

10-Q 1 ond0310q.txt 10-Q OND 2003 UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the Quarterly Period Ended December 31, 2003 Commission file number 1-434 THE PROCTER & GAMBLE COMPANY (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) Ohio 31-0411980 (State of incorporation) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) One Procter & Gamble Plaza, Cincinnati, Ohio 45202 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code) Registrant's telephone number, including area code (513) 983-1100 Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No [] Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [X] No [] There were 1,292,396,101 shares of Common Stock outstanding as of December 31, 2003. PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. Financial Statements The Consolidated Statement of Earnings of The Procter & Gamble Company and subsidiaries for the three and six months ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2003 and June 30, 2003, and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the six months ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 follow. In the opinion of management, these unaudited consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods reported. However, such financial statements may not be indicative necessarily of annual results.

THE PROCTER &
GAMBLE
COMPANY AND
SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED
STATEMENT OF
EARNINGS

Amounts in millions
except per share
amounts Three
Months Ended Six
Months Ended
December 31
December 31 -----

----- 2003 2002
2003 2002 -----

NET SALES \$
13,221 \$ 11,005 \$
25,416 \$ 21,801
Cost of products
sold 6,324 5,490
12,203 10,979
Marketing,
research, admini-
strative and other
expense 4,155
3,267 7,828 6,395

--- OPERATING
INCOME 2,742
2,248 5,385 4,427
Interest expense
149 143 290 287
Other non-
operating income,
net 29 74 69 177

- EARNINGS
BEFORE

INCOME TAXES
2,622 2,179 5,164
4,317 Income taxes
804 685 1,585
1,359 -----

----- NET
EARNINGS \$
1,818 \$ 1,494 \$
3,579 \$ 2,958
=====

=====

PER COMMON
SHARE: Basic net
earnings \$ 1.38 \$
1.13 \$ 2.71 \$ 2.23
Diluted net earnings
\$ 1.30 \$ 1.06 \$
2.56 \$ 2.10

Dividends \$ 0.45 \$
0.41 \$ 0.91 \$ 0.82

AVERAGE
COMMON
SHARES
OUTSTANDING
-DILUTED

1,400.4 1,402.6
1,399.6 1,404.9
See accompanying
Notes to
Consolidated
Financial
Statements

THE PROCTER &
GAMBLE
COMPANY AND
SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED
BALANCE SHEET

Amounts in millions
December 31 June
30 ASSETS 2003
2003 -----

----- CURRENT
ASSETS Cash and
cash equivalents \$
4,943 \$ 5,912

Investment securities
351 300 Accounts
receivable 4,447
3,038 Inventories
Materials and
supplies 1,322
1,095 Work in
process 375 291
Finished goods

2,924 2,254 -----
----- Total
Inventories 4,621

3,640 Deferred
income taxes 877
843 Prepaid
expenses and other
1,926 1,487
receivables -----

TOTAL

CURRENT
ASSETS 17,165
15,220
PROPERTY,
PLANT AND
EQUIPMENT
Buildings 5,210
4,729 Machinery
and equipment
19,188 18,222
Land 665 591 -----

25,063 23,542
Accumulated
depreciation
(11,020) (10,438) -----

NET PROPERTY,
PLANT AND
EQUIPMENT
14,043 13,104
NET GOODWILL
AND OTHER
INTANGIBLE
ASSETS Goodwill
16,528 11,132
Trademarks and
other intangible
assets 4,182 2,375 -----

NET GOODWILL
AND OTHER
INTANGIBLE
ASSETS 20,710
13,507 OTHER
NON-CURRENT
ASSETS 1,944
1,875 -----

TOTAL
ASSETS \$ 53,862
\$ 43,706

LIABILITIES AND
SHAREHOLDERS'

EQUITY
CURRENT
LIABILITIES
Accounts payable \$
2,822 \$ 2,795
Accrued and other
liabilities 6,446
5,512 Taxes
payable 2,454

1,879 Debt due
within one year
5,885 2,172 -----

TOTAL
CURRENT
LIABILITIES
17,607 12,358
LONG-TERM
DEBT 12,636
11,475
DEFERRED
INCOME TAXES
1,898 1,396
OTHER NON-
CURRENT
LIABILITIES
3,149 2,291 -----

