





# **BE COMPUTER**



4<sup>th</sup> semester



Latest Syllabus



Pokhara university

Course code: MTH 250 (3 Credits)

Course title: Applied Mathematics (3-2-0)

Nature of the course: Theory

Full marks: 100

Pass marks: 45

Total lectures: 45 hrs.

Level: Bachelor Program: BE

## 1. Course Description

This course is designed for developing competency of the students in the applications of various mathematical concepts they learned in courses in previous semesters. It is equipped with complex analysis, Z-transform, Partial differential Equations and Fourier Transform. The pre requisite for this course is Calculus I, II and Algebra and Geometry. The course will be delivered through lecture method, assignment on practically base engineering problems and class tests.

## 2. General Objectives

The course is designed with the general objective:

• To acquaint the students with applications of mathematical tools in engineering.

### 3. Methods of Instruction

Lecture, tutorials, discussions and assignments

### 4. Contents in Detail

Specific objectives	Contents
<ul> <li>Understand and apply function of complex variables, Calculus of functions of complex</li> </ul>	Unit I: Complex Analysis (17 hrs.)  1.1 Complex numbers and functions (5 hrs.)
variables and their applications in Engineering problems.	<ul><li>1.1.1 Review on Complex number, their geometric representation, Polar form, power and roots.</li><li>1.1.2 Sets and functions in complex plane, Limits</li></ul>
	Continuity and derivatives of function of complex variables. (Definition and concepts only
	1.1.3 Analytic functions, Cauchy-Riemann(C-R) equations as necessary conditions for functions to be analytic, C-R equations as sufficient condition for analyticity (without proof), Polar form of C-R equations (No derivation).
	<ul><li>1.1.4 Laplace equation, harmonic functions and harmonic conjugate</li><li>1.1.5 Related problems</li></ul>
	1.2 Integrals in complex plane (4 hrs.)
	1.2.1 Line integrals in the complex plane, Evaluation of basic line integrals in complex plane
	1.2.2 Cauchy's Integral theorem, Cauchy's integral fo

	and Cauchy integral formula of higher order (for analytic functions) without proof. 1.2.3 Related problems.  1.3 Taylor and Laurent series for functions of complex variables. (6 hrs.) 1.3.1 Taylor series and Laurent series (Without Proof) and
	Related Problems 1.3.2 Singularities and zeros, Residues and integration,
	Cauchy Residue theorem
	( Without proof) and related Problems.
	1.4 Conformal mapping (2 hrs.): Special Linear fractional
. Understand and apply discusts	transformation (Bilinear fractional transformation) only.  Unit II: Z-Transform and its Applications (10 hrs.)
• Understand and apply discrete transforms and solve difference	2.1 Z-transform, Z-transform of elementary functions,
equations.	Properties of Z-transforms, Shifting theorems, initial
1	value theorem, final value theorem.
	2.2 Inverse z-transforms using division method, expansion
	method, Partial fraction method and residue method.
	2.3 Application: Difference equations and solution by using Z-transform.
Understand and apply higher	Unit III: Partial Differential Equations (12 hrs.)
dimensional systems and	3.1 Partial differential equations and solutions by variable
describe them by partial	separation method.
differential equations with	3.2 One dimensional wave equation and its solutions and
solution techniques and	related problems.
interpretation of solutions.	3.3 One dimensional heat equation and it's solutions and related problems.
	3.4 Two dimensional heat equation, Laplace equation (steady
	state heat equation) and its solution for rectangular
	boundaries. Laplace equation in polar form and its
	solution for circular boundaries, related problems.
Evaluate Fourier integrals and	Unit IV Fourier integral and Transform (6 hrs.)
Transforms.	4.1 Fourier integral, Fourier sine and cosine integrals and related problems.
	4.2 Fourier integral in complex form and Fourier transform and inverse transform, Fourier sine and cosine transforms and their inverse transforms, Convolution theorem, Parseval's identity and related problems.

*Note:* The figures in the parentheses indicate the approximate periods for the respective units.

## 5. List of Tutorials

Tutorial work covers the work to be done in tutorial. This will enable the students to compute the mathematics problem under the supervision of the course leader. The major tutorial works are as follows:

Total: 30 Hours

Unit	Unit name	List of Tutorials	Tutorial
no.	TT 11 T C 1	4.4.75.1.1	hours
1	Unit I: Complex	1.1 Problems on differentiability	1 hr.
	Analysis (9 hrs.)	1.2 Problems on analyticity	1 hr.
		1.3 Problems on Harmonic and conjugate harmonic	
		functions.	1 hr.
		1.4 Problems on Integrals using Cauchy integral theorem and formula.	2 hr.
		1.5 Problems on Taylor's series and Laurent's series	2 hr.
		1.6 Problems on singularities and residues.	2 hr.
2	Unit II: Z-	2.1 Problems on Z-transforms of elementary	1 hr.
	Transform and its	functions.	
	Applications (7	2.2 Problems on Z-transforms using different	2 hrs.
	hrs.)	theorems.	
		2.3 Problems on inverse z-transforms.	2 hrs.
		2.4 Solution of difference equations.	2 hrs.
3	Unit III:	3.1 Problems on separation of variables methods.	2 hrs.
	Partial Differential	3.2 Problems related to one dimensional wave	2 hrs.
	Equations (10 hrs.)	equation.	2 1115.
	Equations (10 ms.)	1	2 hrs.
		3.3 Problems on one dimensional heat equation.	
		3.4 Problems on two-dimensional heat equation rectangular boundaries	2 hrs.
		3.5 Problems on two-dimensional heat equation circular boundaries.	2 hrs.
4	Unit IV Fourier	4.1Problems on Fourier integrals.	2 hrs.
	integral and 4.2 Problems on Fourier Transforms and its		2 hrs.
	Transform (4 hrs.)		

