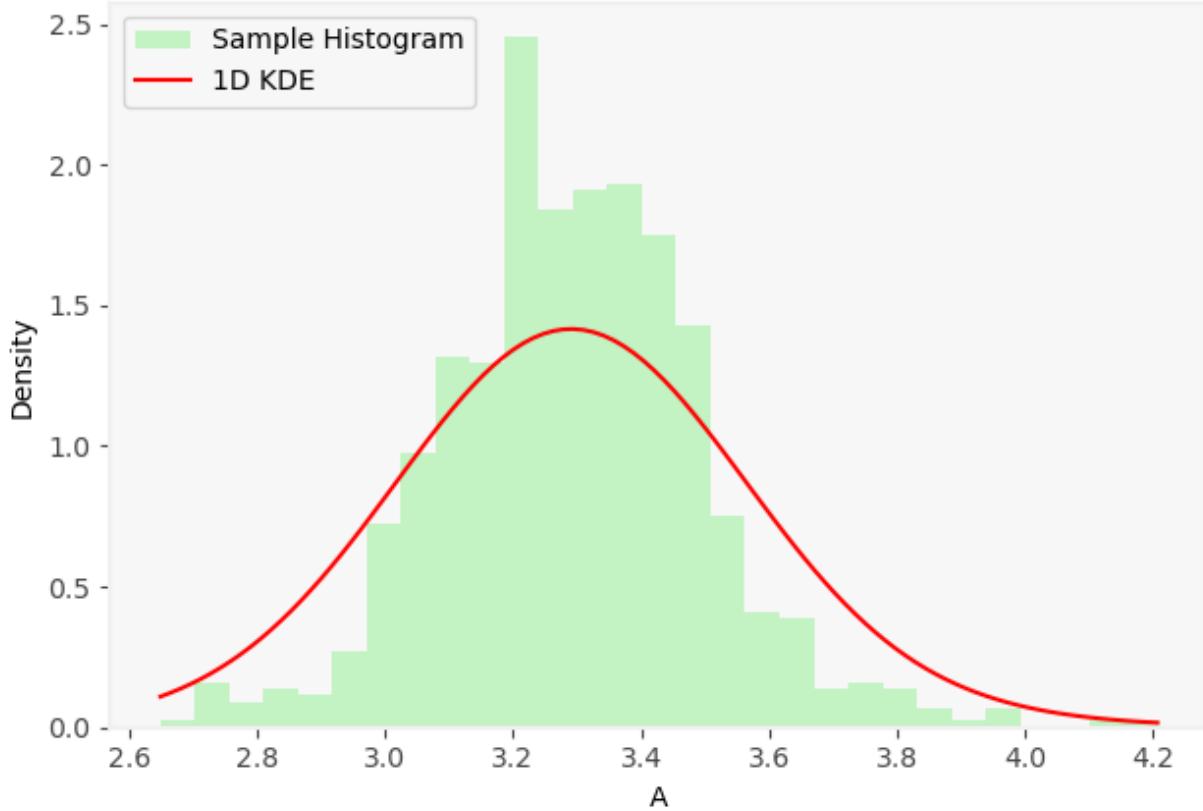
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 31), Sample Mean: 3.3454, Sample Std: 0.2040



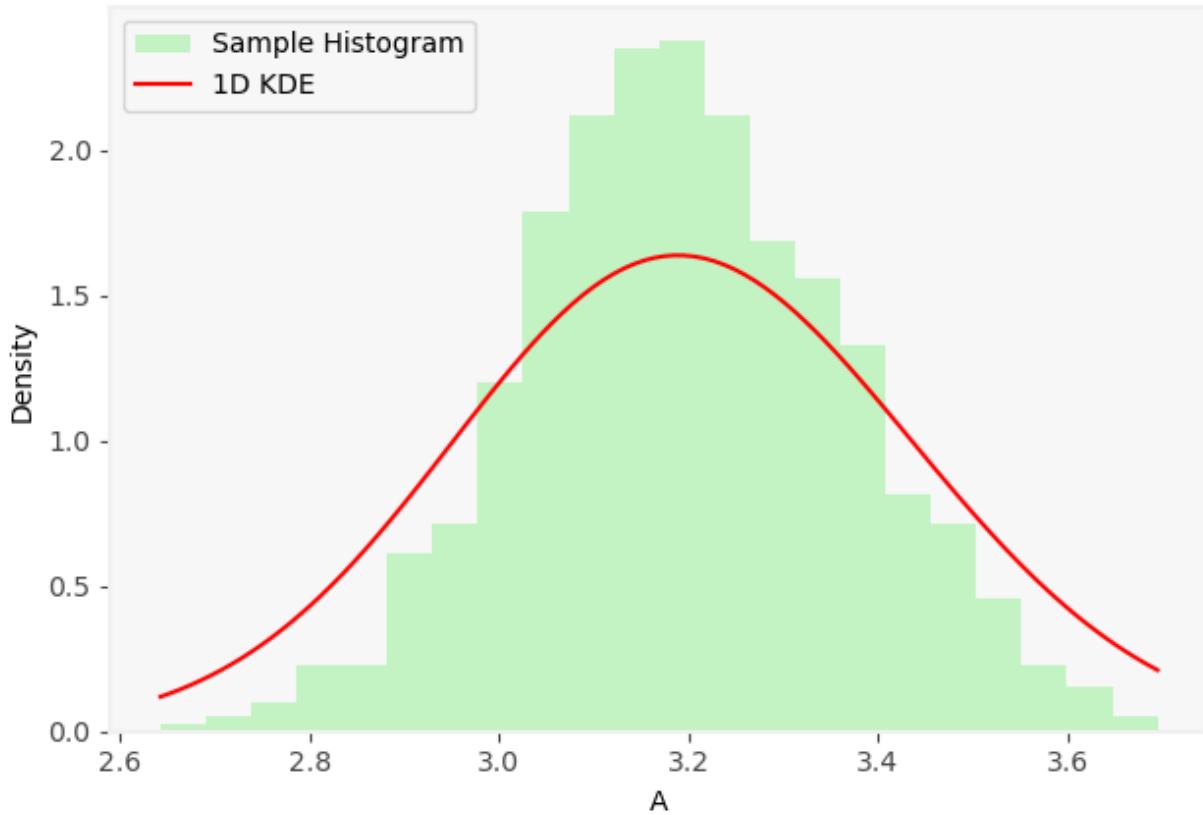
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 32), Sample Mean: 3.2787, Sample Std: 0.1895



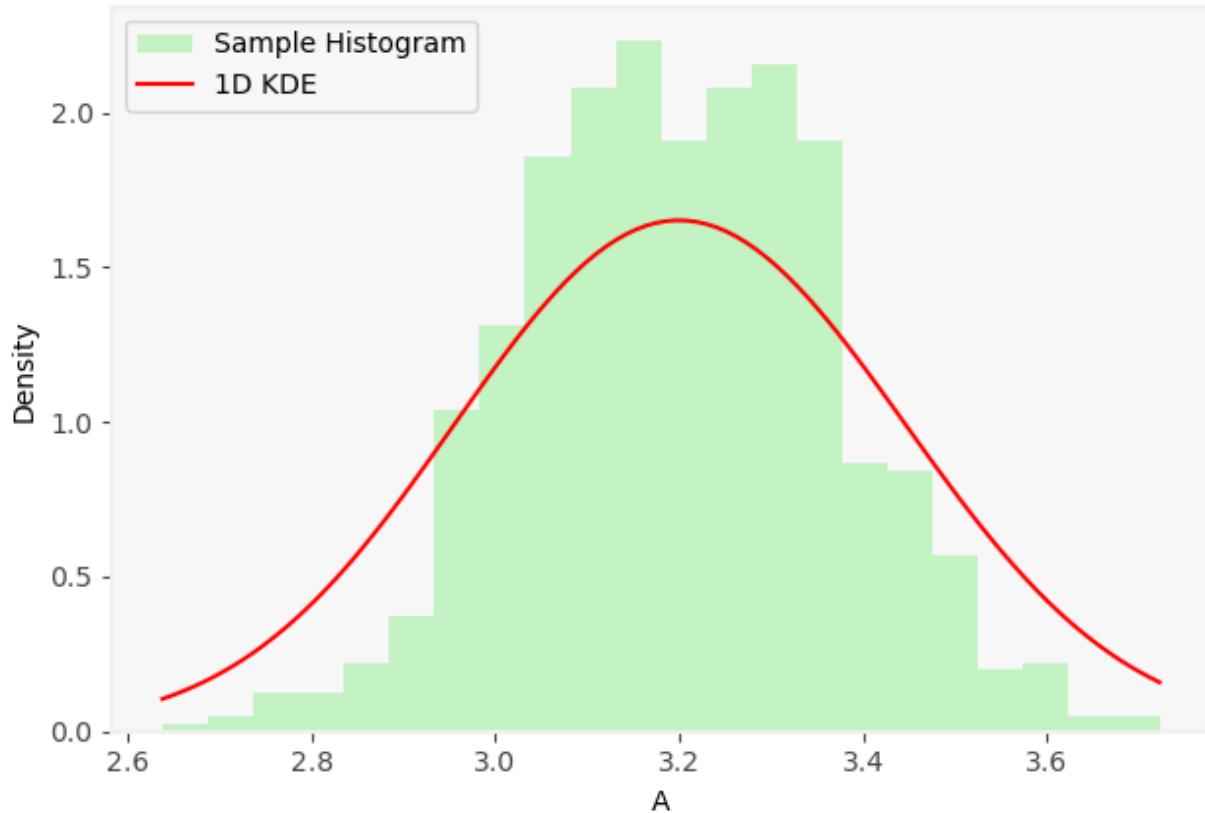
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 33), Sample Mean: 3.2945, Sample Std: 0.2046



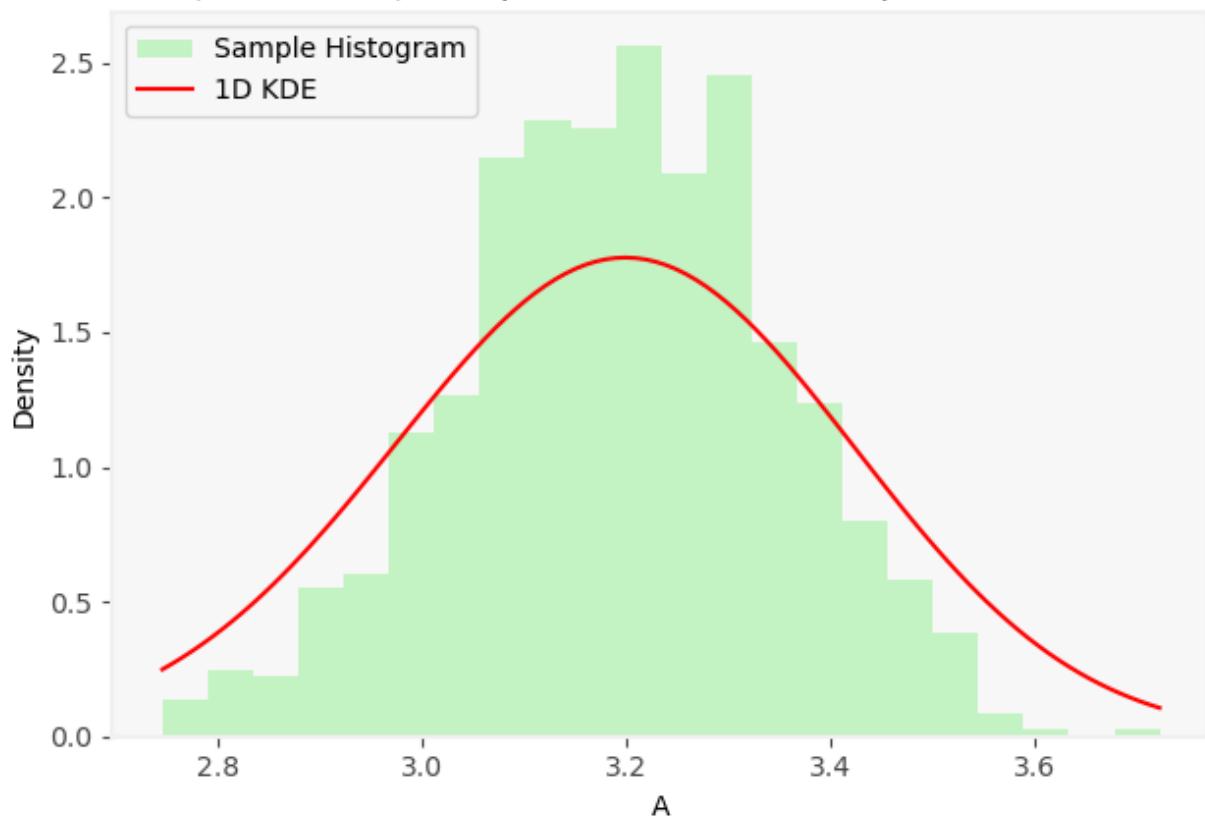
Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 34), Sample Mean: 3.1972, Sample Std: 0.1722



Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 35), Sample Mean: 3.2012, Sample Std: 0.1698

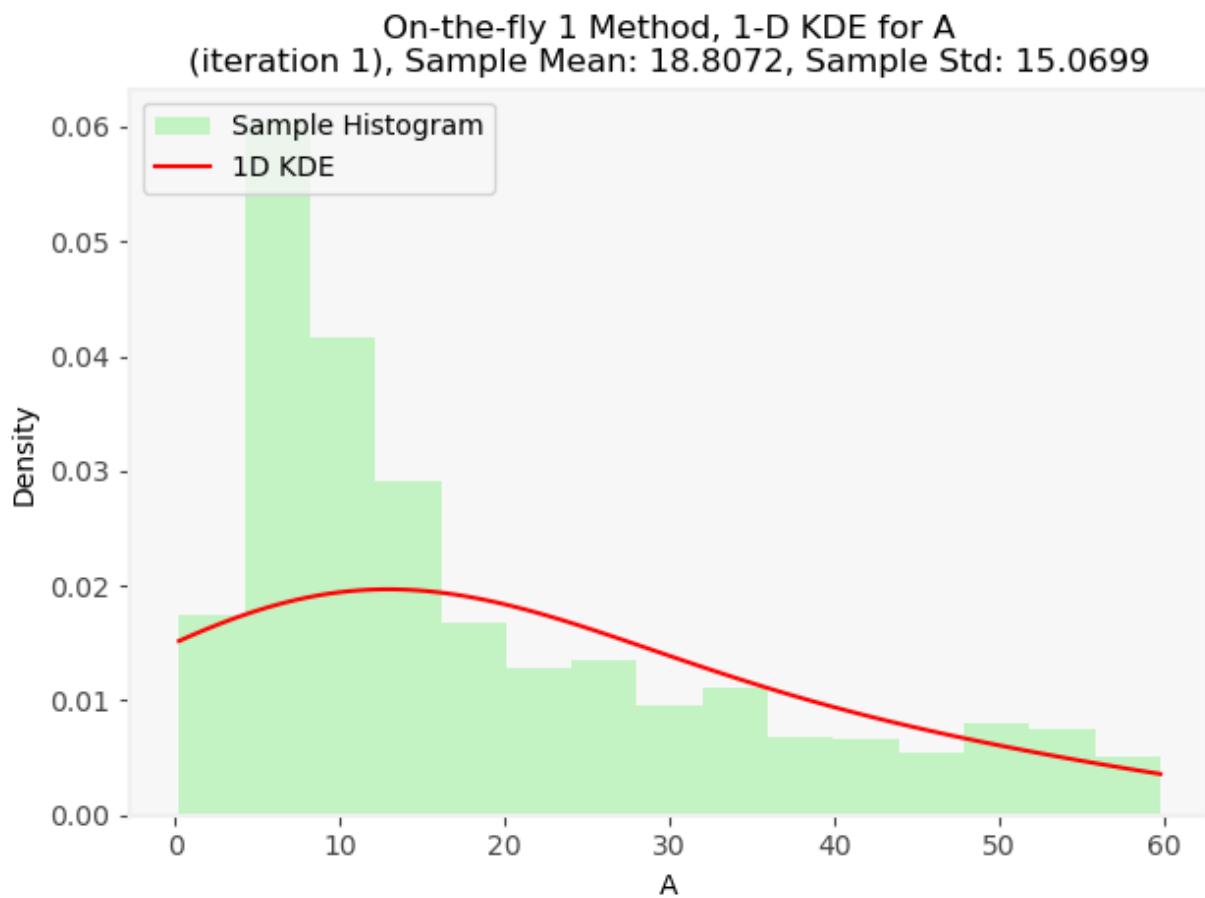
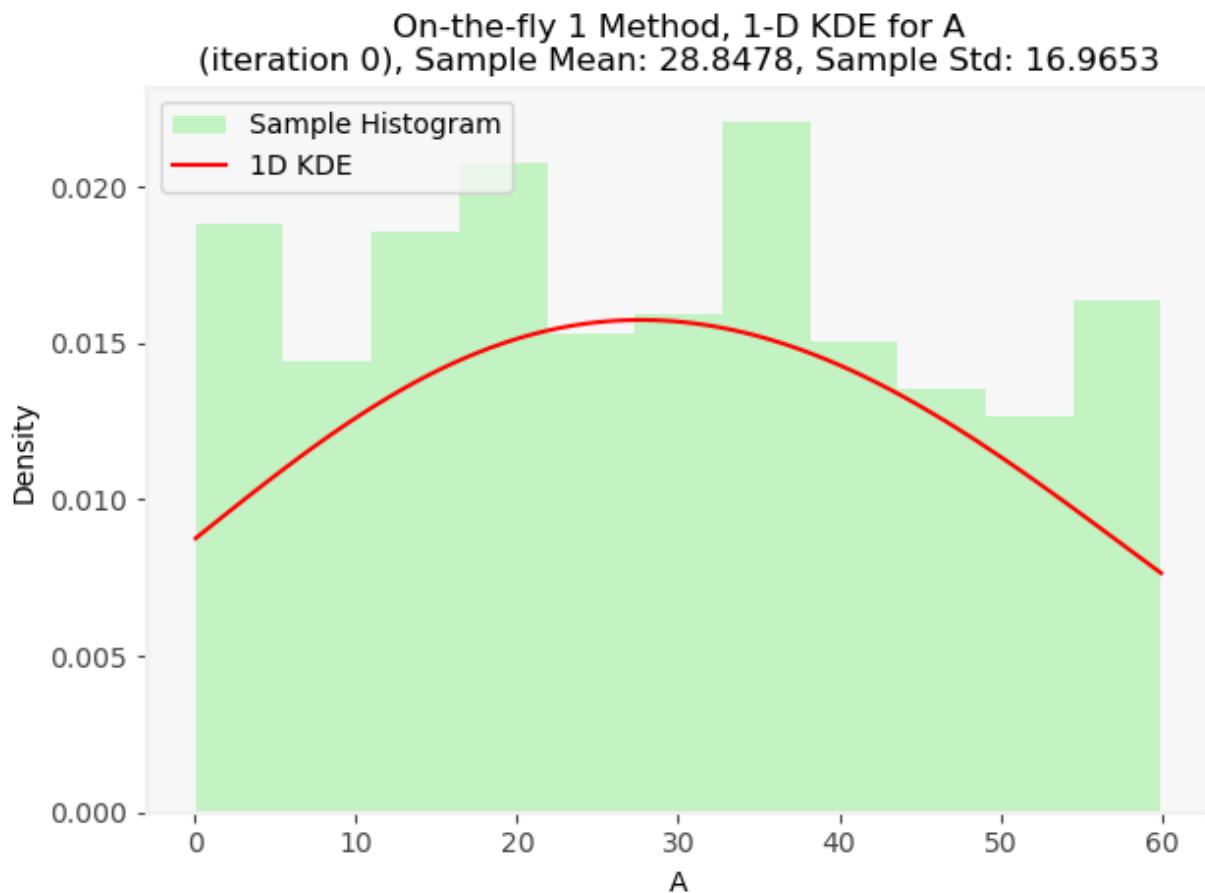


Entropy 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 36), Sample Mean: 3.1941, Sample Std: 0.1584

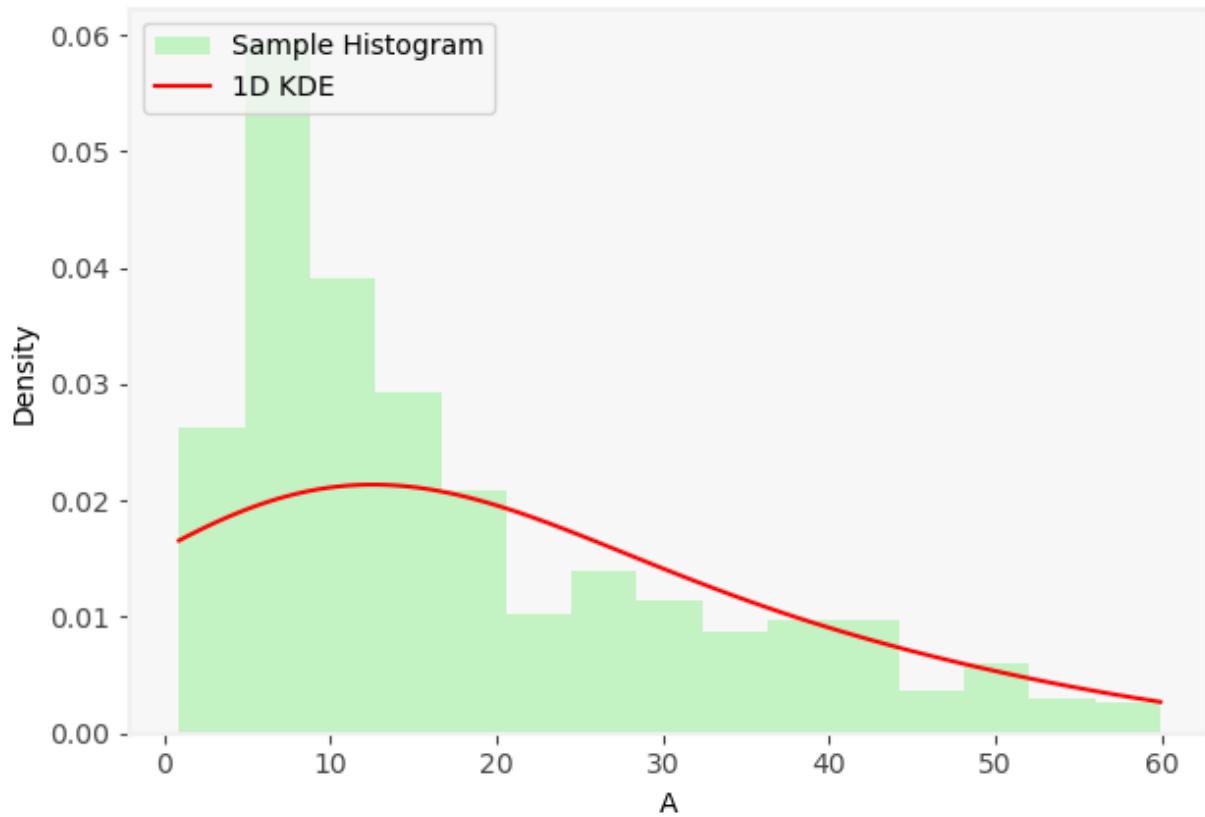


```
In [54]: #Printing the evolution of parameter A for On-the-fly 1
for i in range(len(exp_on_the_fly1.totaltimes())):
```

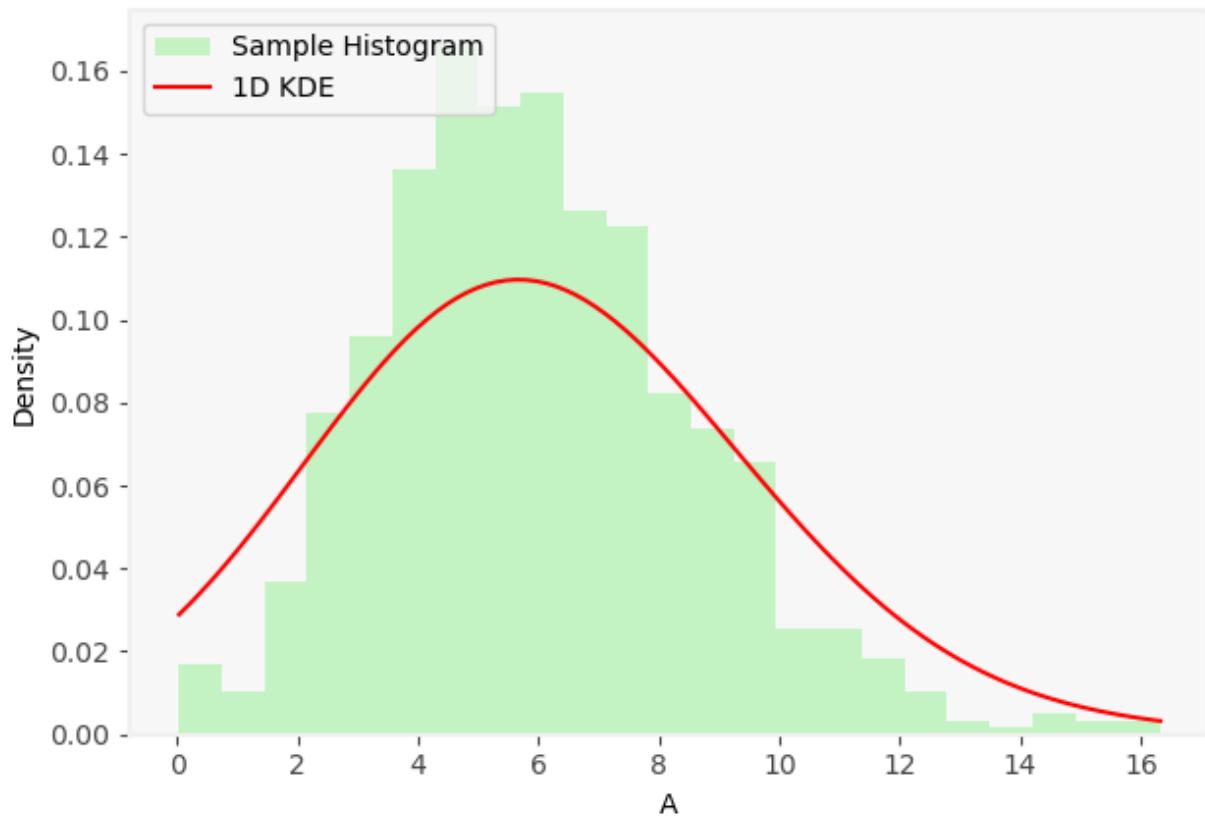
```
MyPlots.plot_hist_1d_kde(list_par_separated_o1[0][i], kdes_on_the_fly1[i,0],"On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A (iteration 0), Sample Mean: 28.8478, Sample Std: 16.9653")
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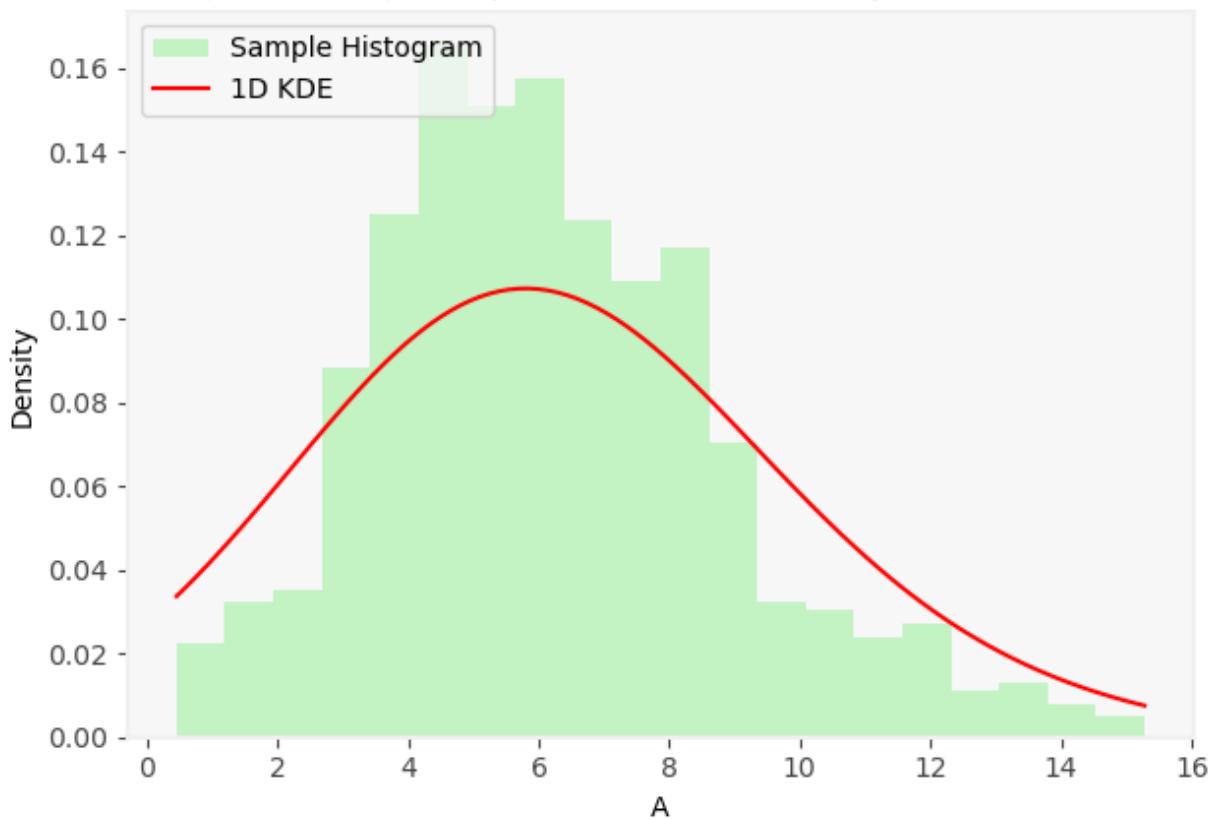
