# NIST Testing Approach Overview: Using the HL7 V2 LOI Validation Tool

Laboratory Order Interface (LOI) – Ambulatory EHR-S

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### **Purpose**

- Provide an additional resource to explain the process of EHR testing related to HL7 V2 Laboratory Orders Interface (LOI) Messaging
- Describe NIST approach for assessing and validating the test messages
- Provide an overview of the testing requirements

### **Table of Contents**

- List of Resources
- Scope of NIST LOI Testing
- Testing Procedure and Testing Workflow Diagrams
- Explanation of Test Scenarios and Test Cases
- Example Test Case Documents
- Explanation of Test Data Categorization/Validation
- Test Tool Overview and Example Test Tool Screen
- FAQ for LOI Test Tool
- Additional Resources



#### Resources

- LOI Test Plan (on Documentation Tab)
- Test Tool Web Site (<a href="http://hl7v2-loi-r1-testing.nist.gov">http://hl7v2-loi-r1-testing.nist.gov</a>) Beta Version
  - Validation Tools
  - User Documentation
    - S&I Framework Lab Order Interface (LOI) Implementation Guide
       (http://www.hl7.org/implement/standards/product\_brief.cfm?product\_id=152)
    - LOI Tool Quick Reference Guide (In Process)
    - LOI Tool Tutorial (In Process)
  - Release Notes for each version of Test Tool (on Documentation Tab)
- LOI Test Tool Google Group for submitting questions to the Test Tool developers

(https://groups.google.com/forum/?hl=en#!forum/hl7v2-lab-orders-interface-testing)



# **Scope of NIST Testing**

NIST testing is directed at an EHR product, not specific instances (implementations) of an EHR system

- NIST LOI testing focuses on the capability of the EHR product to electronically create lab order messages in accordance with standards for electronic transmission from ambulatory EHRs
- · Transmission of the messages is not being tested
- Receiving LIS\* are not being tested using the LOI Context-based validation tool; however, the receiving LIS should be capable of processing the data included in the LOI test message

\*Laboratory Information Systems

Testing focus and scope is narrow

- Testing encompasses only the specific use case indicated in the LOI implementation guide
- Testing does not attempt to address the entire spectrum of use cases found in practice or specified in implementation guides

NIST testing is driven by the test data

- NIST is testing the capability of an EHR product to create lab order messages for transmission from ambulatory EHRs using specific data
- The Test Cases provided do not cover the full extent of use cases specified in the implementation guide; through consultation with clinical laboratory experts, a subset of key lab tests were selected for testing
- The testing will not demonstrate complete conformance to the implementation guide, as it is not practical for this testing to be exhaustive

Clinical laboratory subject matter experts, in collaboration with the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), provided the Test Scenarios, Test Cases, and Test Data for the NIST Laboratory Order Interface testing

# **NIST Lab Order Interface Testing**

- Evaluates the capability for an ambulatory EHR technology to electronically <u>create</u> laboratory orders for electronic transmission to laboratory information systems
  - Using HL7 Version 2.5.1 Implementation Guide: S&I Framework Laboratory Orders from EHR (Referred to as LOI)
  - Using LOINC® version 2.40 (at a minimum)
  - With all the information for a test requisition as specified at 42 CFR 493.1241(c)(1) through (c)(8)
- The LOI Test Tool targets the create aspect, evaluating the capability of the EHR to electronically create the LOINC-encoded laboratory test result message in a conformant HL7 v2.5.1 format
- The testing focuses on the proper implementation of the LOI specification; how the laboratory order is sent from an ambulatory EHR to an LIS is not within the scope

