Name :- Utkarsh Lambade Roll no :- 62

Sem: VI Subject :- Honors(Devops)

Aim:

To design, develop, and deploy a secure backend application using modern web technologies. The system must support user registration with email verification, login functionality, and a JWT-based token authentication mechanism for protected API access. The project should be deployed using Nginx as a reverse proxy and secured with HTTPS via Let's Encrypt.

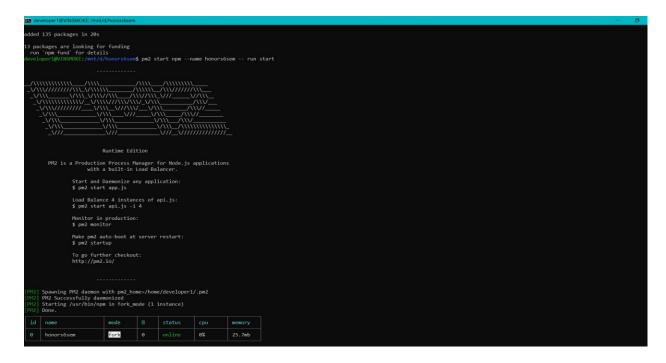
Abstract

This project implements a full-stack secure user registration and login system on a WSL Ubuntu environment. The application utilizes Express.js for backend logic, MongoDB Atlas for database operations, JWT for authentication, and Nodemailer with Gmail for email verification and password reset. The backend is deployed using Nginx as a reverse proxy and secured with HTTPS via Let's Encrypt.

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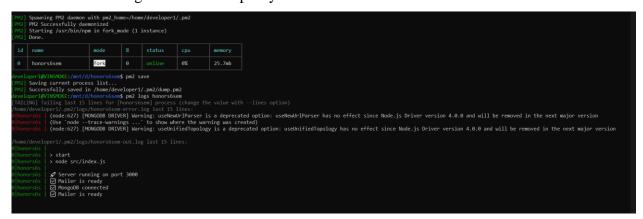
- 1. Environment Setup on WSL Ubuntu (4 Marks)
- 2. Backend Development using Express.js (4 Marks)
- 3. MongoDB Atlas Integration (4 Marks)
- 4. Email Registration Flow with Nodemailer (10 Marks)
- 5. JWT Authentication Mechanism (10 Marks)
- 6. Login Functionality (3 Marks)
- 7. Protected Route Access using JWT (3 Marks)
- 8. Nginx Reverse Proxy & HTTPS with Let's Encrypt (2 Marks)
- 9. One-Way Password Hashing (2 Marks)
- 10. Conclusion

1. Environment Setup on WSL Ubuntu



Configured a Node.js development environment on WSL Ubuntu. This ensures Linux-based development on Windows, making deployment more production-like.

- Installed Node.js, npm
- Configured and used PM2 to manage the Node.js app
- Installed Nginx for reverse proxy

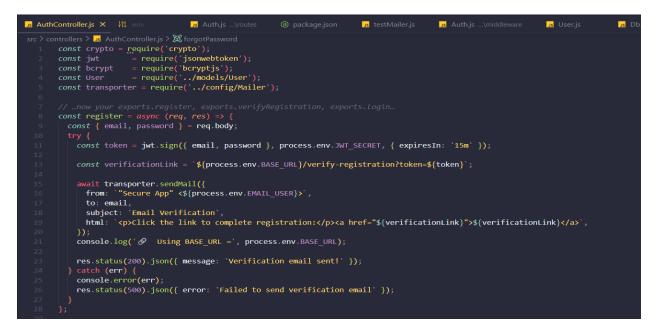


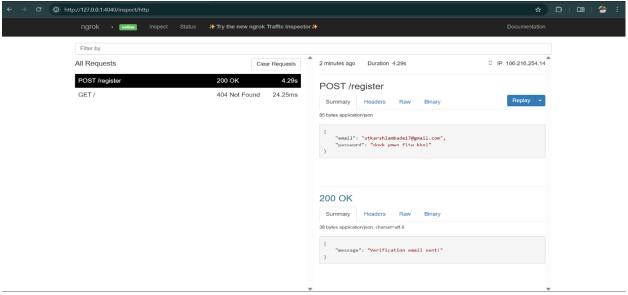
2. Backend Development using Express.js (4 Marks)

We created a robust backend server using Express.js with the following endpoints:

