

Hiring Assignment - SDE Interns

SDE Intern Assignment: EMR Feature Implementation

This assignment combines the requirements of the Frontend and Backend tasks, focusing on a single goal: making the **Appointment Management View** functional by implementing the necessary data layer.

Objective

The goal is to implement a functional, end-to-end feature: **Appointment Scheduling and Queue Management (Feature B)**. You must design the data contract, implement the backend service, and integrate it with the provided frontend component to handle filtering and state changes. The feature must support creating an appointment via backend API (no frontend-only state mutations).

Core Technology Stack

- **Frontend (UI):** React and Tailwind CSS
- **Backend (API/Logic):** Python 3.x for Lambda, simulating the use of AppSync/GraphQL.
- **Data Layer:** PostgreSQL (simulated via Python classes/dictionaries).

Task 1: Backend Service Implementation (The API Contract)

You must create a Python class or file (`appointment_service.py`) that contains the core logic for the **Scheduling & Queue Microservice (3.3)**.

1. **Data Mocking:** Create a hardcoded list of **at least 10 mock appointments** (simulating an Aurora fetch). Each item must include fields necessary for the frontend: `name`, `date`, `time`, `duration`, `doctorName`, `status` (`Confirmed`, `Scheduled`, `Upcoming`, `Cancelled`), and `mode`.
2. **Query Function:** Implement a Python function, `get_appointments(filters)`, that accepts optional arguments (`date: String`, `status: String`) and filters the mock list accordingly.
3. **Mutation Function:** Implement a Python function, `update_appointment_status(id,new_status)`, that updates the status of an appointment in your mock data. In comments, explain where this action would trigger an **AppSync Subscription** and an **Aurora transactional write**.
4. **Create Function:** Implement a Python function `create_appointment(payload)` that:

- Validates required fields: patientName, date, time, duration, doctorName, mode
- Generates a unique appointment `id` on the backend
- Sets default `status` (Scheduled) unless explicitly passed
- Prevents time conflicts for the same doctor on the same date (overlap detection)
- Returns the created appointment object

5. Delete Appointment Function (optional but strong signal)

Implement `delete_appointment(id)` and update your mock data.

6. Explain data consistency

explain how you would enforce consistency in a real system (transaction, unique constraints, idempotency key).

Example contract

- `get_appointments(filters: { date?: string, status?: string, doctorName?: string }) -> Appointment[]`
- `create_appointment(input: CreateAppointmentInput) -> Appointment`
- `update_appointment_status(id: string, new_status: string) -> Appointment`
- `delete_appointment(id: string) -> boolean`

Task 2: Frontend Integration and Functionality

You must integrate the logic from **Task 1** into the provided `EMR`

`Frontend_Assignment.jsx` file to make the Appointment Management View functional.

1. Data Fetching: In the `AppointmentManagementView` component, use a React hook (`useState/useEffect`) to initialize the component with data fetched from your `Python get_appointments() function` (simulated by importing and calling the function directly).

2. Calendar Filtering: Implement the click handler for the **Calendar Widget**. When a date is clicked:

- Set the local state for the `selectedDate`.
- Call your `Python get_appointments() function`, passing the `selectedDate` as a filter.
- Update the list of appointments displayed in the main right panel.

3. **Tab Filtering:** Implement logic for the **Tabs (Upcoming, Today, Past)**. When a tab is selected, filter the displayed appointments based on the appointment's status or date relative to today.
4. **Status Update:** Implement the functionality to update an appointment status (e.g., clicking a button next to an appointment card). This should call your **Python update_appointment_status() function** and immediately refresh the local component state to reflect the change (simulating real-time UI updates).
5. Create Appointment: Implement the “New Appointment” button and form.
 - On submit, call `create_appointment(payload)` from `appointment_service.py`
On success, refresh the appointment list by calling `get_appointments()` again (or append returned object to state if you can justify consistency)
 - Do not directly mutate the appointments array in the component without calling backend

Submission Guidelines

1. **Single Repository:** Provide a link to a Git repository containing the complete project.
2. **Frontend File:** The primary implementation must be in the provided **EMR_Frontend__Assignment.jsx** file (or a similar `.jsx` file if using a local React setup).
3. **Backend File:** A separate Python file named **appointment_service.py** containing the functions defined in Task 1.
4. **Live Link:** A working, publicly hosted link (e.g., Vercel, Netlify) to the application.
5. **Technical Explanation:** A brief README explaining the **GraphQL query structure** you designed for the `getAppointments` function and how your Python functions ensure data consistency upon update.
6. The Assignment is to be completed in 3 days from the date it is shared.

UI Mockups for reference

The image shows a mobile calendar application interface. On the left is a vertical sidebar with icons for search, filter, list view, and other functions. The main screen displays a daily calendar for Thursday, November 6, 2025, in GMT+05:30. The schedule includes several events:

- 9 AM: General Checkup (Rajesh Kumar) [blue box]
- 9 AM: General Checkup (Rajesh Kumar) [blue box]
- 9 AM: General Checkup (Rajesh Kumar) [blue box]
- 11 AM: Follow-up Consultation [orange box]
- 2 PM: Vaccination [purple box]

A modal dialog on the right is titled "New Event". It shows the date as Thursday, November 6, 2025, from 8:30 AM to 9:30 AM. The event is associated with "Rajesh Kumar". Fields for "Add phone number", "Add email address", and "Add ABHA ID (Optional)" are present. A "Save" button is at the bottom. A note indicates "Dr. Sarah Johnson - Cardiologist" and "Notify 30 minutes before".

Overview Revenue Patient Prescriptions Pharmacy

Dashboard

Welcome back, Dr. Sarah Johnson

Search patients, appointments... ⟳ ⚠️

Total Patients **2,543** ↗ 12.5% Appointments Today **87** ↗ 8.2% Revenue (MTD) **₹4.2L** ↗ 23.1% Active Doctors **72/80** ↘ 2.4%

Quick Actions

New Patient Book Appointment New Prescription Lab Results

Today's Appointments View All >

Rajesh Kumar upcoming Dr. Sarah Johnson 09:00 AM Consultation
Priya Sharma upcoming Dr. Michael Chen 09:30 AM Follow-up
Amit Patel completed Dr. Sarah Johnson 10:00 AM Check-up
Sneha Reddy upcoming Dr. David Lee 10:30 AM Consultation
Vikram Singh cancelled Dr. Emily White 11:00 AM Follow-up

Active Doctors
72 / 80 Currently on duty

Dr. Name 1	Active
Dr. Name 2	Active
Dr. Name 3	Active
Dr. Name 4	Active
Dr. Name 5	Active

Department Overview

Cardiology	234
Neurology	189
Orthopedics	156
Pediatrics	298
General	412

Revenue Trend +23.1% **₹4.2L** This month

Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Sun

Prescriptions 🔗
1,248 Issued this month
Today 47
This Week 312
Monthly Avg 1,150

System Alerts

- Low inventory alert 3 medicines below reorder level
- Backup completed Last backup: 2 hours ago
- Performance optimal All systems running smoothly

Add New

Patient Activity ⚡

New Patients Today	24
Follow-ups Completed	56
Active Cases Ongoing	189