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 2), Sample Mean: 17.7836, Sample Std: 13.8416



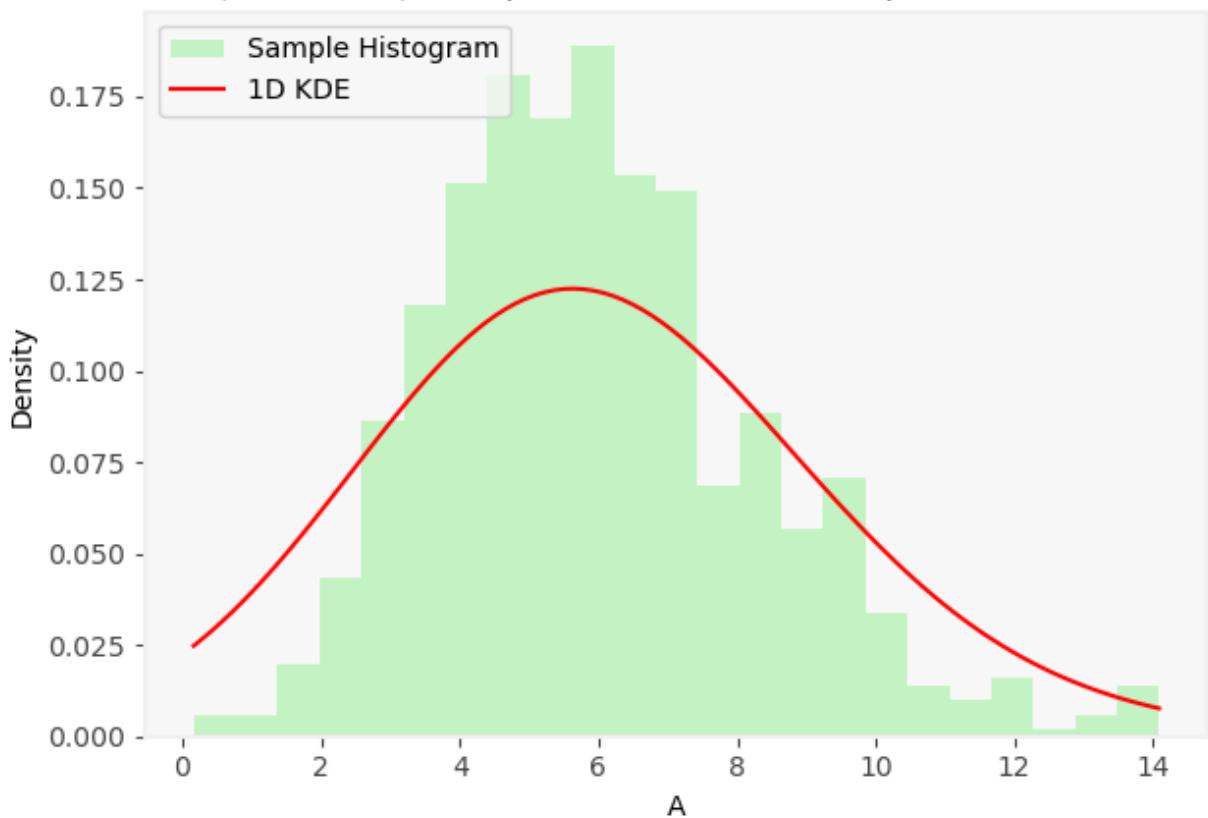
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 3), Sample Mean: 6.0126, Sample Std: 2.6105



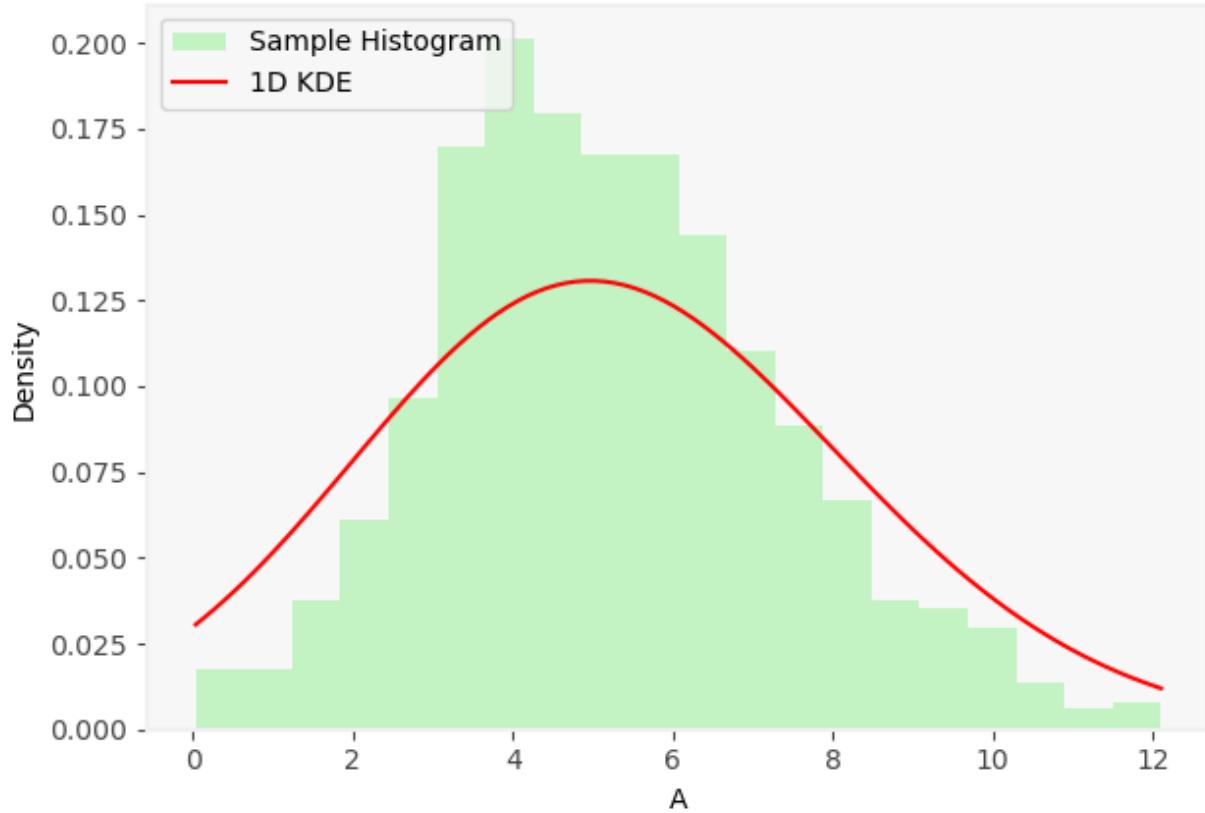
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 4), Sample Mean: 6.1963, Sample Std: 2.6771



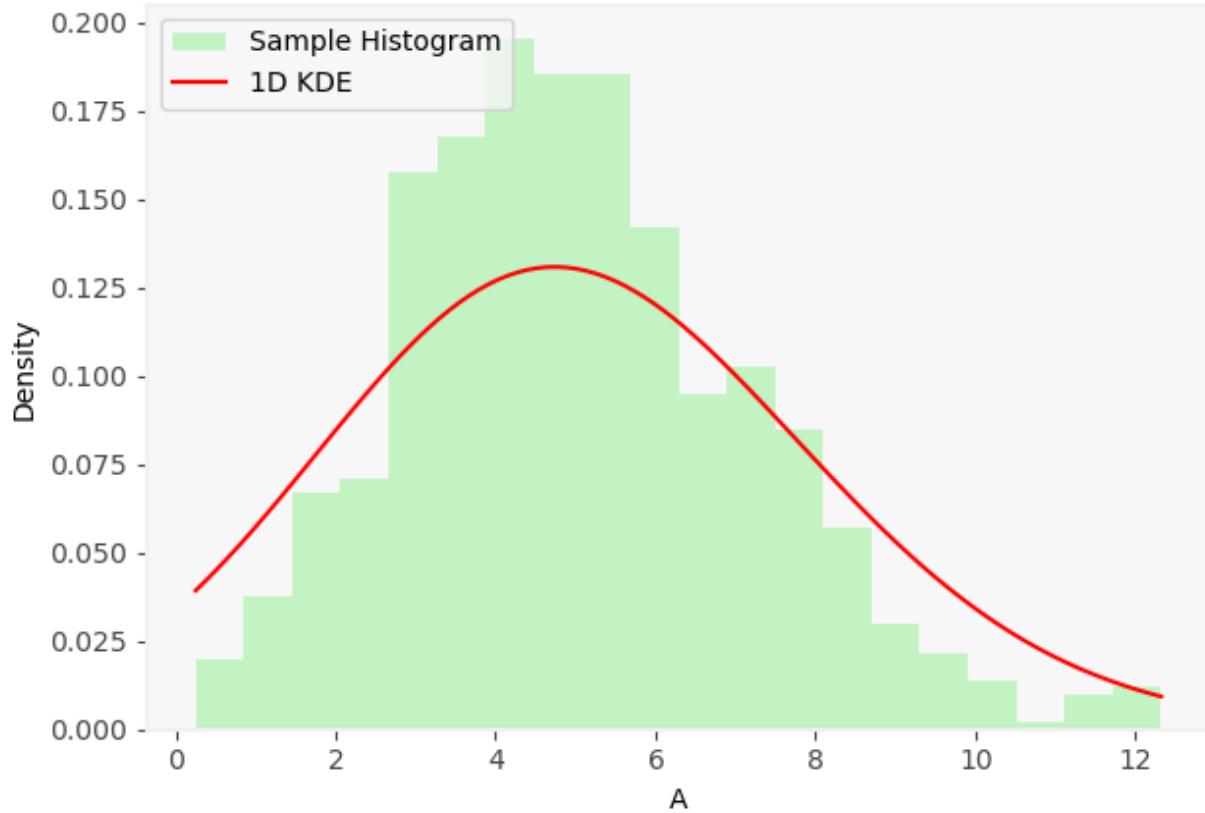
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 5), Sample Mean: 5.9794, Sample Std: 2.3461



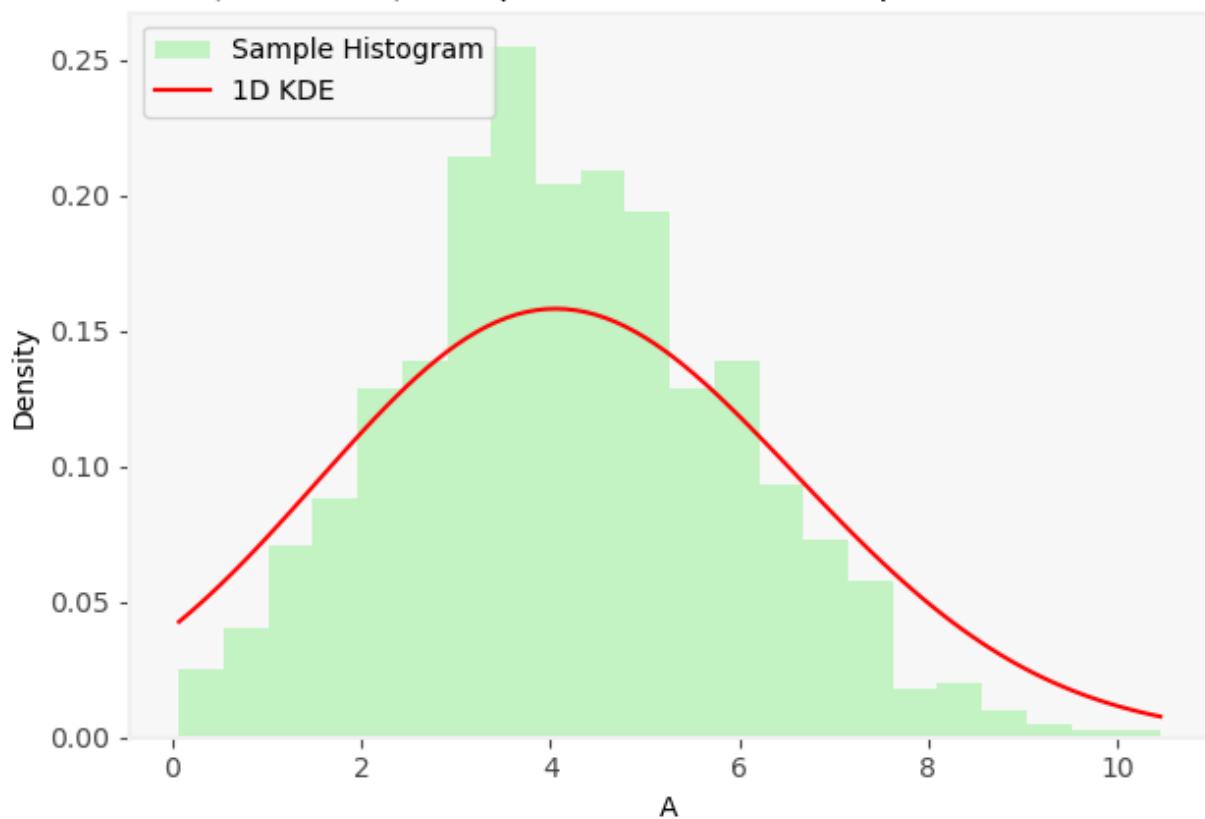
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 6), Sample Mean: 5.2320, Sample Std: 2.1689



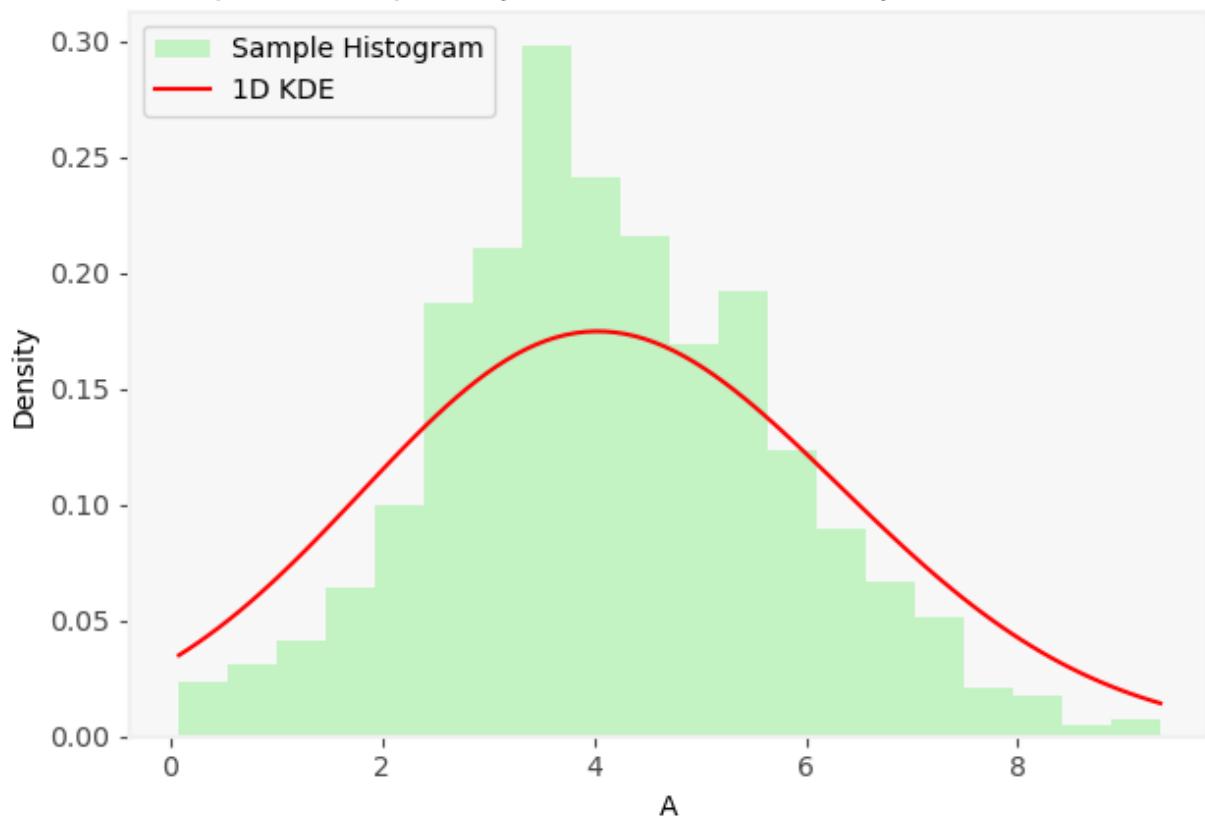
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 7), Sample Mean: 5.0288, Sample Std: 2.1773



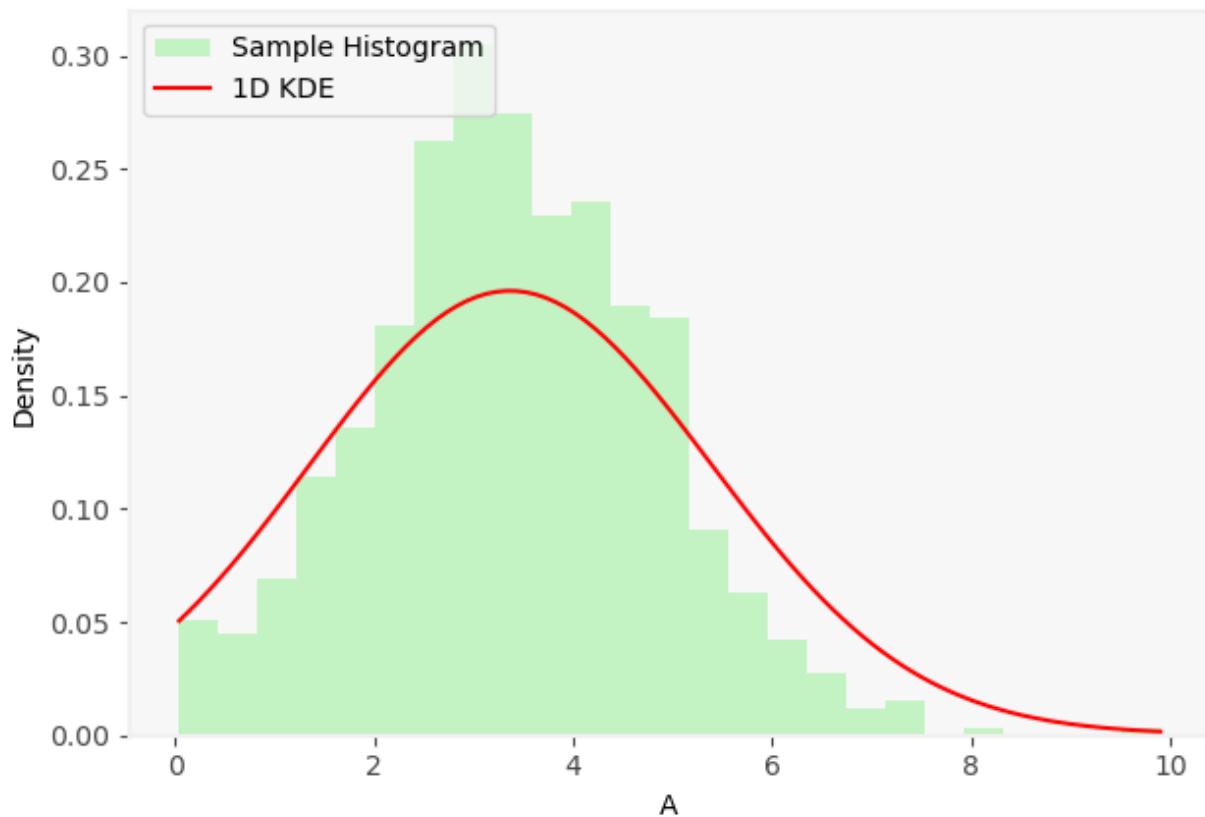
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 8), Sample Mean: 4.1724, Sample Std: 1.7767



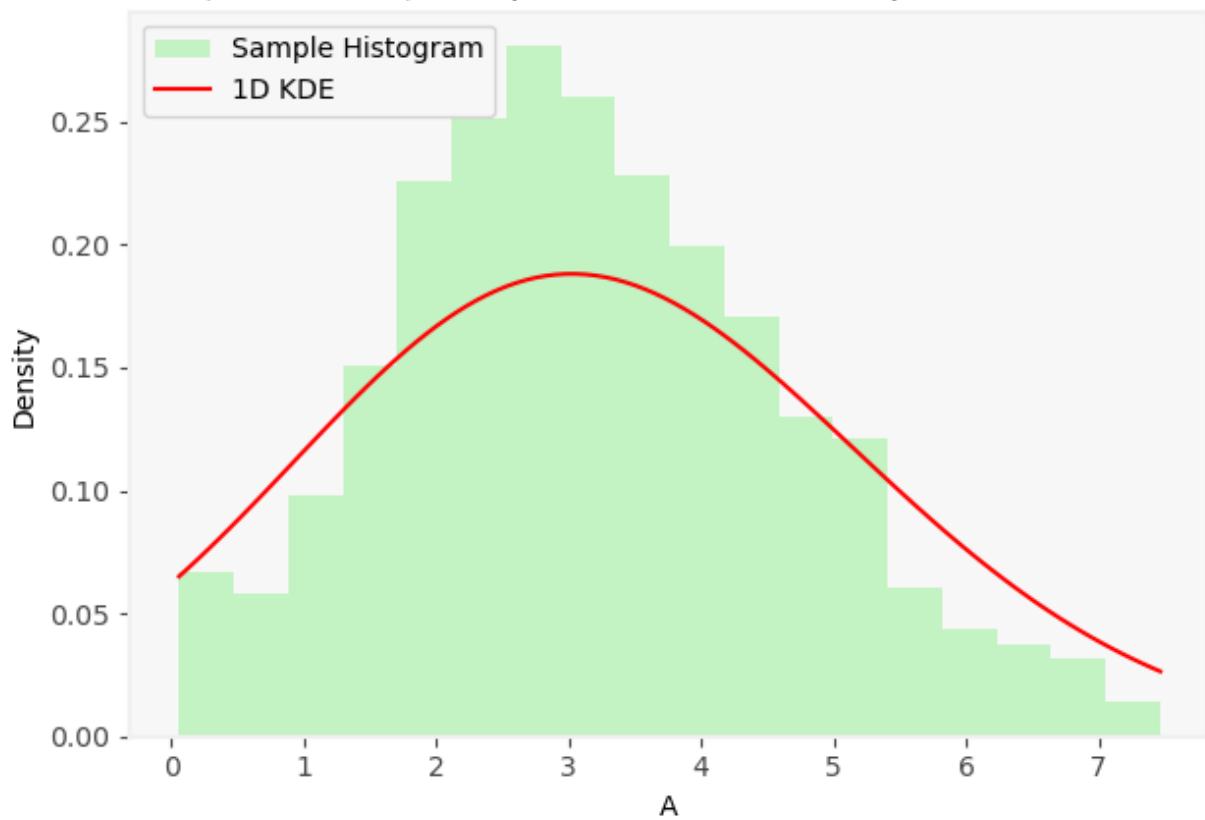
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 9), Sample Mean: 4.1563, Sample Std: 1.6161



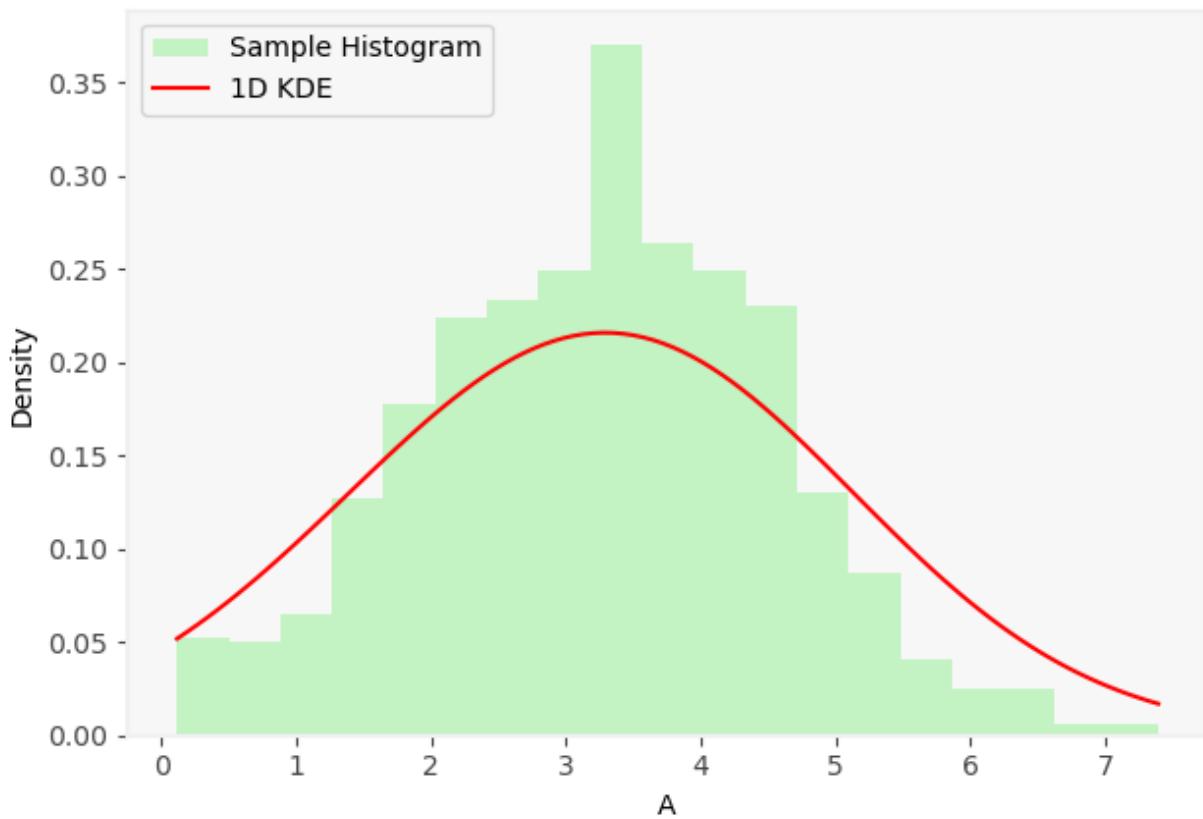
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 10), Sample Mean: 3.4020, Sample Std: 1.4442



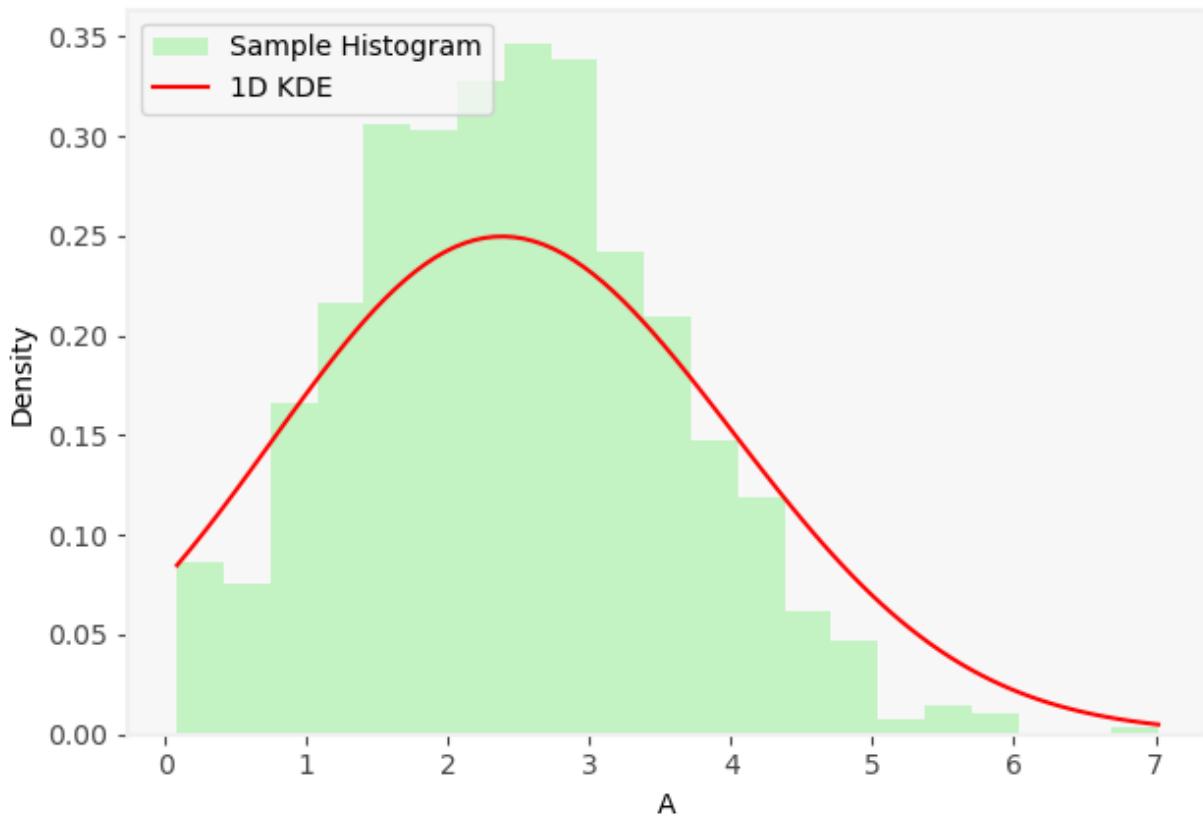
