

10-Q 1 ond02a.txt OND02 UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q  
 QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the Quarterly Period  
 Ended December 31, 2001 Commission file number 1-434 THE PROCTER & GAMBLE COMPANY (Exact name of registrant as specified in its  
 charter) Ohio 31-0411980 (State of incorporation) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) One Procter & Gamble Plaza, Cincinnati, Ohio 45202  
 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code) Registrant's telephone number, including area code (513) 983-1100 Indicate by check mark  
 whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding  
 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the  
 past 90 days. Yes X No ----- There were 1,296,140,617 shares of Common Stock outstanding as of December 31, 2001. PART I.  
 FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. Financial Statements The Consolidated Statements of Earnings of The Procter & Gamble Company and  
 subsidiaries for the three and six months ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2001  
 and June 30, 2001, and the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 follow. In the opinion of  
 management, these unaudited consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of  
 operations, and cash flows for the interim periods reported. However, such financial statements may not be indicative necessarily of annual results.

THE PROCTER &  
 GAMBLE  
 COMPANY AND  
 SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONSOLIDATED  
 STATEMENTS OF  
 EARNINGS Amounts  
 in Millions Except Per  
 Share Amounts Three  
 Months Ended Six  
 Months Ended  
 December 31

December 31 -----

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----- 2001

2000 2001 2000 -----

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----- NET

SALES \$ 10,403 \$

10,182 \$ 20,169 \$

20,151 Cost of

products sold 5,339

5,417 10,450 10,724

Marketing, research,

and administrative

expenses 3,200 3,054

6,093 5,937 -----

-----

----- OPERATING

INCOME 1,864 1,711

3,626 3,490 Interest

expense 150 224 307

403 Other income, net

200 294 222 397 -----

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EARNINGS BEFORE

INCOME TAXES

1,914 1,781 3,541

3,484 Income taxes

615 587 1,138 1,135 -----

-----

----- NET

EARNINGS \$ 1,299 \$  
1,194 \$ 2,403 \$ 2,349

PER COMMON  
SHARE: Basic net  
earnings \$ 0.98 \$ 0.89  
\$ 1.81 \$ 1.76 Diluted  
net earnings \$ 0.93 \$  
0.84 \$ 1.71 \$ 1.66  
Dividends \$ 0.38 \$  
0.35 \$ 0.76 \$ 0.70

AVERAGE  
COMMON SHARES  
OUTSTANDING—  
DILUTED 1,401.5  
1,411.0 1,401.0  
1,410.0

THE PROCTER &  
GAMBLE  
COMPANY AND  
SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED  
CONSOLIDATED  
BALANCE SHEETS  
Amounts in Millions  
December 31 June 30  
ASSETS 2001 2001

CURRENT ASSETS  
Cash and cash  
equivalents \$ 3,193 \$  
2,306 Investment  
securities 203 212  
Accounts receivable  
3,551 2,931  
Inventories Materials  
and supplies 1,123  
1,096 Work in  
process 401 373  
Finished products  
2,214 1,915

Total Inventories  
3,738 3,384 Deferred  
income taxes 402 397  
Prepaid expenses and  
other current assets  
2,064 1,659

TOTAL CURRENT  
ASSETS 13,151  
10,889 PROPERTY,  
PLANT AND  
EQUIPMENT  
23,124 22,821  
ACCUMULATED  
DEPRECIATION

(9,899) (9,726) -----

-----  
---TOTAL  
PROPERTY,  
PLANT AND  
EQUIPMENT  
13,225 13,095  
GOODWILL AND  
OTHER  
INTANGIBLE  
ASSETS 13,240  
8,300 OTHER  
NON-CURRENT  
ASSETS 1,756  
2,103 -----

-----  
TOTAL ASSETS \$  
41,372 \$ 34,387  
=====

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LIABILITIES AND  
SHAREHOLDERS'  
EQUITY -----

-----  
---CURRENT  
LIABILITIES  
Accounts payable and  
accrued liabilities \$  
9,107 \$ 7,613 Debt  
due within one year  
6,763 2,233 -----

-----  
TOTAL CURRENT  
LIABILITIES 15,870  
9,846 LONG-TERM  
DEBT 9,886 9,792  
DEFERRED  
INCOME TAXES  
640 894 OTHER  
NON-CURRENT  
LIABILITIES 1,897  
1,845 -----

