Overview of Industrial Robot Group Activities

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Kit Building

Process in which individually separate but related items are grouped, packaged, and supplied together as one unit

Utilized in many manufacturing assembly lines

- Robotic solution requires:
 - Flexibility -Many parts with varying characteristics, part-topart inconsistences
 - Agility Changes in part supply locations, lack of fixturing
 - Rapid re-tasking Ability to quickly build new varieties of kits





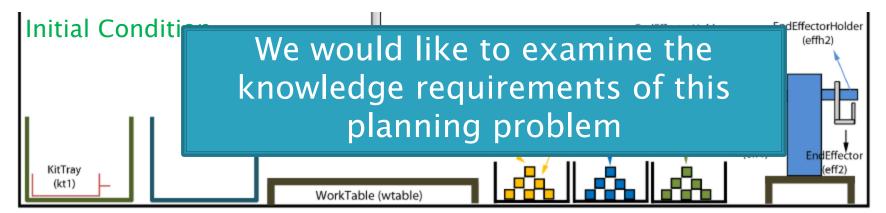
Real Planning / Simulated Robot



Planning Problem

$$\mathbf{P}=(\mathbf{\Sigma},\,\mathbf{s}_0,\,\mathbf{g})$$

- Σ State transition system (possible actions)
- S_0 Initial conditions (objects and relationships)
- g Goal conditions





Underlying Knowledge Representation

Objects

- What objects and attributes are relevant
- Taxonomy of objects
- Relationships between objects

Actions

- What actions and attributes are relevant
- Necessary conditions for an action to occur
- Likely results of the action

Dynamic world

- Object attributes change over time
- Actions do not always accomplish what we want them to

Objects, Relationships, and Actions

- State-Variable Representation¹ (SVR) used to formally define environment's objects, object relations (state), and actions
- Each state is represented by a tuple of values of n state variables $\{x_1, ..., x_n\}$
- Action is represented by a partial function that maps this tuple into some other tuple of values of the n state variables
- SVR is not a standard interchange language
 - Can encode the SVR into Planning Domain Definition Language (PDDL)

Planning Domain Definition Language (PDDL)

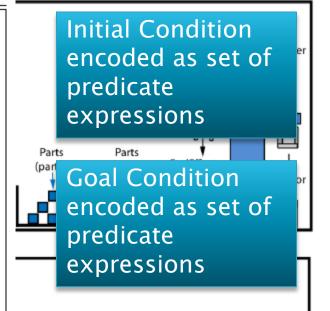
Initial Condition

r-no-eff (r_1) lbwekt-non-empty $(lbwekt_1)$ lbwek-non-full $(lbwk_1)$ part-tray-non-empty (pt_A) part-tray-non-empty (pt_B) part-tray-non-empty (pt_C) efflocation $(eff_1, effh_1)$ efflocation $(eff_2, effh_2)$ effhhold-eff $(effh_1, eff_1)$ effhhold-eff $(effh_2, eff_2)$ worktable-empty (wtable)

Plan and actions are necessary to move

from initial predicates to goal predicates

ktlocation $(r_1, lbwekt_1)$ partlocation $(part_{A-1}, pt_A)$ partlocation $(part_{A-2}, pt_A)$ partlocation $(part_B, pt_B)$ partlocation $(part_C, pt_C)$ efftype $(eff_1, part_{A-1})$ efftype $(eff_1, part_{A-2})$ efftype $(eff_1, part_B)$ efftype $(eff_1, part_C)$ efftype (eff_2, kt_1) efftype $(eff_2, kins_1)$



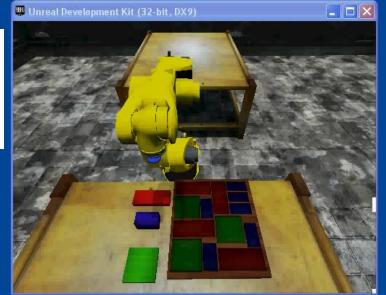
Goal Condition

 $\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{partlocation}(part_{A-1}, kins_1) \\ \mathsf{partlocation}(part_{A-2}, kins_1) \\ \mathsf{partlocation}(part_B, kins_1) \\ \mathsf{partlocation}(part_C, kins_1) \\ \mathsf{kinslocation}(kins_1, lbwk_1) \end{array}$

Auto-Determination of Predicates

Under with contact(StaticMeshActor 0,PartA 0)

- Sensor processing simulated from ground truth
- Each table line is new system state (set of predicates)
- Each table column is "watched" predicate
- Bottom area shows state deltas





Planning Domain Definition Language (PDDL)

- Entire kitting domain composed of:
 - 28 predicate expressions that act as preconditions or are acted upon during effects: rhold-empty, rwith-eff, kit-tray-location, worktable-empty, ...
 - 9 high-level operators (actions): take-kit-tray,

take-kit-tray(r,kt,lbwekt,eff,wtable): The Robot r equipped with the EndEffector eff picks up the KitTray kt from the LargeBoxWithEmptyKitTrays lbwekt.

