



Birla Institute of Technology & Science, Pilani
Work Integrated Learning Programmes Division

Digital Learning Handout

Part A: Content Design

Course Title	Deep Neural Networks
Course No(s)	AIML * ZG511
Credit Units	4
Credit Model	3-1-0
Course Author	Prof. Seetha Parameswaran
Version No:	2
Date:	20/09/2025

Course Description:

Introduction to neural networks, approximation properties, back propagation, deep network training, regularization and optimization, convolution neural networks, recurrent neural networks, attention models, transformers, neural architecture search, federated learning, meta learning, applications in time series modelling and forecasting, online (incremental) learning.

Course Objectives

No	Course Objective
CO1	Apply deep learning techniques to solve complex problems in various domains, demonstrating proficiency in designing and implementing neural network architectures including feedforward, convolutional, and recurrent networks.
CO2	Analyze the performance and behavior of deep learning models, including the impact of depth, optimization challenges, and regularization techniques, to enhance model efficiency and effectiveness.
CO3	Evaluate the strengths and limitations of different deep learning architectures and techniques for specific problem domains, considering factors such as computational complexity, data requirements, and model interpretability.
CO4	Design and implement innovative deep learning solutions that integrate multiple techniques, such as attention mechanism, to address challenging problems in areas like computer vision, natural language processing, and time series analysis.

Text Book(s):

T1	Zhang, A., Lipton, Z. C., Li, M., & Smola, A. J. (2023). Dive into deep learning. Cambridge University Press.
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Reference Book(s) & other resources:





R1	Goodfellow, I., Bengio, Y., Courville, A., & Bengio, Y. (2016). Deep learning (Vol. 1, No. 2). Cambridge: MIT press.
R2	Eugene, C. (2019). Introduction to deep learning. MIT Press
R3	Chollet, F., & Chollet, F. (2021). Deep learning with Python. Simon and Schuster.
R4	Jurafsky, D., & Martin, J. H. (Third Edition) Speech and Language Processing: An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics, and Speech Recognition.

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to

LO1	Implement and optimize various deep neural network architectures (including feedforward, convolutional, and recurrent networks) to solve complex problems in areas such as image recognition, natural language processing, and time series forecasting.
LO2	Analyze the impact of different hyperparameters, optimization algorithms, and regularization techniques on the performance of deep learning models, and apply this knowledge to improve model training and generalization.
LO3	Evaluate the effectiveness of different deep learning architectures and techniques for specific problem domains, considering factors such as computational efficiency, data requirements, and model interpretability.
LO4	Design and implement advanced deep learning solutions that incorporate attention mechanisms, transformers to address challenging real-world problems.

Prerequisites

AIML* ZC416 Mathematical Foundations for Machine Learning

AIML* ZC418 Introduction to Statistical Methods

AIML* ZG565 Machine Learning

Modular Content Structure

1. Introduction and Motivating Example
 - Deep learning - What, Why, where
 - Supervised learning Applications of deep learning
2. Artificial Neuron and Perceptron
 - Artificial Neuron vs Biological Neuron
 - Perceptron and Perceptron learning algorithm
3. Linear Neural Network for Regression
 - Single neuron in output layer for regression
4. Linear Neural Network for Classification
 - Single neuron in output layer for classification
 - Multiple neurons in output layer for classification
5. Deep Feedforward Neural Networks or Multi Layer Perceptrons
 - Non linearity and hidden layers
 - Forward and backward propagation
 - Impact of depth and width in DFNN





6. Convolutional Neural Networks
 - Convolution, Padding and stride, Channels, Pooling
 - Design of CNN
 - AlexNet, VGGNet, Inception Net, ResNet
 - Transfer Learning
7. Recurrent Neural Networks
 - Back-propagation through time
 - GRU, LSTM, BiLSTM
8. Attention Mechanism
9. Transformer
10. Optimization of Deep models
11. Regularization for Deep models

