

# Homework 1 - Report

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## Question 1

The Iowa data set `iowa.csv` is a toy example that summarises the yield of wheat (bushels per acre) for the state of Iowa between 1930-1962. In addition to yield, year, rainfall and temperature were recorded as the main predictors of yield.

- a. First, we need to load the data set into R using the command `read.csv()`. Use the help function to learn what arguments this function takes. Once you have the necessary input, load the data set into R and make it a data frame called `iowa.df`.

**Ans:** We can use `help("read.csv")` to learn the parameters of the function. The first parameter is the file name, and it may change in different case. I save the file in the data folder, which is in the parent directory of this `.rmd` file, so I set the first parameter to `"../data/iowa.csv"`. `header = TRUE` means that the first row contains the names of the variables. `sep = ";"` means that the field separator is semicolon.

```
iowa.df <- read.csv("../data/iowa.csv", header=TRUE, sep = ";")
iowa.df
```

##	Year	Rain0	Temp1	Rain1	Temp2	Rain2	Temp3	Rain3	Temp4	Yield
## 1	1930	17.75	60.2	5.83	69.0	1.49	77.9	2.42	74.4	34.0
## 2	1931	14.76	57.5	3.83	75.0	2.72	77.2	3.30	72.6	32.9
## 3	1932	27.99	62.3	5.17	72.0	3.12	75.8	7.10	72.2	43.0
## 4	1933	16.76	60.5	1.64	77.8	3.45	76.4	3.01	70.5	40.0
## 5	1934	11.36	69.5	3.49	77.2	3.85	79.7	2.84	73.4	23.0
## 6	1935	22.71	55.0	7.00	65.9	3.35	79.4	2.42	73.6	38.4
## 7	1936	17.91	66.2	2.85	70.1	0.51	83.4	3.48	79.2	20.0
## 8	1937	23.31	61.8	3.80	69.0	2.63	75.9	3.99	77.8	44.6
## 9	1938	18.53	59.5	4.67	69.2	4.24	76.5	3.82	75.7	46.3
## 10	1939	18.56	66.4	5.32	71.4	3.15	76.2	4.72	70.7	52.2
## 11	1940	12.45	58.4	3.56	71.3	4.57	76.7	6.44	70.7	52.3
## 12	1941	16.05	66.0	6.20	70.0	2.24	75.1	1.94	75.1	51.0
## 13	1942	27.10	59.3	5.93	69.7	4.89	74.3	3.17	72.2	59.9
## 14	1943	19.05	57.5	6.16	71.6	4.56	75.4	5.07	74.0	54.7
## 15	1944	20.79	64.6	5.88	71.7	3.73	72.6	5.88	71.8	52.0
## 16	1945	21.88	55.1	4.70	64.1	2.96	72.1	3.43	72.5	43.5
## 17	1946	20.02	56.5	6.41	69.8	2.45	73.8	3.56	68.9	56.7
## 18	1947	23.17	55.6	10.39	66.3	1.72	72.8	1.49	80.6	30.5
## 19	1948	19.15	59.2	3.42	68.6	4.14	75.0	2.54	73.9	60.5
## 20	1949	18.28	63.5	5.51	72.4	3.47	76.2	2.34	73.0	46.1
## 21	1950	18.45	59.8	5.70	68.4	4.65	69.7	2.39	67.7	48.2
## 22	1951	22.00	62.2	6.11	65.2	4.45	72.1	6.21	70.5	43.1
## 23	1952	19.05	59.6	5.40	74.2	3.84	74.7	4.78	70.0	62.2
## 24	1953	15.67	60.0	5.31	73.2	3.28	74.6	2.33	73.2	52.9

```
## 25 1954 15.92 55.6 6.36 72.9 1.79 77.4 7.10 72.1 53.9
## 26 1955 16.75 63.6 3.07 67.2 3.29 79.8 1.79 77.2 48.4
## 27 1956 12.34 62.4 2.56 74.7 4.51 72.7 4.42 73.0 52.8
## 28 1957 15.82 59.0 4.84 68.9 3.54 77.9 3.76 72.9 62.1
## 29 1958 15.24 62.5 3.80 66.4 7.55 70.5 2.55 73.0 66.0
## 30 1959 21.72 62.8 4.11 71.5 2.29 72.3 4.92 76.3 64.2
## 31 1960 25.08 59.7 4.43 67.4 2.76 72.6 5.36 73.2 63.2
## 32 1961 17.79 57.4 3.36 69.4 5.51 72.6 3.04 72.4 75.4
## 33 1962 26.61 66.6 3.12 69.1 6.27 71.6 4.31 72.5 76.0
```

b. How many rows and columns does iowa.df have?

```
length(row.names(iowa.df))
```

```
## [1] 33
```

```
length(names(iowa.df))
```

```
## [1] 10
```

c. What are the names of the columns of iowa.df?

```
names(iowa.df)
```

```
## [1] "Year" "Rain0" "Temp1" "Rain1" "Temp2" "Rain2" "Temp3" "Rain3" "Temp4"
## [10] "Yield"
```

d. What is the value of row 5, column 7 of iowa.df?

```
iowa.df[5, 7]
```

```
## [1] 79.7
```

e. Display the second row of iowa.df in its entirety.

```
iowa.df[2, ]
```

```
##   Year Rain0 Temp1 Rain1 Temp2 Rain2 Temp3 Rain3 Temp4 Yield
## 2 1931 14.76 57.5 3.83    75 2.72 77.2 3.3 72.6 32.9
```