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3 Class Documentation

3.1 CudaData Struct Reference

Container for pointers to arrays on the GPU.

#include <cuda_data.h>

Public Attributes

```
• fp t * conc old
```

```
• fp_t * conc_new
```

• fp t * conc lap

3.1.1 Detailed Description

Container for pointers to arrays on the GPU.

Definition at line 21 of file cuda_data.h.

3.1.2 Member Data Documentation

```
3.1.2.1 conc_lap fp_t* CudaData::conc_lap
```

Definition at line 24 of file cuda_data.h.

```
3.1.2.2 conc_new fp_t* CudaData::conc_new
```

Definition at line 23 of file cuda_data.h.

```
3.1.2.3 conc_old fp_t* CudaData::conc_old
```

Definition at line 22 of file cuda_data.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• cuda_data.h

3.2 OpenCLData Struct Reference

Container for GPU array pointers and parameters.

```
#include <opencl_data.h>
```

Public Attributes

- · cl context context
- · cl_mem conc_old
- cl_mem conc_new
- cl_mem conc_lap
- cl mem mask
- cl program boundary program
- cl_program convolution_program
- cl_program diffusion_program
- · cl kernel boundary kernel
- · cl kernel convolution kernel
- cl_kernel diffusion_kernel
- cl command queue commandQueue

3.2.1 Detailed Description

Container for GPU array pointers and parameters.

From the OpenCL v1.2 spec:

- A Context is the environment within which the kernels execute and the domain in which synchronization and memory management is defined. The context includes a set of devices, the memory accessible to those devices, the corresponding memory properties and one or more command-queues used to schedule execution of a kernel(s) or operations on memory objects.
- A Program Object encapsulates the following information:
 - A reference to an associated context.
 - A program source or binary.
 - The latest successfully built program executable, the list of devices for which the program executable is built, the build options used and a build log.
 - The number of kernel objects currently attached.
- A *Kernel Object* encapsulates a specific <u>kernel</u> function declared in a program and the argument values to be used when executing this <u>kernel</u> function.

Definition at line 37 of file opencl_data.h.

3.2.2 Member Data Documentation

3.2.2.1 boundary_kernel cl_kernel OpenCLData::boundary_kernel

Boundary program executable for the GPU

Definition at line 59 of file opencl_data.h.

3.2.2.2 boundary_program cl_program OpenCLData::boundary_program

Boundary program source for JIT compilation on the GPU

Definition at line 52 of file opencl_data.h.

3.2.2.3 commandQueue cl_command_queue OpenCLData::commandQueue

Queue for submitting OpenCL jobs to the GPU

Definition at line 66 of file opencl_data.h.

3.2.2.4 conc_lap cl_mem OpenCLData::conc_lap

Copy of Laplacian field on the GPU

Definition at line 46 of file opencl data.h.

3.2.2.5 conc_new cl_mem OpenCLData::conc_new

Copy of new composition field on the GPU

Definition at line 44 of file opencl_data.h.

3.2.2.6 conc_old cl_mem OpenCLData::conc_old

Copy of old composition field on the GPU

Definition at line 42 of file opencl_data.h.

3.2.2.7 context cl_context OpenCLData::context

OpenCL interface to the GPU, hardware and software

Definition at line 39 of file opencl_data.h.

3.2.2.8 convolution_kernel cl_kernel OpenCLData::convolution_kernel

Convolution program executable for the GPU

Definition at line 61 of file opencl_data.h.

3.2.2.9 convolution_program cl_program OpenCLData::convolution_program

Convolution program source for JIT compilation on the GPU

Definition at line 54 of file opencl_data.h.

3.2.2.10 diffusion_kernel cl_kernel OpenCLData::diffusion_kernel

Timestepping program executable for the GPU

Definition at line 63 of file opencl_data.h.

3.2.2.11 diffusion_program cl_program OpenCLData::diffusion_program

Timestepping program source for JIT compilation on the GPU

Definition at line 56 of file opencl_data.h.

3.2.2.12 mask cl_mem OpenCLData::mask

Copy of Laplacian mask on the GPU

Definition at line 49 of file opencl_data.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· opencl_data.h

3.3 Stopwatch Struct Reference

#include <type.h>

Public Attributes

- fp_t conv
- fp_t step
- fp_t file
- fp_t soln

3.3.1 Detailed Description

Container for timing data

Definition at line 27 of file type.h.

3.3.2 Member Data Documentation

```
3.3.2.1 conv fp_t Stopwatch::conv
```

Cumulative time executing compute_convolution()

Definition at line 31 of file type.h.

```
3.3.2.2 file fp_t Stopwatch::file
```

Cumulative time executing write_csv() and write_png()

Definition at line 41 of file type.h.

3.3.2.3 soln fp_t Stopwatch::soln

Cumulative time executing check_solution()

Definition at line 46 of file type.h.

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```
3.3.2.4 step fp_t Stopwatch::step
```

Cumulative time executing solve_diffusion_equation()

Definition at line 36 of file type.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

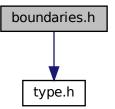
• type.h

4 File Documentation

4.1 boundaries.h File Reference

Declaration of boundary condition function prototypes.

```
#include "type.h"
Include dependency graph for boundaries.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

- void apply_initial_conditions (fp_t **conc_old, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

 Initialize flat composition field with fixed boundary conditions.
- void apply_boundary_conditions (fp_t **conc_old, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm) Set fixed value (c_{hi}) along left and bottom, zero-flux elsewhere.

4.1.1 Detailed Description

Declaration of boundary condition function prototypes.

4.1.2 Function Documentation

const int *nm*)

const int ny,

Definition at line 29 of file serial_boundaries.c.

Set fixed value (c_{hi}) along left and bottom, zero-flux elsewhere.

Here is the call graph for this function:






```
const int nx,
const int ny,
const int nm)
```

Initialize flat composition field with fixed boundary conditions.

The boundary conditions are fixed values of c_{hi} along the lower-left half and upper-right half walls, no flux everywhere else, with an initial values of c_{lo} everywhere. These conditions represent a carburizing process, with partial exposure (rather than the entire left and right walls) to produce an inhomogeneous workload and highlight numerical errors at the boundaries.

Definition at line 14 of file serial_boundaries.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

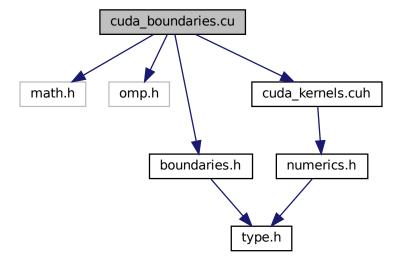


4.2 cuda_boundaries.cu File Reference

Implementation of boundary condition functions with OpenMP threading.

```
#include <math.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include "boundaries.h"
#include "cuda_kernels.cuh"
```

Include dependency graph for cuda_boundaries.cu:



Functions

- void apply_initial_conditions (fp_t **conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

 Initialize flat composition field with fixed boundary conditions.
- void boundary_kernel (fp_t *d_conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

 Enable double-precision floats.

4.2.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of boundary condition functions with OpenMP threading.

4.2.2 Function Documentation

$\textbf{4.2.2.1} \quad \textbf{apply_initial_conditions()} \quad \texttt{void apply_initial_conditions} \quad ($

```
fp_t ** conc_old,
const int nx,
const int ny,
const int nm )
```

Initialize flat composition field with fixed boundary conditions.

The boundary conditions are fixed values of c_{hi} along the lower-left half and upper-right half walls, no flux everywhere else, with an initial values of c_{lo} everywhere. These conditions represent a carburizing process, with partial exposure (rather than the entire left and right walls) to produce an inhomogeneous workload and highlight numerical errors at the boundaries.

Definition at line 20 of file cuda_boundaries.cu.

4.2.2.2 boundary_kernel() void boundary_kernel (

```
fp_t * d_conc,
const int nx,
const int ny,
const int nm )
```

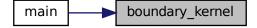
Enable double-precision floats.

Boundary condition kernel for execution on the GPU.

Boundary condition kernel for execution on the GPU

This function accesses 1D data rather than the 2D array representation of the scalar composition field

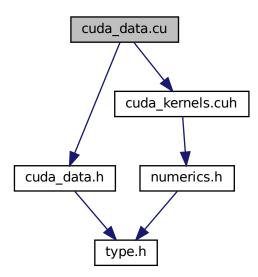
Definition at line 41 of file cuda_boundaries.cu.



4.3 cuda_data.cu File Reference

Implementation of functions to create and destroy CudaData struct.

```
#include "cuda_data.h"
#include "cuda_kernels.cuh"
Include dependency graph for cuda_data.cu:
```



Functions

- void init_cuda (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **mask_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, struct CudaData *dev)

 *Initialize CUDA device memory before marching.
- void free_cuda (struct CudaData *dev)

Free CUDA device memory after marching.

4.3.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of functions to create and destroy CudaData struct.

4.3.2 Function Documentation

```
4.3.2.1 free_cuda() void free_cuda ( struct CudaData * dev )
```

Free CUDA device memory after marching.

Definition at line 33 of file cuda_data.cu.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



Initialize CUDA device memory before marching.

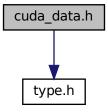
Definition at line 17 of file cuda_data.cu.



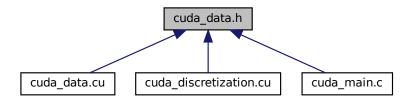
4.4 cuda_data.h File Reference

Declaration of CUDA data container.

#include "type.h"
Include dependency graph for cuda_data.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

struct CudaData

Container for pointers to arrays on the GPU.

Functions

- void init_cuda (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **mask_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, struct CudaData *dev)

 Initialize CUDA device memory before marching.
- void free_cuda (struct CudaData *dev)

Free CUDA device memory after marching.

void device_boundaries (fp_t *conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, const int bx, const int by)

Apply boundary conditions on device.

void device_convolution (fp_t *conc_old, fp_t *conc_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, const int bx, const int by)

Compute convolution on device.