## 6. Evaluation System and Students' Responsibilities

**Evaluation System** Internal evaluation is done as follows:

Internal Evaluation	Marks	External Evaluation	Weight	Marks
Attendance & Class Participation	10%			
Assignments	20%	Semester End Board		
Presentations/Quizzes	10%	Examination	50%	50
Term exam	60%			
Total Internal	50			
Full Marks: $50 + 50 = 100$				

### Students' Responsibilities

Each student must secure at least 45% marks in internal evaluation with 80% attendance in the class in order to appear in the Semester End Examination. Failing to get such score will be given NOT QUALIFIED (NQ) and the student will not be eligible to appear the Semester-End Examinations. Students are advised to attend all the classes, formal exam, test, etc. and complete all the assignments within the specified time period. Students are required to complete all the requirements defined for the completion of the course.

#### 7. Prescribed Books and References

#### **Text Book**

- 1. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreszig
- 2. Text Book of Engineering Mathematics, Debashis Dutta, NEW AGE International Publisher

#### References

- 1. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Alan Jeffrey
- 2. Engineering Mathematics, S.S sastry Vol.1 and Vol.2

Course No.: CMP 262 Full marks: 100

Course title: Computer Architecture (3-1-1)

Pass marks: 45

Nature of the course: Theory & Practical Total Lectures: 45 hrs

Level: Bachelor Program: BE (Computer)

### 1. Course Description

This course is designed to provide the knowledge of the evolution of computer architecture and the factors influencing the design of hardware and software elements of computer systems. It aims to provide an understanding of the design of processing unit and control unit architectures. This course introduces the concepts of instruction set design, processor processor organization, pipelining, cache and virtual memory organizations, I/O and interrupts, parallel processing and multicore computers.

## 2. General Objectives

- To acquaint the students with the knowledge of computer architecture and associated processing, control unit and ALU unit of very simple central processing unit.
- To provide the knowledge of the functions of each element of memory hierarchy.
- To develop the skills in students to choose the appropriate Memory and Input Output organization used in real world computing systems.
- To acquaint the students with the knowledge of technology behind modern advanced computer architectures for parallel processing and multicore architecture.

### 3. Methods of instructions

Lectures, Tutorials, Case Studies, Discussion, Readings and Practical Works.

#### 4. Content in details

Specific objectives	Contents
• Understand the concepts of computer	Unit 1 Introduction to Architecture [4 Hrs]
architectures, functional units and	1.1.Brief overview of Computer organization and
components of computer systems and	Architecture
various addressing modes.	1.2.Hierarchy structure of computer system
	1.3. Computer evolution and generations
	1.4. Computer Components and Functions
	1.5. Future Trends in Computer
	1.6. Review of Instruction sets, Addressing Modes
	and Instruction format

•	Understand the VHDL Programming for simple operations.	Unit -2: Register Transfer Language and Micro operations [4Hrs]
	-	2.1 Register Transfer and RTL
		2.2.Micro Operation
		2.3 Data Transfer Micro Operations
		2.4 Arithmetic and Logical Operations
		2.5 Shift Micro operations
		2.6 Introduction to HDL and VHDL
		2.7 VHDL programming for Adder, Mux, ALU
	Understand the functional units of	Unit -3: Processor Organization [5 Hrs]
•		3.1CPU Organization/Structure
	CPU and their organization.	3.2 Register Organization and Data paths
		3.3 Instruction Cycle(T states)
		3.4 Arithmetic and Logical Unit
		3.5 Design Principles for Modern Systems
	Understand the design of Herdwired	UNIT 4 Control Unit [5 Hrs]
	Understand the design of Hardwired and microprogrammed control units.	4.1 Control of the processor
	and interoprogrammed control units.	4.2 Hardwired Control Unit(Control unit inputs/logic)
		4.3 Microinstruction Format
		4.4 Micro Programmed Control Unit
		4.5 Architecture of Microprogrammed Control Unit
		4.6 Microinstruction Sequencing and Execution
		4.7 Application of Hardwired and Micro programmed
		Control Units
		4.8 RISC and CISC Architecture
•	Understand the representation of	UNIT 5 Computer Arithmetic [7 Hrs.]
	binary numbers in signed and unsigned	5.1 Integer Representation
	notation along with the algorithms	5.2 Integer Arithmetic
	used for the basic arithmetic	5.3 Unsigned Binary Addition and Subtraction
	operations.	5.4 Unsigned Binary Multiplication Algorithm
	operations.	5.5 Booth Multiplication Algorithm
		5.6 Unsigned Binary Division Algorithm
		5.7 Floating Point Representation
	Understand the concepts of pipelining	Unit 6: Pipelining [4 hrs]
	for better performance.	6.1 Pipelining
	for better performance.	6.2 Arithmetic Pipeline
		6.3 Instruction Pipeline
		6.4 Conflicts in Instruction Pipelining and their
		solutions
		6.5 RISC pipeline
		6.6 Register Windowing and Register Renaming
•	Review memory Hierarchy of	UNIT 7 Memory Organization [4 Hrs.]
	computer systems and understand the principles of cache memory to increase the performance of CPU	7.1 Memory Hierarchy
		7.2 Main Memory and Auxiliary Memory
		7.3 Associative Memory and Cache Memory
	The periodinance of the t	7.4 Cache mapping techniques- Direct, Associative

