```
In [2]:
import seaborn as sns
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from imblearn.over sampling import RandomOverSampler
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
import os, cv2
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, Flatten, Dense, MaxPool2D, Activation
In [3]:
data = pd.read csv('/kaggle/input/skin-cancer-mnist-ham10000/hmnist 28 28 RGB.csv')
data.head()
Out[3]:
   pixel0000 pixel0001 pixel0002 pixel0003 pixel0004 pixel0005 pixel0006 pixel0007 pixel0008 pixel0009 ... pixel2343 pix
0
       192
                153
                         193
                                 195
                                          155
                                                   192
                                                           197
                                                                    154
                                                                            185
                                                                                     202 ...
                                                                                                 173
1
        25
                 14
                         30
                                  68
                                           48
                                                   75
                                                           123
                                                                     93
                                                                            126
                                                                                     158 ...
                                                                                                 60
2
       192
                138
                         153
                                 200
                                          145
                                                   163
                                                           201
                                                                    142
                                                                             160
                                                                                     206 ...
                                                                                                 167
3
        38
                         30
                                  95
                                           59
                                                                    103
                 19
                                                   72
                                                           143
                                                                            119
                                                                                     171 ...
                                                                                                 44
       158
                113
                         139
                                 194
                                          144
                                                                    162
                                                                             191
                                                                                                 209
                                                   174
                                                           215
                                                                                     225 ...
5 rows × 2353 columns
In [4]:
data['label'].unique()
Out[4]:
array([2, 4, 3, 6, 5, 1, 0])
In [5]:
y = data['label']
x = data.drop(columns = ['label'])
In [6]:
data.isnull().sum().sum() #no null values present
Out[6]:
0
In [7]:
meta data = pd.read csv('/kaggle/input/skin-cancer-mnist-ham10000/HAM10000 metadata.csv')
meta_data.head()
Out[7]:
       lesion_id
                  image_id dx dx_type age
                                           sex localization
0 HAM_0000118 ISIC_0027419 bkl
                                 histo 80.0 male
                                                    scalp
```

1 HAM\_0000118 ISIC\_0025030 bkl

2 HAM\_0002730 ISIC\_0026769 bkl

2 HAM DODOTOD ISIC DOSESS NO

histo 80.0 male

histo 80.0 male

hista On A mala

scalp

scalp

```
MAIVI_UUUZ13U ISIU_UUZ3UU I
                          NVI
                                IIISIU OU.U IIIAIE
                                                   อบสเม
      lesion id
                 image_id dx dx_type
                                     age
                                          sex localization
   HAM_0001466 ISIC_0031633
In [8]:
meta data['dx'].unique()
Out[8]:
array(['bkl', 'nv', 'df', 'mel', 'vasc', 'bcc', 'akiec'], dtype=object)
In [9]:
y = data['label']
x = data.drop(columns = ['label'])
In [10]:
data.isnull().sum().sum() #no null values present
Out[10]:
In [11]:
meta data = pd.read csv('/kaggle/input/skin-cancer-mnist-ham10000/HAM10000 metadata.csv')
meta data.head()
Out[11]:
                                          sex localization
      lesion id
                  image_id dx dx_type age
0 HAM_0000118 ISIC_0027419 bkl
                                histo 80.0 male
                                                   scalp
1 HAM_0000118 ISIC_0025030 bkl
                                histo 80.0 male
                                                   scalp
2 HAM_0002730 ISIC_0026769 bkl
                                histo 80.0 male
                                                   scalp
3 HAM_0002730 ISIC_0025661 bkl
                                histo 80.0 male
                                                   scalp
4 HAM_0001466 ISIC_0031633 bkl
                                histo 75.0 male
                                                     ear
In [12]:
meta data['dx'].unique()
Out[12]:
array(['bkl', 'nv', 'df', 'mel', 'vasc', 'bcc', 'akiec'], dtype=object)
In [13]:
sns.countplot(x = 'dx', data = meta data)
plt.xlabel('Disease(Classes)', size=12)
plt.ylabel('Frequency', size=12)
plt.title('Frequency Distribution of Classes')
Out[13]:
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Frequency Distribution of Classes')
                       Frequency Distribution of Classes
    7000
    6000
    5000
```

