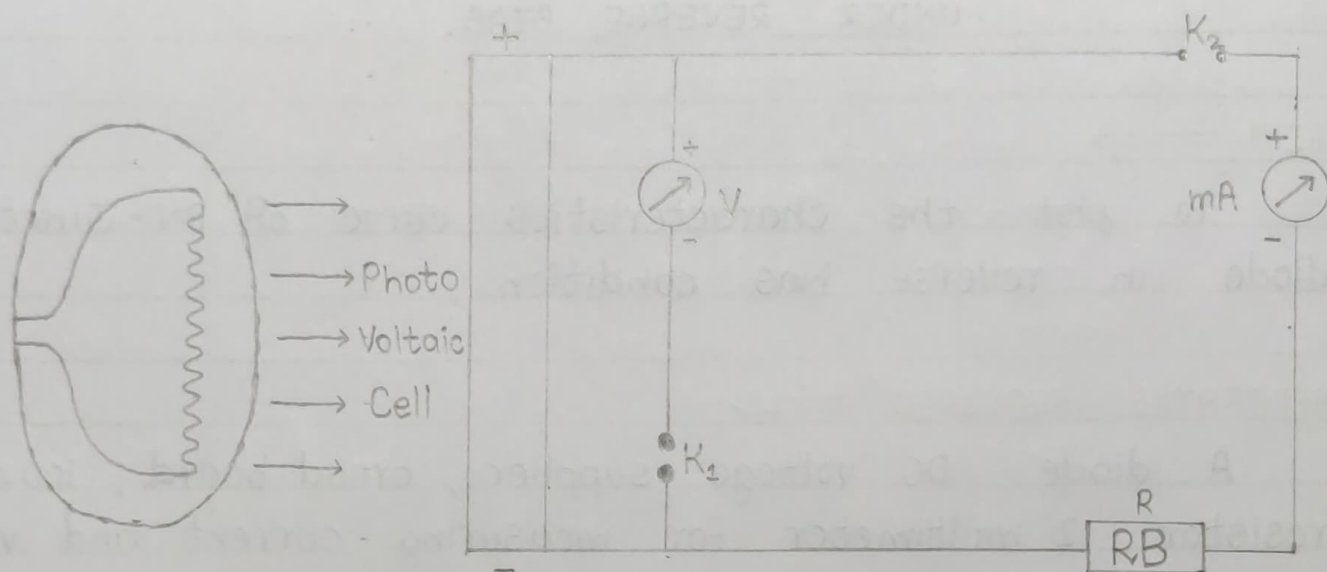


DIAGRAM \Rightarrow



OBSERVATIONS \Rightarrow

- 1) Maximum power (P_{max}) = 0.31443 W
- 2) Area of the solar panel = 0.324 m²
- 3) Intensity of the light (I_0) = 597.13 W/m²
- 4) Power of the bulb = 75 Watt.
- 5) Distance between solar panel and bulb = 10cm.

Intensity	Resistance	Voltmeter Reading	Ammeter Reading
	(ohm)	(V)	(mA)
	10	1.57	122.6

DETERMINATION OF EFFICIENCY OF SOLAR CELL.

To explore solar cells as renewable energy sources and test their efficiency in converting solar radiation to electrical power.

APPARATUS REQUIRED \implies

Solar cell, voltmeter, milliammeter, a dial-type resistance box, keys, illuminating lamps, connecting wires, etc.

FORMULA \implies

$$\text{Efficiency of solar cell } (\eta) = \frac{P_{\text{max}}}{AI_0} \times 100$$

where,

P_{max} = Maximum power - $I_{\text{mp}} \times V_{\text{mp}}$ (Watt)

A = Area of the solar panel

I_0 = Intensity of the light

= Power of the bulb / $4\pi d^2$

d = Distance between solar panel and bulb.

Maximum

22	2.83	122.1
47	3.62	74.1
56	3.63	63.3
68	3.84	55.2
82	3.90	45.5
100	3.93	36.2
160	3.94	26.2
180	3.96	21.6

CALCULATIONS \implies

$$\begin{aligned}
 1) \text{ Maximum Power} &= I_{mp} \times V_{mp} \\
 &= (94 \times 10^{-3}) \times 3.345 \\
 &= 0.094 \times 3.345 = 0.31443 \text{ W}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2) \text{ Intensity of light } (I_0) &= \frac{\text{Power of bulb}}{4\pi d^2} \\
 &= \frac{75}{4 \times 3.14 \times (10 \times 10^{-2})^2} \\
 &= \frac{75}{0.1256} = 597.13 \text{ W/m}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3) \text{ Area of solar panel } (A) &= 7.2 \times 4.5 \\
 &= 32.4 \times 10^{-2} = 0.324 \text{ m}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4) \text{ Efficiency of solar cell } (\eta) &= \frac{P_{max}}{AI_0} \times 100 \\
 &= \frac{0.31443}{0.324 \times 597.13} \times 100 \\
 &= 0.1625 \times 100 = 16.25 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

RESULT \Rightarrow The efficiency of the solar panel is: $\eta = 16.25\%$

Teacher's Signature _____

Scale:
 On x -axis \longrightarrow
 $1\text{cm} = 0.015\text{V}$
 On y -axis \longrightarrow
 $1\text{cm} = 10\text{mA}$