	,
	and Set Associative Mapping
	7.5 Cache Write Policy.
	7.6 Cache Replacement algorithm (FIFO, LRU, LFU)
Familiarize with IO interfaces and	Unit 8: Input-Output Processing [4 Hrs]
	8.1 Peripheral Devices
introduce various methods for	8.2 I/O Modules
improving I/O performances.	8.3 I/O Interface and Techniques
	8.4 Modes of Transfer: Programmed, Interrupt-Driven
	and DMA
	8.5 I/O Processor and IO channel
	8.6 GPU and TPU
	8.7 External Interfaces: FireWire and Infiniband 244
II 1 4 1 4 C 11 1	Unit 9: Parallel \Processing [4 Hrs]
Understand the concept of parallel processing and multi thread	9.1 Parallel Processing
	9.2 Parallelism In Uniprocessor system
architecture in modern processors.	9.3 Multiprocessor System and their characteristics
	9.4 Flynn Classification
	9.5 Interconnection structures in Multiprocessors
	9.6 Vector processing and Array processing
	9.7 Introduction to Multithreaded Architecture
2 Durantont warm danata warmt in	Unit 10:Multi-core computer (4Hrs)
Prevalent new development in	10.1 Hardware performance issues
computer architecture: the use of multiple processors on a single chip	10.2 Software Performance Issues
	10.3 Multicore Organization
	10.4 Dual Core, Quad Core and Octa Core
	10.5 Power Efficient Processor

## **5. Laboratory Works**

Laboratory works of 15 hours per group of maximum 24 students should cover the following lab works:.

- 1. Write a program to implement the Booth Algorithm (2hr)
- 2. Write a program to implement the Non Restoring Division Algorithm (2 hr)
- 3. Write a VHDL Code for Realizing Logic Gates (1hr)
- 4. Write a VHDL code for Combination circuits (Decoder, Encoder, MUX, Demux ,Comparerator, Code converter) (6 Hrs)
- 5. Write a VHDL Program for Realizing Sequential Circuits Like Fliflop and counters (4 Hrs)

#### 6. List of Tutorials:

The various tutorial activities that outfit this course should cover all the content of this course to give students a space to engage more actively with the course content in the presence of

the instructor. Students should submit tutorials as assignments or class works to the instructor for evaluation. The following tutorial activities of 15 hrs should be conducted to cover all the content of this course:

#### A. Discussion based Tutorials (3 hrs)

- 1. Overview of Computer Organization and Architecture.
- 2. Memory hierarchy for modern processors.
- 3. Comparative analysis of different aspects of computing systems as defined in Flynn's Classification.

## **B.** Problem Solving based Tutorials (6 hrs)

- 1. Design a CPU for any given registers set, instruction set and state diagram.
- 2. Develop a control unit for any given state diagram.
- 3. Design a microsequencer control unit for any given specifications following design procedure.
- 4. Perform arithmetic addition and subtraction in signed and unsigned notation for any given numbers.
- 5. Perform Multiplication operation for any given numbers using shift-add multiplication algorithm and Booth's algorithm.
- 6. Perform Division operation for any given numbers using restoring and Non restoring Division algorithm.

### C. **Review and Question/Answer-based Tutorials:** (6 hrs)

- 1. Case study on any of multi threaded and Multi core processors. It should include the architecture of processor, control unit, memory as well as input output organization in detail. An oral presentation with the submission of a report should be a part of work and must be included as a component for evaluation.
- 2. Students ask questions within the course content and assignments and review key course content in preparation for tests or exams.

#### 7. Evaluation system and Students' Responsibilities

#### **Evaluation:**

Internal Evaluation	Weight	Marks	External Evaluation	Marks
Theory		30		
Attendance and class Participation	10%			
Assignments	20%			
Project work/Presentations	20%			
Term Exam	50%			
Practical		20		

Attendance and Lab Participation	20%		Semester End	
Lab report	30%		examination	50
Practical Exam	30%			
Viva	20%			
Total Internal Marks		50		
Full marks=50+50				

## **Students Responsibility:**

Each student must secure at least 45% marks separately in internal assessment and practical evaluation with 80% attendance in the class in order to appear in the semester End Examination. Failing to get such a score will be given NOT QUALIFIED(NQ) to appear for the Semester End Examination. Students are advised to attend all the classes, formal exam, test and complete all the assignments within the specified time period. Students are required to complete all the requirements defined for the completion of the course.

#### 8. Prescribed Text Books and References

#### **Text Books:**

1. Stalling W. (2011). Computer Organization and Architecture, Pearson Education.

#### **References:**

- 2. Carpinelli, John D. (2001). *Computer System Organization and Architecture*. Pearson Education Asia.
- 3. Hall, Douglas V. (2005). *Microprocessor and Interfacing programming and Hardware*. McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 4. Tanenbaum, A.S. (2003). Structured Computer Organization. Pearson Education.
- 5. Uffenbeck, J. (1991). *Microcomputers and microprocessors: the 8080, 8085, and Z-80 programming, interfacing, and troubleshooting*. Prentice-Hall, Inc..
- 6. Moris M. M. (1992). Computer System Architecture. Pearson

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Course No.: CMP 270 Full marks: 100

Course title: Research Fundamentals (2-0-2)

Pass marks: 45

Nature of the course: Theory & Practical Total Lectures: 45 hrs

Level: Bachelor Program: BE (Computer, IT and Software)

### 1. Course Description

This course is designed to develop the skills of students to do a project/research work using the fundamental concepts of research. This course introduces what the research or project work is, explores in brief how it is done, explains what research ethics must be followed during the research/project work and finally guides the students how the research/project documentation is done in the form of the proposals report and final research/project report.

### 2. General Objectives

- To acquaint the students with basic knowledge of research/project work.
- To develop the skills in students to conduct research/project work.
- To develop the skills in students to work in a team.
- To develop the skills in students to write an impressive proposal report and final research/project report and present their work orally.
- To acquaint the students with the knowledge of research ethics.

#### 3. Methods of Instruction

Lecture, Discussion and Project work.

