

# Fugue Language for ComputerCraft Mod

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CSC402 Programming Language Implementation

## Introduction

In my free time, I spend a lot of time playing the well-known sandbox game called Minecraft, alongside a suite of different mods that brought new experiences and types of things to build. As a Computer Science student, naturally one of the mods I've used is the ComputerCraft mod, which has existed in iterations since 2011, and that exists today through the [CC:Tweaked](#) fork.

The mod, at its core, allows players to interact with the sandbox world through code, via computers, turtles, and 'iPad'-like pocket computers. Everything runs on the lightweight, embeddable [Lua programming language](#). In high school, I toyed a lot with 'fantasy consoles' such as [PICO-8](#) or [TIC-80](#), which also ran on Lua. In this way, ComputerCraft feels like an in-game fantasy console of its own, with a built in shell, programs, modules, and APIs.

However, with my use of the mod in my own time, I've found that 1) Lua's keywords feel large considering the limited default terminal size and 2) requires extra code to be written just to perform common tasks (and especially so when used with other compatible mods, such as Create).

## Implementation

As a response to these issues, I've created an interpreted programming language named 'Fugue'. It features shorthands and built-in commands for often performed tasks such as loading all of the peripherals, and also has a smaller event-loop system to replace the 'os.pullEvent()' and 'while true' loop [found throughout the CC:Tweaks documentation](#).

In the code below, you can see an example of a program watching for train arrivals and messages over the modem, in both Fugue (left) and Lua (right). Fugue definitely exceeds in both readability and overall footprint.

~ fugue development example ~

```
load @peripherals;

event-loop,
("train_arrival") as (name) {
    print('train arrived:', @lightBlue, name);
}, ("modem_message") as (side, sc, rc, msg, dst) {
    print(@lightGray, 'message from channel', sc);
    print(msg);
};
```

```
1 -- fugue development example
2
3 local loaded_peripherals = {}
4 for i,n in ipairs(peripheral.getNames()) do
5     table.insert(peripheral.wrap(n))
6 end
7
8 while true do
9     local event, p1, p2, p3, p4, p5 = os.pullEvent()
10    if event == 'train_arrival' then
11        local name = p1
12        write('train arrived: ')
13        term.setTextColor(colors.lightBlue)
14        write(name)
15        -- (assumes prev color was white)
16        term.setTextColor(colors.white)
17        print()
18    elseif event == 'modem_message' then
19        local side, sc, rc, msg, dst = p1, p2, p3, p4, p5
20        term.setTextColor(colors.lightGray)
21        print('message from channel '..sc)
22        print(msg)
23    end
24 end
```

My favorite thing to have implemented is the “special” variables, which you can see preceded with the ‘@’ symbol and in teal. These variables are, at their core, just simple values like strings or numbers, but come bundled with a “kind” attribute that tells functions what to do with it. As an example, the built in ‘print’ function, when faced with a special variable of the kind “color”, will use that value to change the color of the terminal. Inline, this is much smaller than changing the terminal color on its own line, but it also opens the door to new types of programming with these special variables.

## Challenges

The most challenging aspect of this project was ensuring that I could make the interpreter run on Lua. I wanted to make sure that this interpreter could run in the actual game, without needing the auxiliary step of compiling Fugue code into Lua using Python like we have everywhere else in the course. To this end, I spent the entire first week of development rewriting the Stack interpreter we created earlier this semester in Lua, creating my own library of functions (see ‘fugue\_lib.lua’) to do common things not found in the Lua engine.

Actually, of things *not* found in Lua, RegEx is one of them, which I worried would be a massive roadblock to implementation. Luckily, Lua’s own patterns feature (seems to) handle everything I’ve thrown at it just fine, once I had gotten the hang of it.

If I had more time, I would have definitely added more things—anything—to flesh out the language a little more. As of now, it stands more as a proof of concept rather than something that would actually be useful yet. I think adding things like ‘while’ or ‘for’ loops, ‘elif’ and ‘else’ statements, structured data types such as lists, ‘and’ and ‘or’ operators, a (more functional) error system, or ways to load Fugue code from other files would go a long way to make the Fugue feel like a complete language. And in my free time, I might do just that, but for the purposes of this assignment, this is where I’ve left it.

## Examples

For my examples, I made a GitHub pages website which runs an emulated version of the CraftOS shell you see in-game: [HTTPS://UTHOFFCYRA.GITHUB.IO/FUGUE/](https://uthoffcyra.github.io/fugue/). There, I give three buttons for examples of things you can do with Fugue. Clicking any of them will run that script and show a syntax-highlighted window of that code. Code can also be run manually by writing a program with the ‘edit [filename]’ command, and then running it with the ‘fe [filename]’ command.

The first example tests the functionality of Fugue’s expression system, including the proper order of operations, and the color special variables I mentioned earlier. The second example is a test for user input. It waits for any key to be pressed (make sure you have the terminal window focussed for this), and prints to the terminal which key was hit, and if it is being held. The third

and final example is a test for interacting with the in-game world, in particular with the Create Mod's train system. To this end, I created a small simulation of a train system. It's modeled after one I have in my game, where the Orange Line and Bay Line cross over at one station. The program prints a colored announcement whenever a train arrives.