#### Referenced Standards - Lab Order Interface

- 42 CFR 493.1241 Standard: Test request. (c) The laboratory must ensure the test requisition solicits the following information:
  - (1) The name and address or other suitable identifiers of the authorized person requesting the test and, if appropriate, the individual responsible for using the test results, or the name and address of the laboratory submitting the specimen, including, as applicable, a contact person to enable the reporting of imminently life threatening laboratory results or panic or alert values.
  - (2) The patient's name or unique patient identifier.
  - (3) The sex and age or date of birth of the patient.
  - (4) The test(s) to be performed.
  - (5) The source of the specimen, when appropriate.
  - (6) The date and, if appropriate, time of specimen collection.
  - (7) For Pap smears, the patient's last menstrual period, and indication of whether the patient had a previous abnormal report, treatment, or biopsy.
  - (8) Any additional information relevant and necessary for a specific test to ensure accurate and timely testing and reporting of results, including interpretation, if applicable.
- Implementation specifications for exchanging electronic health information
  - HL7 Version 2.5.1 Implementation Guide: S&I Framework Laboratory Orders from EHR
- Vocabulary standards for representing electronic health information
  - Logical Observation Identifiers Names and Codes (LOINC®) Database version 2.40, a universal code system for identifying laboratory and clinical observations produced by the Regenstrief Institute, Inc.



#### **Referenced Standards Documents**

V251\_IG\_SIF\_LABORDERS\_ DSTU\_R1\_2013DEC



HL7 Version 2.5.1 Implementation Guide: S&I Framework Laboratory Orders from EHR, Release 1 - US Realm

#### **Draft Standard for Trial Use**

December 2013

Publication of this draft standard for trial use and comment has been approved by Health Level Seven International (HL7). This draft standard is not an accredited American National Standard. The comment period for use of this draft standard shall end 12 months from the date of publication. Suggestions for revision should be submitted at http://www.hl7.org/dstucomments/index.cfm.

Following this 12 month evaluation period, this draft standard, revised as necessary, will be submitted to a normative ballot in preparation for approval by ANSI as an American National Standard. Implementations of this draft standard shall be viable throughout the normative ballot process and for up to six months after publication of the relevant normative standard.

Sponsored by:
Orders and Observations Work Group
in collaboration with the Health and Human Services Standards
and Interoperability Framework Laboratory Orders Interface Working Group

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# HL7 2.5.1 LOI Implementation Guide Release 1 DSTU

http://www.hl7.org/implement/standards/product\_brief.cfm?product\_id=152



### **Referenced Standards Documents**

§ 493, 1241

approves a procedure, specified in Appendix C of the State Operations Manual (CMS Pub. 7), that provides equivalent quality testing. The laboratory must monitor and evaluate the overall quality of the preanalytic systems and correct identified problems as specified in §493.1249 for each specialty and subspecialty of testing performed.

#### § 493.1241 Standard: Test request.

(a) The laboratory must have a written or electronic request for patient testing from an authorized person.

(b) The laboratory may accept oral requests for laboratory tests if it soltcits a written or electronic authorization within 30 days of the oral request and maintains the authorization or documentation of its efforts to obtain the authorization.

(c) The laboratory must ensure the test requisition solicits the following information:

- (1) The name and address or other suitable identifiers of the authorized person requesting the test and, if appropriate, the individual responsible for using the test results, or the name and address of the laboratory submitting the specimen, including, as applicable, a contact person to enable the reporting of imminently life threatening laboratory results or panic or alert values.
- (2) The patient's name or unique patient identifier.
- (3) The sex and age or date of birth of the patient.
- (4) The test(s) to be performed.
- (5) The source of the specimen, when appropriate.
- (6) The date and, if appropriate, time of specimen collection.
- (7) For Pap smears, the patient's last menstrual period, and indication of whether the patient had a previous abnormal report, treatment, or blopsy.
- (8) Any additional information relevant and necessary for a specific test to ensure accurate and timely testing and reporting of results, including interpretation, if applicable.

record may be used as the test regulattion or authorization but must be available to the laboratory at the time of testing and available to CMS or a CMS agent upon request. 42 CFR Ch. IV (10-1-11 Edition)

(e) If the laboratory transcribes or enters test requisition or authorization information into a record system or a laboratory information system, the laboratory must ensure the information is transcribed or entered accurately.