#### 4. Contents in Detail.

<b>Specific Objectives</b>	Contents
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Understand the basic concepts of research, purpose and outcomes of a research/project work.	Unit 1: Introduction 1.1 What is research? 1.2 Research Aim and Objectives 1.3 Features of Research 1.4 Types of Research 1.5 The 6Ps of Research 1.6 Purpose of Research- reasons for doing research 1.7 Product of Research- outcomes of research 1.8 Research and Project
Understand and implement the research process model to conduct a research/project work.	Unit 2: Research Process Model 2.1 Personal Experiences and Motivation 2.2 Literature Review 1. Purpose and objectives of a literature review 2. Literature resources 3. Conducting a literature review 4. Citation and its types 5. Bibliographic Detail and Referencing Systems 6. Plagiarism 2.3 Research Question 2.5 Conceptual framework 2.5 Strategies 1. Survey 2. Design and Creation 3. Experiment 4. Case Study 5. Action Research and 6. Ethnography 2.6 Data Generation Methods 1. Interview 2. Observations 3. Questionnaire 4. Documents 5. Types of triangulation in a research project 2.7 Data Analysis 1. Quantitative and 2. Qualitative data analysis
Familiarize with the laws and ethics in research conduction.	Unit 3: Participants and Research Ethics (4hrs) 3.1 Participants 3.2 The law and Research 3.3 Rights of People Directly Involved 3.4 Responsibilities of an Ethical Researcher

<ul> <li>Familiarize with the research proposal and its components.</li> <li>Develop a research/project proposal.</li> </ul>	Unit 4: Proposal Writing 4.1 What is a research proposal? 4.2 Need of a Research Proposal 4.3 Components of a Research Proposal 4.4 A case study on any research paper/projec	(4hrs)
<ul> <li>Familiarize with the research/project report and its components.</li> <li>Develop a research/project report.</li> </ul>	Unit 5: Report Writing 5.1 What is a research report? 5.2 Need of a Research Report 4.3 Components of a Research Report 4.4 A case study on any research paper/report	(4hr)

### 5. Practical Work

Laboratory works of 30 hours per group of maximum 24 students should cover all the concepts of research fundamentals studied in the lectures. Students must find a new problem, write a proposal, solve the problem as their project/research work and submit a final project/research report and present their work orally. The marks for the practical work will be based entirely on their project/research work. The entire project/research work shall be divided into two phases and evaluation shall be done accordingly:

#### Phase I:

- The students are grouped in teams each containing at most 4 students.
- Each team chooses a problem to solve as their project/research work and they work in a team.
- They must define clearly what the problem is, justify why they choose the problem and how they will solve it and submit this as a proposal report (based on Unit 2 and 4).
- Each team presents their proposal orally.

#### Phase II:

- After the approval of their proposal, they start working on the project.
- Each team follows the research process studied in Unit 2 to do their project/research work.
- Students keep reporting their progress about the project/research work to their instructor.
- Students complete the project/research work, develop the final project/research report (based on Unit 2 and 5) and again present it orally.

### 6. Evaluation system

Internal Evaluation	Weight	Marks	External Evaluation	Marks
Theory		30		
Attendance & Class Participation	10%			
Assignments	20%			

Presentations/Quizzes	10%			
Internal Assessment	60%			
Practical (Project/research Work)		20	Semester-End examination	50
Proposal Report	30%		Chaimmation	
Project Presentation	10%			
Final Project Report	40%			
Completeness of Project	20%			
Total Internal		50		
Ful	l Marks: 50 + 5	50 = 100	-	

## 7. Student Responsibilities:

Each student must secure at least 45% marks separately in internal assessment and practical evaluation with 80% attendance in the class in order to appear in the Semester End Examination. Failing to get such a score will be given NOT QUALIFIED (NQ) to appear for the Semester-End Examinations. Students are advised to attend all the classes, formal exam, test, etc. and complete all the assignments within the specified time period. Students are required to complete all the requirements defined for the completion of the course.

#### 8. Prescribed Books and References

- 1. Oates, B. J., Griffiths, M., & McLean, R. (2022). *Researching information systems and computing*. Sage.
- 2. Walia, A. M., & Uppal, M. (2020). Fundamentals of Research. Notion Press.

#### 8. Annex

## A. Components of Research Proposal

- 1. Title Page
- 2. Abstract
- 3. Table of Contents, List Figures, List of Tables and Abbreviations
- 4. Introduction
  - a. Rationale/background
  - b. Problem and motivation
  - c. Aim and objectives of research
  - d. Significance of research

- e. Scope of research
- f. Limitation
- 5. Literature review
- 6. Research problem and Solution
- 7. Methodology
  - a. Research design
  - b. Participants
  - c. Data collection methods
  - d. Data analysis techniques
  - e. Ethical considerations
  - f. Validation Techniques
- 8. Data Analysis and Findings
- 9. Discussions and Conclusion
- 10. Contributions and Future Works
- 11. Reference list/bibliography
- 12. Annexes

## **B.** Components of Research Report:

- 1. Title
- 2. Abstract
- 3. Keywords
- 4. Rationale/background and motivation
- 5. Aim and objectives of research
- 6. Literature review
- 7. Research problem
- 8. Methodology
- 9. Research plan and budget
- 10. Contributions- impact and significance
- 11. Reference list/bibliography
- 12. Annexes

### **Other Parts of Research Report:**

- 1. Funding and Acknowledgement
- 2. Table of Contents, List Figures, List of Tables and Abbreviations
- 3. Title Page and Copyright Page
- 4. Declaration and Recommendation
- 5. Certification Page

**Note**: The components of research proposal and research report may vary based on the research strategy and nature of the research problem.

Course No.: CMP264 Full marks: 100

Course title: Theory of Computation (3-1-0)

Pass marks: 45

Nature of the course: Theory Total Lectures: 45 hrs

Level: Bachelor Program: BE (Computer)

## 1. Course Description

This course is designed to provide basic knowledge of the theory of automata, formal languages and computational complexity.