<u>2</u> 4000

```
3000 - 2000 - 1000 - bkl nv df mel vasc bcc akiec Disease(Classes)
```

## In [14]:

```
classes = {2:'bkl', 4:'nv', 3:'df', 6:'mel', 5:'vasc', 1:'bcc', 0:'akiec'}

classes_labels=[]
for key in classes.keys():
    classes_labels.append(key)
print(classes_labels)
```

[2, 4, 3, 6, 5, 1, 0]

#### In [15]:

```
print(x.shape, y.shape)
# To overcome class imbalace
oversample = RandomOverSampler()
x,y = oversample.fit_resample(x,y)
print(x.shape,y.shape)
```

(10015, 2352) (10015,) (46935, 2352) (46935,)

### In [16]:

```
# reshaping the data so that it can be taken by convolution neural network(without distur
bing the no. of samples)
x = np.array(x).reshape(-1,28,28,3)
print('Shape of X :',x.shape)
print('Shape of y :',y.shape)
```

Shape of X: (46935, 28, 28, 3)Shape of y: (46935,)

# In [17]:

```
# Splitting Data
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(x,y, test_size=0.2, random_state=1)
print(X_train.shape, Y_train.shape)
print(X_test.shape , Y_test.shape)
```

(37548, 28, 28, 3) (37548,) (9387, 28, 28, 3) (9387,)

# In [18]:

```
model_CNN = Sequential()
model_CNN.add(Conv2D(16, kernel_size = (3,3), input_shape = (28, 28, 3), activation = 'r
elu', padding = 'same'))
model_CNN.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size = (2,2)))

model_CNN.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size = (3,3), activation = 'relu', padding = 'same'))
model_CNN.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size = (2,2), padding = 'same'))
model_CNN.add(Conv2D(64, kernel_size = (3,3), activation = 'relu', padding = 'same'))
model_CNN.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size = (2,2), padding = 'same'))
```

```
model_CNN.add(Conv2D(128, kernel_size = (3,3), activation = 'relu', padding = 'same'))
model_CNN.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size = (2,2), padding = 'same'))
model CNN.add(Flatten())
model CNN.add(Dense(64, activation = 'relu'))
model CNN.add(Dense(32))
model CNN.add(Activation(activation='relu'))
model CNN.add(Dense(7))
model CNN.add(Activation(activation='softmax'))
optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning rate = 0.001)
model CNN.compile(loss = 'sparse categorical crossentropy',
                 optimizer = optimizer,
                 metrics = ['accuracy'])
print(model CNN.summary())
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 16)	448
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D )</pre>	(None, 14, 14, 16)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 32)	4640
<pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 7, 7, 32)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 7, 7, 64)	18496
<pre>max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 4, 4, 64)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 4, 4, 128)	73856
<pre>max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 2, 2, 128)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 512)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 64)	32832
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 32)	2080
activation (Activation)	(None, 32)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 7)	231
activation_1 (Activation)	(None, 7)	0

Non-trainable params: 0

None

## In [19]:

```
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau, EarlyStopping
early stop = EarlyStopping(monitor='val loss', patience=10, verbose=1, mode='auto')
reduce lr = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='val loss', factor=0.1, patience=3, verbose=1, mod
e='auto')
history = model CNN.fit(X train,
                    Y train,
                    validation split=0.2,
                    batch size = 64,
                    epochs = 50,
                    callbacks = [reduce_lr, early stop])
```