• void device_composition (fp_t *conc_old, fp_t *conc_new, fp_t *conc_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, const int bx, const int by, const fp_t D, const fp_t dt)

Step diffusion equation on device.

void cuda_diffusion_solver (struct CudaData *dev, fp_t **conc_new, const int bx, const int by, const int nm, const int nx, const int ny, const fp_t D, const fp_t dt, struct Stopwatch *sw)

Solve diffusion equation on the GPU.

void read out result (fp t **conc, fp t *d conc, const int nx, const int ny)

Read data from device.

4.4.1 Detailed Description

Declaration of CUDA data container.

4.4.2 Function Documentation

struct Stopwatch * sw)

Solve diffusion equation on the GPU.

Solve diffusion equation on the GPU.

Compare cuda_diffusion_solver(): it accomplishes the same result, but without the memory allocation, data transfer, and array release. These are handled in cuda_init(), with arrays on the host and device managed through CudaData, which is a struct passed by reference into the function. In this way, device kernels can be called in isolation without incurring the cost of data transfers and with reduced risk of memory leaks.

Definition at line 219 of file cuda_discretization.cu.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Apply boundary conditions on device.

Definition at line 108 of file cuda_discretization.cu.



```
const fp_t D,
const fp_t dt )
```

Step diffusion equation on device.

Definition at line 140 of file cuda_discretization.cu.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.4.2.4 device_convolution() void device_convolution (

```
fp_t * conc_old,
fp_t * conc_lap,
const int nx,
const int ny,
const int nm,
const int bx,
const int by)
```

Compute convolution on device.

Definition at line 123 of file cuda_discretization.cu.



```
4.4.2.5 free_cuda() void free_cuda ( struct CudaData * dev )
```

Free CUDA device memory after marching.

Definition at line 33 of file cuda_data.cu.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



Initialize CUDA device memory before marching.

Definition at line 17 of file cuda_data.cu.



Read data from device.

Definition at line 155 of file cuda_discretization.cu.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

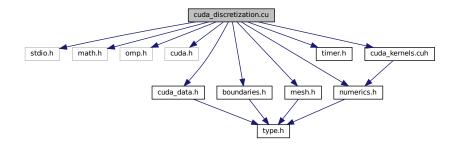


4.5 cuda_discretization.cu File Reference

Implementation of boundary condition functions with CUDA acceleration.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include <cuda.h>
#include "cuda_data.h"
#include "boundaries.h"
#include "numerics.h"
#include "mesh.h"
#include "timer.h"
#include "cuda_kernels.cuh"
```

Include dependency graph for cuda_discretization.cu:



Functions

void convolution_kernel (fp_t *d_conc_old, fp_t *d_conc_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

Tiled convolution algorithm for execution on the GPU.

void diffusion_kernel (fp_t *d_conc_old, fp_t *d_conc_new, fp_t *d_conc_lap, const int nx, const int

Vector addition algorithm for execution on the GPU.

• void device_boundaries (fp_t *conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, const int bx, const int by)

Apply boundary conditions on device.

• void device_convolution (fp_t *conc_old, fp_t *conc_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, const int bx, const int by)

Compute convolution on device.

• void device_composition (fp_t *conc_old, fp_t *conc_new, fp_t *conc_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, const int bx, const int by, const fp_t D, const fp_t dt)

Step diffusion equation on device.

void read_out_result (fp_t **conc, fp_t *d_conc, const int nx, const int ny)

Read data from device.

void compute_convolution (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **conc_lap, fp_t **mask_lap, const int bx, const int by, const int nm, const int nx, const int ny)

Reference showing how to invoke the convolution kernel.

• void cuda_diffusion_solver (struct CudaData *dev, fp_t **conc_new, const int bx, const int by, const int nm, const int nx, const int ny, const fp_t D, const fp_t dt, struct Stopwatch *sw)

Reference optimized code for solving the diffusion equation.

Variables

• fp t d mask [5 *5]

Convolution mask array on the GPU, allocated in protected memory.

4.5.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of boundary condition functions with CUDA acceleration.

4.5.2 Function Documentation

4.5.2.1 compute_convolution() void compute_convolution (

```
fp_t ** conc_old,
fp_t ** conc_lap,
fp_t ** mask_lap,
const int bx,
const int by,
const int nm,
const int nx,
const int ny)
```

Reference showing how to invoke the convolution kernel.

A stand-alone function like this incurs the cost of host-to-device data transfer each time it is called: it is a teaching tool, not reusable code. It is the basis for cuda_diffusion_solver(), which achieves much better performance by bundling CUDA kernels together and intelligently managing data transfers between the host (CPU) and device (GPU).

Definition at line 170 of file cuda_discretization.cu.

4.5.2.2 convolution_kernel() void convolution_kernel (

```
fp_t * conc_old,
fp_t * conc_lap,
const int nx,
const int ny,
const int nm )
```

Tiled convolution algorithm for execution on the GPU.

This function accesses 1D data rather than the 2D array representation of the scalar composition field, mapping into 2D tiles on the GPU with halo cells before computing the convolution.

Note:

- The source matrix (conc old) and destination matrix (conc lap) must be identical in size
- · One CUDA core operates on one array index: there is no nested loop over matrix elements
- The halo (nm/2 perimeter cells) in conc_lap are unallocated garbage
- The same cells in conc_old are boundary values, and contribute to the convolution
- · conc_tile is the shared tile of input data, accessible by all threads in this block

Definition at line 28 of file cuda_discretization.cu.



4.5.2.3 cuda_diffusion_solver() void cuda_diffusion_solver (

```
struct CudaData * dev,
fp_t ** conc_new,
const int bx,
const int by,
const int nm,
const int nx,
const int ny,
const fp_t D,
const fp_t dt,
struct Stopwatch * sw )
```

Reference optimized code for solving the diffusion equation.

Solve diffusion equation on the GPU.

Compare cuda_diffusion_solver(): it accomplishes the same result, but without the memory allocation, data transfer, and array release. These are handled in cuda_init(), with arrays on the host and device managed through CudaData, which is a struct passed by reference into the function. In this way, device kernels can be called in isolation without incurring the cost of data transfers and with reduced risk of memory leaks.

Definition at line 219 of file cuda discretization.cu.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.5.2.4 device_boundaries() void device_boundaries (

```
fp_t * conc,
const int nx,
const int ny,
const int nm,
const int bx,
const int by )
```

Apply boundary conditions on device.

Definition at line 108 of file cuda_discretization.cu.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



Step diffusion equation on device.

Definition at line 140 of file cuda_discretization.cu.



4.5.2.6 device_convolution() void device_convolution (

```
fp_t * conc_old,
fp_t * conc_lap,
const int nx,
const int ny,
const int nm,
const int bx,
const int by)
```

Compute convolution on device.

Definition at line 123 of file cuda_discretization.cu.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.5.2.7 diffusion_kernel() void diffusion_kernel (

```
fp_t * conc_old,
fp_t * conc_new,
fp_t * conc_lap,
const int nx,
const int ny,
const int nm,
const fp_t D,
const fp_t dt)
```

Vector addition algorithm for execution on the GPU.

This function accesses 1D data rather than the 2D array representation of the scalar composition field. Memory allocation, data transfer, and array release are handled in cuda_init(), with arrays on the host and device managed through CudaData, which is a struct passed by reference into the function. In this way, device kernels can be called in isolation without incurring the cost of data transfers and with reduced risk of memory leaks.

Definition at line 85 of file cuda_discretization.cu.



Read data from device.

Definition at line 155 of file cuda_discretization.cu.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.5.3 Variable Documentation

```
4.5.3.1 d_mask fp_t d_mask[5 * 5]
```

Convolution mask array on the GPU, allocated in protected memory.

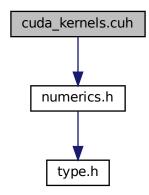
Definition at line 26 of file cuda_discretization.cu.

4.6 cuda_kernels.cuh File Reference

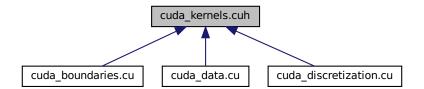
Declaration of functions to execute on the GPU (CUDA kernels)

```
#include "numerics.h"
```

Include dependency graph for cuda kernels.cuh:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

- void boundary_kernel (fp_t *conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)
 - Boundary condition kernel for execution on the GPU.
- $\bullet \ \ void\ convolution_kernel\ (fp_t\ *conc_old,\ fp_t\ *conc_lap,\ const\ int\ nx,\ const\ int\ ny,\ const\ int\ nm)$

Tiled convolution algorithm for execution on the GPU.

• void diffusion_kernel (fp_t *conc_old, fp_t *conc_new, fp_t *conc_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, const fp_t D, const fp_t dt)

Vector addition algorithm for execution on the GPU.

Variables

• fp_t d_mask [5 *5]

Convolution mask array on the GPU, allocated in protected memory.

4.6.1 Detailed Description

Declaration of functions to execute on the GPU (CUDA kernels)

4.6.2 Function Documentation

Boundary condition kernel for execution on the GPU.

This function accesses 1D data rather than the 2D array representation of the scalar composition field

Boundary condition kernel for execution on the GPU.

Boundary condition kernel for execution on the GPU

This function accesses 1D data rather than the 2D array representation of the scalar composition field

Definition at line 41 of file cuda_boundaries.cu.



Tiled convolution algorithm for execution on the GPU.

This function accesses 1D data rather than the 2D array representation of the scalar composition field, mapping into 2D tiles on the GPU with halo cells before computing the convolution.

Note:

- The source matrix (conc_old) and destination matrix (conc_lap) must be identical in size
- · One CUDA core operates on one array index: there is no nested loop over matrix elements
- The halo (nm/2 perimeter cells) in conc_lap are unallocated garbage
- The same cells in conc_old are boundary values, and contribute to the convolution
- conc tile is the shared tile of input data, accessible by all threads in this block

Definition at line 28 of file cuda discretization.cu.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



Vector addition algorithm for execution on the GPU.

This function accesses 1D data rather than the 2D array representation of the scalar composition field. Memory allocation, data transfer, and array release are handled in cuda_init(), with arrays on the host and device managed through CudaData, which is a struct passed by reference into the function. In this way, device kernels can be called in isolation without incurring the cost of data transfers and with reduced risk of memory leaks.

Definition at line 85 of file cuda_discretization.cu.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.6.3 Variable Documentation

```
4.6.3.1 d_mask fp_t d_mask[5 * 5] [extern]
```

Convolution mask array on the GPU, allocated in protected memory.

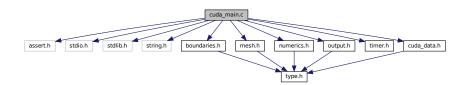
Definition at line 26 of file cuda discretization.cu.

4.7 cuda_main.c File Reference

CUDA implementation of semi-infinite diffusion equation.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "boundaries.h"
#include "mesh.h"
#include "numerics.h"
#include "output.h"
#include "timer.h"
#include "cuda_data.h"
```

Include dependency graph for cuda_main.c:



Functions

• int main (int argc, char *argv[])

Run simulation using input parameters specified on the command line.

