

**ECMA-262** 

## EcmaScript 6

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## History

- JavaScript: Implementation
- EcmaScript: Specification
- Netscape JavaScript ve Microsoft JScript, ActionScript
- ECMA standard organization project no. 262
- TC-39: Technical Committee 39

## History

• ES 3: 1999

ES 4: Abandoned

• ES 5: 2009 and 5.1: 2011

258 pages

• ES 6: Draft ready

657 pages

ETA June 2015

Harmony

• ES 7: Already in progress

#### Overview

- Let ve Const keywords vs Var
- Changes in functions
- Changes in objects and destructuring
- Classes
- Template strings
- Promises

#### Let and Const

- JS, looks like C or Java due to curly brace blocks
  - but no block scope
- Vars are function scoped
- Let ve Const block scoped
- Causes confusion for beginners

#### Var and Let

```
function foo () {
 var i;
 console.log(i); undefined
 for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
   console.log(i);
 console.log(i); 10
```

Hoisting

#### Var ve Let

```
function foo () {
 console.log(i); // ERROR
 for (let i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    console.log(i); // i defined only in this block
 console.log(i); // ERROR
```

#### Const

const PI = 3.14;

PI = 3; // ERROR

Better to have values than variables for less bugs

DEMO let\_const.js

## Changes in Functions

- Default parameters function foo(name="Ustun")
- Rest parameters function foo(name, ...rest)
- Destructured parameters function foo({name, surname})

#### Default Params

```
function hello(name="Ustun", greeting="Hello") {
  console.log(greeting + " " + name);
                              Not keyword params like in Python!
 hello();
                              hello(greeting="Hello", name="Ozgur")
 hello("Ahmet");
 hello("Mehmet", "Hola");
```

DEMO functions\_default\_params.js

## Rest params

```
function sum(firstValue, ...rest) {
var total = firstValue;
     for (var i = 0; i < rest.length; i++) {
      total += rest[i];
                                          sum(15, 1, 2, 3);
                                           rest = [1, 2, 3]
    return total;
                                                    DEMO
                                           functions_rest_params.js
```

## Spread operator

- Math.max(1, 2, 3); 3
- Math.max([1, 2, 3]); // NaN
- var a = [1, 2, 3]; Math.max(a); // NaN
- Math.max.apply(Math, a); // 3
- Math.max(...a); // 3

#### Parameter Destructuring

```
function hello(name, {lang}) {
function hello(name, options) {
   var greeting;
                                                var greeting;
   var lang = options.lang;
   if (lang == "en") greeting = "Hello";
   if (lang == "es") greeting = "Hola";
   return greeting + " " + name;
```

```
if (lang == "en") greeting = "Hello";
if (lang == "es") greeting = "Hola";
return greeting + " " + name;
```

DEMOfunctions\_param\_destructuring.js

```
function setCookie(name, value, options) {
   options = options || {};
   var secure = options.secure,
       path = options.path,
       domain = options.domain,
       expires = options.expires;
setCookie("type", "js", {
   secure: true,
   expires: 60000
});
function setCookie(name, value, { secure, path, domain, expires }) {
   // ...
```

#### Arrow functions

```
var bar = (a, b) => a + b;
var foo = function (a,b) {
 return a + b; }
 foo(1,2); // 3
 bar(1,2); // 3
```

- var nums = [1, 2, 3, 4];
- nums.filter(x => x % 2 === 1)
- nums.reduce((a,b) => a \* b)

DEMO arrow\_functions.js

# Arrow functions and this keyword

```
var x = {
  name: "Ustun",
  hello: function () {
     var that = this;
     var helper = function () {
        console.log("Name ", this.name);
                             that
     helper();
x.hello()
```

```
var x = {
  name: "Ustun",
  hello: function () {
     var helper = function () {
        console.log("Name", this.name);
     }.bind(this);
     helper();
x.hello()
```

## this refers to the value where function is defined, not called (lexical scope vs dynamic scope)

```
var x = {
  name: "Ustun",
  hello: function () {
     var helper = () => {
        console.log("Name", this.name);
     helper();
x.hello()
```