## 2. General Objectives

- To acquaint the students with the basic knowledge of automata and formal languages.
- To develop the skills in students to design various types of automata and analyze them.
- To acquaint the students with the concepts of computability, computational bounds and computational complexity.

### 3. Methods of Instruction

Lecture, Discussion, Readings, Tutorials.

## 4. Contents in Detail.

Specific Objectives	Contents	
- Understand the concept of alphabet and language	Unit 1: Introduction (4 hrs.)  1.1 Review of set, relation and function 1.2 Proof techniques— proof by contradiction, pigeon hole principle, induction and diagonalization.  1.3 Alphabets and language 1.4 Chomsky's hierarchy?	

-	Design and implement the deterministic and non-deterministic finite automata. Develop the equivalence of regular languages and finite automata	Unit 2: Finite Automata and Regular Language (10 hrs)  2.1 Deterministic Finite Automata, Non-Deterministic Finite Automata  2.2 Regular expressions and regular language, equivalence of regular language and finite automata  2.3 Properties of regular language  2.4 Pumping lemma for regular sets  2.5 Closure properties of regular sets  2.6 Decision algorithms for regular sets
-	Explain the theory and design of context-free grammar and pushdown automata and their equivalence.  Explore the derivation trees, simplification and formal forms of context-free grammar.	Unit 3: Context-Free Language and Pushdown Automata (13 hrs) 3.1 Context-free grammar 3.2 Derivative trees and simplification of context-free grammar 3.3 Normal forms (CNF, GNF) 3.4 Pushdown automata (formal description and final state PDA design) 3.5 Equivalence of pushdown automata and context-free grammar 3.6 Properties of context-free languages (CFL) 3.7 Pumping lemma for CFL's 3.8 Closure properties of CFL's 3.9 Decision algorithms for CFL's
-	Explain the theory and significance of Turing machines Explain computing mechanism and extensions of Turing machines Understand the computable languages, functions and unrestricted grammar	Unit 4: Turing Machines (10 hrs) 4.1 Introduction to Turing machine 4.2 Computing with Turing machine 4.3 Extensions of Turing machine 4.4 Unrestricted grammar 4.6 Recursively enumerable languages
-	Use the idea of undecidability introducing Church-Turing thesis and the halting problem Understand the universal Turing machines and undecidable problems of Turing machines	Unit 5: Undecidability (4 hrs) 5.1 The Church-Turing thesis 5.2 Halting Problem 5.3 Universal Turing machines 5.4 Undecidable problems about Turing machines 5.5 Properties of Recursive and Recursively enumerable languages.

 Understand the concept of computational complexity and different classes of problems

## **Unit 6: Computational Complexity (4 hrs)**

- 6.1 Introduction to Complexity theory, tractable and intractable problems.
- 6.3 Class P and Class NP problems
- 6.4 NP-complete problems.

#### 5. List of Tutorials:

The various tutorial activities that suit this course should cover all the content of this course to give students a space to engage more actively with the course content in the presence of the instructor. Students should submit tutorials as assignments or class-works to the instructor for evaluation. The following tutorial activities of 15 hours per group of maximum 24 students should be conducted to cover the content of this course:

#### A. Discussion-based Tutorials: (2 hrs)

- 1. Review discussion on set theory concepts like functions, relations, etc.
- 2. Discussion on the theoretical meaning and significance of computation and computers
- 3. A study and presentation can be done on the history of computation and Alan Turing as the father of computation (Oral Presentation).

## B. Problem solving-based Tutorials: (8 hrs)

- 1. Solve problems to design deterministic and non-deterministic finite automata (DFA and NDFA) to recognize/generate given regular languages.
- 2. To develop regular expressions to recognize/generate given regular languages.
- 3. To convert a given NDFA to DFA.
- 4. To design Context-Free Grammar (CFG) to recognize/generate given Context-Free Language (CFL)
- 5. To simply a given CFG and convert it into CNF and GNF
- 6. To design Pushdown Automata (PDA) to recognize/generate given Context-Free Language (CFL)
- 7. To design Turing machines to recognize/generate given languages

### C. Review and Question/Answer-based Tutorials: (5 hrs)

- 1. Case study of examples of DFA, PDA and Turing Machines for some practical tasks followed by Oral Presentation/demonstration in class.
- 2. Case study of Unsolvable problems such as the Tiling problem followed by Oral Presentation in class.
- 3. Case study of Class NP and NP-complete problems (eg, Travelling Salesman Problem) followed by Oral Presentation in class.

### 7. Evaluation system and Students' Responsibilities

#### **Internal Evaluation**

The internal evaluation of a student may consist of assignments, attendance, internal assessment, etc. The internal evaluation scheme for this course is as follows:

Internal Evaluation	Weight	Marks	External Evaluation	Marks
Theory		50		
Attendance & Class Participation	10%			
Assignments	20%			
Presentations/Quizzes	10%			
Internal Assessment	60%		Semester-End	50
Total Internal		50	examination	
Full Marks: 50 + 50 = 100				

### **Student Responsibilities:**

Each student must secure at least 45% marks separately in internal assessment and practical evaluation with 80% attendance in the class in order to appear in the Semester End Examination. Failing to get such a score will be given NOT QUALIFIED (NQ) to appear for the Semester-End Examinations. Students are advised to attend all the classes, formal exam, test, etc. and complete all the assignments within the specified time period. Students are required to complete all the requirements defined for the completion of the course.

#### 8. Prescribed Books and References

#### **Text Books**:

- 1. Lewis, H. R., & Papadimitriou, C. H., *Elements of theory of computation*, Pearson Education.
- 2. R. McNaughton, *Elementary Computability, Formal Languages, and Automata*, Prentice Hall of India.
- 3. Hopcroft, J. E., Motwani, R., & Ullman, J. D. (2008). *Introduction to automata theory, languages, and computation*. Pearson.