#### § 493.1242 Standard: Specimen submission, handling, and referral.

- (a) The laboratory must establish and follow written policies and procedures for each of the following, if applicable:
- (1) Patient preparation.
- (2) Spectmen collection.
- (3) Specimen labeling, including patient name or unique patient identifier and, when appropriate, specimen source.
- (4) Specimen storage and preservation.
- (5) Conditions for specimen transportation.
- (6) Spectmen processing.
- (7) Specimen acceptability and rejection.
- (8) Specimen referral.
- (b) The laboratory must document the date and time it receives a specimen.
- (c) The laboratory must refer a specimen for testing only to a CLIA-certified laboratory or a laboratory meeting equivalent requirements as determined by OMS.
- (d) If the laboratory accepts a referral specimen, written instructions must be available to the laboratory's clients and must include, as appropriate, the information specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(7) of this section.

#### § 493,1249 Standard: Preanalytic systems quality assessment.

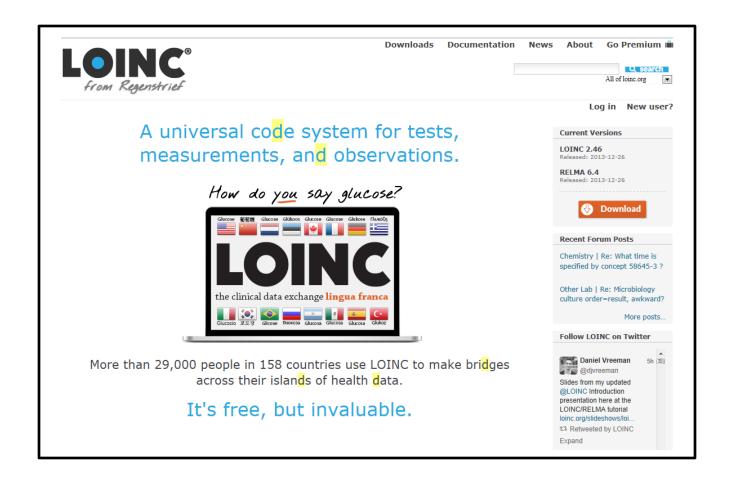
(a) The laboratory must establish and follow written policies and procedures for an ongoing mechanism to monitor, assess, and when indicated, correct problems identified in the preanalytic systems specified at \$5493.1241 through 493.1242.

(b) The preanalytic systems quality assessment must include a review of the effectiveness of corrective actions taken to resolve problems, revision of policies and procedures necessary to prevent recurrence of problems, and 42 CFR 493.1241 Standard: Test request.

http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/granule/CFR-2011-title42-vol5/CFR-2011-title42-vol5-sec493-1241/content-detail.html



#### **Referenced Standards Web Site**



LOINC® Database version 2.40 (at a minimum)

http://loinc.org/

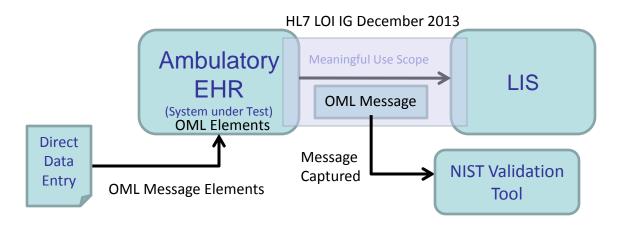
### **LOI Validation Tool Overview**

Purpose: The tool validates LOI messages created by EHR technology

Tool Key Capabilities		
LOI Context-free Validation	<ul> <li>(No Test Cases - Test any LOI message created by EHR senders</li> <li>Context (e.g. type and results of lab test) is unknown to validation tool</li> <li>Provides a simple and convenient method for testing message structure and most vocabulary</li> </ul>	
LOI Context-based Validation	<ul> <li>(Test Cases - Test LOI message associated with a specific test scenario)</li> <li>Context (e.g. type and results of lab test) is known to validation tool</li> <li>All conformance requirements of LOI implementation guide can be assessed</li> <li>(Context-base Validation is used for certifying EHR technology for Meaningful Use)</li> </ul>	
Profile Viewer	Provides a browsable version of the conformance profile which encapsulates the requirements. Can be used to assist in the interpretation of errors.	
Vocabulary Browser	Provides a browsable view of the vocabulary requirements. Can be used to assist in the interpretation of value set errors.	
Documentation	Provides access to documents which will assist in using the tool (including test plans, data sheet and juror document supplements).	