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 11), Sample Mean: 3.1901, Sample Std: 1.4957



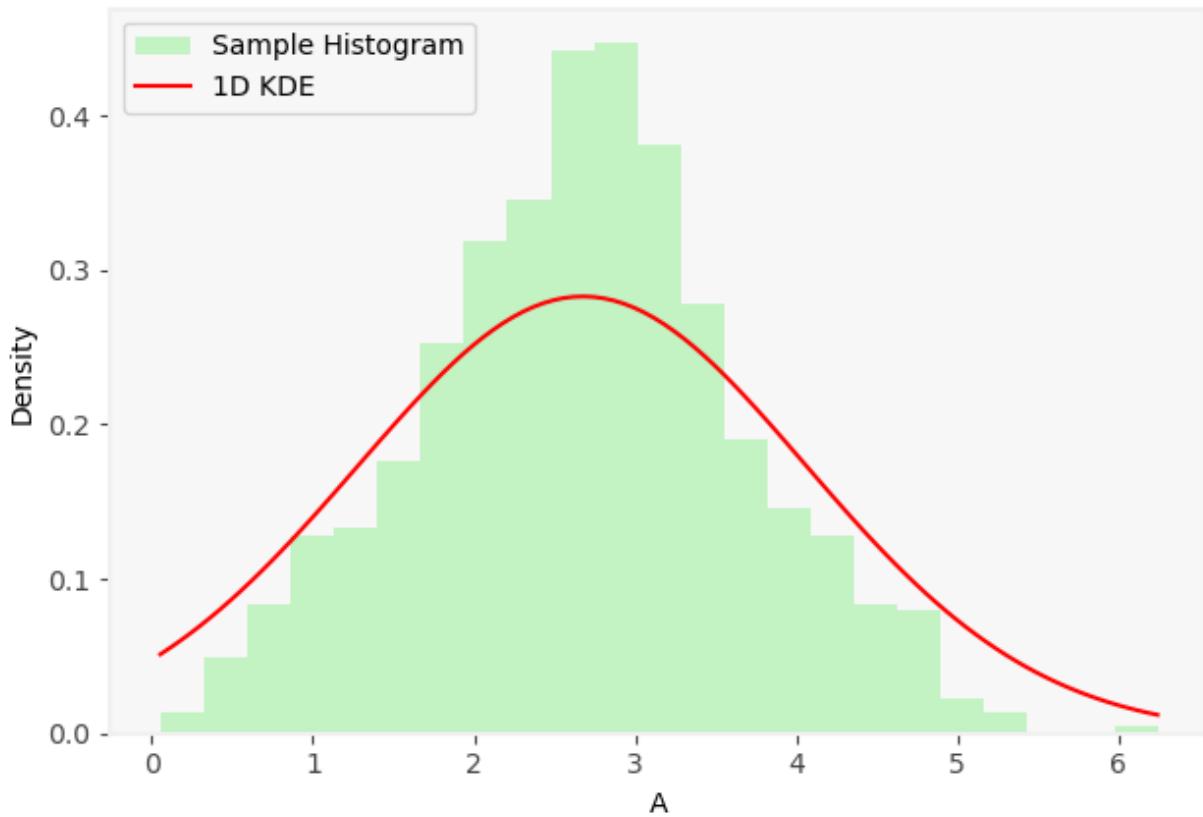
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 12), Sample Mean: 3.2539, Sample Std: 1.2981



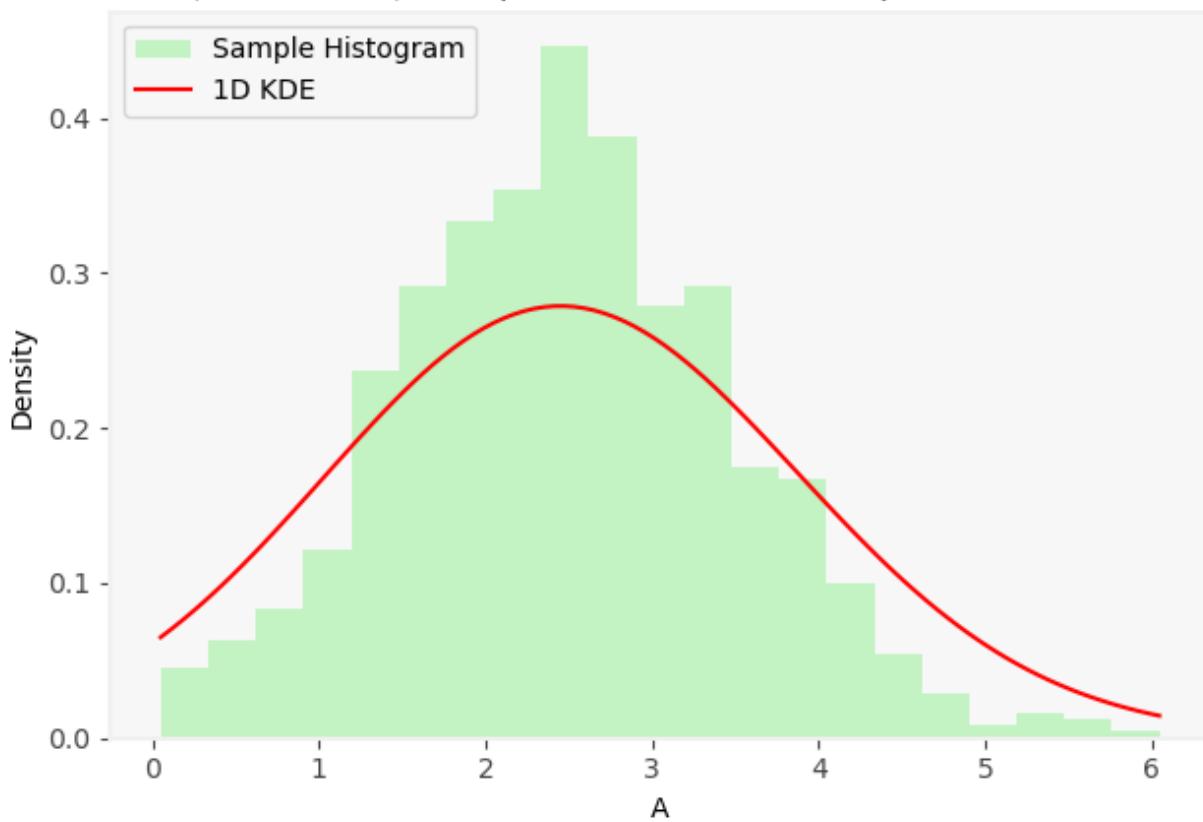
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 13), Sample Mean: 2.4599, Sample Std: 1.1231



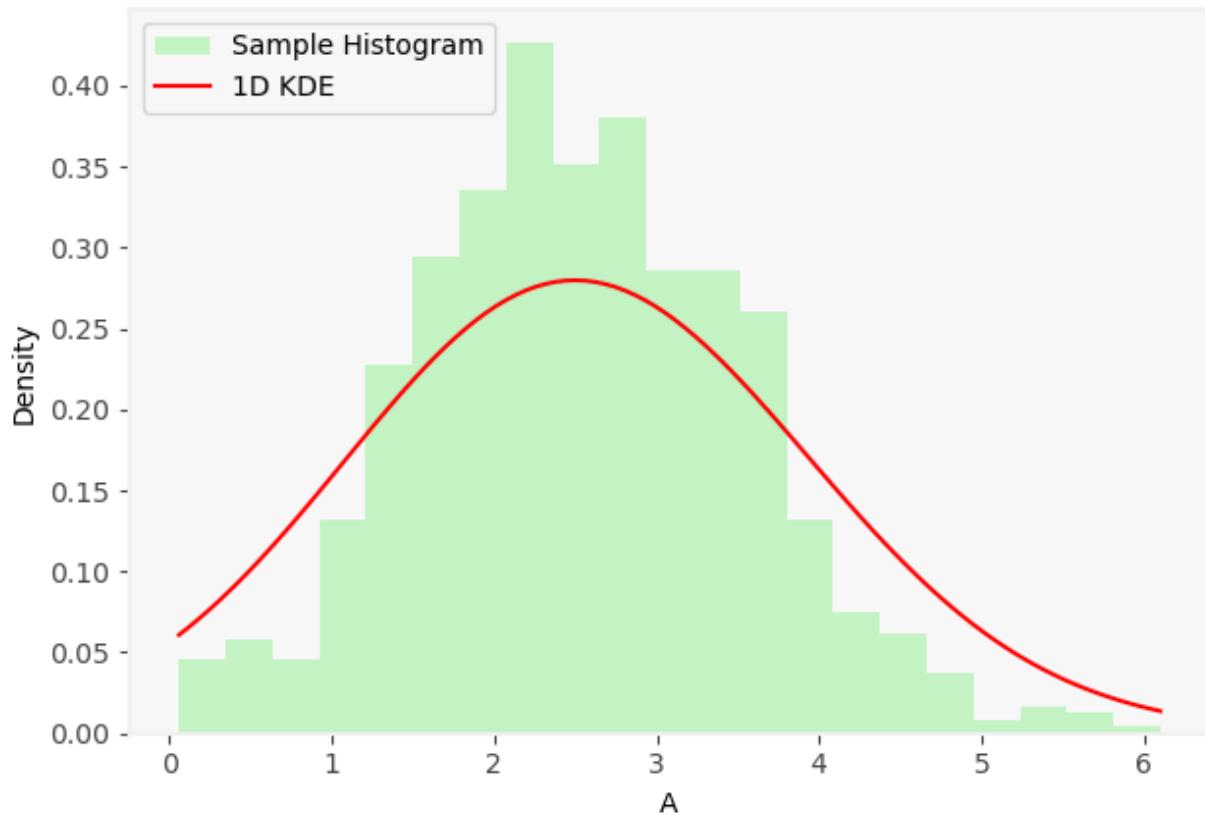
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 14), Sample Mean: 2.6777, Sample Std: 0.9978



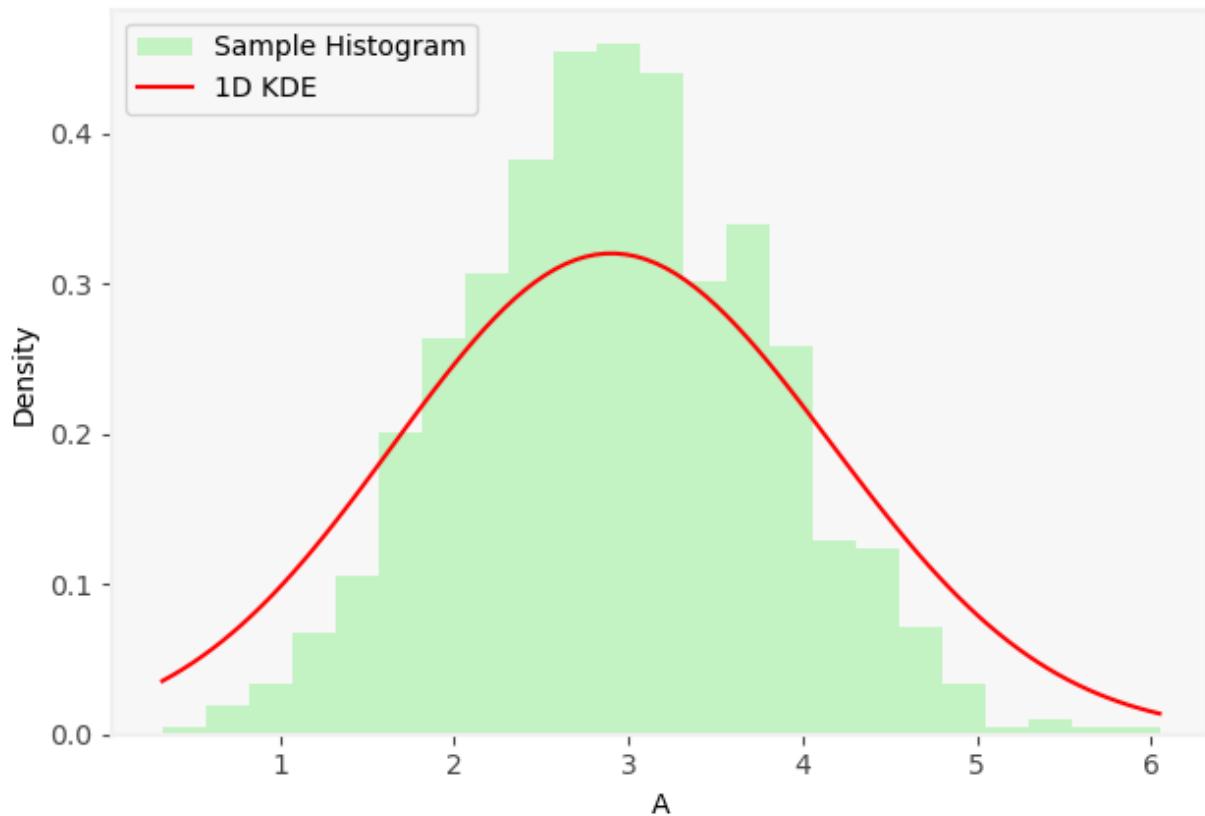
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 15), Sample Mean: 2.4980, Sample Std: 1.0151



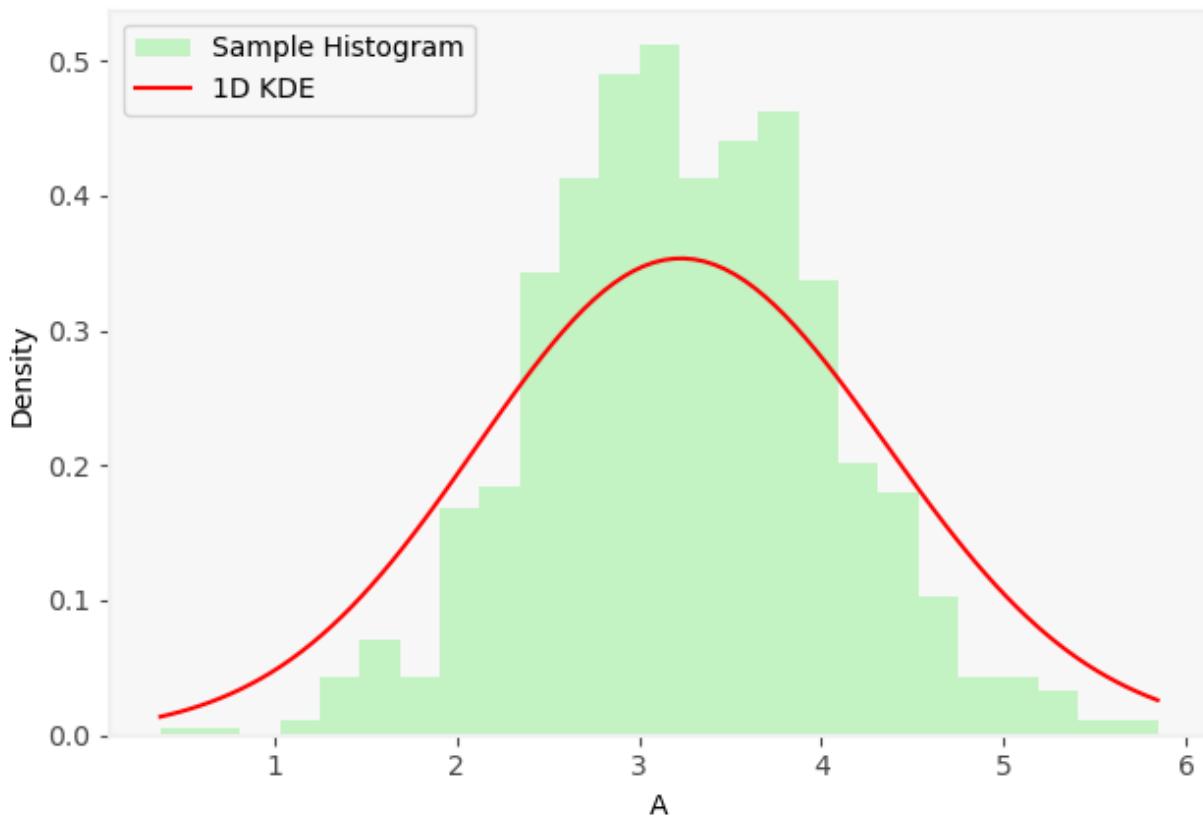
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 16), Sample Mean: 2.5480, Sample Std: 1.0087



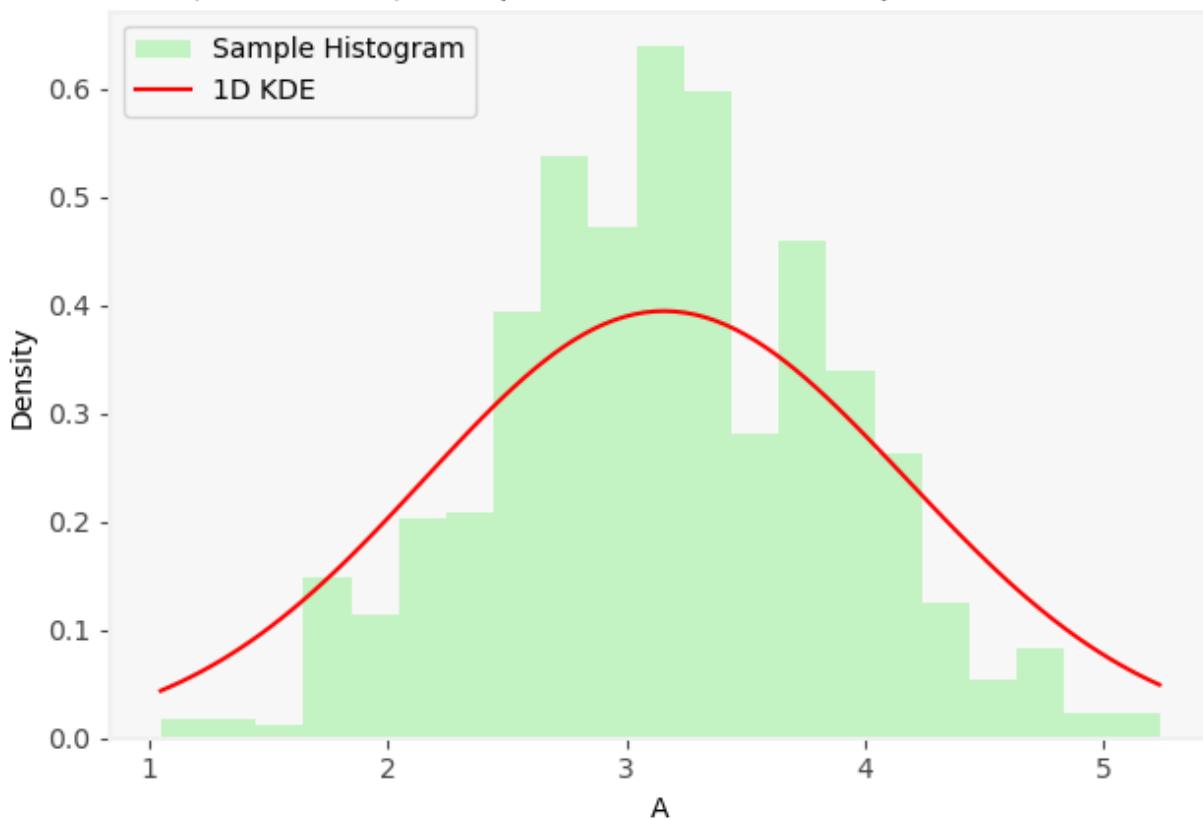
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 17), Sample Mean: 2.9220, Sample Std: 0.8771



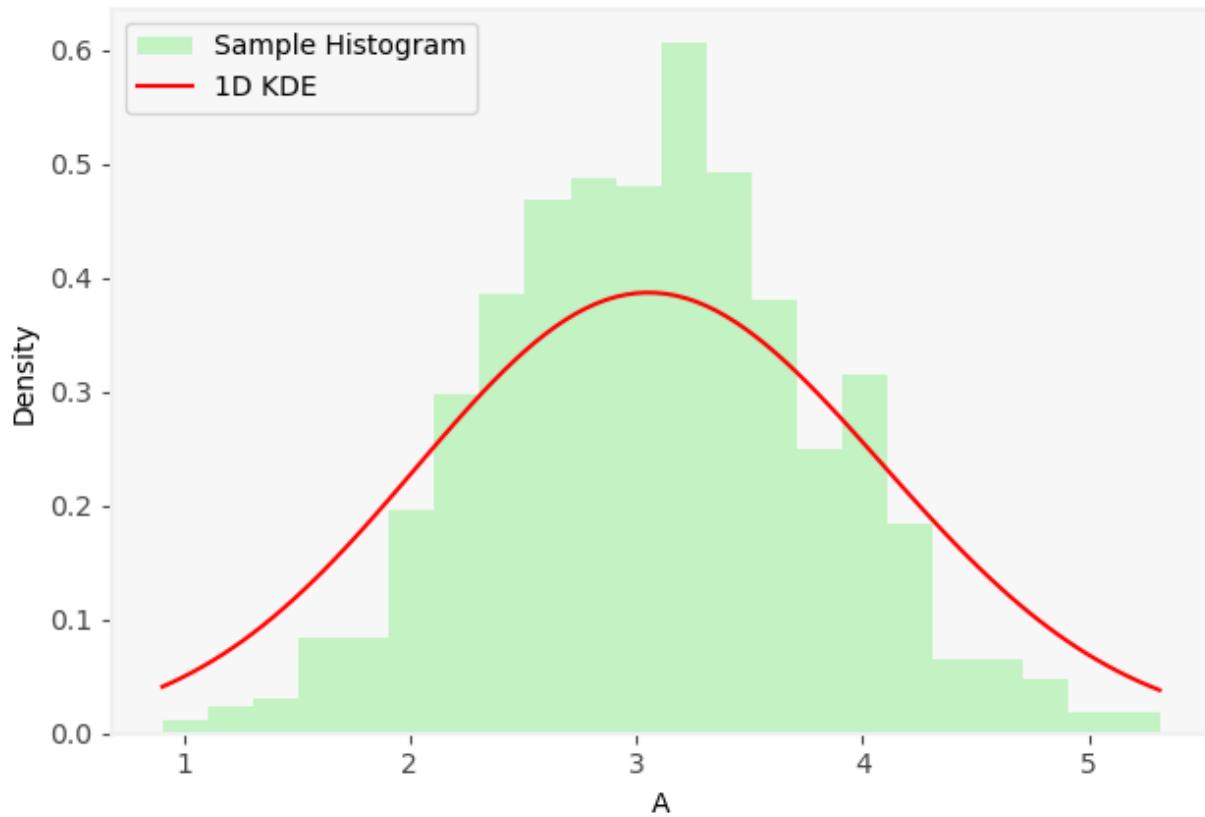
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 18), Sample Mean: 3.2463, Sample Std: 0.8019



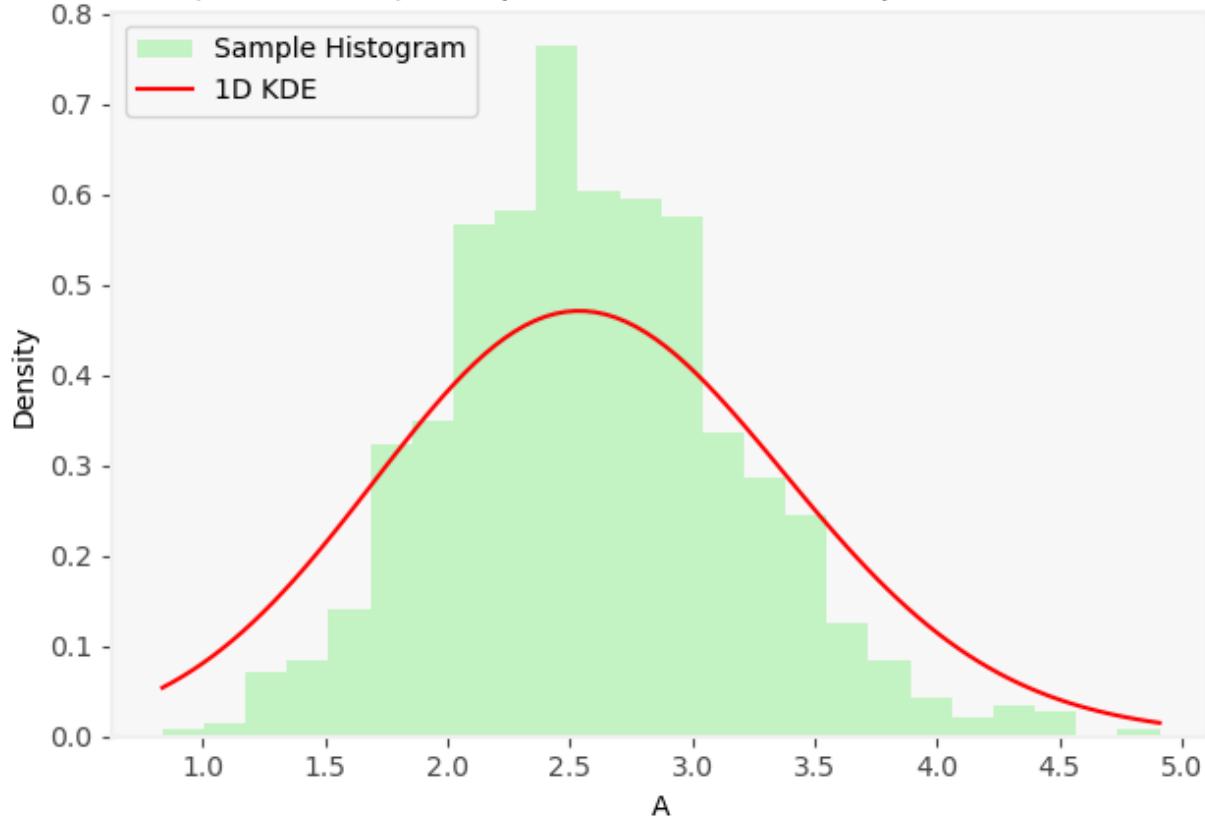
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 19), Sample Mean: 3.1678, Sample Std: 0.7137



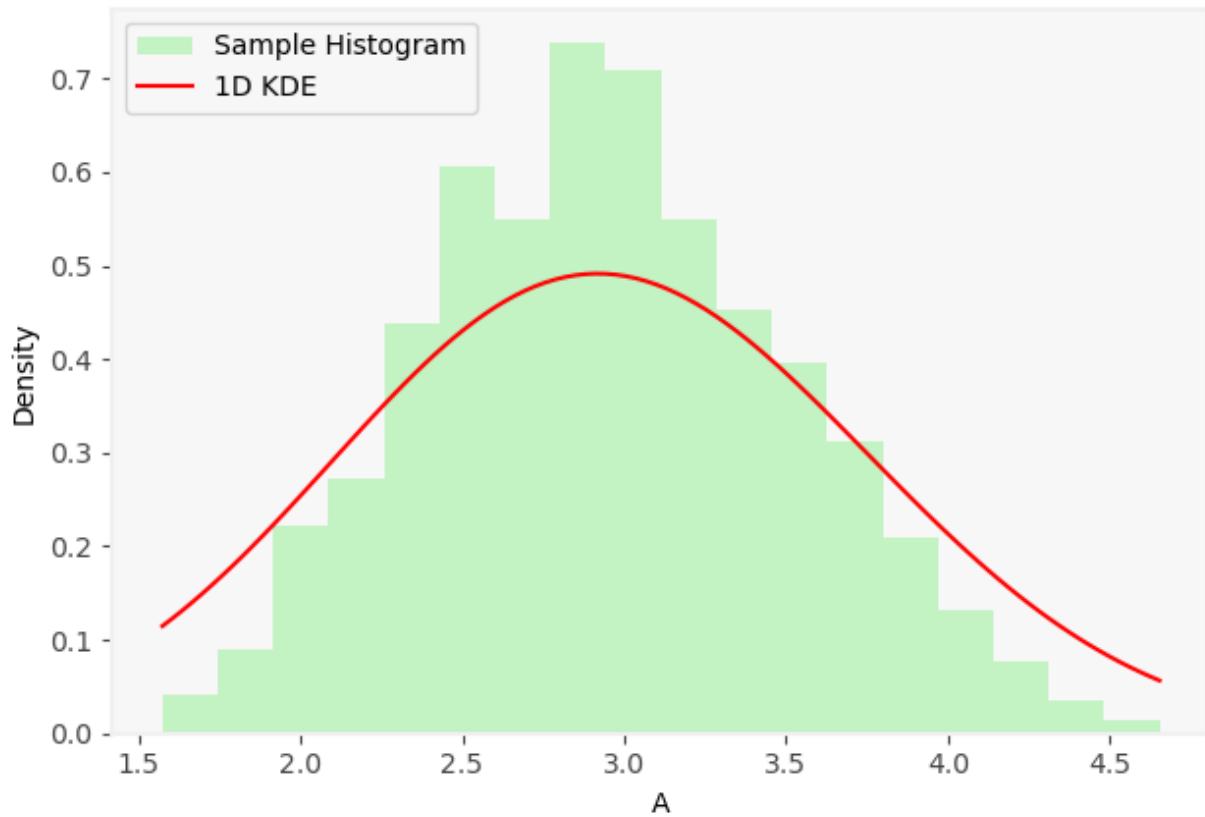
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 20), Sample Mean: 3.0782, Sample Std: 0.7279