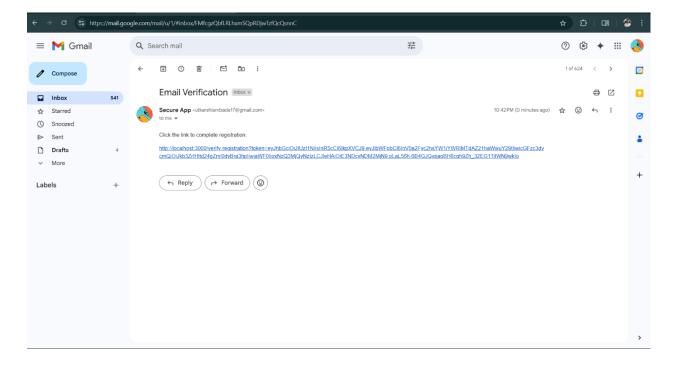
- POST /register Initiates email registration
- POST /verify-registration Verifies token, creates user
- POST /login Logs in and returns JWT
- GET /protected Accessible only via valid JWT

1.Email registration



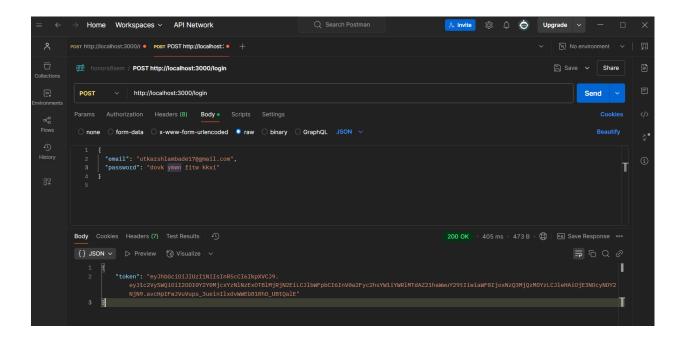


2. Verifying token and Creating user

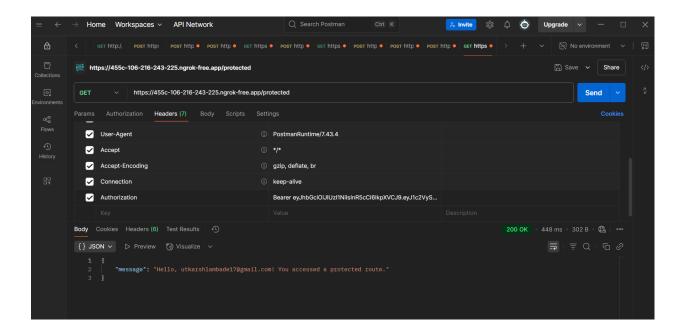


3. Logs in and returns JWT

```
const login = async (req, res) => {
  const { email, password } = req.body;
    const user = await User.findOne({ email });
    if (!user) return res.status(400).json({ message: 'Invalid credentials' });
    if (!user isVerified) {
     return res.status(403).json({ message: 'Please verify your email first' });
    const isMatch = await bcrypt.compare(password, user.password);
    if (!isMatch) return res status(400) json({ message: 'Invalid credentials' });
    const token = jwt.sign(
      { userId: user. id, email: user.email },
      process.env.JWT_SECRET,
      { expiresIn: '1h' }
    res.status(200).json({ token });
  } catch (err) {
    console.error(err);
    res.status(500).json({ message: 'Server error' });
```



4. Accessible only via valid JWT



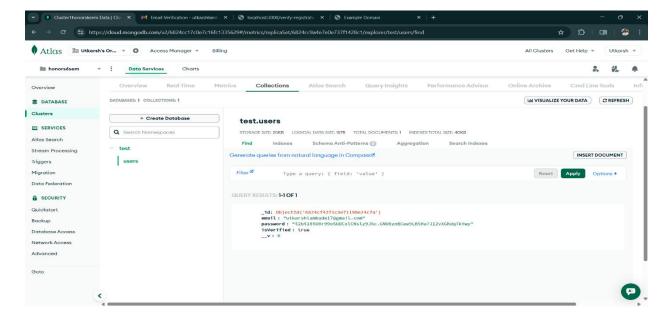
3. MongoDB Atlas Integration

MongoDB Atlas was used for storing user credentials and tokens. The database is securely connected via Mongoose.

