

Making High-Performance Robots Safe and Easy to Use for an Introduction to Computing

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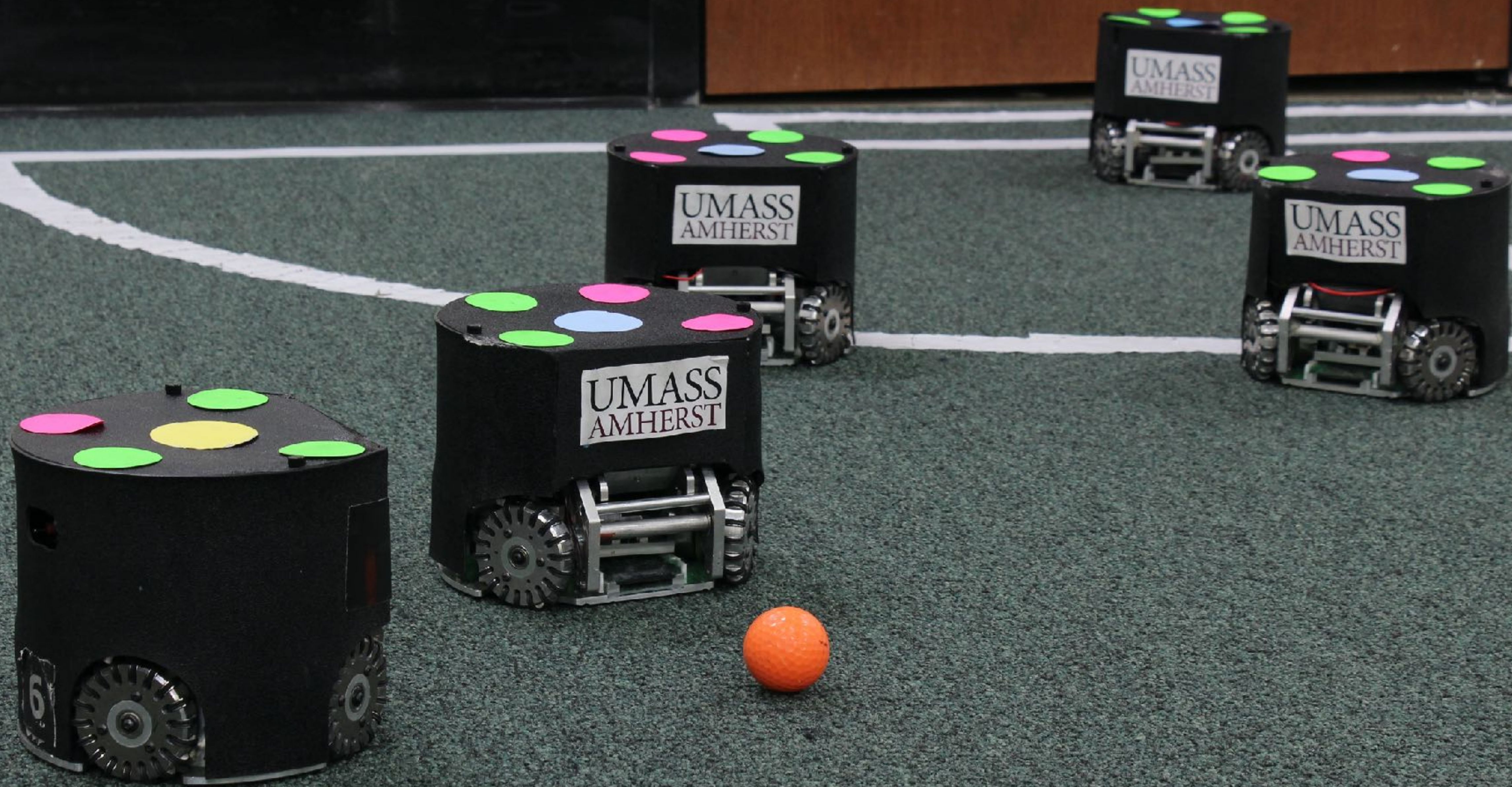


Robots for Education

Robots serve as a popular medium to introduce computing:

- Hands-on for increased engagement
- A tool for teaching an array of STEM subjects