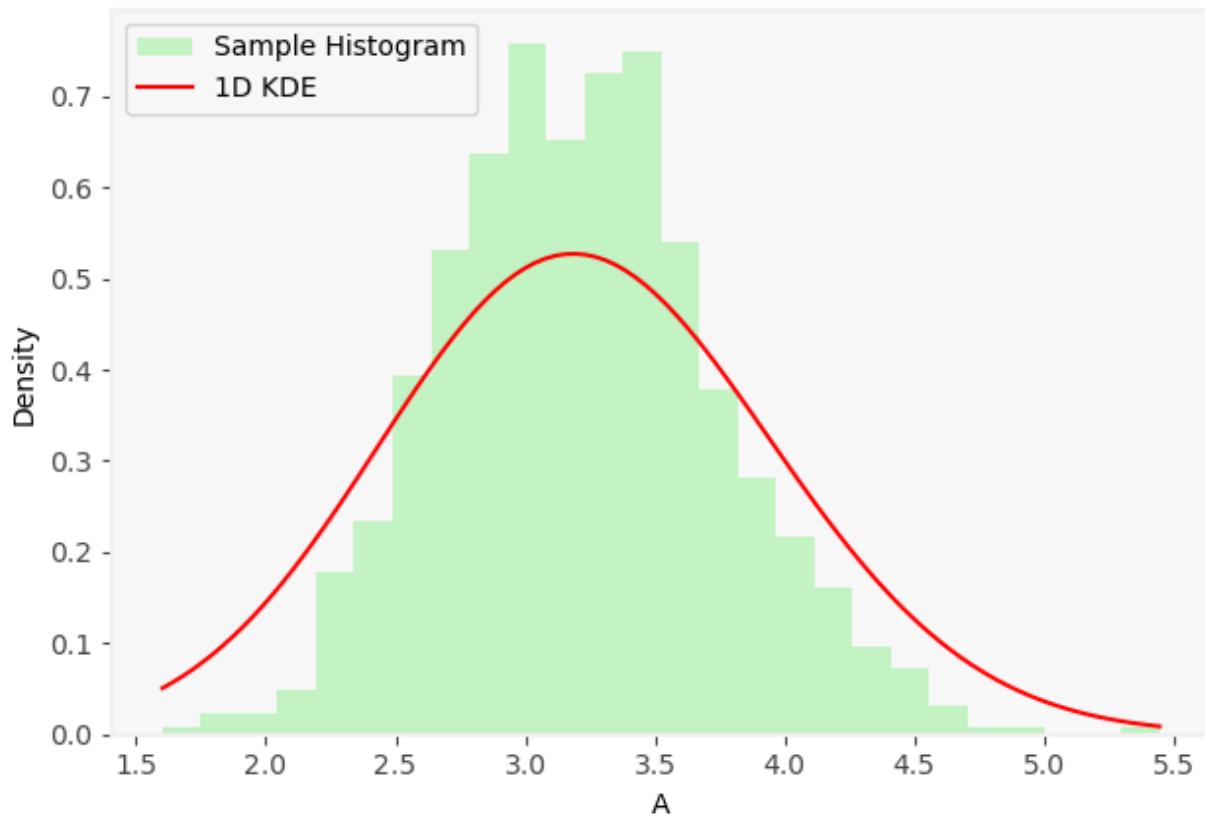
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 21), Sample Mean: 2.5844, Sample Std: 0.6046

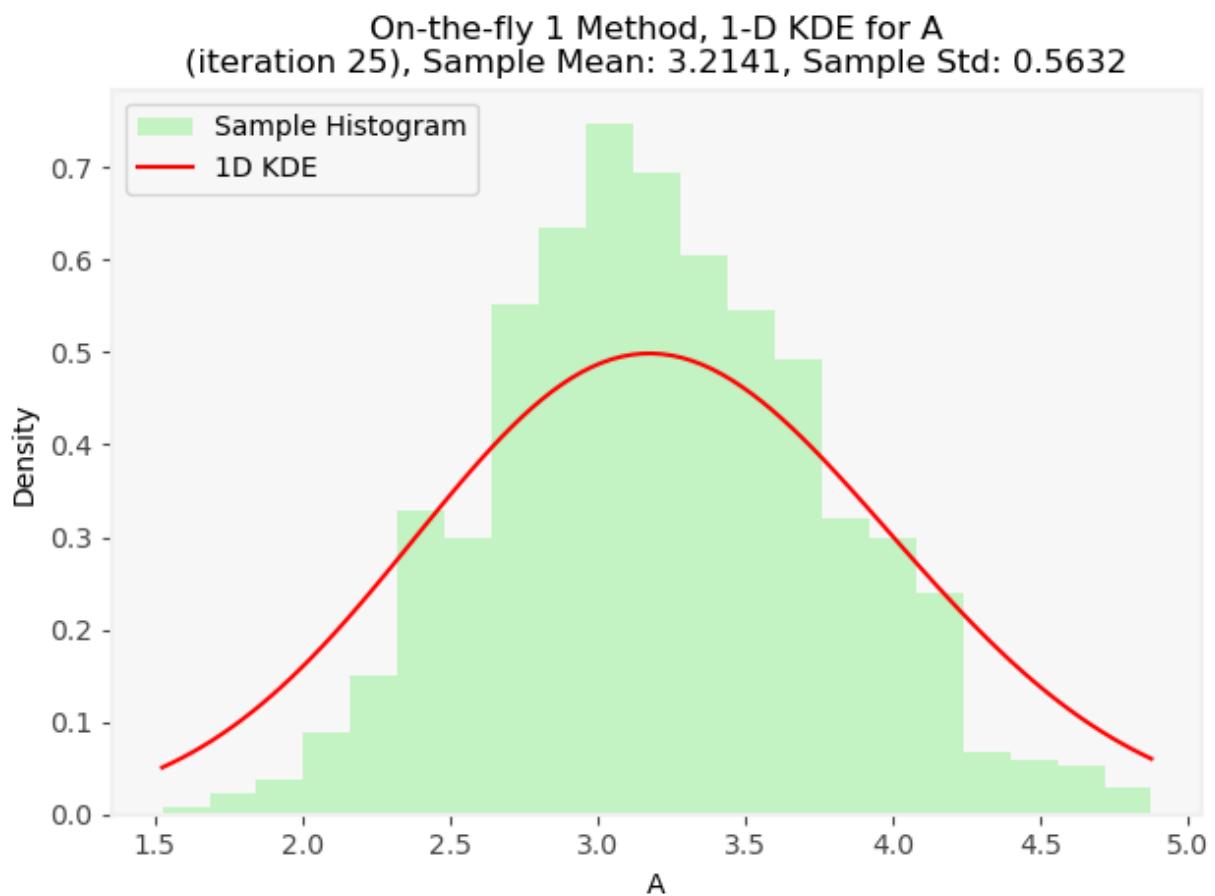
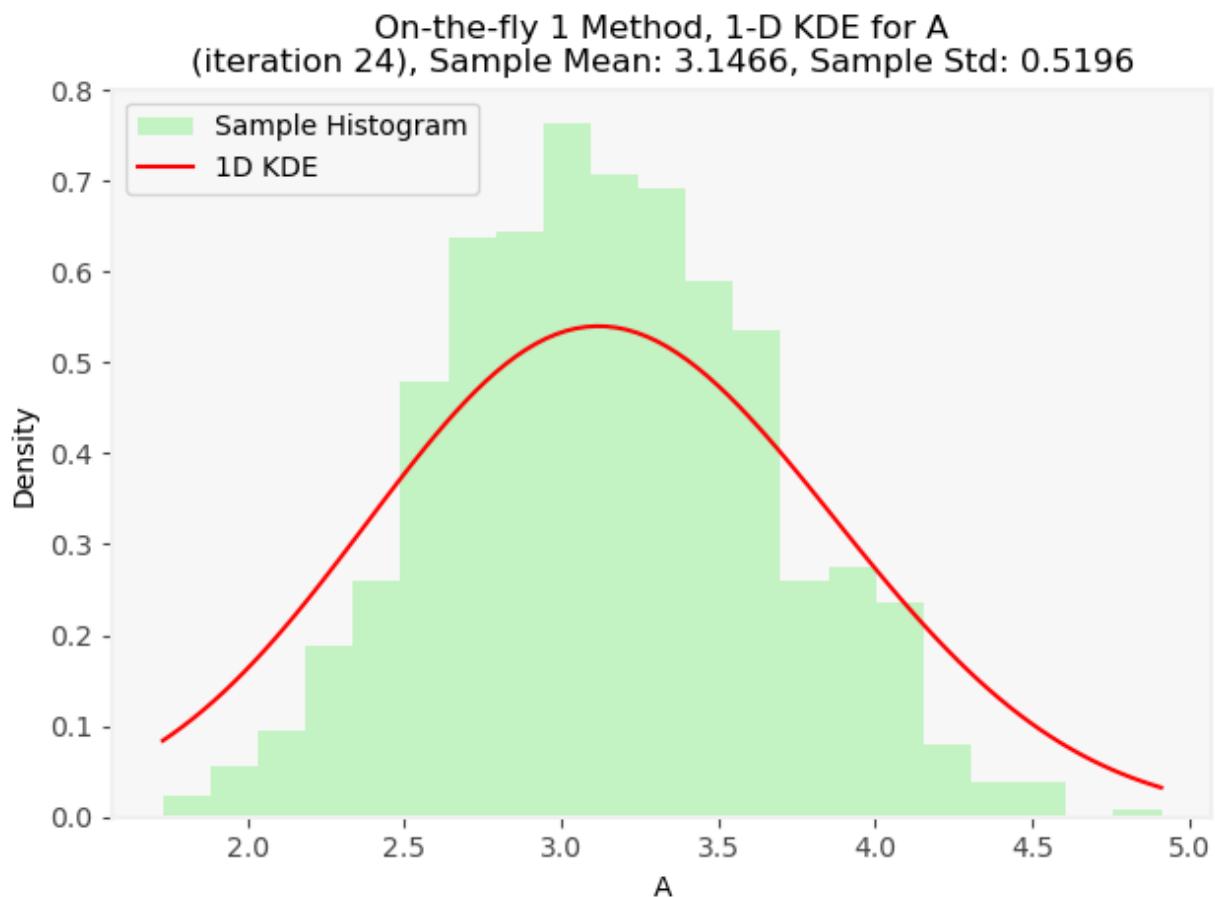


On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 22), Sample Mean: 2.9561, Sample Std: 0.5670

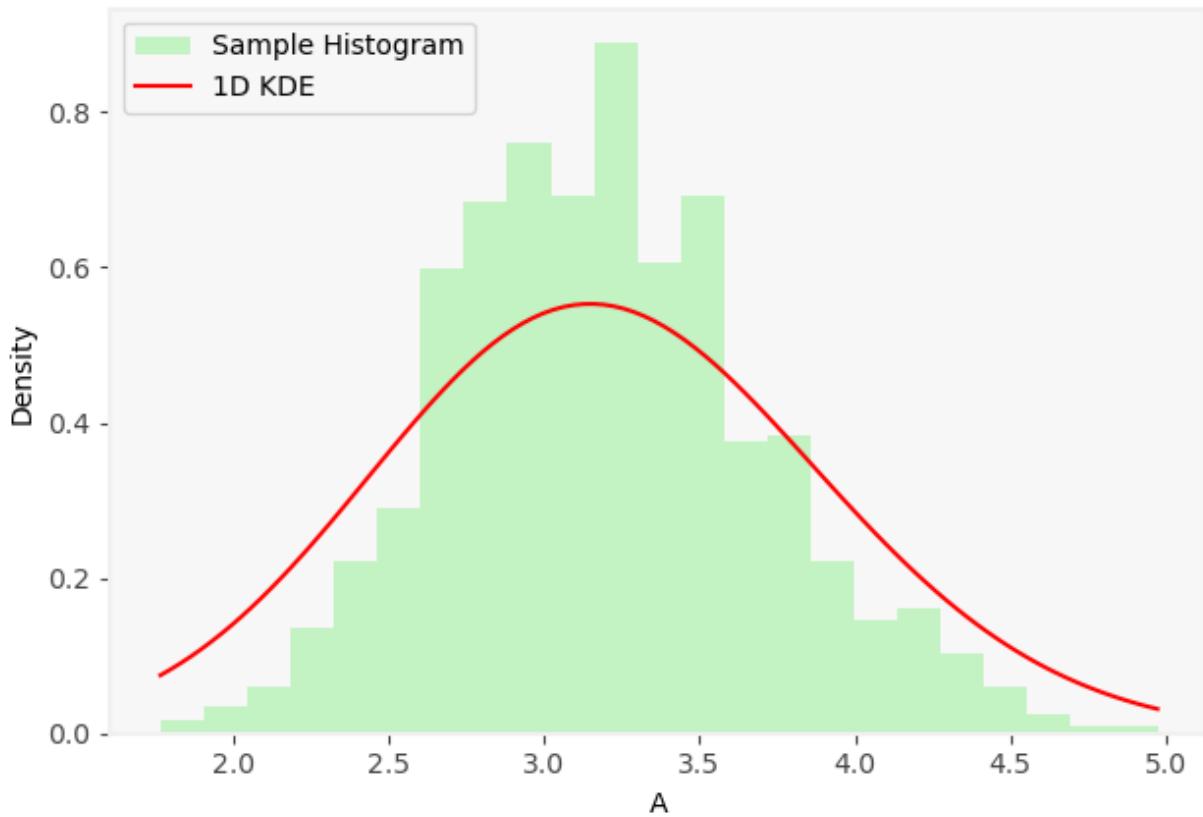


On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 23), Sample Mean: 3.2206, Sample Std: 0.5367

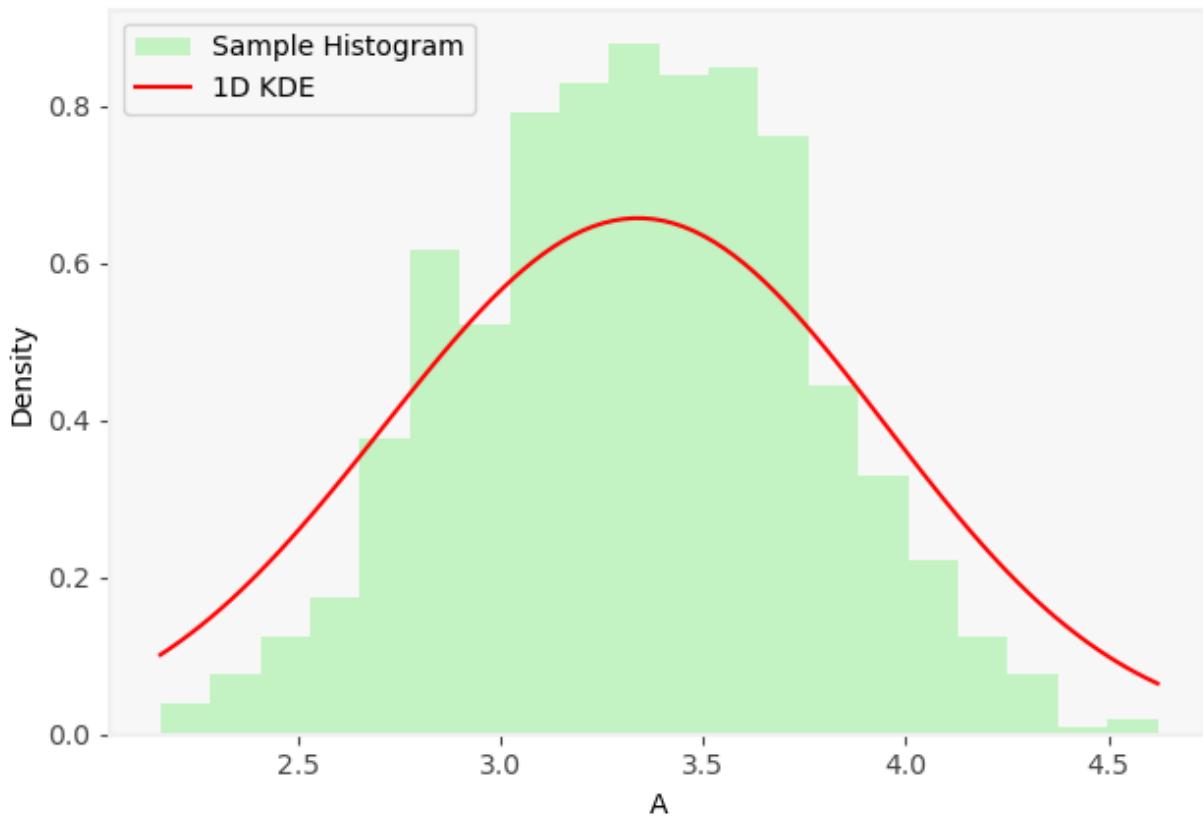




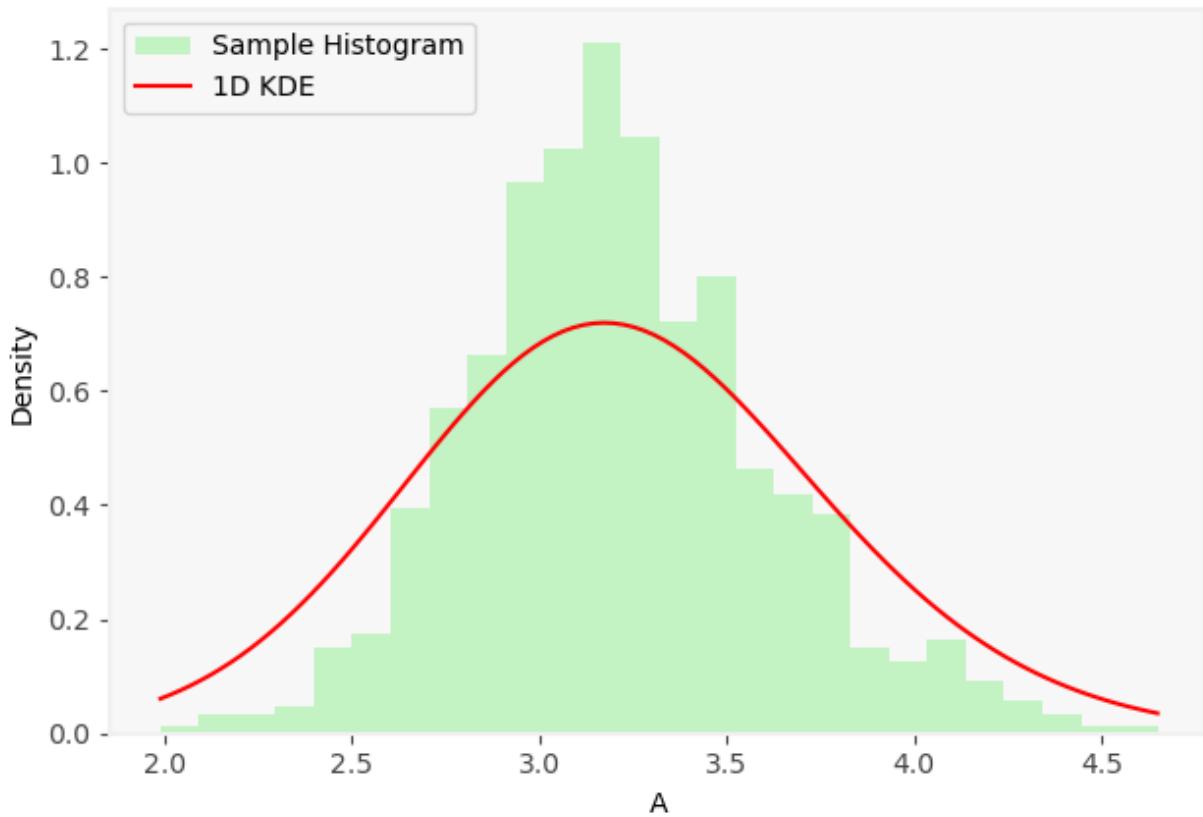
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 26), Sample Mean: 3.1953, Sample Std: 0.5116



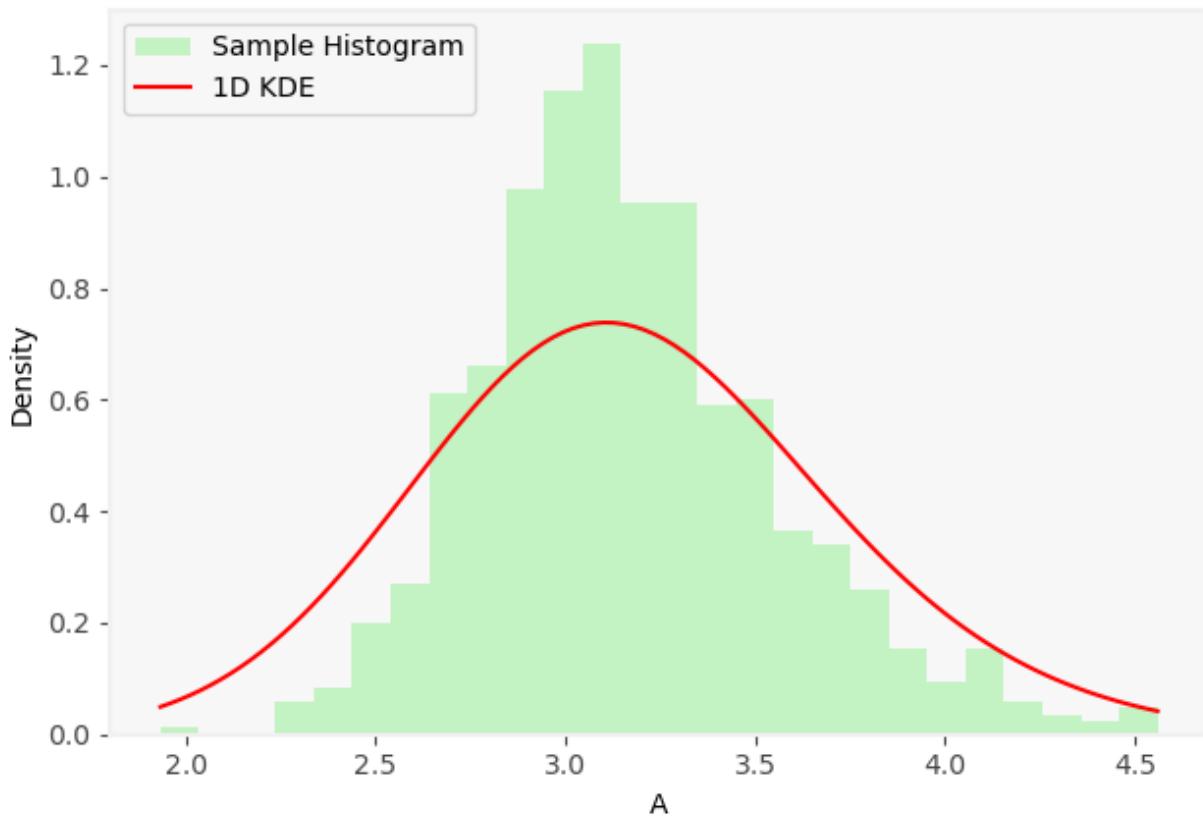
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 27), Sample Mean: 3.3289, Sample Std: 0.4241

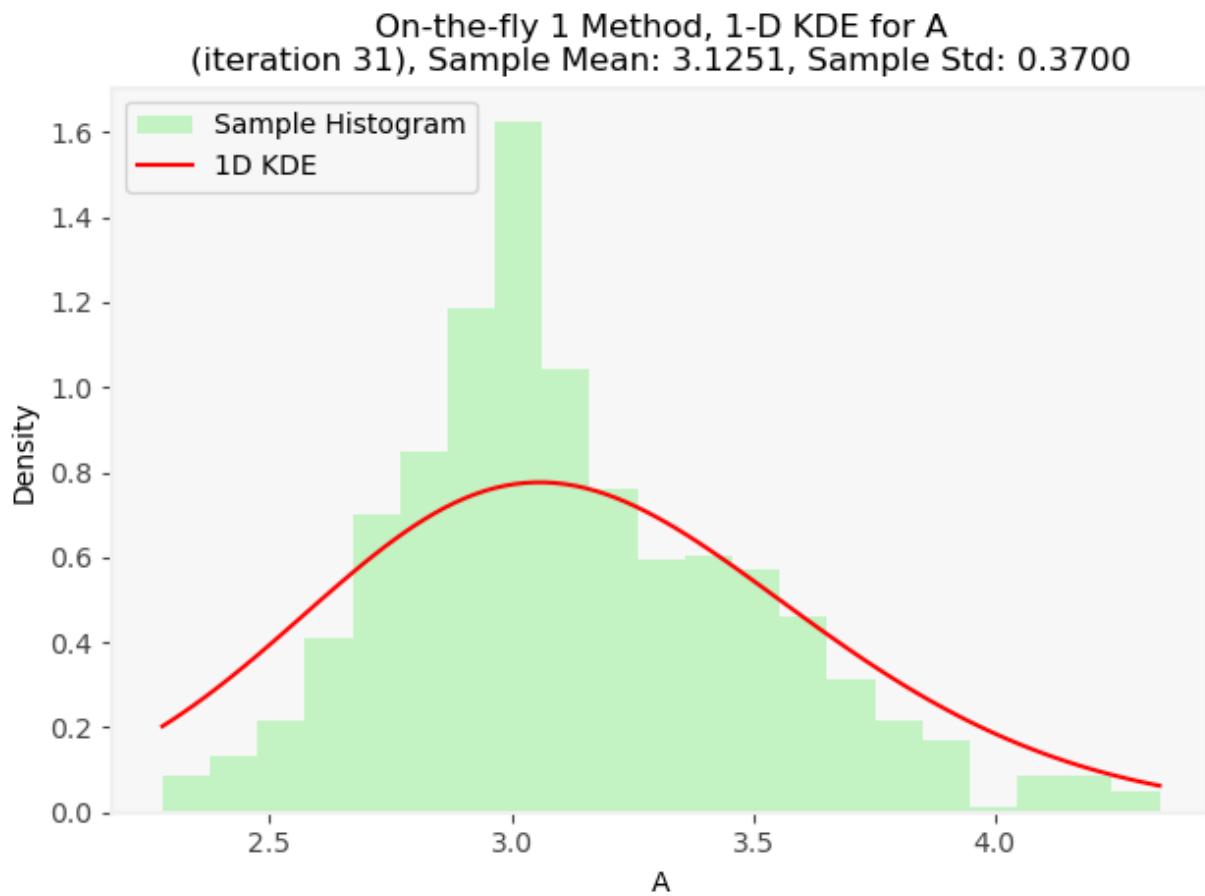
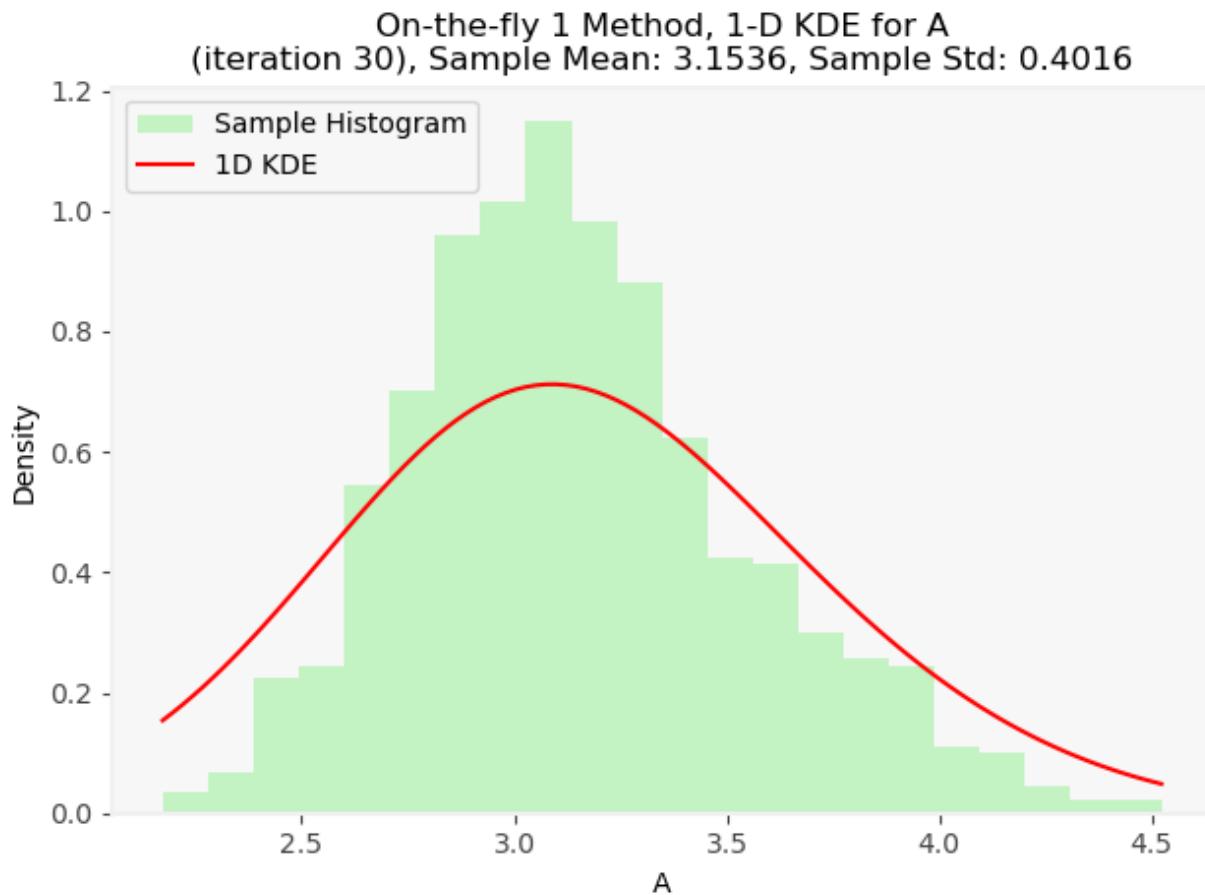


On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 28), Sample Mean: 3.2140, Sample Std: 0.3999

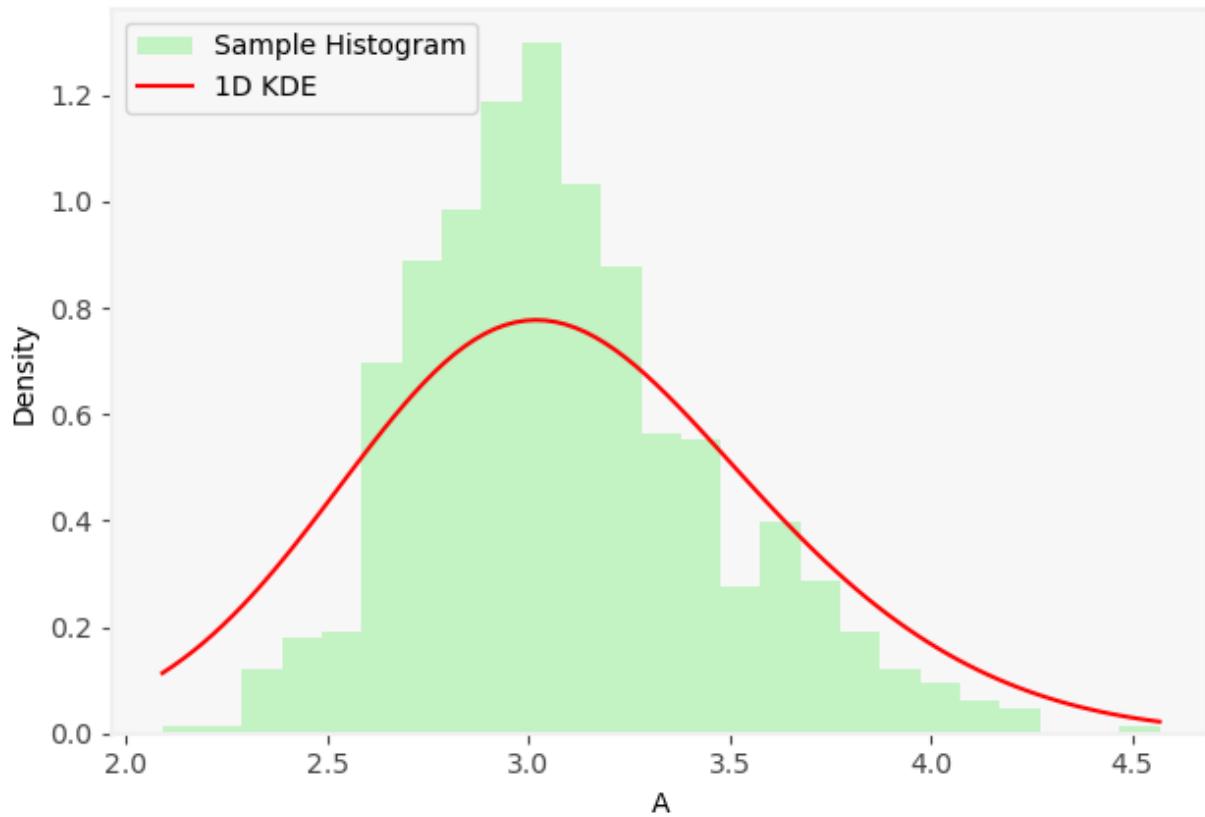


On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 29), Sample Mean: 3.1681, Sample Std: 0.3922

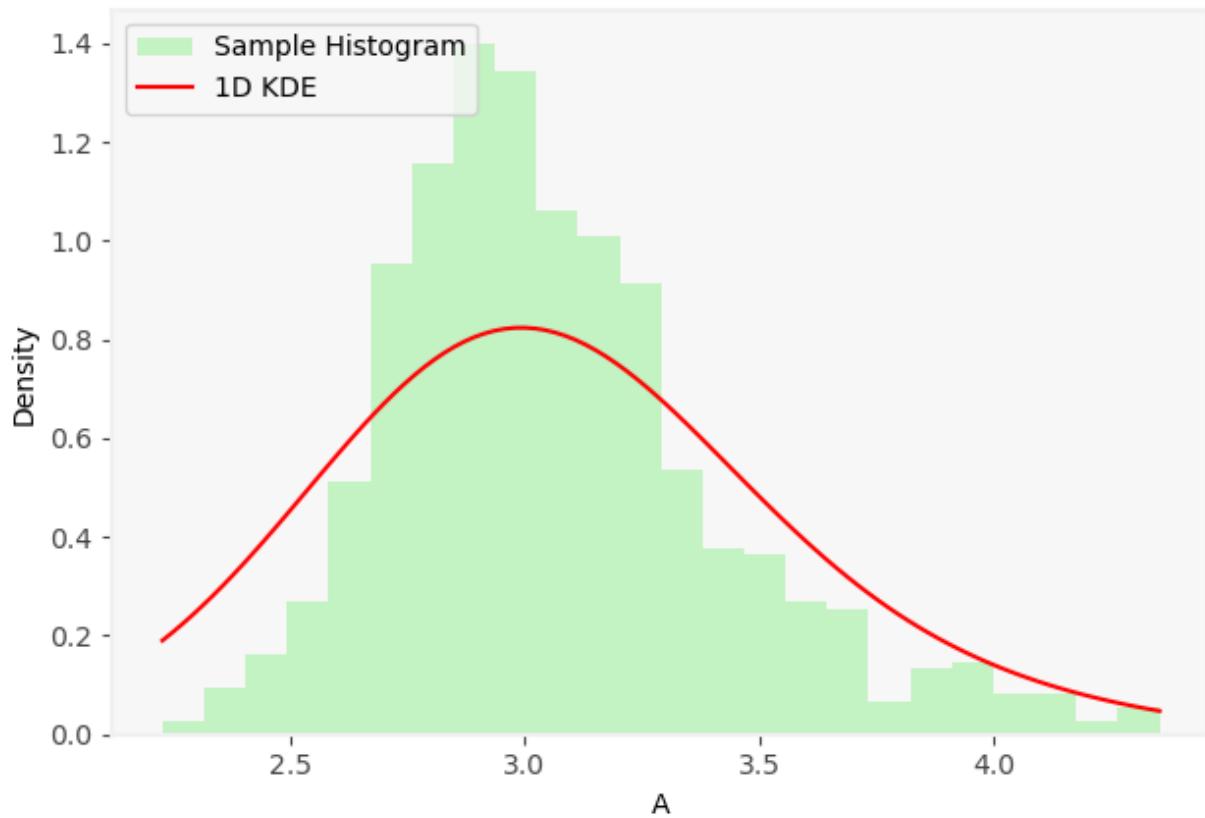




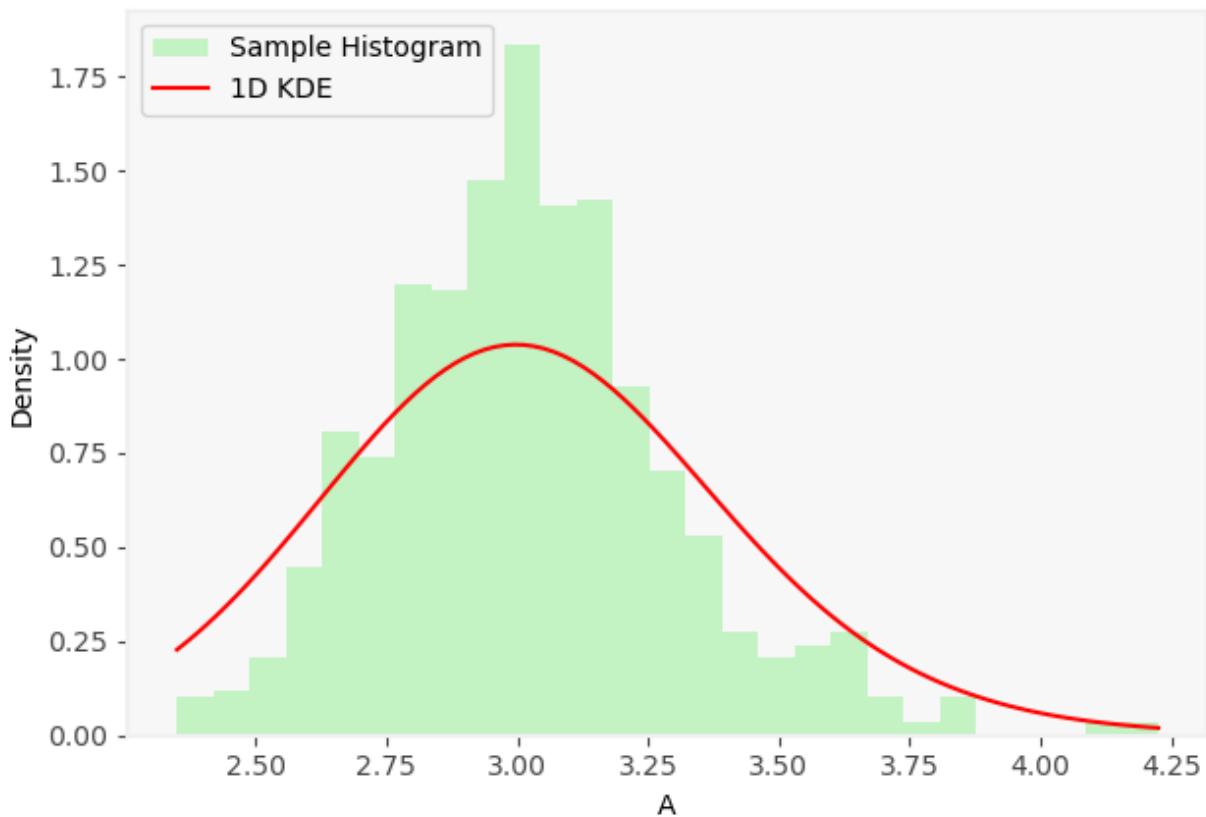
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 32), Sample Mean: 3.0863, Sample Std: 0.3708



