1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK		
2	EASIERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK		
3		X	
4	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	:	
5		: 18-CR-00204 (NGG) :	
6	V.	: 225 Cadman Plaza East: Brooklyn, New York	
7	RANIERE, et al.,	: : September 18, 2018	
8	Defendants.	:	
9	X		
10	TRANSCRIPT OF CRIMINAL CAUSE FOR STATUS CONFERENCE		
11	BEFORE THE HONORABLE VERA M. SCANLON UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE		
12			
13	APPEARANCES:		
14		A HAJJAR, ESQ. A KIM PENZA, ESQ.	
15	Easte	ed States Attorney's Office ern District of New York Cadman Plaza East	
16		klyn, New York 11201	
17	For Defendant Raniere: MARC A. AGNIFILO, ESQ. TENY ROSE GERAGOS, ESQ.		
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23			
24	(Appe	arances continue on next page.)	
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	Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording, transcript produced by transcription service		

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(Proceedings began 12:33 p.m.)
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              THE COURT: Criminal Cause for a Status Conference,
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    Case No. 18-CR-00204, <u>United States v. Keith Raniere</u>, <u>Allison</u>
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    Mack, Clare Bronfman, Kathy Russell, Lauren Salzman, and Nancy
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    Salzman.
              Counsel, can you state your name for the record
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    starting with the Government?
              MS. HAJJAR: Tanya Hajjar and Moira Penza for the
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    Government. Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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              MS. PENZA: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
              MR. AGNIFILO: Good afternoon, Marc Agnifilo, Paul
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    DerOhannesian next to me. I have Teny Geragos, and I have
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    Danielle Smith, and we're all for Keith Raniere. Good
    afternoon, Judge.
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              THE COURT: Afternoon.
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              MR. McGOVERN: Good afternoon, Your Honor; Bill
    McGovern for Allison Mack.
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              MS. HARRIS: Good afternoon, Your Honor; Justine
    Harris and Amanda Ravich for Kathy Russell.
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              MR. SOLOWAY: Hello, Your Honor; Robert Soloway for
    Nancy Salzman.
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              THE COURT: And your late appearance is why?
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              MR. SOLOWAY: I'm sorry, Your Honor?
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THE COURT: Your late arrival?

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MR. SOLOWAY: Yes, I apologize, Your Honor.
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    in the Southern District for a conference before Judge
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    Schofield, and I ran over here after that. I was also in a
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    conference at 9:30 before Sterling Johnson, so I ran to the
    Southern District to do that and ran back here to do this.
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                                                                Ι
    really apologize though.
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              THE COURT: I won't ask you which district you
   prefer.
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              Yes.
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              MS. NECHELES: Good afternoon, Your Honor; Susan
    Necheles and Kate Cassidy for Ms. Bronfman.
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              THE COURT: Okay. And on the phone?
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              MR. DIAZ: Your Honor, Hector Diaz for Lauren
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    Salzman appearing telephonically. Good afternoon.
              THE COURT: All right. Good afternoon. Okay.
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    we had a very brief conference last week to have you all talk
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    and see if you could resolve some of your -- ideally all of
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    your e-discovery issues.
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              So, one, did you have the meeting, and, two, can I
    get an update on where we stand with issues?
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              MS. HAJJAR: Yes, Your Honor, we did at the Court's
    direction meet with defense counsel after last week's
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    conference. We listened to some of defense counsel's specific
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    requests and priorities. It's worth noting I think that not
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    all defense counsel have the same list of priorities, but it
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was significant I think for the Government to hear those lists.

There are two large time-consuming tasks that are ahead of us. The first is the very significant number of electronic devices that are seized from two properties in Clifton Park, New York, and the other is a privilege review on several electronic devices that we can begin because at our request defense counsel provided a list of attorneys for their clients. And so we can engage our firewall team to begin that review.

The defense counsel for Nancy Salzman also indicated which devices seized from her residence she intended to assert a privacy interest and which devices she intended to assert a privilege which makes things considerably easier for us. We did learn that these -- we did hear from Ms. Salzman's attorney last night, and so the Government will be taking steps today to implement some of the searches based on what defense counsel has provided.

We again are seeking to prioritize devices used from the residence for which no defendant is asserting a privacy interest. We expect to make those electronic devices available in full -- discovery copies available for early access to all the defendants by the end of next week. And --

THE COURT: And how many is that?

[Pause in proceedings.]

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MS. HAJJAR: Your Honor, I think it's 10 devices
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2
    from that residence which we expect to make available in full.
              THE COURT:
                          Okay. And that -- you said the end of
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 4
   next week so we're looking at 9/28?
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              MS. HAJJAR: Yes, at the end of next week, Your
   Honor.
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              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
              MS. HAJJAR: And in the interim, we can also provide
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    devices seized from Nancy Salzman's residence that -- for
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    which she's not asserting a privacy interest. The Government
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    also --
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              THE COURT: Just so I keep track of this.
    There's -- that's additional devices?
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              MS. HAJJAR: Yes.
              THE COURT: Okay. How many is that?
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              MS. HAJJAR: There were two devices, Your Honor --
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              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
              MS. HAJJAR: -- that Ms. Salzman indicated she was
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   not asserting a privacy interest in.
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              THE COURT: Okay.
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              MS. HAJJAR: I should note, Your Honor, although I'm
   giving the Court an estimate of the number of devices, the
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    numbers -- the data on those devices vary widely, and so if
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    Your Honor would like we can -- we can put in a letter
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    attempting to break out the data associating the -- in terms
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of, you know, gigabytes or terabytes. That may be --
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              THE COURT:
                          I think we're moving in that direction.
   But the ones that are open I guess it's not really that
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 4
    relevant, right?
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              MS. HAJJAR: The ones that -- I'm sorry, Your Honor?
              THE COURT:
                          The ones that you've talked about that
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    are going to be produced for open discovery, the 10 and the 2.
              MS. HAJJAR: Yes, but just to note, Your Honor,
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    that --
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              THE COURT:
                         Okay.
              MS. HAJJAR: -- the larger the device the more time
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    it takes in terms of processing and the more -- just the more
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    voluminous the discovery. But I'll just note that for the
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    Court.
              THE COURT: All right. Do you have a number
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    associated with those?
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              MS. HAJJAR: No, I was -- but we can provide the
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    Court and the parties with those numbers.
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              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
                           The other request the Government made
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              MS. HAJJAR:
    at the meet and confer last week was that should the
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    defendants choose to do so one thing that would move the
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    process more quickly with respect to the privilege review is
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    for defense counsel to, if they are willing, prepare a
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   privilege log to provide to the firewall AUSA in assisting
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with reviewing those materials for potentially privileged items and for, you know, further discussions on the privilege side. That may make things move faster, and we've made that request. We haven't yet heard what defense counsel has chosen to do, but that will -- that would be -- you know, in the interests of moving expeditiously I think that would be a significant way to move things forward.

THE COURT: So what would that involve just to educate me on that front? Is it --

MS. HAJJAR: We've provided full native copies of the devices for which defense -- defendants are asserting a privilege so full copies of a -- of a cellular telephone and email addresses. And so, you know, to the extent counsel are willing to do this they would review the contents for potentially privileged materials and make a log of what those --

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. HAJJAR: -- precisely what that privilege is with which -- with which attorney. And whether the privilege is being asserted in that individual's personal capacity or as a -- or on behalf of NXIVM or pursuant to some joint defense agreement.

THE COURT: Okay. I suggest I know -- and maybe

I'm just still catching up, everybody has a copy of their own

device. Is that where you're at?

MS. HAJJAR: Yes, with the exception of Ms. Nancy Salzman's because of the volume of materials for which she has asserted a potential privilege and because the Government only received yesterday a amended list of devices for which she said there could be privileged materials.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. HAJJAR: So we're working with those materials, but they're significantly more voluminous in Ms. Salzman's case.

THE COURT: Okay. So it -- would you be able to give me a list that tells me who has how many devices or the size of the device?

MS. HAJJAR: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Does that account for all the devices?