-----  
TOTAL  
LIABILITIES 28,293  
22,377

SHAREHOLDERS'  
EQUITY Preferred  
stock 1,673 1,701  
Common stock-  
shares outstanding-  
Dec 31 1,296.1  
1,296 June 30  
1,295.7 1,296  
Additional paid-in  
capital 2,230 2,057  
Reserve for ESOP  
debt retirement  
(1,358) (1,375)  
Accumulated  
comprehensive

income (2,215)  
 (2,120) Retained  
 earnings 11,453  
 10,451-----

-----  
 TOTAL  
 SHAREHOLDERS'  
 EQUITY 13,079  
 12,010-----

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 TOTAL  
 LIABILITIES AND  
 SHAREHOLDERS'  
 EQUITY \$ 41,372 \$  
 34,387

=====

THE PROCTER &  
 GAMBLE  
 COMPANY AND  
 SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONSOLIDATED  
 STATEMENTS  
 OF CASH  
 FLOWS Six  
 Months Ended  
 Amounts in Millions  
 December 31-----

2001 2000-----

-----  
 CASH AND  
 CASH  
 EQUIVALENTS,  
 BEGINNING OF  
 YEAR \$2,306  
 \$1,415  
 OPERATING  
 ACTIVITIES Net  
 earnings 2,403  
 2,349 Depreciation  
 and amortization  
 784 976 Deferred  
 income taxes 115  
 21 Change in:  
 Accounts  
 receivable (397)  
 (771) Inventories  
 (139) (98)  
 Accounts payable  
 and accruals 876  
 (73) Other  
 operating assets &  
 liabilities (542)  
 (140) Other 77 1--

-----  
 TOTAL  
 OPERATING  
 ACTIVITIES  
 3,177 2,265-----  
 -----

INVESTING  
ACTIVITIES  
Capital  
expenditures (668)  
(1,251) Proceeds  
from asset sales  
151 473  
Acquisitions  
(5,061) (31)  
Change in  
investment  
securities 96 (3) -----

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TOTAL  
INVESTING  
ACTIVITIES  
(5,482) (812) -----

-----  
FINANCING  
ACTIVITIES  
Dividends to  
shareholders  
(1,047) (974)  
Change in short-  
term debt 4,844  
795 Additions to  
long-term debt 132  
1,346 Reduction of  
long-term debt  
(482) (25)  
Proceeds from  
stock options 99 61  
Purchase of  
treasury shares  
(352) (649) -----

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TOTAL  
FINANCING  
ACTIVITIES  
3,194 554 -----

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EFFECT OF  
EXCHANGE  
RATE CHANGES  
ON CASH AND  
CASH  
EQUIVALENTS  
(2) (15) CHANGE  
IN CASH AND  
CASH  
EQUIVALENTS  
887 1,992 -----

-----  
CASH AND  
CASH  
EQUIVALENTS,  
END OF PERIOD  
\$3,193 \$3,407  
=====



	2001-660
	553-441
	264-192
(196)	
	1,914
	2000-590
	483-412
	252-195
(151)	
	1,781 Net Earnings
	2001-437
	335-334
	172-126
(105)	
	1,299
	2000-390
	295-286
	164-124
(65)	
	1,194 Baby,
Feminine & Six Months Fabric & Family Beauty Health Food & Ended December 31 Home Care Care Care Beverage Corporate Total----	
-----	
-----	
-----	
-----	
-----	
-----	-- Net Sales
	2001 \$ 5,850 \$
	6,022 \$
	3,832 \$
	2,517 \$
	2,008 \$
(60) \$	
	20,169
	2000

6,004  
 6,086  
 3,723  
 2,140  
 2,231  
 (33)  
 20,151  
 Earnings  
 Before  
 Income  
 Taxes  
 2001  
 1,325  
 1,102  
 899,474  
 346 (605)  
 3,541  
 2000  
 1,326  
 996,796  
 369,317  
 (320)  
 3,484 Net  
 Earnings  
 2001-887  
 677,660  
 312,225  
 (358)  
 2,403  
 2000-888  
 624,553  
 245,199  
 (160)  
 2,349