RoboCup SSL Robots



VIDEO: <https://youtu.be/NIYVtSh2M?t=40>

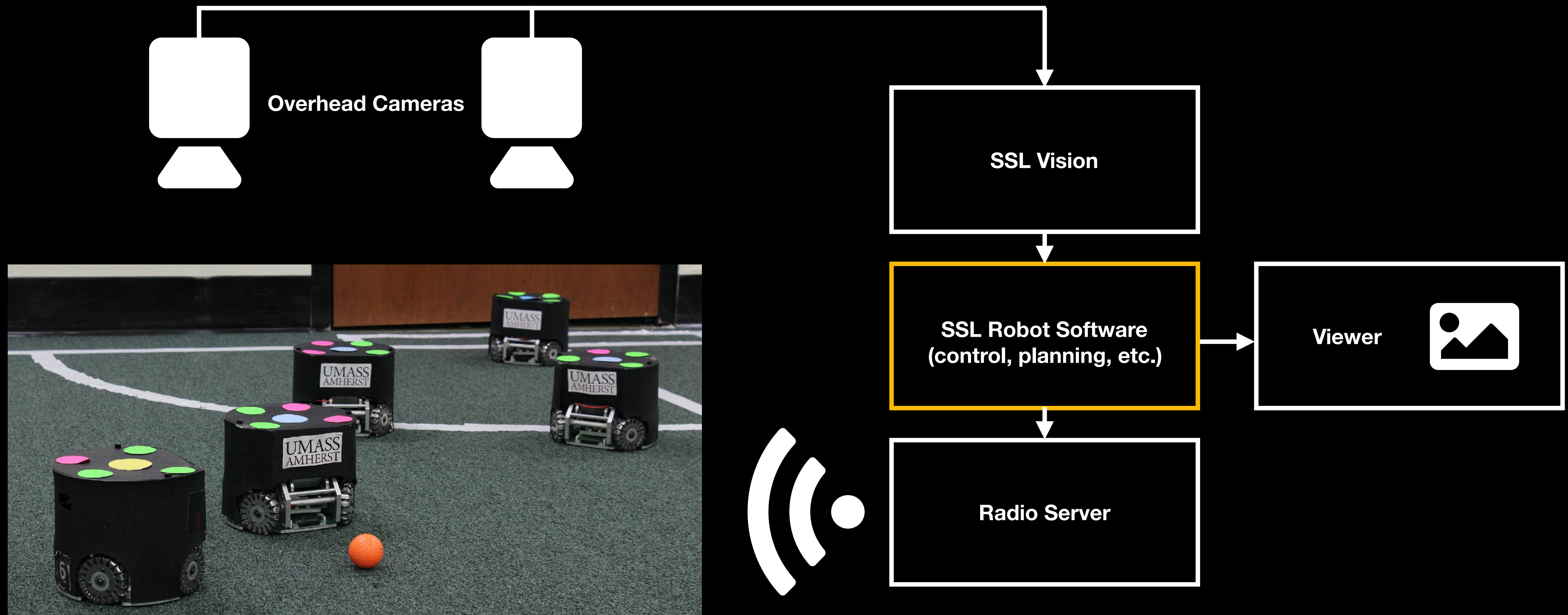
SSL Robot Software

- Optimized, high-performance C++
- Multi-threading and minimal dynamic memory allocation for speed

This presents a steep learning curve for even experienced programmers, and significantly more so for beginners.



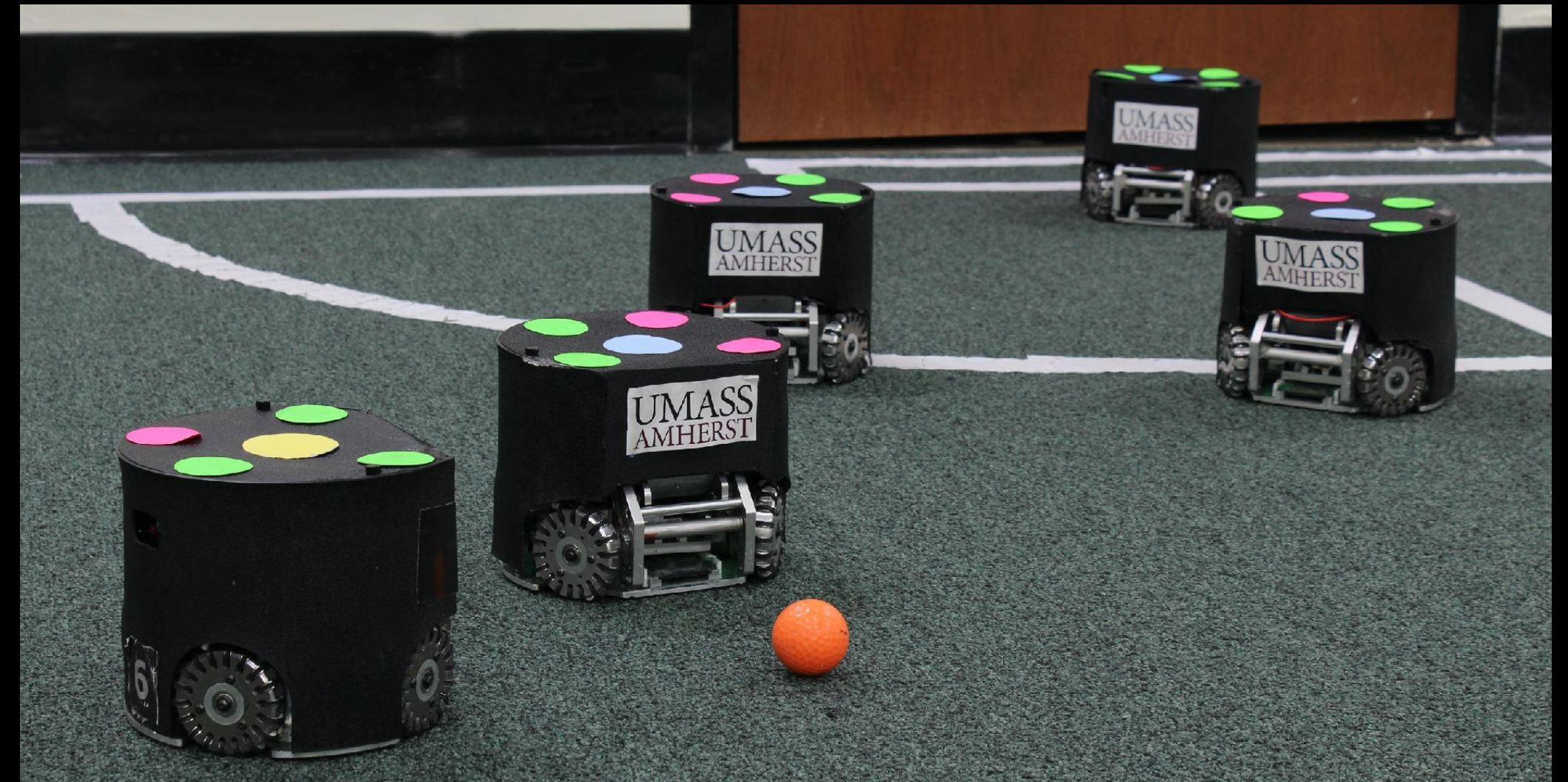
Current System



Ideal System



Current System



Why JavaScript?