MS. HAJJAR: These are the -- these are the devices for which the -- that are the largest, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. HAJJAR: And thus in the Government's view will take the most time to sort through and search. Cognizant that privilege reviews take time and can be difficult because the Government team, the primary review team, cannot begin that search until the privilege review has been completed. And so these are the -- in the Government's view the most time-consuming and significant undertakings in the discovery

1 process. 2 THE COURT: Okay. Is there other information? MS. HAJJAR: Your Honor, the Government's happy to 3 4 answer any questions the Court or the parties have, but that's where we are. We did -- we did indicate to defense counsel --5 the Government reached out to Mr. Agnifilo in a -- in an 6 effort to try to adjourn this conference in an -- because it's 7 8 been only two days since the parties met and conferred --9 THE COURT: That's okay. 10 MS. HAJJAR: -- in the Government's view -- I'm 11 sorry? That's okay. I wanted to see you, so 12 THE COURT: 13 even if he agreed you'd still be here. So look at it as 14 somewhat of an educational process for me. All right. I should have asked for all the 15 16 defendants, your clients' waive their appearance? 17 MR. AGNIFILO: For Mr. Raniere, that's true. THE COURT: Everybody? 18 19 MS. HARRIS: Yes, Your Honor. MR. SOLOWAY: Yes, for Nancy Salzman, also, yes. 20 21 MS. NECHELES: Yes, on behalf of Ms. Bronfman. MR. McGOVERN: And for Ms. Mack as well. 22 23 THE COURT: Okay. All right. MR. DIAZ: And yes for Lauren Salzman, Your Honor. 24 THE COURT: Sorry. Yes, you have to tap every so 25

often so I remember. Okay. All right.

Defense counsel.

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MR. AGNIFILO: I think first of all, thank you, Your Honor, and good afternoon. We really echo the Government's I thought the meet and confer that we had after the comments. conference with you was very productive. We got a chance to understand a little more from them on the volume and the devices. And I think they heard from us areas where we might be able to help, frankly, and lift some of the objections which has already started to happen and prioritize within what sounds like a mountain of information they still have to go through, kind of prioritize within that mountain. So for example, we learned that I think the bulk of the data that they need to review comes out of the Clifton Park residences, and I think -- and others can sort of add any detail that I leave out, others on the defense team, but I think we are -we're of the view that that's maybe the least relevant information for us. It includes a whole lot of videotape recording that we don't think is going to be directly relevant to our defense.

Doesn't mean we don't ultimately want it, but in terms of prioritizing what I'd try to point the Court to and hopefully point the Government to are search warrants that were executed very early on in the case over Lauren Salzman's iPod account back in December of 2017, and those search

warrants were used to get -- the search warrant results were used to get a search warrant with respect to Keith Raniere's accounts. And I think those two buckets of data if you will are probably the most important to us, and they've been pending the longest. And so I think if we can -- to the extent we can work with you and work with the Government to kind of shift the priorities so that we can really get started on building our defense based on the discovery, that would be helpful.

And last point is I think the concept of a schedule I think we probably all agree would be useful just so we're talking about the same things. We've put together our own but we want to make sure it matches theirs and that you have the benefit of that as well.

THE COURT: Okay. So I think it would be helpful for me to hear your general or particular concerns then come back, hear from the Government, and talk about then the dates that we're talking about. Okay.

MS. NECHELES: Susan Necheles, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Yes.

MS. NECHELES: Your Honor, we did think, you know, about the -- had given some thought to the idea of a privilege log and how to do this. And it seems that, you know, when the Government seizes electronic material and email accounts, they're required to run a search on it. They're only allowed

to seize whatever is in the warrant, what's responsive to the warrant, so they copy the entire material, take everything back, and then they have to run searches. Only the stuff that is responsible to -- for the searches needs to be looked at for whether there is any privileged material in there.

So there is this massive stuff, and it seems like if the Government -- you know, if we could get sort of the searches and, you know, then we could address that -- everybody could address their own issue. Right now the Government has been calling discovery copies -- although I don't really understand the term, but the discovery copies they call is everything they see, the whole computer that they copied. And they give that -- they have to give that back to whichever defendant they took it from.

But out of that there's only a small portion that will be responsive to the warrant, and so it seems like they could run their searches without reviewing the material, give that to us, and then we could see exactly what it is that we would be -- you know, I mean instead of having a whole computer to try to go through and figure out is there a privilege log that we could do you would have what's responsive. It's how you would do it if there were a subpoena. If I got a subpoena and was responding to it and I would only do a privilege log for what was actually responsive, not to everything on my client's computer I

wouldn't create a privilege log -- or everything in their email account.

So that's -- it seems like it would make more sense to do it since the Government is obligated and I would assume, for example, for those two email accounts that they've had for over a -- or since 2017 and that they've already used to obtain other search warrants where they must have done the searches that they were required to do by the search warrants. And so we should be able to obtain those or at least whoever's account it was to be able to obtain it. Keith Raniere, who I don't think had -- I don't know if he's asserted privilege -- should be able to obtain -- you know, we should be able to obtain those already and be able to look at those for whether there's anything responsive. I just think it would be a better process.

And then we would also ask for just the timetable for when they expect the other searches to be accomplished.

THE COURT: All right. We'll come back to the schedule later on.

Okay. You're really going to have to deal with me, explain the mechanics of how this works because -- for the Government.

MS. HAJJAR: Yes, Your Honor, we cannot do what Ms. Necheles is suggesting. Just to be clear, the process of searching these three of four -- apart from Nancy Salzman's

devices which are voluminous -- but the other email address for privilege, the -- sorry, the process of searching them generally has begun. However, once the Government is on notice or receives a request for an assertion of privilege, that process stops, and in order to respect the privilege that's in place and not to taint the primary team, we halt the search and first have a firewall AUSA review for privilege. And then the responsiveness search continues.

But that doesn't mean that the privilege log that we are asking defense counsel to complete needs to be of the entirety of the device. Counsel has identified -- counsel for Mr. Raniere and counsel for Ms. Bronfman have identified attorneys and attorney lists and domain names. And so what we have proposed to do is to segregate, to run those searches through the raw data, segregate out potentially privileged materials because they constitute communications with those attorneys, and the remainder can go immediately to the primary team review, that's Ms. Penza and I. We can continue our search and produce materials from that batch of not-potentially privileged materials.

As to the potentially privileged back, that is the batch that -- for which it would be extremely efficient if we were to receive additional information about the nature of the privilege and the privilege asserted and for which Ms. Shannon Jones, another AUSA, will be reviewing to see whether those

materials are in fact privileged. But we cannot search that 1 material for responsive to the warrant without having -- I 2 mean we cannot now having received an assertion of privilege 3 4 continue to search. 5 THE COURT: Okay. So can we get back to Ms. Necheles? 6 7 MS. NECHELES: Your Honor, so --THE COURT: My understanding is what the Government 8 9 I don't -- I'm not sure how the mechanics of what 10 you're asking for would happen. MS. NECHELES: Well, that's fine. So the 11 Government -- it sounds like it's two tracks. One track is 12 13 they are reviewing the materials or they separated out the 14 privileged stuff. So put the privileged stuff --THE COURT: Well, they haven't done that yet. 15 MS. NECHELES: Well, that should take about 10 16 17 I mean it's running names through a computer and minutes. just saying -- and those get put into a different box by a 18 19 computer. Nobody's doing this by hand. And so -- and then 20 that gets sent over to a different group. It's no longer 21 being searched, and --22 THE COURT: Okay. So sorry. So you've provided all 23 of your --24 MS. NECHELES: Yes. 25 THE COURT: -- everybody that you're going to claim

1 as privileged? 2 MS. NECHELES: Weeks ago. Weeks ago. THE COURT: 3 Okay. MS. HAJJAR: May I? 4 5 THE COURT: Yes, go ahead. MS. HAJJAR: May I just respond to that? 6 Uh-huh (affirmative.) 7 THE COURT: MS. HAJJAR: Just to clarify, we have received lists 8 9 of attorneys from Ms. Bronfman, Mr. Raniere, but only 10 yesterday did we receive from Ms. Nancy Salzman and Ms. Lauren Salzman. And so the -- but in theory, yes, the data can be 11 12 segregated. But the -- we are -- we have engaged a 13 third-party vendor in order to do this efficiently, and we 14 intend to produce the materials in a format that defense counsel can upload it to whatever reviewing platform they wish 15 16 to use, Relativity or Concordance. And the -- there is a bit 17 of processing time in all of that, and so it -- that's not the 18 primary issue. But it's --19 THE COURT: Okay. We're back to scheduling. want to understand the mechanics. So you're not necessarily 20 21 on a different page if I understand for -- Ms. Necheles, your client, you believe you -- the version of the privilege log 22 23 which would be basically identifying the communications that 24 you think would be privileged, you've already provided that

information?

