Te Ra Waldorf School "Special Character" Guiding Principles (2008) 12 June 2014

Anthroposophy

Rudolf Steiner's world concept known as anthroposophy and its description of the universe and the human being is the basis of the art of education and of all endeavours at every Waldorf School including Te Ra. The education is Christian in its broadest sense, free of dogma or sectarianism and includes festival observances. Anthroposophy is part of the School ethos but is not taught directly to the children.

Child Development Schooling the Head, Heart, and Hands

<u>Te Ra is a Waldorf school</u>. The anthroposophical understanding of <u>Understanding</u> the child as a being of body, soul and spirit in a gradual process of incarnation is a core principle on which Waldorf education is built.

Within that process of incarnation, we recognise three phases of childhood that shape the way children learn. The themes that underpin these phases are Goodness (0-7 years), Beauty (7-14 years) and Truth (14-21 years). We Teachers carry a loving respect for the dignity and unique individuality of each child, and a recognition of recognize the child as a being of intellectdoing, feeling and will. thinking. These three soul faculties manifest in different degreesways at these different phases of child developmentages, and the Waldorf curriculum is designed to address this process, work with, and support, their development.

For the child's body, soul and spirit to integrate in a healthy and age-appropriate way, we distinguish three phases of childhood which shape the way children learn: in the years 0-7, children learn, through imitation and play, about the essential goodness in the world; in the years 7-14, the school curriculum aims to inspire children with a sense of wonder at the beauty around them; in the years 14-21, young people are guided toward independent thinking through which they can endeavour to find their own truth, now imbued with the earlier foundations of beauty and goodness, and thereby become free, self-determining adults.

Waldorf Curriculum - Schooling the Hands, Heart and Head

The education from <u>playgroup</u>, <u>nursery</u> and <u>kindergarten</u> through <u>to</u> primary school is an integrated journey. The curriculum is comprehensive and holistic—<u>a coordinated whole with</u>. Each part <u>arisingarises</u> from this distinctive picture of child development in its own particular way. Teachers <u>are strivingstrive</u> to educate and develop <u>all aspects of the child's being</u> in a healthy and unhurried manner—<u>each of these aspects of the child:</u> physical, practical, emotional, artistic, intellectual, moral, social, <u>cultural</u> and spiritual. In broad terms, the education aims to integrate art, science and <u>religion</u> <u>spirituality</u>. Within this framework—<u>it can be</u>, the curriculum is adapted to reflect the unique needs of each class.

Waldorf Teachers bring a commitment to work from the anthroposophical worldview and

Waldorf education nurtures a sense of wonder and reverence. It is open to all faiths without giving religious instruction, celebrating our common humanity. In marking the passage of time through the year, Christian festivals are celebrated together with Matariki and other cultural and seasonal festivals.

The school draws on a century of Waldorf practice, assessing applicability of practice within a contemporary light for the context of Aotearoa today. We are committed to the ongoing evaluation of curriculum content, current processes, structure and practices within the school.

Our teachers are informed by more than a century of Waldorf pedagogy and practice, based on an understanding of child development from both a physical and spiritual perspective. They are required to have training in Waldorf Education as well as a NZQA-approved qualification in teaching. Teachers are expected to commit to the ongoing study of Waldorf pedagogy, with a preparedness to take on their own path of inner personal development. The Te Ra School promotes a free cultural educational setting in which the teacher unconstrained by political intervention or commercial pressure endeavoursteachers have the freedom to work creatively-and artistically within the curriculum. Kindergarten teachers, where possible, remain with the child throughout their three-year kindergarten journey, and class teachers, where possible, remain with their classes for the seven-year primary school journey. This allows for a deepening human connection, and for a greater understanding of each child's development.

Waldorf Parents

Positive, active support and participation by Active partnership with parents in the educational process and cultural life of the school is a fundamental element of our "Special Character". To ensure the best outcome for the child's learning, parents are asked to provide a home life that supports and fosters the learning environment of the school and kindergartens.

College of Teachers

This group works on the basis of collegial leadership, sharing responsibility for maintaining the special character that is in inherent in all aspects of school life.

The College of Teachers is a group of teachers working at the management level. It is based on collegial leadership, collectively carrying the role of Principal as a team and sharing the responsibility for maintaining the special character that is inherent in all aspects of school life. The College exists to implement the principles upon which a Waldorf School is founded, i.e. 'self administration by the teachers in a non-hierarchical structure'. The School Coordinator carries the legal role and responsibility of the Principal within the framework of being an integrated school.