TOTAL
LIABILITIES
35,290 27,520
SHAREHOLDERS'
EQUITY Preferred
stock 1,554 1,580
Common stock -
shares outstanding
Dec 31 1,292.4
1,292 June 30
1,297.2 1,297
Additional paid-in
capital 3,250 2,931
Reserve for ESOP
debt retirement
(1,296) (1,308)
Accumulated other
comprehensive
income (1,219)
(2,006) Retained
earnings 14,991
13,692 -----

----- TOTAL
SHAREHOLDERS'
EQUITY 18,572
16,186 -----
----- TOTAL
LIABILITIES AND
SHAREHOLDERS'
EQUITY \$ 53,862
\$ 43,706
=====

===== See
accompanying
Notes to
Consolidated
Financial Statements

THE PROCTER & GAMBLE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Six Months Ended
Amounts in millions December 31 ----- 2003 2002 ----- CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,
BEGINNING OF PERIOD \$ 5,912 \$ 3,427 OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net earnings 3,579 2,958 Depreciation and amortization 857 844
Deferred income taxes 233 166 Change in: Accounts receivable (452) (117) Inventories (74) (89) Accounts payable and accruals (183) 73 Other
operating assets & liabilities (144) 151 Other 145 340 ----- TOTAL OPERATING ACTIVITIES 3,961 4,326 -----

EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD \$ 4,943 \$ 5,106 ===== See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Three

Net Sales

5,280 \$
 8,245 \$
 3,636 \$
 1,827 \$
 (372) \$
 25,416
 2002
 6,234
 4,952
 6,120
 2,977
 1,703
 (185)
 21,801
 Earnings
 Before
 Income
 Taxes
 2003
 1,675
 916
 1,960
 906 350
 (643)
 5,164
 2002
 1,577
 843
 1,535
 649 290
 (577)
 4,317 Net
 Earnings
 2003
 1,132
 576
 1,297
 609 231
 (266)
 3,579
 2002
 1,061
 517
 1,055
 449 201
 (325)
 2,958

4. Acquisitions - Acquisitions during the six months ended December 31, 2003 consist primarily of the Company's September 2003 acquisition of a controlling interest in Wella AG (Wella). Through a stock purchase agreement with the majority shareholders of Wella and a tender offer made on the remaining shares, the Company acquired a total of 81% of Wella's outstanding shares, including 99% of Wella's outstanding voting class shares, for a total purchase price of 4.67 billion Euros, excluding acquisition costs (approximately \$5.1 billion based on exchange rates on the date of the transactions). The Wella business consists of professional hair care, retail hair care, and cosmetics and fragrances divisions with over \$3 billion in annual net sales. The operating results of the Wella business are reported in the Company's Beauty Care business segment. The acquisition of Wella's shares has been accounted for as a purchase business combination in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141, "Business Combinations." Accordingly, the Company's consolidated financial statements include the results of Wella from the date on which the Company acquired control (September 2, 2003). The Company is in the process of obtaining independent appraisals for the purpose of allocating the purchase price to the individual assets acquired and liabilities assumed. This will result in potential adjustments to the carrying values of Wella's recorded assets and liabilities, the establishment of certain intangible assets, the determination of the useful lives of intangible assets, some of which may have indefinite lives not subject to amortization, and the determination of the amount of any residual value that will be allocated to goodwill. The preliminary allocation of the purchase price included in the current period balance sheet is based on the current best estimates of management and is subject to revision based on final determination of fair values. The Company also is completing its analysis of collaboration plans that may result in additional

purchase price allocation adjustments. The Company anticipates the valuations and other studies will be substantially completed in the fourth quarter of the fiscal year. The following table provides pro forma results of operations for the six months ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 and for the three months ended December 31, 2002, as if Wella had been acquired as of the beginning of each fiscal year presented. The pro forma results include certain adjustments, including adjustments to convert Wella's historical financial information from International Accounting Standards (IAS) into accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP), estimated interest impacts from funding of the acquisition and estimated amortization of identifiable intangible assets. However, pro forma results do not include any anticipated cost savings or other effects of the Wella acquisition. Accordingly, such amounts are not necessarily indicative of the results that would have occurred if the acquisition had occurred on the dates indicated or that may result in the future.