DEMO this.js

## Changes in Objects

## Destructuring

```
var ustun = {name: "Ustun", lastname: "Ozgur"}
var name = ustun.name;
var lastname = ustun.lastname;
var {name, lastname} = {name: "Ustun", lastname: "Ozgur"}
```

var {name: nombre} = ustun;

## Destructuring

- Array destructuring
- var[a,b] = [1,2];
- var [a,b] = [b,a]; // Swap
- Deep destructuring possible

#### Shorthand for Object Creation

```
age = 30; name = "Ustun"; location = "Turkey";
ustun = {name: name, age: age, location: location};
age = 45; name = "Jose"; location = "Barcelona";
```

ahmet = {name, age, location};

DEMO objects.js

#### Shorthand for Object Creation

```
var ustun = {
 name: "Ustun",
 sayName: function () {
  console.log("I'm " + this.name);
```

```
var ustun = {
 name: "Ustun",
 sayName() {
  console.log("I'm " + this.name);
```

## Template Strings

```
name = "Ustun", age = 30;
console.log("I'm " + name + ".Yasim " + age);
console.log(`I'm ${name}. My age ${age}`);
console.log(`This spans
multiple lines`);
```

## Tagged Template Strings

- functionName`Hello \${name}`;
- safe`Hello \${name}`;
- uppercase`Hello \${name}`;
- var safe = function (literals, ...variables) { ...}
- var uppercase = function (literals, ...variables) {...}

## Class Keyword

- class and extends
- constructor
- transpiled to prototypes

#### Classes

```
class Human {
                                   class Ogrenci extends Human {
  constructor(name, age) {
                                     constructor(name, age, school) {
     this.name = name;
                                        super(name, age);
                                        this.school = school;
     this.age = age;
     this.party = null;
```

#### Other features

- Modules
- Promises
- Generators

## Babel.js

- Transpiler
- babel source.js > destination.js
- babel --experimental source.js
- require('babel/polyfill')
- require("babel/register")
  - in node Modules
  - all require'd modules will be processed by babel automatically

#### More Info

- Wiki: <a href="http://wiki.ecmascript.org/">http://wiki.ecmascript.org/</a>
- Understanding ECMAScript 6
  - https://leanpub.com/understandinges6/
- Taslaklar: <a href="http://wiki.ecmascript.org/doku.php?">http://wiki.ecmascript.org/doku.php?</a>
   id=harmony:specification\_drafts
- babeljs.io
- https://github.com/lukehoban/es6features
- http://kangax.github.io/compat-table/es6/

## Thank you!

- @ustunozgur
- https://github.com/ustun/ecmascript6-presentation
- ustun@ustunozgur.com
- NEXT PUBLIC APPEARANCE:
- React.js Workshop at AtTheFrontend Conference in Copenhagen, May 26
- http://www.atthefrontend.dk/sessions/reactworkshop-2/

## Extras

#### Modules

- import myfunc from mylib;
- export myfunc;

## Example

```
var links = document.getElementsByTagName('a')
for (var i = 0, len = links.length; i < len; i++){
  links[i].namedEventListener('click', function(e){
     alert('You clicked on link ' + i)
  }, false)
                                          DEMO
                                         var_problem.html
```

#### Solution

Enclose the var in a function

```
var links = document.getElementsByTagName('a')
for (var i = 0, len = links.length; i < len; i++){
 (function (j) {
   links[j].namedEventListener('click', function(e){
       alert('You clicked on link ' + j)
    }, false)
                                                        DEMO
 })(i);
                                                       var_cozum.html
```

#### Solution: Let

```
var links = document.getElementsByTagName('a')
for (let i = 0, len = links.length; i < len; i++){
  links[i].namedEventListener('click', function(e){
     alert('You clicked on link ' + i)
  }, false)
                                           DEMO
                                           let cozum.html
```