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1 MS. NECHELES: We provided the names. THE COURT: The names of the attorneys? 2 3 MS. NECHELES: Yes, so --4 THE COURT: And there's no other privilege, nobody else that the Government should know about? 5 MS. NECHELES: And we've said to the Government if 6 7 you run across anything else that looks privileged, we're not 8 waiving it, but those are the names. 9 THE COURT: Okay. 10 MS. NECHELES: We've given all the names that we could think of, and presumably those will end up in a separate 11 bucket. Now in that separate bucket, I don't -- you know, if 12 13 it's only 10 names -- or 10 items, well, then, of course we 14 could go through them if the Government told us these are the ones that have come up and here is what you should look at, 15 16 you know. I mean I guess it's going to depend on how 17 voluminous that is. So -- but it doesn't really -- shouldn't impact the timing of everything else because --18 19 THE COURT: Because you're saying there's not --20 your assumption is there's not that much that's privileged. 21 MS. NECHELES: Oh --That vast majority needs to be searched? 22 THE COURT: 23 MS. NECHELES: There might be a lot privileged. 24 THE COURT: Okay. 25 MS. NECHELES: But still, it's so much data that the Government has seized that I think that even if it's a lot, if it were 10 percent of what it was that would be surprising to me. You know, the Government will still have all of this other data that they can be searching for what is responsive. They can also -- the tag team can also just run searches on what's privileged to see -- I mean there may be 1,000 emails with lawyers -- I'm just making that number up. And if you ran the searches, maybe only 10 of them will be responsive to the searches.

So you don't have to create a privilege log for every attorney's -- but that's sort of a separate -- we can talk about protocol with the tag team about how to review that and, you know, rather than going through and trying to figure out everything at first. It's only relevant for things that they have the right to search or to seize. The Government doesn't have the right to seize every email. They only have the right to seize emails that fit within the warrant, and presumably they're looking by search terms for what is responsive to the warrant.

And so then the question is when will be getting all of the other material? So put aside the privileged materials, even the other materials, they have to be running search terms or, you know, determining what's responsive and giving us some of that stuff which we're saying is so old I would assume they've already done that. Because they've already used some

of that material, they must have at least already started doing those searches or completed the search. So that's what I think we are -- you know, once the searches are done it's just mechanics of how, you know, sending it off to a discovery vendor who will then make copies of that. That can't take very long. It's really the only thing that I think that takes time here is the searches, and so that's really where we need a sort of time estimate when that will take place.

THE COURT: All right. Other defense counsels' concerns?

MS. HARRIS: Your Honor, no specific concern, I just want to note that on behalf of Kathy Russell there have been no email accounts. We talk about all defendants having their own emails or devices. There have been none produced to us that were seized from her so that I just didn't want the record later to suggest that everyone had been in the same position. We haven't given the list of attorneys only because it hasn't -- the issue hasn't become ripe and may never become ripe. But I just note that for the record.

THE COURT: Okay. Anybody else? Any concern, anybody?

(No audible response)

THE COURT: Okay. All right. So we're back to the Government.

MS. HAJJAR: Your Honor, the -- we have produced a

subset of Mr. Raniere's emails. I take the point that there are some material that have been seized that are more -- likely to contain more relevant materials than others, and I appreciate defense counsel pointing to those -- to specific items that they believe contain the most potentially, you know, significant material. The two items that were mentioned are Mr. Raniere's email addresses, a subset has been produced. But again, the privilege review process has to take place on those materials.

As to Ms. Salzman -- Ms. Lauren Salzman's iPod account, the Government made efforts, early efforts, to just expedite access to that by making it available in full to defense counsel. However, the Government received a late objection by counsel for Ms. Salzman asserting privilege and objecting to that full disclosure which is -- which is fine, and the Government will search it and conduct a privilege review. But that process just takes time, and so we are going to make best efforts do to that quickly. But there is a privilege process in place, and that needs to be completed before we can continue.

THE COURT: Okay. If I -- you just have to excuse me if this is a basic question but as I understand, there's a culling out the privileged information both from devices and email accounts, right? That's one thing. You have gotten for those individuals who have a privilege issue or anticipate

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that they do, do you have the names from everybody?
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              I understand, Ms. Harris, your client doesn't have
    this.
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              Has everybody else provided you with the names that
    would trigger that -- the identification of privileged
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   materials?
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              MS. HAJJAR:
                          As of yesterday, yes. However, we had
    asked for the domain names for those law firms from Ms. Nancy
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 9
    Salzman.
              We expect to get them, but we haven't yet.
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              THE COURT: Okay.
              MS. HAJJAR: So that's just one -- just one caveat
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    there.
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              THE COURT: So if I understand this process
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    correctly you would or your colleague would run the searches
    and segregate that material from the vast -- what we
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16
    anticipate is the vast majority of the material; is that
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    right?
              MS. HAJJAR: Yes, although I'll note it's not clear
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    at all that that would be -- the vast majority would be
    non-potentially privileged. We just don't know. But that --
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              THE COURT: Okay, speculation possibly.
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              MS. HAJJAR:
22
                           Yes.
              THE COURT:
                          What is that -- how much time?
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24
    does that involve?
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MS. HAJJAR: In terms of the -- just this process of

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1 segregation, Your Honor, it does not -- that does not take 2 time.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. HAJJAR: The -- one moment, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Sure.

[Pause in proceedings.]

MS. HAJJAR: I was just reminded that that is true for the email accounts that we are talking about. That may not be true for the number of devices that were seized from Ms. Nancy Salzman's residence. Those are far more voluminous but may not contain the same -- may not contain attorney-client correspondence. And so focusing on the email addresses, the segregation of data does not -- is not the time-consuming process. The next step is the time-consuming process.

THE COURT: Okay. Just to get an estimate, how long would it take to do the segregation part of the privilege side, the privilege segregation for the emails -- email accounts?

MS. HAJJAR: As to Mr. Raniere and Ms. Bronfman's, those can be completed by the end of the week I think. As to the remainder, that may take more time. I'll just note, Your Honor, that we've -- we have engaged a third-party vendor to assist in processing these materials. They have been giving us updates on the material -- on how long it would take to

process and to run search terms, et cetera. But I'll just note that does depend on the volume that we're talking about, and so we've been told that Ms. -- one of Ms. Nancy Salzman's devices, a laptop, constitutes 1.3 terabytes. So that will take significantly longer, but for Ms. Bronfman's email address, email account, and Mr. Raniere's email account that should not take that much time.

THE COURT: So the segregation you think could be done by the end of this week?

MS. HAJJAR: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. Do they have any estimate on what running these privilege searches would be on the devices?

I -- so I understand your suggestion is maybe the defense counsel can help, but if you were doing -- running the names that you've been given or the domain names that you've been given on the device, do you have any idea what that involves?

MS. HAJJAR: Your Honor, do you mean reviewing those materials for privilege or do you mean just simply --

THE COURT: Just step one, separating it out so that we have some idea that you are -- the other team is dealing with 5 percent, 10 percent, 50 percent of the data.

MS. HAJJAR: That can be done by next week as well, that -- those running the searches and segregating the data.

As to -- again, as to Ms. Bronfman and Mr. Raniere's email accounts which are far -- in terms of volume far less than Ms.

Salzman's. So just to be clear, with Ms. Bronfman's email account and Mr. Raniere's email account, which are -- which is not that voluminous in terms of amount of data, those searches and the data can be segregated by the end of next week. That is not true --

THE COURT: So next week, okay. Okay. But what about the other materials that you have, the segregations which I understand to be step one?

MS. HAJJAR: Your Honor, we need more time to answer that question. There is a significant number of devices that Ms. Nancy Salzman asserted a privilege over. I don't have -- you know, we don't have those numbers right now, and we don't -- and therefore we cannot give an estimate on behalf of the vendor in terms of how long it will take to process all that data and segregate the data. We will have those numbers, but we don't right now.

THE COURT: When do you expect to get those numbers?

And just -- I mean really maybe explaining to me the most basic, but is the difference she has email, she has text, she has video, she has things that I don't even know exist? But is that -- and some things can be searched easily and some things can't be? Is that part of this or --

MS. HAJJAR: That may be part of it, but I think the other part of it is simply technical in terms of simply getting that amount of data onto a searchable database is

1 itself an enormous undertaking.