```
Epoch 1/50
- val loss: 0.9909 - val accuracy: 0.6160 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 2/50
- val_loss: 0.6681 - val accuracy: 0.7455 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 3/50
- val_loss: 0.4580 - val_accuracy: 0.8229 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 4/50
- val_loss: 0.4805 - val_accuracy: 0.8229 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 5/50
- val loss: 0.3661 - val accuracy: 0.8638 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 6/50
- val loss: 0.2403 - val accuracy: 0.9129 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 7/50
- val loss: 0.2247 - val accuracy: 0.9185 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 8/50
- val_loss: 0.2296 - val_accuracy: 0.9190 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 9/50
- val_loss: 0.2104 - val_accuracy: 0.9274 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 10/50
- val loss: 0.2971 - val accuracy: 0.9113 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 11/50
- val loss: 0.1348 - val accuracy: 0.9547 - lr: 0.0010
- val loss: 0.1849 - val accuracy: 0.9337 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 13/50
- val loss: 0.1329 - val accuracy: 0.9594 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 14/50
- val loss: 0.1350 - val accuracy: 0.9553 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 15/50
- val_loss: 0.1987 - val_accuracy: 0.9325 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 16/50
Epoch 16: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 0.00010000000474974513.
- val loss: 0.1929 - val accuracy: 0.9379 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 17/50
- val loss: 0.0916 - val accuracy: 0.9752 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 18/50
- val loss: 0.0867 - val accuracy: 0.9778 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 19/50
- val loss: 0.0876 - val accuracy: 0.9784 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 20/50
- val loss: 0.0889 - val accuracy: 0.9784 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 21/50
Epoch 21: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 1.0000000474974514e-05.
- val loss: 0.0931 - val accuracy: 0.9790 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 22/50
- val loss: 0.0920 - val accuracy: 0.9794 - lr: 1.0000e-05
```

Epoch 23/50

```
- val loss: 0.0917 - val accuracy: 0.9795 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 24/50
Epoch 24: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 1.0000000656873453e-06.
- val_loss: 0.0916 - val accuracy: 0.9796 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 25/50
- val loss: 0.0920 - val accuracy: 0.9796 - lr: 1.0000e-06
Epoch 26/50
- val loss: 0.0925 - val accuracy: 0.9794 - lr: 1.0000e-06
Epoch 27/50
Epoch 27: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 1.0000001111620805e-07.
- val loss: 0.0926 - val accuracy: 0.9795 - lr: 1.0000e-06
Epoch 28/50
- val loss: 0.0926 - val accuracy: 0.9794 - lr: 1.0000e-07
Epoch 28: early stopping
```

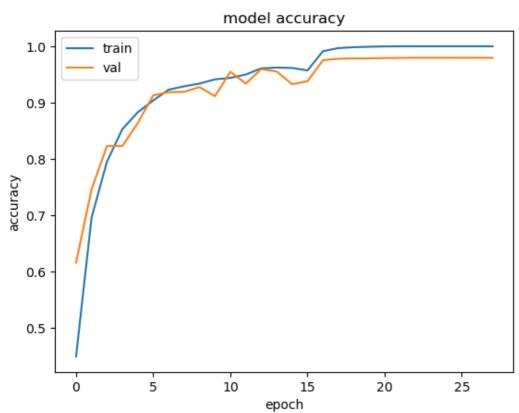
## In [20]:

```
results = model_CNN.evaluate(X_test , Y_test, verbose=0)
print(" Test Loss: {:.5f}".format(results[0]))
print("Test Accuracy: {:.2f}%".format(results[1] * 100))
```

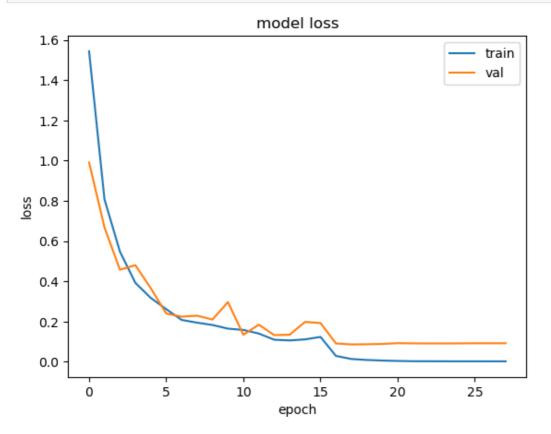
Test Loss: 0.09621
Test Accuracy: 97.82%

#### In [21]:

```
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'val'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```



```
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'val'], loc='upper right')
plt.show()
```



### In [23]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix , classification_report

y_true_CNN = list(Y_test)
y_pred_CNN = model_CNN.predict(X_test)
y_pred_CNN = list(map(lambda x: np.argmax(x), y_pred_CNN))
print('Y Actual Values :' , y_true_CNN[0:10])
print('Y Predicted Values :' , y_pred_CNN[0:10])
```

### In [24]:

```
cm_CNN = confusion_matrix(y_true_CNN,y_pred_CNN,labels=classes_labels)
print(confusion_matrix(y_true_CNN,y_pred_CNN,labels=classes_labels))
sns.heatmap(cm_CNN, annot = True, fmt='')
```

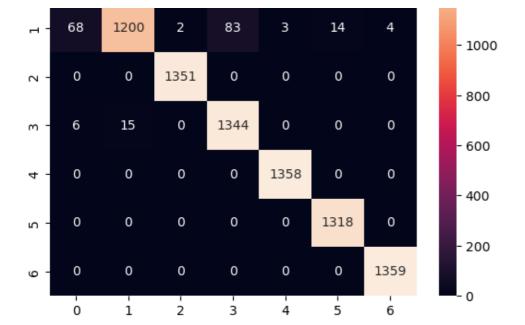
1200

[[1	252	1	0	1	1	4	3]
[	68	1200	2	83	3	14	4]
[	0	0	1351	0	0	0	0]
[	6	15	0	1344	0	0	0]
[	0	0	0	0	1358	0	0]
[	0	0	0	0	0	1318	0]
[	0	0	0	0	0	0	1359]]

### Out[24]:

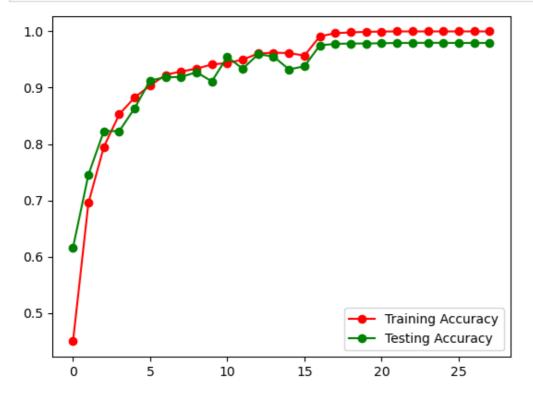
<AxesSubplot:>

```
0 - 1252 1 0 1 1 4 3
```



### In [25]:

```
#training acc vs testing acc graph
plt.plot(history.history["accuracy"] , 'ro-' , label = "Training Accuracy")
plt.plot(history.history["val_accuracy"] , 'go-' , label = "Testing Accuracy")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