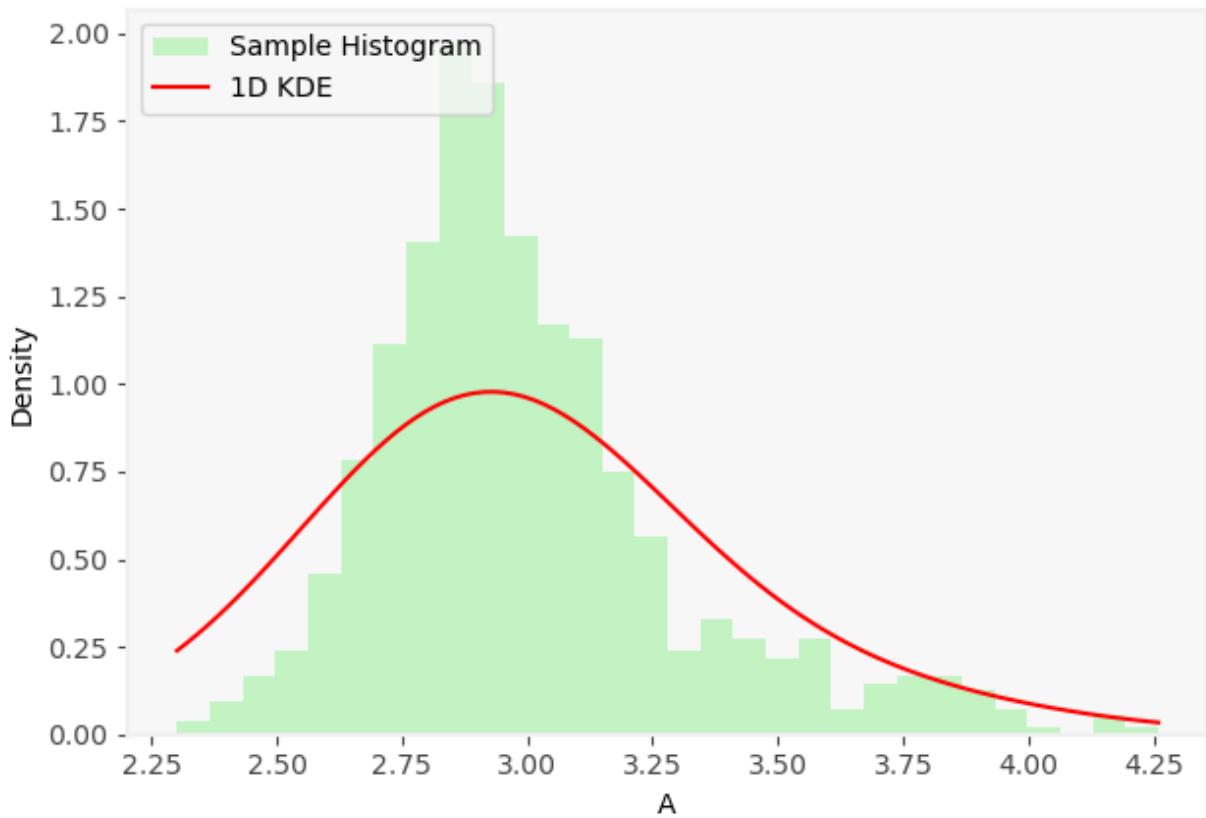
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 33), Sample Mean: 3.0651, Sample Std: 0.3572



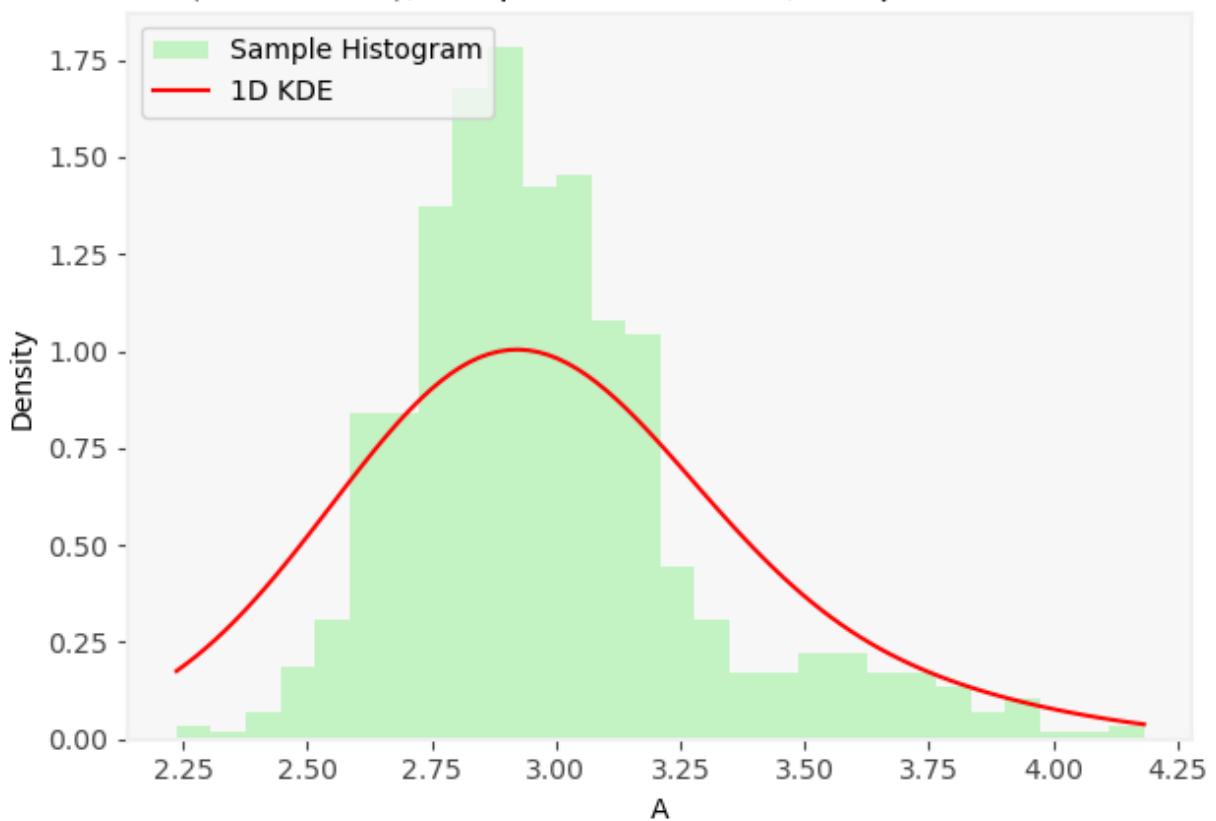
On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 34), Sample Mean: 3.0248, Sample Std: 0.2802



On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 35), Sample Mean: 2.9988, Sample Std: 0.3089

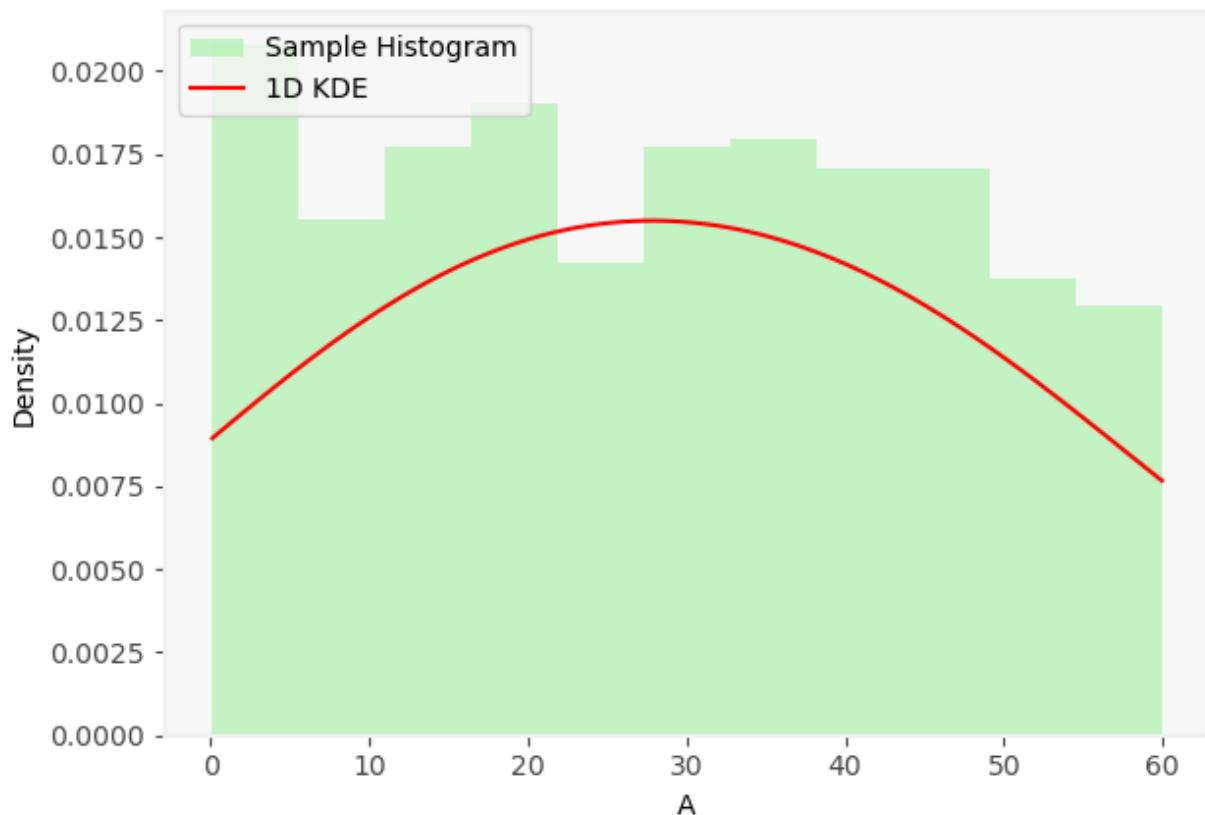


On-the-fly 1 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 36), Sample Mean: 2.9844, Sample Std: 0.2994

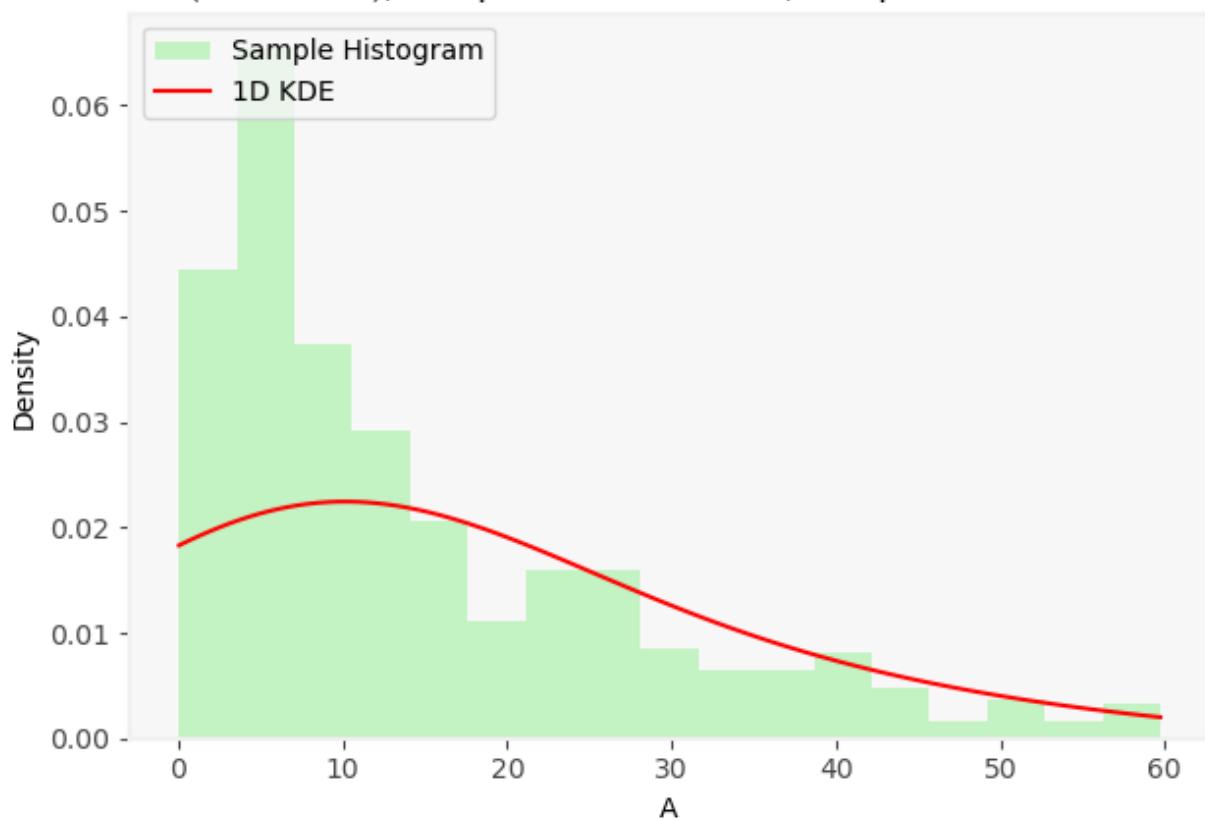


```
In [55]: #Printing the evolution of parameter A for On-the-fly 2
for i in range(len(exp_on_the_fly2.totaltimes())):
    MyPlots.plot_hist_1d_kde(list_par_separated_o2[0][i], kdes_on_the_fly2[i,0],"On-the-f
```

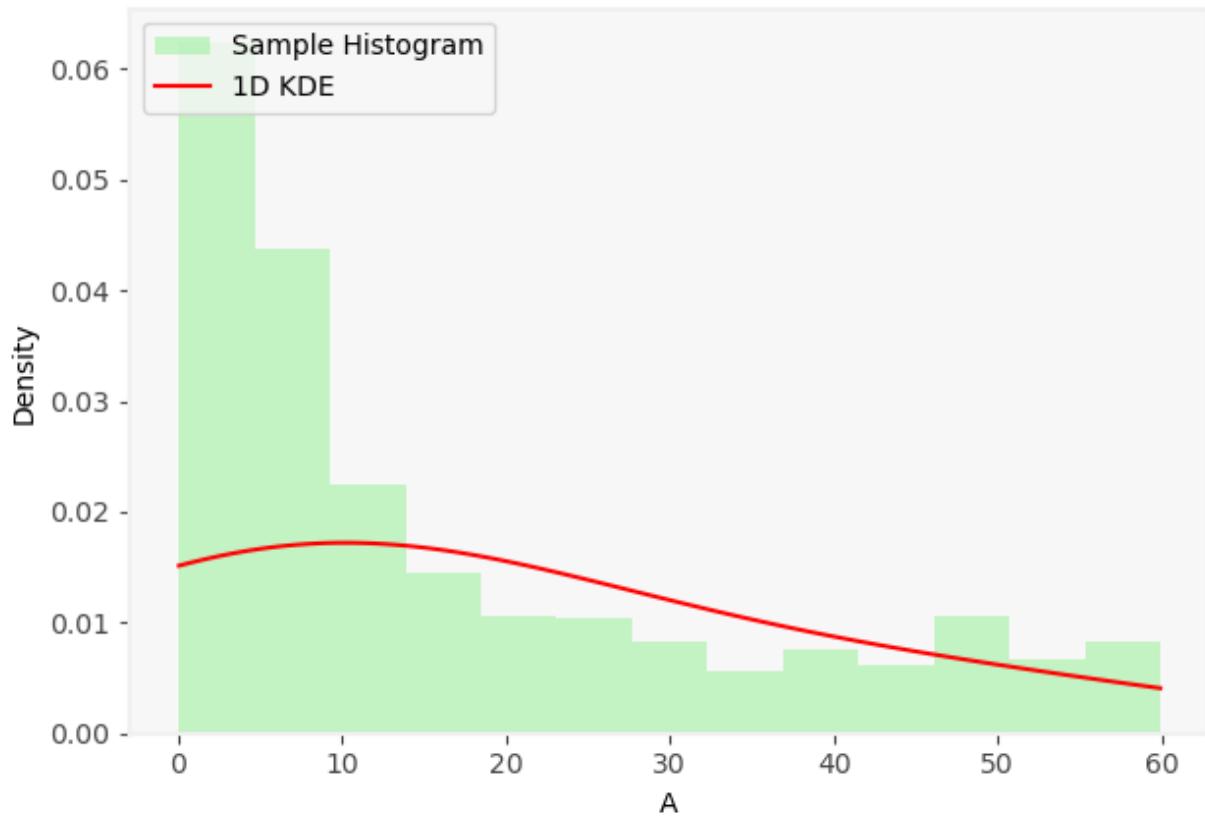
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 0), Sample Mean: 28.5535, Sample Std: 17.1161



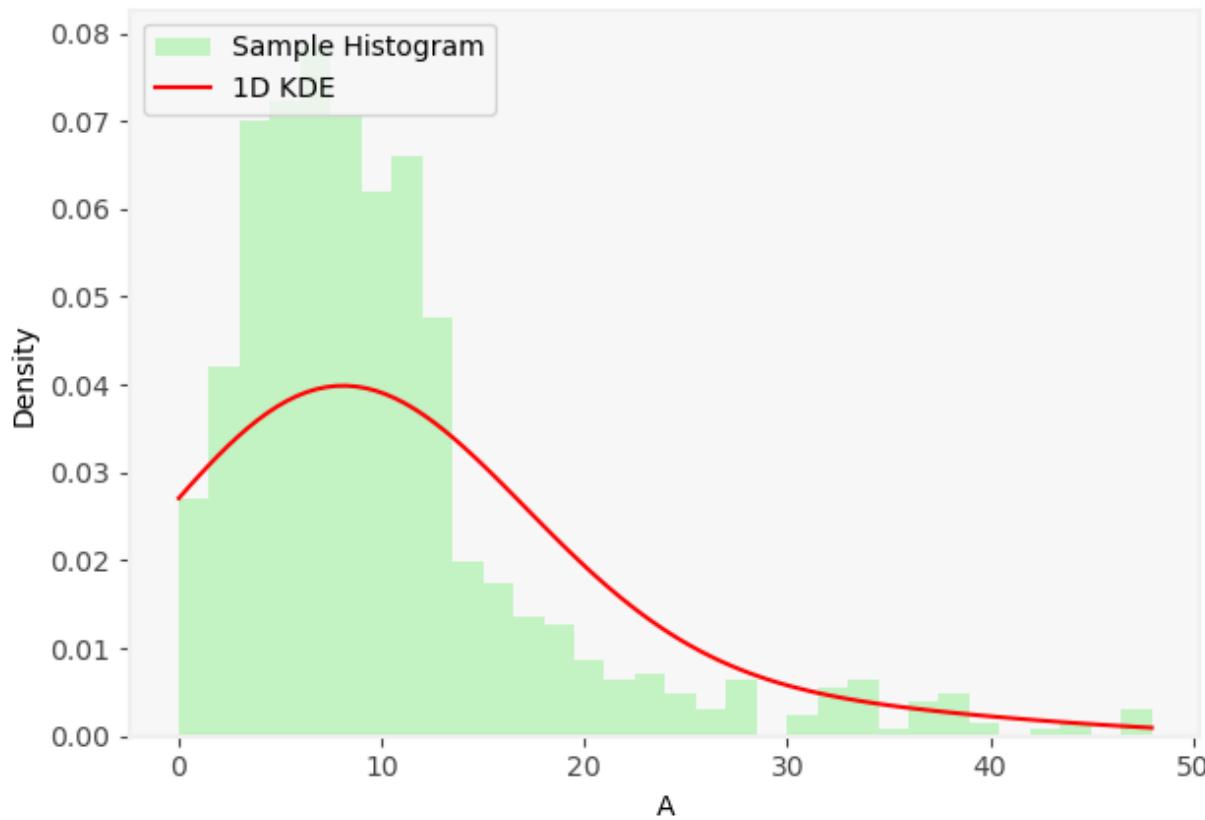
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 1), Sample Mean: 14.9324, Sample Std: 13.4282



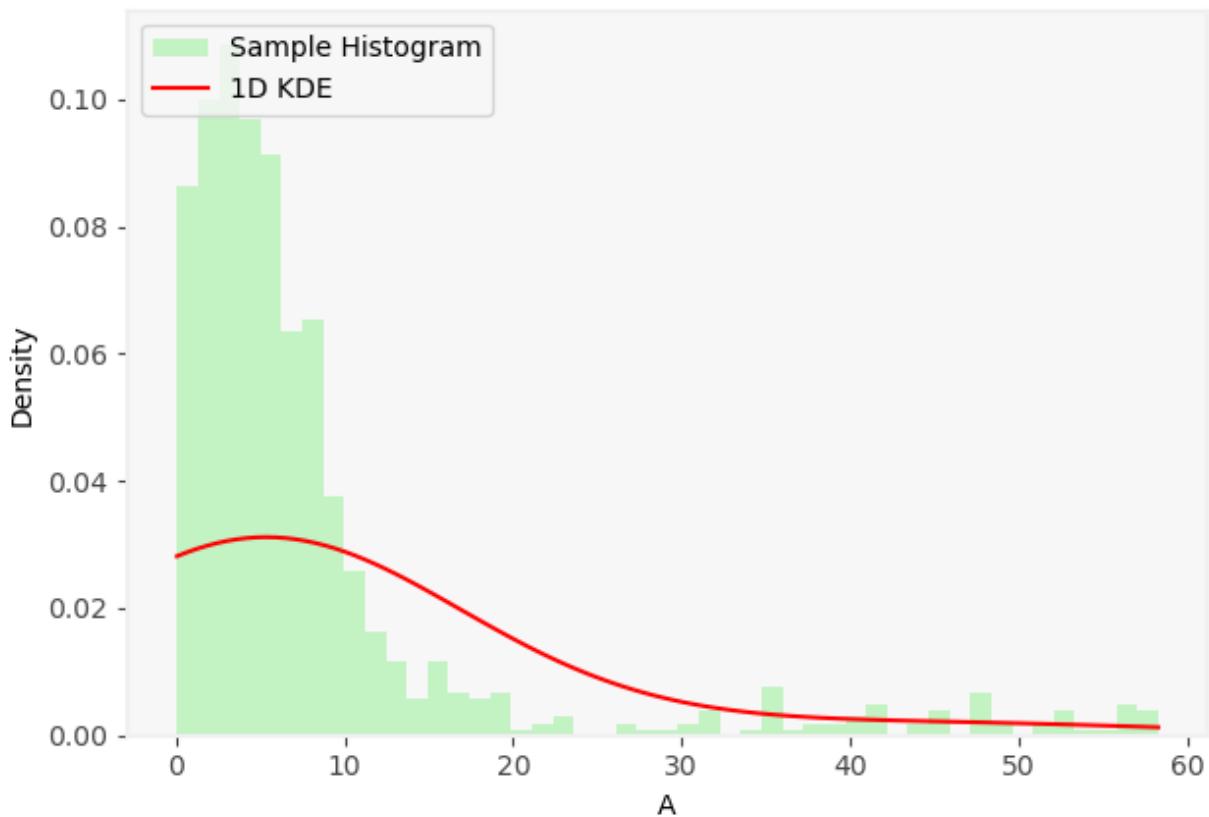
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 2), Sample Mean: 17.4156, Sample Std: 17.1839



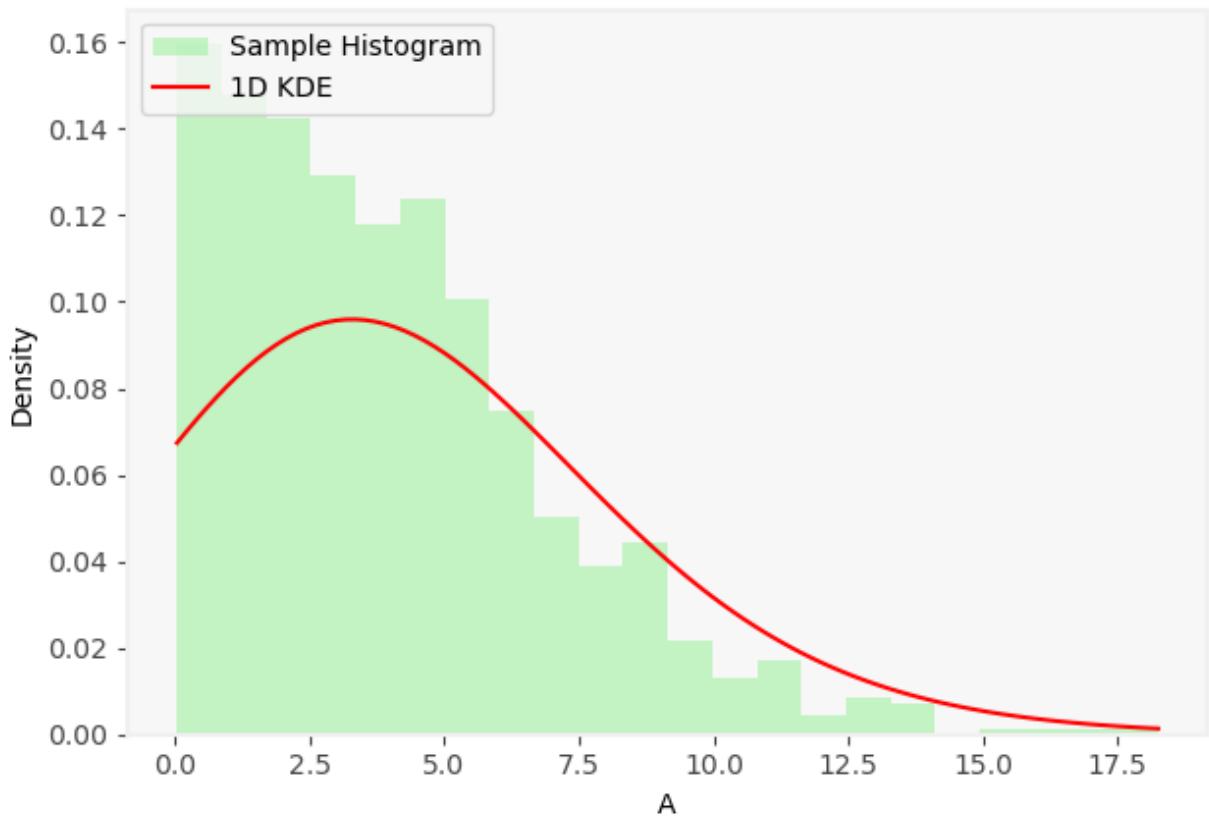
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 3), Sample Mean: 10.2680, Sample Std: 8.0047