- One of the most widely used languages
- Dynamic types
- **Only needs a browser**

JS

Making SSL Robots Safe and Easy

- Physical protection of the users and robots

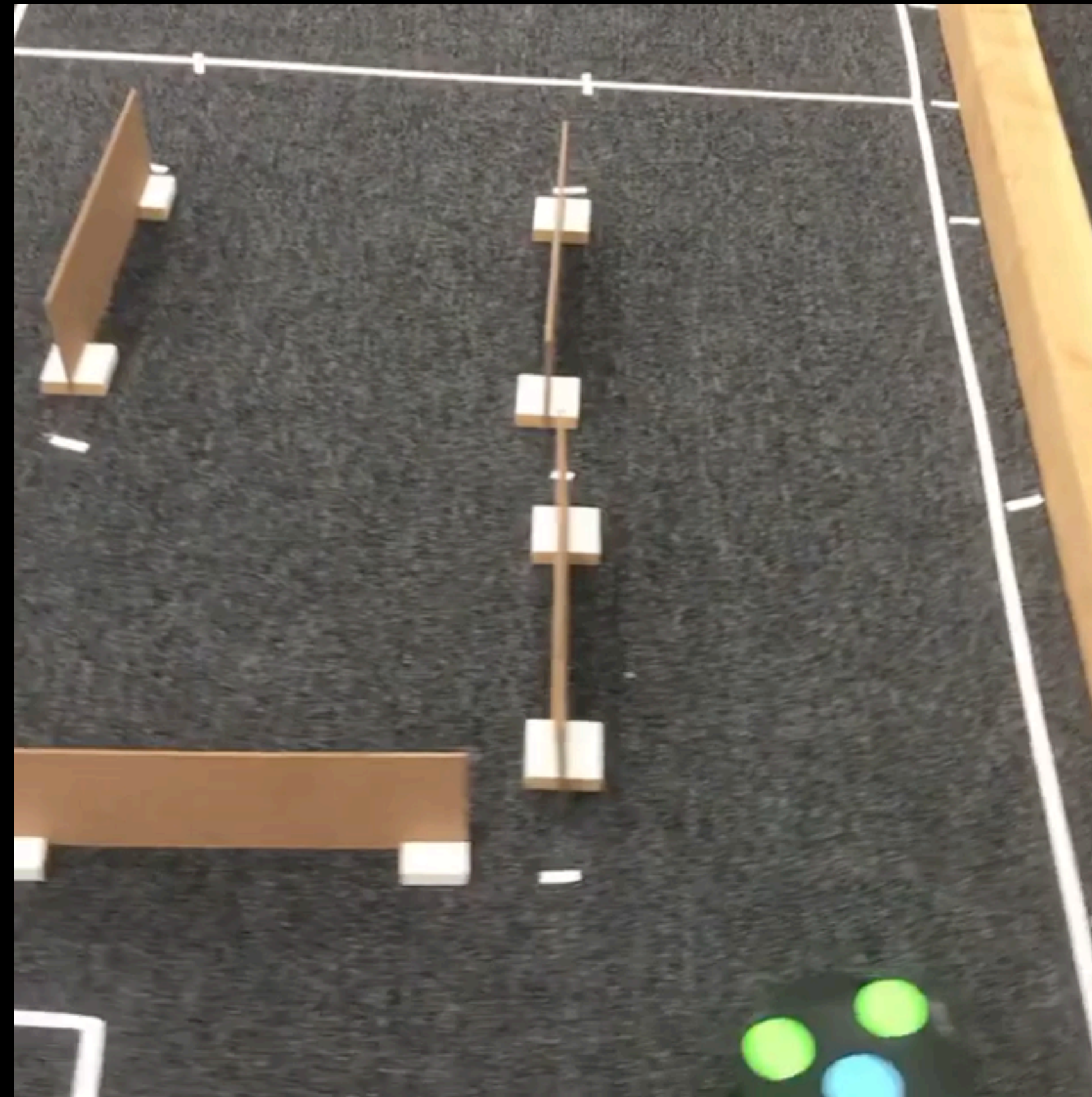
Making SSL Robots Safe and Easy

- Physical protection of the users and robots
- Simplification of the development experience

Robot Safety

- **Reduced Motion Model:** From in excess of 4m/s to at most 1m/s
- **Crash Prevention Buffer:** A uniform safety margin preventing collisions