PRO
 FORMA
 RESULTS
 (Amounts
 in millions)

 ----- Six
 Months
 Ended
 December
 31 -----

 Three
 Months
 Ended
 2003
 2002
 December
 31, 2002 -

 ----- Net
 Sales
 \$25,932
 \$23,508
 \$11,936
 Net
 Earnings
 3,550
 2,995
 1,532
 Diluted net
 earnings
 per 2.54
 2.13 1.09
 common
 share

5. Goodwill and Intangible Assets - Goodwill as of December 31, 2003 is allocated by reportable segment as follows (amounts in millions):

consist primarily of trademarks. Gross amortizable intangible assets increased by \$962 million during the six months ended December 31, 2003, primarily due to intangibles from the Wella acquisition, translation and several small brand acquisitions. Non-amortizable intangibles increased by \$933 million during the six months ended December 31, 2003 primarily due to trademarks from the Wella acquisition and translation. These estimated allocations of the Wella purchase price to specific assets acquired, including identifiable intangibles, are subject to revision based on the final determination of fair values, as discussed in footnote 4. The amortization of intangible assets for the three and six months ended December 31, 2003 is \$47 million and \$81 million, respectively. 6. Pro Forma Stock-Based Compensation - The Company has stock-based compensation plans under which stock options are granted to key managers and directors at the market price on the date of grant. In prior years, the majority of grants to key managers were issued in the quarter ended September 30. While certain grants were issued during the six months ended December 31, 2003, the Company will issue the fiscal 2004 key manager grants in the quarter ended March 31, 2004. Grants issued since September 2002 are vested after three years and have a ten-year life. Grants issued from 1999 through 2002 are fully exercisable after three years and have a fifteen-year life. The Company also makes other grants to employees, for which vesting terms and option lives differ. Pursuant to SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," the Company has elected to account for its employee stock option plans under APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," which recognizes expense based on the intrinsic value at date of grant. As stock options have been issued with exercise prices equal to the market value of the underlying shares on the grant date, no compensation cost has resulted. Had compensation cost for all options granted been determined based on the fair value at grant date consistent with SFAS No. 123, the Company's net earnings and earnings per share would have been as follows: Three Months Ended Six Months Ended December 31 December 31 ----- 2003 2002 2003 2002 -----

-----	Net earnings As reported	\$1,818	\$1,494	\$3,579	\$2,958	Pro forma expense	65	101	147	205	Pro forma	1,753	1,393	3,432	2,753
-----	Net earnings per common share Basic As reported	\$1.38	\$1.13	\$2.71	\$2.23	Pro forma adjustments	(0.05)	(0.08)	(0.11)	(0.16)	Pro forma	1.33	1.05	2.60	2.07
-----	Diluted As reported	1.30	1.06	2.56	2.10	Pro forma adjustments	(0.05)	(0.07)	(0.12)	(0.14)	Pro forma	1.25	0.99	2.44	1.96

The assumptions used to calculate the fair value of options granted are evaluated and revised, as necessary, to reflect market conditions and experience. 7. Medicare Prescription Drug Act - The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 was signed into law on December 8, 2003. This Act introduced both a Medicare prescription-drug benefit and a federal subsidy to sponsors of retiree health-care plans that provide a benefit at least "actuarially equivalent" to the Medicare benefit. The Act will not have a material impact on the Company's accumulated postretirement benefit obligation or net postretirement benefit costs, due primarily to the relative size of the expected federal subsidy, the Company's assumption that its prescription benefits are at least as beneficial as those provided under Medicare, and the Company's expectation that the Act will not materially impact participation rates or per capita claims costs.