2 THE COURT: All right. You have to fill me in. Why
3 is that such an enormous undertaking?

MS. HAJJAR: Because of the amount of data, Your Honor. Because of the amount of data to even get it to a -- on a database to permit searches and to permit the segregated buckets of data.

THE COURT: Now is there some way -- you know, if you have -- like totally making these up, you have you said a terabyte plus, it takes three days to move that from a device to a server?

MS. HAJJAR: That's --

THE COURT: Or what are we talking about, this data quantity?

MS. HAJJAR: Your Honor, that's one -- that's a single -- that's Ms. Nancy Salzman's laptops. There are a number of other devices that only yesterday were made clear to us which ones her attorney was asserting a privilege and which ones were not.

THE COURT: Right.

MS. HAJJAR: We will be able to get an estimate on in terms of time, but part of the reason, Your Honor, that we thought it -- you know, it made sense to receive additional information from defense counsel as to which defenses they intended to assert a privilege and which not is partly to be

able to --1 2 THE COURT: Prioritize this. MS. HAJJAR: -- apply the core to that. 3 THE COURT: Right. 4 MS. HAJJAR: We received this information at 8:00 5 p.m. last night, and so it's -- I -- we're just not in a 6 7 position to report that information to the Court or to inform defense counsel. 8 9 THE COURT: Do you have an estimate now that you 10 have the information that you -- okay. Everybody can stay It's really fine. 11 seated. MS. HAJJAR: In terms of how long it will take in 12 order to get an estimate of how long -- of --13 14 THE COURT: Yes, step one. To -- because this all is about scheduling, right? You're on this incredibly tight 15 16 timeline given the volume that you have, but that's the 17 timeline you're on. And trying to get a handle both for defense counsel and you're planning and thinking about the 18 19 trial date, what is feasible here? And --20 MS. HAJJAR: Your Honor, what we would suggest is to 21 submit a letter by the end of this week explaining exactly what we know and what we don't know with respect to how long 22 it will take. 23 24 THE COURT: Okay. So that would be -- that

information would be, what, the -- what it will take to get

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the information into a usable, stable state I guess on some kind of server, whatever it is, and then run the searches that segregate out names and domain names as best you can? I mean I -- I'm guessing, you correct me if I'm wrong, video creates its own problem. Now I don't know if there's any privilege videos. I don't really have no idea what that would be, but it's theoretically there, I don't know. So --

MS. HAJJAR: The Government and counsel were discussing just that at least week's conference, Your Honor. They've requested that we specify what type of file type are on some of these devices, we can -- we will make efforts to do that, but before we can do that we need to be able to have our firewall AUSA have an opportunity to review those devices for which Ms. Nancy Salzman has asserted a privilege. You know, Your Honor, I wish we were able to give you a clear estimate right now, but given the position we're in, given that we met last week, and given we --

THE COURT: All right.

MS. HAJJAR: -- received attorney information last night, we need a little more time to be able to give the Court a -- information that will permit the Court to give a realistic schedule.

THE COURT: So you think you're -- when would you have the information that you're talking about, the first blush of what's on the devices and how you'd be going through

the segregation process?

MS. HAJJAR: One moment, Your Honor. We would propose filing a letter early next week which I think will allow us to give the best estimate we can -- the best estimate available to us in terms of how long -- how long these processes will take.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Let me go back to defense counsel. You're -- can you in any way -- are you interested in any way in contributing to this privilege segregation aspect?

MS. NECHELES: So, Your Honor, these devices were searched or seized, as I understand it, in November or March of this year.

MR. AGNIFILO: Which ones?

MS. NECHELES: The ones from Nancy's --

MR. AGNIFILO: March 27th --

MS. NECHELES: March 27th.

MR. AGNIFILO: -- 2018.

MS. NECHELES: So it's -- what the Government is saying is confusing to me because they seized them and then they have an obligation to search them. They can't just let them sit there forever, so it would seem to me that they would have already put them on a database. I don't understand how they search them if it's not in a database.

And then in addition, Your Honor, once there's the

database then as we said before segregating the stuff just means running names through it and segregating. Now obviously that will not segregate the videos, but put those in a different bucket, you know, because that's, as you said, doubtful that they're really a privilege issue. So --

THE COURT: Speculation, but, you know.

MS. NECHELES: Right, maybe but probably not.

Because if you're videoing a lawyer's meeting you're probably not planning on [inaudible]. So, you know, put those in a separate bucket. But the -- everything else I would have thought would be in a database or once you create the database then it's quicker and easy to run the searches that you segregate out. Again, it's not -- we're not talking about having to review that. We're talking about producing to the rest of us and to -- and all of that shouldn't have had to wait for the list of the names of attorneys to create. I -- that's why I -- when they --

THE COURT: So I -- as I understand the question there's really a question for an update from like -- or information from the Government about the logistics question. So from the Government we've been hearing that you -- with your vendor there is some process that needs to happen because you have these devices. And maybe I incorrectly made an assumption, but I thought you were still working from the device and not from a database or a server stored set of

materials. And defense counsel's speculating --

MS. NECHELES: Just give me --

THE COURT: -- asking that what happened between the spring and here as to where the materials are.

MS. NECHELES: Your Honor, just --

THE COURT: Go ahead. That's fine.

MS. NECHELES: -- if I could -- just to be clear.

THE COURT: You can have a seat.

MS. NECHELES: When the Government comes to Your Honor and asks for a search warrant, they tell Your Honor we're going to make copies of these -- whatever we see there, and then we'll take it back and we'll promptly do a search on it for whatever Your Honor has authorized us to seize and we will seize only that material. Well, some of this stuff has been -- Keith Raniere, they've had it since November of last year. Those searches should be done, you know, or at least substantially done. It -- and that's what we're asking. Are the searches done, and if so, why are we not being produced right now? Now if the searches are done and they need to run another thing to segregate out whatever might be privileged, okay, that -- that's fine. But we should be what are the dates that we should -- we'll begin using? It's not like they just seized all this material.

THE COURT: Okay. Again, I'm putting the -- we don't understand yet -- I don't understand yet or know what is

the physical reality of what has happened and what needs to happen before you can set a schedule.

So now back to the Government, basically a question as where is the data given that you've had -- depending on what we're -- which set of data we're talking about, a moderate to, you know, fairly meaningful amount of time where you theoretically had access to it?

MS. HAJJAR: Yes, Your Honor. So let me -- I think there are -- there are different categories of data. And I also want to clear certain of the categories of data that Ms. Necheles is referring to right now in terms of execution of the search of that data, that is not any data that her client -- her client is asserting any sort of privacy interest or standing to challenge the way the Government has been conducting its searches.

THE COURT: Okay. So without a chart telling me exactly what we're talking about this gets -- starts to get a little hard to follow as to who pocket of data we're talking about. So --

MS. HAJJAR: So the -- so the only data in which the Government understands Ms. Bronfman to be asserting a privacy interest is on her email account.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. HAJJAR: Her email account was seized in the -- was seized in the spring. There was a search warrant in the

spring as to her email account. There were some searches run on her. The search of her account began immediately, but her account immediately did raise concerns about privilege. Given the timing of how this case has gone and given that the Government understood it's an ongoing situation and that Ms. Bronfman -- the Government knew Ms. Bronfman would be in the case eventually at a certain point, the way that we decided to deal with that set of data was to hold off on it --

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. HAJJAR: -- halt our search, and wait until we did have a list of attorneys from Ms. Bronfman as to that data. Ms. Bronfman was only arrested on July 23rd. We received a list not long after that, and that process is well in place in terms of being able to segregate the data and continue our searches of her account. So that is the only account as to which Ms. Necheles and her client have any standing to challenge anything about. Now as to the bulk of the data which is what we're --

THE COURT: Well, what about Raniere so we get the two emails?

MS. HAJJAR: Sorry, that was in -- I believe that was in November, the search warrant was in November. Again, search of that account began immediately and continued. We have continued that search. The Government has produced a subset of our search with the caveat that our search of that

email account was ongoing. There were certain concerns in producing that data in a format that would -- and this is going to overlap slightly with what I talk about, the process of what happens when data gets to the FBI. There was a concern regarding after we began producing materials to counsel for Mr. Raniere and Ms. Mack when they were the only two defendants in the case back in April, there became -- a concern arose about the way the Government was producing the data, that the data -- we didn't have metadata.