Robot Safety



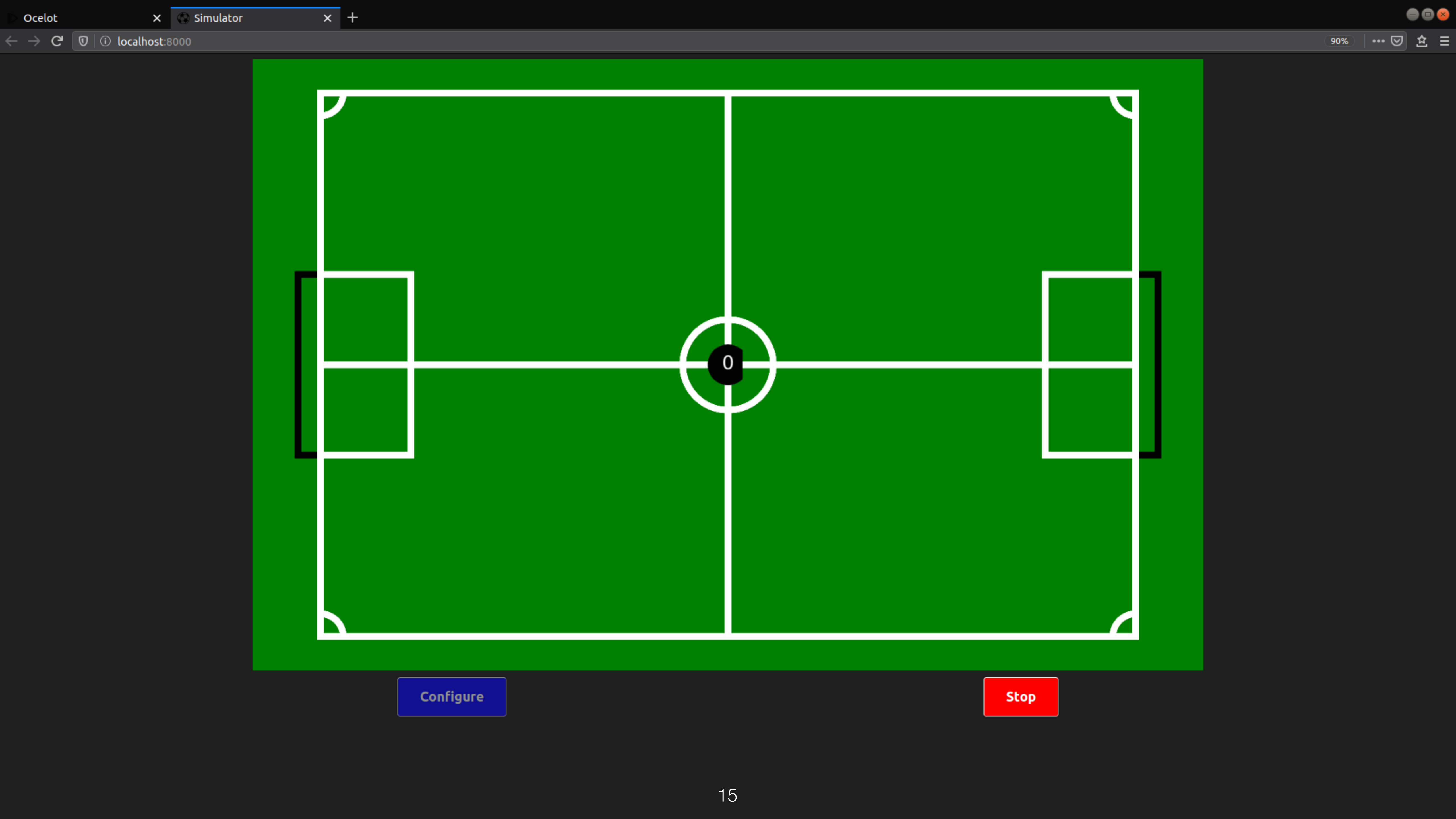
VIDEO: <https://www.instagram.com/p/BzrYJl9hTBI/>

Robot Safety

- **Command Timeouts:** A sliding 5s window to complete an action
- **Field Boundaries:** Robots do not leave view of vision system

Extending SSL Software for Ease-of-Use

- Publish the system state for external consumption



Configure

Stop

Extending SSL Software for Ease-of-Use

- Publish the system state for external consumption
- Have system receive external commands via the network:
 - Alleviates installation and configuration hassles

Extending SSL Software for Ease-of-Use

- Publish the system state for external consumption
- Have system to receive external commands via the network:
 - Alleviates installation and configuration hassles
 - Provide a simpler development environment (*Exclusively* in the browser!)

Challenges with JS

- No function arity checks

```
function add(a1, a2) {  
    return a1 + a2;  
}
```

```
add(1, 2); // 3
```

Challenges with JS

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add(1, 2, 3);
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Challenges with JS

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Challenges with JS

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add(1, 2); // 3  
add(1, 2, 3); // 3  
add(1);
```


Challenges with JS

- No function arity checks

```
function add(a1, a2) {  
    return a1 + a2;  
}
```

```
add(1, 2); // 3  
add(1, 2, 3); // 3  
add(1); // NaN
```

Challenges with JS

- No function arity checks
- Implicit type conversions

```
function add(a1, a2) {  
    return a1 + a2;  
}
```

```
add(1, '2');
```


Challenges with JS

- No function arity checks
- Implicit type conversions