Accordingly, the effects of the Act will be factored into the Company's normal year-end measurement process for other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plans, which will decrease the Company's postretirement benefit obligation reported at June 2004 and periodic net postretirement benefit costs beginning in fiscal 2005. Specific authoritative guidance on the accounting for the federal subsidy is pending and that guidance, if issued after the effects of the Act are reflected in the measurement of the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation or net postretirement benefit costs, could require a subsequent change to such reported information. 8. Other New Pronouncements - In January and December 2003, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 46 (FIN 46) and No. 46, revised (FIN 46R), "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities". These statements, which address perceived weaknesses in accounting for entities commonly known as special-purpose or off-balance-sheet, require consolidation of certain interests or arrangements by virtue of holding a controlling financial interest in such entities. Certain provisions of FIN 46R related to interests in special purpose entities were applicable for the period ended December 31, 2003. The Company must apply FIN 46R to their interests in all entities subject to the interpretation as of the first interim or annual period ending after March 15, 2004. Adoption of this new method of accounting for variable interest entities did not and is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations and financial position. Item 2.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations OVERVIEW ----- The Company markets approximately 300 products in more than 160 countries around the world in five distinct business segments: Fabric and Home Care, Beauty Care, Baby and Family Care, Health Care and Snacks and Beverages. During the first six months of the fiscal year through December 31, 2003, the Company delivered strong top line results and double-digit earnings growth, despite widespread competitive activity. All business segments posted volume and earnings growth. Results include the impact of the Wella acquisition which was completed in September 2003. Sales grew ahead of volume due to positive foreign exchange impacts, partially offset by mix (driven by high growth in developing markets) and pricing activity. Earnings increased due to the scale benefit of volume, the completion of the Company's restructuring program which had \$211 million of after tax charges in the base period, and lower manufacturing costs. Earnings growth was partially offset by continued marketing investments in the base business and in support of product initiatives. Going forward, business and market uncertainties may affect results. For a discussion of key factors that could impact and must be managed by the Company, please refer to Management's Discussion and Analysis in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - Three Months Ended December 31, 2003 -----

-----	THE PROCTER & GAMBLE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES (Amounts in Millions Except Per Share Amounts) Consolidated Earnings Information Three Months Ended December 31 ----- 2003 2002 % CHG -----	NET SALES	\$ 13,221	\$ 11,005	20 %
-----	COST OF PRODUCTS SOLD	6,324	5,490	15 %	-----
-----	GROSS MARGIN	6,897	5,515	25 %	-----
-----	MARKETING, RESEARCH, ADMINISTRATIVE & OTHER	4,155	3,267	27 %	-----
-----	OPERATING INCOME	2,742	2,248	22 %	-----
-----	TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE	149	143	OTHER NON-OPERATING INCOME, NET	29 74 -----
-----	EARNINGS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	2,622	2,179	20 %	-----
-----	INCOME TAXES	804	685	NET EARNINGS	1,818 1,494 22 %
-----	EFFECTIVE TAX RATE	30.7%	31.4%	PER COMMON SHARE: BASIC NET EARNINGS	\$ 1.38 \$ 1.13 22 %
-----	DILUTED NET EARNINGS	\$ 1.30 \$ 1.06 23 %	DIVIDENDS	\$ 0.45 \$ 0.41	AVERAGE
-----	DILUTED SHARES OUTSTANDING	1,400.4	1,402.6	Basis Pt	COMPARISONS AS A % OF NET SALES Chg -----

----- COST OF PRODUCTS SOLD 47.8% 49.9% GROSS MARGIN 52.2% 50.1% 210 MARKETING, RESEARCH, ADMINISTRATIVE & OTHER 31.4% 29.7% OPERATING MARGIN 20.7% 20.4% 30 EARNINGS BEFORE INCOME TAXES 19.8% 19.8% NET EARNINGS 13.8% 13.6% Unit volume for the quarter increased 19 percent, with all business segments and geographic regions reporting unit volume growth. Excluding the impact of acquisitions and divestitures, primarily Wella, unit volume increased nine percent. Beauty Care led the business segments with unit volume growth of 45 percent. Excluding acquisitions and divestitures, Beauty Care volume increased 10 percent. Health Care and Fabric and

Home Care volume increased 17 and nine percent, respectively. Developing markets delivered strong, double-digit unit volume growth. Net sales increased 20 percent to \$13.22 billion. Foreign exchange had a positive impact of four percent due primarily to the strengthening of the Euro, Canadian dollar, British pound and Japanese yen, offset by weakening of the Mexican Peso and Venezuelan Bolivar. Mix was driven primarily by continued high growth in developing markets, including China and Latin America. Pricing activity, largely in response to competition, reduced sales by one percent. Pricing includes responses to competitive actions across multiple categories including family care in North America and Fabric and Home Care in Europe and the Middle East. The table below identifies the drivers to net sales changes versus the prior year quarter by business segment:

Volume -----

With Without
Total
Acquisitions/
Acquisitions/
Total Impact
Divestitures
Divestitures
FX Price
Mix/Other
Impact Ex-FX

---- FABRIC
AND HOME
CARE 9% 9%
4% -1% -2%
10% 6%
BEAUTY
CARE 45%
10% 5% 0%
0% 50% 45%
BABY AND
FAMILY
CARE 4% 4%
5% -1% -2%
6% 1%
HEALTH
CARE 17%
17% 4% 1%
0% 22% 18%
SNACKS
AND
BEVERAGES
1% 1% 4% -
2% 3% 6%
2% -----

TOTAL
COMPANY
19% 9% 4% -
1% -2% 20%
16% Note:
These sales

percentage
changes are
approximations
based on
quantitative
formulas that
are consistently
applied.

