

# USARSim/ROS: A Combined Framework for Robotic Control and Simulation

Stephen Balakirsky<sup>1</sup>    Zeid Kootbally<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Intelligent Systems Division  
National Institute of Standards and Technology  
Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899

<sup>2</sup>Department of Mechanical Engineering  
University of Maryland  
College Park, Maryland, 20742

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# Outline

- 1 Simulation
- 2 Overview of USARSim and ROS
  - The USARSim Framework
  - The ROS Framework
- 3 The USARSim/ROS Interface
  - Sensor Interface
  - Robotic Arm Interface
- 4 Conclusion and Future Work

# Advantages of Simulation

(simulation1-1.mov)

- ① Experimentation in a safe and low-cost environment
  - Disable risks of harming personnel or equipment
  - Run particular test scenarios repeatedly
  - Provide "apples-to-apples" comparisons

(simulation1-3.mov)

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  - Determine the correctness and efficiency of the design
  - Focus only on new algorithms development and deployment
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  - Determine the correctness and efficiency of the design
  - Focus only on new algorithms development and deployment
  - Disable emphasis on the hardware aspects
- ③ Study a problem at several level of abstractions
  - Provide extensive testing opportunities
  - Simulate major components of the robotic architecture (e.g., advanced sensors)
  - Allow rapid prototyping

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## 1 Simulation

## 2 Overview of USARSim and ROS

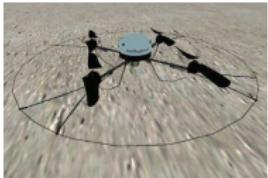
- The USARSim Framework
- The ROS Framework

## 3 The USARSim/ROS Interface

- Sensor Interface
- Robotic Arm Interface

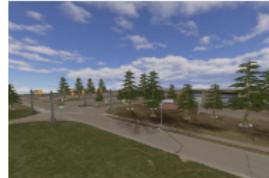
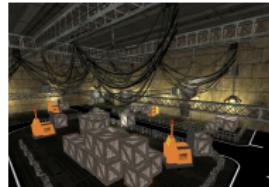
## 4 Conclusion and Future Work

## Platforms

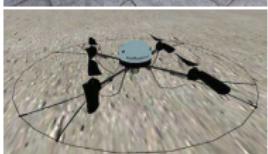


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## Environments



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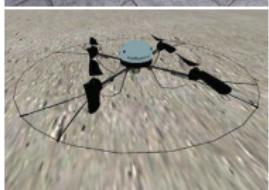


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- High-fidelity physics-based simulation system based on the Unreal Development Kit (UDK)
- Through its usage of UDK, USARSim utilizes the physX physics engine and high-quality 3D rendering facilities
- Full user effort can be devoted to the robotics-specific tasks of:
  - modeling platforms
  - modeling environments
  - control systems
  - sensors
  - interface tools

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## ROS Concepts

- ① **Stack**: Packages in ROS are organized into ROS stacks which simplifies the process of code sharing
- ② **Package**: A compilation of nodes that can easily be compiled and ported to other computers
- ③ **Node**: Executable file within a ROS package
- ④ **Topic**: A communication channel between two or more nodes
- ⑤ **Message**: A strictly typed data structure. A node sends a message by publishing it to a given topic

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  - Publishes a ROS transform tree (from the ROS **tf** package) – Figure 1

## tf Transform tree

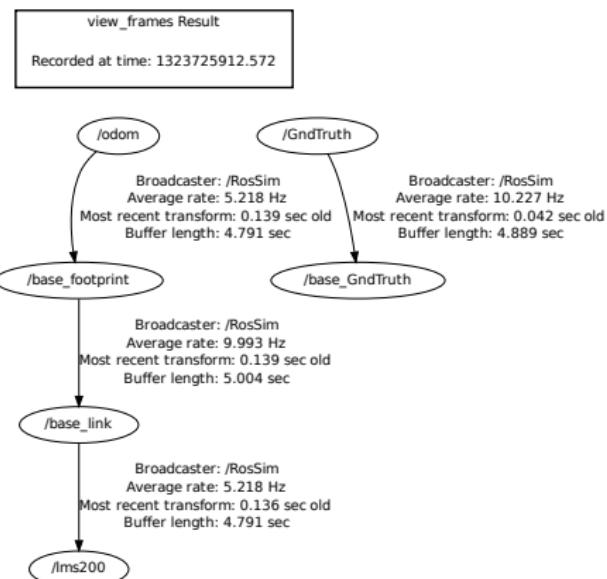


Figure 1: tf Transform tree for P3AT.