4. Acquisitions - On November 16, 2001, the Company completed the acquisition of the Clairol business from Bristol-Myers Squibb Company for \$4,975 million in cash, financed primarily with debt. This purchase price is subject to adjustment, based on a working capital formula. Management does not expect the adjustments to have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations. The Clairol business consists of hair care, hair color, and personal care products with approximately \$1.6 billion in annual net sales and provides the Company an entry into the hair coloring market while providing potential for significant synergies and minimal initial dilution. The operating results of the Clairol business are reported in P&G's beauty care business segment. The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, Business Combinations, effective July 1, 2001. Accordingly, the acquisition was accounted for by the purchase method of accounting. The consolidated financial statements include the results of Clairol from November 16, 2001. The Company is in the process of obtaining independent appraisals of the fair value of the individual assets and liabilities acquired in order to complete the allocation of the purchase price. The preliminary allocation of the purchase price included in the current period is subject to revision based on the final determination of fair values. Given the nature of the business acquired, less than five percent of the purchase price is expected to be attributable to net assets acquired. An additional 15 percent is expected to be attributable to identifiable intangible assets, which are expected to be amortized over an average life of 15 years. The independent appraisals, which are in process, will determine whether a portion of the purchase price and a portion of the currently recorded amortizable identifiable intangible assets should be considered to have indefinite lives. The following table provides pro forma results of operations for the three and six months ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, as if Clairol had been acquired as of the beginning of each fiscal year presented. The pro forma results include certain adjustments, including estimated interest expense on acquisition debt and amortization of intangible assets, excluding goodwill and indefinite lived intangibles. However, pro forma results do not include any anticipated cost savings or other effects of the planned integration of Clairol. Accordingly, such amounts are not necessarily indicative of the results that would have occurred if the acquisition had occurred on the dates indicated, or that may result in the future.

Pro  
 Forma  
 Results -  
 The  
 Procter &  
 Gamble  
 Company  
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-----  
-----  
Amounts  
in millions,  
except  
per share  
amounts-----

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----- Three  
months  
ended,  
December  
31 Six  
months  
ended,  
December  
31-----

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-----  
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-----  
-----  
-----  
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-----  
2001  
2000  
2001  
2000-----

----- Net  
Sales  
\$10,570  
\$10,571  
\$20,758  
\$20,976  
Net  
Earnings  
1,313  
1,184  
2,454  
2,357  
Diluted  
net  
earnings  
per  
common  
share .93  
.84 1.74  
1.66-----

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5. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets - In accordance with SFAS No. 142, effective July 1, 2001, the Company discontinued the amortization of goodwill and identifiable intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives. Intangible assets that have finite useful lives will continue to be amortized over their useful lives. Goodwill will be assessed annually for impairment. The standard requires this impairment assessment to be completed within the first six months following adoption of the standard. Although implementation guidance continues to evolve, it is management's assessment that goodwill impairment does not exist. The impact of discontinuing amortization of goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets on net income, basic and diluted earnings per share for the quarter ended December 31, 2000 is \$55 million, or \$0.04 per share on a basic and fully diluted basis. Adjusted net income, basic net earnings per share and diluted net earnings per share for the three months ended December 31, 2000 are \$1,249 million, \$0.93 per share and \$0.88 per share, respectively. Goodwill as of December 31, 2001, as allocated by reportable segment is as follows:

Baby,  
Feminine  
& Fabrie  
& Family  
Beauty  
Health  
Food &  
Home  
Care Care  
Care Care  
Beverage  
Total -----

-----  
Goodwill,  
September  
30, 2001  
\$486  
\$2,808  
\$1,384  
\$2,567  
\$278  
\$7,523  
Acquisition  
(Note 4) -  
4,039 --  
4,039  
Translation  
& Other  
(18) (70)  
(12) 29 --  
(71) -----