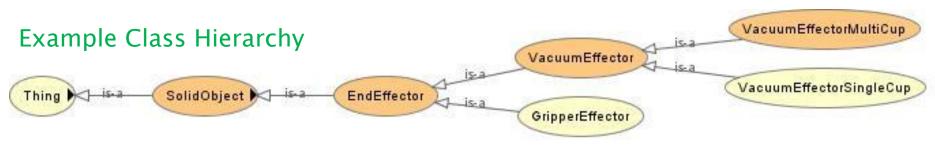
precond	effects
rhold-empty(r),	$\neg rhold\text{-empty}(r),$
lbwekt-not-empty(lbwekt),	kit-tray-location (kt,r) ,
r-with-eff (r,eff) ,	rhold(r,kt),
kit-tray-location(kt, lbwekt),	\neg kit-tray-location(kt , $lbwekt$)
eff-location (eff, r) ,	(32) 33 33 33
worktable-empty $(wtable)$,	
efftype(eff,kt)	

Implementation of PDDL Actions

- Interface to many simulated and real robots
- Provide lowest common denominator actions for robot execution
 - Move
 - Open/Close Gripper
 - 0
- PDDL actions implemented as scripted sequence of these actions (called the Canonical Robot Command Language)

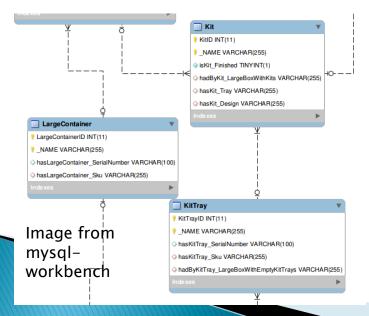
SVR - PDDL Limitations

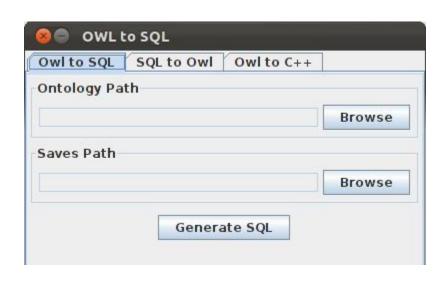
- Planning language not designed for knowledge representation
 - Lacks a taxonomy of objects
 - No representation of relationships or constraints between objects
- An ontology provides for all of the above through entities, data properties, and object properties
 - Web Ontology Language (OWL) can be used to represent objects, relationships, and constraints
 - OWL Services (OWL-S) and the Semantic Web Rule Language (SWRL) can be used to represent actions, preconditions, and effects
- Tools exist to move from OWL and OWL-S/SWRL to PDDL representations



Issues With Dynamics

- PDDL/OWL representation is a set of static files with no real-time information
 - Can auto-generate MySQL database from OWL instance file and maintain database with sensor processing (access functions also auto-generated)
 - Can automatically re-generate OWL instance file to allow for continued reasoning