Net earnings increased 22 percent to \$1.82 billion. Earnings growth was primarily driven by volume benefits, the completion of the prior year restructuring program (which included \$98 million after tax in the base period) and lower manufacturing costs. These improvements were partially offset by marketing investments to support base business growth and new initiatives. Net earnings per share were \$1.30, an increase of 23 percent, including a slightly accretive effect from Wella. Gross margin expanded 210 basis points. Of this, 70 basis points (\$75 million before tax) relates to restructuring charges in the prior period. Of the remaining 140 basis points of expansion, approximately half was driven by the addition of Wella, which has a higher gross margin than the base business. The remaining half was driven by the scale benefit of volume growth, the mix impact of higher volume in the Health and Beauty Care businesses, and product cost savings. Marketing, Research, Administrative and Other Costs (MRA&O) as a percentage of net sales increased 170 basis points. The large majority of this basis point increase is due to Wella, reflecting a higher ratio of marketing expenses to sales than the base business and initial post-acquisition costs. The remaining increase in spending reflects investments behind the base business and support for initiatives. The addition of Wella and increased marketing investments more than offset the basis point improvement due to the non-recurrence of restructuring program charges (\$57 million before tax) in the base period. RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - Six Months Ended December 31, 2003 --

----- THE PROCTER & GAMBLE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES (Amounts in Millions
Except Per Share Amounts) Consolidated Earnings Information Six Months Ended December 31 ----- 2003 2002 % CHG -----
----- NET SALES \$ 25,416 \$ 21,801 17 % COST OF PRODUCTS SOLD 12,203 10,979 11 % ----- GROSS
MARGIN 13,213 10,822 22 % MARKETING, RESEARCH, ADMINISTRATIVE & OTHER 7,828 6,395 22 % -----
OPERATING INCOME 5,385 4,427 22% TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE 290 287 OTHER NON-OPERATING INCOME, NET 69 177 -----
----- EARNINGS BEFORE INCOME TAXES 5,164 4,317 20 % INCOME TAXES 1,585 1,359 NET EARNINGS 3,579 2,958 21 %
===== EFFECTIVE TAX RATE 30.7% 31.5% PER COMMON SHARE: BASIC NET EARNINGS \$ 2.71 \$ 2.23 22 %
DILUTED NET EARNINGS \$ 2.56 \$ 2.10 22 % DIVIDENDS \$ 0.91 \$ 0.82 AVERAGE DILUTED SHARES OUTSTANDING 1,399.6
1,404.9 Basis Pt COMPARISONS AS A % OF NET SALES Chg ----- COST OF PRODUCTS SOLD 48.0%
50.4% GROSS MARGIN 52.0% 49.6% 240 MARKETING, RESEARCH, ADMINISTRATIVE & OTHER 30.8% 29.3% OPERATING
MARGIN 21.2% 20.3% 90 EARNINGS BEFORE INCOME TAXES 20.3% 19.8% NET EARNINGS 14.1% 13.6% Fiscal year to date, unit
volume increased 16 percent. All business segments and geographic regions delivered unit volume growth. The lower growth rate year to date versus
the October - December quarter reflects the acquisition of Wella in September. Excluding acquisitions and divestitures, unit volume increased nine
percent through the first six months of the fiscal year. Volume growth was led by Beauty Care, up 33 percent, and Health Care, up 20 percent.
Developing markets delivered double-digit volume growth with strong results in China and Central and Eastern Europe. For the first six months of the
fiscal year, net sales increased 17 percent to \$25.42 billion. Foreign exchange contributed three percent to sales growth. Pricing and mix combined for
a negative two percent impact on sales growth. Pricing investments include activities to drive top line growth in multiple businesses and to respond to
competition. Mix was driven primarily by strong growth in developing markets. The table below identifies the drivers to net sales changes fiscal year to
date versus the prior year by business segment:

Volume -----

With Without
Total
Acquisitions/
Acquisitions/
Total Impact
Divestitures
Divestitures
FX Price
Mix/Other
Impact Ex-FX

-- FABRIC
AND HOME
CARE 9% 8%
3% -1% -2%

-----TOTAL
COMPANY
16% 9% 3%
1% 1% 17%
14% Note:
These sales
percentage
changes are
approximations
based on
quantitative
formulas that
are consistently
applied.