-----  
Goodwill,  
December  
31, 2001  
468 2,738  
5,411  
2,596 278  
11,491

The increase in goodwill is primarily due to the preliminary allocation of goodwill related to the acquisition of Clairol, which is subject to revision based on final determination of fair values. Identifiable intangible assets as of December 31, 2001 are comprised of: Gross Carrying Accumulated Amount Amortization ----- Amortizable intangible assets \$1,787 \$327 Non-amortizable intangible assets 458 169 -----  
----- Total identifiable intangible assets 2,245 496 Amortizable intangible assets consist principally of patents, technology and trademarks. The non-amortizable intangible assets consist primarily of certain trademarks. Net amortizable intangible assets increased by \$893 million during the three months ended December 31, 2001, primarily due to the estimated values of trademarks, patents and technology from the Clairol acquisition. These allocations of the Clairol purchase price to specific assets and liabilities acquired, including identifiable intangibles, are subject to revision based on final determination of fair values. The amortization of intangible assets for the three and six months ended December 31, 2001 is \$24 and \$39 million, respectively. 6. On January 22, 2002, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued an interpretive release on disclosures related to liquidity and capital resources, including off-balance sheet arrangements. The Company does not have material off-balance sheet arrangements or related party transactions. The Company is not aware of factors that are reasonably likely to adversely affect liquidity trends, other than the risk factors presented in other Company filings. However, the following additional information is provided to assist financial statement users. Operating Leases - These leases

generally are entered into only for non-strategic investments (e.g., warehouses, office buildings) where the economic profile is favorable. The effects of outstanding leases are not material to the Company - by reference to both annual cash flow and total outstanding debt. Purchase Commitments - The Company has purchase commitments for materials, supplies, services, and property, plant and equipment part of the ordinary conduct of business. In the aggregate, such commitments are not at prices in excess of current market. Due to the proprietary nature of many of the Company's materials and processes, certain supply contracts contain penalty provisions for early termination. The Company does not believe a material amount of penalties is reasonably likely to be incurred under these contracts based upon historical experience and current expectations. Other Contractual Obligations - The Company does not have material financial guarantees or other contractual commitments that are reasonably likely to adversely affect liquidity. However, the Company does have a contingent purchase price provision associated with the prior acquisition of Dr. John's Spinbrush. Based on recent business developments, it is reasonably likely the Company will settle that arrangement during the current fiscal year. The additional purchase proceeds have not been agreed upon, but are not expected to materially affect the Company's financial condition or results of operations. Related Party Transactions - The Company does not have any related party transactions that materially affect the results of operations, cash flow or financial condition. Item 2.