```
function add(a1, a2) {  
    return a1 + a2;  
}
```

```
add(1, '2'); // '12'
```

Challenges with JS

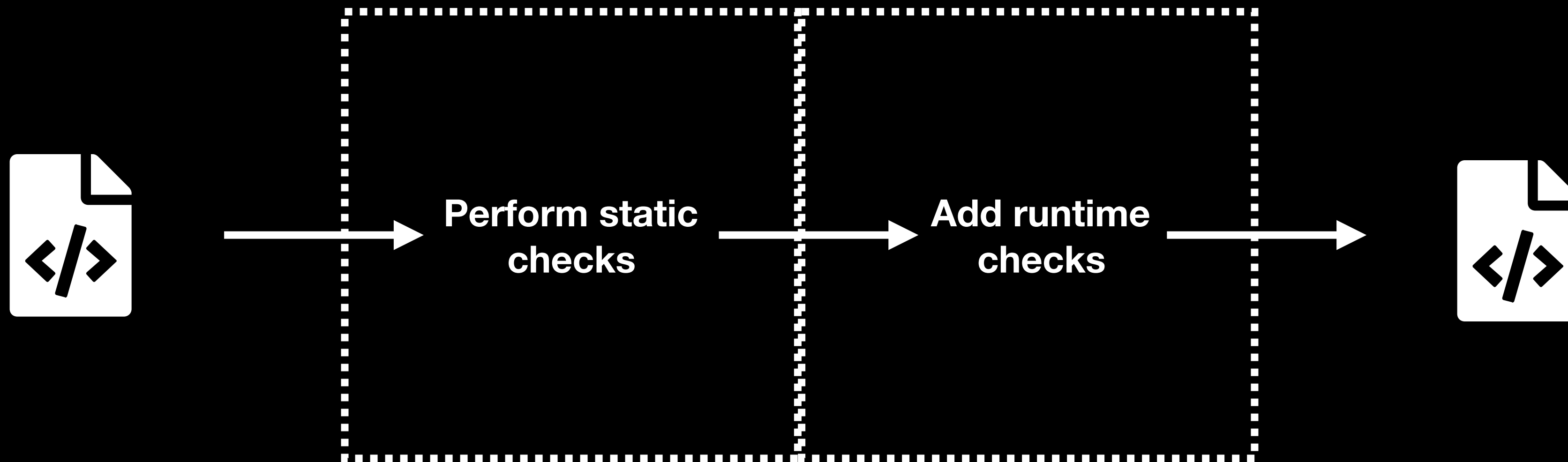
- No function arity
- Implicit type conversions
- ...

RoboJS

A compiler implementing a “nice” subset of JavaScript, with a robotics library.

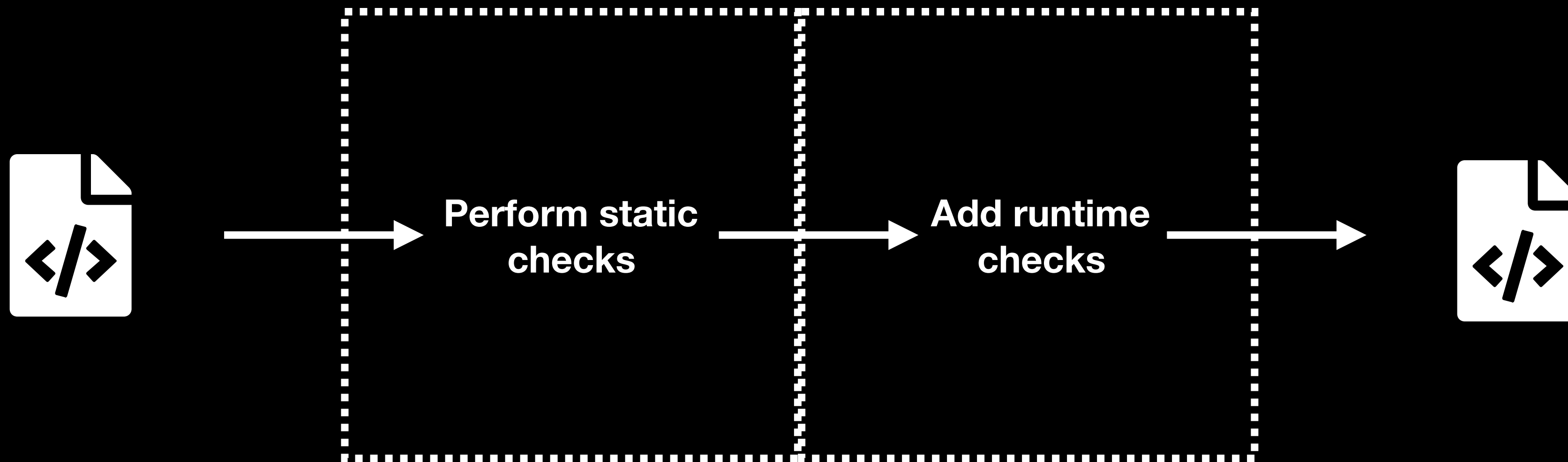
RoboJS

JavaScript-to-JavaScript Compilation



RoboJS

JavaScript-to-JavaScript Compilation



Transparent to the user

RoboJS

Exemplary *runtime* check:

Function Arity

```
function add(a1, a2) {  
    return a1 + a2;  
}
```

RoboJS

Exemplary *runtime* check:

Function Arity

```
function add(a1, a2) {  
    console.assert(arguments.length === 2);  
    return a1 + a2;  
}
```

RoboJS

Exemplary *runtime* check:

Function Arity

```
function add(a1, a2) {  
    console.assert(arguments.length === 2);  
    return a1 + a2;  
}
```

```
add(1, 2); // 3
```



RoboJS

Exemplary *runtime* check:

Function Arity

```
function add(a1, a2) {  
    console.assert(arguments.length === 2);  
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}
```



```
add(1, 2); // 3  
add(1, 2, 3); // 3
```

RoboJS

Exemplary *runtime* check:

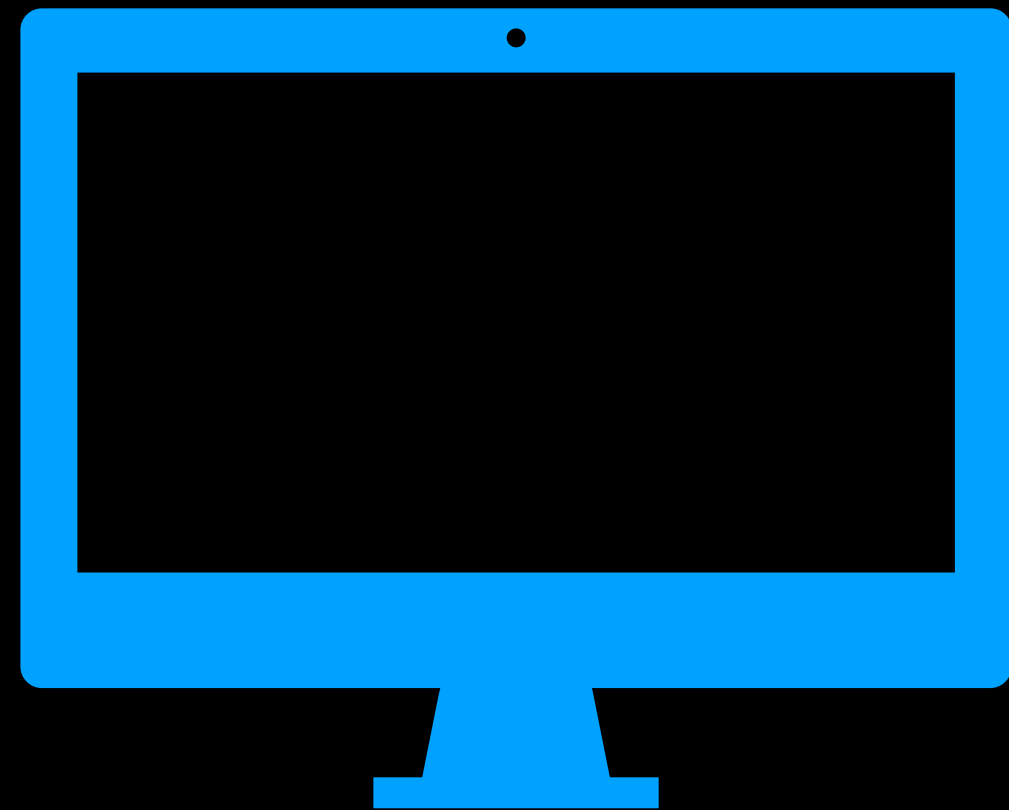
Function Arity