THE PROCTER
& GAMBLE
COMPANY
AND
SUBSIDIARIES
(Amounts in
Millions Except
Per Share)

Amounts)
Consolidated
Earnings
Information -----

----- Three
Months Ended
December 31,
2003 -----

-- % Change
Earnings %
Change %
Change Versus
Before Versus
Net Versus Net
Sales Year Ago
Income Taxes
Year Ago
Earnings Year
Ago -----

-- FABRIC
AND HOME
CARE \$ 3,407
10% \$ 843 10%
\$ 570 11%
BEAUTY
CARE 4,492
50% 1,047 43%
681 34% BABY
AND FAMILY
CARE 2,673
6% 444 0% 281
2% HEALTH
CARE 1,908
22% 500 34%
333 32%
SNACKS AND
BEVERAGES
931 6% 188
12% 122 11%--

TOTAL
BUSINESS
SEGMENT
13,411 21%
3,022 22%

1,987 20%
CORPORATE
(190) n/a (400)
n/a (169) n/a

TOTAL
COMPANY
13,221 20%
2,622 20%
1,818 22%

Six
Months Ended
December 31,
2003

% Change
Earnings %
Change %
Change Versus
Before Versus
Net Versus Net
Sales Year Ago
Income Taxes
Year Ago
Earnings Year
Ago

FABRIC
AND HOME
CARE \$ 6,800
9% \$ 1,675 6%
\$ 1,132 7%
BEAUTY
CARE 8,245
35% 1,960 28%
1,297 23%
BABY AND
FAMILY CARE
5,280 7% 916
9% 576 11%
HEALTH
CARE 3,636
22% 906 40%
609 36%
SNACKS AND
BEVERAGES
1,827 7% 350