Management Discussion and Analysis RESULTS OF OPERATIONS ----- The Company reported net earnings of \$1.30 billion or \$0.93 per share for the quarter ended December 31, 2001. Results included a \$146 million after-tax restructuring charge related to the Company's streamlining of operations and business portfolio. Net earnings in the year ago quarter were \$1.19 billion, including a \$120 million after-tax restructuring charge. Core net earnings were \$1.03 per share or \$1.45 billion for the current quarter, compared to \$0.97 per share or \$1.37 billion in the year ago quarter. These results exclude restructuring charges in both periods. Additionally, the year ago quarter excludes \$55 million after-tax, or \$0.04 per share, for amortization of goodwill and certain intangible assets that are not required in the current period. Net sales were \$10.40 billion, up two percent versus year-ago. Unit volume grew five percent versus the prior year, led by double-digit growth in the health and beauty care businesses. Excluding acquisitions and divestitures, unit volume increased four percent. Pricing had a two percent negative impact on sales in the quarter, consistent with plans to achieve more competitive levels and address the impacts of commodity prices. Foreign exchange had a negative one percent impact on net sales. Business segment after tax earnings were up 12 percent, reflecting increased volume and improved manufacturing costs. Beauty care and fabric and home care generated two-thirds of the net earnings growth. For the first six months, reported net earnings were \$2.40 billion, or \$1.71 per share. Results included a \$384 million after-tax charge related to the restructuring program. Excluding restructuring charges and the prior year amortization of goodwill and certain intangibles, core net earnings were \$2.79 billion in 2001 and \$2.66 billion in 2000. Core net earnings per share grew five percent to \$1.99 in the current year. Net sales were up two percent, excluding a two percent negative foreign exchange impact. Gross margin was 48.7 percent for the current quarter, compared to 46.8 percent in the same quarter of the prior year, and 43.7 percent for the full fiscal year ended June 30, 2001. This margin progress reflects lower manufacturing costs and the benefits of previous restructuring actions. Cost of products sold includes an \$82 million before-tax restructuring charge. Excluding restructuring costs, gross margin was 49.4 percent, compared to 47.6 percent in the year ago quarter. Operating margin was 17.9 percent for the quarter, compared to 16.8 percent in the same quarter year ago, and 12.1 percent for the prior fiscal year. Excluding restructuring charges and amortization of goodwill and certain intangible assets in the year ago quarter, operating margin grew to 19.8 percent from 18.9 percent. Operating margin progress was driven by gross margin improvement. Marketing, research and administrative costs reflect good progress on base savings programs, but increased due to costs associated with the integration of Clairol and increased investments in health care. FABRIC & HOME CARE ----- Fabric and home care results improved during the second quarter, with four percent volume growth behind strength in Europe fabric care and improved performance in North America home care. Net sales were \$2.97 billion, up one percent, as minor pricing and mix impacts in Western Europe and Asia partially offset increased volume. Net earnings were \$437 million, up 12 percent, due to disciplined cost management led by North America and Western Europe and increased marketing support efficiencies. Year-to-date, unit volume reflected a one percent increase while net sales declined three percent. Net earnings were flat versus year ago. BABY, FEMININE & FAMILY CARE ----- Baby, feminine and family care reflected solid results. Unit volume increased three percent behind strong family care volume, particularly on Bounty(R) in North America and baby care's Pampers Wipes(R). Net sales were \$3.03 billion, down one percent, as commodity-driven price moves in family care and targeted pricing actions in baby care more than offset volume growth. Earnings were \$335 million, up 14 percent, behind a strong focus on cost efficiencies including restructuring gains. For the first six months of the year, unit volume increased three percent. Net sales declined one percent while earnings grew eight percent. BEAUTY CARE ----- Beauty care continued to deliver strong results led by progress in hair care across all regions. Unit volume increased 15 percent driven by the Clairol acquisition. Excluding the impact of acquisitions and divestitures, volume was up three percent. Net sales were \$2.06 billion, up 13 percent, excluding a two percent negative exchange impact, as strength in hair care - driven by Pantene(R), Head & Shoulders(R) and Clairol - was partially offset by price adjustments in North America's personal cleansing category. Excluding acquisitions and divestitures, net sales were up two percent. Net earnings were \$334 million, up 17 percent versus last year despite increased costs associated with the integration of Clairol. This earnings increase was driven by a continued focus on cost control and higher launch costs in the base period. For the first six months of the fiscal year, unit volume was up seven percent. Net sales increased three percent while net earnings grew 19 percent. Excluding the impact of acquisitions and divestitures, volume increased two percent and net sales declined one percent during this six month period. HEALTH CARE ----- Health care posted strong results, with double-digit volume and sales growth, led by oral care and pharmaceuticals. Unit volume increased 15 percent driven by strong sales of Actonel(R) and Crest(R) (particularly White Strips(R) and Spinbrush(R)). Net sales grew 17 percent to \$1.34 billion behind volume growth and positive mix effects. Crest joined the ranks of P&G's billion dollar brands, achieving \$1.0 billion in sales in calendar year 2001. Net earnings were \$172 million, up five percent, as investments behind oral care initiatives and pharmaceutical development partially offset gains due to volume. On a year-to-date basis, unit volume was up 17 percent and net sales were up 18 percent. Net earnings grew 27 percent behind these strong volume and net sales results. FOOD & BEVERAGE ----- Net earnings in food and beverage increased despite a divestiture in the prior year and commodity-related pricing actions. Net sales declined 11 percent to \$1.05 billion on a nine percent unit volume decline. Excluding the divestiture impacts, unit volume was down five percent reflecting an increased competitive merchandising environment. Pricing also contributed to decreased sales as we continued to reflect lower green coffee costs into Folgers(R) pricing. Net earnings were \$126 million, up two percent, behind restructuring savings in juice and coffee and other cost savings efforts offset by lower volumes. For the first half of the year, unit volume was down eight percent while net sales were down ten percent and net earnings grew 13 percent. CORPORATE - ----- The corporate segment contains both operating and non-operating items that are not included in the business results. The comparability of

corporate results is affected by a reduction in divestiture gains and higher restructuring costs in the current year. These more than offset the benefit from the accounting change to no longer amortize goodwill and certain intangibles, effective in the current year. FINANCIAL CONDITION & LIQUIDITY