#### References:

- 1. M. Sipser, *Introduction to the Theory of Computation*, Thomson Course Technology
- 2. E. Engeler, Introduction to the Theory of Computation, Academic Press.

Course Code: MTH 252 Full Marks: 100 Course title: Numerical methods (2-1-2) Pass Marks: 45

Nature of the Course: Theory and Practical Total Lectures: 30 hours

Level: Bachelor Program: BE

## 1. Course Description

This course explains how to utilize a computer to solve issues that calculus and algebra might not be able to. It fosters the development of mathematical relationships that can be utilized to model real-world situations and the problem-solving skills necessary to study other engineering courses.

## 2. General Objectives

The general objectives of this course is to equip students with knowledge and tools required to solve different equations that are applicable in the fields of engineering.

#### 3. Methods of Instructions:

Lecture, Tutorial, Discussion, Readings and Practical works

### 4. Contents in Detail

Specific Objectives	Contents
Solve non-linear equations by different	Unit 1: Solution of Non-linear equations (5 hrs)
numerical methods.	1.1. Introduction, Importance of Numerical
	Methods
	1.2. Approximation and Errors in computation
	1.3. Bisection Method
	1.4. Secant method
	1.5. Newton Raphson method
	1.6. Fixed point iterative method
Visualize and solve mathematical	Unit 2: Interpolation and approximation (5hrs)
relationships of practical observations.	2.1. Lagrange interpolation
	2.2. Finite differences (forward, backward, and
	divided difference)
	2.3. Newton's Interpolation (forward, backward)
	2.4. Least square method of fitting linear and
	nonlinear curve for discrete data and continuous
	function
	2.5. Cubic Spline Interpolation
Calculate definite integration and	Unit 3: Numerical Differentiation and
differentiation numerically.	Integration (4 hours)
	3.1. Numerical Differentiation formulae
	3.2. Trapezoidal, Simpson's 1/3, 3/8 rule
	3.3. Romberg integration

	3.4. Gaussian integration (2- point and 3- point formula)
Solve the system of linear equations by different techniques.	Unit 4: Solution of system of linear algebraic equations (6 hours) 4.1. Gauss elimination method and concept of pivoting 4.2. Ill-conditioned system of linear equations 4. 3. LU Factorization method (Dolittle, Crout's, Cholesky's) 4.4. Iterative methods (Jacobi method, Gauss-Seidel method) 4.5. Eigen value and Eigen vector using Power method
Solve the ordinary differential equations which may exist in the field of engineering.	Unit 5: Solution of ordinary differential equations (6 hours) 5.1. Review of ordinary differential equations 5.2. Runge-Kutta methods (first, second and fourth) for first and second order differential equations 5.3. Solution of boundary value problem by shooting method
Solve numerically the partial differential equations which exist in the field of engineering.	Unit 6: Numerical solution of Partial differential Equation (4 hours) 6.1. Classification of partial differential equation (elliptic, parabolic and hyperbolic) 6.2. Solution of Laplace equation (standard 5-point formula with iterative methods) 6.3. Solution of Poisson equation (finite difference approximation method) 6.4. Solution of one-dimensional Heat equation by Schmidt method

Note: The figures in the parentheses indicate the approximate periods for the respective units.

## 5. List of Tutorials

The following tutorial activities of 15 hours per group of maximum 24 students should be conducted to cover all the required contents of this course.

S.N.	List of Tutorials	
1	Determination of a root by all methods and their comparison.	3 hrs
2	Finding of different interpolating polynomials, regression curve	2 hrs
	and Cubic-spline.	
3	Determination of the first and second order derivatives by	2 hrs
	difference method and its comparison with exact value. Integration	
	by Trapezoid, Simpson's rules, Romberg method, Gaussian	
	method and comparison with exact value.	

4	Solution of system of linear equations by Gauss Elimination,	4 hrs
	matrix factorization, Jacobi, Gauss-seidel method	
	Finding Eigen value and Eigen vector by power method.	
5	Solution of first and second order differential equation by RK	2 hrs
	methods, and Shooting method.	
6	Solution of Laplace, and Poisson's equations by five-point	2 hrs
	formula.	

#### 6. List of Practical

SN	List of Practicals
1.	Solution of nonlinear equations.
2.	Interpolation and regression.
3.	Differentiation and Integration.
4.	Linear system of equations and power method.
5.	Ordinary differential equations.

By using MATLAB/C/C++ or any other relevant high level programming languages.

## 7. Evaluation System and Students' Responsibilities

#### **Evaluation System**

The internal evaluation of a student may consist of assignments, attendance, term-exams, lab reports and projects etc. The tabular presentation of the internal evaluation is as follows:

Internal Evaluation	Weight	Marks	External Evaluation	Marks
Theory		30	Semester End	50
Attendance & Class Participation	10%			
Assignments	20%			
Presentations/Quizzes	10%			
Internal Assessment	60%			
Practical		20		
Attendance & Class Participation	10%			
Lab Report/Project Report	20%			
Practical Exam/Project Work	40%			
Viva	30%			
Total Internal		50		
Full Marks: 50 + 50 = 100	•	•	'	

## Students' Responsibilities

Each student must secure at least 45% marks separately in internal assessment and practical evaluation with 80% attendance in the class in order to appear in the Semester End Examination. Failing to get such score will be given NOT QUALIFIED (NQ) to appear the Semester-End Examinations. Students are advised to attend all the classes, formal exam, test, etc. and complete all the assignments within the specified time period. Students are required to complete all the requirements defined for the completion of the course.

### 8. Prescribed Books and References

### **Text Books**

- 1. C.F. Gerald and P.O. Wheatley Applied Numerical Analysis (7<sup>th</sup> edition), New york.
- 2. B. S. Grewal, Numerical Methods in Engineering and Science Khanna Publication, (10th edition)
- 3. S.S. Sastry Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis (4<sup>th</sup> edition), Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 2008.