THE COURT: Right.

MS. HAJJAR: And it wasn't being produced in a Bates stamp way that would be easy, that would be the way that going forward would be useful for everybody at trial. So the Government -- and at that point no privilege concern was raised by Mr. Agnifilo about Keith Raniere's email account. That's -- we -- the Government then very much understanding we also had all these other searches going on at the same time and process going on, at that point in -- as -- in terms of Keith Raniere's email account, the priority became finding a vendor which is something that we did as to the other data as well, and then at the time point of the superseding indictment for the first time a privilege issue was raised. So search of the email account is halted. We have no engaged a third-party vendor. Of course as Your Honor can imagine, we are the Government and actually getting a process in place of engaging

a vendor is itself a time-consuming --

THE COURT: Can I just make sure I understand? So you did not -- given the timing of Raniere assertion of privilege you did not finish your search of his email?

MS. HAJJAR: That is absolutely correct.

THE COURT: Okay. All right.

MS. HAJJAR: So those are like -- those -- Your Honor, those two accounts and those two accounts are the only things -- so as to Mr. Raniere's email account, that is the only thing as to which he is asserting privacy interest. And as to Clare Bronfman's email account, that is the only thing she is asserting a privacy interest in. So in terms of concerns over how the Government is conducting its searches, et cetera, those are the two accounts that they should be discussing themselves.

MS. NECHELES: Your Honor, can I just -- to be clear, this has nothing to do with a privacy interest. This is Rule 16. We are entitled to every other defendant's materials that is responsive. So that's why we're discussing everything. The Rule 16 issue -- or the privacy issue is totally irrelevant. We're entitled to everybody -- they've all asserted they only want to produce to us what the Government had the right to seize under the Fourth Amendment what they were offering --

THE COURT: Okay. That's what I've heard so far is

the Government was moving along with its review, which is the 1 search that you are talking about. But there was a privilege 2 issue raised and so it has not been completed. 3 MS. NECHELES: But -- and what we're saying is put 4 5 aside the privilege. Give us everything else that's responsive to the searches. 6 7 THE COURT: How do --MS. NECHELES: And we're entitled to everybody's. 8 9 THE COURT: All right. I don't know if we're 10 talking in circles. I don't know how you do that without segregating out the privilege information. 11 12 MS. NECHELES: Yes, they can just run the privilege 13 searches on the databases that presumably --14 THE COURT: Okay. We're having a -- we haven't gotten up to that yet, but it's how they're going to do this. 15 16 MS. NECHELES: Okay. But the issue of whose --17 whether I have a right to assert a privacy interest --18 THE COURT: Okay. 19 MS. NECHELES: -- as to Keith Raniere, no, but I have a right to get that stuff. And I have a right to get it 20 21 promptly because it's Rule 16 material and I need it before it 22 can go to trial. 23 THE COURT: Okay.

MS. HAJJAR: Your Honor, the concern about --

together has -- so the Government now I think wants to turn to

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the large bulk of material that really is the material that creates a time-consuming process --

THE COURT: I got it.

MS. HAJJAR: -- that creates the complexity. And what the Government did -- which was in terms of beginning of searches, the searches began within days of the search being executed on Nancy Salzman's house and on 8 Hale Drive. That being said there -- that is a very time-consuming process. We are talking about 60-plus devices seized from those places. We have -- there is a special unit within the FBI that needs to process every single one of those pieces. That is a process that has been a very time-consuming process. In the interim, certain materials have been searched. The searches are ongoing. There have been these halting issues based on assertions of privilege.

But, Your Honor, we also -- there was also a re-prioritizing based on what we were hearing from defense counsel that they wanted it produced in a certain way.

THE COURT: Right.

MS. HAJJAR: And so the Government couldn't spend time producing it one way just to reproduce it again a second way. So now we are -- now we are in a place where we have a third-party vendor. A lot of these issues are getting sorted out. And I think we will be in a better place to give time -- but searches do take time, Your Honor. Searches for

responsive materials to warrants, especially when there have been these kind of halting processes, those take time. And so there is still a ways to go here which is what we did stress to Judge Garaufis.

THE COURT: So -- just so I understand again, are you physically in a position to start doing these searches, or are we still talking about getting devices onto a database?

MS. HAJJAR: We are still talking -- so there -- it is a rolling process. So material -- the way we have been -- again, part of -- part of the difficulty here is that the Government did attempt to make everything available right away.

THE COURT: I understand, but everybody doesn't agree, right.

MS. HAJJAR: And so -- and that's fine, but we didn't know that everyone didn't agree until weeks after we -- the -- weeks after we had requested hearing any objections. So we thought we were operating in a way that they were going to get all of this data at the end of last month. So I do want to be clear about that, Your Honor.

In terms of the actual process of getting the data to -- it's going device by device, and so we are very much in that process of getting material to our third-party vendor. But it is a process, so it's a rolling basis. And we will continue both the privilege -- understand -- the privilege

segregation and our searches and production all on a rolling basis now going forward.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. HAJJAR: But there's not going to be a hard stop that we can give as to when that will be complete.

THE COURT: Okay. Again, think of this as an educational question. Is the point that it physically takes time to run the different searches, or is it just that there's just the three of you working on it? Or you don't -- now, is it one of these things where computers can only run the searches so much or the human power that you have working on this can only do so much of a review reasonably? What is the -- I don't yet understand what the constraints are.

MS. HAJJAR: Well, of course there's always the human power element. But here what we are talking about in the very first instance is an actual difficulty. Like actually taking it days to move data from one place to another to another. And so we engaged in that process as to a lot of devices in this effort to provide everything in fall. Then that doesn't work. And so now we have to do the same process with our vendor. They take -- again, I do not want to be held to any of these estimates, but that takes days per device to get --

THE COURT: So just so I understand, you basically had to start again by moving to a vendor? Just so we get --

MS. HAJJAR: So this is to put it on to a reviewing platform in order to produce it in a way that we understand the defendants and the Government --

THE COURT: Can use it.

MS. HAJJAR: -- thinks will be the most useable way of having the data.

THE COURT: Okay. So you have the physical challenge of getting it onto whatever the platform is and you're somewhere in that process but it's not complete. Then you're going to have to do what we're talking about running the searches. There's the privilege piece of it. You're going to segregate out some information. You're going to do that using the data points which appear to be mostly attorneys' names and the law firm or the attorney's domain names and look for that. You're going to pull that out. Now at the point where defendant's counsel is asking the search, basically have the searches to decide what's responsive to the search warrant been done at all or what their estimate would be. And I assume there's a difference between the email and the devices.

MS. HAJJAR: There is, Your Honor. And again, the Government at this point does not want to be cabined into certainly how we are going to be doing our searches. I know Ms. Necheles is saying search terms but there are different --

THE COURT: Are there ways -- and this again --

MS. HAJJAR: There are. There are other ways that the Government wants to make sure it's within the bounds of its search. It's a very careful process. Certainly, it's often been done without search terms. Search terms are certainly something that the Government is considering. But we have to make sure that we are adhering to the warrant and complying with other obligations that we have. So we are -- that is a process that will take time because once you run searches you find out X term hits on a million things. And so then you have to revise your searches.

THE COURT: Right.

MS. HAJJAR: And then we don't want to hear down the road oh well you used this term and that term really wasn't within the scope of the warrant.

THE COURT: All right. So that's like a normal ediscovery problem that happens, but it's a problem.

MS. HAJJAR: It's a process. It's a long process. It's not just you run the searches, dump everything --

THE COURT: Hang on. Just have a seat. I want to - because we're going to -- go ahead.

MS. HAJJAR: Run the searches. I think what Ms.

Necheles is almost suggesting is we should come up with a list of searches, run those searches, and then just dump all of that to the defendants. And I think down the road she would be challenging that at a suppression hearing. So we have to

do a little bit of due diligence in terms of making sure that the process that we are applying is going to --

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THE COURT: I think the position is slightly different which is this case has been -- even though there have been these production bumps along the way, has been on for a while and how to be sure that there's sufficient physical resources, I mean like computer power, and the vendor services, and either FBI and/or attorney time put into this to start pushing out this data to figure out whatever's That's I think the bigger question of how does this get done and does it make a difference, you know, if there's only one person working on it or two persons working or three, or you know, what's appropriate, right? If you were to -- if there's just one of you, we can be here until next year. It would be an enormous project. If you have two, if you have three -- but at some point adding people doesn't I mean so this is somewhat of a dynamic answer help. Right? but their fundamental point is there's a search warrant. The search warrant should be executed and you take what you're allowed to take and that's it. And then the case goes on with that information or trying -- moving towards getting the schedule but trying to understand what needs to be done for you to get through that process.