All of the code for this, both the website (`/docs`) and the interpreter (`/src`), exists on a public GitHub repo. Example images are included at the end of this report.

Also, for testing in-game, I created a GitHub Action that compresses all of the code in the repo into a real datapack you can import. I have one posted as a Release right now.

## **Conclusions**

To conclude on this project, I'd like to state that I definitely learned a lot about programming language implementation. I was able to apply all of the things learned from the course, now in a new environment, in both the programming language used, and in new application.

I'd love to work on this further, which is why I've fleshed out the GitHub environment as much as I have. While this *is* an assignment for University, it equally felt much like a passion project.

## Images

### EXAMPLE 1 - ARITHMETIC

# fugue

interpreted language for computercraft

```

--fugue 1.0
welcome to Fugue Lang!
> fe example/L-arithmetic.fe
the value of x is 1
the value of y is 2
the value of x is 3
the value of y is 4
the value of x is 5
the value of y is 6
the value of x is 7
the value of y is 8
the value of x is 9
the value of y is 10
Hello world!
Hello world!
  
```

```

example/L-arithmetic.fe
--variables are declared with the 'let' keyword -
let x = 1;
print('the value of x is', @red, x);

-- types of arithmetic operations -
print(x, " * 11 =", @orange, x*11);
print(x/24 / 2 == @yellow, 24/2);
print(x/24 / 2 + 2 == @blue, 24/2+2);
print(24 + 2 / 2 == @green, 24+2/2);
print(20 - 18 == @blue, 20 - 18);
print(18 == 6 == @purple, 19 == 6);
print("hello ", "world" == @magenta, "hello ", "world");
  
```

## about

'fugue' is an interpreted programming language created with lua. It was purpose-designed around the minecraft computercraft/tweaked mod, with an emphasis on smaller keywords, shortcuts for common actions, and custom event-loop objects made for interacting with the in-game world.

### papers

- 2015-12-xx final project.pdf
- 2015-11-16 project proposal.pdf

### links & related

- source code (github)
- ctweaked mod (github)
- cc-tweaked mod (modrinth)
- create mod wiki -> "train arrive"

## examples

click on the boxes below to pull up a specific example of fugue's interpreter in action!

### Example 1

Arithmetic

### Example 2

Keyword

### Example 3

Train Station

## EXAMPLE 2 - KEYWATCHER

The screenshot displays the Fugue IDE interface, which is a dark-themed application. At the top, the title bar reads "Fugue Interpreted language for computercraft". The main window is divided into several panes. The top-left pane shows the source code of a program named "example/2-keywatcher.lua". The code is as follows:

```
CraftOS 1.9
Welcome to Fugue Lang!
> ? example/2-keywatcher.lua
press any key, escape program with C-> button in bottom right.
12 key number, 27 is held.

space false
space true
space true
space true
space true
space true
```

The top-right pane shows the output of the program, which is the same text as the source code. The bottom-left pane shows the command prompt, where the user has entered "example/2-keywatcher.lua" and the program has executed. The bottom-right pane shows the program's output, which is the same text as the source code. The bottom-most pane shows the program's output, which is the same text as the source code.

### EXAMPLE 3 - TRAIN STATION

**fugue**  
interpreted language for computercraft

```

CraftOS 1.9
Welcome to Fugue Lang!
> fg example/3-train-station.fg
Loaded example = 3 -> button in bottom right.
Orange Line has arrived at the station.
Bay Line has arrived at the station.
Orange Line has arrived at the station.
Orange Line has arrived at the station.
Bay Line has arrived at the station.
  
```

Train Junction

```

example/3-train-station.fg
- waits trains to arrive -
load peripheral;
print(Peripheral, 'escape program with (-) button in bottom right. ');
event-loop,
('trainArrival') as (name) {
  let color;
  if name == 'Bay Line', color = #cyan;
  if name == 'Orange Line', color = #orange;
  print(color, name, @lightGray, 'has arrived at the station. ');
};
  
```

**about**

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create mod wiki - 'train\_arrival'

**examples**

click on the boxes below to pull up a specific example of fugue's interpreter in action

$+$ $=$ <b>Example 1</b> Arithmetic	 <b>Example 2</b> Keywordcher	 <b>Example 3</b> Train Station
--	--	--

## IN-GAME FUNCTIONALITY (VIA DATAPACK)

```
There are 1 data pack(s) available:  
[file/fugue-datapack-v0.1.3.zip (world)]  
Enabling data pack [file/fugue-datapack-v0.1.3.zip (world)]
```

CraftOS 1.9  
Holding the Ctrl and T keys terminates the running program.

```
> ls /rom/fugue/
fugue_builtin.lua  fugue_fe.lua
fugue_interp.lua   fugue_lexer.lua
fugue_lib.lua      fugue_state.lua
fugue_syntab.lua   fugue_walk.lua
>
```

The screenshot also shows an inventory grid with two items in the first row: a wooden plank (ID 11) and a wooden pickaxe (ID 12). To the right of the inventory is a crafting grid, which is currently empty.