Waldorf Education in the wider context

Waldorf education was originally created by the Austrian philosopher, educator, artist and scientist Rudolf Steiner (1861-1925) and is based on educational principles arising out of anthroposophy. However, Te Ra is not bound to the words of Rudolf Steiner or anthroposphy. Te Ra Waldorf School also derives its impulse from its place on the Kapiti Coast, its time context as a school in the 21st century and its multi-cultural community built on the bi-cultural foundation of Aotearoa New Zealand.

Exploring anthroposophy beyond pedagogical principles is a matter of personal choice for teachers, parents and whānau. Examples of practial applications of anthropsophy can be found in economics (ethical banking, e.g. Prometheus bank), curative homes (e.g. Hohepa homes), medicine and pharmacology (e.g. Dr. Hauschka and Weleda products), performing arts (eurythmy, speech and drama), and agriculture (biodynamics, eg. Demeter certification).

Te Tiriti o Waitangi

<u>Te Ra Waldorf School, as a school in Aotearoa New Zealand, is unconditionally committed to upholding the principles of Te Tiriti o Waitangi - the Treaty of Waitangi.</u>

Equity and Diversity

Te Ra Waldorf School welcomes and celebrates the ethnicity and culture of every member of our community – child, parent, whānau and staff member – as enriching our diversity. While some of Rudolf Steiner's writings, originating at the turn of last century, contain discriminatory statements, at Te Ra we reject these and any other sentiments that have the potential to engender discrimination on any ground. In response, we have developed our "Declaration Against Discrimination" (enclosed herein or refer to www.tera.school.nz) to describe the ethos of inclusion and respect that we, as a community, are committed to upholding.

TE RA WALDORF SCHOOL DECLARATION AGAINST DISCRIMINATION

Te Ra Waldorf School, on the Kapiti Coast, welcomes and celebrates the ethnicity and culture of every member of our community – child, parent, whanau, staff member – as enriching our diversity. The Kapiti Waldorf Trust, Board of Trustees, College of Teachers, Faculty and parent community board this waka which values our diversity and our great potential to contribute to the full embrace of Aotearoa's bi-cultural status and multi-cultural identity.

Te Ra Waldorf School as a school in Aotearoa New Zealand is unconditionally committed to upholding the principles of Te Tiriti o Waitangi - The Treaty of Waitangi. Out of this commitment and within the worldwide Waldorf school framework, Te Ra Waldorf School does not support Rudolf Steiner's statements on race.

Te Ra Waldorf School commits to the ongoing evaluation of current processes, structures and practices within the school to ensure our declaration against discrimination is fully realised. This is a living document, and as such informs the Te Ra Waldorf School Strategic Plan.

"Piki, eke, te mutunga he aiō - There are ups and downs, but in the end all is peaceful."

Waldorf Schools Framework

- Waldorf schools pursue their pedagogical tasks out of the spirit of human rights, thereby contributing to building a society founded upon mutual respect, tolerance and cooperation between all human beings.
- Waldorf schools do not select, stratify or discriminate amongst their pupils and consider all human beings to be free and equal in dignity and rights, independent of ethnicity, nationality or social origin, gender, language, religion, or political convictions.
- The spiritual science of anthroposophy, upon which Waldorf education is founded, today rejects all forms of racism and nationalism. The Waldorf schools are aware, however, that

there are words, ideas and statements in Rudolf Steiner's complete works which are not in concordance with this fundamental direction, are discriminatory, and rightfully regarded as offensive in this day and age.*

- Racism and discrimination are not tolerated in Waldorf schools or teacher education institutes. The Waldorf school movement explicitly rejects any attempt to misappropriate Waldorf pedagogy or Rudolf Steiner's work for racist or nationalistic purposes.
- Waldorf schools have been working on the basis of these preceding principles since the first school was founded in 1919. Institutions working out of Waldorf education are today engaged throughout the world, on all continents.

Based on the Stuttgart Declaration by the Association of Waldorf Schools (Bund Der Freien Waldorfschulen), 2007.

Receive the child in reverence, educate him/her in love and let him/her go forth in freedom.

Rudolf Steiner (1861-1925)

College of Teachers of Te Ra Waldorf School and Kapiti Waldorf Trust, 21 November 2012

^{*} Anthroposophy as spiritual science is not bound to the words of Rudolf Steiner. As is the case with all other sciences, Anthroposophy is constantly 'becoming'; concepts from 100 years ago may be discarded today as they are held to be no longer true.