#### References:

- Richard L. Burden, J. Douglas Faires, "Numerical Analysis 7th edition", Thomson / Brooks/Cole
- 2. E. Balagurusamy Numerical methods. New Delhi; Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
- 3. Dr. V. N. Vedamurthy & Dr. N. Ch. S. N. Iyengar Numerical Methods, Noida, Vikash Publication House 2009.
- 4. Rudra Pratap Getting Started with MATLAB, Oxford University Press 2010

Course No.: Full marks: 100
Course title: Advanced Programming with Java Pass marks: 45

Nature of the course: Theory/Tutorial/Practical Time per period: 1 hour

Year: Total periods: 45

Level: Undergraduate Program: BE
Computer/IT/Software

## 1. Course Description

This comprehensive course provides students with an in-depth understanding of advanced Java programming, covering essential theoretical and practical aspects. Topics include Java architecture, object-oriented principles, graphical user interface development, networking, database integration, web development, and advanced Java topics like ORM, Hibernate, and concurrency. By the end of the course, students will be proficient in Java programming, equipped to build GUI applications, handle networked and database-driven projects, and explore advanced Java concepts, making them well-prepared for diverse Java-related challenges in the professional world.

#### 2. General Objectives

The course is designed with the following objectives:

- 1. To impart a thorough understanding of Java programming fundamentals, including its architecture, data types, and control structures, enabling students to build robust and efficient Java applications.
- 2. To delve into advanced object-oriented principles, such as inheritance, polymorphism, and abstraction, equipping students with the skills to design and implement sophisticated Java programs.
- 3. To develop expertise in creating graphical user interfaces (GUIs) using AWT, Swing, and JavaFX, enabling students to design interactive and visually appealing software applications.
- 4. To explore networking and distributed programming concepts, including socket programming, URL handling, and email integration, empowering students to develop networked Java applications.
- 5. To provide comprehensive knowledge of database connectivity with Java through JDBC, covering connection management, SQL operations, and security measures.
- 6. To introduce web development with servlets and JSP, teaching students how to create dynamic web applications with database integration, session management, and form processing.
- 7. To expose students to advanced Java topics, including Object-Relational Mapping (ORM), Hibernate, Spring Boot, concurrency, and design patterns, enabling them to tackle complex Java projects and applications effectively.

#### 3. Methods of Instruction

As this course encompasses a wide range of Java programming concepts, it will adopt a diverse instructional approach to cater to various learning dimensions. The delivery will include traditional lectures that provide students with a strong theoretical foundation in advanced Java. In addition to lectures, practical classes will allow students to gain hands-on experience in Java programming, reinforcing their understanding. Tutorials will complement lectures and encourage interactive discussions to address questions and clarify complex topics. To promote knowledge sharing and exploration of emerging trends, students will engage in group discussions and presentations related to advanced Java programming. Periodic short quizzes will be conducted to gauge students' comprehension, and project work will be assigned, challenging students to create Java software applications that demonstrate their mastery of the course material.

## 4. Contents in detail with specific objectives

Specific Objectives	Contents		
The chapter intends to provide a brief introduction of programming in JAVA and familiarize students with concepts of basics of Programming. It intends to enhance the understanding of the programming with respect to JAVA along with concepts of Access Modifiers and Java Collections.	Unit 1: Basics of Programming in Java (7 hrs)  1.1 Java Architecture, Class paths, Sample Program 1.2 Classes, Objects, Constructors 1.3 Packages and Data Types 1.4 Conditional Statements 1.5 Access Modifiers 1.6 Exception Handling 1.7 Java Collections		
Students will learn about object-oriented principles in JAVA. Students will be able to implement the concepts of inheritance, abstraction, polymorphism. This chapter helps students learn how object-oriented concepts are implemented in JAVA.	Unit 2: Object Oriented Principles in Java (6hrs)  2.1 Review of object-oriented principles 2.2 Super class, sub class, inheritance, and member access 2.3 Types of inheritance 2.4 Extends and super keyword 2.5 Overriding/Overloading 2.6 Final classes and methods 2.7 Abstract classes and methods 2.8 Upcasting vs Down casting 2.9 Interfaces and Implementations		

<b>Unit 3: Building Components using Swing and JavaFX</b>				
(6 hrs.)				
(6 50)				
3.1 Introduction to AWT and Swing: Concept, Applets,				
Swing Class Hierarchy, Components/Containers				
Swing Class Hierarchy, Components/Containers 3.2 Layout Management				
3.3 GUI Controls				
3.4 Menu Elements and Tooltips				
3.5 Dialogs and Frames				
5. Event handling and Listener Interfaces				
3.7. Handling Action Events				
3.8 JavaFX vs Swing				
3.9 JavaFX Layouts				
3.10 JavaFX UI Controls				
Unit 4: Distributed Network Programming (8 Hrs.)				
ome a Distributed Network 1 rogramming (0 ms.)				
4.1 TCP, UDP, IP Address and Ports				
4.2 Socket Programming using TCP and UDP				
4.3 Working with URLs and URL Connection Class				
4.4 Email Handling using Java Mail API				
4.5 Architecture of RMI				
4.6. Creating and Executing RMI Applications				
4.7. Architecture of CORBA				
4.8. RMI vs CORBA				
4.9. IDL and Simple CORBA Program				
4.7. IDD and Simple CORDAT Hogram				
Unit 5: Database Connectivity with JAVA (5 hrs)				
5.1 JDBC Architecture				
5.2 JDBC Driver Types and Configuration				
5.3 Managing Connections and Statements				
5.4 Result Sets and Exception Handling				
5.5 DDL and DML Operations				
5.6. SQL Injection and Prepared Statements				
5.7. Row Sets and Transactions				
5.8. SQL Escapes				
-				
Unit 6: Servlets and JSP (6 hrs.)				
6.1 Overview of Web Application				
6.2 HTTP Methods and Responses				
6.3 Life Cycle of Web Servlets				
6.4 Writing Servlet programs with Servlet APIs				
6.5 Reading and Processing Forms				
6.6. Handling GET/POST Requests				
6.7. Database connectivity through servlets				