----- For the six-month period ended December 31, 2001, cash generated from operating activities totaled \$3.2 billion, up \$0.9 billion from the same period in the prior year. The increase in operating cash flow was primarily due to changes in working capital levels. Progress on accounts receivable continues while inventory levels are up slightly, primarily in food and beverage and baby, feminine and family care. This reflects both volume trends and initiative activity. Accounts payable and accruals delivered a significant amount of cash flow improvement, reflecting the timing of payments for accruals. Accounts payable were relatively stable. Investing activities and financing activities reflect the impacts of the Clairol acquisition and associated financing. Initial funding for the acquisition was primarily achieved with short-term debt. Importantly, capital spending declined \$583 million, reflecting increased efficiencies across multiple business units primarily in North America. The decline in proceeds from asset sales is consistent with reduced divestitures gains. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES ----- On January 22, 2002, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued an interpretive release on disclosures related to liquidity and capital resources, including off-balance sheet arrangements. The Company does not have material off-balance sheet arrangements or related party transactions. The Company is not aware of factors that are reasonably likely to adversely affect liquidity trends, other than the risk factors presented in other Company filings. However, the following additional information is provided to assist financial statement users. Operating Leases - These leases generally are entered into only for non-strategic investments (e.g., warehouses, office buildings) where the economic profile is favorable. The liquidity impact of outstanding leases is not material to the Company - by reference to both annual cash flow and total outstanding debt. Purchase Commitments - The Company has purchase commitments for materials, supplies, services, and property, plant and equipment part of the ordinary conduct of business. In the aggregate, such commitments are not at prices in excess of current market. Due to the proprietary nature of many of the Company's materials and processes, certain supply contracts contain penalty provisions for early termination. The Company does not believe a material amount of penalties is reasonably likely to be incurred under these contracts based upon historical experience and current expectations. Other Contractual Obligations - The Company does not have material financial guarantees or other contractual commitments that are reasonably likely to adversely affect liquidity. However, the Company does have a contingent purchase price provision associated with the prior acquisition of Dr. John's Spinbrush. Based on recent business developments, it is reasonably likely the Company will settle that arrangement during the current fiscal year. The additional purchase proceeds have not been agreed upon, but are not expected to materially affect the Company's financial condition or results of operations. Related Party Transactions - The Company does not have any related party transactions that materially affect the results of operations, cash flow or financial condition. PENSION PLANS AND RETIREE BENEFITS -----

----- The Company's pension plans and retiree benefits are discussed in the footnotes on Form 10-K. The Company provides post retirement income funded via a profit sharing trust for virtually all U.S. based employees. This plan is a defined contribution plan. Employees outside of the U.S. are generally covered by local defined benefit pension plans. The footnotes disclose a combined underfunding of these plans of \$1.1 billion. This underfunding is not a result of short-term changes in pension fund asset values. It is a function of factors that exist outside of the U.S. where there is no legal requirement or incentive to fund pension liabilities. The appropriate liabilities have been reflected in the Company's financial statements.

RESTRUCTURING PROGRAM UPDATE ----- Beginning in 1999 - concurrent with the Company's reorganization into product-based global business units - the Company initiated its Organization 2005 restructuring program. The program was expanded in March of 2001 to deliver further cost reductions through reduced overhead, further manufacturing consolidations, operational streamlining and discontinuation of under-performing businesses and initiatives. Restructuring charges include separation related expenses, asset write-downs or accelerated depreciation, results relating to discontinued initiatives and other costs directly related to the restructuring effort. These costs are reported in the corporate segment for management and external reporting. During the quarter ended December 31, 2001, the Company recorded charges totaling \$189 million before tax (\$146 million after tax) related to restructuring, as detailed in the following table:

Restructuring

Program  
July-  
December,  
2001  
Charges  
(before tax)

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-----  
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-----  
Amounts in  
Millions  
Previous  
Beginning  
Quarter  
Current  
Applied  
Ending  
Reserves  
Charges  
Quarter  
Total Cash



GAMBLE COMPANY CLAYTON C. DALEY JR. ----- Clayton C. Daley Jr. Chief Financial Officer Date:  
February 5, 2002 EXHIBIT INDEX Exhibit No. Page No. (3-1) Amended Articles of Incorporation (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (3-1) of  
the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 1998). (3-2) Regulations (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (3-2) of the  
Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1998). (11) Computation of Earnings per Share 16 (12)  
Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges 17