MS. HAJJAR: Your Honor, we do propose to submit something to the Court and to the parties to apprise them of

the process. But I just want to note that it matters whether this is an email account for which the Government or the reviewer has to go email by email or, as Mr. Raniere's counsel has pointed out, it's a hard drive with videos of various speeches or meetings. Those are different things and they take -- it depends -- it's very much a review process. Depends on the type of file and how it's hosted. And so we also want to be clear that while searches -- this process of getting it up to a searchable database is for things like emails or other items that we are going to review document by So that's one bucket of material. Not everything needs to be hosted that way and we have had a conversation with defense counsel about videos or audio files. doesn't need put on this, on a relativity or concordant So part of the difficulty in estimating the time it database. will take is, even from our perspective figuring out how best to get these materials over because this is not a case where there's been an image of several cell phones and that can just be turned over in PDF form. We are doing it in a form for which the Government and defense counsel can review properly.

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THE COURT: Where we are now is there's kind of a fundamental tension between the physical reality in the labor intensive piece that you're talking about which both of you are leading and then your colleague's doing the privilege part of it and the trial dates and all of that. And this is the

beginning of the process of trying to figure out how to sync
those. So you may have these physical challenges but the
defendants have other rights, so I'm trying to see where this
goes.

Okay. Anything else I need to know right from the Government, then hear from defense counsel and come back to you?

MS. HAJJAR: I don't believe so, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Who wants to --

MR. McGOVERN: Bill McGovern for Allison Mack. I don't really want to dwell on looking backwards but I think the frustration you're hearing from us is all of these issues were entirely foreseeable. It's not the first big electronic discovery case this office has done or presumably these --

THE COURT: Well, I mean --

MR. McGOVERN: So I just wanted --

THE COURT: The big fork in the road of the Government position which so far sounds understandable is they were thinking they were working on more than open file situation amongst all of you and they're not. And that is a real change in detour.

MR. McGOVERN: I mean we asserted I think rights that every defendant would assert in a case like this. I think it's entirely foreseeable that the defendants wouldn't want to waive their attorney-client privilege or their privacy

rights. I think it happens in every case. We were the party 1 just on the Bates stamping that in the early part of the production we realized we were getting a mass of information that wasn't really on a format that we thought would be useful. We raise that issue because again, we've always received documents in that format. We never anticipated it would be kind of -- we'd hear six months later as a reason 8 that there's been a slowdown in production.

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But let me, instead of looking backwards, let's try to look forward. And a couple of suggestions coming out of this. One is if the Government would entertain or Your Honor would entertain a rolling production so we're not waiting until they get through an entire review but we could work out a staged production which we do on the defense side all the time when we produce to the Government, work out some portion each week so that we can get started.

Additionally, the prioritization point I think is important to us so that we're not waiting for stuff that we know is not going to be relevant.

THE COURT: And then just so I -- your priorities were those email accounts first?

MR. McGOVERN: Yeah. I mean I think we probably want to confirm once we see the full list but that was an example of priority.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. McGOVERN: And then just the last point and then I'll sit down is I think the outcome of this conference, they referenced a letter explaining the technology which I think would be good. It may be helpful for everybody. I think what we'd like is a table that has columns like device, size of device, status of search, and date expected to be complete. And that way when we come together again we can point to different items on the list and talk about them I think in a little more organized way.

THE COURT: Okay. Ms. Necheles?

MS. NECHELES: Thank you, Your Honor. So Your Honor, I'm just a little concerned when I hear the Government say that they want to go through things email by email. And of course they have the right to review materials for what is responsive. But if there is a January or February trial date and there are 10 million emails, that's just not logistically possible.

THE COURT: We're working towards trying to figure out the answer to that question.

MS. NECHELES: And so, Your Honor, what we -- the tension comes in when the Government says we've asserted certain rights, no, no, we just had followed the law. You seized materials. You told the Court that you would search them. Do the searches that you're required. And don't give other people my personal information that you had no right to

seize. So it's sort of basic. It's no surprise that a defendant would assert that. Every single case you assert It's fundamental. I've never been in a case where a defendant has waived their fourth amendment right and said go ahead and seize everything in my house, go ahead and seize everything in my computer. That would be absurd and malpractice. So it's not a surprise. The question is when are they going to finish -- when you have a multi-defendant case like this, they have to produce -- finish the searches in time so that the other defendants can get everything that was seized and then prepare for trial. And so that's what we're looking at. What date would you be given? I don't care how you are doing it. You want to look at every email --THE COURT: You do care how. Right? I mean there's

MS. NECHELES: Put all your lawyers on it. I don't care. But what date will you be getting me all the Rule 16 material, which means the stuff that you seized from other people so that I can start preparing for trial. And that's what we're sort of asking for those kind of deadlines to be set so that we can work back. And I agree we need to know from technically and that it would be helpful to get those technical information about when things will be processed so that they can start or finish doing the searches. I guess the Government had said they'd start them.

THE COURT: Other defense counsel?

MS. HARRIS: Your Honor, I would just note that one thing we're not talking about today but we did discuss at the meet and confer is the notion that they do have, I believe the Government has in its possession other items and other accounts for which it does anticipate that there is Rule 16 material and I think in the context of our meet and confer they were unwilling, and I think that was reflected in the conference before Your Honor, maybe a little bit before Judge Garaufis as well, they are unwilling to sort of identify with any kind of detail what those materials are. We understand the investigation is ongoing. They've indicated they intend to supersede, but nonetheless we have --

THE COURT: Yes. I agree.

MS. HARRIS: -- right now a trial date and if there is at least a description of what is -- oh, we have five other email accounts and the volume is X, Y, Z and we are performing searches of those, we would ask that whatever submission is sent to the Court gives at least a preview of what we don't have itemized yet and sort of the discovery letters. That's number one.

And then number two, I think I flag this now in a very preliminary form but again, because these issues may come up later, you know, I understand there is a sort of a practical advantage to sort of what they call a full discovery

1 copy for items like if we're not -- there's no privacy interest, we can't make a motion to suppress. I want to flag 2 for Your Honor I have some concerns for like that happening 3 wholesale and I'm not taking a position but obviously they've 4 made representations and warrant applications to the Court to 5 get that material that said they're going to only seize 6 7 limited material. That may be no harm no foul because there is no privacy interest, there's nothing for us as defense 8 9 counsel to raise. But again, they are in conducting further 10 investigation and they're going to bring additional charges and I don't know if I -- we may have issues. And again, it's 11 very [indiscernible] several hypothetical layers later, if 12 13 they bring charges later that they seized outside the scope of 14 a warrant and in contravention to a warrant application that was made to Your Honor. If we're dealing only with the 15 16 charges here and there's like extra stuff, like whatever, 17 we're not going to make silly motions just to make silly motions. But if they're going to bring new charges based on 18 19 items seized outside the scope of a warrant, even if we don't 20 have a privacy interest, I'm just putting a placeholder there 21 that we may have issues. 22 THE COURT: Okay. Government, you heard that.

your client, your concerns?

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MR. SOLOWAY: Your Honor, thank you. I represent Nancy Salzman and I think that we, number one just factually,

turned over a list of seven lawyers to the Government yesterday. Ms. Penza references something like six devices that are in the mix here. And we have notified the Government as to between 45 and 48, I don't remember the exact number, over which we assert no privilege interest. 45 --

THE COURT: 45? Okay.

MR. SOLOWAY: 45 or 48. And that leaves roughly 15 devices that we suspect contain attorney-client privilege materials. And there are, with respect to those 15 or so, you know, we're talking about phones, we're talking about hard drives, we're talking about laptops which we suspect there will be communications between attorneys and Ms. Salzman. And we think that the way that things should occur is that when the Government has the domain names that they need -- now they just have the seven names of the attorneys and they want a little bit of additional information which we'll readily be able to supply today, that once the materials are segregated out that are a hit on the attorneys, or the attorneys' firms, or the domain names, then there would be the ability to disseminate the balance of that material promptly as Rule 16 material if in fact it's responsive to the warrant.