	6.8. Cookies and Sessions
In this chapter, students will get to know advanced topics like ORM, Frameworks, concurrency, multithreading and how it can be used in JAVA. Along with these, students will also learn basics of design patterns.	Unit 7: Advanced Topics in JAVA (7 Hrs)  7.1 Overview of ORM 7.2 Hibernate 7.3 Web Framework Introduction 7.4. Basics of Spring Boot 7.5. Concurrency and Multithreading in JAVA 7.6. Design Patterns: Singleton, Factory and Abstract Factory

## 5. List of Tutorials

The following tutorial activities of 15 hours per group of maximum 24 students should be conducted to cover all the required contents of this course.

S.N.	Tutorials
1	Setting Up Your Java Development Environment: A tutorial on installing and configuring the Java Development Kit (JDK) and Integrated Development Environment (IDE) for Java programming.
2	Creating Your First Java Program: A step-by-step guide to writing, compiling, and running a simple Java program to understand the basic structure.
3	Working with Classes and Objects: Tutorials covering the creation of classes, instantiation of objects, and implementing constructors and methods.
4	Packages and Data Types: Exploring Java packages and different data types, with hands-on exercises to practice variable declarations and data manipulation.
5	Conditional Statements: Tutorial sessions on using if-else statements, switch-case constructs, and logical operators for conditional programming.
6	Access Modifiers: Understanding access modifiers like public, private,

7	protected, and default, and their implications on class members.
7	Exception Handling in Java: Comprehensive tutorials on try-catch blocks, checked vs. unchecked exceptions, and best practices for handling
	exceptions.
8	Working with Files in Java: Step-by-step guidance on reading from and writing to files using Java I/O classes.
9	Java Collections Framework: In-depth tutorials on ArrayLists, LinkedLists, HashMaps, and other collection classes, including common operations and use cases.
10	Object-Oriented Concepts: Exploring inheritance, polymorphism, encapsulation, and abstraction with practical examples.
11	Advanced Inheritance and Interfaces: Tutorials on creating subclasses, implementing interfaces, and understanding multiple inheritance in Java.
12	Graphical User Interfaces (GUIs) with Swing: A series of tutorials on building interactive user interfaces using Swing, covering components, event handling, and layout management.
13	Introduction to JavaFX: Learning the basics of JavaFX, including scene graphs, UI controls, and event handling for creating modern Java applications.
14	Network Programming with Sockets: Hands-on exercises demonstrating socket programming for both TCP and UDP protocols.
15	Database Connectivity with JDBC: Step-by-step tutorials on JDBC configuration, database connection management, executing SQL queries, and handling result sets.
16	Advanced Inheritance and Interfaces: Tutorials on creating subclasses, implementing interfaces, and understanding multiple inheritance in Java.
17	Servlet Development: A comprehensive guide to creating Java servlets, understanding their life cycle, and processing HTTP requests and responses.
18	JSP (JavaServer Pages) Essentials: Tutorials on developing dynamic web pages using JSP, including form handling and database connectivity.

19	Concurrency and Multithreading: Exploring multithreading in Java, including
	synchronization, thread pools, and concurrent data structures.
20	
	Design Patterns: Detailed tutorials on the Singleton, Factory, and Abstract
	Factory design patterns, with practical examples.

## 6. Practical Work

S.N.	Practical Works
1	Basic Java Application: Create a simple Java application that demonstrates your understanding of Java's syntax, variables, and control structures.
2	Object-Oriented Programming: Develop a Java program that showcases object-oriented principles such as inheritance, encapsulation, and polymorphism.
3	GUI Application with Swing: Build a graphical user interface (GUI) application using Swing, featuring interactive components like buttons, text fields, and labels.
4	JavaFX Project: Create a JavaFX application that utilizes JavaFX layout managers, UI controls, and event handling to build a modern user interface.
5	Socket Programming: Develop a client-server application using socket programming, allowing communication between two Java applications over a network.
8	JDBC Database Application: Create a Java application that connects to a database using JDBC, performs CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations, and handles exceptions.
	Servlet-Based Web Application: Build a web application using Java servlets to handle HTTP requests and display dynamic content on a web page using JSP a well
9	Concurrency Demonstration: Develop a Java program that illustrates the
	concept of multithreading, showing how threads can run concurrently and safely.

10	
	Hibernate Integration: Create a Java application that integrates Hibernate for
	Object-Relational Mapping (ORM) with a database, demonstrating CRUD
	operations.
11	
	Spring Boot Project: Develop a small Spring Boot application that showcases
	Spring Boot Project: Develop a small Spring Boot application that showcases the use of Spring Boot's features, such as auto-configuration and dependency

## 7. Evaluation system and students' responsibilities

### **Internal Evaluation**

In addition to the formal end-semester exam(s), the internal (formative) evaluation of a student may consist of quizzes, assignments, lab reports, projects, class participation and presentation etc. The tabular presentation of the internal evaluation is as follows. The components may differ according to the nature of the subjects.

Internal Evaluation	Weight	Marks	External Evaluation	Marks
Theory		30		
Attendance & Class Participation	10%			
Assignments	20%			
Presentations/Quizzes	10%			
Internal Assessment	60%			
Practical		20	Semester-End	50
Attendance & Class Participation	20%		examination	
Lab Report/Project Report	30%			
Practical Exam/Project Work	30%			