```
function add(a1, a2) {  
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}
```



```
add(1, 2); // 3  
add(1); // NaN
```

Programming Robots

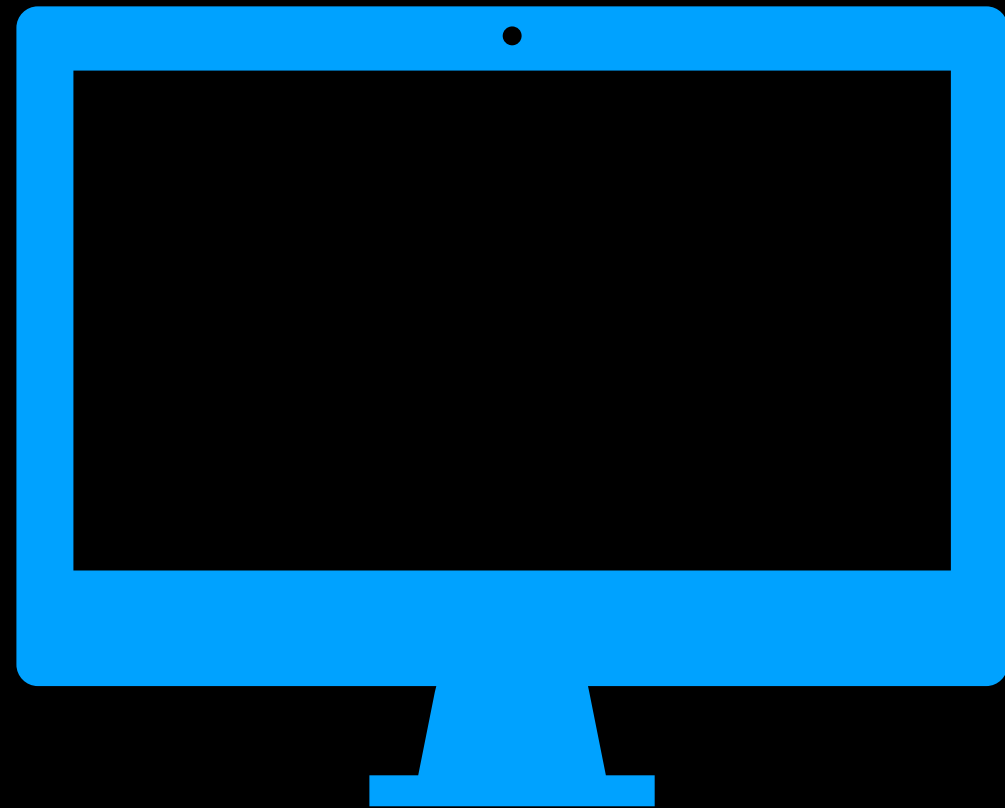


Bidirectional Communication Channel

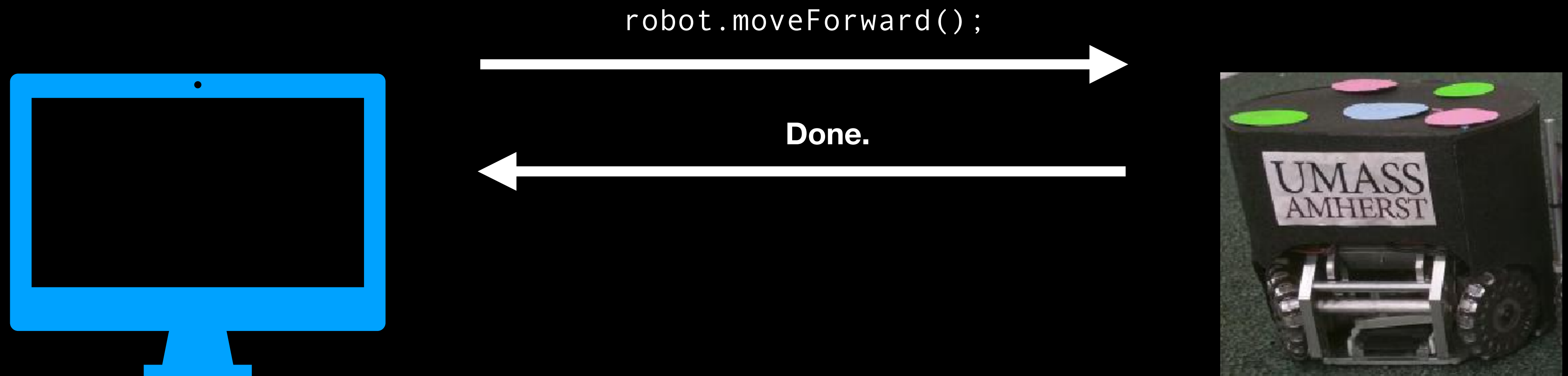


Programming Robots

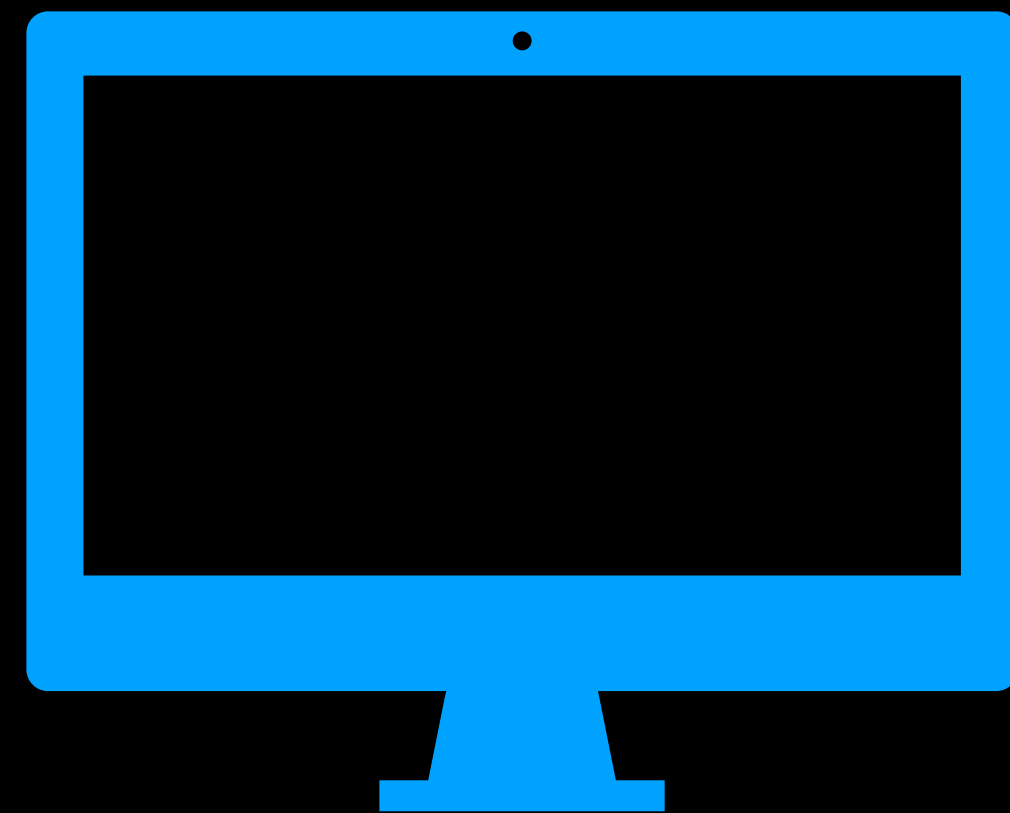
```
robot.moveForward();  
robot.turnLeft();
```



Programming Robots



Programming Robots