# **Lab Orders from Ambulatory EHR Testing Procedure**



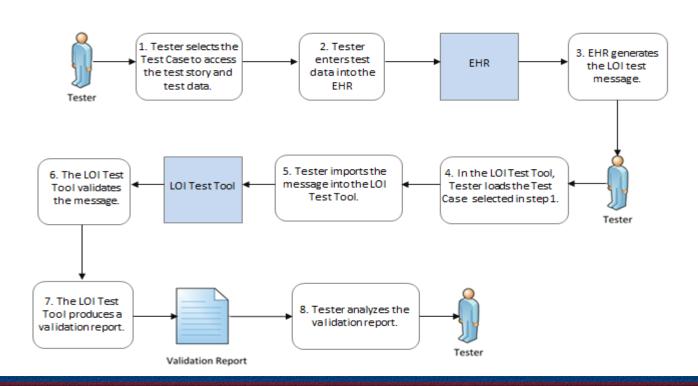
- 1. The Ambulatory EHR is the system being tested. The EHR system is required to create messages that conform to the referenced standards (See previous slides).
- 2. Test data can be entered into EHR directly via the EHR's user interface or can be imported via some other method
- 3. The EHR is expected to process the test data to create a message. This message is captured and uploaded into the testing tool for validation.
- 4. Test data are available in the Test Tool via the Test Cases in the Context-based Validation. Each Test Case includes a Test Story that provides the context, a Test Data Specification that lists the test data, and a Message Content Data Sheet that shows a conformant message (in a table format) including a detailed profile of the required elements

# **Testing Workflow Diagram for Context-based Validation**

### This diagram shows

- How the major steps of the context-based test are sequenced
- When the Test Tool is to be used

# **LOI Testing Workflow**



### **Test Scenarios and Associated Test Cases**

- Each of the LOI test cases
  - Addresses a specific test scenario
  - Consists of a Test Story, Test Data Specification sheet, and Message Content sheet
  - Includes LOI test data for lab tests ordered by an EHR-S in the ambulatory setting
- One test case is a "smoke test" for demonstration of basic LOI capabilities and should be completed prior to beginning the other test cases
- Test cases and specific test data are provided for four profile options defined in the LOI implementation guide (see next slide for details about these profile options)

### Test Scenarios and Associated Test Cases (cont'd)

- The HL7 Version 2.5.1 Implementation Guide: S&I Framework Lab Orders from EHR (LOI) interoperability standard defines <u>four profile options</u> that are relevant for NIST Context-based Validation
- These profile options are composed of Pre-Coordinated OIDs or combinations of Component OIDs used to populate MSH.21 (Message Profile Identifier)

LOI Profile	Pre-Coordinated OID	Component OIDs	<b>Component Name</b>
LOI_GU_PRU_Profile	2.16.840.1.113883.9.85	2.16.840.1.113883.9.66 2.16.840.1.113883.9.78 2.16.840.1.113883.9.82	LOI_Common_Component LOI_GU_Component LAB_PRU_Component
LOI_GU_PRN_Profile	2.16.840.1.113883.9.86	2.16.840.1.113883.9.66 2.16.840.1.113883.9.78 2.16.840.1.113883.9.81	LOI_Common_Component LOI_GU_Component LAB_PRN_Component
LOI_NG_PRU_Profile	2.16.840.1.113883.9.87	2.16.840.1.113883.9.66 2.16.840.1.113883.9.79 2.16.840.1.113883.9.82	LOI_Common_Component LOI_NG_Component LAB_PRU_Component
LOI_NG_PRN_Profile	2.16.840.1.113883.9.88	2.16.840.1.113883.9.66 2.16.840.1.113883.9.79 2.16.840.1.113883.9.81	LOI_Common_Component LOI_NG_Component LAB_PRN_Component

The PRN profiles apply only to the GHP and Creatinine Clearance test cases in the LOI test tool