THE COURT: That's my question. For those devices and your 45 though you're still saying the warrant applies and --

MR. SOLOWAY: Yes, of course.

THE COURT: All right. And so there needs to be a search.

MR. SOLOWAY: Right. And that's the search that I think everybody is saying like what's been going on?

THE COURT: What's the holdup.

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MR. SOLOWAY: Right. And what's been going on. there is going to be this subset of materials that Your Honor identified before and the Government was talking about whether there's going to be a privilege log. Well gee, you know, we want -- you know there's often litigation with that subset of what the Government segregates out. Is there really privilege here? You know, or is there an exception? For example, a crime fraud exception to what would be attorney-client. You know, there's a litigation at that point. But I think what we're trying to understand and not really seem like we are necessarily there, and the Government is indicating it's a large volume of material, and it is, but now the Government knows that with respect to 45 to 48 of those electronic devices they don't have any issues with respect to taint teams and things like that in providing to us. What we want is for the Government to supply us that subset of materials that's filtered out as responding to those or a hit on those attorney names. And then we can do that work. Right? We would have designated lawyers that are going to function to deal with the issues relating to privilege with the tainting lawyers from

the Government. Right? Those things are going to be going on at least at my firm at the same time as we are reviewing the other Rule 16 discovery that Ms. Necheles was talking about that like where is it of the other defendants so we can prepare for trial. I mean that's what we're working toward, right? For the Government to give us -- and I think you're working toward some sense of when those things can happen. Like when will we come back and maybe have our next meeting

THE COURT: All right. I think we're back to the Government and --

and have answers to that sort of concrete.

MS. HAJJAR: So Your Honor, I think from what Mr. Soloway just said speaks a little to what the difficulty is here in terms of prioritization. So the Government understands its obligations. But other defendants have said they don't very much care what's in Nancy Salzman's house. Now, that's what they're saying now in terms of like what their priorities are. But Nancy Salzman wants the stuff that's in Nancy Salzman's house which of course makes sense. And so that's why this is -- Judge Garaufis has now designated the case complex. It is a complex case. There are a lot of factors at play here. And I want to be clear in terms of the devices, that was only last night that we --

THE COURT: I got it. I know. 8 o'clock.

MS. HAJJAR: -- were given the 45 devices that are

not privileged. So of course the Government will do rolling productions. We've been doing rolling productions. That's exactly what we intend to do. We will certainly move forward with our best efforts and in good faith.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. DIAZ: Your Honor, this is counsel for Lauren Salzman. I was hoping maybe I could just for a minute go back to Ms. Salzman's iCloud account.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. DIAZ: Last night we did disclose a list of six lawyers in terms of potentially privileged material. At the meet and confer it was our understanding that the size of Ms. Salzman's iCloud account wasn't massive data in terms of a terabyte or anything of that sort. And I just was hoping maybe we can clarify with the Government. And this, again, this is something that I think goes back to December of 2017 in terms of the warrant.

MS. HAJJAR: I'm happy to address it, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Sure.

MS. HAJJAR: So as to Lauren Salzman's iCloud account, yes, the Government has largely searched Ms. Salzman's iCloud account and we're happy to prioritize that production. Again, this was not an account that we -- when the Government was conducting its search of Lauren Salzman's iCloud account, the Government did not identify a clear

- 1 privilege issue and so we've only now heard this privilege
- 2 | issue. We are going to prioritize because we are hearing that
- 3 Lauren Salzman's iCloud account is something everyone is
- 4 | interested in. So that is an item that is relatively discrete
- 5 | that we are going to prioritize making sure it's with our
- 6 | vendor, segregated out in terms of any attorney-client
- 7 communications and then producing responsive materials from
- 8 | that account to defense counsel, Bates stamped with metadata
- 9 in a way that everybody can use. So that is not a problem.
- 10 And again, Your Honor, that was an item where as of -- we
- 11 | actually did --
- 12 THE COURT: I got it. Move on.
- MS. HAJJAR: -- produce that one to everyone and had
- 14 to halt that production because we thought everyone was
- 15 getting that, so --
- 16 THE COURT: Okay. Does everybody know -- I mean I
- 17 was just looking at it. There is an entry on the docket at
- 18 | 138 that the case is designated as complex? Did everybody see
- 19 | that before you got here?
- 20 FEMALE SPEAKER: Yes.
- 21 THE COURT: Okay. So just to make sure everybody
- 22 knows. Okay. Look, I'm just going to read the relevant part
- 23 of this and then come back to how we're going to go ahead.
- 24 So no attorney who has appeared or will enter an
- 25 appearance on behalf of any party in this case may commit to

participating in any other trial between January 1, 2019 and June 30, 2019 without first requesting in writing and receiving specific permission from this Court. The January 7, 2019 trial date remains in place pending further discussion of the October 4, 2018 status conference after Magistrate Judge Scanlon establishes a discovery schedule for the parties. They are directed to confer with any pretrial scheduling and to propose a schedule for all pretrial matters built around the January 7, 2019 trial date or a proposed alternate date before the October 4 status conference.

So I hear the Government saying something, you want to put in a letter first later this week, early next week. And then some materials will be available the end of next week. But I'm going to reiterate the point as things stand now, and obviously it's a dynamic conversation between the Government and defense counsel and everybody and Judge Garaufis but you are currently on a fairly tight schedule. And I hear it's hard and I hear there are some restraints but this has got to move ahead. So I think it would be helpful to hear from the Government what you're saying as to what it will take as to every device or at least you can talk about it in terms of categories of device for you to -- both to the privilege segregation and privilege review and the application of the search warrant to the materials. And I hear what you're saying about trying and I appreciate that you want to

work with defense counsel to follow their priorities even though their priorities may not all be the same. But this material needs to start coming over to the defendants. try to figure out how that can happen and whether the restraints in which you seem to be operating, which I have a basic grip on, you know, are going to be acceptable. Maybe you need more people on this. Maybe you need more resources. Maybe you don't. Maybe so much of this is going to turn out to be video that really is not going to be as big a project as it sounds like it is right now. But you know, the current very immediate project is to get a very detailed workable schedule dealing with the physical constraints and then lawyers, last agent constraints because that's the prelude to your conversation amongst yourselves which needs to go into the Court and Judge Garaufis before the 4th. So start working backwards from the 4^{th} . Now the Government hearing all this, what's your position. And if you want to answer along with that your thoughts of the best way -- you know, can there be a rolling production? The prioritization, you know, which counsel had given the example but said that could be more developed and also the suggestion of the table. I need the table. It's just too hard to follow. I get the broad swath categories. But as to any particular person's device as we get more specific, we need a checklist just to know what we're talking about here. So in any order that you'd like to

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MS. HAJJAR: May we make a suggestion, Your Honor. We are sensitive to the Court's concern. We understand that the Court would like to enter a discovery schedule. But we just want that schedule to be workable and we don't want the schedule to be set on -- to sort of be set in the absence of true real information about what is in our position, how long technically it will take to do the processes we've discussed.

What we propose is to submit a letter to Your Honor early next week providing as much information as we can. are open to communicating with defense counsel about setting the briefing schedule or other types of deadlines in conjunction with doing that, in conjunction with our reporting to the Court about what we can do and what time frame because it does occur to us that there are challenges defense -motions the defense can make in the absence, facial challenges or other types of challenges that don't require a full set of discovery. And so we can discuss those things and we can provide an update to the Court by early next week is what we propose. But the Government, in the Government's view it makes sense to base this discovery schedule on data and not giving the fact that it's been just two days since we met and conferred with defense counsel. We're not in possession of all those facts right now.

Also, we agree that we are happy with providing

discovery on a rolling basis but we agree that there are different priorities. So to the extent defense counsel can come to some agreement about whether it is the iCloud or other devices for which -- that they would like to review first, obviously that is helpful, but we don't get a clear sense of that here listening carefully to defense counsel just now.

THE COURT: All right. So that does seem like it would be helpful if everybody talked.

So going back to Judge Garaufis' scheduling point. If the Government were to get me the letter by Monday at noon, counsel, then your thoughts could then -- we'd want your thoughts. Now, I don't have a sense of the greater case. The Government's suggesting the motion practice to which the district judge is responding or anticipating -- is potentially some of it separate from this discovery? That's right? I mean I don't need to get into -- I'm not trying to do anything that -- has anything really to do with what Judge Garaufis is doing. I just want to get a sense of how that affects this pretrial scheduling point.