`robot.moveForward();`

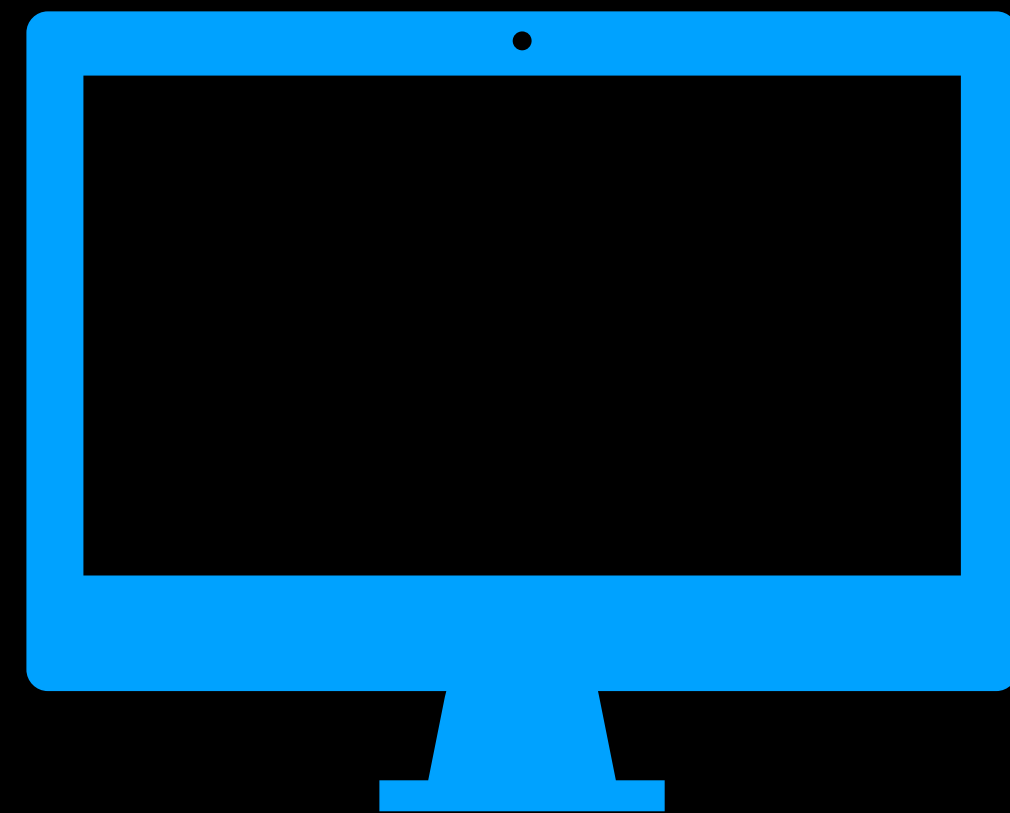
Done.

`robot.turnLeft();`

Done.



Programming Robots



`robot.moveForward();`

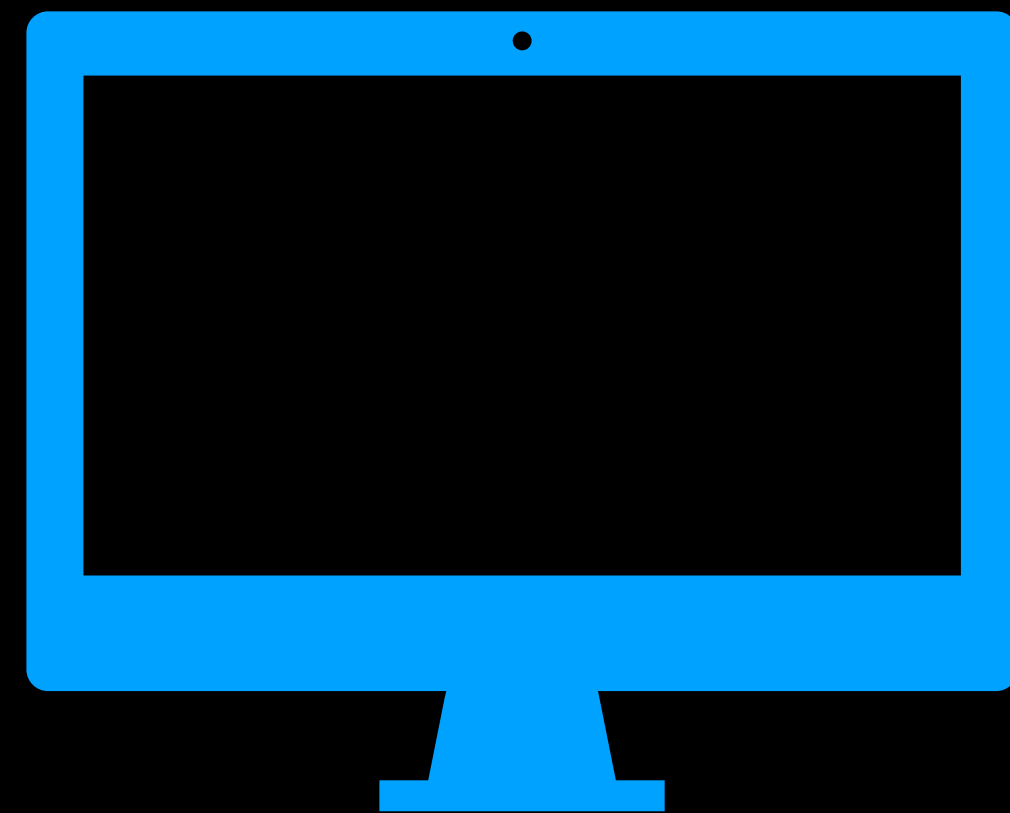
Done.

`robot.turnLeft();`

Done.



Programming Robots on the Web



`robot.moveForward();`

Done.

`robot.turnLeft();`

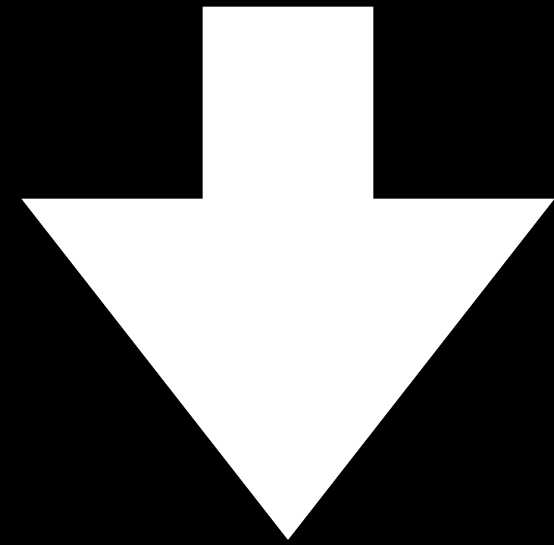
Done.



Not possible in JavaScript

Programming Robots on the Web