- For the purpose of NIST Context-based Validation, the Vendor will declare which one of the four profile options they are claiming for conformance
- The test cases are grouped in the test tool by GU or NG

### Test Scenarios and Associated Test Cases (cont'd)

 Context-free Validation in the LOI test tool may be used to evaluate messages containing the following additional optional profile components:

Component OIDs	<b>Component Name</b>	
2.16.840.1.113883.9.80	LAB_FI_Component	(Financial Information)
2.16.840.1.113883.9.94	LOI_PH_COMPONENT	(Public Health)

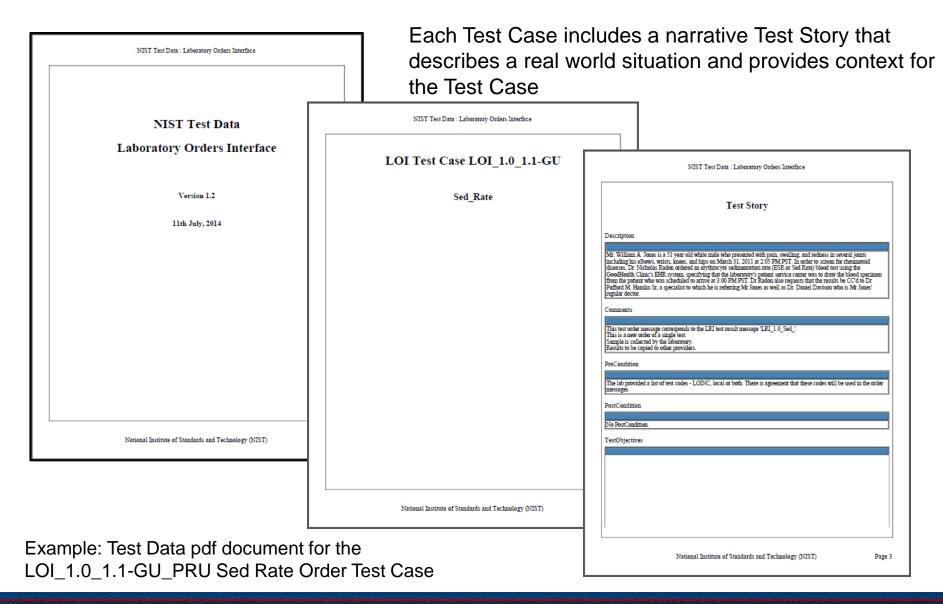
 Example messages containing these optional components are available on the Documentation tab in the LOI test tool

### Test Scenarios and Associated Test Cases (cont'd)

- Depending on which profile is claimed by the Vendor
  - The Tester shall use the NG test cases, and shall use either NG\_PRU or NG\_PRN for the GHP (Initial Order) and Creatinine Clearance test cases <u>or</u>
  - The Tester shall use the GU test cases, and shall use either GU\_PRU or GU\_PRN for the GHP (Initial Order) and Creatinine Clearance test cases