Part B: Learning Plan

Contact Session	List of Topic Title	Sub-Topics	Reference
1	Introduction and Motivating Example	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Deep Learning - definition ● Understanding how deep learning works ● Why Deep Learning? ● Motivating Example of Wake word detection ● Key components - Data, Models, Objective function, Optimization Algorithms ● Supervised learning examples ● Interacting with an Environment 	R3 - Ch 1.1.1, 1.1.2, 1.1.5 T1 - Ch 1
2	Artificial Neuron and Perceptron	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Biological neuron ● Artificial Neuron ● Biological neuron vs artificial neuron ● Connectionism model ● Perceptron ● Perceptron for NOT, AND, OR gates ● Perceptron learning algorithm for logic gates ● Perceptron for linearly separable data ● XOR Problem - demonstrate perceptron fails to learn - non linearly separable data ● Code demonstrating AND, OR, XOR implementation from scratch 	http://mlsp.cs.cmu.edu/people/rsingh/docs/Chapter1_Introduction.pdf
3	Linear Neural Networks for Regression	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Single neuron for regression - how much or how many ● Data, linear model with single neuron and squared loss function for single neuron for regression (no hidden layers) ● Training using mini-batch stochastic gradient descent algorithm 	T1 – Ch 3 T1 - Ch 12.5 for Mini batch SGD





		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prediction or inference Eg: Auto MPG (UCI) prediction with a single neuron - code implementation from scratch 	
4	Linear Neural Networks for Classification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Single neuron for classification - which category Data, linear model with single neuron, sigmoid activation function, and binary cross entropy loss for single neuron for classification (no hidden layers) Training using mini-batch stochastic gradient descent algorithm Prediction or inference Eg: Breast Cancer Wisconsin (Diagnostic) (UCI) prediction with a single neuron - code implementation from scratch Multi-class classification - which category Data, linear model with multiple output neuron, softmax activation function, and cross entropy loss for multiple neurons for classification (no hidden layers) Training using mini-batch stochastic gradient descent algorithm Prediction or inference Eg: Iris (UCI) prediction with a multiple neuron - code implementation from scratch 	T1 – Ch 4 T1 - Ch 12.5 for Mini batch SGD
5	Deep Feedforward Neural Networks (DFNN) or Multi Layer Perceptron (MLP) for Classification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> MLP as solution for XOR Hidden layers and Non-linearity Forward Propagation (use vectorization and algorithm for forward pass) Define loss functions and compute the error Backward Propagation (use vectorization and algorithm for backprop) Weight updation using gradients (use vectorization and algorithm for backprop) Impact of depth and width in DFNN Code implementation from scratch 	T1 – Ch 5 R4 - Ch 7.3, 7.5
6	Convolutional Neural Networks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Image Data Invariance, Locality and Channels Convolutions operation Learning a Kernel Feature map and receptive field Padding and Stride 	T1 – Ch 7 R3 - 2.2.11





		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1x1 convolution • Pooling • Multiple channels • Putting it all together in LeNet • Code implementation 	
7	Deep Convolutional Neural Networks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AlexNet - Representation Learning • Networks Using Blocks (VGG) - VGG Blocks • Network in Network (NiN) - NiN Blocks and NiN Model • GoogLeNet - Inception Blocks • Residual Networks (ResNet) - Residual Blocks 	T1 – Ch 8
8	Convolutional Networks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transfer Learning • Fine tuning for transfer learning • Review 	Class notes
9	Recurrent Neural Networks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Raw Text into Sequence Data • Recurrent connection • Recurrent Neural Networks with Hidden States • Backpropagation Through Time • RNNs for NLP tasks • Encoder–Decoder Architecture • Teacher Forcing • Loss Function with Masking • Training and Prediction 	T1 - Ch 9 R4 – Ch 9 R3 - 2.2.10
10	Deep Recurrent Neural Networks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Long Short-Term Memory (LSTM) • Gated Memory Cell • Gated Recurrent Units (GRU) • Reset Gate and Update Gate, Candidate Hidden State • Stacked RNN architectures • Bidirectional Recurrent Neural Networks • Code implementation 	T1 – Ch 10 R4 – Ch 9
11	Attention Mechanism	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Queries, Keys, and Values • Attention Pooling by Similarity • Attention Pooling via Nadaraya–Watson Regression • Attention Scoring Functions • Dot Product Attention • Convenience Functions 	T1 – Ch11 R4 - Ch 9