4.7.1 Detailed Description

CUDA implementation of semi-infinite diffusion equation.

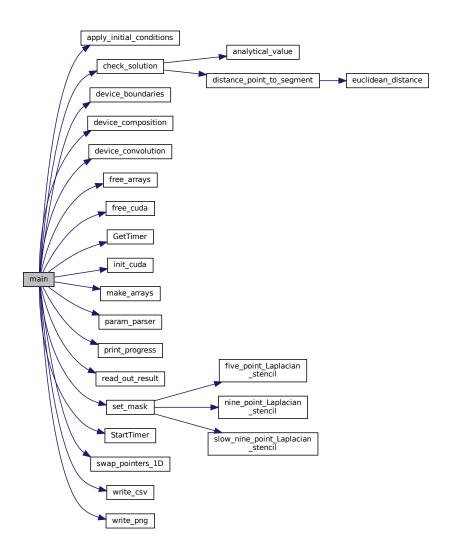
4.7.2 Function Documentation

```
4.7.2.1 main() int main ( int argc, char * argv[] )
```

Run simulation using input parameters specified on the command line.

Definition at line 30 of file cuda_main.c.

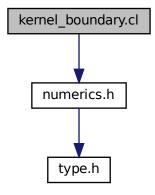
Here is the call graph for this function:



4.8 kernel_boundary.cl File Reference

#include "numerics.h"

Include dependency graph for kernel_boundary.cl:



Functions

• __kernel void boundary_kernel (__global fp_t *d_conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

4.8.1 Function Documentation

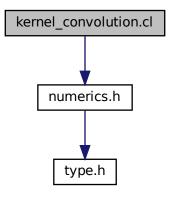
```
4.8.1.1 boundary_kernel() __kernel void boundary_kernel ( __global fp_t * d_conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm )
```

Definition at line 24 of file kernel_boundary.cl.

4.9 kernel_convolution.cl File Reference

```
#include "numerics.h"
```

Include dependency graph for kernel_convolution.cl:



Functions

```
    __kernel void convolution_kernel (__global fp_t *d_conc_old, __global fp_t *d_conc_lap, __constant fp_t *d_mask, __local fp_t *d_conc_tile, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)
    __kernel void convolution_kernel (__global fp_t *d_conc_old, __global fp_t *d_conc_lap, __constant fp_t *d_mask, __local fp_t *d_conc_tile, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)
```

4.9.1 Function Documentation

Enable double-precision floats.

Tiled convolution algorithm for execution on the GPU

This function accesses 1D data rather than the 2D array representation of the scalar composition field, mapping into 2D tiles on the GPU with halo cells before computing the convolution.

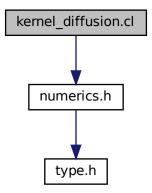
Note:

- The source matrix (d_conc_old) and destination matrix (d_conc_lap) must be identical in size
- · One OpenCL worker operates on one array index: there is no nested loop over matrix elements
- The halo (nm/2 perimeter cells) in d_conc_lap are unallocated garbage
- The same cells in *d_conc_old* are boundary values, and contribute to the convolution
- d_conc_tile is the shared tile of input data, accessible by all threads in this block
- The __local specifier allocates the small d_conc_tile array in cache
- The __constant specifier allocates the small d_mask array in cache

Definition at line 37 of file kernel_convolution.cl.

4.10 kernel_diffusion.cl File Reference

#include "numerics.h"
Include dependency graph for kernel diffusion.cl:



Functions

__kernel void diffusion_kernel (__global fp_t *d_conc_old, __global fp_t *d_conc_new, __global fp_t *d_conc←
 _lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, const fp_t D, const fp_t dt)
 Enable double-precision floats.

4.10.1 Function Documentation

Enable double-precision floats.

Diffusion equation kernel for execution on the GPU

const fp_t dt)

This function accesses 1D data rather than the 2D array representation of the scalar composition field

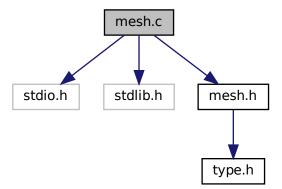
Definition at line 23 of file kernel_diffusion.cl.

4.11 mesh.c File Reference

Implemenatation of mesh handling functions for diffusion benchmarks.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "mesh.h"
```

Include dependency graph for mesh.c:



Functions

void make_arrays (fp_t ***conc_old, fp_t ***conc_new, fp_t ***conc_lap, fp_t ***mask_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

Allocate 2D arrays to store scalar composition values.

```
• void free_arrays (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **conc_new, fp_t **conc_lap, fp_t **mask_lap)

Free dynamically allocated memory.
```

```
• void swap_pointers (fp_t ***conc_old, fp_t ***conc_new)

Swap pointers to 2D arrays.
```

void swap_pointers_1D (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **conc_new)
 Swap pointers to data underlying 1D arrays.

4.11.1 Detailed Description

Implemenatation of mesh handling functions for diffusion benchmarks.

4.11.2 Function Documentation

Free dynamically allocated memory.

Definition at line 44 of file mesh.c.



Allocate 2D arrays to store scalar composition values.

Arrays are allocated as 1D arrays, then 2D pointer arrays are mapped over the top. This facilitates use of either 1D or 2D data access, depending on whether the task is spatially dependent or not.

Definition at line 15 of file mesh.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



Swap pointers to 2D arrays.

Rather than copy data from $fp_t** conc_old$ into $fp_t** conc_new$, an expensive operation, simply trade the top-most pointers. New becomes old, old becomes new, with no data lost and in almost no time.

Definition at line 59 of file mesh.c.



Swap pointers to data underlying 1D arrays.

Rather than copy data from $fp_t* conc_old[0]$ into $fp_t* conc_new[0]$, an expensive operation, simply trade the top-most pointers. New becomes old, old becomes new, with no data lost and in almost no time.

Definition at line 68 of file mesh.c.

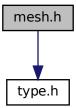
Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.12 mesh.h File Reference

Declaration of mesh function prototypes for diffusion benchmarks.

```
#include "type.h"
Include dependency graph for mesh.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

• void make_arrays (fp_t ***conc_old, fp_t ***conc_new, fp_t ***conc_lap, fp_t ***mask_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

Allocate 2D arrays to store scalar composition values.

```
• void free_arrays (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **conc_new, fp_t **conc_lap, fp_t **mask_lap)

Free dynamically allocated memory.
```

```
• void swap_pointers (fp_t ***conc_old, fp_t ***conc_new)

Swap pointers to 2D arrays.
```

void swap_pointers_1D (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **conc_new)
 Swap pointers to data underlying 1D arrays.

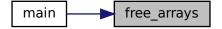
4.12.1 Detailed Description

Declaration of mesh function prototypes for diffusion benchmarks.

4.12.2 Function Documentation

Free dynamically allocated memory.

Definition at line 44 of file mesh.c.



Allocate 2D arrays to store scalar composition values.

Arrays are allocated as 1D arrays, then 2D pointer arrays are mapped over the top. This facilitates use of either 1D or 2D data access, depending on whether the task is spatially dependent or not.

Definition at line 15 of file mesh.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



Swap pointers to 2D arrays.

Rather than copy data from $fp_t** conc_old$ into $fp_t** conc_new$, an expensive operation, simply trade the top-most pointers. New becomes old, old becomes new, with no data lost and in almost no time.

Definition at line 59 of file mesh.c.



Swap pointers to data underlying 1D arrays.

Rather than copy data from $fp_t* conc_old[0]$ into $fp_t* conc_new[0]$, an expensive operation, simply trade the top-most pointers. New becomes old, old becomes new, with no data lost and in almost no time.

