

## DIP - Assignment - 2

Q1

Ans

we have.

$x$	$P(x)$	$F(x)$
0	0.25	0.25
1	0.25	0.50
2	0.25	0.75
3	0.25	1

we have

$x$  → input image pixel values

$P(x)$  → probability of  $x$   
 $F(x)$  → CDF of  $x$

$s$	$P(s)$	$F(s)$
0	0.4375	0.4375
1	0.1875	0.625
2	0.125	0.75
3	0.25	1

we have

$s$  → output image pixel values

$P(s)$  → probability of  $s$   
 $F(s)$  → CDF of  $s$

★ Mapping  $x$  to  $s$  using  $F(x)$  &  $F(s)$

$x$	→	$s$
0	→	0
1	→	0
2	→	2
3	→	3



Q2

Ans

$$I(m, y) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}_{3 \times 3}$$

$$w(m, y) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

filter after rotation -

$$w'(m, y) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

input after padding

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now in order to find output  $g(m, y)$



$$\text{Output image size} = (3+3-1, 3+3-1) = (5, 5)$$

$$g(0,0) = 1 \times 0 + 0 \times 0 + -1 \times 0 = 0$$

$$g(0,1) = 1 \times 0 + 0 \times 0 + -1 \times 2 = -2$$

$$g(0,2) = 1 \times 0 + 0 \times 0 + -1 \times 1 = -1$$

$$g(1,0) = 1 \times 0 + -1 \times 0 + 3 \times -1 = -3$$

$$g(1,1) = 1 \times 0 + 2 \times 0 + -1 \times 0 = 0$$

$$g(1,2) = 1 \times 0 + -1 \times 0 + 1 \times 1 = 1$$

$$g(2,0) = -1 \times 1 + 3 \times 0 + 1 \times 2 = 1$$

$$g(2,1) = 2 \times 1 + 0 \times 0 + -1 \times 2 = 0$$

$$g(2,2) = -1 \times 1 + 1 \times 0 + -1 \times 2 = -3$$

$$g(3,0) = 3 \times 1 + -2 \times 0 + -1 \times 0 = 1$$

$$g(3,1) = 1 \times 0 + 0 \times 1 + -1 \times 0 = 0$$

$$g(3,2) = 1 \times 1 + 2 \times 0 + -1 \times 0 = 1$$

$$g(4,0) = 1 \times -2 + 1 \times 0 + -1 \times 0 = -2$$

$$g(4,1) = 1 \times 1 + 0 \times 1 + 0 \times 2 = 1$$

$$g(4,2) = 1 \times 2 + 0 \times 1 + 0 \times 1 = 2$$



$$g(x, y) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 \\ -3 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -3 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

origin. 