21% 231 15%—

TOTAL
BUSINESS
SEGMENT
25,788 17%
5,807 19%
3,845 17%
CORPORATE
(372) n/a (643)
n/a (266) n/a-----

TOTAL
COMPANY
25,416 17%
5,164 20%
3,579 21%

FABRIC AND HOME CARE ----- For the quarter, volume was up nine percent behind Tide, Gain, Era and the continued success of initiatives including Mr. Clean Magic Eraser and Swiffer Duster. Net sales increased 10 percent to \$3.41 billion. Sales growth includes a positive four percent foreign exchange impact that was partially offset by negative pricing and mix. Mix was driven by continued strong growth in developing markets, particularly China and Central and Eastern Europe. Pricing had a one percent impact on sales and represents primarily the continuation of prior period actions to maintain competitiveness. Net earnings increased 11 percent to \$570 million driven primarily by volume, as lower manufacturing costs were offset by the profit impact of continued pricing actions. For the first six months of the fiscal year, Fabric and Home Care volume increased nine percent. Net sales increased nine percent, including a positive foreign exchange impact of three percent. Mix and pricing impacts combined for a negative three percent impact on sales. Net earnings increased seven percent. Earnings growth lags sales growth for the first six months of the fiscal year due to a high base period comparison in the July - September quarter. BEAUTY CARE ----- Total volume in the October - December quarter increased 45 percent including acquisitions and divestitures, primarily Wella. Excluding acquisitions and divestitures, Beauty Care volume increased 10 percent. Strong base business results were led by double-digit growth by the Pantene, Head & Shoulders and Herbal Essences hair care brands, Olay skin care and the Always feminine care brand. Net sales increased 50 percent to \$4.49 billion, including a positive five percent foreign exchange impact. Net earnings were \$681 million, an increase of 34 percent, due to strong top line growth, including Wella. Gross margin expansion was partially offset by the higher ratio of marketing expenses to sales for the Wella business, increased marketing investments in the North America hair care and skin care businesses and in support of initiatives (including Boss Intense, Lacoste Pour Femme, Rejoice in Greater China, Always/Alldays upgrades, Herbal Essences and Pantene in Western Europe and the geographic expansion of Olay Regenerist and Total Effects). The Wella acquisition was accretive to Beauty Care earnings. Interest and amortization expenses associated with Wella are included in Corporate. For the six months ended December 31, Beauty Care volume increased 33 percent. Volume growth fiscal year to date reflects the Wella acquisition, completed in September, and double-digit increases in developing markets. Net sales increased 35 percent to \$8.25 billion. A positive foreign exchange impact of four percent was partially offset by pricing and mix. Net earnings increased 23 percent to \$1.30 billion. Volume benefits and lower product costs were partially offset by additional marketing investments to support the base business and initiatives. BABY AND FAMILY CARE ----- For the quarter ended December 31, volume increased four percent behind strong growth in baby care - primarily in Western Europe and developing markets. Family care volume was flat due, in part, to high promotional spending levels by key competitors. Net sales increased six percent to \$2.67 billion. Foreign exchange was a positive impact of five percent; the impact of volume on sales was partially offset by pricing and mix. Mix was primarily driven by strong growth in mid-tier diaper products in developing markets. Pricing had a negative one percent effect on sales in response to increased competitive promotional activity in North America family care. Earnings grew two percent against strong base period results (21 percent increase) to \$281 million. Earnings in baby care increased due to volume and cost savings, largely offset by the aforementioned pricing investments and rising commodity costs in family care. Fiscal year to date, Baby and Family Care volume increased five percent. Baby care volume increased high single-digits, while family care volume increased low single-digits. Net sales increased seven percent to \$5.28 billion, including a positive foreign exchange impact of four percent. Price and mix combined for a negative two percent impact. Earnings were \$576 million, an increase of 11 percent, as profit growth behind volume and product cost savings was partially offset by pricing investments and increased commodity costs. HEALTH CARE ----- - Health Care unit volume increased 17 percent during the October - December quarter driven by the continued success of Actonel, Prilosec OTC and oral care. Vicks also posted strong unit volume growth due to the early cough/cold season in North America. Net sales increased 22 percent to \$1.91 billion aided by a positive four percent foreign exchange impact and one percent for pricing. Net earnings were \$333 million, an increase of 32 percent, on strong volume, lower manufacturing costs and margin expansion due to product mix. Marketing spending increased versus the base period primarily behind continued support of Prilosec OTC, Crest Whitestrips and Crest Night Effects. While double-digit top line growth is expected for the fiscal

year, Prilosec OTC volume in the remaining quarters is expected to reflect consumption levels following the successful launch in September and continued strong results in October - December quarter. Fiscal year to date, Health Care volume increased 20 percent. Net sales were \$3.64 billion, an increase of 22 percent. Sales growth was impacted by a positive three percent for foreign exchange. Mix was a negative one percent impact driven primarily by developing market growth. Net earnings increased 36 percent to \$609 million. Earnings increased behind sales growth and margin expansion, including the impact of product cost savings.

SNACKS AND BEVERAGES ----- Snacks and Beverages unit volume increased one percent. Beverages volume increased two percent driven primarily by the Folgers AromaSeal initiative. Net sales increased six percent to \$931 million driven primarily by a foreign exchange benefit of four percent. Volume and mix gains were partially offset by increased merchandising costs to support the continued high level of promotional activity in the coffee category. Manufacturing costs increased behind initiative start-up expenses. Net earnings increased 11 percent to \$122 million behind sales growth and lower marketing and administrative spending. For the first six months of the fiscal year, Snacks and Beverages volume increased two percent. Net sales increased seven percent to \$1.83 billion, reflecting volume growth, a positive foreign exchange impact of four percent and combined mix and pricing of one percent. Net earnings in Snacks and Beverages increased 15 percent to \$231 million.

CORPORATE ----- Corporate includes certain operating and non-operating activities, as well as eliminations to adjust management reporting principles to United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (U.S. GAAP). For the quarter, net sales were -\$190 million compared to -\$68 million in the prior period, primarily driven by eliminations due to stronger joint venture sales. Net earnings for the quarter were -\$169 million compared to -\$166 million in the comparable prior period. Results primarily reflect lower costs from the restructuring program offset by charges associated with Wella and hedging impacts. For the first six months of the fiscal year, Corporate net sales were -\$372 million compared to -\$185 million in the prior period. Net earnings for the six month period were -\$266 million versus -\$325 million in the same period year ago.