## In [26]:

```
#predicting
y_pred_CNN = model_CNN.predict(X_test)
target_names = [f"{classes[i]}" for i in range(7)]
print(len(Y_test) ," ",len(y_pred_CNN))
y_pred_CNN = list(map(lambda x: np.argmax(x), y_pred_CNN))
print(classification_report(Y_test , y_pred_CNN,target_names=target_names))
```

```
294/294 [=========== ] - 1s 2ms/step
9387
       9387
             precision
                          recall f1-score
                                            support
                  0.99
                            1.00
                                     1.00
      akiec
                                               1359
                  0.99
                            1.00
                                      0.99
        bcc
                                               1318
                                      0.97
        bkl
                  0.94
                            0.99
                                               1262
         df
                  1.00
                            1.00
                                     1.00
                                               1351
```

```
0.99
                          0.87
                                    0.93
                                               1374
         nv
                          1.00
                 1.00
                                    1.00
                                              1358
       vasc
                 0.94
                          0.98
                                    0.96
                                              1365
        mel
                                    0.98
                                              9387
   accuracy
               0.98
0.98
                                              9387
  macro avg
                                              9387
weighted avg
In [27]:
# Layers definitions
from keras import backend as K
for l in range(len(model CNN.layers)):
   print(l, model CNN.layers[l])
0 <keras.layers.convolutional.conv2d.Conv2D object at 0x7fd095ac7a90>
1 <keras.layers.pooling.max pooling2d.MaxPooling2D object at 0x7fd0ffd3d5d0>
2 <keras.layers.convolutional.conv2d.Conv2D object at 0x7fd0ffd3d4d0>
{\tt 3~ < keras. layers. pooling. max\_pooling2d. MaxPooling2D~ object~at~ 0x7fd091448210 > }
4 <keras.layers.convolutional.conv2d.Conv2D object at 0x7fd0914608d0>
5 <keras.layers.pooling.max_pooling2d.MaxPooling2D object at 0x7fd0ffbd2190>
6 <keras.layers.convolutional.conv2d.Conv2D object at 0x7fd091457790>
7 <keras.layers.pooling.max pooling2d.MaxPooling2D object at 0x7fd09144dd10>
8 <keras.layers.reshaping.flatten.Flatten object at 0x7fd09142c210>
9 <keras.layers.core.dense.Dense object at 0x7fd0ffab7850>
10 <keras.layers.core.dense.Dense object at 0x7fd0ffafae10>
11 <keras.layers.core.activation.Activation object at 0x7fd09144d790>
12 <keras.layers.core.dense.Dense object at 0x7fd091448890>
13 <keras.layers.core.activation.Activation object at 0x7fd0ffb3e590>
In [28]:
import os
os.environ["KERAS BACKEND"] = "tensorflow"
kerasBKED = os.environ["KERAS BACKEND"]
print(kerasBKED)
tensorflow
In [29]:
import tensorflow as tf
feature extractor = tf.keras.Model(inputs=model CNN.input,
                                  outputs=model CNN.get layer('activation').output)
output layers model =tf.keras.Model(inputs=model CNN.input, outputs=model CNN.output)
In [30]:
# Extract features from input data using the CNN model
X_train_cnn = model_CNN.predict(X_train)
X test cnn = model CNN.predict(X test)
294/294 [========= ] - 1s 2ms/step
In [38]:
import numpy as np
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
parameters = {'kernel':['rbf'],
             'C':[1, 10, 100, 1000],
             'gamma': [1e-3, 1e-4]}
clf = GridSearchCV(SVC(), parameters)
clf.fit(X_train_cnn, Y_train)
# Evaluate the combined CNN-SVM model on a test dataset
svm_accuracy = clf.score(X_test_cnn, Y_test)
print('SVM Accuracy:', svm accuracy*100)
```

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```
In [66]:
```

```
svm_accuracy = clf.score(X_test_cnn, Y_test)
print('SVM Accuracy:', svm_accuracy*100)
svmclf = clf.best_estimator_
print(svmclf)
svmclf.fit(X_train_cnn, Y_train)
```

SVM Accuracy: 98.13571961222968 SVC(C=1000, gamma=0.001)

# Out[66]:

SVC (C=1000, gamma=0.001)

### In [68]:

```
y_testSVM = svmclf.predict(X_test_cnn)
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report, accuracy_score
print(classification_report(Y_test, y_testSVM))
print("Accuracy: {0}".format(accuracy_score(Y_test, y_testSVM)*100))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	1359
1	0.99	1.00	0.99	1318
2	0.95	0.99	0.97	1262
3	1.00	1.00	1.00	1351
4	0.99	0.90	0.94	1374
5	1.00	1.00	1.00	1358
6	0.95	0.98	0.97	1365
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.98 0.98	0.98 0.98	0.98 0.98 0.98	9387 9387 9387

Accuracy: 98.13571961222968

### In [64]:

Random Forest Classifier Accuracy: 98.13571961222968

#### In [71]:

```
RFclf = rgclf.best_estimator_
RFclf.fit(X_test_cnn, Y_test)
print(RFclf)
y_testRFC = RFclf.predict(X_test_cnn)
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report, accuracy_score
print(classification_report(Y_test, y_testRFC))
print("Accuracy: {0}".format(accuracy_score(Y_test, y_testRFC)*100))
```

RandomForestClassifier(criterion='entropy', max depth=3, max features=1,

```
min samples leaf=3, min samples split=3,
                   n estimators=10)
            precision recall f1-score support
                     1.00
                             1.00
         0
                1.00
                                          1359
         1
                                          1318
                0.99
         2
                       0.99
                                0.98
                                          1262
                0.97
                       1.00
                                1.00
         3
                1.00
                                         1351
                        0.93
                                0.95
         4
               0.97
                                         1374
         5
                1.00
                        1.00
                                1.00
                                         1358
                0.97
                        0.98
                                0.97
                                         1365
                                         9387
                                 0.99
   accuracy
                0.99
                         0.99
                                0.99
  macro avq
                                         9387
weighted avg
                0.99
                         0.99
                                0.99
                                         9387
```