		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scaled Dot Product Attention • Additive Attention • Bahdanau Attention Mechanism • Multi-Head Attention • Self-Attention • Positional Encoding • Code implementation 	
12	Transformer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transformer architecture • Model, Positionwise Feed-Forward Networks, Residual Connection and Layer Normalization • Encoder and Decoder • Transformer block • Residual view for transformer 	R4 – Ch10
13	Transformer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transformers for Vision • Model, Patch Embedding, Vision Transformer Encoder, Training and Evaluation • Large-Scale Pretraining with Transformers • Encoder-Only, Encoder–Decoder, Decoder-Only • Scalability 	R4 - Ch 10.7
14	Optimization of Deep models	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Goal of Optimization • Optimization Challenges in Deep Learning • Gradient Descent • Stochastic Gradient Descent • Minibatch Stochastic Gradient Descent • Momentum • Adagrad and Algorithm • RMSProp and Algorithm • Adadelta and Algorithm • Adam and Algorithm • Implementation of algorithm from scratch and comparison of algorithms 	T1 – Ch 12
15	Regularization for Deep models	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Generalization for regression • Training Error and Generalization Error • Underfitting or Overfitting • Model Selection • Weight Decay and Norms • Generalization in Classification • Environment and Distribution Shift 	T1 – Ch 3.6, 3.7 Ch 4.6, 4.7 Ch 5.5, 5.6 Ch 8.5 Ch 11.7





		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Generalization in Deep Learning • Dropout • Batch Normalization • Layer Normalization • Code implementation 	
16	Review	Review of contact session 1 to 15	

Experiential Learning Components:

1. Lab work: 9
2. Project work: 0
3. Case Study: 0
4. Simulation: 0
5. Work Integrated Learning Assignment- 2 Assignments
6. Design work/ Field work: 0

Objective of Experiential Learning Component:

Hands on sessions on implementation of MLP, CNN, RNN, Transformer

Scope of Experiential Learning Component:

Programming language: Python

Tools and libraries: Jupyter, Numpy, Scipy, Pandas, ScikitLearn, Matplotlib, Seaborn, Tensorflow, Pytorch, Keras

Lab Infrastructure:

Virtual lab

List of Experiments:

Lab No	Lab Objective	Session Reference
1	Perceptron implementation of Gates	2
2	Auto MPG (UCI) prediction with a single neuron	3
3	Breast Cancer Wisconsin (Diagnostic) (UCI) prediction with a single neuron	4
4	Iris (UCI) prediction with a multiple neurons	4
5	CNN	5
6	RNN, LSTM	9
7	Transformers	11
8	Optimisation	14
9	Regularisation	15





Evaluation Scheme:

Legend: EC = Evaluation Component; AN = After Noon Session; FN = Fore Noon Session

Evaluation Component	Name (Quiz, Lab, Project, Mid-term exam, End semester exam, etc.)	Type (Open book, Closed book, Online, etc.)	Weight	Duration	Day, Date, Session, Time
EC – 1*	Quiz	Online	10%	1 week	To be announced
	Assignment/Lab Assignment / Lab Exams	Online	20 %	10 days	To be announced
EC - 2	Mid-Semester Test	Closed Book	30%	2 hours	To be announced
EC - 3	Comprehensive Exam	Open Book	40%	2 ½ Hours	To be announced

EC1* (20% - 30%): Quiz (optional): 5-10 %, Lab Assignment/Assignment: 20% - 30%

Syllabus for Mid-Semester Test (Closed Book): Topics in Contact session: 1 to 8

Syllabus for Comprehensive Exam (Open Book): All topics

Important Links and Information:

eLearn Portal: <https://elearn.bits-pilani.ac.in>

Students must visit the eLearn portal regularly and stay updated with the latest announcements and deadlines.

Contact Sessions: Students should attend the online lectures as per the schedule provided on the eLearn portal.

Evaluation Guidelines:

1. EC-1 consists of either two Assignments or three Quizzes. Students will attempt them through the course pages on the eLearn portal. Announcements will be made on the portal in a timely manner.
2. For Closed Book tests: No books or reference material of any kind will be permitted.
3. For Open Book exams: “open book” means text/ reference books (publisher copy only) and does not include any other learning material. No other learning material will be permitted during the open book examinations. For Detailed Guidelines refer to the attached document.

[EC3 Guidelines](#)

4. If a student is unable to appear for the Regular Test/Exam due to genuine exigencies, the student should follow the procedure to apply for the Make-Up Test/Exam, which will be made available on the eLearn portal. The Make-Up Test/Exam will be conducted only at selected exam centres on the dates to be announced later.

It shall be the responsibility of the individual student to be regular in maintaining the self-study schedule as given in the course handout, attend the online lectures, and take all the prescribed evaluation components such as Assignments/Quizzes, Mid-Semester Tests and Comprehensive Exams according to the evaluation scheme provided in the handout.