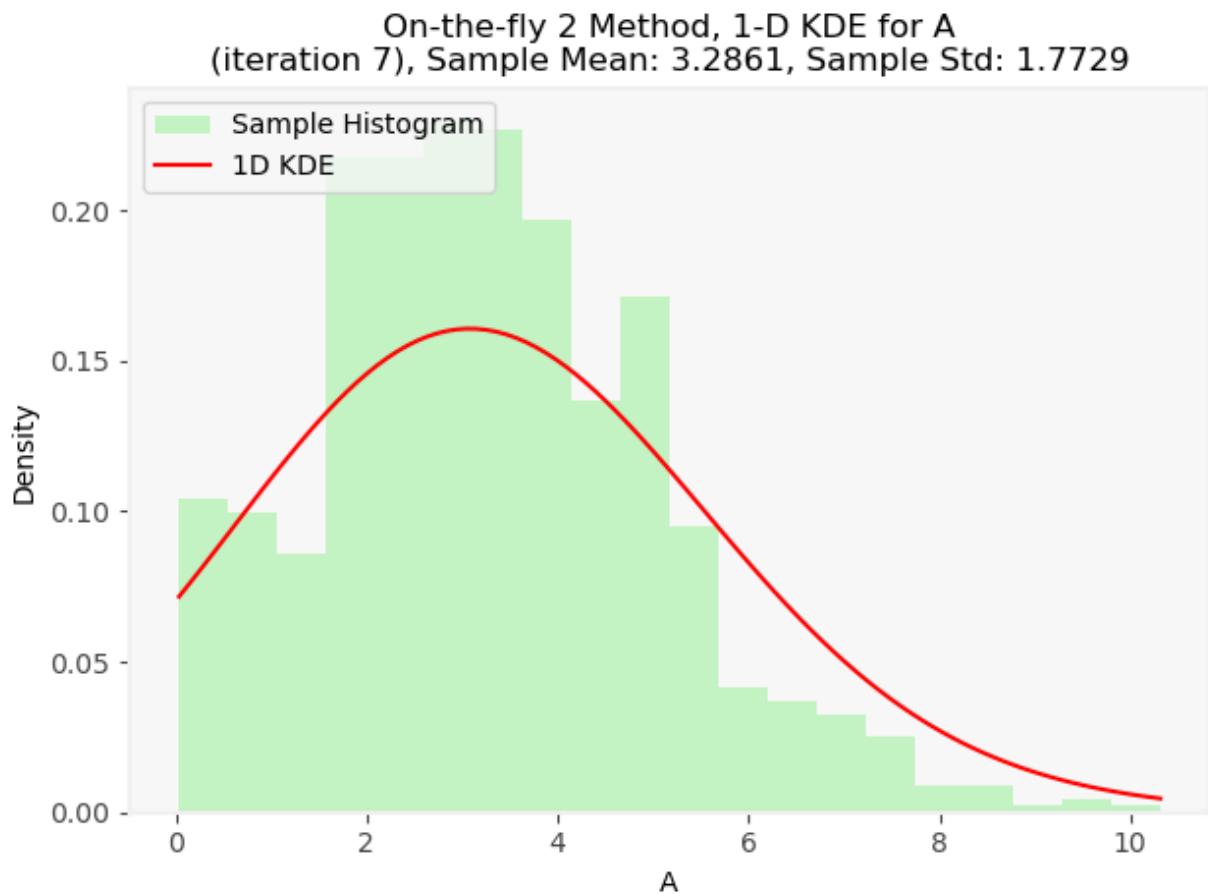
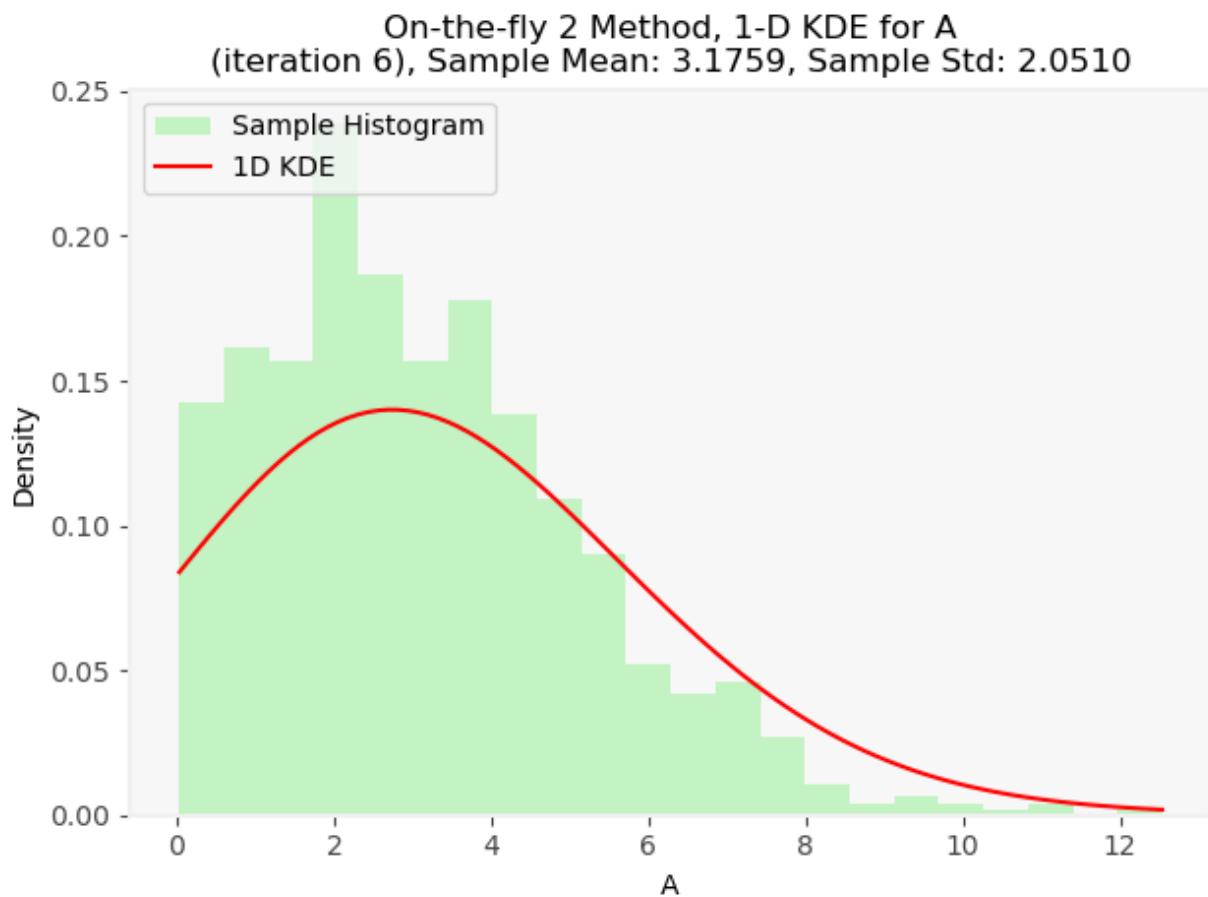


On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 4), Sample Mean: 8.5094, Sample Std: 11.1111

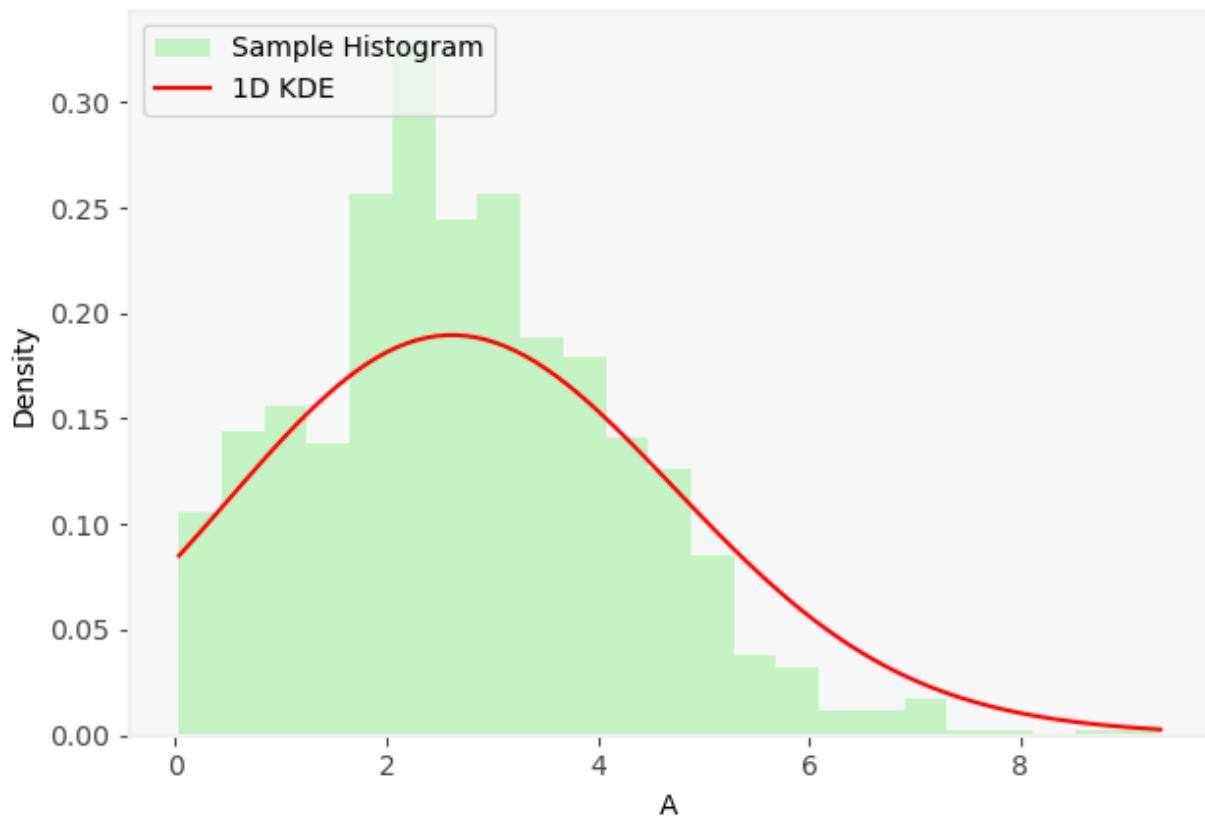


On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 5), Sample Mean: 4.0620, Sample Std: 3.0456

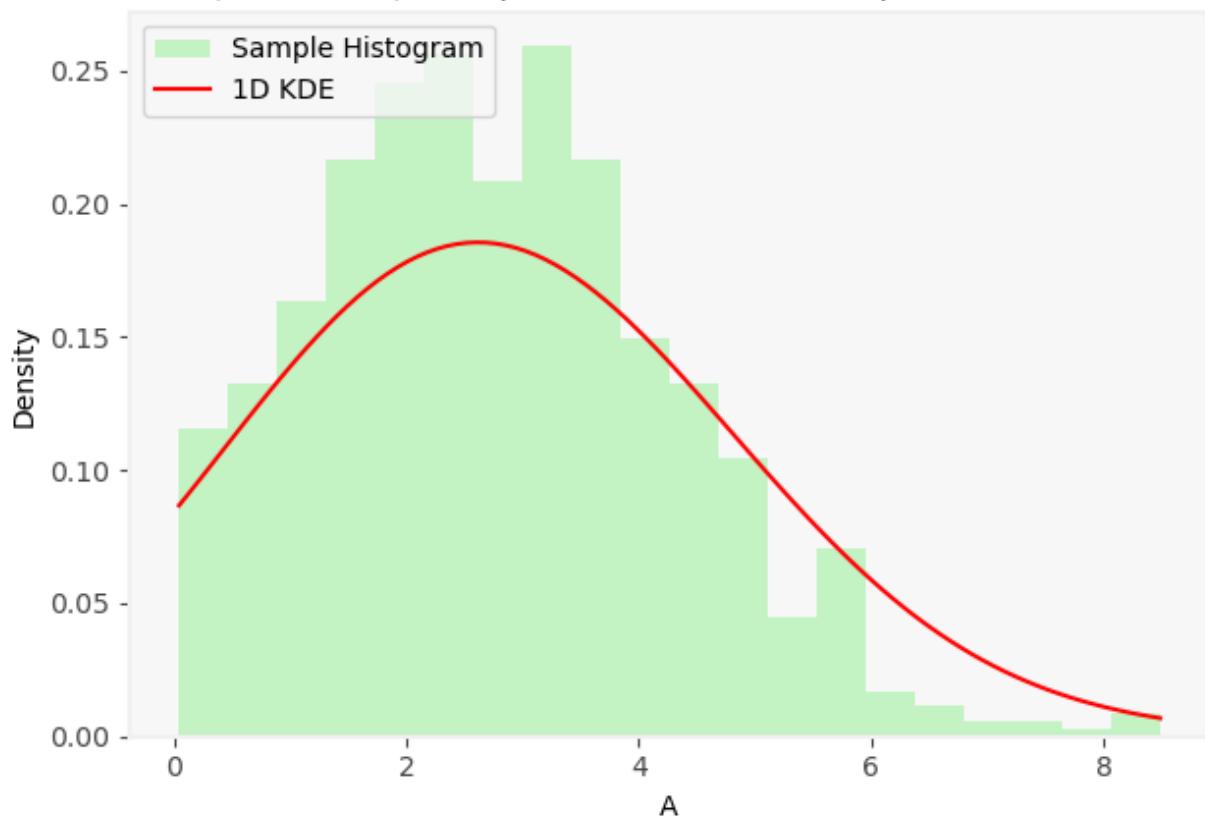




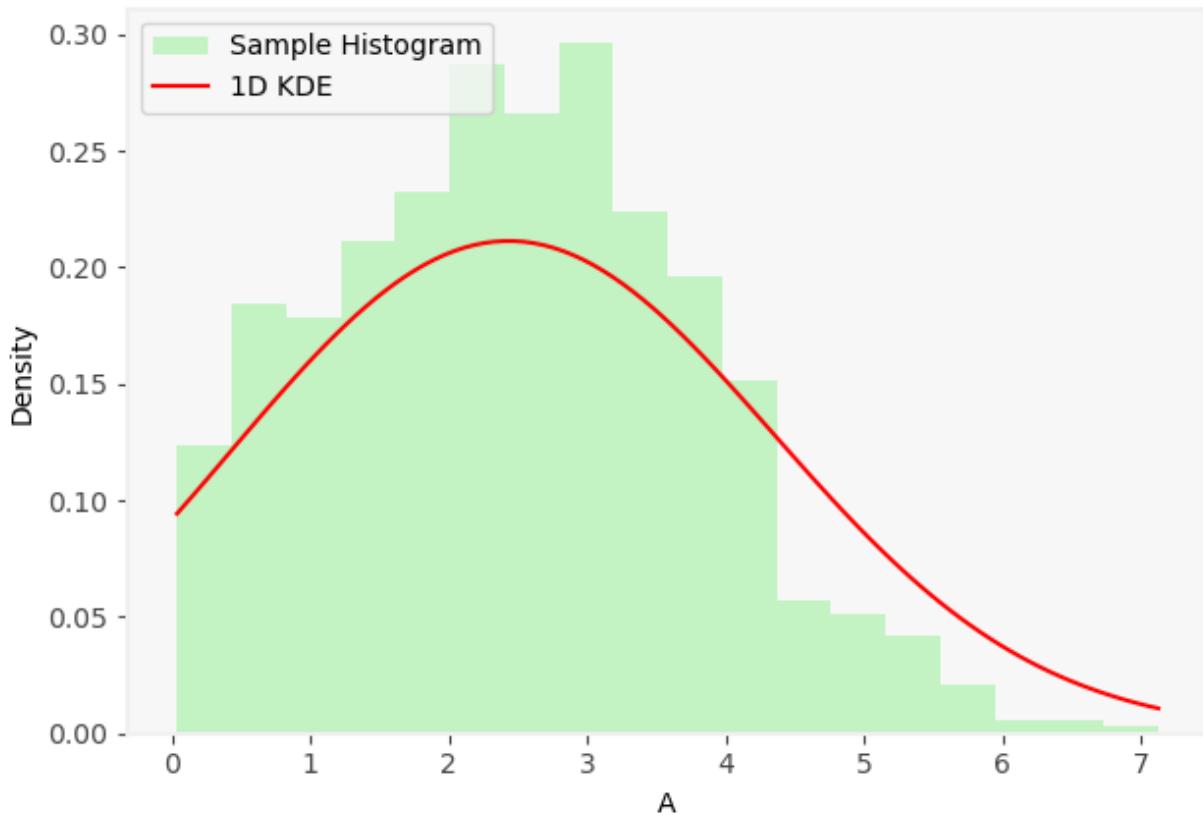
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 8), Sample Mean: 2.7814, Sample Std: 1.4974



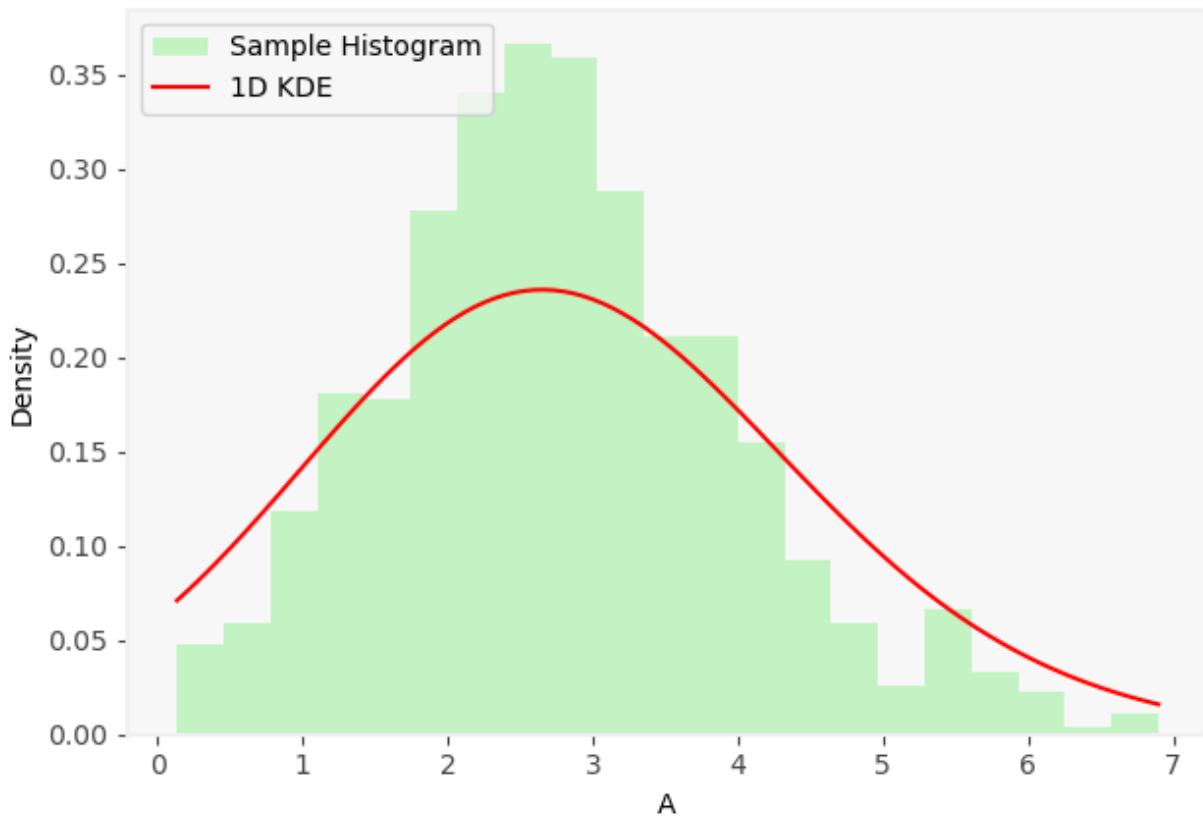
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 9), Sample Mean: 2.7884, Sample Std: 1.5164



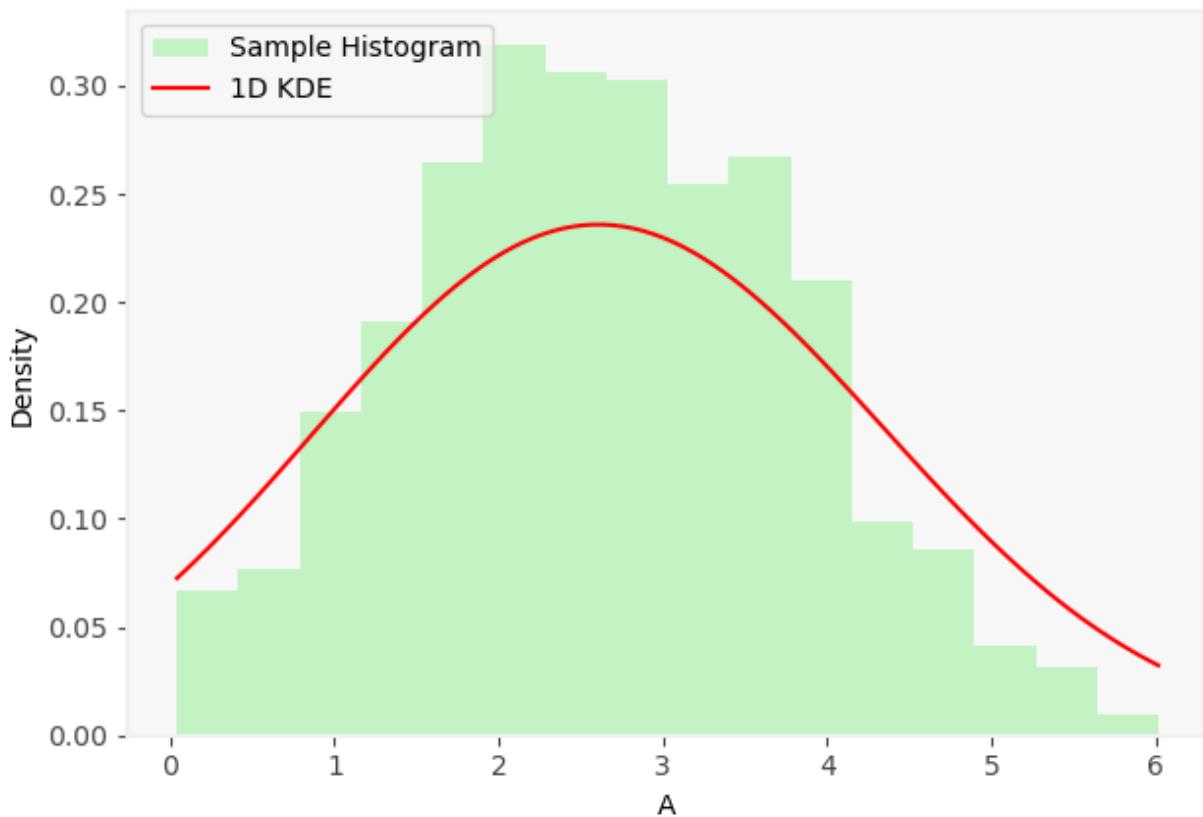
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 10), Sample Mean: 2.4994, Sample Std: 1.3147



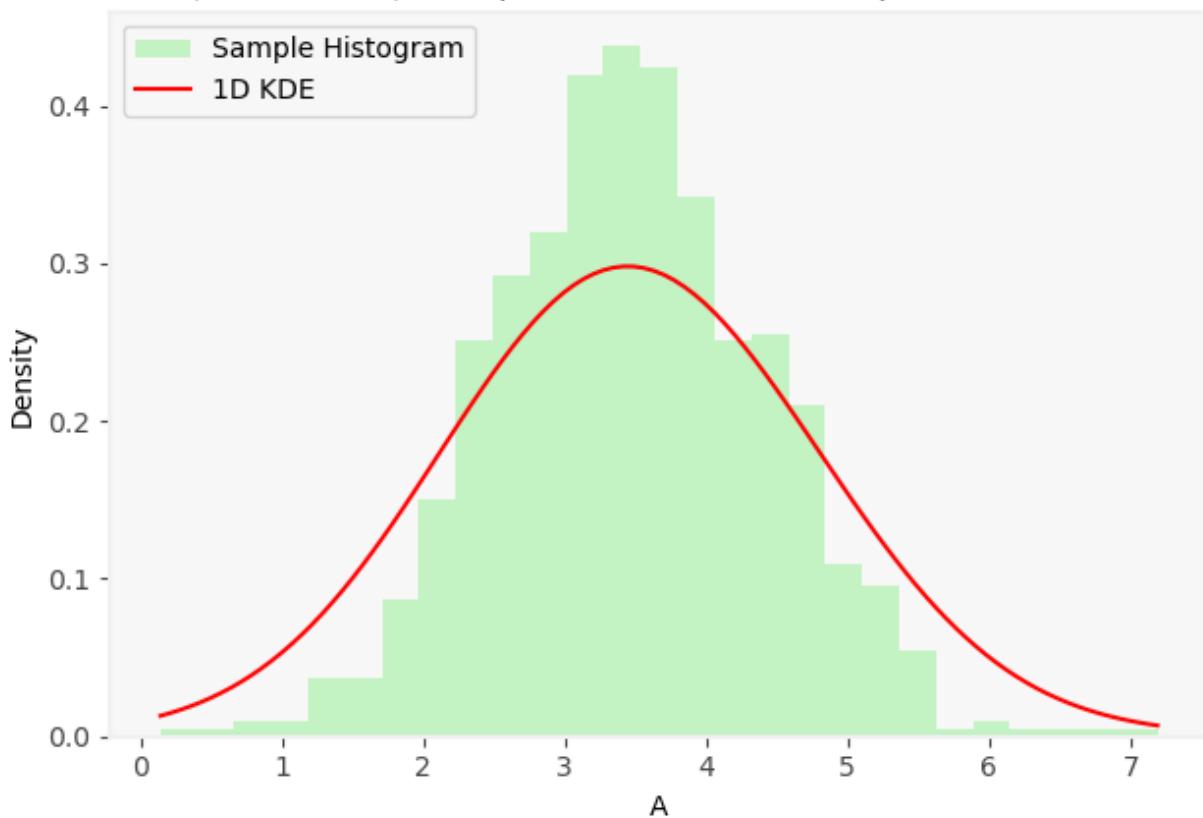
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 11), Sample Mean: 2.7869, Sample Std: 1.2116

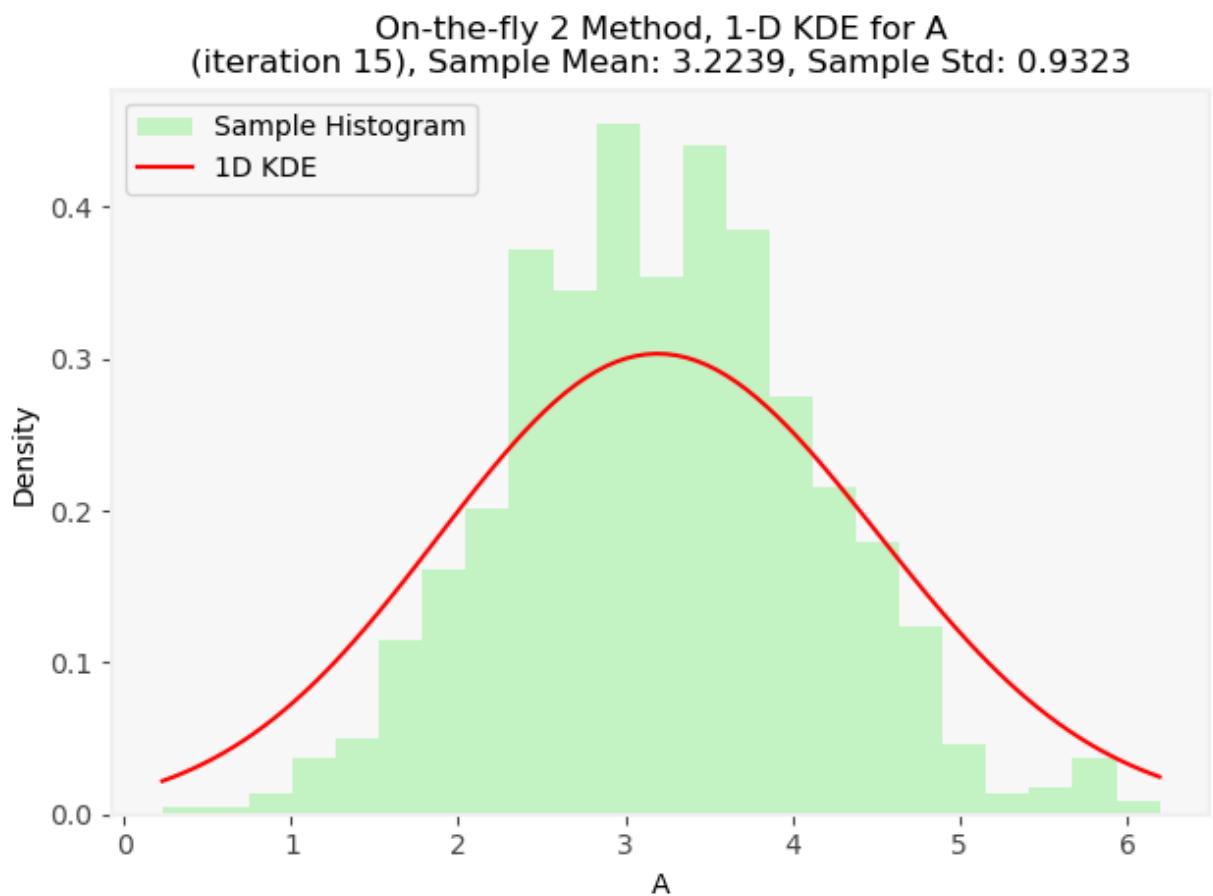
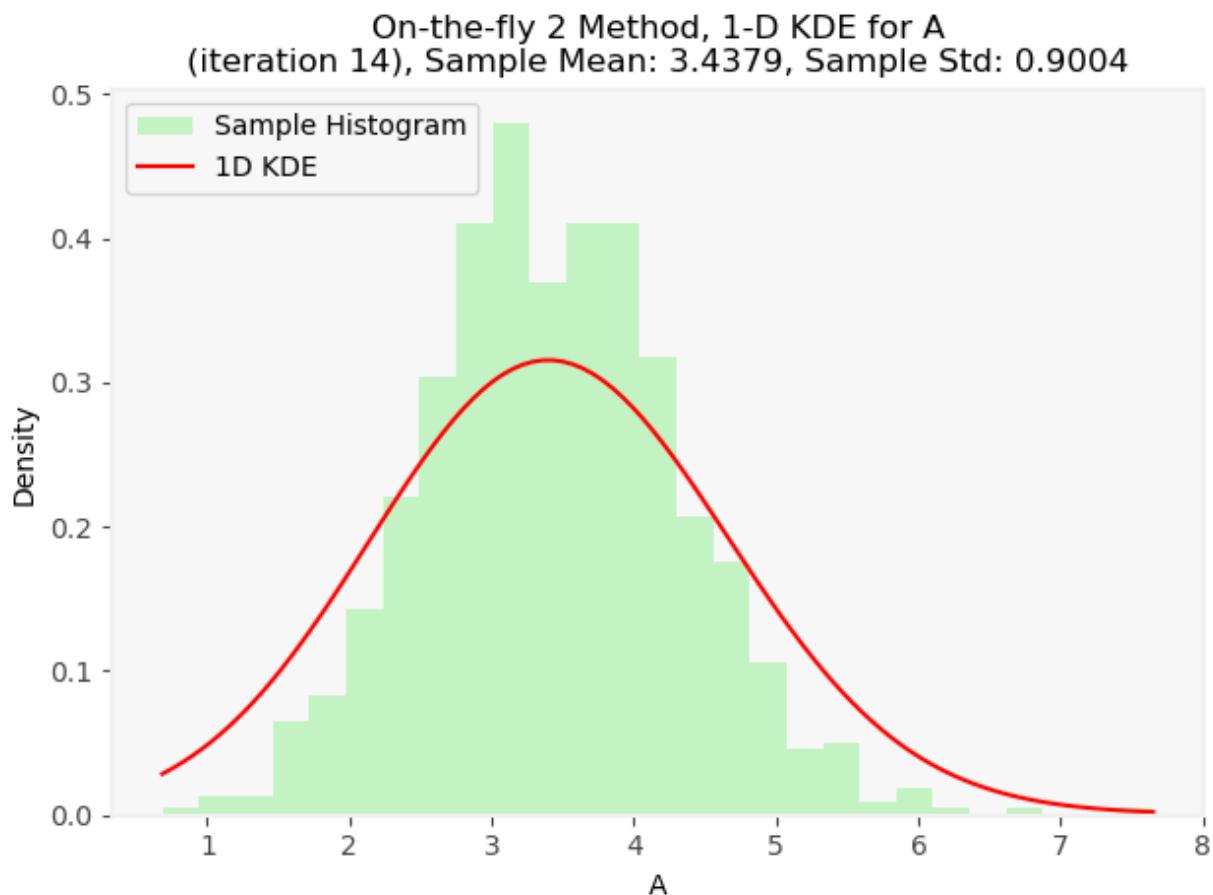


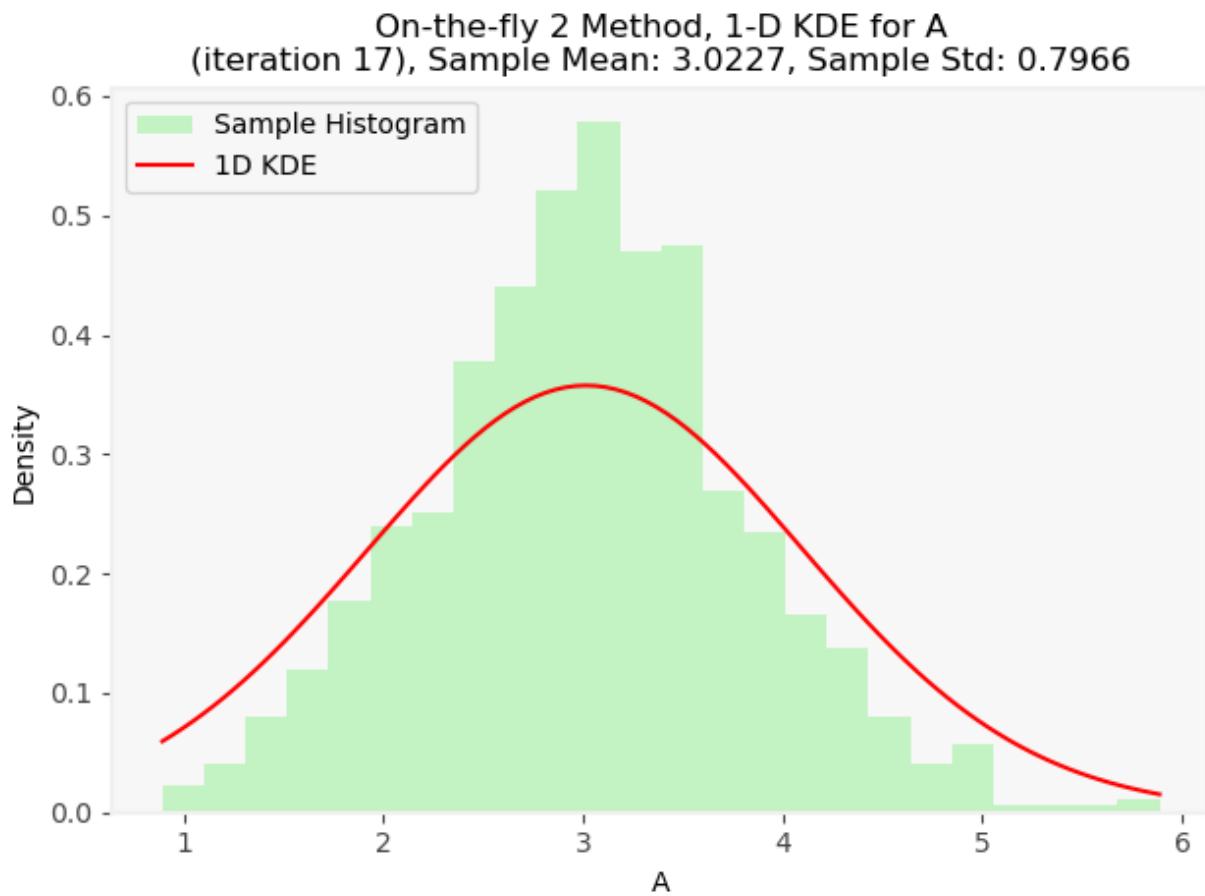
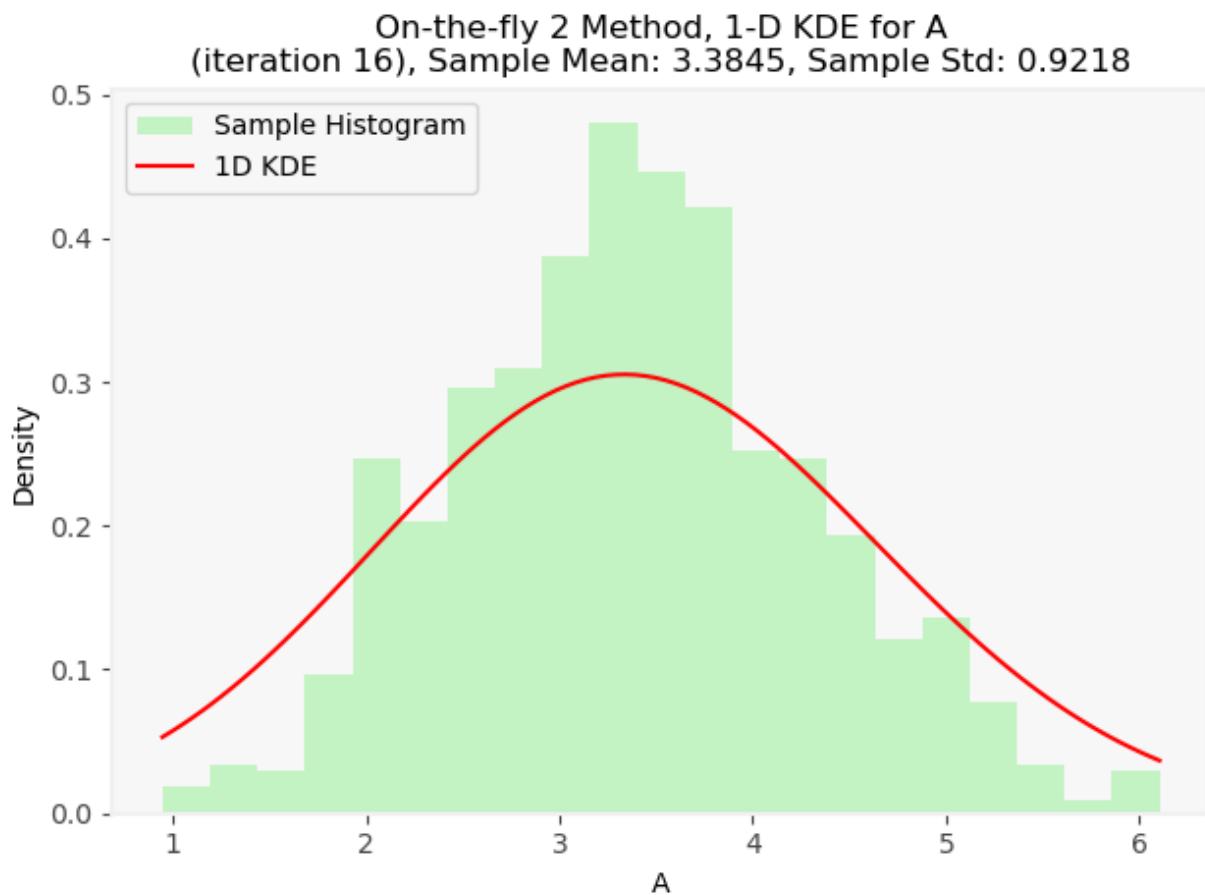
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 12), Sample Mean: 2.6521, Sample Std: 1.1776



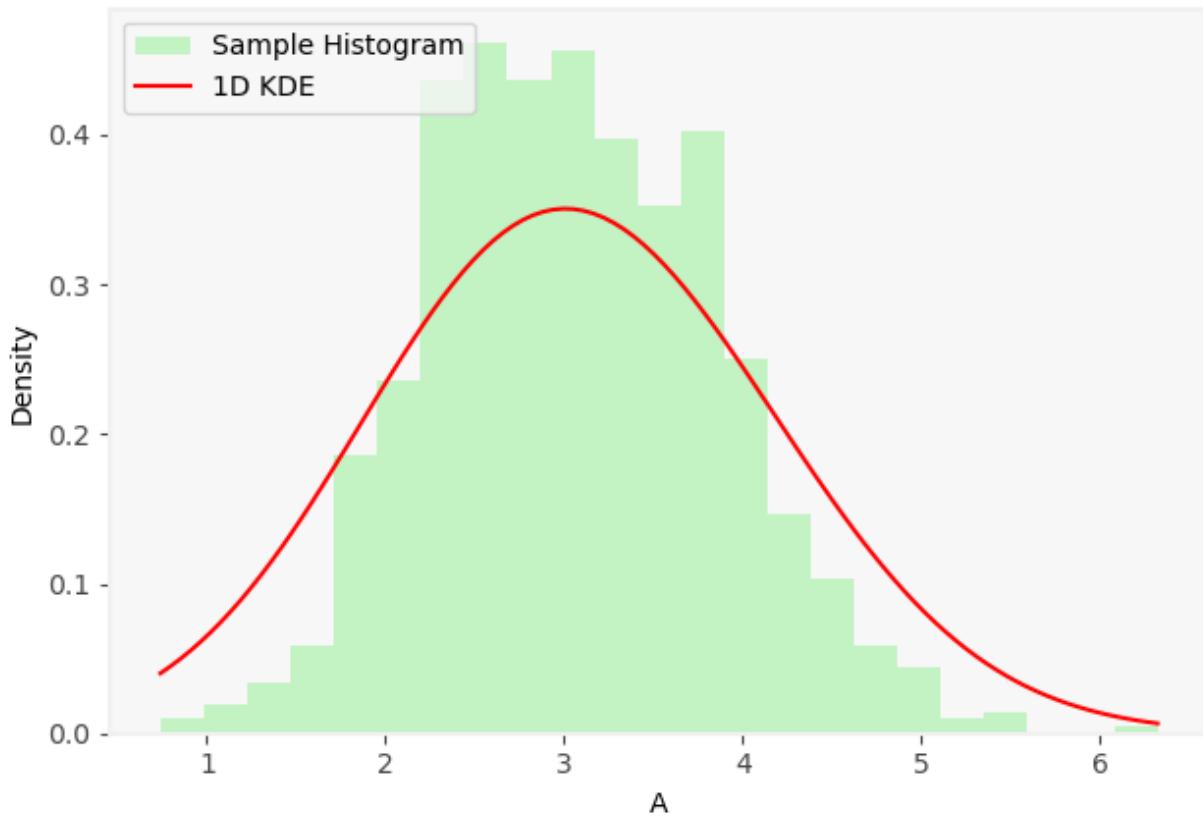
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 13), Sample Mean: 3.4742, Sample Std: 0.9493



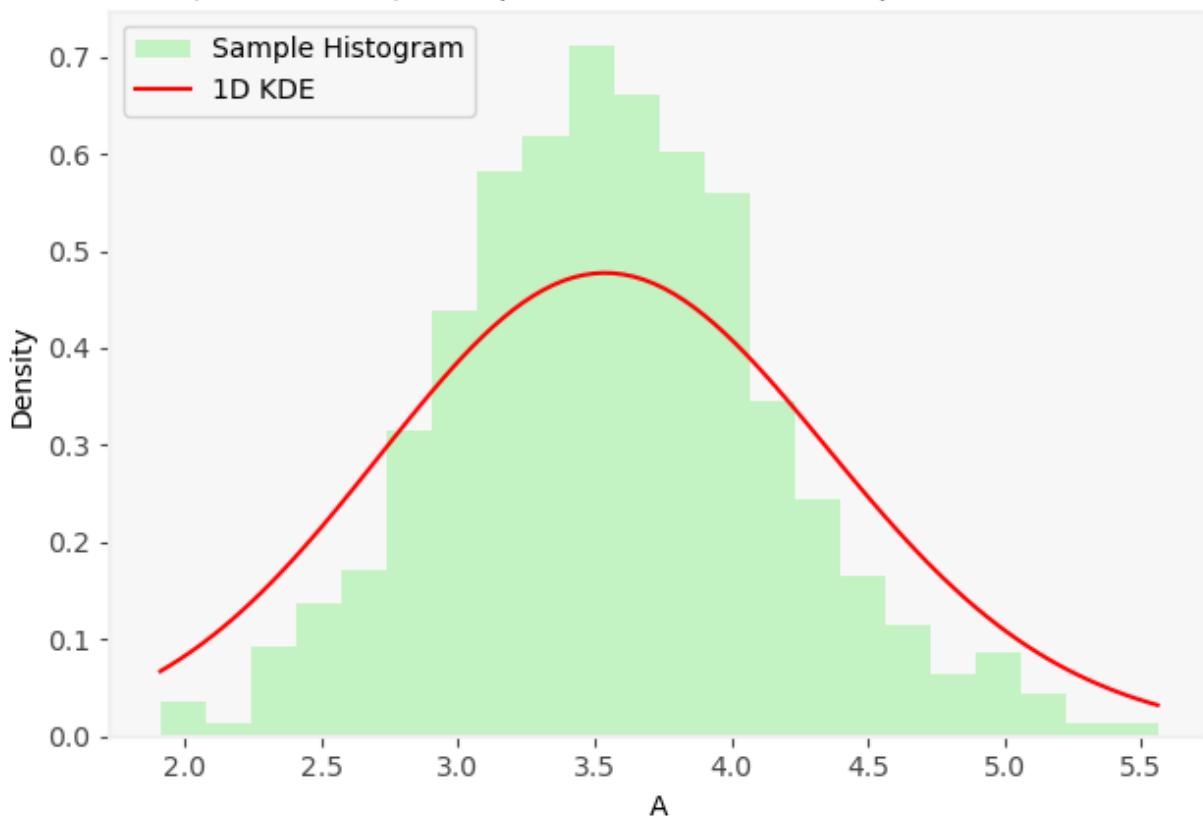




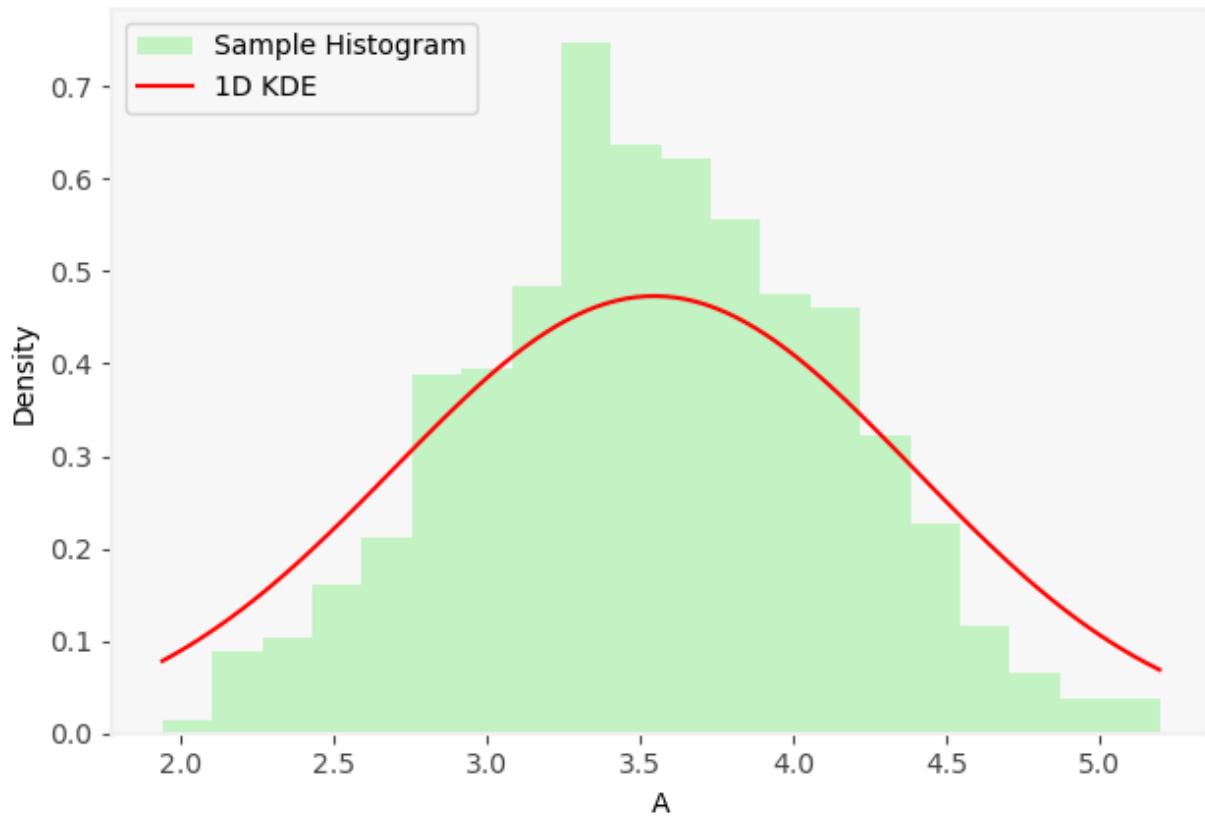
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 18), Sample Mean: 3.0704, Sample Std: 0.8009



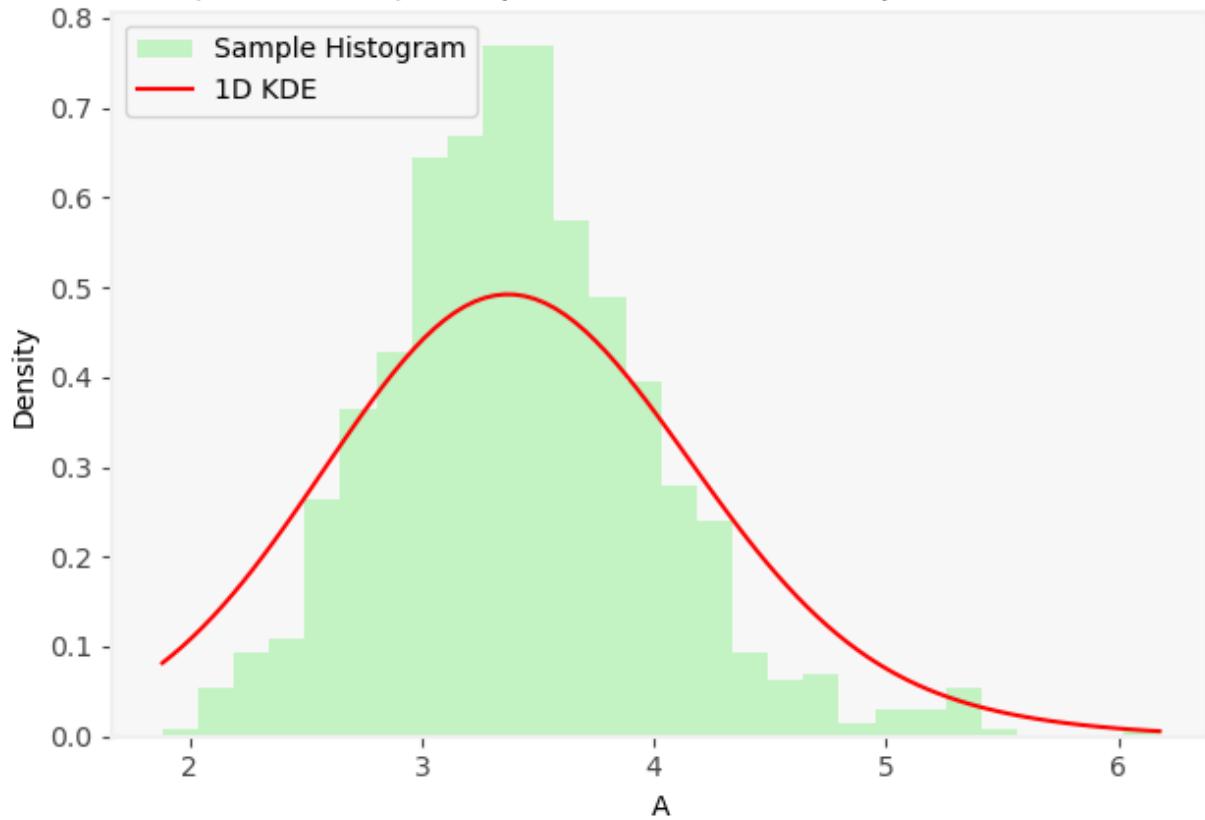
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 19), Sample Mean: 3.5656, Sample Std: 0.5969



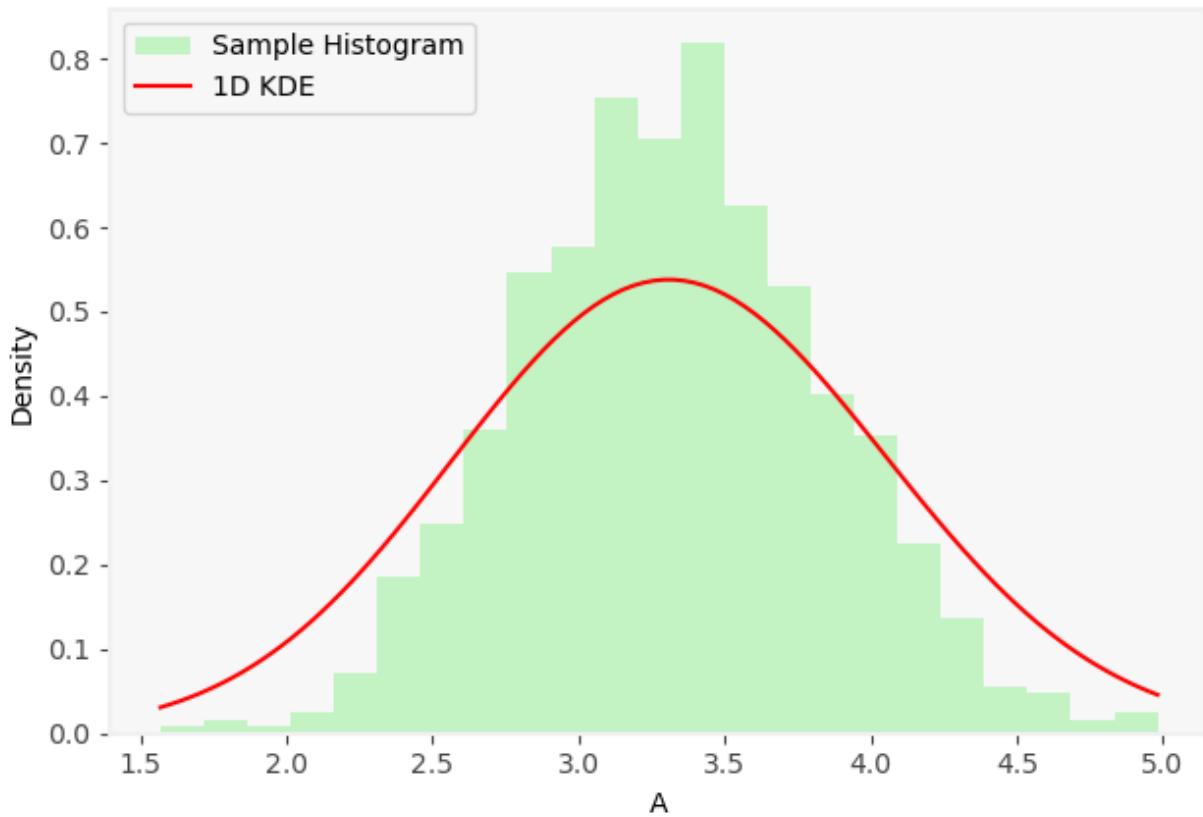
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 20), Sample Mean: 3.5424, Sample Std: 0.5921



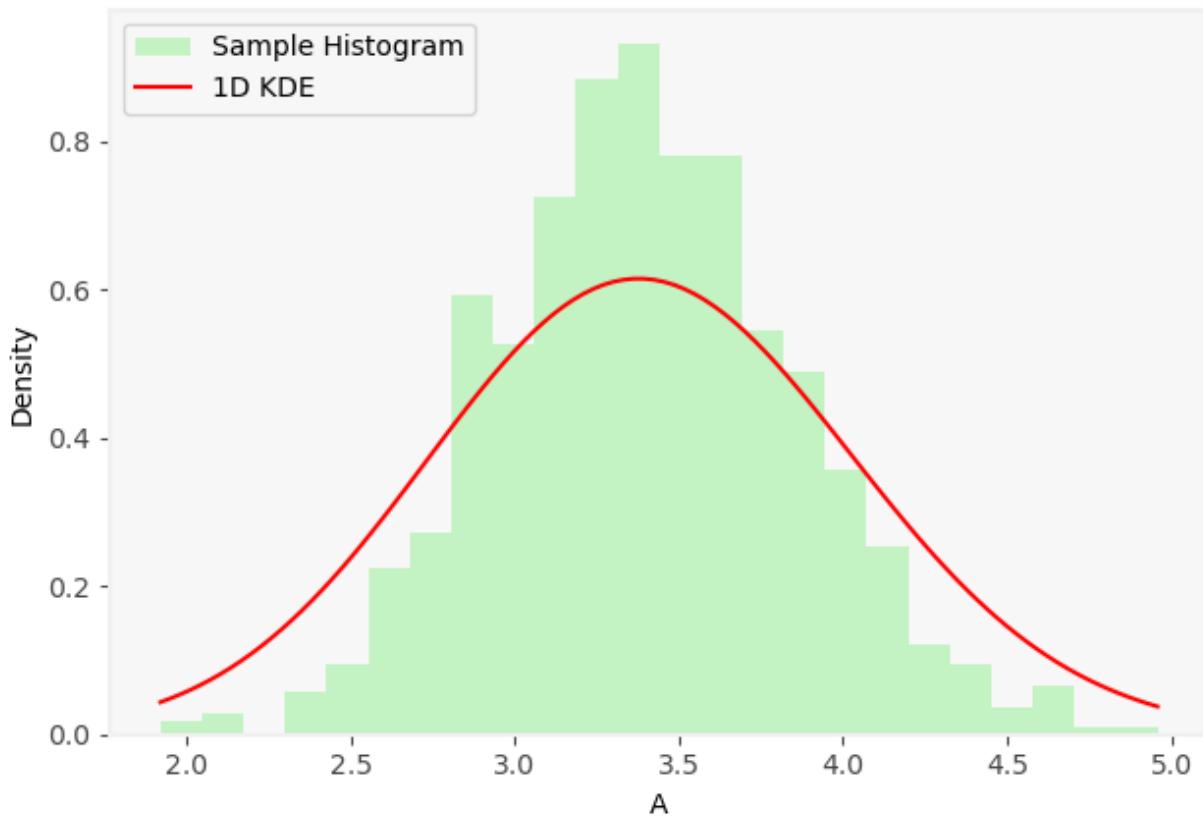
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 21), Sample Mean: 3.4253, Sample Std: 0.5905



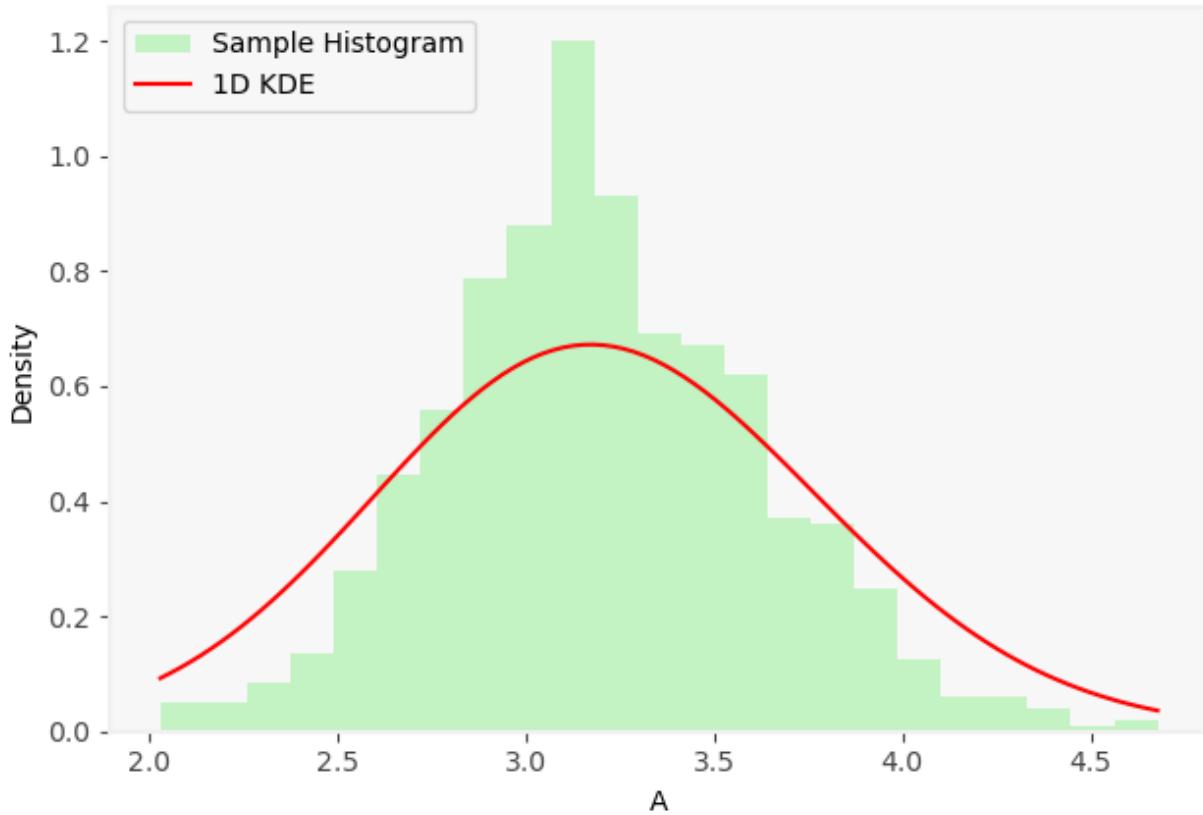
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 22), Sample Mean: 3.3241, Sample Std: 0.5240



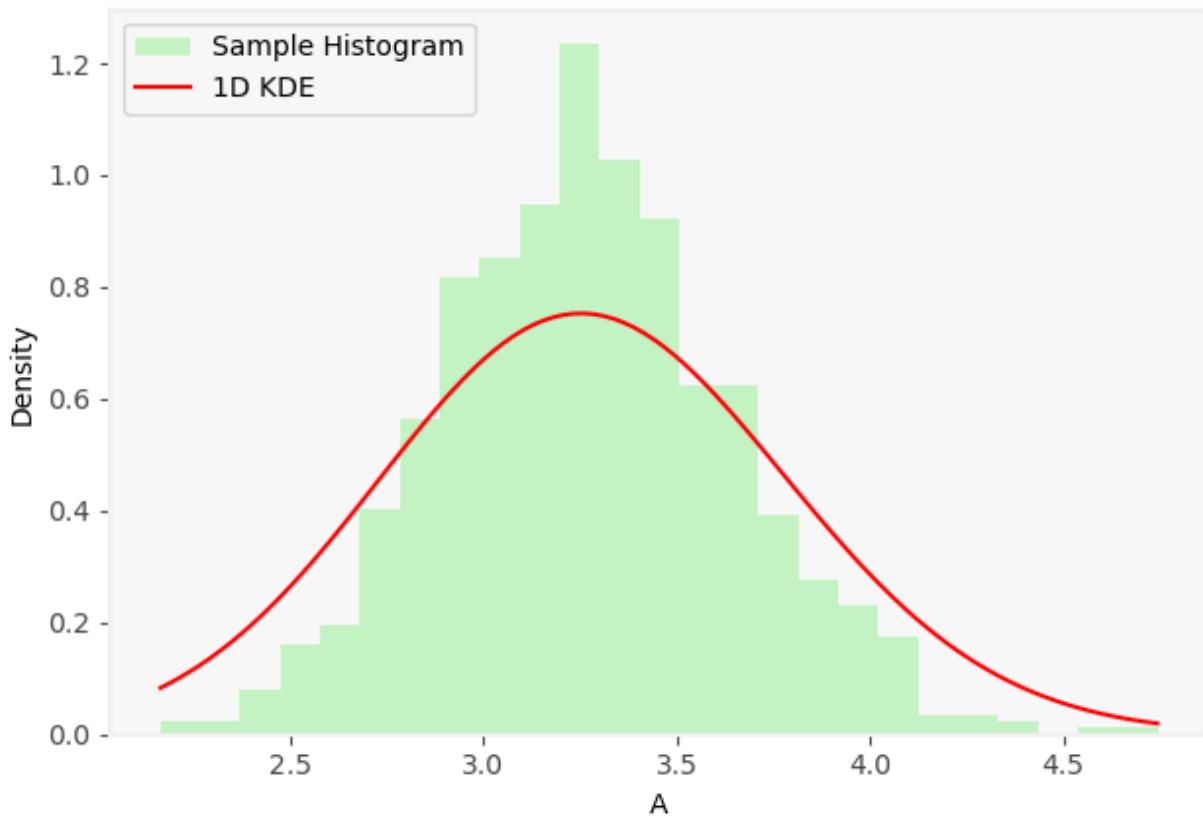
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 23), Sample Mean: 3.3994, Sample Std: 0.4603



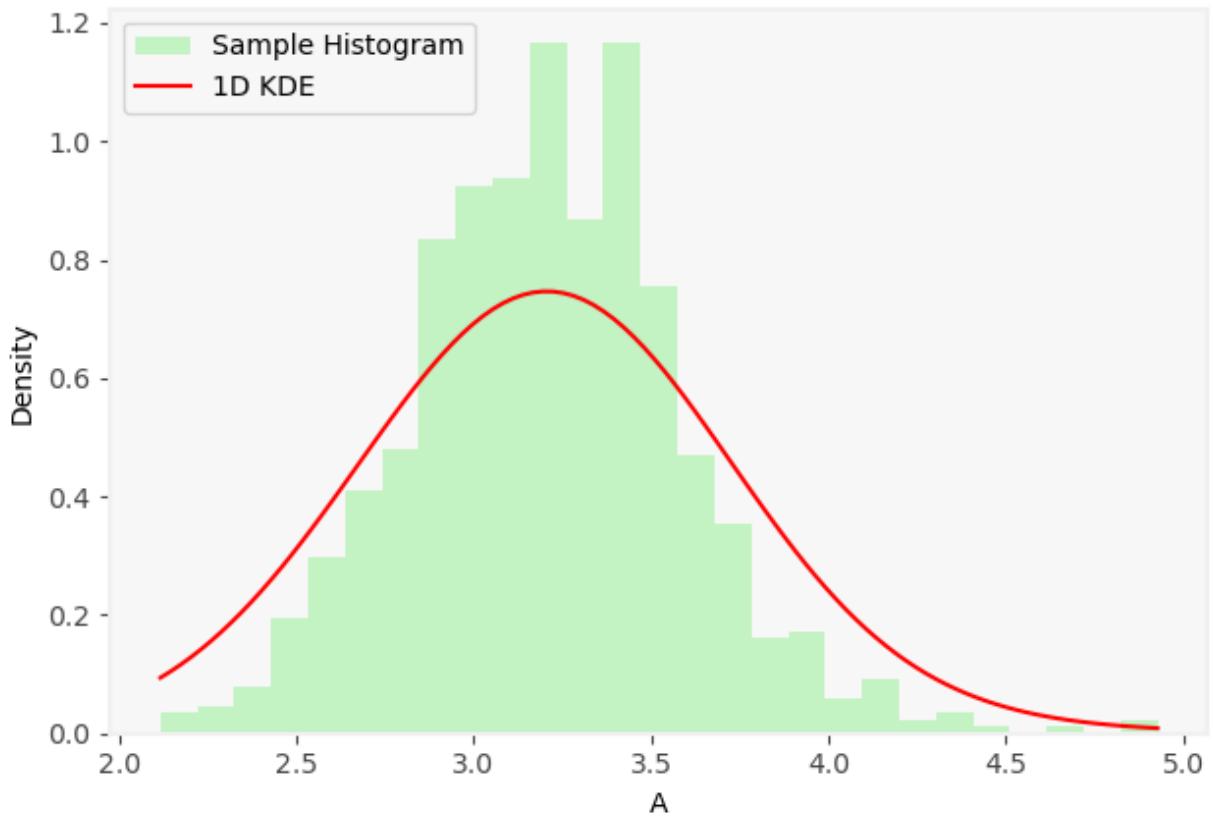
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 24), Sample Mean: 3.2044, Sample Std: 0.4227



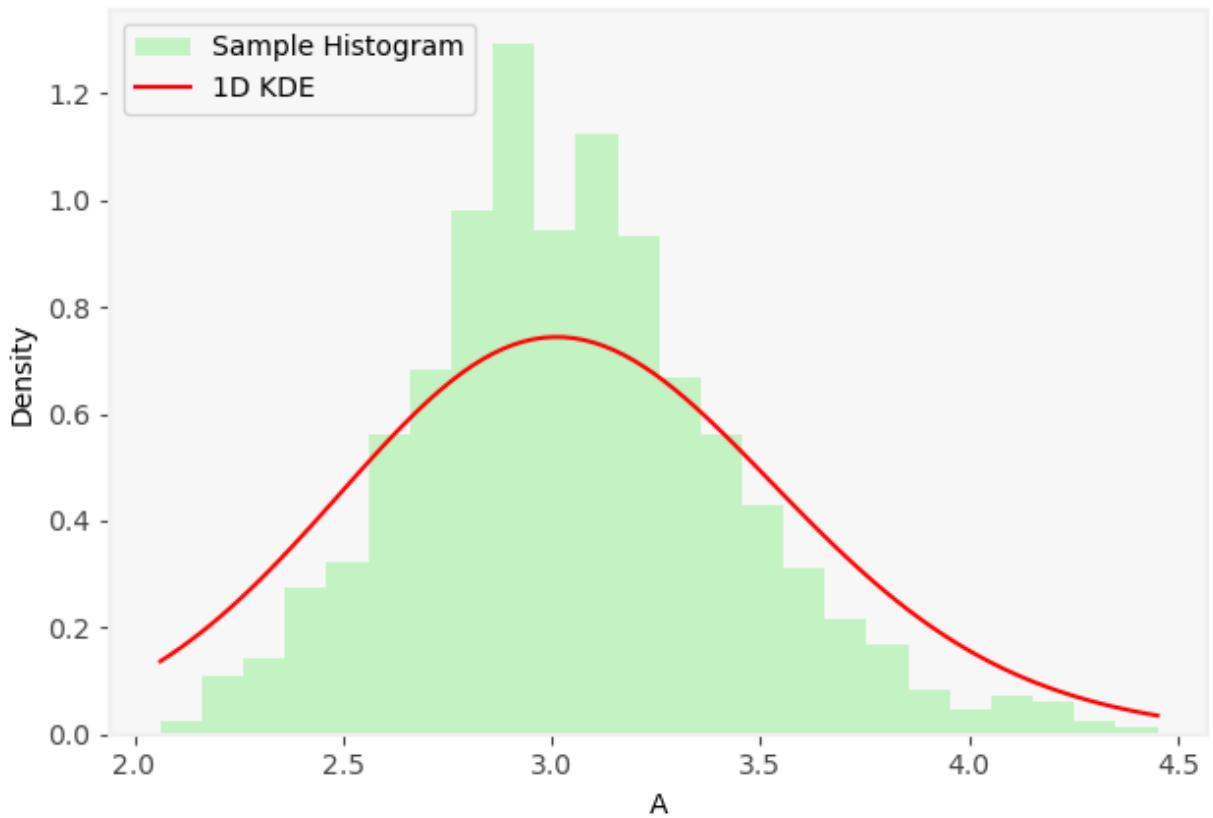
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 25), Sample Mean: 3.2709, Sample Std: 0.3772



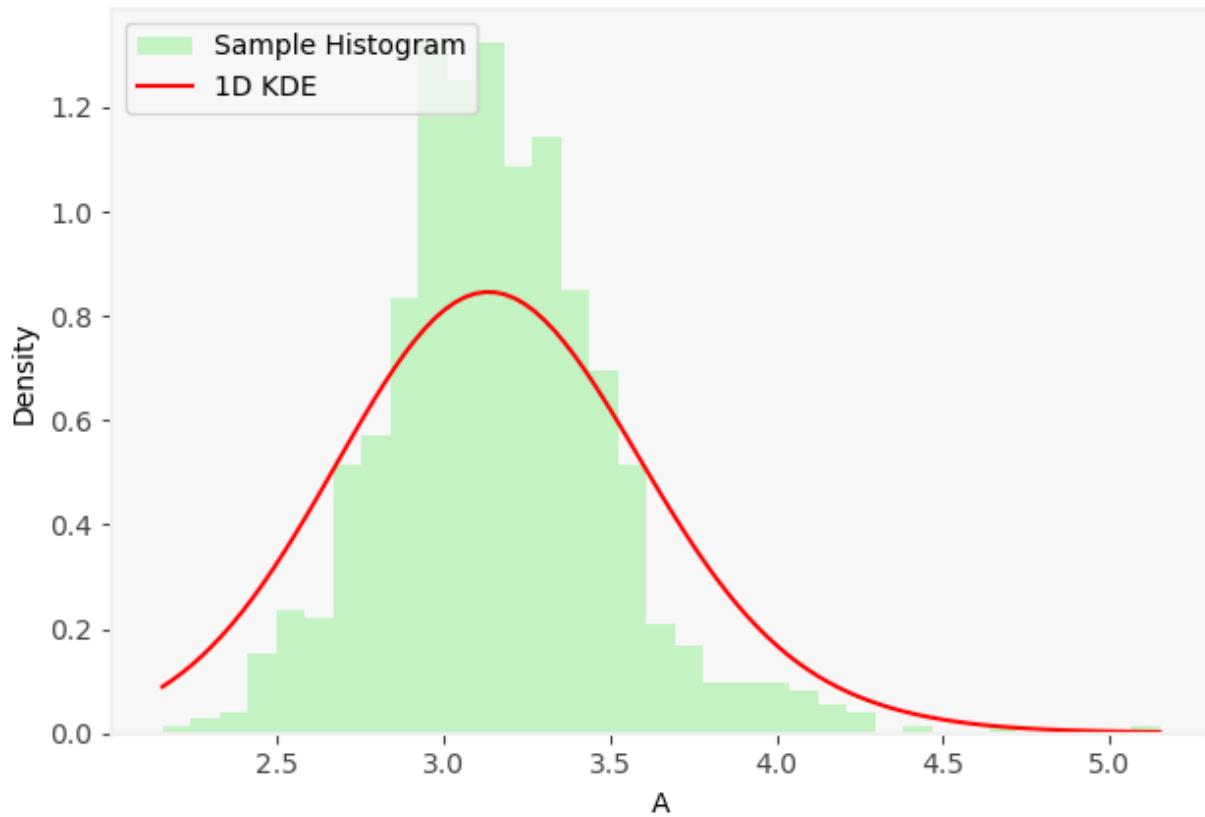
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 26), Sample Mean: 3.2108, Sample Std: 0.3849