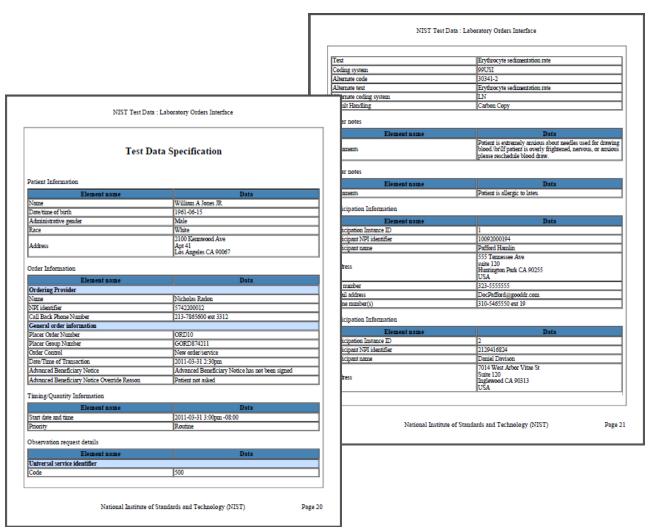
, ,		
Test Scenario	NG Test Cases	GU Test Cases
Minimally Populated Prothrombin Time – Initial Order (Smoke Test)	LOI_0.0_1.1-NG	LOI_0.0_1.1-GU
Typically Populated Sed Rate message – Initial Order via Ambulatory EHR	LOI_1.0_1.1-NG	LOI_1.0_1.1-GU
Typically Populated Sed Rate message – Order Cancelled via Ambulatory EHR	LOI_1.0_2.1-NG	LOI_1.0_2.1-GU
Typically Populated Sed Rate message – Order Cancelled by Lab	LOI_1.0_3.1-NG	LOI_1.0_3.1-GU
Typically Populated CBC – Initial Order	LOI_2.0_1.1-GU	LOI_2.0_1.1-GU
Typically Populated Lipid Panel – Initial Order	LOI_3.0_1.1-NG	LOI_3.0_1.1-GU
Typically Populated Lipid Panel – Initial Order	LOI_3.1_1.1-NG	LOI_3.1_1.1-GU
Typically Populated Culture and Susceptibility – Microbiology – Initial Order	LOI_4.0_1.1-NG	LOI_4.0_1.1-GU
Typically Populated Hepatitis – Reflex – Initial Order	LOI_5.0_1.1-NG	LOI_5.0_1.1-GU
Typically Populated Pap Smear – Anatomical Pathology – Initial Order	LOI_6.0_1.1-NG	LOI_6.0_1.1-GU
Typically Populated GHP – Initial Order	LOI_7.0_1.1-NG_PRU OR LOI_7.0_1 1-NG_PRN	LOI_7.0_1.1-GU_PRU OR LOI_7.0_1.1-GU_PRN
Typically Populated GHP – Add-On Order	LOI_7.0_2.1-NG	LOI_7.0_2.1-GU
Typically Populated Creatinine Clearance – Initial Order	LOI_9.0_1NG_PRU OR LOI_9.0_1NG_PRN	LOI_9.0_1.1-GU_PRU OR LOI_9.0_1.1-GU_PRN
Typically Populated Prostate Biopsy – Anatomical Pathology – Initial Order	LOI_10.0_1.1-NG	LOI_10.0_1.1-GU

### **The Test Data Documents for Each Test Case**





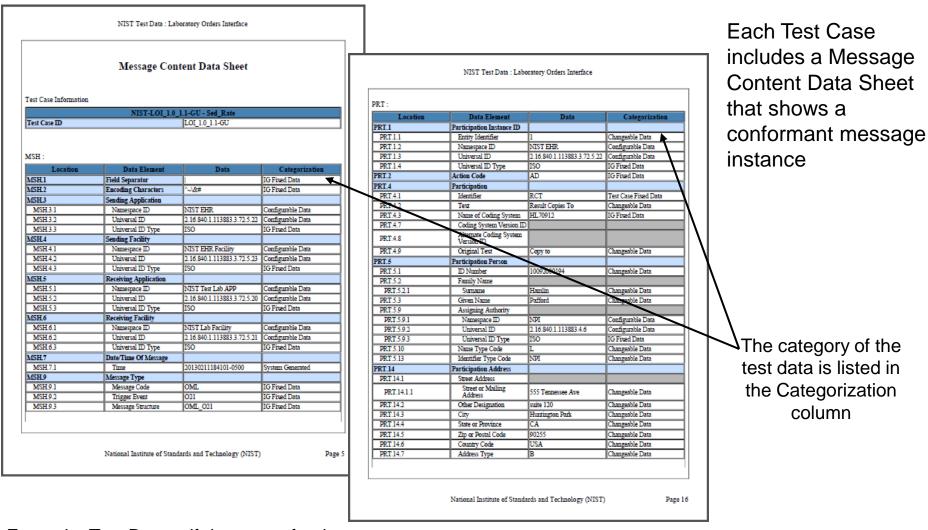
# The Test Data Documents for Each Test Case (cont'd)