## Computed Properties

```
a.fieldName == "ustun"
var fieldName = "firstName";
                                 a.firstName? undefined
var a = {
                                a[fieldName] = "ustun";
 fieldName: "ustun";
                                 a.firstName == "ustun"
               var a = {
                 [fieldName]: "ustun";
```

## List Comprehensions

- var x = [for (i of [0, 1, 2, 3]) i \* i];
- · [0, 1, 4, 9]

- var y = [for (i of [0, 1, 2, 3]) if (i % 2 === 0) i \* i \* i];
- [0,8]

#### Promises

```
student = findStudent(123)
```

className = findClass(student)

school = findSchool(className)

# Callbacks & Pyramid of Doom

```
student = findStudent(123, function (student) {
    findClass(student, function (className) {
        findSchool(className, function (school) {
            console.log(school);
        }}}
```

### Pyramid of Doom Sol'n

```
findStudent(123)
    .then(findClass)
    .then(findSchool)
    .then(function (school) {console.log(school);}
    .catch(function () { console.log("error")})
```

#### Promise

- new Promise(resolve, reject)
- Promise.all([promise1, promise2]).then
- Promise.race([promise1, promise2]).then

#### DEMO

#### Generators

- Functions that yield instead of return
- Different run-to-completion that normal functions
- yield keyword
- function \* syntax
- Bidirectional communication with caller
  - can yield
  - can be yielded (i.e. get value from caller via next())

#### Generators

```
var foo = function* () {
 yield 2;
 yield 3;
 yield 4;
var iterator = foo();
iterator.next(); // {value: 2, done: false}
iterator.next(); // {value: 3, done: false}
iterator.next(); // {value: 4, done: false}
```

#### Generators are Iterators

```
var foo = function* () {
 yield 2;
 yield 3;
 yield 4;
 for (let x of foo()) {
       console.log(x);
 // 2, 3, 4
```

## Sync Example

```
function main() {
   var result1 = requestSync( "http://some.url.1" );
   var data = JSON.parse( result1 );
   var result2 = requestSync( "http://some.url.2?id=" +
data.id );
    var resp = JSON.parse( result2 );
    console.log( "The value you asked for: " + resp.value );
```

## ASync Example

```
function *main() {
   var result1 = yield request( "http://some.url.1" );
    var data = JSON.parse( result1 );
    var result2 = yield request( "http://some.url.2?id=" + data.id );
    var resp = JSON.parse( result2 );
    console.log( "The value you asked for: " + resp.value );
}
var it = main();
it.next();
```

## ASync Example

```
function request(url) {
    // this is where we're hiding the asynchronicity,
    // away from the main code of our generator
    // `it.next(..)` is the generator's iterator-resume
    // call
    makeAjaxCall( url, function(response){
        it.next( response );
    } );
    // Note: nothing returned here!
}
```