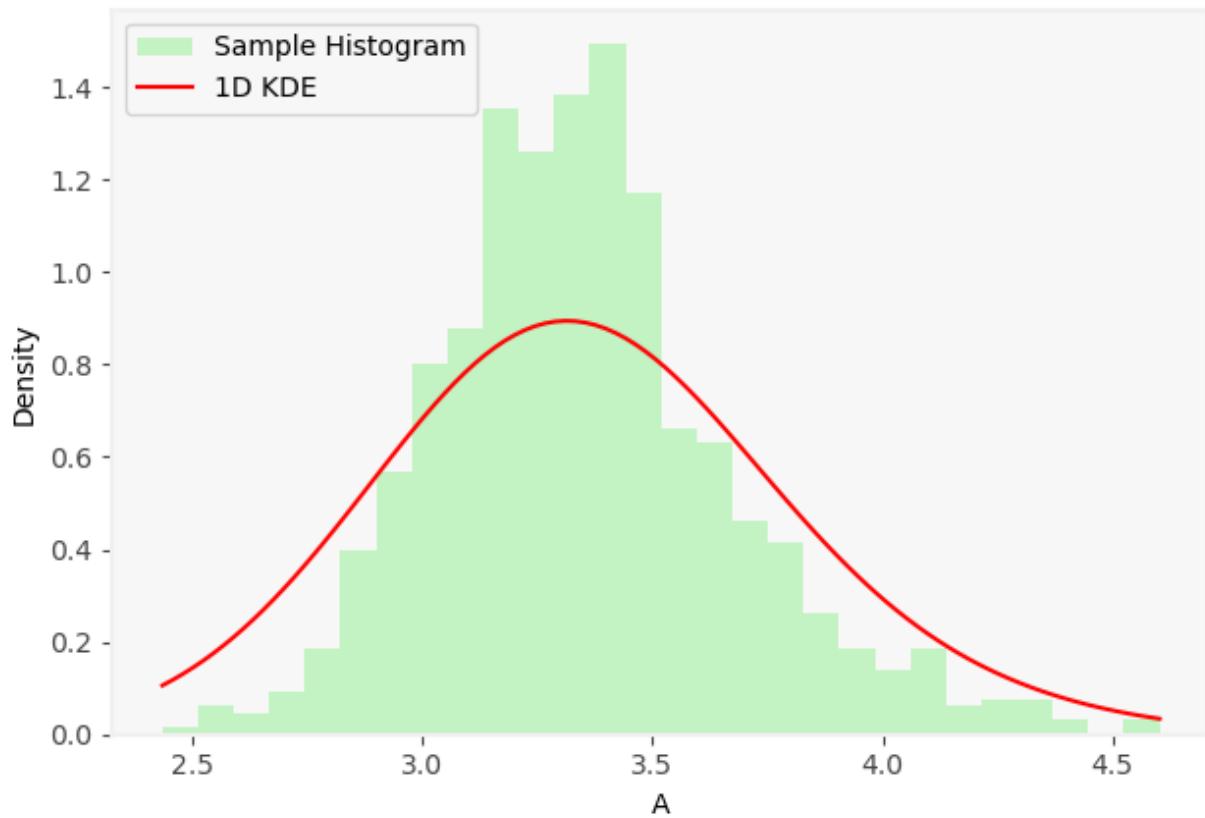
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 27), Sample Mean: 3.0503, Sample Std: 0.3861



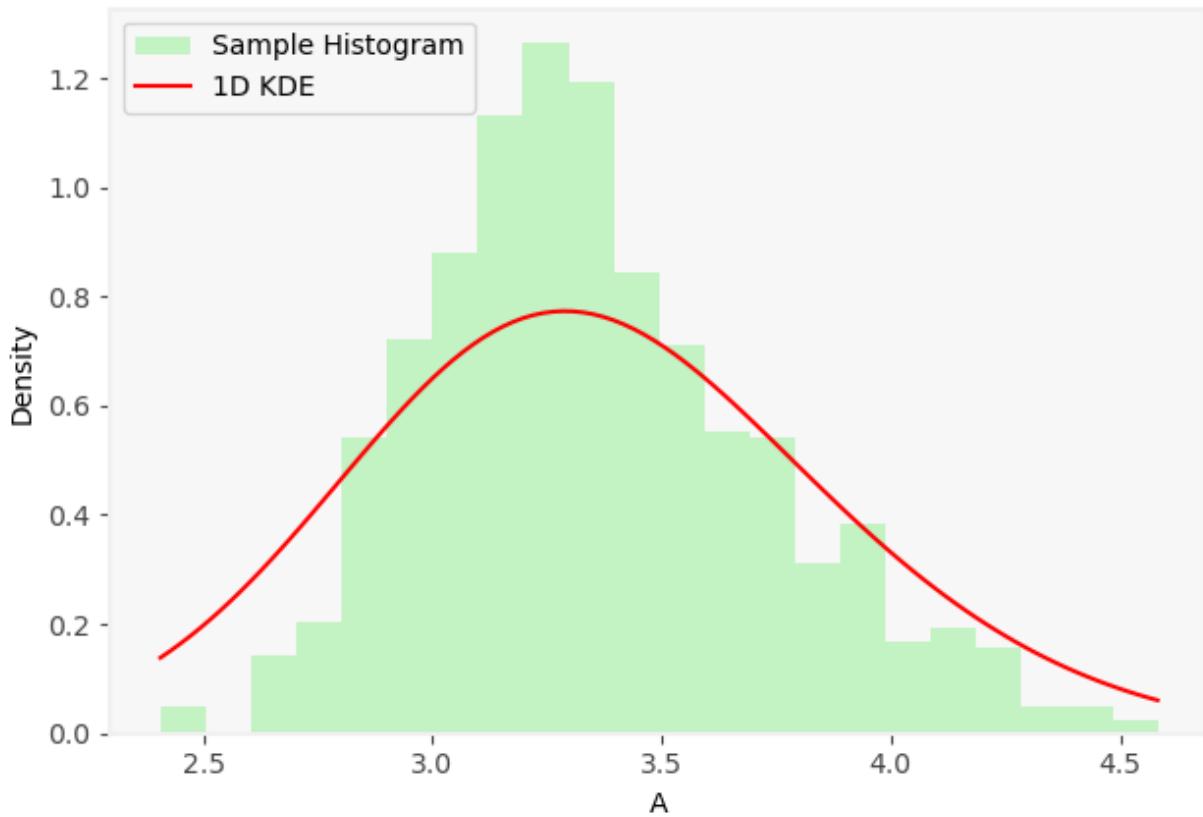
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 28), Sample Mean: 3.1616, Sample Std: 0.3461



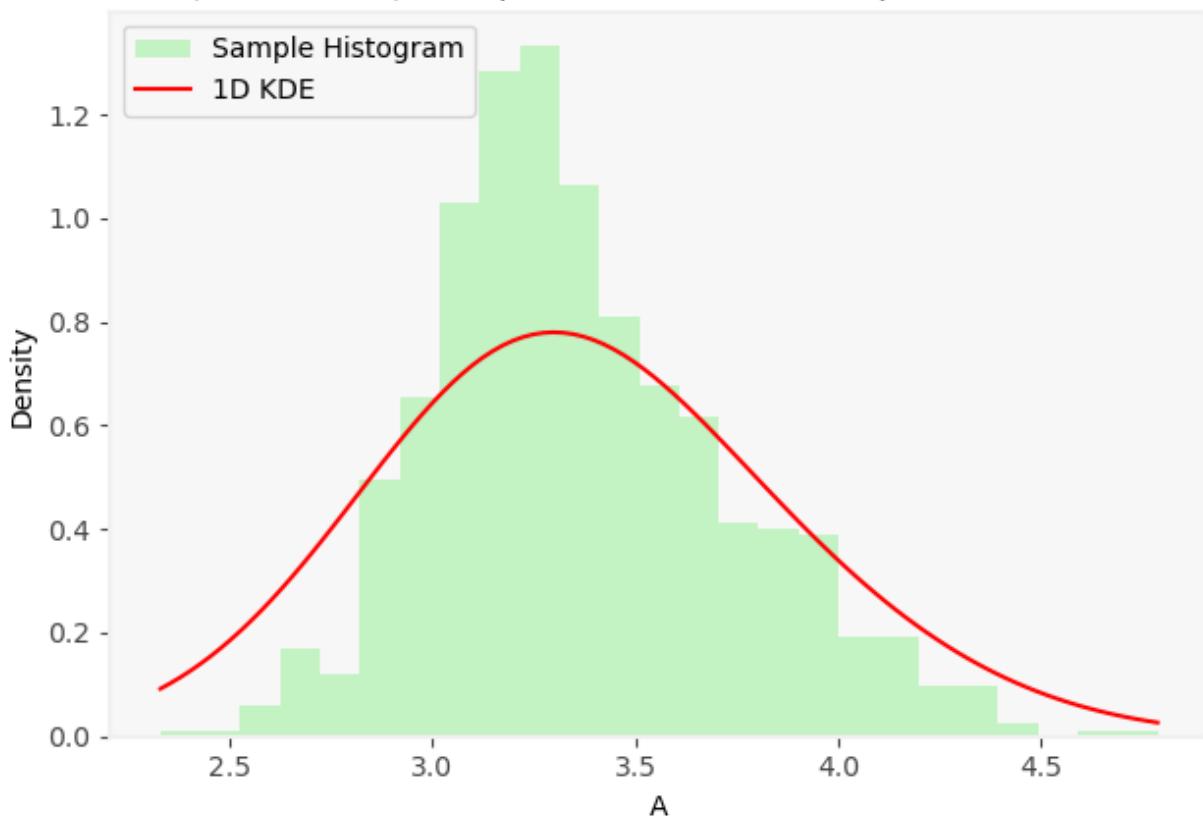
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 29), Sample Mean: 3.3549, Sample Std: 0.3256



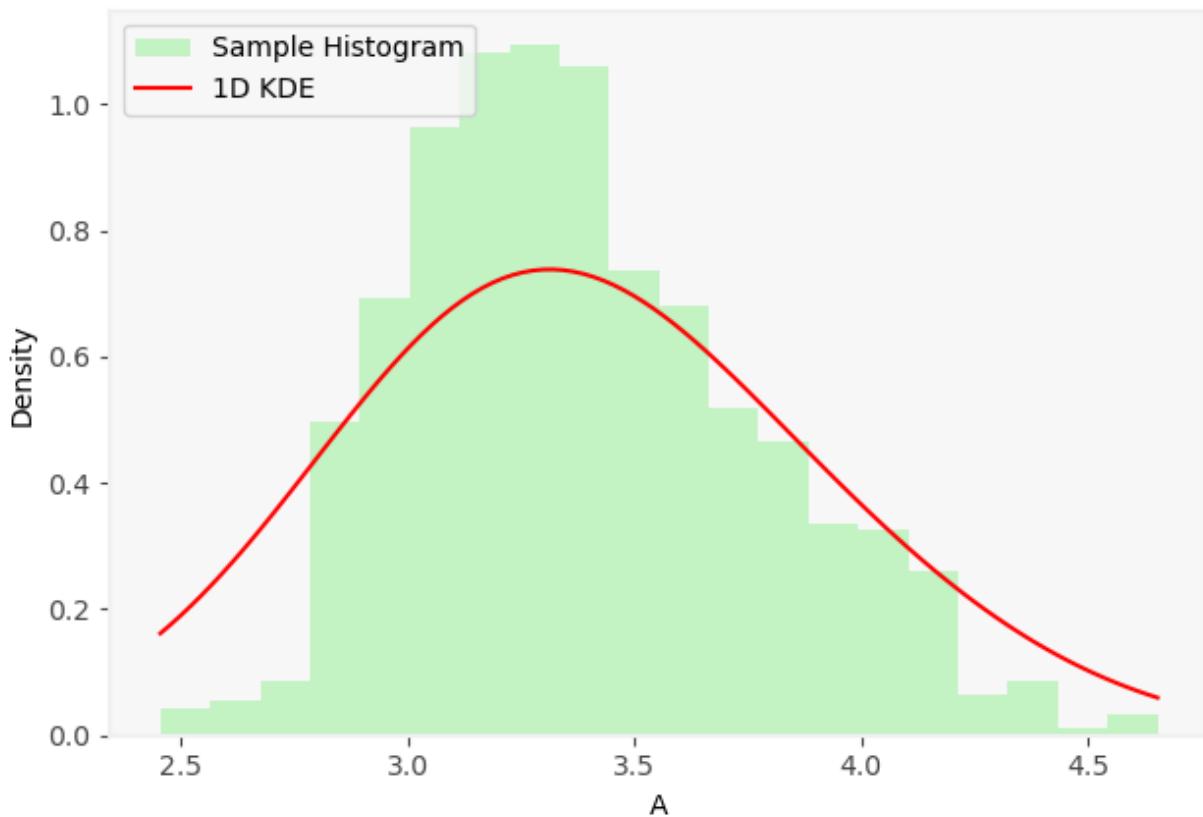
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 30), Sample Mean: 3.3549, Sample Std: 0.3699



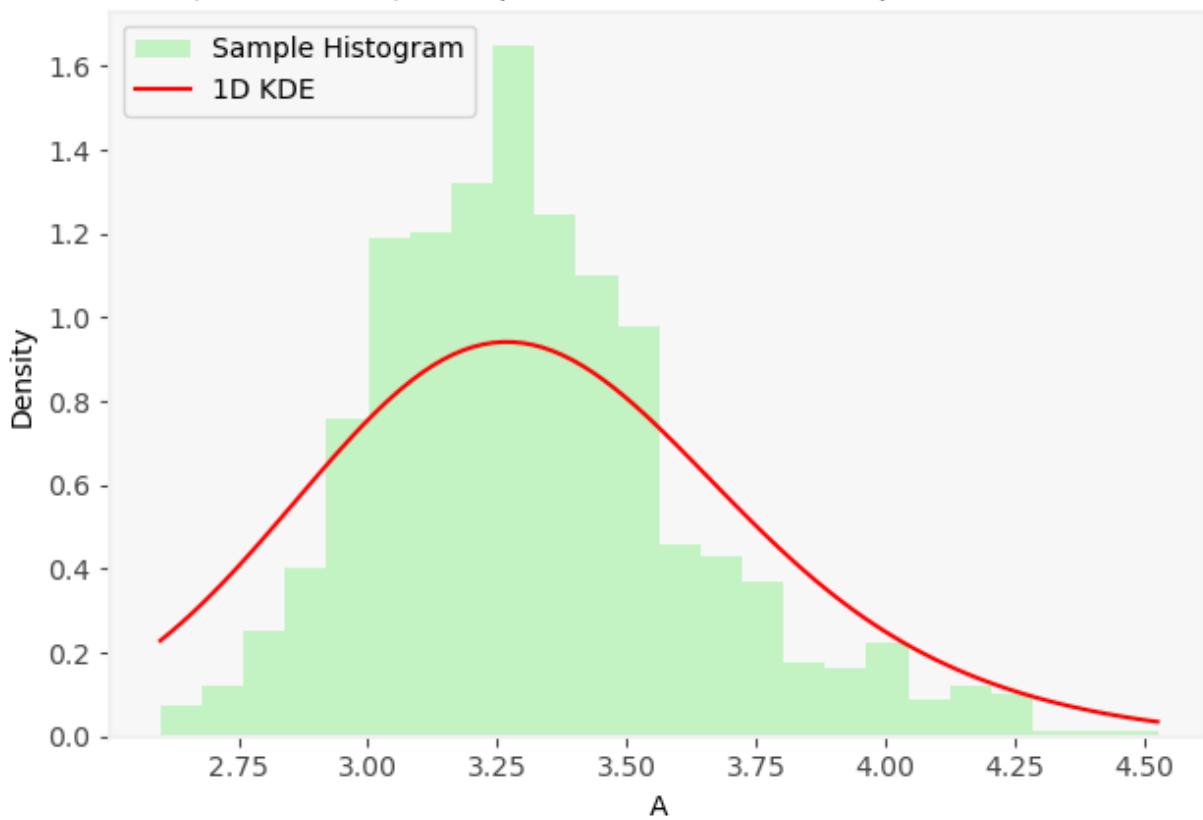
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 31), Sample Mean: 3.3685, Sample Std: 0.3679



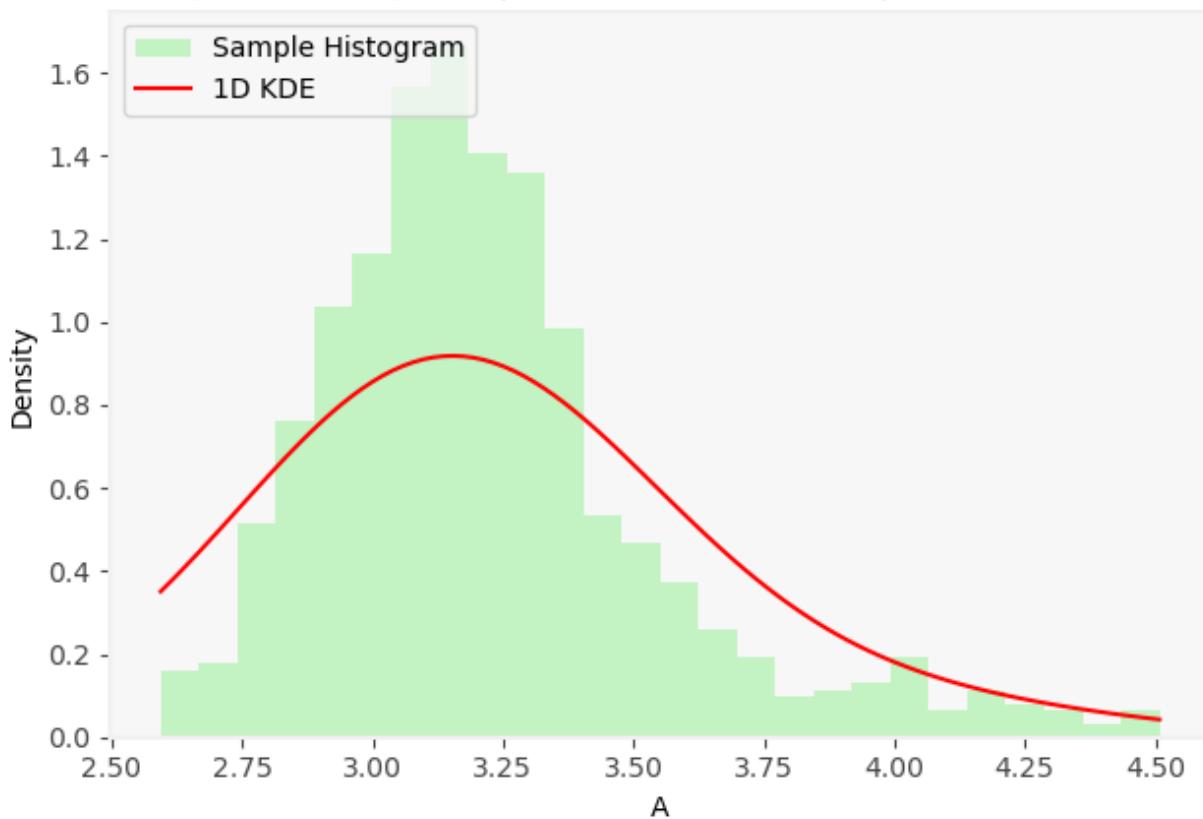
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 32), Sample Mean: 3.3904, Sample Std: 0.3833



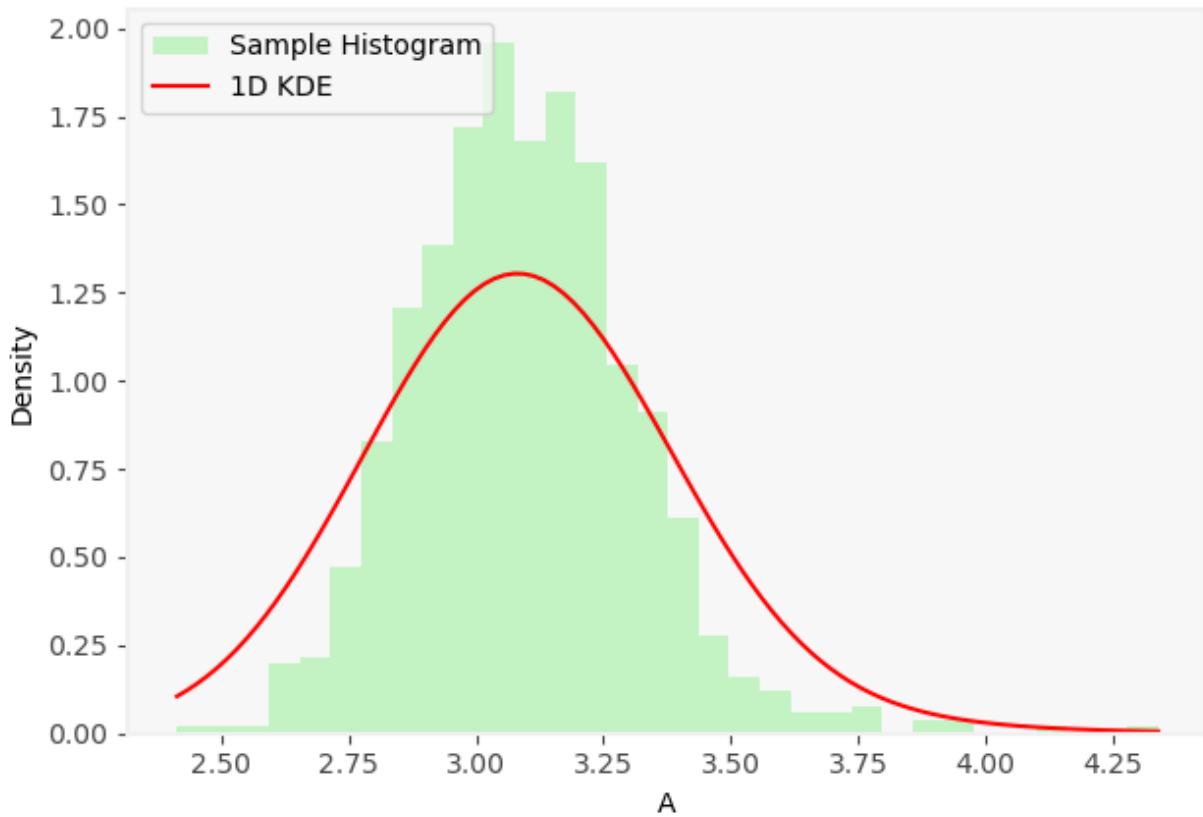
On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 33), Sample Mean: 3.3191, Sample Std: 0.3096

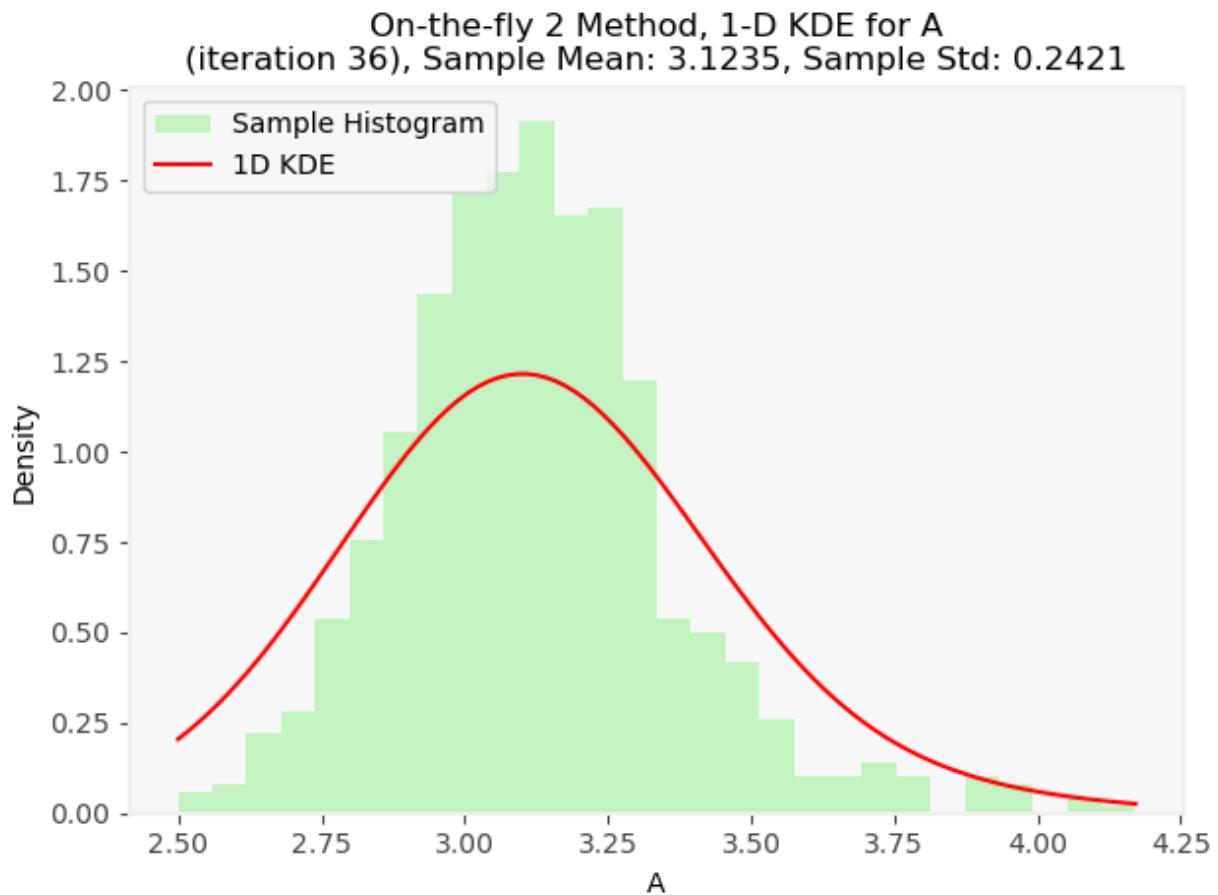


On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 34), Sample Mean: 3.2234, Sample Std: 0.3300



On-the-fly 2 Method, 1-D KDE for A
(iteration 35), Sample Mean: 3.0955, Sample Std: 0.2225





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