- Each Test Case includes a Test Data Specification that
  - Lists data associated with the Test Story
  - Consists of typical information found in the clinical setting
  - Along with the Test
     Story, provides
     sufficient information to
     be entered into the EHR
     for the Test Case
- A test message is generated using these data and the EHR functions

Example: Test Data pdf document for the LOI\_1.0\_1.1-GU\_PRU Sed Rate Order Test Case

# The Test Data Documents for Each Test Case (cont'd)



Example: Test Data pdf document for the LOI\_1.0\_1.1-GU\_PRU Sed Rate Order Test Case

# **Test Data Categorization and Validation**

- The Message Content Data Sheet shows the categorization of the test data that are provided for each Location
- The category assigned to the data is directly related to how the associated message content is validated by the Test Tool, as shown in the table below

Data Categorization	Data Categorization Description	
Configurable	Data typically that is configured by the system (customer-definable). Example data is provided.	Validate for the presence of data
System Generated	Data typically generated automatically by the system, for example, message time. Example data is provided.	Validate for the presence of data
IG Fixed	Data that is fixed by the implementation guide; data can't be changed. Specific data is provided.	Validate for the presence and data content
Test Case Fixed	Data that is specific and fixed by the test case; data should not be changed. Specific data is provided	Validate for the presence and selectively validate for data content
Changeable	Data where the exact content is not relevant for the Test Case and can be changed for the purposes of testing. Example data is provided.	Validate for the presence of data

#### **Test Data Validation**

- The Test Tool validates a message for the presence and exact content of the data for Locations assigned to the IG Fixed category and the Test Case Fixed category
- The Test Tool validates a message for the *presence* of data for Locations assigned to any of the other categories
  - These data are necessary for the transaction, but the exact content is either not relevant for the Test Case or may be system-dependent
  - Example: Universal ID for the Performing Organization

Location	Value	Category	Assessment
PRT.4.1	RTC	Test Case Fixed Data	Content must be present and exactly "RTC"
PRT.4.2	Result Copies To	Changeable Data	Content must be <u>present</u> and should be a value equivalent to "Result Copies To"
PRT.4.3	HL70912	IG Fixed Data	Content must be present and exactly "HL70912"
MSH.3.1	NIST EHR	Configurable Data	Content must be <u>present</u> and should be an equivalent value
MSH.3.3	ISO	IG Fixed Data	Content must be present and exactly "ISO"

 The testing laboratory may also inspect the message during validation; the Inspection Test Guides in the Test Procedure document provide guidance

#### **LOI Validation Tool Overview**

Purpose: The tool validates LOI messages created by EHR technology

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LOI Context-free Validation	<ul> <li>(No Test Cases - Test any LOI message created by EHR senders</li> <li>Context (e.g. type and results of lab test) is unknown to validation tool</li> <li>Provides a simple and convenient method for testing message structure and most vocabulary</li> </ul>	
LOI Context-based Validation	<ul> <li>(Test Cases - Test LOI message associated with a specific test scenario)</li> <li>Context (e.g. type and results of lab test) is known to validation tool</li> <li>All conformance requirements of LOI implementation guide can be assessed</li> </ul>	
Profile Viewer	Provides a browsable version of the conformance profile which encapsulates the requirements. Can be used to assist in the interpretation of errors.	
Vocabulary Browser	Provides a browsable view of the vocabulary requirements. Can be used to assist in the interpretation of value set errors.	
Documentation	Provides access to documents which will assist in using the tool (including test plans, data sheet and juror document supplements).	

No registration or log-in credentials are needed. Simply click link on the link below and send/paste/load message into tool to obtain a Validation Report.

#### http://hl7v2-loi-r1-testing.nist.gov

NOTE: The Test Tool (.war file) can also be downloaded and installed locally.