Definition at line 68 of file mesh.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

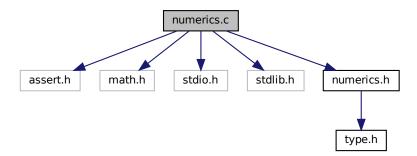


4.13 numerics.c File Reference

Implementation of Laplacian operator and analytical solution functions.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "numerics.h"
```

Include dependency graph for numerics.c:



Functions

 $\bullet \ \ void \ set_mask \ (const \ fp_t \ dx, \ const \ fp_t \ dy, \ const \ int \ code, \ fp_t \ **mask_lap, \ const \ int \ nm)\\$

Specify which stencil (mask) to use for the Laplacian (convolution)

void five_point_Laplacian_stencil (const fp_t dx, const fp_t dy, fp_t **mask_lap, const int nm)

Write 5-point Laplacian stencil into convolution mask.

void nine_point_Laplacian_stencil (const fp_t dx, const fp_t dy, fp_t **mask_lap, const int nm)

Write 9-point Laplacian stencil into convolution mask.

void slow_nine_point_Laplacian_stencil (const fp_t dx, const fp_t dy, fp_t **mask_lap, const int nm)

Write 9-point Laplacian stencil into convolution mask.

• fp_t euclidean_distance (const fp_t ax, const fp_t ay, const fp_t bx, const fp_t by)

Compute Euclidean distance between two points, a and b.

• fp_t manhattan_distance (const fp_t ax, const fp_t ay, const fp_t bx, const fp_t by)

Compute Manhattan distance between two points, a and b.

fp_t distance_point_to_segment (const fp_t ax, const fp_t ay, const fp_t bx, const fp_t by, const fp_t px, const fp_t px, const fp_t px

Compute minimum distance from point p to a line segment bounded by points a and b.

void analytical_value (const fp_t x, const fp_t t, const fp_t D, fp_t *c)

Analytical solution of the diffusion equation for a carburizing process.

void check_solution (fp_t **conc_new, fp_t **conc_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const fp_t dx, const fp_t dx,

Compare numerical and analytical solutions of the diffusion equation.

4.13.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of Laplacian operator and analytical solution functions.

4.13.2 Function Documentation

fp_t * c)

Analytical solution of the diffusion equation for a carburizing process.

For 1D diffusion through a semi-infinite domain with initial and far-field composition c_{∞} and boundary value $c(x=0,t)=c_0$ with constant diffusivity D, the solution to Fick's second law is

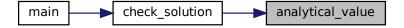
$$c(x,t) = c_0 - (c_0 - c_\infty) \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{4Dt}}\right)$$

which reduces, when $c_{\infty} = 0$, to

$$c(x,t) = c_0 \left[1 - \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{4Dt}}\right) \right].$$

Definition at line 109 of file numerics.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



const fp_t D,
fp_t * rss)

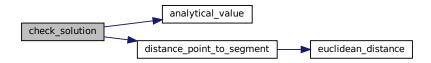
Compare numerical and analytical solutions of the diffusion equation.

Returns

Residual sum of squares (RSS), normalized to the domain size.

Overwrites *conc_lap*, into which the point-wise RSS is written. Normalized RSS is then computed as the sum of the point-wise values.

Definition at line 114 of file numerics.c.



Here is the caller graph for this function:

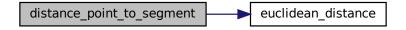


Compute minimum distance from point *p* to a line segment bounded by points *a* and *b*.

This function computes the projection of p onto ab, limiting the projected range to [0, 1] to handle projections that fall outside of ab. Implemented after Grumdrig on Stackoverflow, https://stackoverflow.com/a/1501725.

Definition at line 96 of file numerics.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

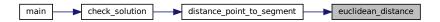




Compute Euclidean distance between two points, a and b.

Definition at line 84 of file numerics.c.

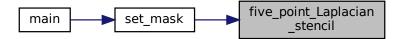
Here is the caller graph for this function:



Write 5-point Laplacian stencil into convolution mask.

 3×3 mask, 5 values, truncation error $\mathcal{O}(\Delta x^2)$

Definition at line 37 of file numerics.c.



Compute Manhattan distance between two points, a and b.

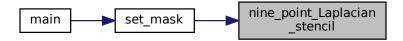
Definition at line 90 of file numerics.c.

Write 9-point Laplacian stencil into convolution mask.

 3×3 mask, 9 values, truncation error $\mathcal{O}(\Delta x^4)$

Definition at line 48 of file numerics.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



Specify which stencil (mask) to use for the Laplacian (convolution)

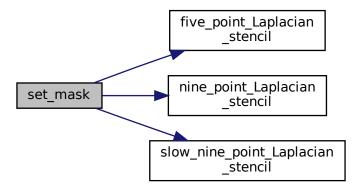
The mask corresponding to the numerical code will be applied. The suggested encoding is mask width as the ones digit and value count as the tens digit, *e.g.* 53 specifies five_point_Laplacian_stencil(), while 93 specifies nine_point_Laplacian_stencil().

To add your own mask (stencil), add a case to this function with your chosen numerical encoding, then specify that code in the input parameters file (params.txt by default). Note that, for a Laplacian stencil, the sum of the coefficients must equal zero and nm must be an odd integer.

If your stencil is larger than 5×5 , you must increase the values defined by MAX_MASK_W and MAX_MASK_H.

Definition at line 17 of file numerics.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:

```
main _____ set_mask
```

Write 9-point Laplacian stencil into convolution mask.

 5×5 mask, 9 values, truncation error $\mathcal{O}(\Delta x^4)$

Provided for testing and demonstration of scalability, only: as the name indicates, this 9-point stencil is computationally more expensive than the 3×3 version. If your code requires $\mathcal{O}(\Delta x^4)$ accuracy, please use nine_point_Laplacian_stencil().

Definition at line 65 of file numerics.c.

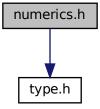
Here is the caller graph for this function:



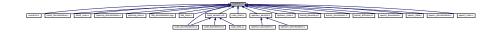
4.14 numerics.h File Reference

Declaration of Laplacian operator and analytical solution functions.

#include "type.h"
Include dependency graph for numerics.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Macros

#define MAX MASK W 5

Maximum width of the convolution mask (Laplacian stencil) array.

#define MAX_MASK_H 5

Maximum height of the convolution mask (Laplacian stencil) array.

Functions

void set_mask (const fp_t dx, const fp_t dy, const int code, fp_t **mask_lap, const int nm)

Specify which stencil (mask) to use for the Laplacian (convolution)

void five point Laplacian stencil (const fp t dx, const fp t dy, fp t **mask lap, const int nm)

Write 5-point Laplacian stencil into convolution mask.

void nine point Laplacian stencil (const fp t dx, const fp t dy, fp t **mask lap, const int nm)

Write 9-point Laplacian stencil into convolution mask.

• void slow_nine_point_Laplacian_stencil (const fp_t dx, const fp_t dy, fp_t **mask_lap, const int nm)

Write 9-point Laplacian stencil into convolution mask.

void compute_convolution (fp_t **const conc_old, fp_t **conc_lap, fp_t **const mask_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

Perform the convolution of the mask matrix with the composition matrix.

void update_composition (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **conc_lap, fp_t **conc_new, const int nx, const int nx, const int nm, const fp_t D, const fp_t dt)

Update composition field using explicit Euler discretization (forward-time centered space)

fp_t euclidean_distance (const fp_t ax, const fp_t ay, const fp_t bx, const fp_t by)

Compute Euclidean distance between two points, a and b.

fp_t manhattan_distance (const fp_t ax, const fp_t ay, const fp_t bx, const fp_t by)

Compute Manhattan distance between two points, a and b.

fp_t distance_point_to_segment (const fp_t ax, const fp_t ay, const fp_t bx, const fp_t bx, const fp_t px, const fp_t px, const fp_t px

Compute minimum distance from point p to a line segment bounded by points a and b.

void analytical_value (const fp_t x, const fp_t t, const fp_t D, fp_t *c)

Analytical solution of the diffusion equation for a carburizing process.

void check_solution (fp_t **conc_new, fp_t **conc_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const fp_t dx, const fp_t dx, const fp_t dx, const fp_t dx, const fp_t elapsed, const fp_t D, fp_t *rss)

Compare numerical and analytical solutions of the diffusion equation.

4.14.1 Detailed Description

Declaration of Laplacian operator and analytical solution functions.

4.14.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.14.2.1 MAX_MASK_H #define MAX_MASK_H 5

Maximum height of the convolution mask (Laplacian stencil) array.

Definition at line 26 of file numerics.h.

4.14.2.2 MAX_MASK_W #define MAX_MASK_W 5

Maximum width of the convolution mask (Laplacian stencil) array.

Definition at line 21 of file numerics.h.

4.14.3 Function Documentation

4.14.3.1 analytical_value() void analytical_value (

```
const fp_t x,
const fp_t t,
const fp_t D,
fp_t * c )
```

Analytical solution of the diffusion equation for a carburizing process.

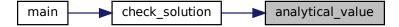
For 1D diffusion through a semi-infinite domain with initial and far-field composition c_{∞} and boundary value $c(x=0,t)=c_0$ with constant diffusivity D, the solution to Fick's second law is

$$c(x,t) = c_0 - (c_0 - c_\infty) \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{4Dt}}\right)$$

which reduces, when $c_{\infty}=0$, to

$$c(x,t) = c_0 \left[1 - \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{4Dt}}\right) \right].$$

Definition at line 109 of file numerics.c.



4.14.3.2 check_solution() void check_solution (

```
fp_t ** conc_new,
fp_t ** conc_lap,
const int nx,
const int ny,
const fp_t dx,
const fp_t dy,
const int nm,
const fp_t elapsed,
const fp_t D,
fp_t * rss )
```

Compare numerical and analytical solutions of the diffusion equation.

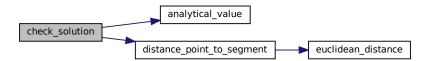
Returns

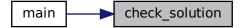
Residual sum of squares (RSS), normalized to the domain size.

Overwrites *conc_lap*, into which the point-wise RSS is written. Normalized RSS is then computed as the sum of the point-wise values.

Definition at line 114 of file numerics.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:





4.14.3.3 compute_convolution() void compute_convolution (

```
fp_t **const conc_old,
fp_t ** conc_lap,
fp_t **const mask_lap,
const int nx,
const int ny,
const int nm )
```

Perform the convolution of the mask matrix with the composition matrix.

If the convolution mask is the Laplacian stencil, the convolution evaluates the discrete Laplacian of the composition field. Other masks are possible, for example the Sobel filters for edge detection. This function is general purpose: as long as the dimensions nx, ny, and nm are properly specified, the convolution will be correctly computed.

Definition at line 17 of file serial discretization.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



Compute minimum distance from point *p* to a line segment bounded by points *a* and *b*.

This function computes the projection of p onto ab, limiting the projected range to [0, 1] to handle projections that fall outside of ab. Implemented after Grumdrig on Stackoverflow, https://stackoverflow.com/a/1501725.

Definition at line 96 of file numerics.c.



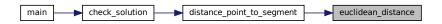
Here is the caller graph for this function:



Compute Euclidean distance between two points, a and b.

Definition at line 84 of file numerics.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

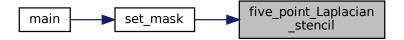


Write 5-point Laplacian stencil into convolution mask.

 3×3 mask, 5 values, truncation error $\mathcal{O}(\Delta x^2)$

Definition at line 37 of file numerics.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



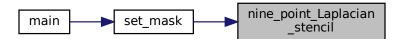
Compute Manhattan distance between two points, a and b.

Definition at line 90 of file numerics.c.

Write 9-point Laplacian stencil into convolution mask.