Knowledge Generation

System Execution

Auto-gen

MySQL database, PDDL plan file

Auto-gen

PDDL Domain, Problem files

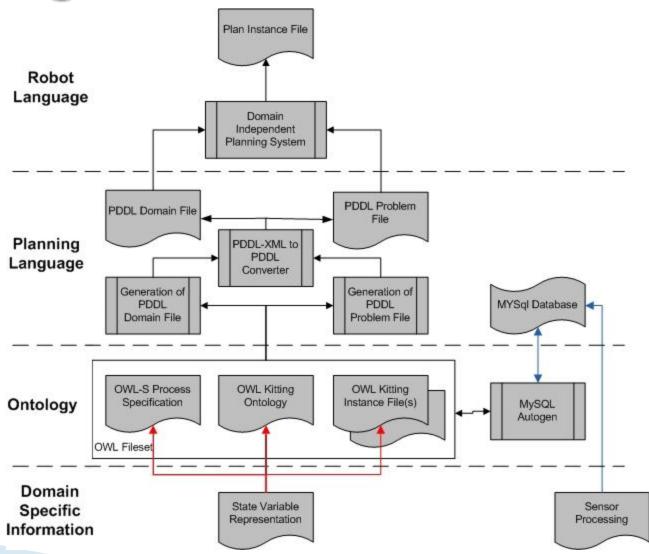
Hand created

OWL-S, SWRL Rule files

Hand created

OWL Model, Initial Condition, Goal Condition files

Knowledge Architecture



Implementation Issues: OWL/OWL-S

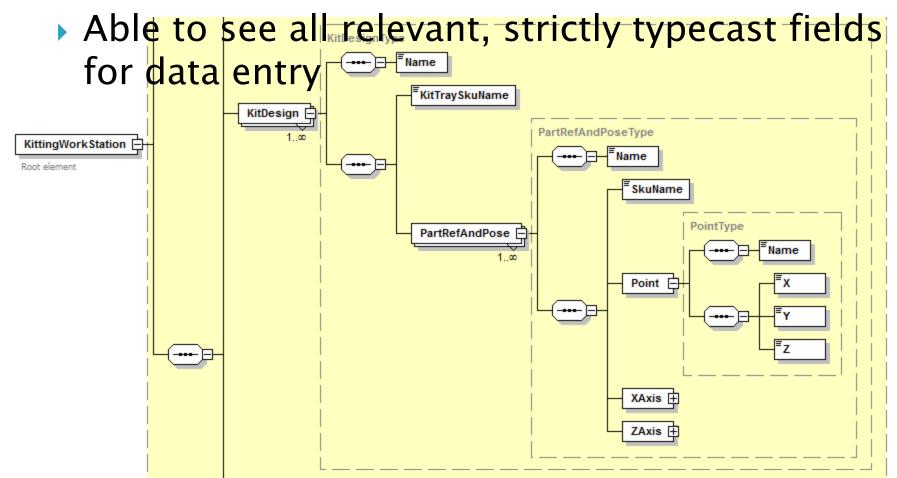
- Naïve user, but...
 - SWRL Rules

</owl:NamedIndividual>

- · Very verbose data entry for rule, pre-conditions, and effects
- Difficult/impossible to represent negation
- OWL Instance Modification
 - Open world assumption allows spelling errors
 - Required to typecast every data entry
 - Need to follow complex trail of tables and pointers
 - Removal of instance requires careful clean-up to remove "hanging" entries
- Is there another way?
 - Investigated use of XML and PDDL with automatic generation of OWL files

XML Representation

Schema view clearly shows elements, element structure and properties, and classes



More Tools

- ▶ We have created XML->OWL conversion tools
 - Can automatically generate an OWL "instance" file from an XML file
 - Work currently underway to generate OWL "model" file from XML schema
- XML provides
 - Closed world assumption
 - Type checking
 - Consistency checking

System Alternatives?

Auto-gen

Auto-gen

Hand created

Hand created

System Execution

MySQL database, PDDL plan file

OWL Model, Initial–, Goal–Condition files, PDDL Problem file

PDDL Domain file, code for predicate generation

XML Schema, Initial Condition, Goal Condition files

System Execution

MySQL database, PDDL plan file

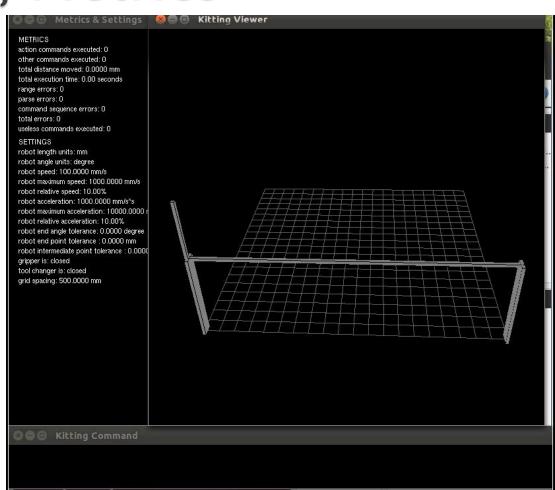
PDDL Domain, Problem files

OWL-S, SWRL Rule files

OWL Model, Initial Condition, Goal Condition files

Future Work, Metrics

- Time to build
- Distance robot traveled
- Number of actions
- Useless commands
- Errors
- . . .



Future Work

- Current work assumes perfect actions; need techniques to gracefully cope with errors
- Migrate techniques onto real hardware with real image processing
- Extend work to apply to general assembly operations
- Develop metrics for kit building