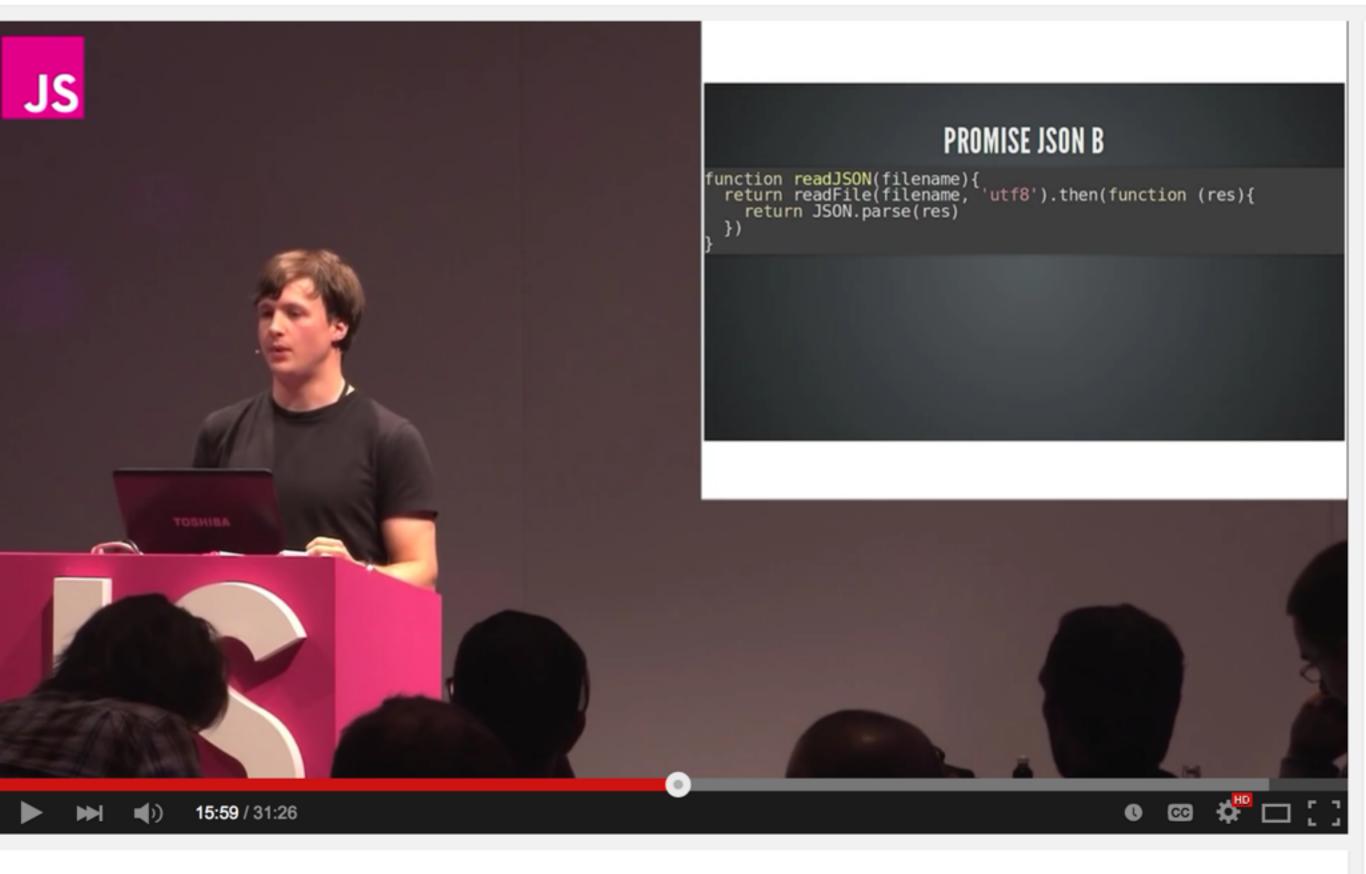
\* from <a href="http://davidwalsh.name/async-generators">http://davidwalsh.name/async-generators</a>:
Very good series on Generators

## Generator Version of Student Example: Generators + Promises Async Code Almost the Same as Sync Code

```
spawn(function *() {
   student = yield findStudent(123)
  className = yield findClass(student)
   school = yield findSchool(className)
});
Using task.js or with ES7 await instead of yield keyword
http://taskjs.org/
```

```
spawn(function*() {
    var data = yield $.ajax(url);
    $('#result').html(data);
    var status = $('#status').html('Download complete.');
    yield status.fadeIn().promise();
    yield sleep(2000);
    status.fadeOut();
});
```

```
require("babel/polyfill");
var makeAjaxCall = function (url, cb) {
    setTimeout(function () {
        cb("Result for " + url);
    }, 100);};
function request(url) {
    makeAjaxCall( url, function(response){
        it.next( response );
    });}
var main = function *() {
    var result1 = yield request( "http://some.url.1" );
    var data = encodeURIComponent(result1.toUpperCase());
    var result2 = yield request( "http://some.url.2?id=" + data );
    var resp = result2;
    console.log( "The value you asked for: " + resp );
}; var it = main(); it.next();
```



Forbes Lindesay: Promises and Generators: control flow utopia -- JSConf EU 2013



**JSConf** 

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26,074

#### See Also:

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qbKWsbJ76-s
- http://davidwalsh.name/async-generators