```
3 \times 3 mask, 9 values, truncation error \mathcal{O}(\Delta x^4)
```

Definition at line 48 of file numerics.c.



Specify which stencil (mask) to use for the Laplacian (convolution)

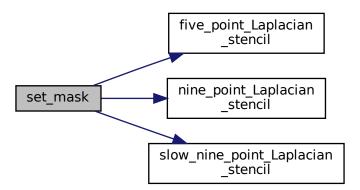
The mask corresponding to the numerical code will be applied. The suggested encoding is mask width as the ones digit and value count as the tens digit, *e.g.* 53 specifies five_point_Laplacian_stencil(), while 93 specifies nine_point_Laplacian_stencil().

To add your own mask (stencil), add a case to this function with your chosen numerical encoding, then specify that code in the input parameters file (params.txt by default). Note that, for a Laplacian stencil, the sum of the coefficients must equal zero and *nm* must be an odd integer.

If your stencil is larger than 5×5 , you must increase the values defined by MAX_MASK_W and MAX_MASK_H.

Definition at line 17 of file numerics.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:





```
4.14.3.10 slow_nine_point_Laplacian_stencil() void slow_nine_point_Laplacian_stencil ( const fp_t dx, const fp_t dy,
```

fp_t ** mask_lap,
const int nm)

Write 9-point Laplacian stencil into convolution mask.

 5×5 mask, 9 values, truncation error $\mathcal{O}(\Delta x^4)$

Provided for testing and demonstration of scalability, only: as the name indicates, this 9-point stencil is computationally more expensive than the 3×3 version. If your code requires $\mathcal{O}(\Delta x^4)$ accuracy, please use nine point Laplacian stencil().

Definition at line 65 of file numerics.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.14.3.11 update_composition() void update_composition (

```
fp_t ** conc_old,
fp_t ** conc_lap,
fp_t ** conc_new,
const int nx,
const int ny,
const int nm,
const fp_t D,
const fp_t dt )
```

Update composition field using explicit Euler discretization (forward-time centered space)

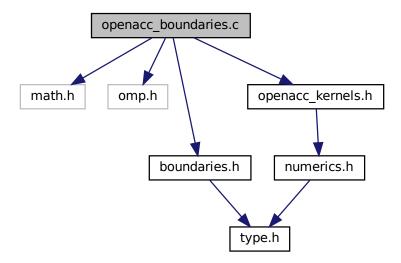
Definition at line 33 of file serial_discretization.c.



4.15 openacc_boundaries.c File Reference

Implementation of boundary condition functions with OpenMP threading.

```
#include <math.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include "boundaries.h"
#include "openacc_kernels.h"
Include dependency graph for openacc_boundaries.c:
```



Functions

- void apply_initial_conditions (fp_t **conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

 Initialize flat composition field with fixed boundary conditions.
- void boundary kernel (fp t ** restrict conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)
- void apply_boundary_conditions (fp_t **conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm) Set fixed value (c_{hi}) along left and bottom, zero-flux elsewhere.

4.15.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of boundary condition functions with OpenMP threading.

4.15.2 Function Documentation

4.15.2.1 apply_boundary_conditions() void apply_boundary_conditions (fp_t ** conc,

```
const int nx,
const int ny,
const int nm)
```

Set fixed value (c_{hi}) along left and bottom, zero-flux elsewhere.

Definition at line 90 of file openacc_boundaries.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:

```
main apply_boundary_conditions
```

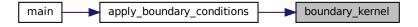
Initialize flat composition field with fixed boundary conditions.

The boundary conditions are fixed values of c_{hi} along the lower-left half and upper-right half walls, no flux everywhere else, with an initial values of c_{lo} everywhere. These conditions represent a carburizing process, with partial exposure (rather than the entire left and right walls) to produce an inhomogeneous workload and highlight numerical errors at the boundaries.

Definition at line 16 of file openacc_boundaries.c.

Definition at line 37 of file openacc boundaries.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

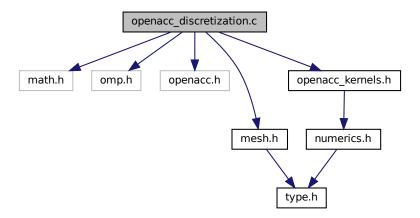


4.16 openacc_discretization.c File Reference

Implementation of boundary condition functions with OpenACC threading.

```
#include <math.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include <openacc.h>
#include "mesh.h"
#include "openacc_kernels.h"
```

Include dependency graph for openacc_discretization.c:



Functions

void convolution_kernel (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **conc_lap, fp_t **mask_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

Tiled convolution algorithm for execution on the GPU.

void diffusion_kernel (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **conc_new, fp_t **conc_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, const fp_t D, const fp_t dt)

Vector addition algorithm for execution on the GPU.

4.16.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of boundary condition functions with OpenACC threading.

4.16.2 Function Documentation

Tiled convolution algorithm for execution on the GPU.

Definition at line 17 of file openacc discretization.c.

Vector addition algorithm for execution on the GPU.

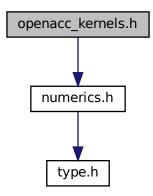
Definition at line 41 of file openacc_discretization.c.

4.17 openacc_kernels.h File Reference

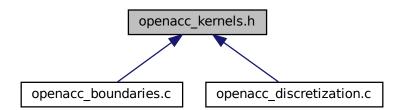
Declaration of functions to execute on the GPU (OpenACC kernels)

#include "numerics.h"

Include dependency graph for openacc_kernels.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

- void boundary_kernel (fp_t **conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

 Boundary condition kernel for execution on the GPU.
- void convolution_kernel (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **conc_lap, fp_t **mask_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

Tiled convolution algorithm for execution on the GPU.

• void diffusion_kernel (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **conc_new, fp_t **conc_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, const fp_t D, const fp_t dt)

Vector addition algorithm for execution on the GPU.

4.17.1 Detailed Description

Declaration of functions to execute on the GPU (OpenACC kernels)

4.17.2 Function Documentation

Boundary condition kernel for execution on the GPU.

```
4.17.2.2 convolution_kernel() void convolution_kernel (
    fp_t ** conc_old,
    fp_t ** conc_lap,
    fp_t ** mask_lap,
    const int nx,
    const int ny,
    const int nm )
```

Tiled convolution algorithm for execution on the GPU.

Definition at line 17 of file openacc_discretization.c.

Vector addition algorithm for execution on the GPU.

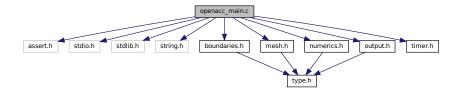
Definition at line 41 of file openacc_discretization.c.

4.18 openacc_main.c File Reference

OpenACC implementation of semi-infinite diffusion equation.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "boundaries.h"
#include "mesh.h"
#include "numerics.h"
#include "output.h"
#include "timer.h"
```

Include dependency graph for openacc_main.c:



Functions

• int main (int argc, char *argv[])

Run simulation using input parameters specified on the command line.

4.18.1 Detailed Description

OpenACC implementation of semi-infinite diffusion equation.

4.18.2 Function Documentation

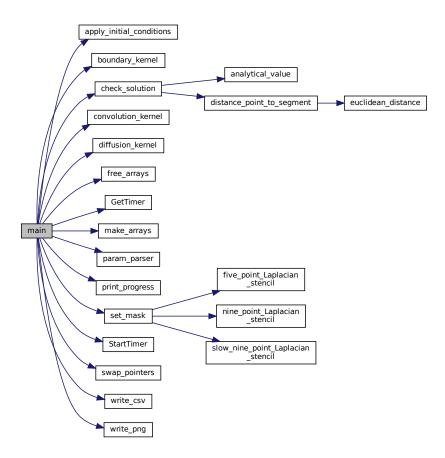
```
4.18.2.1 main() int main ( int argc, char * argv[])
```

Run simulation using input parameters specified on the command line.

Program will write a series of PNG image files to visualize scalar composition field, plus a final CSV raw data file and CSV runtime log tabulating the iteration counter (*iter*), elapsed simulation time (*sim_time*), system free energy (*energy*), error relative to analytical solution (*wrss*), time spent performing convolution (*conv_time*), time spent updating fields (*step_time*), time spent writing to disk (*IO_time*), time spent generating analytical values (*soln_time*), and total elapsed (*run_time*).

Definition at line 33 of file openacc_main.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

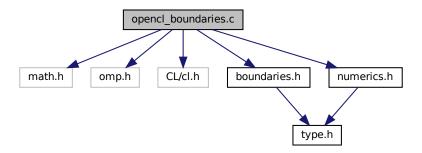


4.19 opencl_boundaries.c File Reference

Implementation of boundary condition functions with OpenCL acceleration.

```
#include <math.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include <CL/cl.h>
#include "boundaries.h"
#include "numerics.h"
```

Include dependency graph for opencl_boundaries.c:



Functions

• void apply_initial_conditions (fp_t **conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

Initialize flat composition field with fixed boundary conditions.

4.19.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of boundary condition functions with OpenCL acceleration.

4.19.2 Function Documentation

Initialize flat composition field with fixed boundary conditions.

The boundary conditions are fixed values of c_{hi} along the lower-left half and upper-right half walls, no flux everywhere else, with an initial values of c_{lo} everywhere. These conditions represent a carburizing process, with partial exposure (rather than the entire left and right walls) to produce an inhomogeneous workload and highlight numerical errors at the boundaries.