Accuracy: 98.51922872057101

#### In [72]:

KNN Classifier Accuracy: 100.0

#### In [73]:

```
y_testKNN = kgclf.predict(X_test_cnn)
KNNclf = kgclf.best_estimator_
print(KNNclf)
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report, accuracy_score
print(classification_report(Y_test, y_testKNN))
print("Accuracy: {0}".format(accuracy_score(Y_test, y_testKNN)*100))
```

KNeighborsClassifier(n\_neighbors=30, weights='distance')

-	precision	recall	f1-score	support	
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	1359 1318	
2	1.00	1.00	1.00	1262	
3 4	1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1351 1374	
5 6	1.00 1.00	1.00	1.00 1.00	1358 1365	
accuracy			1.00	9387	
macro avg weighted avg	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00	9387 9387	

Accuracy: 100.0

# In [77]:

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report, accuracy_score
```

```
# Create a logistic regression object
lr = LogisticRegression()
# Define the hyperparameter grid to search over
param grid = {'C': [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100], 'penalty': ['l1', 'l2']}
# Perform grid search with 5-fold cross-validation
grid search LR = GridSearchCV(lr, param grid, cv=5)
grid search LR.fit(X test cnn, Y test)
# Print the best hyperparameters and the corresponding accuracy score
print("Best hyperparameters: ", grid search LR.best params )
y testKNN = grid search LR.predict(X test cnn)
print(classification report(Y test, y testKNN))
print("Accuracy: {0}".format(accuracy score(Y test, y testKNN)*100))
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/sklearn/linear model/ logistic.py:818: Convergence
Warning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
   https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-regression
  extra_warning_msg=_LOGISTIC_SOLVER_CONVERGENCE_MSG,
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/sklearn/linear_model/_logistic.py:818: Convergence
Warning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as shown in:
   https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-regression
  extra warning msg= LOGISTIC SOLVER CONVERGENCE MSG,
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/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/sklearn/model selection/ validation.py:372: FitFai
ledWarning:
30 fits failed out of a total of 60.
The score on these train-test partitions for these parameters will be set to nan.
If these failures are not expected, you can try to debug them by setting error score='rai
se'.
Below are more details about the failures:
30 fits failed with the following error:
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/sklearn/model_selection/_validation.py", 1
ine 680, in fit and score
   estimator.fit(X_train, y_train, **fit params)
  File "/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/sklearn/linear model/ logistic.py", line 1
461, in fit
   solver = check solver(self.solver, self.penalty, self.dual)
 File "/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/sklearn/linear model/ logistic.py", line 4
49, in check solver
    % (solver, penalty)
ValueError: Solver lbfgs supports only '12' or 'none' penalties, got 11 penalty.
 warnings.warn(some fits failed message, FitFailedWarning)
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/sklearn/model selection/ search.py:972: UserWarnin
g: One or more of the test scores are non-finite: [ nan 0.97837456 nan 0.978
80066
        nan 0.98007913
                         nan 0.98189002 nan 0.98220956]
       nan 0.98114426
 category=UserWarning,
Best hyperparameters: {'C': 100, 'penalty': '12'}
             precision recall f1-score support
           0
                  1.00 1.00
0.99 1.00
                                     1.00
                                                1359
                                 0.99
0.97
1.00
0.°
           1
                  0.99
                            1.00
                                                1318
```

1262

1 2 5 0

1351 1374

2

3

0.96

1.00

0.98 1 00 0.99

1.00

1 00

0.91

5	<b>1.</b> UU	<b>1.</b> UU	<b>1.</b> UU	1330
6	0.95	0.98	0.97	1365
accuracy			0.98	9387
macro avg	0.98	0.98	0.98	9387
weighted avg	0.98	0.98	0.98	9387

Accuracy: 98.25290295088953

/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/sklearn/linear\_model/\_logistic.py:818: Convergence
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## In [ ]: