

Description

Syndromic surveillance is public health surveillance that emphasizes the use of near real-time health data and statistical tools for disease or hazardous event detection, situation awareness for mass gatherings and public health emergencies, and ad hoc and population health trend analyses. For syndromic surveillance purposes, required data on all clinical encounters must be sent to the jurisdictional public health agency within 24 hours of any given encounter, and in accordance with local or state laws and practices.

?

The Child_Influenza Test Case provides an example of a clinical encounter that could take place in either an urgent care or emergency clinical setting. It is therefore applicable to EHR technology used in some ambulatory settings. This test case also provides an example where the facility sending the syndromic surveillance message is different than the facility where the patient received care.

?

In this test case, an infant is seen at an urgent care center for fever and cough. Diagnostic tests show that he has influenza with pneumonia. He is discharged to home with treatment instructions and a prescription. Syndromic surveillance data about the visit are transmitted to the local health department.

?

This test case involves 2 steps: a registration message (ADT A04) followed by a discharge message (ADTA03).

Comments

No Comments

PreCondition

No PreCondition

PostCondition

No PostCondition

Test Objectives

No Test Objectives

Evaluation Criteria

No evaluation criteria

Notes to Testers

No Note