FINANCIAL CONDITION ----- Operating Activities ----- Cash generated from operating activities for the six months ended December 31, 2003 was \$3.96 billion compared to \$4.33 billion in the comparable prior period. Strong earnings, adjusted for non-cash items (depreciation, amortization and deferred income taxes) generated \$4.67 billion of cash flow and were partially offset by increases in working capital. Working capital increased by \$0.9 billion during the period. Accounts receivable increased by \$0.5 billion due mainly to strong December shipments. Accounts payable decreased reflecting the Company's continued effort to accelerate payments to suppliers in order to maximize efficiencies and capture all discounts. Cash generated from operating activities is down \$0.4 billion versus the comparable prior year period. The impact of increased earnings in the current period were offset by a larger increase in working capital and the impact of dividends received from a joint venture in the base period.

Investing Activities ----- Investing activities in the current year decreased cash by \$6.11 billion compared to a decrease of \$0.5 billion in prior year period. The primary driver was the acquisition of Wella for approximately \$5.10 billion. Additional current year acquisitions include Glide Dental Floss and fabric care brands in Western Europe and the Middle East. There was no acquisition activity in the comparable prior year period. Capital spending increased to \$810 million versus \$616 million in the comparable prior period. Capital spending as a percent of sales increased slightly versus the comparable period, but was still below the Company's target of four percent.

Financing Activities ----- Financing activities in the current fiscal year to date increased cash by \$1.14 billion, representing a year-over-year cash increase of \$3.29 billion. Cash from financing includes an increase in short and long-term debt to support the Wella acquisition. The Company issued \$1.38 billion aggregate principal amount of notes with varying maturity dates. Additionally, two bonds matured reducing long-term debt \$993 million. The net change in long-term debt is an increase of \$412 million versus June 30. Treasury share repurchases were roughly in line with the comparable base period. Treasury share repurchases through the remainder of the fiscal year are expected to be higher than the prior year. The Company purchased approximately \$200 million of stock in the January - June 2003 period. Current assets net of current liabilities declined by approximately \$3.3 billion during the six months ended December 31, 2003. This decline was primarily caused by the issuance of commercial paper to partially fund the acquisition of Wella AG. The Company anticipates being able to support its short-term liquidity through cash generated from operations. The Company also has very strong long and short-term credit ratings which will enable it to refinance this debt at favorable rates in the commercial paper and bond markets. In addition, the Company has agreements with a diverse group of creditworthy financial institutions that, should they be needed, would provide sufficient credit funding to meet short-term financing requirements.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures The Company's Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive, A.G. Lafley, and the Company's Chief Financial Officer, Clayton C. Daley, Jr., have evaluated the Company's internal controls and disclosure controls systems as of the end of the period covered by this report. Messrs. Lafley and Daley have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls systems are functioning effectively to provide reasonable assurance that the Company can meet its disclosure obligations. The Company's disclosure controls system is based upon a global chain of financial, staff and general business reporting lines that converge in the world-wide headquarters of the Company in Cincinnati, Ohio. The reporting process is designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits with the Commission is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms. Consistent with SEC suggestion, the Company has a Disclosure Committee consisting of key Company personnel designed to review the accuracy and completeness of all disclosures made by the Company. In connection with the evaluation described above, no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting occurred during the Company's second fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K (a) Exhibits (3-1) Amended Articles of Incorporation (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (3-1) of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2003). (3-2) Regulations (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (3-2) of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2003). (11) Computation of Earnings per Share. (12) Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges. (31) Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications. (32) Section 1350 Certifications. (b) Reports on Form 8-K During the quarter ended December 31, 2003, the Company did not file any Current Reports on Form 8-K. During the quarter ended December 31, 2003, the Company furnished reports on Form 8-K pursuant to Item 9 ("Regulation FD Disclosure") dated October 14, 2003, relating to Chairman, President and Chief Executive A.G. Lafley's address to the shareholders at the Company's annual meeting; and dated December 11, 2003, relating to updating previously issued guidance for the October-December 2003 quarter and 2003/04 fiscal year. The Company also furnished reports on Form 8-K containing information pursuant to Item 12 ("Results of Operations and Financial Condition") dated October 27, 2003, relating to the announcement of earnings for the quarter ended September 30, 2003. Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

THE PROCTER & GAMBLE COMPANY /S/JOHN K. JENSEN ----- (John K. Jensen) Vice President and Comptroller

February 3, 2004 ----- Date EXHIBIT INDEX Exhibit No. Page No. (3-1) Amended Articles of Incorporation
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