```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
struct circularQueue
    int* arr;
int isEmpty(struct circularQueue *q){
    if(q->r==q->f){}
    return 0;
int isFull(struct circularQueue *q){
    if((q->r+1)%q->size == q->f){
void enqueue(struct circularQueue *q, int val){
    if(isFull(q)){
        printf("This Queue is full\n");
        q->r = (q->r+1)%q->size;
        printf("Enqued element: %d\n", val);
int dequeue(struct circularQueue *q){
     if(isEmpty(q)){
        printf("This Queue is empty\n");
       q\rightarrow f = (q\rightarrow f +1)%q\rightarrow size;
        a = q-\rangle arr[q-\rangle f];
    return a;
```

```
int main(){
   struct circularQueue q;
     q.f = q.r = 0;
printf("Enter size of Queue : ");
scanf("%d",&q.size);
q.arr=(int *)malloc(q.size*sizeof(int));
     int choice,ele;
     bool again= true;
     while(again){
           printf("Enter 1 to enqueue\n");
printf("Enter 2 to dequeue\n");
printf("Enter 3 to display\n");
           printf("Enter 0 to stop\n");
scanf("%d",&choice);
           case 1:
                printf("Enter a element : ");
                 scanf("%d",&ele);
                 enqueue(&q,ele);
           case 2:
                 printf("%d dequeued\n",dequeue(&q));
                again=false;
                 break;
     return 0;
```

OUTPUT:

```
PS D:\ENGINEERING\DSA_C\PRAC_3> cd "d:\ENGINEER
Enter size of Queue : 3
Enter 1 to enqueue
Enter 2 to dequeue
Enter 0 to stop
Enter a element : 1
Enqued element: 1
Enter 1 to enqueue
Enter 2 to dequeue
Enter 0 to stop
Enter a element : 2
Enqued element: 2
Enter 1 to enqueue
Enter 2 to dequeue
Enter 0 to stop
1 dequeued
Enter 1 to enqueue
Enter 2 to dequeue
Enter 0 to stop
2
2 dequeued
Enter 1 to enqueue
Enter 2 to dequeue
Enter 0 to stop
This Queue is empty
-1 dequeued
Enter 1 to enqueue
Enter 2 to dequeue
Enter 0 to stop
PS D:\ENGINEERING\DSA C\PRAC 3>
```