Definition at line 17 of file opencl_boundaries.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

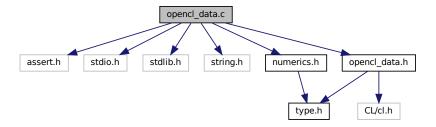


4.20 opencl_data.c File Reference

Implementation of functions to create and destroy OpenCLData struct.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "numerics.h"
#include "opencl_data.h"
```

Include dependency graph for opencl_data.c:



Functions

• void report_error (cl_int status, const char *message)

Report error code when status is not CL_SUCCESS.

void init_opencl (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **mask_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, struct OpenCLData *dev)

Initialize OpenCL device memory before marching.

void build_program (const char *filename, cl_context *context, cl_device_id *gpu, cl_program *program, cl_int *status)

Build kernel program from text input.

void free_opencl (struct OpenCLData *dev)

Free OpenCL device memory after marching.

4.20.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of functions to create and destroy OpenCLData struct.

4.20.2 Function Documentation

Build kernel program from text input.

Source follows the OpenCL Programming Book, https://www.fixstars.com/en/opencl/book/Open←CLProgrammingBook/calling-the-kernel/

Definition at line 137 of file opencl_data.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:

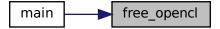


```
4.20.2.2 free_opencl() void free_opencl ( struct OpenCLData * dev )
```

Free OpenCL device memory after marching.

Definition at line 211 of file opencl_data.c.

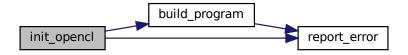
Here is the caller graph for this function:



Initialize OpenCL device memory before marching.

Definition at line 37 of file opencl_data.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:

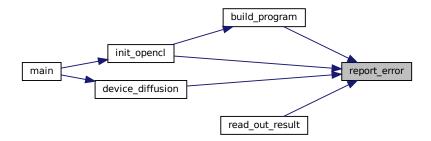


Report error code when status is not CL_SUCCESS.

Refer to https://streamhpc.com/blog/2013-04-28/opencl-error-codes/ for help interpreting error codes.

Definition at line 18 of file opencl_data.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

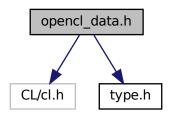


4.21 opencl_data.h File Reference

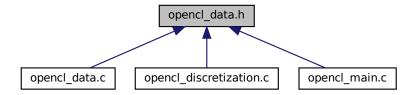
Declaration of OpenCL data container.

```
#include <CL/cl.h>
#include "type.h"
```

Include dependency graph for opencl_data.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

• struct OpenCLData

Container for GPU array pointers and parameters.

Functions

• void report_error (cl_int error, const char *message)

Report error code when status is not CL_SUCCESS.

void build_program (const char *filename, cl_context *context, cl_device_id *gpu, cl_program *program, cl_int *status)

Build kernel program from text input.

void init_opencl (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **mask_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, struct OpenCLData *dev)

Initialize OpenCL device memory before marching.

• void device_boundaries (struct OpenCLData *dev, const int flip, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, const int bx, const int by)

Apply boundary conditions on OpenCL device.

• void device_convolution (struct OpenCLData *dev, const int flip, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, const int bx, const int by)

Compute convolution on OpenCL device.

• void device_diffusion (struct OpenCLData *dev, const int flip, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, const int bx, const int by, const fp_t D, const fp_t dt)

Solve diffusion equation on OpenCL device.

- void read_out_result (struct OpenCLData *dev, const int flip, fp_t **conc_new, const int nx, const int ny)

 Copy data out of OpenCL device.
- void free_opencl (struct OpenCLData *dev)

Free OpenCL device memory after marching.

4.21.1 Detailed Description

Declaration of OpenCL data container.

4.21.2 Function Documentation

Build kernel program from text input.

Source follows the OpenCL Programming Book, https://www.fixstars.com/en/opencl/book/Open←CLProgrammingBook/calling-the-kernel/

Definition at line 137 of file opencl_data.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



Apply boundary conditions on OpenCL device.

Definition at line 27 of file opencl_discretization.c.

Compute convolution on OpenCL device.

Definition at line 54 of file opencl_discretization.c.

4.21.2.4 device_diffusion() void device_diffusion (struct OpenCLData * dev,

```
const int nx,
const int ny,
const int nm,
const int bx,
const int by,
const fp_t D,
const fp_t dt )
```

const int flip,

Solve diffusion equation on OpenCL device.

Definition at line 83 of file opencl_discretization.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



Free OpenCL device memory after marching.

Definition at line 211 of file opencl_data.c.

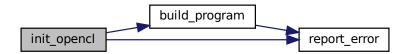
Here is the caller graph for this function:



Initialize OpenCL device memory before marching.

Definition at line 37 of file opencl_data.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



Copy data out of OpenCL device.

Definition at line 114 of file opencl_discretization.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

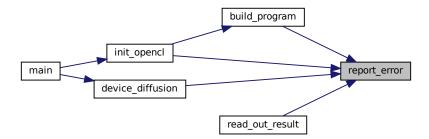


Report error code when status is not CL_SUCCESS.

Refer to https://streamhpc.com/blog/2013-04-28/opencl-error-codes/ for help interpreting error codes.

Definition at line 18 of file opencl_data.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

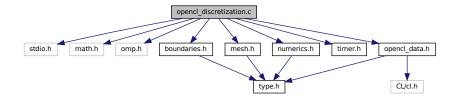


4.22 opencl_discretization.c File Reference

Implementation of boundary condition functions with OpenCL acceleration.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include "boundaries.h"
#include "mesh.h"
#include "numerics.h"
#include "timer.h"
#include "opencl_data.h"
```

Include dependency graph for opencl_discretization.c:



Functions

• void device_boundaries (struct OpenCLData *dev, const int flip, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, const int bx, const int by)

Apply boundary conditions on OpenCL device.

• void device_convolution (struct OpenCLData *dev, const int flip, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, const int bx, const int by)

Compute convolution on OpenCL device.

• void device_diffusion (struct OpenCLData *dev, const int flip, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm, const int bx, const int by, const fp_t D, const fp_t dt)

Solve diffusion equation on OpenCL device.

void read_out_result (struct OpenCLData *dev, const int flip, fp_t **conc, const int nx, const int ny)
 Copy data out of OpenCL device.

4.22.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of boundary condition functions with OpenCL acceleration.

4.22.2 Function Documentation

const int by)

Apply boundary conditions on OpenCL device.

Definition at line 27 of file opencl_discretization.c.

Compute convolution on OpenCL device.

Definition at line 54 of file opencl_discretization.c.

Solve diffusion equation on OpenCL device.

Definition at line 83 of file opencl_discretization.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



Copy data out of OpenCL device.

Definition at line 114 of file opencl_discretization.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

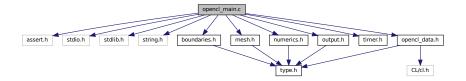


4.23 opencl_main.c File Reference

OpenCL implementation of semi-infinite diffusion equation.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "boundaries.h"
#include "mesh.h"
#include "numerics.h"
#include "output.h"
```

```
#include "timer.h"
#include "opencl_data.h"
Include dependency graph for opencl_main.c:
```



Functions

• int main (int argc, char *argv[])

Run simulation using input parameters specified on the command line.

4.23.1 Detailed Description

OpenCL implementation of semi-infinite diffusion equation.

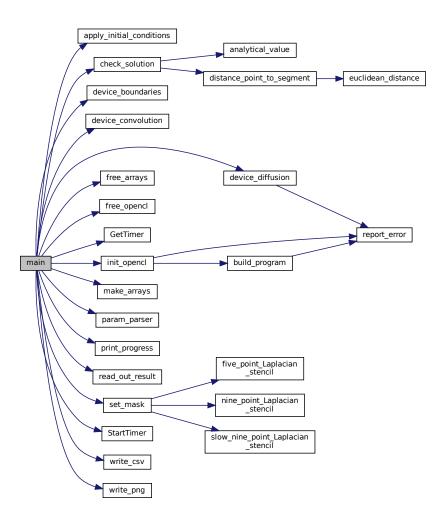
4.23.2 Function Documentation

```
4.23.2.1 main() int main ( int argc, char * argv[])
```

Run simulation using input parameters specified on the command line.

Definition at line 30 of file opencl_main.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

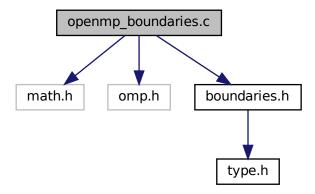


4.24 openmp_boundaries.c File Reference

Implementation of boundary condition functions with OpenMP threading.

```
#include <math.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include "boundaries.h"
```

Include dependency graph for openmp_boundaries.c:



Functions

- void apply_initial_conditions (fp_t **conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

 Initialize flat composition field with fixed boundary conditions.
- void apply_boundary_conditions (fp_t **conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm) Set fixed value (c_{hi}) along left and bottom, zero-flux elsewhere.

4.24.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of boundary condition functions with OpenMP threading.

4.24.2 Function Documentation

Set fixed value (c_{hi}) along left and bottom, zero-flux elsewhere.

Definition at line 36 of file openmp boundaries.c.

Initialize flat composition field with fixed boundary conditions.

The boundary conditions are fixed values of c_{hi} along the lower-left half and upper-right half walls, no flux everywhere else, with an initial values of c_{lo} everywhere. These conditions represent a carburizing process, with partial exposure (rather than the entire left and right walls) to produce an inhomogeneous workload and highlight numerical errors at the boundaries.

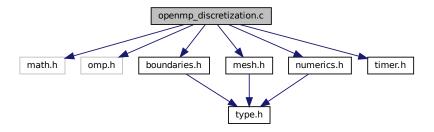
Definition at line 15 of file openmp_boundaries.c.

4.25 openmp discretization.c File Reference

Implementation of boundary condition functions with OpenMP threading.