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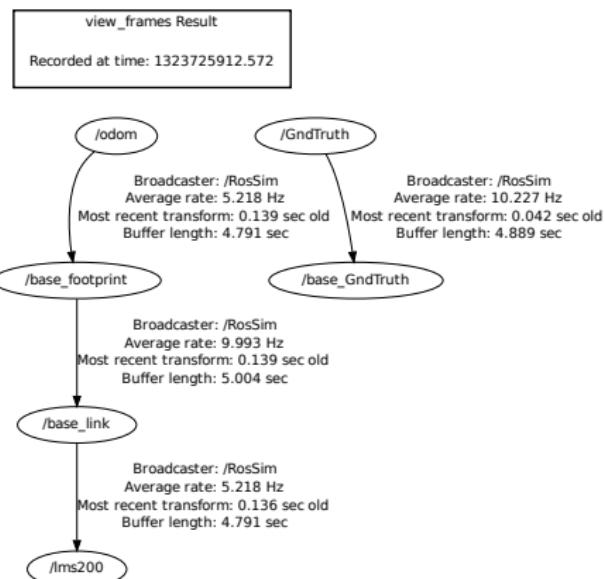


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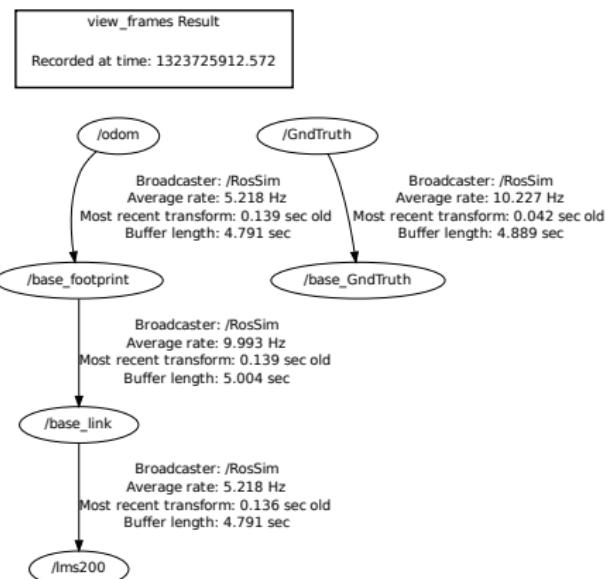


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  - Publishes a ROS transform tree (from the ROS **tf** package) – Figure 1
  - Publishes sensor messages
  - Accepts platform and actuator motion commands
  - Provides a mechanism for
    - Spawning a robot in USARSim
    - Auto-discovering the robot's sensors, actuators, and drive configuration

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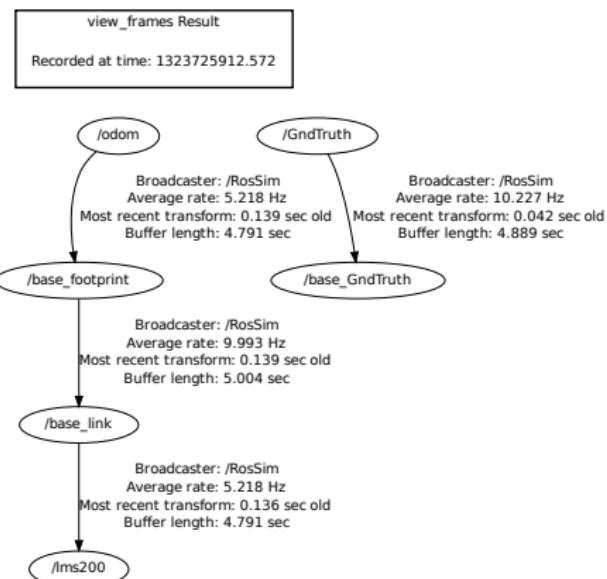


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  - Future implementation:
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    - Send information over standard ROS topics

# USARSim Object Recognition Sensor

(ObjectSensor0001.mov)

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- RosSim node automatically builds the transform tree (Figure 4) for the various actuator coordinate frames by reading the USARSim Conf and Geo messages



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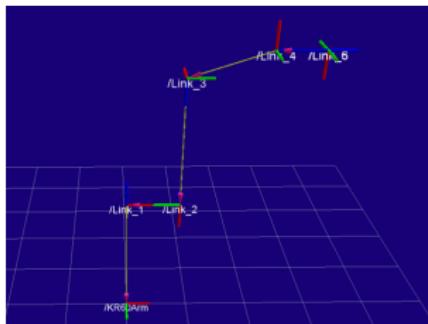


Figure 3: Joint axes from ROS tf topic.

# Robotic Arm in Action

Tile Grasping

(vacuum.mov)

Tool Changing

(toolchanger.mov)

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- Future Work
  - Additional sensors interfaces in USARSim to be supported in the ROS environment
  - Source code for public domain (Sourceforge) (July 2012)
  - Implementation of tooltip and global coordinates for robotic arms (July 2012)

# For Further Reading I

-  **Willow Garage**  
ROS Wiki  
*<http://www.ros.org/wiki>, 2012.*
-  **USARSim**  
USARSim Web  
*<http://www.usarsim.sourceforge.net>, 2012.*
-  **Epic Games**  
Unreal Development Kit  
*<http://udk.com>, 2012.*

# THANK YOU!