MS. NECHELES: There will be some but there's basic motions such as severance or also some of it -- basic motions that are dependent, all of the suppression motions dependent on what is being produced here.

THE COURT: Okay. So is it realistic to say that the Government's letter Monday noon -- defense, you want to

put anything in writing Wednesday at 5 and then now the question is how -- you know, we need to set the schedule and then you need to plow into having your conversation about your pretrial motions and you have to put that in a letter by -- ahead of that conference the next Thursday. My suggestion if it's doable would be to do have a conference which would have to be late in the day like Thursday, the 27th. So we have the Government's letter Monday, defense counsel Wednesday, and leave it come here Thursday. We set the schedule as best we can. And then you have your conversation about whatever it is you want to do with Judge Garaufis.

The time constraint on my side is I have a bench trial next week. Right now it's scheduled for all week. I don't know if it's actually going to take that long which is why I'm suggesting late in the day that if the trial changes, we could change the time of the conference. I think you need that amount of time in order to get your pretrial schedule together. They are kind of going hand -- not kind of, they are going hand in hand here. Does somebody, anybody disagree? Does that sound right?

MR. AGNIFILO: That seems workable for us, Judge. I think that's fine.

THE COURT: Anybody else? That works? All right. So the Government? Okay. So right now we'll say 5 o'clock on the 27th. I know it's late. It's just because of the trial.

If the trial changes, we'll let you know and move it up. It's very possible it would be done beforehand but you never know.

Can we address the point though -- so that was about everything we've talked about here that counsel raised with regard to the unidentified sources of information. What's the Government's position? I know it was alluded to in Judge Garaufis' conference. It was alluded to here last week. How are we going to handle the undisclosed information as it fits into both the schedule for the discovery and your conversation about the bigger planning for the trial?

MS. HAJJAR: So Your Honor, the Government continues to receive sources of information and so that's where we are. And we don't believe it's appropriate at this point to have to delineate to defense counsel certain materials that we expect to receive or not receive. That being said, there is also a lot of information that the Government has been getting on a rolling basis that we know the defense counsel wants that we are actively moving to produce. So we have been receiving bank records. Bank records were something that --

THE COURT: That's totally apart from the ediscovery.

MS. HAJJAR: Totally apart from the e-discovery.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. HAJJAR: And so that's why this kind of like estimate as to like when this will all be complete is very

difficult. So as to bank records, we anticipate -- right now 1 our legal assistant who has been working on the bank records 2 portion, just what we have, we are still awaiting certain 3 results. But the portion that we actually have right now, 4 5 just the part that she was able to process is 10,000 pages of I expect that there's going to be a lot more as 6 records. 7 well. So that is the -- we are talking about an enormous amount of material. And so we are going to -- like for 8 9 example, those bank records, we want to do it efficiently. 10 But as soon as those can be Bates stamped, those are going to go out to all the defendants. But there are categories like 11 12 that and information that the Government is going through its 13 files and making sure that defense counsel has it. As I think 14 Ms. Necheles said when we met and conferred she was like if the Government has it and you thought it was interesting, we 15 16 want it. And look, there are obviously different concerns and 17 we don't accept that everything might necessarily be Rule 16, but in general we want to produce as much as we can but that 18 19 is a lot of stuff. And so we are moving forward as quickly as 20 We only got those subpoenas. Some of those subpoena 21 returns we just got. And we expect more. And so this kind of finality which defense counsel seems to want given this 22 23 January date that is currently standing, that is what, Your 24 Honor, the Government does not feel like we are going to be 25 able to propose to you as to exactly when this final date is

going to be.

THE COURT: Right. So in that way we're in the same position we were in last week. And until that trial date changes, you have to deal with that. If you all agree that there's some other date and it fits with Judge Garaufis or it fits in his January to June window and this is a, I have no idea, three or four month trial, that's just a hypothetical, right, and so then you can finish by January, be reasonable, that's not where we are now and that's really what the point of that letter is. So to lay out where you are. It would be helpful if you add to your letter just your estimates as to the non e-discovery. Okay. But --

MS. HAJJAR: You know, we certainly suggest that we speak to defense counsel on Monday about whether the trial date is something that is actually feasible even as to what's being produced on a rolling basis and what's expected and whether all the defendants actually agree that they can be prepared for trial on that date given the protected discovery.

THE COURT: But I need your outline and estimate of your production. And that's still just going to go back to the point that was raised. You know, I'm not going to put you on the spot and say you need to say now what the unidentified discovery is, but there needs to be some way, if not immediately, down the line if you know you're getting or have material that -- I get it. You might want to keep it

confidential because some other part of this situation -- you 1 know, that would be the prudent thing to do. But if they have 2 -- but if it's material they're entitled to and material that 3 relates to the schedule, then you're going to have to pick 4 which way and that's a strategic decision for your office, 5 etc., etc. It's just been flagged. You don't necessarily 6 need to, you know, resolve it today or even on Monday. 7 can't be that there's a discovery schedule and then there's a 8 9 dump of materials three months from now that nobody even knew 10 about and, except you all, and that affects the trial schedule, affects everything else. Everybody can understand 11 12 there are different tracks potentially going on but at some 13 point there's a Venn diagram and they're going to -- if it 14 goes in their favor and to the extent they're preparing for trial and it's material you have to turn over. 15 16 MS. HAJJAR: And we of course understand that, Your 17 Honor. 18 THE COURT: Okay. 19 MS. NECHELES: Your Honor, I --Yes, ma'am. 20 THE COURT: MS. NECHELES: I do not believe there is -- I don't 21 22

MS. NECHELES: I do not believe there is -- I don't believe it's a strategic decision for the Government. I don't believe that there is a provision under Rule 16 that allows them to withhold information because they're worried about future cases. They must turn it over to us if it's material.

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THE COURT: If it's material. Some of it is apparently material they have and some it's material they don't have. So --

MS. NECHELES: They don't have to turn over to us stuff they don't have. But they have in their possession a lot of stuff they're not turning over. And if it's documents that they received pursuant to subpoena and they just need to be copied, we should be getting those this week or next week. There's no reason for there to be a delay. I'm just --

THE COURT: I don't think you're getting anything of that sort in the next week but there's --

MS. NECHELES: But this is not like some electronic discovery. It just needs to be sent to a copy vendor and they can produce it. The Government has always done that. And there are protective orders in place in this case that they asked for and they got. They're extremely burdensome. We should be getting this material so that we can be preparing for trial. I don't actually understand what provision under the law they're depending on to say that they can withhold it.

THE COURT: All right. Look, we're working on a schedule. The issue has been flagged. It was mentioned last week to the district judge. It was mentioned last with me.

I'm telling the Government you're going to have to make a choice. I'm not going to ask them to make a choice right now as to what their position is with regard to this material.

1 And but we do need some kind of information as to when this is

2 going to be produced. I'm going to say this material needs to

3 be at the top of the pile compared to the bottom of the pile.

4 It's all going to have -- whatever is appropriately produced

5 under the applicable rules are going to need to be produced.

6 But we've got a vast amount of data they're working on. I'm

not forcing the Government to say that this needs to be at the

top of the pile right now, but you're going to have to make

9 | that choice and provide that information fairly soon.

Okay. Other issues? Okay. So we'll hear from the Government Monday. If you all, if you want to put anything in writing on Wednesday and Thursday at 5, you know, your clients are welcome if you want. If the client is in custody to come and we should know about it, you should let everybody know. I understand there was a waiver before. So okay. We're good?

MR. DIAZ: Your --

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Thanks.

ALL: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Hold on. Did you want something?

MR. AGNIFILO: No.

MS. HAJJAR: No.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. DIAZ: Your Honor --

THE COURT: Sorry. The voice from the --

MR. AGNIFILO: Where is that?

THE COURT: Yes, I'm sorry. Go ahead. MR. DIAZ: Yeah, Your Honor. I was just going to ask if the Court would permit Arizona counsel to appear telephonically for the appearance on the $27^{\rm th}.$ THE COURT: That's fine. All right. Thank you. (Proceedings concluded at 2:00 p.m.)

I certify that the foregoing is a court transcript from an electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter. Shari Riemer, CET-805 Dated: September 19, 2018