```
#include <math.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include "boundaries.h"
#include "mesh.h"
#include "numerics.h"
#include "timer.h"
```

Include dependency graph for openmp_discretization.c:



Functions

void compute_convolution (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **conc_lap, fp_t **mask_lap, const int nx, const int nx, const int nm)

Perform the convolution of the mask matrix with the composition matrix.

void update_composition (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **conc_lap, fp_t **conc_new, const int nx, const int n

Update composition field using explicit Euler discretization (forward-time centered space)

4.25.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of boundary condition functions with OpenMP threading.

4.25.2 Function Documentation

Perform the convolution of the mask matrix with the composition matrix.

If the convolution mask is the Laplacian stencil, the convolution evaluates the discrete Laplacian of the composition field. Other masks are possible, for example the Sobel filters for edge detection. This function is general purpose: as long as the dimensions nx, ny, and nm are properly specified, the convolution will be correctly computed.

Definition at line 18 of file openmp discretization.c.

4.25.2.2 update_composition() void update_composition (

```
fp_t ** conc_old,
fp_t ** conc_lap,
fp_t ** conc_new,
const int nx,
const int ny,
const int nm,
const fp_t D,
const fp_t dt )
```

Update composition field using explicit Euler discretization (forward-time centered space)

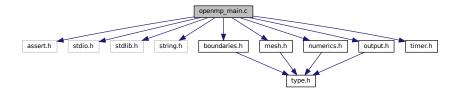
Definition at line 38 of file openmp discretization.c.

4.26 openmp_main.c File Reference

OpenMP implementation of semi-infinite diffusion equation.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "boundaries.h"
#include "mesh.h"
#include "numerics.h"
#include "output.h"
#include "timer.h"
```

Include dependency graph for openmp_main.c:



Functions

• int main (int argc, char *argv[])

Run simulation using input parameters specified on the command line.

4.26.1 Detailed Description

OpenMP implementation of semi-infinite diffusion equation.

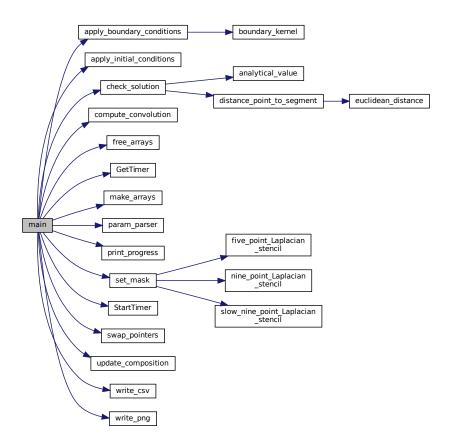
4.26.2 Function Documentation

```
4.26.2.1 main() int main ( int argc, char * argv[])
```

Run simulation using input parameters specified on the command line.

Definition at line 25 of file openmp_main.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

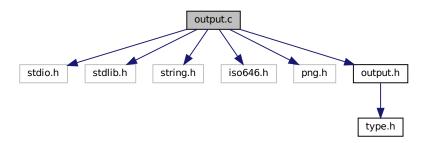


4.27 output.c File Reference

Implementation of file output functions for diffusion benchmarks.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <iso646.h>
#include <png.h>
```

#include "output.h"
Include dependency graph for output.c:



Functions

• void param_parser (int argc, char *argv[], int *bx, int *by, int *checks, int *code, fp_t *D, fp_t *dx, fp_t *dy, fp_t *linStab, int *nm, int *nx, int *ny, int *steps)

Read parameters from file specified on the command line.

- void print_progress (const int steps)
 - Prints timestamps and a 20-point progress bar to stdout.
- void write_csv (fp_t **conc, const int nx, const int ny, const fp_t dx, const fp_t dy, const int step)

Writes scalar composition field to diffusion.???????csv.

• void write_png (fp_t **conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int step)

Writes scalar composition field to diffusion.???????.png.

4.27.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of file output functions for diffusion benchmarks.

4.27.2 Function Documentation


```
char * argv[],
int * bx,
int * by,
int * checks,
int * code,
fp_t * D,
fp_t * dx,
```

```
fp_t * dy,
fp_t * linStab,
int * nm,
int * nx,
int * ny,
int * steps )
```

Read parameters from file specified on the command line.

Definition at line 18 of file output.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



```
4.27.2.2 print_progress() void print_progress ( const int step, const int steps)
```

Prints timestamps and a 20-point progress bar to stdout.

Call inside the timestepping loop, near the top, e.g.

```
for (int step=0; step<steps; step++) {
    print_progress(step, steps);
    take_a_step();
    elapsed += dt;
}</pre>
```

Definition at line 124 of file output.c.

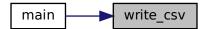
Here is the caller graph for this function:



Writes scalar composition field to diffusion.??????csv.

Definition at line 148 of file output.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



Writes scalar composition field to diffusion.??????ng.

Definition at line 181 of file output.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

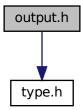


4.28 output.h File Reference

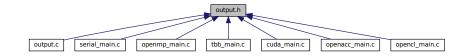
Declaration of output function prototypes for diffusion benchmarks.

#include "type.h"

Include dependency graph for output.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

• void param_parser (int argc, char *argv[], int *bx, int *by, int *checks, int *code, fp_t *D, fp_t *dx, fp_t *dy, fp_t *linStab, int *nm, int *nx, int *ny, int *steps)

Read parameters from file specified on the command line.

void print_progress (const int step, const int steps)

Prints timestamps and a 20-point progress bar to stdout.

void write_csv (fp_t **conc, const int nx, const int ny, const fp_t dx, const fp_t dy, const int step)

Writes scalar composition field to diffusion. ???????.csv.

void write_png (fp_t **conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int step)

Writes scalar composition field to diffusion.??????ng.

4.28.1 Detailed Description

Declaration of output function prototypes for diffusion benchmarks.

4.28.2 Function Documentation

Read parameters from file specified on the command line.

Definition at line 18 of file output.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



```
4.28.2.2 print_progress() void print_progress ( const int step, const int steps)
```

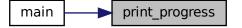
Prints timestamps and a 20-point progress bar to stdout.

Call inside the timestepping loop, near the top, e.g.

```
for (int step=0; step<steps; step++) {
    print_progress(step, steps);
    take_a_step();
    elapsed += dt;
}</pre>
```

Definition at line 124 of file output.c.

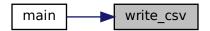
Here is the caller graph for this function:



Writes scalar composition field to diffusion.??????csv.

Definition at line 148 of file output.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



Writes scalar composition field to diffusion.??????ng.

Definition at line 181 of file output.c.

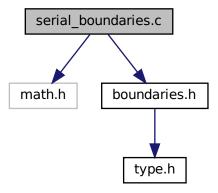
Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.29 serial_boundaries.c File Reference

Implementation of boundary condition functions without threading.

```
#include <math.h>
#include "boundaries.h"
Include dependency graph for serial_boundaries.c:
```



Functions

- void apply_initial_conditions (fp_t **conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

 Initialize flat composition field with fixed boundary conditions.
- void apply_boundary_conditions (fp_t **conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm) Set fixed value (c_{hi}) along left and bottom, zero-flux elsewhere.

4.29.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of boundary condition functions without threading.

4.29.2 Function Documentation

4.29.2.1 apply_boundary_conditions() void apply_boundary_conditions (

```
fp_t ** conc,
const int nx,
const int ny,
const int nm )
```

Set fixed value (c_{hi}) along left and bottom, zero-flux elsewhere.

Definition at line 29 of file serial_boundaries.c.

4.29.2.2 apply_initial_conditions() void apply_initial_conditions (

```
fp_t ** conc_old,
const int nx,
const int ny,
const int nm )
```

Initialize flat composition field with fixed boundary conditions.

The boundary conditions are fixed values of c_{hi} along the lower-left half and upper-right half walls, no flux everywhere else, with an initial values of c_{lo} everywhere. These conditions represent a carburizing process, with partial exposure (rather than the entire left and right walls) to produce an inhomogeneous workload and highlight numerical errors at the boundaries.

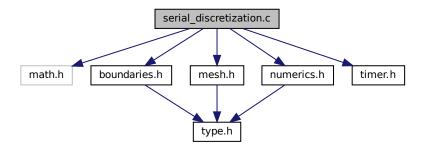
Definition at line 14 of file serial_boundaries.c.

4.30 serial_discretization.c File Reference

Implementation of boundary condition functions without threading.

```
#include <math.h>
#include "boundaries.h"
#include "mesh.h"
#include "numerics.h"
#include "timer.h"
```

Include dependency graph for serial_discretization.c:



Functions

void compute_convolution (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **conc_lap, fp_t **mask_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

Perform the convolution of the mask matrix with the composition matrix.

void update_composition (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **conc_lap, fp_t **conc_new, const int nx, const int n

Update composition field using explicit Euler discretization (forward-time centered space)

4.30.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of boundary condition functions without threading.

4.30.2 Function Documentation

Perform the convolution of the mask matrix with the composition matrix.

If the convolution mask is the Laplacian stencil, the convolution evaluates the discrete Laplacian of the composition field. Other masks are possible, for example the Sobel filters for edge detection. This function is general purpose: as long as the dimensions nx, ny, and nm are properly specified, the convolution will be correctly computed.

Definition at line 17 of file serial_discretization.c.

const int nm)

```
4.30.2.2 update composition() void update_composition (
```

```
fp_t ** conc_old,
fp_t ** conc_lap,
fp_t ** conc_new,
const int nx,
const int ny,
const int nm,
const fp_t D,
const fp_t dt )
```

Update composition field using explicit Euler discretization (forward-time centered space)

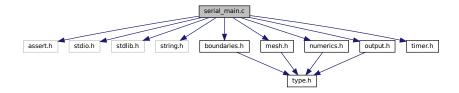
Definition at line 33 of file serial discretization.c.

4.31 serial_main.c File Reference

Serial implementation of semi-infinite diffusion equation.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "boundaries.h"
#include "mesh.h"
#include "numerics.h"
#include "output.h"
#include "timer.h"
```

Include dependency graph for serial_main.c:



Functions

• int main (int argc, char *argv[])

Run simulation using input parameters specified on the command line.

4.31.1 Detailed Description

Serial implementation of semi-infinite diffusion equation.