1. Connection setup

2.Storing User in Db

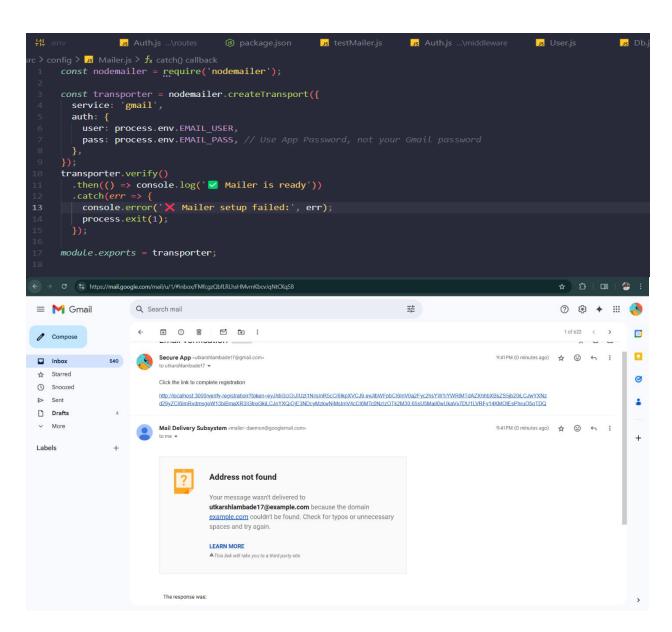
```
src > models > 👊 User.js > ...
      const mongoose = require('mongoose');
      const bcrypt = require('bcryptjs');
      const UserSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
       email: { type: String, required: true, unique: true },
                    { type: String, required: true },
       password:
        isVerified: { type: Boolean, default: false },
        resetToken: String,
        resetTokenExpiry: Date
      UserSchema.pre('save', async function(next) {
        if (!this.isModified('password')) return next();
        const salt = await bcrypt.genSalt(10);
        this.password = await bcrypt.hash(this.password, salt);
       next();
      module.exports = mongoose.model('User', UserSchema);
```



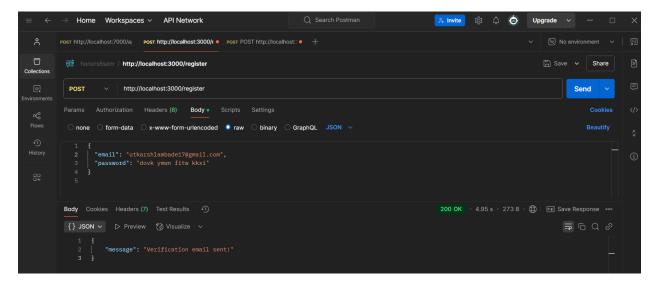
4. Email Registration Flow with Nodemailer (10 Marks)

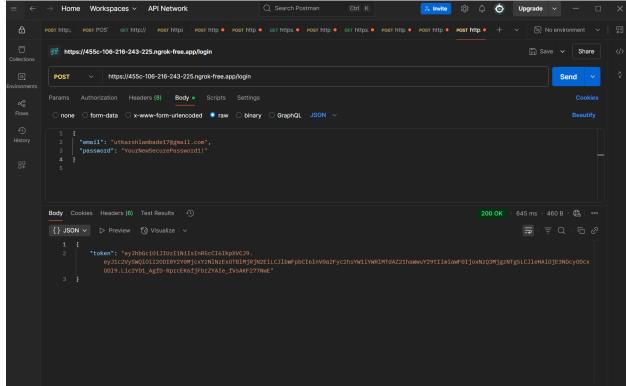
Implemented user registration flow:

- User registers with email(NodeMailer setup)
- Receives verification email with token link



• Link verifies token and creates





Password reset flow:

• User requests reset

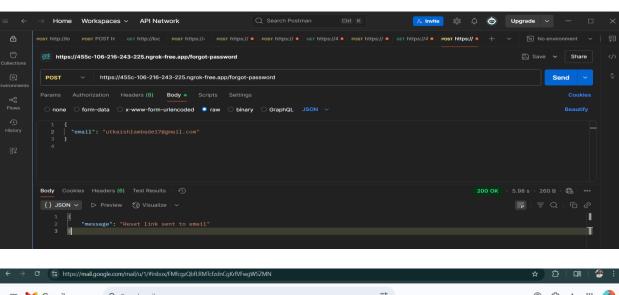
```
// Reset Password
const resetPassword = async (req, res) => {
const { token, newPassword } = req.body;
try {
    const user = await User.findOne({
    resetToken: token,
    resetTokenExpiry: { $gt: Date.now() }
});

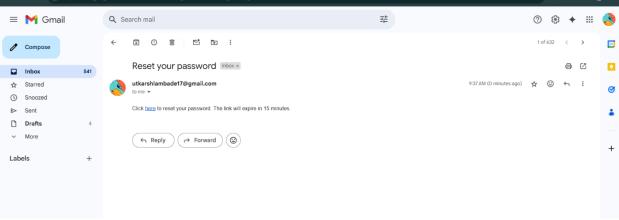
if (!user) return res.status(400).json({ message: 'Invalid or expired token' });

user.password = newPassword;
user.resetToken = undefined;
user.resetTokenExpiry = undefined;
await user.save();

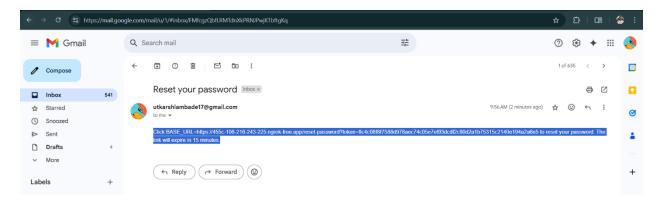
res.status(200).json({ message: 'Password updated successfully' });
} catch (err) {
    res.status(500).json({ message: 'Error resetting password', error: err.message });
}
};
```

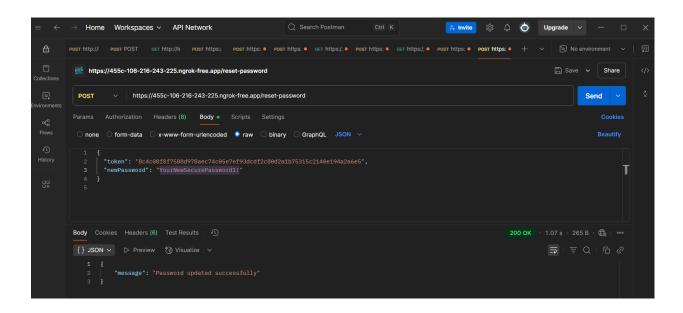
Mail with reset token sent





Token link resets password

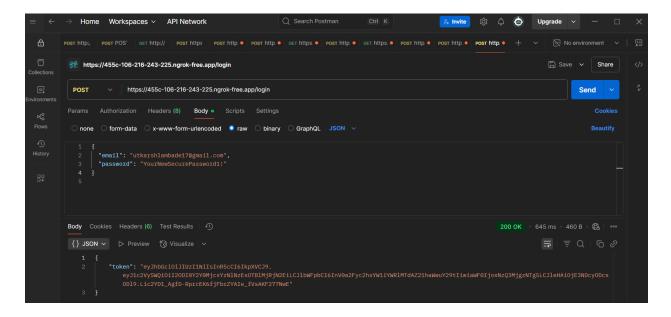


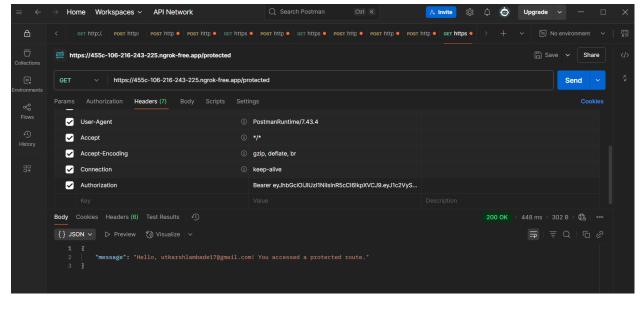


5. JWT Authentication Mechanism

JSON Web Tokens (JWT) are used to authenticate and authorize users.

- On successful login, JWT is issued
- Token is required to access protected route