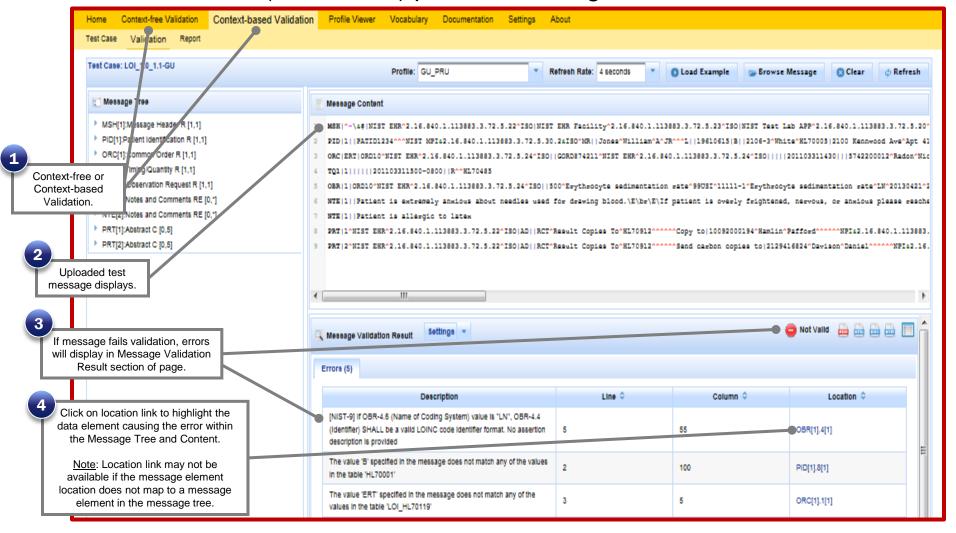
NOTE: Web Application is compatible with Internet Explorer versions 8 and 9, Firefox, and Chrome. Recommended browsers are Internet Explorer 9, Firefox and Chrome.

Register to Google Group at: <a href="https://groups.google.com/forum/?hl=en#!forum/hl7v2-lab-orders-interface-testing">https://groups.google.com/forum/?hl=en#!forum/hl7v2-lab-orders-interface-testing</a> to ask questions and provide feedback.



# **Example LOI Test Tool Screen**

LOI Tool Tutorial (In Process) provides a full guide



### FAQ -Lab Order Interface

#### **Frequently Asked Questions**

What is the difference between context-free and context-based validation?

With the context-based validation method, the messages created by the EHR technology are populated using the Test Data provided in the Test Cases associated with specific Test Scenarios. These Test Scenarios and Test Cases are accessed via the Context-based Validation part of the Test Tool, and this "context" (along with all conformance requirements of the LOI implementation guide) is "known" to the validation tool. The Context-free Validation method may be used to test any lab order message created by an EHR. It provides an easy way to test message structure and most vocabulary, but the context (Test Scenario, etc.) is unknown to the Test Tool.

#### In the Message Content sheet, what does "Changeable Data" mean?

"Changeable data" means the exact content of the data for the data element is not relevant to the testing. The NIST Test Tool will check for the presence of data to verify that the system supports the particular data element, but the tool does not check for specific content. NIST provides example values in the Test Data, but anticipates that local installations would provide their local values.

#### In the Message Content sheet, what does "Configurable Data" mean?

"Configurable Data" indicates data that typically are system-defined. The NIST Test Tool will check for the presence of data to verify that the system supports the particular data element, but the tool does not check for specific content. NIST provides example values in the Test Data.

#### What is the difference between "R", "RE", and "O" Usage for data elements?

"R" means that the data element is "Required", and it must be populated in the test messages for certification testing.

"RE" means that the data element is "Required, but may be empty", and it **must be populated** in the test messages for certification testing IF TEST DATA ARE PROVIDED FOR THE DATA ELEMENT.

"O" means that the data element is "Optional, and it is **not in-scope** for certification testing.



#### Resources

- Test Tool Web Site (<a href="http://hl7v2-loi-r1-testing.nist.gov">http://hl7v2-loi-r1-testing.nist.gov</a>) provides
  - Test Tool (API, Web Application, and Desktop)
  - Test Cases / Test Stories / Message Content Details / Test
     Data / User Documentation
  - Test Plan
  - Example messages
  - Testing Artifacts
    - Message Profile
    - Value Sets
- Contact
  - Rob Snelick (<u>rsnelick@nist.gov</u>)

