

## Experiment: 1.2

**Aim:** Develop a program for implementation of power function and determine that complexity should be  $O(\log n)$

**Objectives:** To understand power function

**Input/Apparatus Used:** STL commands are used using C++ language

### Procedure/Algorithm:

Step1: Start

Step2: Declare the variables int num and int power

Step3: Create the function and pass the parameters int num and int power

Step4: In function check the power==0 return and if power==1 return num

Step5: Call the recursive function func(num,power-1) and check for total number of power

Step6: Return the recursive function with the multiplication of num

Step7: End



Course Name: DAA Lab

Course Code: 21ITH-311/21CSH-311

### Sample Code:

```
#include <iostream>

int power(int x, int n)

{   if (n
== 0) {
return 1;
}   if (n
== 1) {
return x;
}   if (n % 2 == 0) {
return power(x * x, n / 2);
} else {
return x * power(x, n - 1);
}

} int main() {   int x =
2;   int n = 9;   int
result = power(x, n);
std::cout << x << "^" << n << " = " << result << std::endl;
std::cout<<"NAME:Utkarsh Joshi "<<std::endl;
std::cout<<"UID:21BCS9158" <<std::endl;
return 0;
```

### Observations/Outcome :

```
2^9 = 512
NAME:Utkarsh Joshi
UID:21BCS9158

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

**Time Complexity:**  $O(\log n)$

**Name:** UTKARSH JOSHI

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