```
robot.moveForward();  
robot.turnLeft();
```



```
robot.moveForward(function() {  
    robot.turnLeft();  
});
```

Programming Robots on the Web with RoboJS

```
robot.moveForward();  
robot.turnLeft();
```

RoboJS custom runtime makes all I/O blocking!

> **CONSOLE** ▶ **RUN** ■ **STOP** ↓ **DOWNLOAD** □ **SIMULATOR** ≡ **DOCUMENTATION**

```
1 const robot = require('robotLibrary');  
2 robot.setId(0);  
3  
4 robot.moveForward();  
5 robot.turnLeft();  
6 robot.moveForward();  
7 console.log('Woah, that was easy!');  
8
```

Connected.

1/25/2020, 2:00:00 PM EST

Starting program...

Woah, that was easy!

Program terminated normally.

Workshop

Workshop Details

- 1 week; 6 hours/day
- 12 HS students; several had experience with Lego Mindstorms and block-based programming
- Lecture introduced a topic or activity, followed by student work time

Workshop Details

- Gradual introduction of more sophisticated concepts, supported by the layers of abstraction in the RoboJS API
- Programs were first written and tested in student's simulator before moving on to the real robots
- Later projects required more testing on real robots

Does RoboJS Help?

Data

- IDE saves a revision each time program is run (if changed)
- **3,230** student written revisions across **237** distinct files containing **106,168** lines
- ~10% of the revisions had JavaScript syntax errors
- Inspection of the remainder for RoboJS errors

Errors Caught by RoboJS

Pitfall
Count
Contrast 1. JS 2. Consequence 3. RoboJS

Errors Caught by RoboJS

Pitfall	Conditional assignment Ex: <code>if (x = 0)</code>
Count	28
Contrast 1. JS 2. Consequence 3. RoboJS	1. Branches on value of RHS as a Boolean 2. Potential branching based on non-Boolean literals 3. Same branch behavior, but only allowed if RHS evaluates to <code>true/false</code>

Errors Caught by RoboJS

Pitfall	Conditional assignment Ex: <code>if (x = 0)</code>	Operator type mismatch Ex: <code>'x' * 2</code>
Count	28	42
Contrast 1. JS 2. Consequence 3. RoboJS	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Branches on value of RHS as a Boolean2. Potential branching based on non-Boolean literals3. Same branch behavior, but only allowed if RHS evaluates to <code>true/false</code>	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. NaN reference in the case of arithmetic/bit-wise operators and shorthand assignment2. Potential propagation of NaN3. Not allowed

Conclusion

- Extended the software stack of high-performance RoboCup Small-Size-League robots
- Ensured safety at various levels of abstraction
- Developed a rich robotics library in JS, targeted to newcomers — RoboJS
- Packaged RoboJS into a browser IDE capable of blocking I/O
- Effectively leveraged the platform during a weeklong outreach workshop

Acknowledgments

- Students of the UT-AMRL & UMASS-PLASMA research labs
- Andrew Pasquale & Holyoke Codes

The following software has been modified from its original version. It has been formatted for personal use and edited for content:

<https://github.com/ut-amrl/robo-js>