4.31.2 Function Documentation

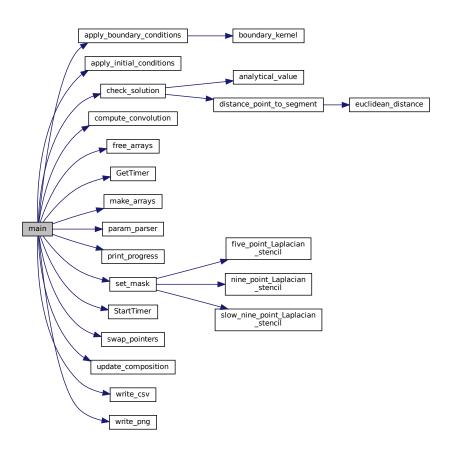
```
4.31.2.1 main() int main ( int argc, char * argv[])
```

Run simulation using input parameters specified on the command line.

Program will write a series of PNG image files to visualize scalar composition field, plus a final CSV raw data file and CSV runtime log tabulating the iteration counter (*iter*), elapsed simulation time (*sim_time*), system free energy (*energy*), error relative to analytical solution (*wrss*), time spent performing convolution (*conv_time*), time spent updating fields (*step_time*), time spent writing to disk (*IO_time*), time spent generating analytical values (*soln_time*), and total elapsed (*run_time*).

Definition at line 33 of file serial_main.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:



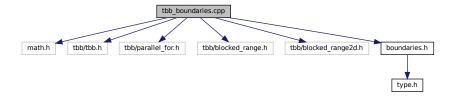
4.32 tbb_boundaries.cpp File Reference

Implementation of boundary condition functions with TBB threading.

```
#include <math.h>
#include <tbb/tbb.h>
```

```
#include <tbb/parallel_for.h>
#include <tbb/blocked_range.h>
#include <tbb/blocked_range2d.h>
#include "boundaries.h"
```

Include dependency graph for tbb_boundaries.cpp:



Functions

- void apply_initial_conditions (fp_t **conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

 Initialize flat composition field with fixed boundary conditions.
- void apply_boundary_conditions (fp_t **conc, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm) Set fixed value (c_{hi}) along left and bottom, zero-flux elsewhere.

4.32.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of boundary condition functions with TBB threading.

4.32.2 Function Documentation

Set fixed value (c_{hi}) along left and bottom, zero-flux elsewhere.

Definition at line 54 of file tbb_boundaries.cpp.

Initialize flat composition field with fixed boundary conditions.

The boundary conditions are fixed values of c_{hi} along the lower-left half and upper-right half walls, no flux everywhere else, with an initial values of c_{lo} everywhere. These conditions represent a carburizing process, with partial exposure (rather than the entire left and right walls) to produce an inhomogeneous workload and highlight numerical errors at the boundaries.

Definition at line 18 of file tbb_boundaries.cpp.

4.33 tbb discretization.cpp File Reference

Implementation of boundary condition functions with TBB threading.

```
#include <math.h>
#include <tbb/tbb.h>
#include <tbb/task_scheduler_init.h>
#include <tbb/parallel_for.h>
#include <tbb/parallel_reduce.h>
#include <tbb/blocked_range2d.h>
#include "boundaries.h"
#include "mesh.h"
#include "numerics.h"
#include "timer.h"
```

Include dependency graph for tbb_discretization.cpp:



Functions

void compute_convolution (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **conc_lap, fp_t **mask_lap, const int nx, const int ny, const int nm)

Perform the convolution of the mask matrix with the composition matrix.

void update_composition (fp_t **conc_old, fp_t **conc_lap, fp_t **conc_new, const int nx, const int nx, const int nm, const fp_t D, const fp_t dt)

Update composition field using explicit Euler discretization (forward-time centered space)

• void check_solution_lambda (fp_t **conc_new, fp_t **conc_lap, const int nx, const int nx, const int nx, const fp_t dx, const fp_t dy, const int nm, const fp_t elapsed, const fp_t D, fp_t *rss)

4.33.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of boundary condition functions with TBB threading.

4.33.2 Function Documentation

Definition at line 59 of file tbb_discretization.cpp.

const fp_t D,
fp_t * rss)

Here is the caller graph for this function:

```
main _____ check_solution_lambda
```

Perform the convolution of the mask matrix with the composition matrix.

If the convolution mask is the Laplacian stencil, the convolution evaluates the discrete Laplacian of the composition field. Other masks are possible, for example the Sobel filters for edge detection. This function is general purpose: as long as the dimensions nx, ny, and nm are properly specified, the convolution will be correctly computed.

Definition at line 22 of file tbb_discretization.cpp.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.33.2.3 update_composition() void update_composition (

```
fp_t ** conc_old,
fp_t ** conc_lap,
fp_t ** conc_new,
const int nx,
const int ny,
const int nm,
const fp_t D,
const fp_t dt )
```

Update composition field using explicit Euler discretization (forward-time centered space)

Definition at line 43 of file tbb_discretization.cpp.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



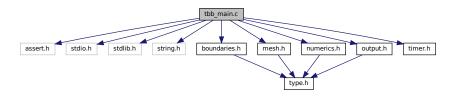
4.34 tbb_main.c File Reference

Threading Building Blocks implementation of semi-infinite diffusion equation.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <string.h>
#include "boundaries.h"
#include "mesh.h"
#include "numerics.h"
#include "output.h"
#include "timer.h"
```

Include dependency graph for tbb main.c:



Functions

- void check_solution_lambda (fp_t **conc_new, fp_t **conc_lap, const int nx, const int nx, const int nx, const fp_t dx, const fp_t dy, const int nm, const fp_t elapsed, const fp_t D, fp_t *rss)
- int main (int argc, char *argv[])

Run simulation using input parameters specified on the command line.

4.34.1 Detailed Description

Threading Building Blocks implementation of semi-infinite diffusion equation.

4.34.2 Function Documentation

${\bf 4.34.2.1} \quad {\bf check_solution_lambda()} \quad {\tt void \ check_solution_lambda} \ ($

```
fp_t ** conc_new,
fp_t ** conc_lap,
const int nx,
const int ny,
const fp_t dx,
const fp_t dy,
const int nm,
const fp_t elapsed,
const fp_t D,
fp_t * rss )
```

Definition at line 59 of file tbb_discretization.cpp.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



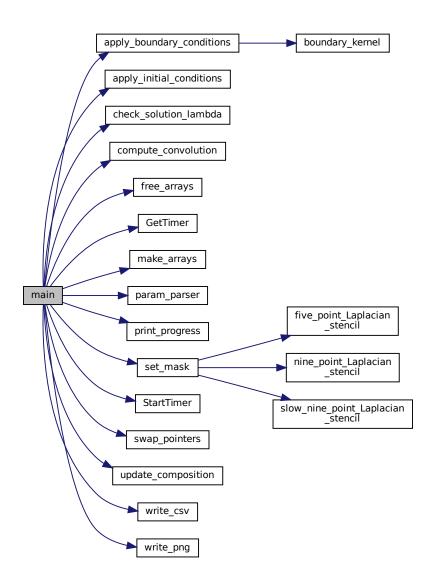
```
4.34.2.2 main() int main ( int argc, char * argv[] )
```

Run simulation using input parameters specified on the command line.

Definition at line 29 of file tbb_main.c.

4.35 timer.c File Reference 105

Here is the call graph for this function:

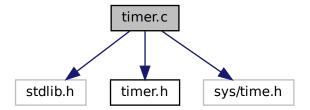


4.35 timer.c File Reference

High-resolution cross-platform machine time reader.

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "timer.h"
#include <sys/time.h>
```

Include dependency graph for timer.c:



Macros

- #define __USE_BSD
- #define __USE_MISC

Functions

- void StartTimer ()
 - Set CPU frequency and begin timing.
- double GetTimer ()

Return elapsed time in seconds.

Variables

• struct timeval timerStart

4.35.1 Detailed Description

High-resolution cross-platform machine time reader.

Author

NVIDIA

4.35.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.35 timer.c File Reference 107

4.35.2.1 __USE_BSD #define __USE_BSD

Definition at line 37 of file timer.c.

4.35.2.2 __USE_MISC #define __USE_MISC

Definition at line 40 of file timer.c.

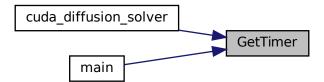
4.35.3 Function Documentation

4.35.3.1 GetTimer() double GetTimer ()

Return elapsed time in seconds.

Definition at line 71 of file timer.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

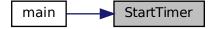


4.35.3.2 StartTimer() void StartTimer ()

Set CPU frequency and begin timing.

Definition at line 55 of file timer.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.35.4 Variable Documentation

4.35.4.1 timerStart struct timeval timerStart

Platform-dependent data type of hardware time value

Definition at line 1 of file timer.c.

4.36 timer.h File Reference

Declaration of timer function prototypes for diffusion benchmarks.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

· void StartTimer ()

Set CPU frequency and begin timing.

• double GetTimer ()

Return elapsed time in seconds.

4.36.1 Detailed Description

Declaration of timer function prototypes for diffusion benchmarks.

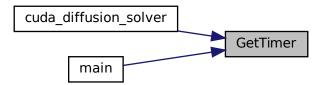
4.36.2 Function Documentation

4.36.2.1 GetTimer() double GetTimer ()

Return elapsed time in seconds.

Definition at line 71 of file timer.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.36.2.2 StartTimer() void StartTimer ()

Set CPU frequency and begin timing.

Definition at line 55 of file timer.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.37 type.h File Reference

Definition of scalar data type and Doxygen diffusion group.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

struct Stopwatch

Typedefs

typedef double fp_t

4.37.1 Detailed Description

Definition of scalar data type and Doxygen diffusion group.

4.37.2 Typedef Documentation

$\textbf{4.37.2.1} \quad \textbf{fp_t} \quad \texttt{typedef double fp_t}$

Specify the basic data type to achieve the desired accuracy in floating-point arithmetic: float for single-precision, double for double-precision. This choice propagates throughout the code, and may significantly affect runtime on GPU hardware.

Definition at line 22 of file type.h.

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