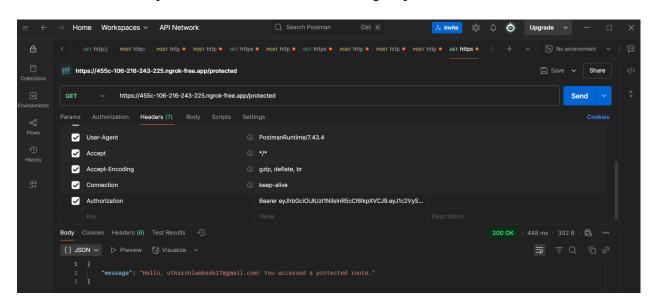
6. Login Functionality

Implemented via POST /login. Compares hashed password and returns JWT on success.

```
//Logın Controlle
const login = async (req, res) => {
  const { email, password } = req.body;
   const user = await User.findOne({ email });
    if (!user) return res status(400) json({ message: 'Invalid credentials' });
    if (!user isVerified) {
     return res.status(403).json({ message: 'Please verify your email first' });
   const isMatch = await bcrypt.compare(password, user.password);
   if (!isMatch) return res status(400) json({ message: 'Invalid credentials' });
   const token = jwt.sign(
     { userId: user _id, email: user email },
     process.env.JWT_SECRET,
      { expiresIn: '1h' }
    );
   res status(200) json({ token });
  } catch (err) {
   console.error(err);
    res status(500) json({ message: 'Server error' });
```

7. Protected Route Access using JWT

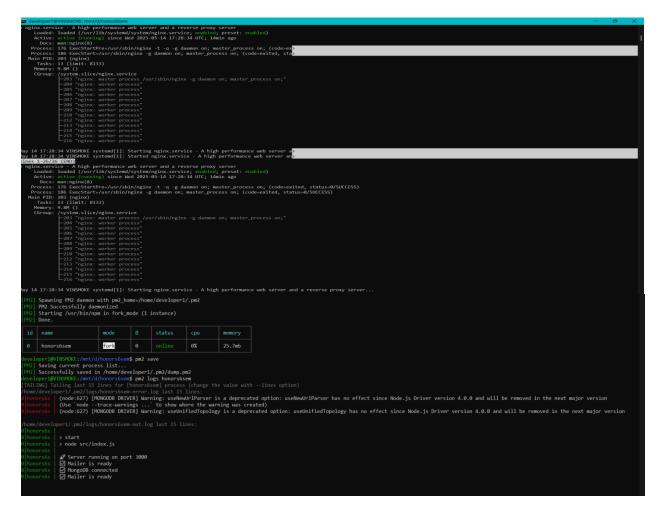
GET /protected endpoint validates JWT before serving response.



```
const express = require('express');
     const router = express.Router();
      register,
       verifyRegistration,
       forgotPassword,
       resetPassword
     } = require('../controllers/authController');
     const authMiddleware = require('../middleware/auth');
     router.post('/register', register);
     router.get('/verify-registration', verifyRegistration);
     router.post('/login', login);
     router post('/forgot-password', forgotPassword);
     router.post('/reset-password', resetPassword);
     router.get('/protected', authMiddleware, (req, res) => {
       res.json({
         message: `Hello, ${req.user.email}! You accessed a protected route.`
       });
     module.exports = router;
24
```

8. Nginx Reverse Proxy & HTTPS with Let's Encrypt

Nginx forwards requests to Node.js app and is secured using Certbot-generated HTTPS certificates.



```
utkarshlambade@gmail.com (Plan: Free)
Account
Version
Region
                            India (in)
                            204ms
Latency
leb Interface
                            http://127.0.0.1:4040
orwarding
                            https://4ecc-106-216-254-14.ngrok-free.app -> http://localhost:3000
Connections
                                                            p50
                                                                    p90
                                                                    0.00
                                           0.00
                                                   0.00
                                                            0.00
```

9. One-Way Password Hashing

Passwords are hashed using bcrypt before being saved to the database. This ensures security against database breaches.

```
src > models > Js User.js > ...
      const mongoose = require('mongoose');
      const bcrypt = require('bcryptjs');
      const UserSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
                    { type: String, required: true, unique: true },
        email:
                    { type: String, required: true },
        isVerified: { type: Boolean, default: false },
        resetToken:
                           String,
        resetTokenExpiry: Date
      UserSchema.pre('save', async function(next) {
        if (!this.isModified('password')) return next();
        const salt = await bcrypt.genSalt(10);
        this.password = await bcrypt.hash(this.password, salt);
        next();
      module.exports = mongoose.model('User', UserSchema);
```

10. Conclusion

All components were successfully implemented and tested using Postman. The system supports secure user registration, login, email verification, password reset, and protected route access, making it a full-fledged secure authentication system suitable for production environments.

GitHub Repository

- Repository Name: secure-auth-mailer-service
- $\bullet \quad LINK \ \hbox{--https://github.com/utkarshjain2004/express-secure-auth-service} \\$
- Description: A secure user authentication system built with Node.js, Express, MongoDB Atlas, JWT, and Nodemailer, deployed via Nginx on WSL Ubuntu with HTTPS support.